

PSIA Common Security (CSEC) Model System WG

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PSIA Common Security (CSEC) Model Specification

Revision	Description	Date	Ву
History			
Version 1.0 Rev 1	Initial Draft	July 9, 2010	James Wang /
Kev I			Roger Richter
Version 1.0	Changes based on SWG input:	August 20, 2010	James Wang
Rev 2	1) csec.xsd: a) breakout symbolic permissions to separate schema, b)	2010	
	change to allow new type of permission (ExplicitPermissionDescriptor)		
	2) csecPermissionDictionary.xsd: rename all permission symbolic names		
	using path-like-hierarchy and add new permissions suggested by SWG.		
	3) Add Resource-Requirements Table (Section 4)		
	4) Add supportedPermissions Resource to advertise Permission Dictionary		
	5) Updated Resource Hierarchy diagram to reflect new Resource		
	(supportedPermissions).		
	6) general cleanup		
Version 1.0	1) Add <dictionaryname> to csecPermissionDictionary.xsd</dictionaryname>	September	James Wang
Rev 3	2) Add <permissionbitoffset> to csecPermissionDictionary.xsd</permissionbitoffset>	21, 2010	
	3) CSEC.XSD: a) add <userdescription> string, b) add <fullname>, c) add</fullname></userdescription>		
	<usercodes>, d) add <subdeviceauthorizationlevel>, e) Changed all REST</subdeviceauthorizationlevel></usercodes>		
	<id><id>'s to comply with "psiaCommonTypes.xsd", using "LocalID" type and 1-based indices vs 0-based indices.</id></id>		
Version 1.0	Minor cleanup of text and add more explanation of Users/Groups.	November	James Wang
Rev 3b		11, 2010	
Nev 3b			
Version 1.0	Add pending features + others suggested by System, Access, & Intrusion WG's:	February 11, 2011	James Wang
Rev 4		11, 2011	
	1) Add "Owner GUID" QS required to take ownership of device		
	2) Add "deviceOwnership/scope" resource (scoping of "ownership")		
	3) Add "deviceOwnership/status" resource		
	4) Add simple MD5 Digest for Ownership MAC		
	5) Add "loginPortAffinity" to "PermissionDescriptor" to allow Permissions to only be enabled/allowed if the user request came in on a specific port		
	6) Add text requiring "admin" Group and User		
	7) Add text requiring "viewonly" Group and User		



	·		
	8) Add ability to enable/disable Users and Groups		
	9) Replace <usercodes> with <usercodelist></usercodelist></usercodes>		
	10) updated REST Resource Hierarchy Diagram		
Version 1.0	Feedback from SWG:	May 27,	James Wang
Rev 4b	1) Modify 'deviceOwnership' Resource description to clarify User-ID locked Cookie MAC and uses for Group Sharing	2011	
	2) Add ownership MAC diagram		
	3) Add /System/logging as IPMD dependent Resource to Requirements tables		
Version 1.0	Feedback from SWG:	June 7,	James Wang
Rev 4c	1) Fix reference links	2011	
Version 1.0	Feedback From SWG:	July 19,	James Wang
Rev 4d	1) Add new symbolic permission "/ResetDeviceOwnership"	2011	
	2) Add QS to REST Resource "/PSIA/CSEC/deviceOwnership" to perform new Reset operation		
	3) Schema: Fix typo in ="MIKEYExchangeMethod"		
Version 1.0	Feedback from ACWG:	August 17,	James Wang
Rev 4e	1) Add "ACWGPermissionInfoList" to <csecpermissiongroup> to achieve encapsulation of ACWG Permissions into CSEC</csecpermissiongroup>	2011	
	2) Remove ACWG related elements from <devicescoperestriction>.</devicescoperestriction>		
	3) Merge/Add some ACWG Types to psiaCommonTypes.xsd		
	4) Removed text describing Level-Based Permission		
	5) Add text regarding ACWG Permission encapsulation		
	6) Add ACWGCommonTypes.xsd		
Version 1.0	1) Add "UID" to TimeScheduleInfo and HolidayInfo	August 16,	James Wang
Rev 4f		2011	
Version 1.0	1) Removed schema text and replace with link to psia schema repository	September	James Wang
Rev 4g		1, 2011	
		April 30,	James Wang
Version 1.0	Feedback from ACWG + other improvements:	-	
Version 1.0 Rev 4h	1) Make KeyManager optional (Sect 4.1).	2012	



	3) Change CA Service to allow management of "root cert package"		
	Version 1.0 TBD:		
	1) Add More descriptive text throughout		
	2) Describe example VMS – CSEC Device flows		
	3) Add More MAC-algorithms for deviceOwnership		
	4) Add Table mapping symbolic permissions to PSIA REST Resources		
Version 1.1 Rev. 01	Changed CSEC to now be functionally subdivided into 'Profiles' per input and feedback on Service Model v2.0 and its effects on PSIA common specs.	August 12, 2012	Roger Richter
Version 1.1, Rev. 03		October 31, 2012	Roger Richter
Version 1.1, Revision 04	Modified Section 2 to further define the function of Profiles within CSEC. Added the new 'Core' profile, plus created tables to cover fundamental meaning of Basic, Full and Core profiles. Updated all requirements tables in Section 4 to reflect the new Core	November 6, 2012	Roge r Richter
	profile requirements. Modified Section 7.6., /PSIA/CSEC/AAA resources, to reflect the new read-only requirements of the Core profile.		
Version 1.1, Revision 0.4a	Added more detail to the CORE profile resources being read-only in the resource tables. Removed wording saying Core AAA resources MUST disallow PUT, POST and DELETE.	January 17, 2013	Roger Richter
Version 1.2, Revision 0.1	Obsoleted MD5 as and acceptable HMAC algorithm. SHA-256 is now the standard for all PSIA systems, and devices, except those that cannot support SHA-256. In those cases SHA-1 is the minimum standard.	April 5, 2014	Roger Richter
Version 1.2,	In Section 7.2 added support for RFC 6265 usage of "Max-Age" expiry designation, in addition to (the already present) "Expires" header designation.	April 22, 2014	Roger Richter
	Added the new "PLAI" profie requirements in Section 4.		
Version 2.0,	Updates per Topologies, general cleanup	Feb 18, 2015	Jeffrey Longo
Version 2.0 R	Updates per group meeting 2/26/15	Feb 26, 2015	Jeffrey Longo



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1.0 Introduction and Overview

This document specifies the new Common Security Service (CSEC) which is designed to be the successor of the /PSIA/Security Service in IPMD v1/v1.1.

The previous /PSIA/Security Service provides a "trivial" security service allowed the creation of "users" and "adminAccesses" without specifying what the actual permissions are. Since many xMS's only require administrative access to devices, the previous service was sufficient for that purpose. The CSEC Service specification is created to meet the demands of emerging systems that require a more sophisticate Security Model which define user-ids, permissions, and groups in a richer, more-flexible way. In addition, the single "/PSIA/Security/srtpMasterKey" resource is not capable of managing SRTP/SRTCP sessions for a wide number of channels and clients (i.e. single key must be used for all channels and sessions, with implicit re-keying after lifetime expiration). The CSEC Service specification provides a better define mechanism for SRTP key management.

CSEC also describes other security and authentication related requirements of PSIA.

1.1 CSEC and Functional Requirements

This document does not establish requirements in a stand-alone manner. To determine what is required, refer to a profile within a PSIA protocol specification. This profile will declare what PSIA topology it conforms to, from which you can ascertain which CSEC services, resources, or other mandates are required.

PSIA defines the following topologies:

- Master-Slave over the Internet
- Master-Slave over a LAN
- Peer to Peer over the Internet
- Peer to Peer over a LAN

For more information on PSIA Profiles and Topologies, please refer to the PSIA Service Model, version 3.0 or later.



2.0 References

	T	
1	Security Requirement document	http://www.psiaforums.org/attachment.php?attachmentid=160&d=1306961788
2	Security Use Case Diagrams	http://www.psiaforums.org/attachment.php?attachmentid=161&d=130 6962059 http://www.psiaforums.org/attachment.php?attachmentid=162&d=130 6962078
3	[RFC 1945]	"Hypertext Transfer Protocol HTTP/1.0", T. Berners-Lee et al, May 1996 http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc1945.txt
4	[RFC 2326]	"Real Time Streaming Protocol (RTSP)", H. Schulzrinne et al, April 1998 http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2326
5	[RFC 2327]	"SDP", M. Handley et al, April 1998 http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2327
6	[RFC 2616]	"Hypertext Transfer Protocol HTTP/1.1", R. Fielding et al, June 1999 http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2616.txt
7	[RFC 2965]	"HTTP State Management Mechanism", D. Kristol et al, October 2000 http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2965.txt
8	[RFC 3164]	"The BSD Syslog Protocol", C. Lonvick, August 2001 http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc3164.txt
9	[RFC 3550]	"RTP: A Transport Protocol for Real-Time Applications", H. Schulzrinne et al., July 2003 http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc3550.txt
1 0	[RFC 3711]	"The Secure Real-time Transport Protocol (SRTP)", M. Baugher et al, March 2004 http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc3711.txt
1 1	[RFC 3830]	"MIKEY", J. Arkko et al, August 2004 http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc3830.txt
1 2	[RFC 4571]	"Framing Real-time Transport Protocol (RTP) and RTP Control Protocol (RTCP) Packets over Connection-Oriented Transport", J. Lazzaro, July 2006 http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc4571.txt
1 3	[RFC 4567]	"Key Management Extensions for SDP, and RTSP", J. Arrko et al, July 2006 http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc4567.txt
1 4	[Errata for RFC 4567]	Errata 2247 for RFC 4567 (fixes missing "data" field in "key-mgmt-spec" for new RTSP header) http://www.rfc-editor.org/errata_search.php?rfc=4567
1 5	[RFC 4568]	"SDP Security Description for Media Streams", F. Andreasen et al., July 2006 http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc4568.txt

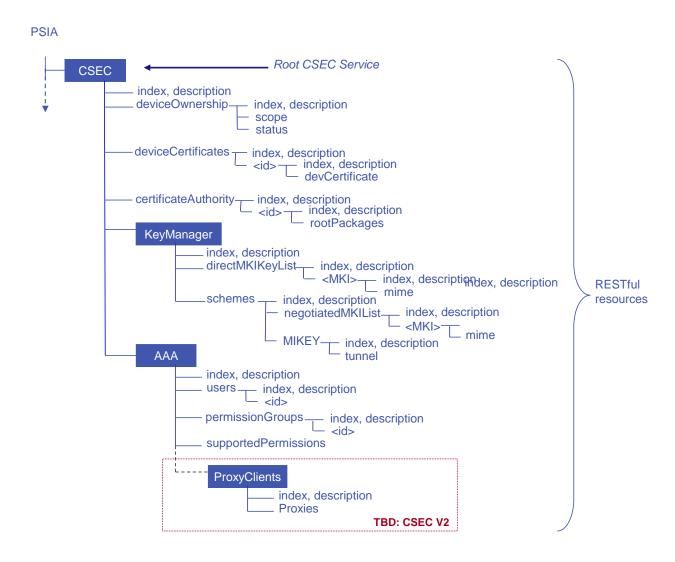


1 6	["srtp-big-aes-3"]	"The use of AES-192 and AES-256 in SRTP draft", D. McGrew, March 2010 http://tools.ietf.org/html/draft-ietf-avt-srtp-big-aes-03
1 7	[RFC 4650]	"HMAC-Authentication Diffie-Hellman for MIKEY", M. Euchner, September 2006 http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc4650.txt
1 8	[Errata for RFC4650]	http://www.rfc- editor.org/errata_search.php?rfc=4650&rec_status=15&presentation=records
1 9	[RFC 4738]	"MIKEY-RSA-R", D. Ignatic et al., November 2006 http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc4738.txt
2 0	[RFC 5285]	"A General Mechanism for RTP Header Extensions", D. Singer et al, July 2008 http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc5285.txt
2	"Key Management Mechanisms"	http://media.techtarget.com/searchVoIP/downloads/Key.Management.Mechanisms.CH 7.pdf
2 2	"REST Anti-Patterns"	http://www.infoq.com/articles/rest-anti-patterns, July 2008
2	PSIA Service Model specification	http://www.psialliance.org/documents/PSI-Service-Model version 1 0.pdf, March 17, 2009
2 4	PSIA IP Media Device specification	http://www.psialliance.org/register form.html?file=SpecPackQ109, February 15, 2010



