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Web Programming and Python (AI104)

Assignment – 5

1. Maximizing XOR

Given two integers: L and R, Find the maximal values of A xor B given, $L \le A \le B \le R$

Input Format:

The input contains two lines, L is present in the first line. R in the second line.

Constraints

 $1 \le L \le R \le 10^3$

Output Format:

The maximal value as mentioned in the problem statement.

Sample Input #00:

1 10

Sample Output #00:

15

Sample Input #01:

10

15

Sample Output #01:

7

Explanation

In the second sample let's say L=10, R=15, then all pairs which comply to above condition are

```
10 \text{ xor } 10 = 0
```

10 xor 11 = 1

10 xor 12 = 6

10 xor 13 = 7

10 xor 14 = 4

10 xor 15 = 5

11 xor 11 = 0

11 xor 12 = 7

```
11 xor 13 = 6

11 xor 14 = 5

11 xor 15 = 4

12 xor 12 = 0

12 xor 13 = 1

12 xor 14 = 2

12 xor 15 = 3

13 xor 13 = 0

13 xor 14 = 3

13 xor 15 = 2

14 xor 14 = 0

14 xor 15 = 1

15 xor 15 = 0
```

Here two pairs (10,13) and (11,12) have maximum xor value 7 and this is the answer.

2. Halloween Party

Alex is attending a Halloween party with his girlfriend Silvia. At the party, Silvia spots a giant chocolate bar. If the chocolate can be served as only 1*1 sized pieces and Alex can cut the chocolate bar exactly **K** times, what is the maximum number of chocolate pieces Alex can cut and give Silvia?

Input Format:

The first line contains an integer T, the number of test cases. T lines follow. Each line contains an integer K

Output Format:

T lines. Each line contains an integer that denotes the maximum number of pieces can be obtained for each test case.

Constraints

```
1 \le T \le 10
2 \le K \le 10^7
```

Note:

Chocolate must be served in size of 1*1 size pieces.

Alex can't relocate any of the pieces, not can he place any piece on top of other.

Sample Input #00:

4 5678

Sample Output #00:

6

9

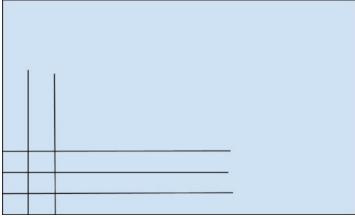
12

16

Explanation:

The explanation below is for the first two test-cases. The rest of them follow a similar logic.

For the first test-case where K=5, You need 3 Horizontal and 2 Vertical cuts.



For the second test case where K=6, You need 3 Horizontal and 3 Vertical cuts.

3. Bigger is Greater

Given a word w, rearrange the letters of w to construct another word s in such a way that s is lexicographically greater than w.

Input Format:

The first line of inputs contains t, number of test cases. Each of the next t lines contains w.

Constraints:

 $1 \le t \le 10^5$

 $1 \le |w| \le 100$

w will contain only lower-case English letters and its length will not exceed 100.

Output Format:

For each test case, output a string lexicographically bigger than w in a separate line. In case of multiple possible answers print the lexicographically smallest one and if no answer exists, print **no answer**.

Sample Input:

3

ab

bb

hefg

Sample Output:

ha

no answer

hegf

Explanation:
Testcase 1: There exists only one string greater than ab which can be built by rearranging ab. That is ba. Testcase 2: Not possible to rearrange bb and get a lexicographically greater string. Testcase 3: hegt is the next string (lexicographically greater) to hefg.