Week 3 – SpringCoreAndMaven_Mandatory_HandsOn

Skill: Spring Core and Maven
Candidate: Projita Kar
Superset ID: 6407705
Type: Mandatory Hands-On

Exercise 1: Configuring a Basic Spring Application

Scenario:

Your company is developing a web application for managing a library. You need to use the Spring Framework to handle the backend operations.

Steps:

- 1. Set Up a Spring Project:
 - Create a Maven project named LibraryManagement.
 - Add Spring Core dependencies in the pom.xml file.

- 2. Configure the Application Context:
 - Create an XML configuration file named applicationContext.xml in the src/main/resources directory.
 - Define beans for BookService and BookRepository in the XML file.

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<beans xmlns="http://www.springframework.org/schema/beans"
```

- 3. Define Service and Repository Classes:
 - Create a package com.library.service and add a class BookService.

```
package com.library.service;

public class BookService {
    public void greet() {
        System.out.println("Hello from BookService!");
    }
}
```

Create a package com.library.repository and add a class BookRepository.

```
package com.library.repository;

public class BookRepository {
    public void showMessage() {
        System.out.println("Hello from BookRepository!");
    }
}
```

- 4. Run the Application:
 - Create a main class to load the Spring context and test the configuration.

```
package com.library.main;
import com.library.service.BookService;
import com.library.repository.BookRepository;
import org.springframework.context.ApplicationContext;
import
org.springframework.context.support.ClassPathXmlApplicationContext;

public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        ApplicationContext context = new
ClassPathXmlApplicationContext("applicationContext.xml");
```

```
BookService bookService = context.getBean("bookService",
BookService.class);
    bookService.greet();

    BookRepository bookRepository = context.getBean("bookRepository",
BookRepository.class);
    bookRepository.showMessage();
}
```

Output:-

```
"C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-21\bin\java.exe" ...

Hello from BookService!

Hello from BookRepository!

Process finished with exit code 0
```

Exercise 2: Implementing Dependency Injection

Scenario:

In the library management application, you need to manage the dependencies between the BookService and BookRepository classes using Spring's IoC and DI.

Steps:

- 1. Modify the XML Configuration:
 - Update applicationContext.xml to wire BookRepository into BookService.

2. Update the BookService Class:

Ensure that BookService class has a setter method for BookRepository.
 BookService class:-

```
package com.library.service;
import com.library.repository.BookRepository;

public class BookService {
    private BookRepository bookRepository;

    // Setter for dependency injection
    public void setBookRepository(BookRepository bookRepository) {
        this.bookRepository = bookRepository;
    }

    public void listBooks() {
        System.out.println("BookService: Listing books");
        bookRepository.fetchBooks();
    }
}
```

BookRepository class:-

```
package com.library.repository;

public class BookRepository {
    public void fetchBooks() {
        System.out.println("Fetching books from the repository...");
    }
}
```

3. Test the Configuration:

• Run the LibraryManagementApplication main class to verify the dependency injection.

```
package com.library.main;
import com.library.service.BookService;
import org.springframework.context.ApplicationContext;
import
org.springframework.context.support.ClassPathXmlApplicationContext;

public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        ApplicationContext context = new
ClassPathXmlApplicationContext("applicationContext.xml");
```

```
BookService bookService = context.getBean("bookService",
BookService.class);
    bookService.listBooks();
}
```

Output:-

```
"C:\Program Files\Java\jdk-21\bin\java.exe" "-javaagent:C:\Program Files\JetBrains\IntelliJ is BookService: Listing books
Fetching books from the repository...

Process finished with exit code 0
```

Exercise 4: Creating and Configuring a Maven Project

Scenario:

You need to set up a new Maven project for the library management application and add Spring Dependencies.

Steps:

- 1. Create a New Maven Project:
 - Create a new Maven project named LibraryManagement.
- 2. Add Spring Dependencies in pom.xml:
 - Include dependencies for Spring Context, Spring AOP, and Spring WebMVC.
- 3. Configure Maven Plugins:
 - Configure the Maven Compiler Plugin for Java version 1.8 in the pom.xml file.

Pom.xml

```
</properties>
  <dependencies>
      <!-- Spring Core -->
      <dependency>
          <groupId>org.springframework
          <artifactId>spring-context</artifactId>
          <version>5.3.32
      </dependency>
      <!-- Spring AOP -->
      <dependency>
          <groupId>org.springframework
          <artifactId>spring-aop</artifactId>
          <version>5.3.32
      </dependency>
      <!-- Spring WebMVC -->
      <dependency>
          <groupId>org.springframework
          <artifactId>spring-webmvc</artifactId>
          <version>5.3.32
      </dependency>
  </dependencies>
  <!-- Step 3: Maven Compiler Plugin -->
  <build>
      <plugins>
          <plugin>
             <groupId>org.apache.maven.plugins
             <artifactId>maven-compiler-plugin</artifactId>
             <version>3.10.1
             <configuration>
                 <source>1.8</source>
                 <target>1.8</target>
             </configuration>
         </plugin>
      </plugins>
  </build>
</project>
```