3.0 REST Resource Hierarchy

CSEC v1r4 Device Security Service Structure





4.0 REST Resource Requirements

4.1 /PSIA/CSEC (Root) Services & Resources

M-S Internet	M-S LAN	P-P Internet	P-P LAN	Command	GET	PUT	POST	DEL
				index	✓			
				indexr	✓			
				description	✓			
✓	✓	*		deviceOwnership (Required for PLAI, applies to data ownership)	*			✓
				deviceCertificate	✓	✓		
				certificateAuthority	✓	✓	✓	
				KeyManager				
✓	✓			AAA				

4.2 /PSIA/CSEC/deviceOwnership Resources

M-S Internet	M-S LAN	P-P Internet	P-P LAN	Command	GET	PUT	POST	DEL
				index	>			
				indexr	✓			
				description	✓			
				Scope	*	*		



M-S Internet	M-S LAN	P-P Internet	P-P LAN	Command	GET	PUT	POST	DEL
				Status	✓			

4.3 /PSIA/CSEC/certificateAuthority Resources

M-S Internet	M-S LAN	P-P Internet	P-P LAN	Command	GET	PUT	POST	DEL
				index	✓			
				indexr	√			
				description	✓			
				<id></id>	✓	✓		✓
				<id>/index</id>	✓			
				<id>/description</id>	√			
				<id>/caCertificate</id>	✓	✓		

4.4 /PSIA/CSEC/KeyManager Resources

M-S Internet	M-S LAN	p-p Internet	P-P LAN	Command	GET	PUT	POST	DEL
				index	>			
				indexr	\			



M-S Internet	M-S LAN	P-P Internet	P-P LAN	Command	GET	PUT	POST	DEL
				description	✓			
				directMKIKeyList	>	√	✓	
				Schemes				

4.4.1 /PSIA/CSEC/KeyManager/directMKIKeyList Resources

M-S Internet	M-S LAN	P-P Internet	P-P LAN	Command	GET	PUT	POST	DEL
				index	√			
				indexr	√			
				description	✓			
				<mki></mki>	✓	✓		✓
				<mki>/index</mki>	✓			
				<mki>/indexr</mki>	✓			
				<mki>/description</mki>	✓			
				<mki>/mime</mki>	✓			

4.4.2 /PSIA/CSEC/KeyManager/schemes Resources



M-S Internet	M-S LAN	P-P Internet	P-P LAN	Command	GET	PUT	POST	DEL
				index	✓			
				indexr	✓			
				description	✓			
				NegotiatedMKIList	✓	✓	√	
				MIKEY				

4.4.2.1 /PSIA/CSEC/KeyManager/schemes/negotiatedMKIList Resources

M-S Internet	M-S LAN	P-P Internet	P-P LAN	Command	GET	PUT	POST	DEL
				index	✓			
				indexr	✓			
				description	✓			
				<mki></mki>	✓	✓		✓
				<mki>/index</mki>	✓			
				<mki>/indexr</mki>	✓			
				<mki>/description</mki>	✓			
				<mki>/mime</mki>	✓			



4.4.2.2 /PSIA/CSEC/KeyManager/schemes/MIKEY Resources

M-S Internet	M-S LAN	P-P	Internet	P-P LAN	Command	GET	PUT	POST	DEL
					index	✓			
					indexr	✓			
					description	✓			
					tunnel	✓		√	

4.5 /PSIA/CSEC/AAA Resources

M-S Internet	M-S LAN	P-P Internet	P-P LAN	Command	GET	PUT	POST	DEL
				index	✓			
				indexr	✓			
				description	✓			
✓	>			Users	✓	✓	✓	
RO	RO			permissionGroups	✓	√	√	
✓	✓			supportedPermissions	✓			

4.5.1 /PSIA/CSEC/AAA/users Resources



M-S Internet	M-S LAN	P-P	P-P LAN	Command	GET	PUT	POST	DEL
				index	✓			
				indexr	✓			
				description	✓			
✓	✓			<id></id>	✓	✓		✓

4.5.2 /PSIA/CSEC/AAA/permissionGroups Resources

M-S Internet	M-S LAN	P-P Internet	P-P LAN	Command	GET	PUT	POST	DEL
				index	✓			
				indexr	✓			
				description	✓			
RO	RO			<id></id>	✓	✓		✓

4.6 /PSIA/System Resources (Service Model v2.0+)

M-S Internet	M-S LAN	P-P Internet	P-P LAN	Command	GET	PUT	POST	DEL
✓	✓			logging	\	>		



5.0 Audit Log

The CSEC Service does not contain an Audit-Log resource. Instead, the existing /PSIA/System/logging resource from IPMD will be leveraged to perform local AAA logging. The messages should be logged using "Facility" code 10 ("security/authorization messages") [see RFC 3164, page 9] embedded as the "PRI" value within the <message> value member of <LogMessage>.

From RFC3164:

"The full format of a syslog message seen on the wire has three

discernable parts. The first part is called the PRI, the second part is the HEADER, and the third part is the MSG. The total length of the packet MUST be 1024 bytes or less."

[PRI]

"The Priority value is calculated by first multiplying the Facility number by 8 and then adding the numerical value of the Severity. For example, a kernel message (Facility=0) with a Severity of Emergency (Severity=0) would have a Priority value of 0. Also, a "local use 4" message (Facility=20) with a Severity of Notice (Severity=5) would have a Priority value of 165. In the PRI part of a syslog message, these values would be placed between the angle brackets as <0> and <165> respectively. The only time a value of "0" will follow the "<" is for the Priority value of "0". Otherwise, leading "0"s MUST NOT be used."

[HEADER]

"The HEADER part contains a timestamp and an indication of the hostname or IP address of the device. The HEADER part of the syslog packet MUST contain visible (printing) characters. The code set used MUST also be seven-bit ASCII in an eight-bit field like that used in the PRI part. In this code set, the only allowable characters are the ABNF VCHAR values (%d33-126) and spaces (SP value %d32)."

"The HEADER contains two fields called the TIMESTAMP and the HOSTNAME. The TIMESTAMP will immediately follow the trailing ">" from the PRI part and single space characters MUST follow each of the TIMESTAMP and HOSTNAME fields. HOSTNAME will contain the hostname, as it knows itself. If it does not have a hostname, then it will contain its own IP address. If a device has multiple IP addresses, it has usually been seen to use the IP address from which the message is transmitted. An alternative to this behavior has also been seen. In that case, a device may be configured to send all messages using a



single source IP address regardless of the interface from which the message is sent. This will provide a single consistent HOSTNAME for all messages sent from a device."

"The TIMESTAMP field is the local time and is in the format of "Mmm dd hh:mm:ss" (without the quote marks) where:

Mmm is the English language abbreviation for the month of the year with the first character in uppercase and the other two characters in lowercase. The following are the only acceptable values:

Jan, Feb, Mar, Apr, May, Jun, Jul, Aug, Sep, Oct, Nov, Dec

dd is the day of the month. If the day of the month is less than 10, then it MUST be represented as a space and then the number. For example, the 7th day of August would be represented as "Aug 7", with two spaces between the "g" and the "7".

hh:mm:ss is the local time. The hour (hh) is represented in a 24-hour format. Valid entries are between 00 and 23, inclusive. The minute (mm) and second (ss) entries are between 00 and 59 inclusive.

A single space character MUST follow the TIMESTAMP field.

The HOSTNAME field will contain only the hostname, the IPv4 address, or the IPv6 address of the originator of the message. The preferred value is the hostname. If the hostname is used, the HOSTNAME field MUST contain the hostname of the device as specified in STD 13 [4]. It should be noted that this MUST NOT contain any embedded spaces. The Domain Name MUST NOT be included in the HOSTNAME field. If the IPv4 address is used, it MUST be shown as the dotted decimal notation as used in STD 13 [5]. If an IPv6 address is used, any valid representation used in RFC 2373 [6] MAY be used. A single space character MUST also follow the HOSTNAME field."

[MSG]

"The MSG part will fill the remainder of the syslog packet. This will usually contain some additional information of the process that generated the message, and then the text of the message. There is no ending delimiter to this part..."

"The MSG part has two fields known as the TAG field and the CONTENT field. The value in the TAG field will be the name of the program or process that generated the message. The CONTENT contains the details of the message. This has traditionally been a freeform message that gives some detailed information of the event. The TAG is a string of ABNF alphanumeric characters that MUST NOT exceed 32 characters. Any non-alphanumeric character will terminate the TAG field and will be assumed to be the starting character of the CONTENT field. Most commonly, the first character of the CONTENT field that signifies the conclusion of the TAG field has been seen to be the left square



bracket character ("["), a colon character (":"), or a space character. This is explained in more detail in Section 5.3."

In short the log entry is of the format: PRI HEADER MSG

Further division into sub-fields: PRI TIMESTAMP HOSTNAME TAG CONTENT

Facility	Severity	PRI	Example Log Entry
10	0 - Emergency	80	<80> Aug 3 22:15:20 my.machine.org aaaproc: emergency security breach
10	1 – Alert	81	<81> Aug 3 20:11:15 my.machine.org aaaproc: intrusion detected
10	2 - Critical	82	<82> Aug 3 10:10:15 my.machine.org aaaproc: too many login failures
10	3 – Error	83	<83> Aug 2 22:15:30 my.machine.org aaaproc: database partially corrupted
10	4 - Warning	84	<84> Aug 2 22:10:15 my.machine.org aaaproc: database nearly full
10	5 - Notice	85	<85> Aug 2 21:05:08 my.machine.org aaaproc: unauthorized operation
10	6 - Informational	86	<86> Aug 2 20:10:15 my.machine.org aaaproc: routine backups started
10	7 – Debug	87	<87> Aug 1 09:00:00 my.machine.org aaaproc: debug test code 357

In future specifications, it is possible to create an AAA-only log locally, as well as a Proxy-Client to forward log messages to external AAA server using the server's specific auditing-message protocol.



6.0 HTTPS and Authentication

All CSEC compliant PSIA nodes are required to meet the following requirements. Please note that the requirements are 'topology dependent'. As such, implementers should take note of the requirements as they are described in the ensuing tables.

Category	Description	M-S	Internet	P-P Internet	M-S LAN	P-P LAN
HTTP	All PSIA Nodes shall provide Digest-based				*	*
Authentication	Authentication for all HTTP sessions upon					
	challenge; ORthey shall provide HTTPS support					
	as defined below. No BASIC authentication					
	support is allowed over unencrypted HTTP.					
HTTPS, and	All Nodes shall provide support for HTTPS	✓		✓	*	*
Authentication	sessions upon contact/request, via port 443					
	unless otherwise configured. All nodes shall					
	provide TLS (1.0 or greater) security support for					
	all HTTPS sessions. Additionally, Basic					
	authentication, or greater, shall be supplied to					
	authenticate all HTTPS sessions.					

1.2 *= HTTP or HTTPS is required in a LAN topology

1.4 Resource Details

6.1 /PSIA/CSEC

URI	/PSIA/CSEC			Туре	Service
Methods	Query String(s)	Inbound Data	Return	Result	
Notes	Common Security (CSE	C) Service root.			



6.2 /PSIA/CSEC/deviceOwnership

"If a cookie is used to store some information, such as an authentication token, that the server can validate without reliance on session state, cookies are perfectly RESTful..." ["REST Anti-Patterns"].

