Ex.No.6

Data Wrangling

Aim:

To do Data Wrangling functions

Description:

Data wrangling is the task in data science and analysis which includes

operations like: Data Sorting: To rearrange values in ascending or

descending order. Data Filtration: To create a subset of available data.

Data Reduction: To eliminate or replace unwanted values.

Data Access: To read or write data files.

Data Processing: To perform aggregation, statistical, and similar operations on specific values.

- 1. Using join function to join two DataFrames.
- 2. Using combine function to combine two DataFrames.
- 3. Using merge function to merge two DataFrames.
- 4. Using replace function to replace the NaN values by average value.
- 5. Filtering and dropping the rows and rows and columns respectively.
- 6. Using concat function to concatenate two DataFrames.
- 7. Using melt function to reshape the DataFrame dimention.
- 8. Using group by function to group the data set.
- 9. Using duplicated function to remove duplicated rows in the DataFram
- 10. Using merge function to merge two DataFrame data sets.

PROGRAM:

import pandas as pd

```
marks = {'Marks': [80, 76, 'NaN', 74, 66,71,68,83, 'NaN']}
df1=
pd.DataFrame(data1)
df2=
pd.DataFrame(data2)
marks
pd.DataFrame(marks)
print("\nOriginal
                         DataFrame
1:\n",df1) print("\nOriginal
DataFrame 2:\n",df1) print("\nMarks:
\n",marks)
df1
                     df1.join(marks)
print("\nDataFrame 1:\n",df1)
# Compute average c
= avg = 0
for ele in df1['Marks']:
  if
  str(ele).isnumeric():
    c += 1
    avg +=
ele avg/= c
# Replace missing values
df1 = df1.replace(to_replace="NaN",value=avg) df2
    df2.replace(to_replace="NaN",value=avg) #
Display data
print("\nReplacing NaN with Average marks:\nData Frame
```

1\n",df1) print("\n\nData Frame 2\	n",df2)	
def myfunc(a, b):		
return a if a > b else b		
df_combined = df1['Marks'].combine(d	f2['Marks'], myfunc)	

Print the result
print("\nCombining the above two DataFrames using combine function with some condition:\n", df_combined)
newdf = df1.merge(df2,
how='right') print("\nMerge
operation:\n",newdf)
df3 = pd.concat([df1,df2])
print("\nConcatenated DataFrame using cancat function:\n",df3)
Group the data
grouped = df3.groupby('Age')
print("\nGroup by age 17:\n",grouped.get_group(17))
print("\pOriginal Data France\p" df2)
print("\nOriginal DataFrame:\n",df3) #reshape DataFrame from wide format to long format
df = pd.melt(df3, id_vars='Roll No', value_vars=['Gender', 'Marks']) #view
updated DataFrame
print("\nReshaped Data Frame:\n",df)

Filter top scoring students

df3=df3[df3['Marks'] >= 75] print("\nAfter

Filtering function:\n",df3) # Remove age

row
df3 = df3.drop(['Age'],axis=1)

Display data
print("\nAfter Dropping function:\n",df3)

print("\nOriginal DataFrame:\n",df3)

Here df.duplicated() list duplicate Entries in Rollno.

So that ~(NOT) is placed in order to get non duplicate values. non_duplicate

=df3[~df3.duplicated('Roll

No')] #printing non-duplicate

values

print("\nRemoved duplicated rows:\n",non_duplicate)

.....

OUTPUT:

Original DataFrame 1:

	Nam	Roll No	Age	e Gende	
0	е		4	r 17	M
	Jai				
1	Princi		8	17	F
2	Gaurav		2	18	M
3	Anuj		1	17	M
4	Ravi		9	18	M
5	Natasha		7	17	F
6	Tom		1	19	F
			4		
7	Rovana		1	16	M
			1		
8	Riya		1	17	F
			0		

Original DataFrame 2:

	Name	Roll No	Age Ge	nder Marks	3
0	Kelly	5	19	F	95
1	Natasha	7	17	F	71
2	Jack	3	16	M	76
3	Stacy	12	20	F	94
4	Stark	13	17	M	NaN
5	Loki	6	18	M	80
6	Rovana	11	16	F	83
7	Tom	14	19	M	68

Marks:

	Marks
0	80
1	76
2	NaN
3	74
4	66
5	71
6	68
7	83
8	NaN

\Box		+~	_	ra	100	_	-1	
	\sim	12	_	ıa	111	$\boldsymbol{\omega}$	- 1	
$ \boldsymbol{\nu}$	u	ťЧ		ıu				•

	Nam	Roll No	Ag	e Gende	Marks	
0	е		4	r 17	M	80
	Jai					
1	Princi		8	17	F	76
2	Gaurav		2	18	M	NaN
3	Anuj		1	17	M	74
4	Ravi		9	18	M	66
5	Natasha		7	17	F	71
6	Tom		1	19	F	68
			4			
7	Rovana		1	16	M	83
			1			
8	Riya		1	17	F	NaN
			0			

Replacing NaN with Average marks:

Data Frame 1

	Nam	Roll No	Ag	e Gende	Marks	
0	е		4	r 17	M	80.0
	Jai					
1	Princi		8	17	F	76.0
2	Gaurav		2	18	M	74.0
3	Anuj		1	17	M	74.0
4	Ravi		9	18	M	66.0
5	Natasha		7	17	F	71.0
6	Tom		1	19	F	68.0
			4			
7	Rovana		1	16	M	83.0
			1			
8	Riya		1	17	F	74.0
			0			

