## Implement Johnson Trotter algorithm to generate permutations

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
int LEFT_TO_RIGHT = 1;
int RIGHT_TO_LEFT = 0;
// Utility functions for
// finding the position
// of largest mobile
// integer in a[].
int searchArr(int a[], int n, int mobile)
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
     if (a[i] == mobile)
       return i + 1;
  return 0;
}
// To carry out step 1
// of the algorithm i.e.
// to find the largest
// mobile integer.
int getMobile(int a[], int dir[], int n)
  int mobile_prev = 0, mobile = 0;
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
    // direction 0 represents
    // RIGHT TO LEFT.
    if (dir[a[i] - 1] == RIGHT_TO_LEFT && i != 0)
```

```
if (a[i] > a[i - 1] &&
         a[i] > mobile_prev)
       {
         mobile = a[i];
         mobile prev = mobile;
       }
    }
    // direction 1 represents
    // LEFT TO RIGHT.
    if (dir[a[i] - 1] == LEFT_TO_RIGHT && i != n - 1)
       if (a[i] > a[i + 1] &&
         a[i] > mobile_prev)
       {
         mobile = a[i];
         mobile_prev = mobile;
    }
  }
  if (mobile == 0 && mobile_prev == 0)
    return 0;
  else
    return mobile;
}
// Prints a single
// permutation
int printOnePerm(int a[], int dir[], int n)
  int mobile = getMobile(a, dir, n);
  int pos = searchArr(a, n, mobile);
  // swapping the elements
  // according to the
  // direction i.e. dir[].
  if (dir[a[pos - 1] - 1] == RIGHT TO LEFT)
```

```
int temp = a[pos - 1];
   a[pos - 1] = a[pos - 2];
   a[pos - 2] = temp;
 }
 else if (dir[a[pos - 1] - 1] == LEFT TO RIGHT)
   int temp = a[pos];
   a[pos] = a[pos - 1];
   a[pos - 1] = temp;
 }
// changing the directions
 // for elements greater
// than largest mobile integer.
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
   if (a[i] > mobile)
     if (dir[a[i] - 1] == LEFT TO RIGHT)
        dir[a[i] - 1] = RIGHT_TO_LEFT;
     else if (dir[a[i] - 1] == RIGHT_TO_LEFT)
        dir[a[i] - 1] = LEFT_TO_RIGHT;
   }
 }
 for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
   printf("%d", a[i]);
 printf(" ");
 return 0;
// To end the algorithm
 // for efficiency it ends
 // at the factorial of n
 // because number of
```

}

```
// permutations possible
// is just n!.
int fact(int n)
  int res = 1;
  for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++)
     res = res * i;
  return res;
}
// This function mainly
// calls printOnePerm()
// one by one to print
// all permutations.
void printPermutation(int n)
  // To store current
  // permutation
 int a[20];
  // To store current
  // directions
 int dir[20];
  // storing the elements
  // from 1 to n and
  // printing first permutation.
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
     a[i] = i + 1;
     printf("%d", a[i]);
  }
 printf("\n");
  // initially all directions
  // are set to RIGHT TO
  // LEFT i.e. 0.
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
```

```
dir[i] = RIGHT_TO_LEFT;

// for generating permutations
// in the order.
for (int i = 1; i < fact(n); i++)
    printOnePerm(a, dir, n);
}

int main()
{
    int n;
    printf("enter the number of numbers to permutate\n");
    scanf("%d",&n);
    printPermutation(n);
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

enter the number of numbers to permutate 4 1234 Process returned 0 (0x0) execution time: 2.731 s Press any key to continue.