URI	/PSIA/CSEC/deviceOwn	ership		Туре	Resource
Function	Resource used to acquire administrative "ownership" of a device in a Master-Slave topology or data in a peer – peer topology. This capability is only granted to a User that belongs to a Permission Group that contains the Symbolic Permission, or custom equivalent of, "/Configure/Security" (i.e. Root of Security, which equates to all of the Security Service).				
Methods	Query String(s)	Inbound Data		Retu	ırn Result
GET	OwnerGUID, ExpireTime <i>OR</i> MaxAge	None			nershipCookie> 2 409 Conflict"
PUT	N/A	N/A	<resp< th=""><th>onseSta</th><th>atus w/error code></th></resp<>	onseSta	atus w/error code>
POST	N/A	N/A	<resp< th=""><th>onseSta</th><th>atus w/error code></th></resp<>	onseSta	atus w/error code>
DELETE	ResetOwnership	<csecownershipcookie> or None</csecownershipcookie>		<respo< th=""><th>onseStatus></th></respo<>	onseStatus>
Notes					

To acquire device-ownership, an administrative node will attempt, for example:

GET /PSIA/CSEC/deviceOwnership?OwnerGUID=8b7a0a80-5283-486f-a4ec-40dc04aaa373

If the request succeeds, ownership is granted via the <CSECOwnershipCookie>, in HTTP payload, which contains information used for all subsequent administrative requests.

The <CSECOwnershipCookie> XML contains a cookie string value which holds two HTTP "cookies" [RFC 2965.6265]. These two HTTP cookies are also optionally given in the HTTP response header as:



Set-Cookie2: **owner-code="generated-string-values"**; expires="date-time"; path="/PSIA"; Secure; Version="1"; **issuer-signature="generated-signature"**

Or, in the cases where max-age is used:

Set-Cookie2: **owner-code="generated-string-values"**; max-age="integer"; path="/PSIA"; Secure; Version="1"; **issuer-signature="generated-signature"**

On subsequent administrative requests, the cookies must be given in HTTP header (with the addition of a 3^{rd} Identification Cookie appended):

Cookie: \$Version=1; owner-code="generated-string-values"; \$Path="/PSIA"; issuer-signature="generated-signature"; OwnerGUID=<GUID>

The target device will use the **issuer-signature** and **owner-code** to verify ownership.



Example XML snippets:

Or, using the MaxAge parameter (with an expiry of 8 hours/28800 seconds):

Message Authentication Code (MAC) Algorithm

The **issuer-signature** will be a MAC of the **owner-code** value. The target device must apply the algorithm, with prescribed inputs, to the **owner-code** value to determine validity of the cookies. If the cookies are valid, then ownership is verified (i.e. the calculated Digest matches the **issuer-signature** value).



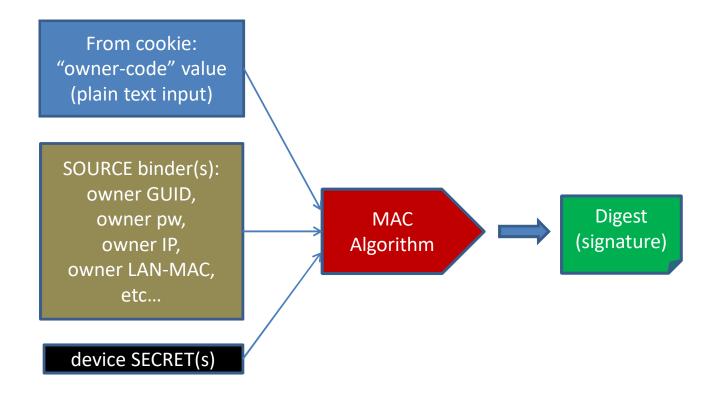


Figure 1: MAC Algorithm Function

Note that SOURCE binders that are not present in the cookie itself protect it from sniffer-based (copy) attacks.



Ownership (cookie) Expiration

NOTE: RFC 6265 has superseded RFC 2965. It allows both the use of the absolute "Expires" header, and the alternate use of the newer "Max-Age" header. "Expires" is expressed in 'dateTime' format whereas "MaxAge" is expressed in seconds via an integer value. The "MaxAge" value is a delta from the current time whereas the (older but still acceptable) "Expires" specifies an absolute dateTime for expiry. Please reference RFC 6265 for more details.

The default duration of ownership (and cookie validity) is device and implementation specific. If the requesting administrative node does not specify one of the "ExpireTime", or "Max-Age" QS values, then the device will automatically assign one. It is possible for the implementation to set the "expires" time to a near infinite time in future (i.e. effectively permanent ownership) or a shorter time, requiring a "refresh" of the ownership before the expiration time via a subsequent GET request. The more likely scenario (to avoid a deadlock situation) is that the device will set the "ExpireTime", or "Max-Age", value to sometime in the near future (seconds or minutes).

6.2.1 Resetting (Clearing) Device Ownership

To ability to reset Device Ownership state is provided to allow a management system to free a device from locked-out condition.

To clear the ownership state, a management node would use:

DELETE /PSIA/CSEC/deviceOwnership?ResetOwnership=true

This function will only succeed if the management node issued the request while logged into Device as a User belonging to an administrative Group that contained the symbolic Permission:

/ResetDeviceOwnership

For extra safety, the <PermissionDescriptor> that contains this symbolic permission could set the optional "loginPortAffinity" value to be a physically attached, serial terminal (e.g. "ttyS 000").



6.2.2 Ownership Message Authentication Codes (MAC)

Currently the only MAC Algorithm defined is a simple MD5 Digest.

6.2.2.1 Simple Digest MAC – User ID Locked

This is a very simple approach provided as a reference in order to allow this Service to function minimally. Future (stronger) crypto approaches may be added in the future. CSEC can be somewhat agnostic to the crypto algorithms, since the generation and verification of the MAC code is done entirely within the Device implementation. However, exotic (unpublished) algorithms will result in incompatibility between different vendors' systems and devices.

owner-code = BASE16 string representation of a generated random number (this is the public plain-text used to generated the cipher-text).

issuer-signature = BASE16 string representation of calculation: MD5(**owner-code:OwnerGUID**: **user-id:user-pw:secret**).

OwnerGUID = string representation of host's PSIA Identity value (node GUID).

user-id = administrative client user ID.

user-pw = administrative client's password or HA1 value.

secret = locally generated secret value (must be saved by Device for subsequent ownership verification).



NOTE 1:

A nonce and incrementing counter to prevent replay attack is unnecessary assuming **HTTP DIGEST authentication is employed**. The ownership cookie represents an ownership test applied in addition to DIGEST authentication. Without DIGEST authentication or SSL/TLS, an attacker with physical access to "sniff" in-use cookies can employ a spoofing attack. Security of the **user-pw** is critical for ensuring both valid authentication and ownership.

NOTE 2:

IP Address is not used here to avoid possible address change during DHCP address lease renew.

6.2.2.2 Simple Digest MAC – User ID Locked – Ownership Group Sharing

Since this form of Ownership Cookie is locked to an administrative User ID (with "Root of Security" privilege), any other PSIA node that logs-in with this User ID, while also presenting the Ownership Cookie, will be granted Ownership rights. In that sense the Cookie is transferable to another PSIA management node that also possesses knowledge of the User Password.

When the Cookie is transferred to another management node, the OwnerGUID value will stay the same. It continues to represent the unique ID of the original owner. The Device itself should log information regarding logins with ownership.



6.2.3 /PSIA/CSEC/deviceOwnership/scope

URI	/PSIA/CSEC/deviceOwnership/scope Type Resource				
Function	Resource used to manag	Resource used to manage the "ownership" scope definition			
Methods	Query String(s)	Inbound Data	Return Result		
GET	N/A	None	<csecownershipscope></csecownershipscope>		
PUT	N/A	<csecownershipscope></csecownershipscope>	<responsestatus></responsestatus>		
POST	N/A	N/A	<responsestatus code="" error="" w=""></responsestatus>		
DELETE	N/A	N/A	<responsestatus code="" error="" w=""></responsestatus>		
Notes					

This resource is used to control what "ownership" means, within the Device, in terms of Permission (and, thus, implied resources) that are to be controlled by the "owner". The <CSECOwnershipScope> XML contains a <PermissionDescriptorList>, which contains an exhaustive list of the Permissions to be granted to the "owner" exclusively.

At any time where there is no recognized "owner" within the Device (i.e. the device is unclaimed by any qualified administrative nodes), then the normal User (PermissionGroup) permissions are enforced fully; however, if the device is owned by an administrative node, then any other Users' may be denied their normally allowed (i.e. configured) Permissions, if these Permission fall within the scope of the ownership Permissions.

6.2.4 /PSIA/CSEC/deviceOwnership/status

URI	/PSIA/CSEC/deviceOwnership/status		Туре	Resource	
Function	Resource used get the current "ownership" status				
Methods	Query String(s) Inbound Data			Retu	ırn Result



PSIA Common Security (CSEC) Model Specification

GET	N/A	None	<csecownershipstatus></csecownershipstatus>
PUT	N/A	N/A	<responsestatus code="" error="" w=""></responsestatus>
POST	N/A	N/A	<responsestatus code="" error="" w=""></responsestatus>
DELETE	N/A	N/A	<responsestatus code="" error="" w=""></responsestatus>
Notes			



6.3 /PSIA/CSEC/deviceCertificates

URI	/PSIA/CSEC/deviceCer	rtificates	Type Resource			
Function	Resource used to mana	Resource used to manage the <devicecertificatelist>.</devicecertificatelist>				
Methods	Query String(s) Inbound Data Return Result					
GET	None	None	<devicecertificatelist></devicecertificatelist>			
PUT	None	<devicecertificatelist></devicecertificatelist>	<responsestatus></responsestatus>			
POST	None	<devicecertificatelist></devicecertificatelist>	<responsestatus></responsestatus>			
DELETE	N/A	N/A	<responsestatus code="" error="" w=""></responsestatus>			
Notes						

Example XML:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8" ?>
<DeviceCertificateList version="1.0" xmlns="urn:psialliance-org">
          <DeviceCertificate version="1.0">
                   <application>default</application>
                   <CertificateDesc version="1.0">
                              <CertificateFormat>PEM</CertificateFormat>
                              <CertificateText>
                                        ----BEGIN CERTIFICATE----
                                       \verb|MIIDBjCCAe4CCQCX05m0b053QzANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQQFADBFMQswCQYDVQQGEwJB| \\
                                       VTETMBEGA1UECBMKU29tZS1TdGF0ZTEhMB8GA1UEChMYSW50ZXJuZXQgV21kZ210
                                       cyBQdHkgTHRkMB4XDTA4MTIwNzEwMjUyMloXDTE4MTIwNTEwMjUyMlowRTELMAkG
                                       A1UEBhMCQVUxEzARBgNVBAgTClNvbWUtU3RhdGUxITAfBgNVBAoTGEludGVybmV0
                                       IFdpZGdpdHMgUHR5IEx0ZDCCASIwDQYJKoZIhvcNAQEBBQADggEPADCCAQoCggEB
                                       AMDjWizj+xHXoKo0bkCkg187x5hTGXwbn44RC4TY6OSrC+Inh4TEhgnElest9oc4
                                        akeZb01YmkHs/sYXOfDWUbvjlIBIaHUQVv7wDo6c/8XTM+R2ghIT9xPVtaZIrVbH
                                        kv A ea 64 Can QX whmot Xz 2r 9Z7r T6 tio +7z Mtu Po O O t C6J3 + pZ 9XYu Gky Eb QK 17V FO A constraint of the constra
                                        kRaTyT9+T5Al20yuuTvByUscbf17X6HsxwlOflCMJmRmMeOlAVs4NyHyumxj0oh1
                                       N6XYk6JdLjD7fxlCvseDcmSePyJrDQInEcDAXY2uMsBylyXoR4FwbYbFSB2y9tcf
                                       \verb"uim7IPX1TP14qE1erVtyK3cCAwEAATANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQQFAAOCAQEAW4yZdqpB"
                                       oIdiuXRosr86Sg9FiMg/cn+2OwQ0QIaA8ZBwKsc+wIIHEgXCS8J6316BGQeUvMD+
                                       \verb|plNe0r4GWzzmlDMdobeQ5arPRB89qd9skE6pAMdLg3FyyfEjz3A0VpskolW5VBMr|
                                        P5R7uJ1FLgH12RyAjZCWYcCRqEMOffqvyMCH6oAjyDmQOA5IssRKX/HsHntSH/HW
                                       W7slTcP45ty1b44Nq22/ubYk0CJRQgqKOIQ3cLgPomN1jNFQbAbfVTaK1DpEysrQ
                                        5V8a8gNW+3sVZmV6d1Mj3pN2Le62wUKuV2g6BNU7iiwcoY8HI68aRxz2hVMS+t5f
                                        SEGI4JSxV56lYg==
```



