LAB-1:Write a program for error detecting code using CRC-CCITT (16-bits).

```
Program:
#include<stdio.h>
char m[50],g[50],r[50],q[50],temp[50];
void caltrans(int);
void crc(int);
void calram();
void shiftl();
int main()
int n,i=0;
char ch,flag=0;
printf("Enter the frame bits:");
while((ch=getc(stdin))!='\n')
m[i++]=ch;
n=i;
for(i=0;i<16;i++)
m[n++]='0';
m[n]='\0';
printf("Message after appending 16 zeros:%s",m);
for(i=0;i<=16;i++)
g[i]='0';
g[0]=g[4]=g[11]=g[16]='1';g[17]='\0';
printf("\n generator:%s\n",g);
crc(n);
printf("\n\n quotient:%s",q);
caltrans(n);
printf("\n transmitted frame:%s",m);
printf("\nEnter transmitted frame:");
scanf("\n%s",m);
printf("CRC checking\n");
crc(n);
printf("\n\n last remainder:%s",r);
for(i=0;i<16;i++)
if(r[i]!='0')
flag=1;
else
continue;
if(flag==1)
printf("Error during transmission");
printf("\n\nReceived frame is correct");
void crc(int n)
int i,j;
for(i=0;i<n;i++)
temp[i]=m[i];
for(i=0;i<16;i++)
r[i]=m[i];
printf("\n intermediate remainder\n");
for(i=0;i<n-16;i++)
if(r[0]=='1')
```

```
{
q[i]='1';
calram();
}
else
q[i]='0';
shiftl();
r[16]=m[17+i];
r[17]='\0';
printf("\nremainder %d:%s",i+1,r);
for(j=0;j<=17;j++)
temp[j]=r[j];
q[n-16]='\0';
void calram()
{
int i,j;
for(i=1;i<=16;i++)
r[i-1]=((int)temp[i]-48)^{(int)g[i]-48)+48;
}
void shiftl()
int i;
for(i=1;i<=16;i++)
r[i-1]=r[i];
}
void caltrans(int n)
{
int i,k=0;
for(i=n-16;i<n;i++)
m[i]=((int)m[i]-48)^{((int)r[k++]-48)+48};
m[i]='\0';
}
```

Output:

C:\Users\prema\Desktop\crc.exe

```
remainder 1:01100100001000010
remainder 2:11001000010000100
remainder 3:10000000101001010
remainder 4:00010001011010110
remainder 5:00100010110101100
remainder 6:01000101101011000
remainder 7:1000101101011000
quotient:1011000
transmitted frame:10111011000101101011000
Enter transmitted frame:10111011000101101011000
CRC checking
intermediate remainder
remainder 1:01100110000011000
remainder 2:11001100000110001
remainder 3:10001000000100001
remainder 4:000000000000000000
remainder 5:00000000000000000
remainder 6:000000000000000000
remainder 7:00000000000000000
last remainder:00000000000000000
Received frame is correct
Process returned 0 (0x0)
                           execution time : 23.338 s
Press any key to continue.
```

LAB-2:Write a program for distance vector algorithm to find suitable path for transmission.

```
Program:
#include <iostream>
#include <stdio.h>
using namespace std;
struct node
  int dist[20];
  int from[20];
} route[10];
int main()
  int dm[20][20], no;
  cout << "Enter no of router: "
  cin >> no;
  cout << "Enter the adjacency matrix:" << endl;
  for (int i = 0; i < no; i++)
    for (int j = 0; j < no; j++)
    {
       cin >> dm[i][j];
       /* Set distance from i to i as 0 */
       dm[i][i] = 0;
       route[i].dist[j] = dm[i][j];
       route[i].from[j] = j;
    }
  }
  int flag;
  do
    flag = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < no; i++)
       for (int j = 0; j < no; j++)
         for (int k = 0; k < no; k++)
            if ((route[i].dist[j]) > (route[i].dist[k] + route[k].dist[j]))
              route[i].dist[j] = route[i].dist[k] + route[k].dist[j];
              route[i].from[j] = k;
              flag = 1;
            }
         }
       }
```

```
} while (flag);

for (int i = 0; i < no; i++)
{
    cout << "Router info for router: " << i + 1 << endl;
    cout << "Dest\tNext Hop\tCost" << endl;
    for (int j = 0; j < no; j++)
        printf("%d\t%d\t\t%d\n", j + 1, route[i].from[j] + 1, route[i].dist[j]);
}
return 0;
}</pre>
```

Output: C:\Users\prema'

