Chapter 3 | Derivatives 273

3.4 EXERCISES

For the following exercises, the given functions represent the position of a particle traveling along a horizontal line.

- a. Find the velocity and acceleration functions.
- Determine the time intervals when the object is slowing down or speeding up.

150.
$$s(t) = 2t^3 - 3t^2 - 12t + 8$$

151.
$$s(t) = 2t^3 - 15t^2 + 36t - 10$$

152.
$$s(t) = \frac{t}{1+t^2}$$

153. A rocket is fired vertically upward from the ground. The distance s in feet that the rocket travels from the ground after t seconds is given by $s(t) = -16t^2 + 560t$.

- Find the velocity of the rocket 3 seconds after being fired.
- Find the acceleration of the rocket 3 seconds after being fired.

154. A ball is thrown downward with a speed of 8 ft/s from the top of a 64-foot-tall building. After t seconds, its height above the ground is given by $s(t) = -16t^2 - 8t + 64$.

- Determine how long it takes for the ball to hit the ground.
- Determine the velocity of the ball when it hits the ground.

155. The position function $s(t) = t^2 - 3t - 4$ represents the position of the back of a car backing out of a driveway and then driving in a straight line, where s is in feet and t is in seconds. In this case, s(t) = 0 represents the time at which the back of the car is at the garage door, so s(0) = -4 is the starting position of the car, 4 feet inside the garage.

- a. Determine the velocity of the car when s(t) = 0.
- b. Determine the velocity of the car when s(t) = 14.

156. The position of a hummingbird flying along a straight line in t seconds is given by $s(t) = 3t^3 - 7t$ meters.

- a. Determine the velocity of the bird at t = 1 sec.
- b. Determine the acceleration of the bird at t = 1 sec.
- Determine the acceleration of the bird when the velocity equals 0.

157. A potato is launched vertically upward with an initial velocity of 100 ft/s from a potato gun at the top of an 85-foot-tall building. The distance in feet that the potato travels from the ground after t seconds is given by

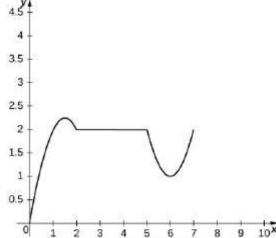
 $s(t) = -16t^2 + 100t + 85.$

- a. Find the velocity of the potato after 0.5 s and 5.75 s.
- b. Find the speed of the potato at 0.5 s and 5.75 s.
- Determine when the potato reaches its maximum height.
- Find the acceleration of the potato at 0.5 s and 1.5 s.
- e. Determine how long the potato is in the air.
- Determine the velocity of the potato upon hitting the ground.

158. The position function $s(t) = t^3 - 8t$ gives the position in miles of a freight train where east is the positive direction and t is measured in hours.

- a. Determine the direction the train is traveling when s(t) = 0.
- Determine the direction the train is traveling when a(t) = 0.
- Determine the time intervals when the train is slowing down or speeding up.

159. The following graph shows the position y = s(t) of an object moving along a straight line.



- Use the graph of the position function to determine the time intervals when the velocity is positive, negative, or zero.
- b. Sketch the graph of the velocity function.
- Use the graph of the velocity function to determine the time intervals when the acceleration is positive, negative, or zero.
- Determine the time intervals when the object is speeding up or slowing down.