```
----END CERTIFICATE----
        </CertificateText>
    </CertificateDesc>
<DeviceCertificate version="1.0">
    <id>2</id>
   <le><loginPortAffinity>eth 000</loginPortAffinity>
    <tcpPort>8554</tcpPort>
    <application>RTSPS</application>
    <CertificateDesc version="1.0">
        <CertificateFormat>PEM</CertificateFormat>
        <CertificateText>
            ----BEGIN CERTIFICATE---
            MIIDdTCCAt6gAwIBAgIJAOlmKWNOCMEGMA0GCSqGSIb3DQEBBQUAMIGEMQswCQYD
            VQQGEwJVUzELMAkGA1UECBMCVFgxDzANBgNVBAcTBkF1c3RpbjEMMAoGA1UEChMD
            ROVTMREwDwYDVQQLEwhTZWN1cml0eTETMBEGA1UEAxMKSmFtZXMgV2FuZzEhMB8G
            CSqGSIb3DQEJARYSamFtZXMud2FuZzJAZ2UuY29tMB4XDTA5MDkyMjE3MTAwOVoX
            DTEwMDkyMjE3MTAwOVowqYQxCzAJBqNVBAYTA1VTMQswCQYDVQQIEwJUWDEPMA0G
            A1UEBxMGQXVzdGluMQwwCqYDVQQKEwNHRVMxETAPBqNVBAsTCFN1Y3VyaXR5MRMw
            EQYDVQQDEwpKYW11cyBXYW5nMSEwHwYJKoZIhvcNAQkBFhJqYW11cy53YW5nMkBn
            ZS5jb20wgZ8wDQYJKoZIhvcNAQEBBQADgY0AMIGJAoGBANYJqH/N44H3L+gp8/Qq
            PKFPngsYtZEk4CCL501EMVWuupZFbrmnY/8aO9m8gGS+2RtP9YgCkRM1qUIoUHli
            3wd7K+UkbDm1U8wuP5ET6c41xxMMzM+fUQzZIz9HSFdvAsOd2UyMkkanRJQcHBD5
            {\tt Zq04c80f+lWr84S3MVTT07/VAgMBAAGjgewwgekwHQYDVR00BBYEFEME1Mh91x3p}
            RufxtXnuGgvSCGISMIG5BgNVHSMEgbEwga6AFEME1Mh91x3pRufxtXnuGgvSCGIS
            \verb|oygkpighmigemQswCQYDVQQGEwJVUzeLMAkgA1UECBMCVFgxDzANBgNVBAcTBkF1| \\
            c3RpbjEMMAoGA1UEChMDR0VTMREwDwYDVQQLEwhTZWN1cml0eTETMBEGA1UEAxMK
            {\tt SmFtZXMgV2FuZzEhMB8GCSqGSIb3DQEJARYSamFtZXMud2FuZzJAZ2UuY29tggkA}
            6WYPY04IwQYwDAYDVR0TBAUwAwEB/zANBqkqhkiG9w0BAQUFAAOBqQAXc7PEkRvY
            GZjisdH0GwN5XP0jcds+pXQ0k0mxlEPx0tFdINxZpI94CP24HigpbhWe09w66hW0
            pg3X6tk1v5mybxTx1qtAg+h3QTa+uUVoJAjeDYtgL01WFRev/pFHhXQlapyaRemj
            OhJLInS+02YzpGd8PuhQR3D1wAjkFCplAw==
            ----END CERTIFICATE----
        </CertificateText>
    </CertificateDesc>
</DeviceCertificate>
<DeviceCertificate version="1.0">
    <id>3</id>
    <le><loginPortAffinity>eth 001</leginPortAffinity>
    <tcpPort>989</tcpPort>
    <tcpPort>990</tcpPort>
    <application>FTPS</application>
    <CertificateDesc version="1.0">
        <CertificateFormat>B64PKCS12</CertificateFormat>
        <CertificateText>
```

MIIF8gIBAzCABgkqhkiG9w0BBwGggASCBakwggWlMIAGCSqGSIb3DQEHBqCAMIIDlAIBADCCA40GCSqGSIb3DQEHATAcBgoqh kiG9w0BDAEGMA4ECNN4m59QAXIbAgIIAICCA2D6tsqcc6KwI07M6Yf6r7DVKaRY3WbQAMcMPj8U2r5p3HklI16MIgVTHizOc36i6jKi2qC7Ee2rdJG7/TcDs0ukhSk9P6jjVt6U0IANKiMEADKX+lkMwyTpc7NKMikmUf1Nkn6UIIliEObmMSHcOFr/qQ4sKsUZ2nGb1BgoCx7PQoE/Zc73NpEkyd1LWch+VJxkYOX5B022BG4pXVZa1EF/QZ+XZ4AIkbQfBqv2lR0HpQzWIrGkjzBA7nplX5cS0IXvQSd1ksDz7z5cuf14TlULpr9CsKMB/yVg7rNfUpE/n3mvxJmAIObosbgIU2Oi7qfHe9OrgBcdshIKPa0kHbQNKEmoK7yBR6nKsACxySUdyRMXJaUCXhl&xrLD9QgzUH0708CCKU+8Bjfbbbi0dlVdc4P36ECpHMJIuKmvshfyq0JsHvfNf9IiYPEus2ku8bcFrGyHbQ6Trc+/103Aq1AqRmLYs2fz5WhRr00aorgLR5AB9LJUqFkZI10kzr83oc2/ttgVtTqqSA8GvQPkTkWmzHEE0I9B5M73ursIfmijGnaXn8wlu/VCWWMZv5uiniG7Y3ROJdgV4Fm2wekBZINUdSRZ+r/NSIJU/Jns5PQMLh8KfAdCuPmvxuH9uSlklaBQAG77FJI+R+HneUa5W700GlkZUIFo3a3YbmG3NLPlNVasi2d/zH0+s/UxisJXMNf5iPNwlsco+2+KFWNMcJOw473N6z+u8RmCOaKUruNb9aKWE6YtkqXHZ1Y9JTgTVj8/WyL2ASRTbRdS5E5LyLi3pYHijHoBWotNiG43XnUSPYZ/cLGNk5TcWEV8VOHkD93hChgya9vubNJst/MhDSlFfwLgwHwYy7HZnps/OIUUywuWAHcI3bmYNixpNqrfxbXhMub5Axo5C0hV2KMpzbBfxEfJbT11JC1xIfxcbmeJ/Dn3f4t6JX/HOay9vfgDpOVKtqGnaE7p8SzYrroBNw4b39mZTdKjyrOz9nIOhFHPQKtNmMzuG/le7jzG7BMrJvPVvwvv



cyiUOg57cephPJzEk2BenpHlawIdhBFMBXxAxIr3w+axADyL9da7S5jMlORnRTjewICjSDT/qhBjAgixkkv4Yulynw5Kl2n3pbNy9cpXQeKW/AElGQsoUWArlA0AAAAAMIAGCSqGSIb3DQEHAaCABIIB4zCCAd8wggHbBgsqhkiG9w0BDAoBAqCCAXYwggFyMBwGCiqGSIb3DQEMAQMwDgQIS1LBKtbOn2gCAggABIIBUDJimTj0KCK1h0aFTm+yKkpG/FLl1M8NpGZLWgzEpUwVN5xGdL4vMe+KRHgruRwwSWf6udDGLSFUQzFZD4dlhRqXafOmqtYiB2z0yS/pxx03A8/piEMli6WRFPG9Nn9x7XgVFoU67y+g8W8qi0R7X4sMZSyr+tYoJIkwiJmg7xFakuoDue0q6e9jQocVa8uBOG/hgEEMIY1f6SJYsg91ohlK5n3eFK8xHmPuUPR/MtaYofqzdq+KDiYVLLEYrKL6GH6/aI+3vRxSzihp/PKj3MhkK0tK8MIIJx9KPUXhJbLZXuJBLlRurnHAYzH0pGzaJX2LIRmgsn62agVZcbHhc5bVjrFMg6HQLqZ9zyRaoSYWEwhrOzUbwi0YIjy81wU5iXX7+PAZXRsBmatCx8Xf6BXvLzFj1VDqjfeDbWlBQqocerbw6T/FScph9zLisjjJATFSMCMGCSqGSIb3DQEJFTEWBBQcnAA3C0oHBpz6JM8ySx/wrroOmjArBgkqhkiG9w0BcRQxHh4cAE0AeQAgAEMAZQByAHQAAQBmAGKAYwBhAHQAZQAAAAAAAAAAAMCOwITAJBgUrDgMCGgUABBR8vQfwnHcyj9kUZbJI7b2YRSUY5AQIKU86swHdipI=

6.3.1/PSIA/CSEC/deviceCertificates/<id>

URI	/PSIA/CSEC/deviceCer	Type Resource	
Function	Resource used to manag	ge a particular <devicecertificate< th=""><th>>.</th></devicecertificate<>	>.
Methods	Query String(s) Inbound Data Return Result		
GET	None	None	<devicecertificate></devicecertificate>
PUT	None	< DeviceCertificate >	<responsestatus></responsestatus>
POST	N/A	N/A	<responsestatus code="" error="" w=""></responsestatus>
DELETE	None	None	<responsestatus></responsestatus>
Notes	See previous section for XML example.		

6.3.2/PSIA/CSEC/deviceCertificates/<id>/devCertificate

URI	/PSIA/CSEC/deviceCe	ertificates/ <id>/devCertifica</id>	ite	Туре	Resource
Function	This Resource is used to load/update the Device's SSL/TLS Server certificate in a direct or "raw" fashion.				
Methods	Query String(s)	Inbound Data		Retu	rn Result



GET	None	None	X.509v3/PEM			
			(returns public/cert only)			
PUT	None	X.509v3/PEM	<responsestatus></responsestatus>			
101	None	(public/cert & private keys)	(Nesponsestatus)			
POST	N/A	N/A	<responsestatus code="" error="" w=""></responsestatus>			
DELETE	N/A	N/A	<responsestatus code="" error="" w=""></responsestatus>			
Notes	PEM: http://www.ietf.or	rg/rfc/rfc1422.txt				
	Expected types declared in HTTP header(s):					
	"Content-Type: application/x-pem-file"					
	Others possibly supporte	d in future:				
	"Content-Type: ar	"Content-Type: application/x-x509-ca-cert" (DER)				
	"Content-Type: application/x-x509-user-cert" (Netscape/Firefox-DER)					
	"Content-Type: a	"Content-Type: application/x-pkcs12" (PKCS#12)				
	l	ontent-Type: application/pkix-cert" (DER) and "Content-Type: application/pkix-crl" (DER of tificate Revocation List), see http://www.ietf.org/rfc/rfc2585.txt .				



6.3.3Certificate Formats

PEM

The PEM file can contain all of private keys (RSA and DSA), public keys (RSA and DSA) and (x509) certificates. It is the default format for OpenSSL. It stores data as Base64 encoded ASN1-DER format (surrounded by ascii headers) suitable for text mode transfers. Though there is a MIME type defined for this format, many applications will take PEM and DER as "application/x-x509-ca-cert"

Example PEM file (contains certificate and private key):

----BEGIN RSA PRIVATE KEY---- ${\tt MIIEogIBAAKCAQEAwONaLOP7EdegqjRuQKSDXzvHmFMZfBufjhELhNjo5KsL4ieH}$ hMSGCcSV6y32hzhqR51vTViaQez+xhc58NZRu+OUgEhodRBW/vAOjpz/xdMz5HaC EhP3E9W1pkitVseS8B5rrgJo1BfCGai1fPav1nutPq2Kj7vMy24+g460Lonf6ln1 di4aTIRtAqXtUU6RFpPJP35PkCXbTK6508HJSxxt/XtfoezHCU5+UIwmZGYx46UB Wzg3IfK6bGPSiHU3pdiTol0uMPt/GUK+x4NyZJ4/ImsNAicRwMBdja4ywHKXJehH qXBthsVIHbL21x+4ibsq9eVM/XioTV6tW3IrdwIDAQABAoIBACFfdLutmkQFBcRN HAJNNHmmsyr0vcUOVnXTFyYeDXV67qxrYHQlOHe6LqIpKq1Mon7O2kYMnWvooFAP trOnsS6L+qaTYJdYg2TKjgo4ubw1hZXytyB/mdExuaMSkgMgtpia+tB51D+V+LxN x1DesZ+veFMO3Zluyckswt4qM5yVa04YFrt31H0E1rJfIen61lidXIKYmHHWuRxK SadjFfbcqJ6P9ZF22BOkleq5Fm5NaxJmyQynOWaAkSZa5w1XySFfRjRfsbDr64G6 +LSG8YtRuvfxnvUNhynVPHcpE40eiPo6v8Ho6yZKXpV5klCKciodXAORsswSoGJa N3nnu/ECgYEA6Yb2rM3QUEPIALdL8f/OzZ1GBSdiQB2WSAxz19pR/dLF2H+0pitS to0830mk92ppVmRVD3JGxYDRZQ56tlFXyGaCzJBMRIcsotAhBoNbjV0i9n5bLJYf BmjU9yvWcgsTt0tr3B0FrtYyp2tCvwHqlxvFpFdUCj2oRw2uGpkhmNkCgYEA03M6 WxFhsix3y6eVCVvShfbLBSOqp810qiTEty+dgVQcWN4CO/5eyaZXKx1CG9KMmKxy Yx+YqxZrDhfaZ0cxhHGPRKEAxM3IKwT2C8/wCaSiLWXZZpTifnSD99vtOt4wEfrG +AqhNd5kamFiM9tU0AyvhJc2vdJFuXrfeC7ntM8CqYBGDA+t4cZcbRhu7ow/OKYF kulP3nJgHP/Y+LMrl3cEldZ2jEfZmCElVNQvfd2XwTl7injhOzvzPiKRF3jDez7D g8w0JAxceddvttJRK9GoY4170oeKpjUELSnEQkf+yUfOsTbXPXVY7jMfeNL6jE6b qN7t3qv8rmXtejMBE3G6cQKBgGR5W2BMiRS1xqKx1cK1rApV87BUe1HRCyuR3xuA d6Item7Lx1oEi7vb242yKdSYnpApWQ06xTh83Y/Ly87JaIEbiM0+h+P80EIg0F1a iB+86AcUX1I8KseVy+Np0HbpfwP8GrFfA5DaRPK7pXMopEtby8cAJ1XZZaI1/ZvZ BebHAoGAcQU9WvCkT+nIp9FpXfBybYUsvgkaizMIqp66/13GYgYAq8p1VLGvN4v5 ec0dW58SJrCpqsM3NP78DtEzQf900sk+FsjBFzDU2RkeUreyt2/nQBj/2mN/+hEy hYN0Zii2yTb63jGxKY6gH1R/r9dL8kXaJmcZrfSa3AgywnteJWg=

----END RSA PRIVATE KEY----

