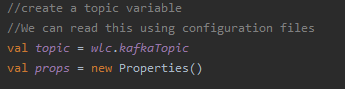
**KAFKA STREAMS**

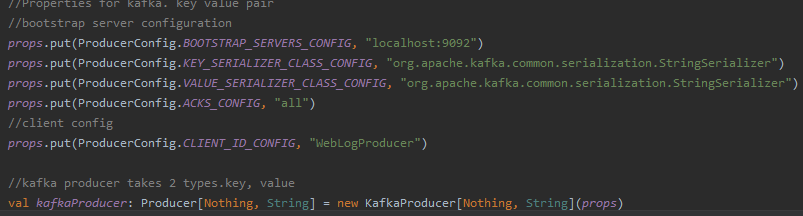
1. Specify the necessary libraries in build.gradle file

compile group: 'org.apache.kafka', name: 'kafka-clients', version: '0.8.2.1'  
compile 'org.apache.kafka:kafka\_2.11:0.8.2.1'

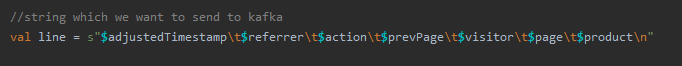
1. Import the necessary libraries
2. import org.apache.kafka.clients.producer.{KafkaProducer, Producer, ProducerConfig, ProducerRecord}
3. Create new log producer class
   1. It would have a single instance which would run on localhost in the vm which we have up and running
   2. Specify which topic we want to send data to

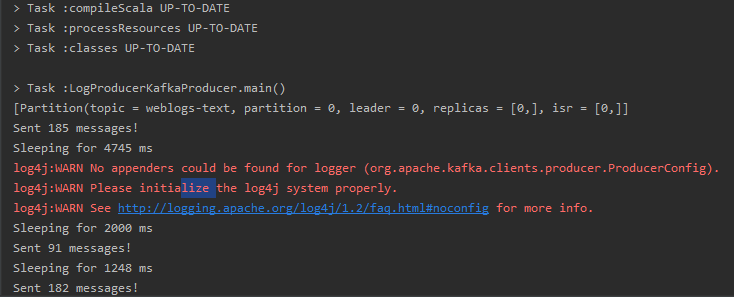


* 1. Create a new instance of kafka producer .It would have set of properties including brokers address,key serializers, acks\_config and client\_id\_config