Data Frame 2

0	Kelly	5	19	F	95.0
1	Natasha	7	17	F	71.0
2	Jack	3	16	M	76.0
3	Stacy	12	20	F	94.0
4	Stark	13	17	M	74.0
5	Loki	6	18	M	80.0
6	Rovana	11	16	F	83.0
7	Tom	14	19	M	68.0

Combining the above two DataFrames using combine function with some condition:

001118	9
0	95.0
1	76.0
2	76.0
3	94.0
4	74.0
5	80.0
6	83.0
7	83.0

NaN

8

Name: Marks, dtype: float64

Merg	operation	•				
е	Name	Roll No	Age	Gender	Marks	
0	Kelly		5	19	F	95.0
1	Natash		7	17	F	71.0
	a					
2	Jack		3	16	M	76.0
3	Stacy		12	20	F	94.0
4	Stark		13	17	M	74.0

6

14

18

19

11 16

80.0

83.0

68.0

M

M

5

6

Loki

Tom

Rovana

Concatenated DataFrame using cancat function: Name Roll No Age Gender Marks

0	Jai	4	17	M	80.0
1	Princi	8	17	F	76.0
2	Gaurav	2	18	M	74.0
3	Anuj	1	17	M	74.0
4	Ravi	9	18	M	66.0
5	Natasha	7	17	F	71.0
6	Tom	14	19	F	68.0
7	Rovana	11	16	M	83.0
8	Riya	10	17	F	74.0
0	Kelly	5	19	F	95.0
1	Natasha	7	17	F	71.0
2	Jack	3	16	M	76.0
3	Stacy	12	20	F	94.0
4	Stark	13	17	M	74.0
5	Loki	6	18	M	80.0
6	Rovana	11	16	F	83.0
7	Tom	14	19	M	68.0

Grou	up by age	17:				
		Roll	No	Age	Gender	Marks
0	Jai		4	17	M	80.0
1	Princi		8	17	F	76.0
3	Anuj		1	17	M	74.0
5	Natash		7	17	F	71.0
	a					
8	Riya		10	17	F	74.0
1	Natash		7	17	F	71.0
	a					
4	Stark		13	17	M	74.0

Original DataFrame:

	Name	Roll No	Α	ge Gender	Marks	
0	Jai		4	17	M	80.0
1	Princi		8	17	F	76.0
2	Gaurav		2	18	M	74.0
3	Anuj		1	17	M	74.0
4	Ravi		9	18	M	66.0
5	Natasha		7	17	F	71.0
6	Tom	1	4	19	F	68.0
7	Rovana	1	1	16	M	83.0
8	Riya	1	0	17	F	74.0
0	Kelly		5	19	F	95.0
1	Natasha		7	17	F	71.0
2	Jack		3	16	M	76.0
3	Stacy	1	2	20	F	94.0
4	Stark	1	3	17	M	74.0
5	Loki		6	18	M	80.0
6	Rovana	1	1	16	F	83.0
7	Tom	1	4	19	M	68.0

Reshaped Data Frame:

	Roll No vari	iable value	
0	4	Gender	M
1	8	Gender	F
2	2	Gender	M
3	1	Gender	M
4	9	Gender	M
5	7	Gender	F
6	14	Gender	F
7	11	Gender	M
8	10	Gender	F
9	5	Gender	F
10	7	Gender	F
11	3	Gender	M
12	12	Gender	F
13	13	Gender	M
14	6	Gender	M
15	11	Gender	F
16	14	Gender	M
17	4	Marks	80.0
18	8	Marks	76.0
19	2	Marks	74.0
20	1	Marks	74.0
21	9	Marks	66.0
22	7	Marks	71.0
23	14	Marks	68.0
24	11	Marks	83.0
25	10	Marks	74.0
26	5	Marks	95.0
27	7	Marks	71.0
28	3	Marks	76.0
29	12	Marks	94.0
30	13	Marks	74.0
31	6	Marks	80.0
32	11	Marks	83.0
33	14	Marks	68.0

After Filtering function:

	Name	Roll No Ag	je <mark>Gender</mark>	Marks	
0	Jai	4	17	M	80.0
1	Princi	8	17	F	76.0
7	Rovana	11	16	M	83.0
0	Kelly	5	19	F	95.0
2	Jack	3	16	M	76.0
3	Stacy	12	20	F	94.0
5	Loki	6	18	M	80.0
6	Rovana	11	16	F	83.0

After Dropping function:

	Name	Roll No Go	ender	Marks
0	Jai	4	M	80.0
1	Princi	8	F	76.0
7	Rovana	11	M	83.0
0	Kelly	5	F	95.0
2	Jack	3	M	76.0
3	Stacy	12	F	94.0
5	Loki	6	M	80.0
6	Rovana	11	F	83.0

Original DataFrame:

	Name	Roll No Ge	nder	Marks
0	Jai	4	М	80.0
1	Princi	8	F	76.0
7	Rovana	11	M	83.0
0	Kelly	5	F	95.0
2	Jack	3	M	76.0
3	Stacy	12	F	94.0
5	Loki	6	M	80.0
6	Rovana	11	F	83.0

Removed duplicated rows:

	Nam	Roll No Gender	Mark	
0	e Jai	4	s M	80.0
1	Princi	8	F	76.0
7	Rovana	11	M	83.0
0	Kelly	5	F	95.0
2	Jack	3	M	76.0
3	Stacy	12	F	94.0
5	Loki	6	M	80.0

Result:

The programs were run successfully