----BEGIN CERTIFICATE----

 $\label{thm:midbjccae4ccqcx05m0b053qzanbgkqhkiG9w0BaQqFadbfMQswcQYDVQQGEwJBVTETMBEGA1UECBMKU29tZS1TdGF0ZTEhMB8GA1UEChMYSW50ZXJuZXQgV21kZ210cyBQdHkgTHRkMB4XDTA4MTIwNzEwMjUyMloXDTE4MTIwNTEwMjUyMlowRTELMAkGA1UEBhMCQVUxEzARBgNVBAgTC1NvbWUtU3RhdGUxITAfBgNVBAoTGE1udGVybmV0IfdpZGdpdHMgUHR5IEx0ZDCCASIwDQYJKoZIhvcNAQEBBQADggEPADCCAQoCggEBAMDjWizj+xHXoKo0bkCkg187x5hTGXwbn44RC4TY6OSrC+Inh4TEhgnElest9oc4akeZb01YmkHs/sYXOfDWUbvj1IBIaHUQVv7wDo6c/8XTM+R2ghIT9xPVtaZIrVbHkvAea64CaNQXwhmotXz2r9Z7rT6tio+7zMtuPoO0tC6J3+pZ9XYuGkyEbQKl7VF0kRaTyT9+T5A120yuuTvByUscbf17X6Hsxwl0f1CMJmRmMeOlAVs4NyHyumxj0oh1$

PSIA Common Security (CSEC) Model Specification

N6XYk6JdLjD7fxlCvseDcmSePyJrDQInEcDAXY2uMsBylyXoR4FwbYbFSB2y9tcf
uIm7IPXlTP14qE1erVtyK3cCAwEAATANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQQFAAOCAQEAW4yZdqpB
oIdiuXRosr86Sg9FiMg/cn+2OwQ0QIaA8ZBwKsc+wIIHEgXCS8J6316BGQeUvMD+
plNeOr4GWzzmlDMdobeQ5arPRB89qd9skE6pAMdLg3FyyfEjz3AOVpskolW5VBMr
P5R7uJ1FLgH12RyAjZCWYcCRqEMOffqvyMCH6oAjyDmQOA5IssRKX/HsHntSH/HW
W7slTcP45tylb44Nq22/ubYk0CJRQgqKOIQ3cLgPomN1jNFQbAbfVTaK1DpEysrQ
5V8a8gNW+3sVZmV6d1Mj3pN2Le62wUKuV2g6BNU7iiwcoY8HI68aRxz2hVMS+t5f
SEGI4JSxV56lYg==
----END CERTIFICATE---MEYCQQD+ef8hZ4XbdoyIpJyCTF2UrUEfX6mYDvxuS5O1UNYcslUqlj6JkA11e/yS
6DK8Z86W6mSj5CEk4IjbyEOECXH7AgEC
----END DH PARAMETERS-----

DER (Distinguished Encoding Rules)

This is another common binary file format. It is a strict form of BER (Basic Encoding Rules). It can contain all of private keys, public keys and certificates. It is stored according to the ASN1-DER format. It is header-less - PEM is text header wrapped DER. It is the default format for many browsers.

CER (Canonical Encoding Rules)

This is another common binary file format. It is another strict form of BER used primarily to encode public key certificates (i.e. "Identity Certificates"). CA Root certificate packages are often distributed as a collection (zip) of PEMs or CERs.

PKCS#12 (aka PFX, or *.p12)

This is another common binary file format. It can contain all of private keys, public keys and certificates. It is supported by OpenSSL. It is the preferred format for MS IIS. MS IE can take DER as "application/x-x509-ca-cert".

Certificate Format Compatibility

Ideally all CSEC devices and management software can agree on a single certificate format.



PSIA Common Security (CSEC) Model Specification

However, since that is not likely to be the case, and, since universal support for all formats is also not likely to be possible, a device is allowed to support one or more of the listed formats and reject other formats with the following caveat: If a binary format is supported for at the "raw" certificate resource (e.g., PUT /PSIA/CSEC/deviceCertificates/<id>/devCertificate), the public key information must be available in the BASE64 encoded text in the XML response at the parent resource (e.g. GET /PSIA/CSEC/deviceCertificates/<id>/devCertificate at the "raw" certificate resource (e.g. GET /PSIA/CSEC/deviceCertificates/<id>/devCertificate) should return the public certificate information in the same format that was given with the PUT, with the format also indicated in the returned mime type.



6.4 /PSIA/CSEC/certificateAuthority

URI	/PSIA/CSEC/certifica	Type Resource				
Function	Resource used to manage the <certificateauthoritylist>.</certificateauthoritylist>					
Methods	Query String(s)	Query String(s) Inbound Data Return Result				
GET	None	None	<certificateauthoritylist></certificateauthoritylist>			
PUT	None	<certificateauthoritylist></certificateauthoritylist>	<responsestatus></responsestatus>			
POST	None	<certificateauthority></certificateauthority>	<responsestatus></responsestatus>			
DELETE	N/A	N/A	<responsestatus code="" error="" w=""></responsestatus>			
Notes						

Example XML:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8" ?>
<CertificateAuthorityList version="1.0" xmlns="urn:psialliance-org">
   <CertificateAuthority version="1.0">
       <id>1</id>
       <DistinguishedName>
              <RDNLongLabel>OrganizationName
              <RDNValue>VeriSign Trust Network
           </RDN>
           <RDN>
              <RDNLongLabel>OrganizationalUnitName</RDNLongLabel>
              <RDNValue>VeriSign,Inc.
          </RDN>
           <RDN>
              <RDNLongLabel>OrganizationalUnitName</RDNLongLabel>
              <RDNValue>VeriSign International Server CA = Class 3
           </RDN>
           <RDN>
              <RDNLongLabel>OrganizationalUnitName</RDNLongLabel>
              <RDNValue>www.verisign.com/CPS Incorp.by Reg. LIABILITY LTD.(c)97
VeriSign</RDNValue>
           </RDN>
              <RDNLongLabel>CommonName
              <RDNValue>VeriSign
           </RDN>
```



```
</DistinguishedName>
<crlDistributionPoint>http://crl.verisign.com/pcal.crl</crlDistributionPoint>
<crlDistributionPoint>http://crl.verisign.com/pca2.crl</crlDistributionPoint>
<ocspInfoAccess>http://ocsp.verisign.com</ocspInfoAccess>
<RootPackages version="1.0">
    <RootCertPackage version="1.0">
        <id>1</id>
        <path>Universal</path>
        <CertificateDesc version="1.0">
            <CertificateFormat>PEM/CertificateFormat>
            <CertificateText>
            ----BEGIN CERTIFICATE----
            MIIEuTCCA6GqAwIBAqIQQBrEZCGzEyEDDrvkEhrFHTANBqkqhkiG9w0BAQsFADCB
            vTELMAkGA1UEBhMCVVMxFzAVBgNVBAoTD1Z1cmlTaWduLCBJbmMuMR8wHQYDVQQL
            ExZWZXJpU21nbiBUcnVzdCBOZXR3b3JrMTowOAYDVQQLEzEoYykgMjAwOCBWZXJp
            U21nbiwgSW5jLiAtIEZvciBhdXRob3JpemVkIHVzZSBvbmx5MTgwNgYDVQQDEy9W
            {\tt ZXJpU2lnbiBVbml2ZXJzYWwgUm9vdCBDZXJ0aWZpY2F0aW9uIEF1dGhvcml0eTAe}
            Fw0wODA0MDIwMDAwMDBaFw0zNzEyMDEyMzU5NTlaMIG9MQswCQYDVQQGEwJVUzEX\\
            MBUGA1UEChMOVmVyaVNpZ24sIEluYy4xHzAdBgNVBAsTFlZ1cmlTaWduIFRydXN0
            IE5ldHdvcmsxOjA4BgNVBAsTMShjKSAyMDA4IFZlcmlTaWduLCBJbmMuIC0gRm9y
            {\tt IGF1dGhvcm16ZWQgdXN1IG9ubHkxODA2BgNVBAMTL1ZlcmlTaWduIFVuaXZlcnNh}\\
            bCBSb290IENlcnRpZmljYXRpb24gQXV0aG9yaXR5MIIBIjANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQEF
            AAOCAQ8AMIIBCqKCAQEAx2E3XrEBNNti1xWb/1hajCMj1mCOkdeQmIN651qZOIzF
            9uVkhbSicfvtvbnazUOAtMgtc6XHaXGVHzk8skQHnOgO+k1KxCHfKWGPMiJhgsWH
            H26MfF8WIFFE0XBPV+rjH0PMee5Y2A7Cs0WTwCznmhcrewA3ekEze0Ez4vMQGn+H
            LL729fdC4uW/h2KJXwBL38Xd5HVEMkE6HnFuacsLdUYIOcrSK5XQz/u5QGtkjFdN
            /BMReYTtXlT2NJ8IAfMQJQYXStrxHXpma5hgZqTZ79IugvHw7wnqRMkVauIDbjPT
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            \verb|Eweb/wQFMAMBAf8wDqYDVR0PAQH/BAQDAqEGMG0GCCsGAQUFBwEMBGEwX6Fdofsw| \\
            WTBXMFUWCWltYWdlL2dpZjAhMB8wBwYFKw4DAhoEFI/10xqGrI2Oa8PPqGrUSBqs
            \verb|exkuMCUWI2h0dHA6Ly9sb2dvLnZ1cmlzaWduLmNvbS92c2xvZ28uZ21mMB0GA1Ud| \\
            DgQWBBS2d/ppSEefUxLVwuoHMnYH0ZcHGTANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQsFAAOCAQEASvj4
            sAPmLGd75JR3Y8xuTP19Dg3cyLk1uXBPY/ok+myDjEedO2Pzmv12MpWRsXe8rJq+
            \verb|seQxIcaBlVZaDrHC1LGmWazxY8u4TB1ZkErvkBYoH1quEPuBUDgMbMzxPcP1Y+Oz|\\
            4yHJJDnp/RVmRvQbEdBNc6N9Rvk97ahfYtTxP/jgdFcrGJ2BtMQo2pSXpXDrrB2+
            BxHwldvd5YzwlTKwg+ZX4o+/vqGqvz0dtdQ46tewXDpPaj+PwGZsY6rp2aQW9IHR
            lRQOfc2VNNnSj3BzqXucfr2YYdhFh5iQxeuGMMY1v/D/w1WIq0vvBZIGcfK4mJO3
            7M2CYfE45k+XmCpajQ==
            ----END CERTIFICATE----
            </CertificateText>
        </CertificateDesc>
    </RootCertPackage>
    <RootCertPackage version="1.0">
        <id>2</id>
        <path>G1-G5</path>
        <CertificateDesc version="1.0">
            <CertificateFormat>PEM</CertificateFormat>
            <CertificateText>
                ----BEGIN CERTIFICATE----
                MIICPTCCAaYCEQDNun9W8N/kvFT+IqyzcqpVMA0GCSqGSIb3DQEBAgUAMF8xCzAJ
                BgNVBAYTA1VTMRcwFQYDVQQKEw5WZXJpU21nbiwgSW5jLjE3MDUGA1UECxMuQ2xh
                \verb|c3MgMSBQdWJsaWMgUHJpbWFyeSBDZXJ0aWZpY2F0aW9uIEF1dGhvcml0eTAeFw05| \\
                NjaxMjkwMDAwMDBaFw0yODA4MDEyMzU5NTlaMF8xCzAJBqNVBAYTAlVTMRcwFQYD
                {\tt VQQKEw5WZXJpU21nbiwgSW5jLjE3MDUGA1UECxMuQ2xhc3MgMSBQdWJsaWMgUHJp}\\
                \verb|bWFyeSBDZXJ0aWZpY2F0aW9uIEF1dGhvcml0eTCBnzANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQEFAAOB| \\
```