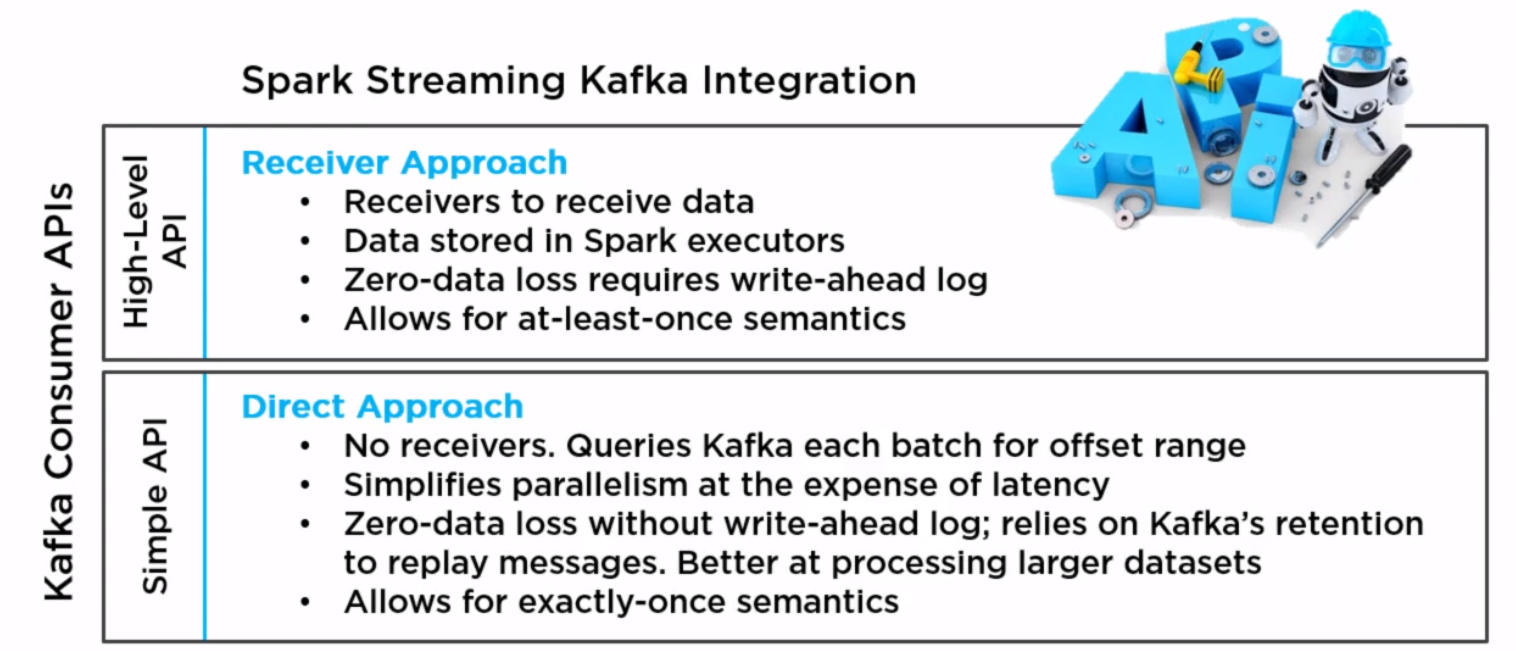


* 1. New instance of sting would be sent to kafka

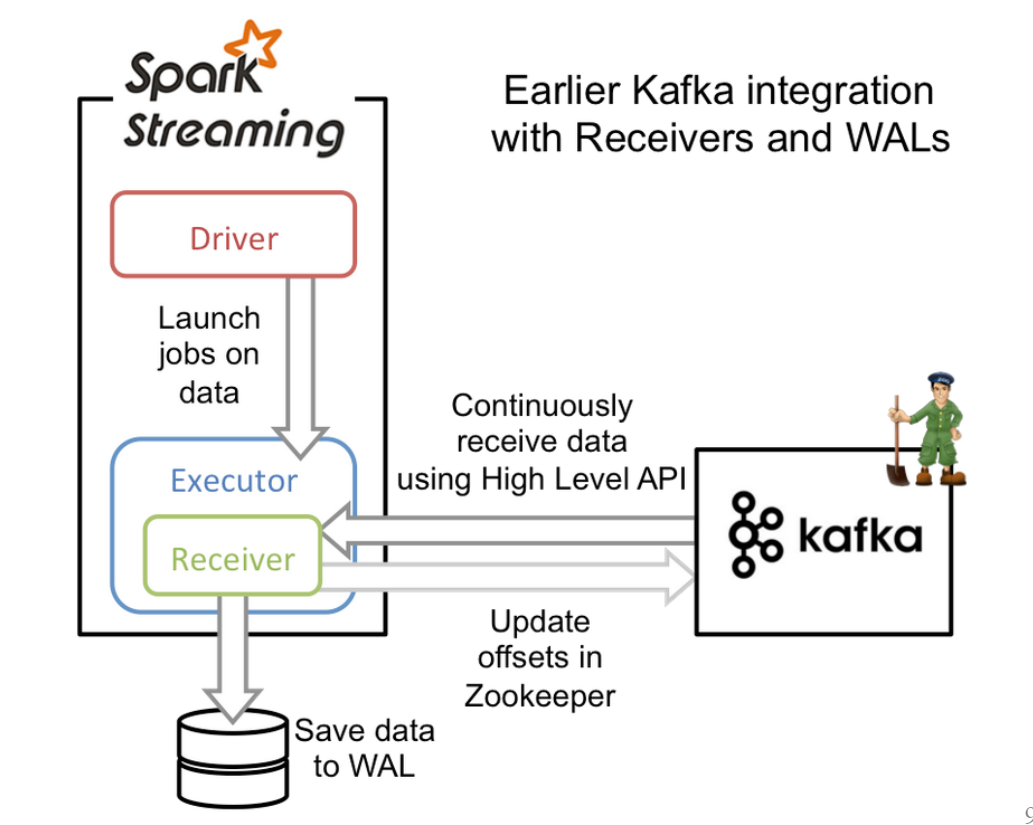


1. Run the kafklogproducer

**KAFKA INTEGRATION**



**KAFKA INTEGRATION WITH RECIEVERS**



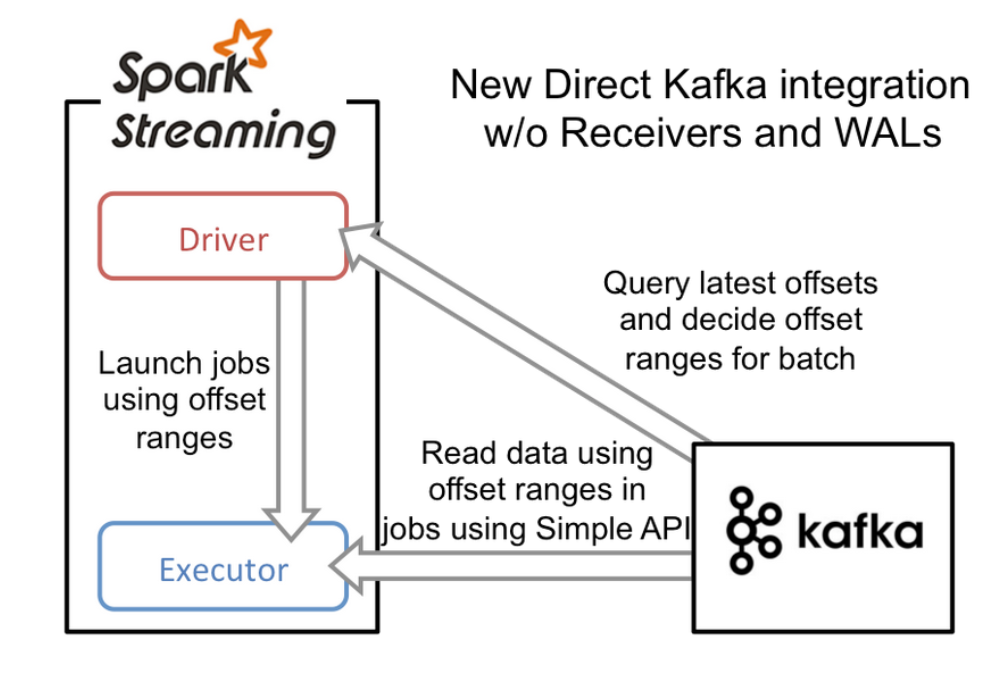
**Pro:**

* WAL design could work with non-Kafka data sources

**Con:**

* Long running receivers make parallelism awkward and costly
* Duplication of write operations
* Dependent on HDFS
* Must use idempotence for exactly-once
* No access to offsets, can't use transactional approach

**KAFKA INTEGRATION WITHOUT USING RECIEVERS**

**Pro:**

* Spark partition 1:1 Kafka topic/partition, easy cheap parallelism
* No duplicate writes
* No dependency on HDFS
* Access to offsets, can use idempotent or transactional

**Con:**

* Specific to Kafka
* Need adequate Kafka retention (OffsetOutOfRange is your fault)