LAB-3:Implement Dijkstra's algorithm to compute the shortest path for a given topology.

```
Program:
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int a[30][30], source, dist[30], path[30];
void dijkstar(int a[][30], int n)
  int visited[n];
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
    dist[i] = a[source][i];
     path[i] = source;
    visited[i] = 0;
  }
  visited[source] = 1;
  for (int c = 0; c < n; c++)
    int min = 999, u;
    for (int j = 0; j < n; j++)
       if (dist[j] < min \&\& visited[j] != 1)
         min = dist[j];
         u = j;
    }
    visited[u] = 1;
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
       if (min + a[u][i] < dist[i])
         dist[i] = min + a[u][i];
          path[i] = u;
       }
    }
  }
}
int main()
  int n;
  cout << "Enter the no. of vertices :" << endl;
  cout << "Enter the adjacency matrix(Enter 9999 for infinity):" << endl;</pre>
  for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
  {
    for (int j = 0; j < n; j++)
    {
       cin >> a[i][j];
    }
  }
```

```
cout << "Enter the source vertex :" << endl;
cin >> source;
cout << "The shortest paths from vertex ' " << source << " ' are :" << endl;
cout << "Vertex paths" << endl;
dijkstar(a, n);
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
{
    int k = i;
    while (k != source)
    {
        cout << k << " <- ";
        k = path[k];
    }
        cout << source << " = ";
        cout << "Path cost:" << dist[i] << endl;
}
return 0;
}</pre>
```

Output:

C:\Users\prema\Desktop\djikstra.exe

```
Enter the no. of vertices :
Enter the adjacency matrix(Enter 9999 for infinity):
0 10 9999 9999 6
9999 0 1 9999 2
9999 9999 0 5 9999
6 9999 7 0 9999
9999 3 9 2 0
Enter the source vertex :
The shortest paths from vertex ' 1 ' are :
Vertex paths
0 <- 3 <- 4 <- 1 = Path cost:10
1 = Path cost:0
2 <- 1 = Path cost:1
3 <- 4 <- 1 = Path cost:4
4 <- 1 = Path cost:2
Process returned 0 (0x0)
                          execution time : 35.891 s
Press any key to continue.
```

LAB-4: Write a program for congestion control using Leaky bucket algorithm.

```
Program:
#include<stdio.h>
#include<stdlib.h>
#include<unistd.h>
#define NOF_PACKETS 5
int main()
int packet_sz[NOF_PACKETS], i, clk, b_size, o_rate, p_sz_rm=0, p_sz, p_time, op;
for(i = 0; i<NOF PACKETS; ++i)</pre>
packet sz[i] = random() % 100;
for(i = 0; i<NOF_PACKETS; ++i)</pre>
printf("\npacket[%d]:%d bytes\t", i, packet_sz[i]);
printf("\nEnter the Output rate:");
scanf("%d", &o_rate);
printf("Enter the Bucket Size:");
scanf("%d", &b size);
for(i = 0; i<NOF_PACKETS; ++i)</pre>
if( (packet_sz[i] + p_sz_rm) > b_size)
if(packet_sz[i] > b_size)
printf("\n\nIncoming packet size (%dbytes) is Greater than bucket capacity(%dbytes)-PACKET
REJECTED", packet_sz[i], b_size);
printf("\n\nBucket capacity exceeded-PACKETS REJECTED!!");
else
{
p_sz_rm += packet_sz[i];
printf("\n\nIncoming Packet size: %d", packet_sz[i]);
printf("\nBytes remaining to Transmit: %d", p_sz_rm);
while(p_sz_rm>0)
{
sleep(1);
if(p_sz_rm)
if(p_sz_rm <= o_rate)
op = p_sz_rm, p_sz_rm = 0;
else
op = o_rate, p_sz_rm -= o_rate;
printf("\nPacket of size %d Transmitted", op);
printf("----Bytes Remaining to Transmit: %d", p_sz_rm);
}
else
printf("\nNo packets to transmit!!");
}
}
}
```

Output:

```
v / 3
                                                                                      input
packet[0]:83 bytes
packet[1]:86 bytes
packet[2]:77 bytes
packet[3]:15 bytes
packet[4]:93 bytes
Enter the Output rate:35
Enter the Bucket Size:90
Incoming Packet size: 83
Bytes remaining to Transmit: 83

Packet of size 35 Transmitted----Bytes Remaining to Transmit: 48

Packet of size 35 Transmitted----Bytes Remaining to Transmit: 13

Packet of size 13 Transmitted-----Bytes Remaining to Transmit: 0
Incoming Packet size: 86
Bytes remaining to Transmit: 86
Packet of size 35 Transmitted----Bytes Remaining to Transmit: 51
Packet of size 35 Transmitted----Bytes Remaining to Transmit: 16
Packet of size 16 Transmitted----Bytes Remaining to Transmit: 0
Incoming Packet size: 77
Bytes remaining to Transmit: 77
Packet of size 35 Transmitted----Bytes Remaining to Transmit: 42
Packet of size 35 Transmitted----Bytes Remaining to Transmit: 7
Packet of size 7 Transmitted----Bytes Remaining to Transmit: 0
Incoming Packet size: 15
Bytes remaining to Transmit: 15
Incoming Packet size: 15
Bytes remaining to Transmit: 15
 Packet of size 15 Transmitted----Bytes Remaining to Transmit: 0
 Incoming packet size (93bytes) is Greater than bucket capacity(90bytes)-PACKET REJECTED
...Program finished with exit code 0
Press ENTER to exit console.
```

LAB5:Using TCP/IP sockets, write a client-server program to make client sending the file name and the server to send back the contents of the requested file if present.