jQAwgYkCgYEA5Rm/baNWYS2ZSHH2Z965jeu3noaACpEO+jglr0aIguVzqKCbJF0N H8xlbgyw0FaEGIeaBpsQoXPftFg5a27B9hXVqKg/qhIGjTGsf7A01480Z4gJzRQR 4k5FVmkfeAKA2txHkSm7Ns1jXMXg1y2He6G3MrB7MLoqLzGq7qNn2tsCAwEAATAN BgkqhkiG9w0BAQIFAAOBgQBMP7iLxmjf7kMzDl3ppssHhE16M/+SG/Q2rdiVIjZo EWx8QszznC7EBz8UsA9P/5CSdvnivErpj82ggAr3xSnxgiJduLHdgSOjeyUVRjB5 FvjqBUuUfx3CHMjjt/QQQDwTw18fU+hI5Ia0e6E1sHslurjTjqs/OJ0ANACY89Fx 1A==

----END CERTIFICATE----

MIICPDCCAaUCEC0b/EoXjaOR6+f/9YtFvgswDQYJKoZIhvcNAQECBQAwXzELMAkG
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MDEyOTAwMDAwMFoXDTI4MDgwMTIzNTk1OVowXzELMAkGA1UEBhMCVVMxFzAVBgNV
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FYCTXOvnzAhsPz6zSvz/S2wj1VCCJkQZjiPDceoZJEcEnnW/yKYAHwIDAQABMA0G
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r6Pc5iaAIzy4RHT3Cq5Ji2F4zCS/iIqnDupzGUH9TQPwiNHleI21KK/21w0Xd8rY

----END CERTIFICATE----

MIICPDCCAaUCEDyRMcsf9tAbDpq40ES/Er4wDQYJKoZIhvcNAQEFBQAwXzELMAkG
A1UEBhMCVVMxFzAVBgNVBAoTD1Z1cmlTaWduLCBJbmMuMTcwNQYDVQQLEy5DbGFz
cyAzIFB1YmxpYyBQcmltYXJ5IENlcnRpZmljYXRpb24gQXV0aG9yaXR5MB4XDTk2
MDEyOTAwMDAwMFoXDTI4MDgwMjIzNTk1OVowXzELMAkGA1UEBhMCVVMxFzAVBgNV
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----BEGIN CERTIFICATE----

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```
FRJZap7v1VmyHVIsmXHNxynfGyphe3HR3vPA5Q06Sqotp9iGKt0uEA==
                   ----END CERTIFICATE----
                   ----BEGIN CERTIFICATE---
                   MIIE0zCCA7ugAwIBAgIQGNrRniZ96LtKIVjNzGs7SjANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQUFADCB
                   yjELMAkGA1UEBhMCVVMxFzAVBgNVBAoTDlZlcmlTaWduLCBJbmMuMR8wHQYDVQQL
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                   U21nbiwgSW5jLiAtIEZvciBhdXRob3JpemVkIHVzZSBvbmx5MUUwQwYDVQQDEzxW
                   ZXJpU2lnbiBDbGFzcyAzIFB1YmxpYyBQcmltYXJ5IENlcnRpZmljYXRpb24qQXV0
                   aG9yaXR5IC0gRzUwHhcNMDYxMTA4MDAwMDAwWhcNMzYwNzE2MjM1OTU5WjCByjEL
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                   ZXJpU2lnbiBUcnVzdCBOZXR3b3JrMTowOAYDVQQLEzEoYykgMjAwNiBWZXJpU2ln
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                   BO+QueQA5N06tRn/Arr0PO7gi+s3i+z016zy9vA9r911kTMZHRxAy3QkGSGT2RT+
                   rCpSx4/VBEnkjWNHiDxpq8v+R70rfk/Fla4OndTRQ8Bnc+MUCH71P59zuDMKz10/
                   NIeWiu5T6CUVAgMBAAGjgbIwga8wDwYDVR0TAQH/BAUwAwEB/zAOBgNVHQ8BAf8E
                   {\tt BAMCAQYwbQYIKwYBBQUHAQwEYTBfoV2gWzBZMFcwVRYJaW1hZ2UvZ21mMCEwHzAH}
                   BgUrDgMCGgQUj+XTGoasjY5rw8+AatRIGCx7GS4wJRYjaHR0cDovL2xvZ28udmVy
                   aXNpZ24uY29tL3ZzbG9nby5naWYwHQYDVR00BBYEFH/TZafC3ey78DAJ80M5+qKv
                   MzEzMA0GCSqGSIb3DQEBBQUAA4IBAQCTJEowX2LP2BqYLz3q3JktvXf2pXki0OzE
                   p6B4Eq1iDkVwZMXn12YtmA1+X6/WzCh18gGqCBpH3vn5fJJaCGkgDdk+bW48DW7Y
                   5gaRQBi5+MHt39tBquCWIMnNZBU4gcmU7qKEKQsTb47bDN01Atukix1E0kF6BWlK
                   WE9gyn6CagsCqiUXObXbf+eEZSqVir2G3l6BFoMtEMze/aiCKm0oHw0LxOXnGiYZ
                   4fQRbxC1lfznQgUy286dUV4otp6F01vvpX1FQHKOtw5rDgb7MzVIcbidJ4vEZV8N
                   hnacRHr21Vz2XTIIM6RUthg/aFzyQkqFOFSDX9HoLPKsEdao7WNq
                   ----END CERTIFICATE----
               </CertificateText>
           </CertificateDesc>
       </RootCertPackage>
   </RootPackages>
</CertificateAuthority>
<CertificateAuthority version="1.0">
   <id>2</id>
   <DistinguishedName>
       <RDN>
           <RDNLongLabel>CountryName
           <RDNValue>ZA
       </RDN>
           <RDNLongLabel>StateOrProvinceName
           <RDNValue>Western Cape
       </RDN>
       <RDN>
           <RDNLongLabel>LocalityName
           <RDNValue>Cape Town</RDNValue>
       </RDN>
       <RDN>
           <RDNLongLabel>OrganizationalName
           <RDNValue>Thawte Consulting cc/RDNValue>
       </RDN>
       <RDN>
```



Note that a <CertificateAuthority> can be created without initially specifying the <RootPackages>. Once the root packages are accumulated in a large continuous block (e.g. PEMs), they can be updated into the device using a single "PUT /PSIA/CSEC/certificateAuthority/<id>/rootPackages".

After the PUT is used to update the 'rootPackages' resource, a subsequent "GET /PSIA/CSEC/certificateAuthority/<id>" will return the <CertificateAuthority> XML which contains the updated root package information. It is up to the device to decide the format of the returned information (i.e. in the simplest form, it can just return the continuous block of PEMs that was sent with the PUT, encapsulated in a <RootPackages> with a single <RootCertPackage>).

6.4.1 /PSIA/CSEC/certificateAuthority/<id>

URI	/PSIA/CSEC/certifica	Type Resource				
Function	Resource used to manage a particular <certificateauthority>.</certificateauthority>					
Methods	Query String(s)	String(s) Inbound Data Return Result				
GET	None	None	<certificateauthority></certificateauthority>			
PUT	None	<certificateauthority></certificateauthority>	<responsestatus></responsestatus>			
POST	N/A	N/A	<responsestatus code="" error="" w=""></responsestatus>			
DELETE	None	None	<responsestatus></responsestatus>			
Notes	See previous section for	See previous section for XML example.				



6.4.2 /PSIA/CSEC/certificateAuthority/<id>/rootPackages

URI	/PSIA/CSEC/certificateAuthority/ <id>/rootPackages</id>				Resource		
Function	Resource used to manage a particular <certificateauthority>'s Root Certificate packages (series of Base64 CER or PEM) in a "raw" fashion.</certificateauthority>						
Methods	Query String(s)	Inbound Data		Return Result			
GET	None	None	Bloc	Block of all Base64CERs/PEMs			
PUT	None	Block of all Base64CERs/PEMs	<responsestatus></responsestatus>				
POST	N/A	N/A	<responsestatus code="" error="" w=""></responsestatus>				
DELETE	None	None	<responsestatus></responsestatus>				
Notes							

6.5 /PSIA/CSEC/KeyManager

URI	/PSIA/CSEC/KeyManage	PSIA/CSEC/KeyManager			Service
Methods	Query String(s)	Inbound Data	Return Result		
Notes	Common Security (CSE	C) Service's KeyManager Service			

The KeyManager Service exists to manage key management schemes and protocols supported by CSEC, though only one scheme is currently defined (MIKEY).

As an alternative to the key negotiation methods, the keys can be directly set using the /PSIA/CSEC/KeyManager/directMKIKeyList Resource.

The keys are defined as a set of "master" and "salt" values. The intent is to use these keys with SRTP's Key Derivation Function (KDF), as defined in RFC 3711, section 7.1. Of course, the keys can be used with other security protocols in the future, but, at this time, SRTP is the only protocol defined.



6.5.1 /PSIA/CSEC/KeyManager/directMKIKeyList

URI	[HTTPS ONLY] /PSIA/CSEC/KeyManag	er/directMKIKeyList		Туре	Resource		
Function	On a secured TLS/SSL session: This Resource is used to setup/create secret (symmetric) master keys to be used in future (streaming) sessions (e.g. SRTP/SRTCP). As such, it bypasses the normal KeyManager's key negotiation/agreement schemes. This resource serves the same function as,						
	though it is not identicate	al to, the IPMD(v1.1)'s /System/Se	ecurity/srtpN	/lasterK	ey.		
Methods	Query String(s)	Inbound Data	Return Result				
GET	None	None		<mkikeylist></mkikeylist>			
PUT	None	<mkikeylist></mkikeylist>	<responsestatus></responsestatus>				
POST	N/A	<mkikey></mkikey>	<responsestatus></responsestatus>				
DELETE	N/A	N/A	<responsestatus code="" error="" w=""></responsestatus>				
Notes	Note that, for POST, the newly created <mki> value will be returned in the <id> tag of the <responsestatus> XML.</responsestatus></id></mki>						

Example XML:

```
<MKIKeyList version="1.0" xmlns="urn:psialliance-org">
  <MKIKey version="1.0">
   <!-- Restrict to 32bit integer: -->
   <MKI>10</MKI>
   <MKIMediaContext>
     <!-- OPTIONAL: -->
     <StreamingChannelID>0</StreamingChannelID>
     <!-- OPTIONAL: -->
     <StreamingMediaType>video</StreamingMediaType>
     <!-- REQUIRED, if re-keying: -->
     <rtspSessionID>2605004428</rtspSessionID>
     <!-- OPTIONAL (only needed if re-keying different MKI for each RTP Session): -->
     <ssrcID>1D623AC5
   </MKIMediaContext>
    <!-- Base64 of '1234567890abcdef1234567890abcdef': -->
    <masterKey>MTIzNDU2Nzg5MGFiY2RlZjEyMzQ1Njc4OTBhYmNkZWY=</masterKey>
   <!-- Base64 of '3b04803de51ee7c96423ab5b78d2': -->
```



```
<masterSalt>M2IwNDgwM2RlNTF1ZTdjOTY0MjNhYjViNzhkMg==</masterSalt>
   <Cipher>AES CM 128 HMAC SHA1 80</Cipher>
   <!-- OPTIONAL - decimal units of pkt-count, must be 0 or power of 2: -->
   <srtpKeyDerivationRate>0</srtpKeyDerivationRate>
   <!-- OPTIONAL - decimal units of pkt-count (max/def for srtp is 2^48 = 281474976710656): -->
   <srtpKeyLifetime>281474976710656</srtpKeyLifetime>
   <!-- OPTIONAL - decimal units of pkt-count, must be 0 or power of 2: -->
   <srtcpKeyDerivationRate>0</srtcpKeyDerivationRate>
   <!-- OPTIONAL - decimal units of pkt-count (max/def for srtp is 2^31 = 2147483648): -->
   <srtcpKeyLifetime>2147483648</srtcpKeyLifetime>
   <!-- OPTIONAL - suggest next MKI when re-keying due to max-key-Lifetimes reached -->
   <keyRotationPreferenceMKI>11</keyRotationPreferenceMKI>
  <MKIKey version="1.0">
   <!-- Restrict to 32bit integer: -->
   <MKI>11</MKI>
   <MKTMediaContext>
     <!-- OPTIONAL: -->
     <StreamingChannelID>0</StreamingChannelID>
     <!-- OPTIONAL: -->
     <StreamingMediaType>video</StreamingMediaType>
     <!-- REQUIRED, if re-keying: -->
     <rtspSessionID>2605004428</rtspSessionID>
     <!-- OPTIONAL (only needed if re-keying different MKI for each RTP Session): -->
     <ssrcID>1D623AC5
    </MKIMediaContext>
   <!-- Base64 of 'abcdef0123456789abcdef0123456789': -->
   <masterKey>YWJjZGVmMDEyMzQ1Njc4OWFiY2RlZjAxMjM0NTY3ODk=/masterKey>
   <!-- Base64 of '1c13457fa5de3dc26f2354ada609': -->
   <masterSalt>MWMxMzQ1N2ZhNWRlM2RjMjZmMjM1NGFkYTYwOQ====</masterSalt>
   <Cipher>AES CM 128 HMAC SHA1 80</Cipher>
   <!-- OPTIONAL - decimal units of pkt-count, must be 0 or power of 2: -->
   <srtpKeyDerivationRate>0</srtpKeyDerivationRate>
   <!-- OPTIONAL - decimal units of pkt-count (max/def for srtp is 2^48 = 281474976710656): -->
   <srtpKeyLifetime>281474976710656</srtpKeyLifetime>
   <!-- OPTIONAL - decimal units of pkt-count, must be 0 or power of 2: -->
   <srtcpKeyDerivationRate>0</srtcpKeyDerivationRate>
   <!-- OPTIONAL - decimal units of pkt-count (max/def for srtp is 2^31 = 2147483648): -->
   <srtcpKeyLifetime>2147483648</srtcpKeyLifetime>
  </MKTKev>
</MKIKeyList>
```

6.5.2/PSIA/CSEC/KeyManager/directMKIKeyList/<MKI>

	[HTTPS ONLY]		
URI	/PSIA/CSEC/KeyManager/directMKIKeyList/ <mki></mki>	Туре	Resource



Function	On a secured TLS/SSL s	session: This Resource is used ac	ccess a specific MKI context.
Methods	Query String(s)	Inbound Data	Return Result
GET	None	None	<mkikey></mkikey>
PUT	None	<mkikey></mkikey>	<responsestatus></responsestatus>
POST	N/A	N/A	<responsestatus code="" error="" w=""></responsestatus>
DELETE	None	None	<responsestatus></responsestatus>
Notes	See previous section fo	r example XML.	

6.5.3/PSIA/CSEC/KeyManager/directMKIKeyList/<MKI>/mim e

URI	[HTTPS ONLY] /PSIA/CSEC/KeyManag	er/directMKIKeyList/ <mki>/mi</mki>	Type Resource			
Function		session: This Resource is used get	the key and salt (concatentated) without			
	XML encapsulation.					
Methods	Query String(s)	Inbound Data	Return Result			
GET	None	None	BASE64 of key salt			
PUT	N/A	N/A	<responsestatus code="" error="" w=""></responsestatus>			
POST	N/A	N/A	<responsestatus code="" error="" w=""></responsestatus>			
DELETE	N/A	N/A	<responsestatus code="" error="" w=""></responsestatus>			
Notes						



6.5.4 /PSIA/CSEC/KeyManager/schemes

URI	/PSIA/CSEC/KeyManage	/PSIA/CSEC/KeyManager/schemes			Resource
Methods	Query String(s)	Inbound Data	Return Result		
Notes	Common Security (CSE	Common Security (CSEC) Service's key management schemes resource			

The children of this resource are indexed to discover what schemes (i.e. key management protocols) are supported by CSEC. The only currently supported scheme is MIKEY (see RFC 3830).

In the future, other schemes (e.g. ZRTP, GDOI, DTLS) may also be advertised, though these schemes may operate freely out-of-scope with PSIA protocols.

6.5.5 /PSIA/CSEC/KeyManager/schemes/negotiatedMKIList

URI		er/schemes/negotiatedMKIList			
Function	This Resource is used g	et a list of negotiated MKI values.			
Methods	Query String(s)	Inbound Data	Return Result		
GET	None	None	<negotiatedmkilist></negotiatedmkilist>		
PUT	N/A	N/A	<responsestatus code="" error="" w=""></responsestatus>		
POST	N/A	N/A	<responsestatus code="" error="" w=""></responsestatus>		
DELETE	N/A	N/A	<responsestatus code="" error="" w=""></responsestatus>		
Notes					

Example XML:

<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8" ?>
<NegotiatedMKIList version="1.0" xmlns="urn:psialliance-org">



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```
<NegotiatedMKI version="1.0">
  <MKI>1</MKI>
 </NegotiatedMKI>
 <NegotiatedMKI version="1.0">
   <MKI>2</MKI>
 </NegotiatedMKI>
 <NegotiatedMKI version="1.0">
   <MKI>3</MKI>
 </NegotiatedMKI>
 <NegotiatedMKI version="1.0">
   <MKI>4</MKI>
 </NegotiatedMKI>
 <NegotiatedMKI version="1.0">
   <MKI>5</MKI>
 </NegotiatedMKI>
</NegotiatedMKIList>
```



6.5.6/PSIA/CSEC/KeyManager/schemes/negotiatedMKIList/ <MKI>

URI	[HTTPS RECOMMENDED] /PSIA/CSEC/KeyManage	er/schemes/negotiatedMKILis	t/ <mki></mki>	Туре	Resource	
Function	This Resource used to g	et a particular MKI value.				
Methods	Query String(s)	Inbound Data		Retu	rn Result	
GET	None	None	<negotiatedmki></negotiatedmki>			
PUT	N/A	N/A	<responsestatus code="" error="" w=""></responsestatus>			
POST	N/A	N/A	<responsestatus code="" error="" w=""></responsestatus>			
DELETE	N/A	N/A	<resp< th=""><th>onseSta</th><th>itus w/error code></th></resp<>	onseSta	itus w/error code>	
Notes	See previous section for	example XML.	•			

6.5.7/PSIA/CSEC/KeyManager/schemes/negotiatedMKIList/ <MKI>/mime

URI	[HTTPS RECOMMENDED] /PSIA/CSEC/KeyManager/	schemes/negotiatedMKIList/ <mf< th=""><th></th><th>Туре</th><th>Resource</th></mf<>		Туре	Resource	
Function	On a secured TLS/SSL session: This Resource is used get the key and salt (concatentated) without XML encapsulation.					
Methods	Query String(s)	Inbound Data	Return Result			
GET	None	None	BASE64 of key salt			
PUT	N/A	N/A	<responsestatus code="" error="" w=""></responsestatus>			
POST	N/A	N/A	<responsestatus code="" error="" w=""></responsestatus>			
DELETE	N/A	N/A	<responsestatus code="" error="" w=""></responsestatus>			



Notes		

6.5.8 /PSIA/CSEC/KeyManager/schemes/MIKEY

URI	/PSIA/CSEC/KeyManager/schemes/MIKEY			Resource		
Function	This Resource is used to query the advertised MIKEY (see RFC 3830) resource properties.					
Methods	Query String(s) Inbound Data Return Resu			rn Result		
GET	None	None	<mikeyproperties></mikeyproperties>			
PUT	N/A	N/A	<responsestatus code="" error="" w=""></responsestatus>			
POST	N/A	N/A	<responsesta< th=""><th>tus w/error code></th></responsesta<>	tus w/error code>		
DELETE	N/A	N/A	<responsesta< th=""><th>tus w/error code></th></responsesta<>	tus w/error code>		
Notes			1			

Example XML:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8" ?>
<MIKEYProperties version="1.0" xmlns="urn:psialliance-org">
    <!-- Required: -->
    <MIKEYExchangeMethod>PSK</MIKEYExchangeMethod>
    <!-- OPTIONAL: -->
    <MIKEYExchangeMethod>PKE</MIKEYExchangeMethod>
    <!-- OPTIONAL/RECOMMENDED if Perfect Forward Security (PFS) is required: -->
    <MIKEYExchangeMethod>DH</MIKEYExchangeMethod>
    <!-- This indicates presence of the /tunnel resource: -->
    <MIKEYTransport>PSIA-REST-TUNNEL</MIKEYTransport>
    <!-- OPTIONAL, if RFC4567 is supported: -->
    <MIKEYTransport>RTSP</MIKEYTransport>
</MIKEYProperties>
```

The MIKEY protocol allows for two parties to exchange messages to establish a cryptographic context (keys) which is then given to another security protocol for its use. Using MIKEY terminology, there are 2 major types of keys: Traffic Encrypting Key (TEK), and TEK Generation Key (TGK). The MIKEY protocol also allows for update of an existing cryptographic context. This is a required feature to handle re-



keying/key-rotation in cases of long-lived (e.g. live media streaming) sessions which use SRTP, since the master-key has a maximum lifetime (2^48 packets for SRTP, 2^31 for SRTCP).

The TEK is derived from the TGK. The TGK can also be used to derive other keys such as "authentication key", "encryption key", and "salting key".

The TEK is communicated in the "Key data sub-payload", which should also contain the MKI/SPI in the "KV Data" portion at the end. The resultant MKI(s) should be published in the "/PSIA/CSEC/KeyManager/schemes/negotiatedMKIList".

For SRTP/SRTCP to function, only the TEK and, possibly, the "salting key" are required. Though the TEK is nominally intended by MIKEY to be used for traffic encryption, SRTP will, instead, use it as an input to its Key Derivation Function (KDF).

From RFC 3711:

Figure 5: SRTP key derivation.