Program:

```
from socket import *
serverName = '127.0.0.1'
serverPort = 12000
clientSocket = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM)
clientSocket.connect((serverName,serverPort))
sentence = input("\nEnter file name: ")

clientSocket.send(sentence.encode())
filecontents = clientSocket.recv(1024).decode()
print('\nFrom Server:\n')
print(filecontents)
clientSocket.close()
```

```
from socket import *
serverName = "127.0.0.1"
serverPort = 12000
serverSocket = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM)
serverSocket.bind((serverName, serverPort))
serverSocket.listen(1)
while 1:
    print("The server is ready to receive")
    connectionSocket, addr = serverSocket.accept()
    sentence = connectionSocket.recv(1024).decode()

    file = open(sentence, "r")
    l = file.read(1024)
```

```
connectionSocket.send(1.encode())
print('\nSent contents of ' + sentence)
file.close()
connectionSocket.close()
```

Output

```
Windows PowerShell
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Try the new cross-platform PowerShell https://aka.ms/pscore6

PS C:\Users\prema\Desktop\TCP> python -u "c:\Users\prema\Desktop\TCP\ServerTCP.py"
The server is ready to receive

Sent contents of ServerTCP.py
The server is ready to receive
```

```
TERMINAL
From Server:
from socket import *
serverName = "127.0.0.1"
serverPort = 12000
serverSocket = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM)
serverSocket.bind((serverName, serverPort))
serverSocket.listen(1)
while 1:
    print("The server is ready to receive")
   connectionSocket, addr = serverSocket.accept()
   sentence = connectionSocket.recv(1024).decode()
    file = open(sentence, "r")
    1 = file.read(1024)
    connectionSocket.send(1.encode())
    print('\nSent contents of ' + sentence)
file.close()
    connectionSocket.close()
PS C:\Users\prema\Desktop\TCP> [
```

LAB6:Using UDP sockets, write a client-server program to make client sending the file name and the server to send back the contents of the requested file if present.

CLIENT.PY

```
from socket import *
serverName = "127.0.0.1"
serverPort = 12000
clientSocket = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_DGRAM)

sentence = input("\nEnter file name: ")
clientSocket.sendto(bytes(sentence, "utf-8"), (serverName, serverPort))
filecontents, serverAddress = clientSocket.recvfrom(2048)
print('\nReply from Server:\n')
print(filecontents.decode("utf-8"))
# for i in filecontents:
# print(str(i), end = '')
clientSocket.close()
```

SERVER.PY

```
from socket import *
serverPort = 12000
serverSocket = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_DGRAM)
serverSocket.bind(("127.0.0.1", serverPort))
print("The server is ready to receive")
while 1:
    sentence, clientAddress = serverSocket.recvfrom(2048)
    sentence = sentence.decode("utf-8")
    file = open(sentence, "r")
    l = file.read(2048)
    serverSocket.sendto(bytes(1, "utf-8"), clientAddress)
```

```
print('\nSent contents of ', end=' ')
print(sentence)
# for i in sentence:
# print (str(i), end = '')
file.close()
```

Output

```
Windows PowerShell
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Try the new cross-platform PowerShell https://aka.ms/pscore6

PS C:\Users\prema\Desktop\New folder (3)> python -u "c:\Users\prema\Desktop\New folder (3)\server.py"
The server is ready to receive

Sent contents of server.py
```

```
OUTPUT DEBUG CONSOLE
                                         TERMINAL
Enter file name: server.py
Reply from Server:
from socket import *
serverPort = 12000
serverSocket = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_DGRAM)
serverSocket.bind(("127.0.0.1", serverPort))
print("The server is ready to receive")
while 1:
     sentence, clientAddress = serverSocket.recvfrom(2048)
     sentence = sentence.decode("utf-8")
     file = open(sentence, "r")
     1 = file.read(2048)
     serverSocket.sendto(bytes(1, "utf-8"), clientAddress)
     print('\nSent contents of ', end=' ')
     print(sentence)
    # for i in sentence:
# print (str(i), end = '')
     file.close()
PS C:\Users\prema\Desktop\New folder (3)>
```