```
At least one initial key derivation SHALL be performed by SRTP, i.e., the first key derivation is REQUIRED. Further applications of the key derivation MAY be performed, according to the
```



"key_derivation_rate" value in the cryptographic context. The key derivation function SHALL initially be invoked before the first packet and then, when r>0, a key derivation is performed whenever index mod r equals zero. This can be thought of as "refreshing" the session keys. The value of "key_derivation_rate" MUST be kept fixed for the lifetime of the associated master key.

6.5.9/PSIA/CSEC/KeyManager/schemes/MIKEY/tunnel

URI	[HTTPS ONLY] /PSIA/CSEC/KeyManager/	Type Resource				
Function	On a secured TLS/SSL session: This Resource is used to setup/create Crypto Session (CS) contexts using the MIKEY protocol (see RFC 3830) tunneled over the HTTP-REST.					
Methods	Query String(s)	Inbound Data	Return Result			
			<mikeymessage></mikeymessage>			
GET	None	<mikeymessage></mikeymessage>	or			
			<responsestatus code="" error="" w=""></responsestatus>			
PUT	N/A	N/A	<responsestatus code="" error="" w=""></responsestatus>			
			<mikeymessage></mikeymessage>			
POST	N/A	<mikeymessage></mikeymessage>	or			
			<responsestatus code="" error="" w=""></responsestatus>			
DELETE	N/A	N/A	<responsestatus code="" error="" w=""></responsestatus>			
Notes	With early implementations of MIKEY, the messages were typically transported within SDP/SIP. The SDP exchanges, carried the MIKEY message as a BASE64 encoded string within the SDP's media attribute, "key-mgmt", e.g.: "a=key-mgmt:mikey AQQFgAAATbcCAAAAAHK/AAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAAA					



CAgkA8+z1SAxBJE4wDQYJKoZIhvcNAQEFBQAwgYsxCzAJB".

There are also proposed standards for transporting key management protocols, such as MIKEY, over RTSP using a combination of SDP and new RTSP headers (see RFC 4567).

GET & POST methods treated identically (POST support is for cases where the client platform's programming interfaces disallows payloads on GET's).

Example XML:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8" ?>
<MIKEYMessage version="1.0" xmlns="urn:psialliance-org">
  <MIKEYMediaContext>
   <!-- OPTIONAL: -->
   <StreamingChannelID>1</StreamingChannelID>
   <!-- OPTIONAL: -->
   <StreamingMediaType>video</StreamingMediaType>
   <!-- REQUIRED, if re-keying: -->
   <rtspSessionID>2605004428</rtspSessionID>
   <!-- OPTIONAL (only needed if re-keying different MKI for each RTP Session): -->
   <ssrcID>
    1D623AC5
   </ssrcID>
 </MIKEYMediaContext>
 <Message>
oBAQsBCgwBAAcQrp33V4S04/yprsxz2nytcQMCBpMwggaPMIIEd6ADAgECAgkA8+z1SAxBJE4wDQYJKoZIhvcNAQEFBQAwgYs
xCzAJB
 </Message>
</MIKEYMessage>
```

The <MKIMediaContext> is used to bind the resultant Crypto Context (MKI) to an existing streaming session for the purpose of re-keying during key rotation (i.e. after the lifetime has expired).

Within <MKIMediaContext>, the <rtspSessionID> should contain copy of string-value from the RTSP "Session:" header for an ongoing RTSP streaming session. This RTSP header is present following RTSP SETUP of the stream and continues to be present for request/response messages that control the stream.

The "Session" string is described as follows in RFC 2326, alphanumeric string representation of a random value (typically a decimal value string):



3.4 Session Identifiers

```
Session identifiers are opaque strings of arbitrary length. Linear white space must be URL-escaped. A session identifier MUST be chosen randomly and MUST be at least eight octets long to make guessing it more difficult. (See Section 16.)

session-id = 1*( ALPHA | DIGIT | safe )
```

Within the <MKIMediaContext>, the <ssrcID> should contain a copy of the "ssrc=XXXXXXXX" hex-string from the "Transport:" header. This header value only present in the response message to a RTSP SETUP request.

The "ssrc" string is described as follows in RFC 2326, as an 8 character hex-string (i.e. BASE16):

```
ssrc:
```

```
The ssrc parameter indicates the RTP SSRC [24, Sec. 3] value that should be (request) or will be (response) used by the media server. This parameter is only valid for unicast transmission. It identifies the synchronization source to be associated with the media stream.
```



```
";" "interleaved" "=" channel [ "-" channel ]
                        ";" "append"
                    1
                        ";" "ttl" "=" ttl
                        ";" "layers" "=" 1*DIGIT
                        ";" "port" "=" port [ "-" port ]
                        ";" "client_port" "=" port [ "-" port ]
                        ";" "server port" "=" port [ "-" port ]
                        ";" "ssrc" "=" ssrc
                        ";" "mode" = <"> 1\#mode <">
                        1*3(DIGIT)
ttl
port
                        1*5(DIGIT)
ssrc
                        8*8 (HEX)
channel
                       1*3(DIGIT)
address
                      host
mode
                   = <"> *Method <"> | Method
```

Example SETUP response message:

RTSP/1.0 200 OK

CSeq: 320

Session: 2605004428

Transport: RTP/AVP;unicast;client_port=3724-3725;source=10.2.100.59;server_port=6970-6971;ssrc=1D623AC5



6.6 /PSIA/CSEC/AAA

Model Summary

CSEC's User and Permission/Entitlement Model can roughly be summarized as a Resource-based RBAC (Role Based Access Control) System. The Roles are described by Permission Groups. Users belong to Groups. The Resources that are managed are primarily PSIA-REST Resources. Physical resources, for which there is no representation via the PSIA-REST Resource model, are managed as device-specific "Restrictions".

Permissions

The default assumption is that all Users are not allowed to execute actions and not entitled to access any resource until granted by it Group definition. For simplicity, there are no negative permissions defined (negating requires removal of a positive permission).

The inherent Permission design of CSEC is based on symbolic or abstract resources (e.g. "Video" or "Fire Zone") that are **specific to the security industry**. The actions allowed against these resources are also symbolic (e.g. "Stream the Video" or "Arm the Fire Zone"). CSEC uses the URI path syntax to codify these symbolic permissions into text strings. It is also (optionally) possible to assign binary (i.e. bit) values, within a permission mask, to the symbolic permission, which would allow for testing and manipulation via binary math operations.

An alternate Permission definition is allowed via "ExplicitPermissionDescriptor", which allows for the definition of a Permission as CRUDIE (Create, Read, Update, Delete, Index, Export) against a REST Resource (xs:anyURI).

Groups

A Permission Group collects Permissions within its "PermissionDescriptorList". A Permission Group is identified by its local REST ID ("id") or its global ID ("groupGUID"). The Group is also the container for "Restrictions".



Device Scope Restrictions

The "CSECPermissionGroup" optionally contains a "DeviceScopeRestrictionList". A scope restriction allows for containing the operating scope of the Group. The two types of restrictions that can be defined are the "local device" or a "global device identified by a GUID". Within a device's scope, the restriction can further be defined using symbolic restriction names (e.g. "Video ports 1-8 only").

Each "DeviceScopeRestriction" item within the "DeviceScopeRestrictionList" can also opaquely encapsulate the permission information as defined by the Area Control Working Group (ACWG) in the element "ACWGPermissionInfoList". These ACWG permissions manage access to physical resources (e.g. specific zones or doors) outside the scope of the defined PSIA-REST Resources.

The "DeviceScopeRestriction" can either be bound to the "local device" or a global GUID, meaning that a central management node can construct a Group with a list of "Restrictions", each referring to different device on the network. When configuring a particular device, the central node has the option of sending the unaltered Group definition, which contain information pertaining to other devices, or sending a modified Group definition, which only contains information pertaining to the target device.



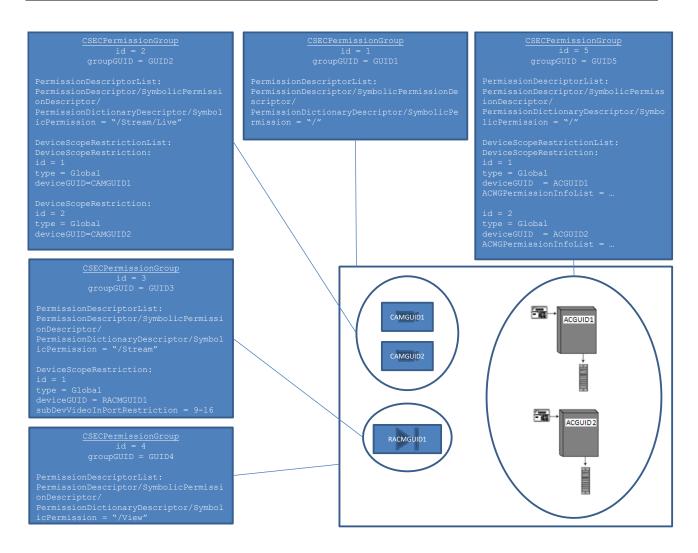


Figure 2: Example Groups

In this Permission Groups Example (defined from the perspective of central management):

- Group 1 represents the "Super User" for this security domain, as far as REST-based Permissions are concerned; however Group 1 does not carry ACWG (panel-specific physical permissions).
- Group 2 can only view "live" video from the 2 cameras.
- Group 3 can only view "live" or recorded media from the RaCM device.
- Group 4 can view any REST-based settings in the security domain.
- Group 5 represents the administrators for the Access Panels only. Members of this group possess all REST-based permissions and the highest ACWG authority level on the Access Panels only.

Note that the ACWG Permissions are carried in CSEC opaquely as "Restrictions". As such, it is not possible to define a "Super Group" which can administer all devices while also possessing the highest



ACWG authority level for each ACWG device. Users requiring such permissions must belong to both Group 1 and Group 5.

When programming these Group definitions into the target devices, they can be sent unaltered from the central server's version if the target device is aware of its own Device GUID. However, since that is unlikely to be the case, the management node must translate the Group definition to "local" device scope.

/PSIA/CSEC and Profile Requirements

CSEC Profiles determine the functional operation of the CSEC AAA resources. All CSEC AAA resources are read-only for 'Core' profile implementations. All other profiles comply with the full definition of each resource. The tables below specifically detail the HTTP Methods allowed per each AAA resource, per profile.

CORE Profile:

Resource	GET	PUT	POST	DELETE
/PSIA/CSEC/AAA/users	✓			
/PSIA/CSEC/AAA/users/ <id></id>	✓			
/PSIA/CSEC/AAA/users/< <i>GUID></i>	✓			
/PSIA/CSEC/permissionGroups	✓			
/PSIA/CSEC/permissionGroups/ <id></id>	✓			
/PSIA/CSEC/supportedPermissions	✓			

BASIC and FULL Profiles:Resource	GET	PUT	POST	DELETE
/PSIA/CSEC/AAA/users	✓	✓	✓	
/PSIA/CSEC/AAA/users/ <id></id>	✓	✓		✓
/PSIA/CSEC/AAA/users/< <i>GUID></i>	✓	✓		✓



PSIA Common Security (CSEC) Model Specification

/PSIA/CSEC/permissionGroups	✓	✓	✓	
/PSIA/CSEC/permissionGroups/ <id></id>	✓	✓		√
/PSIA/CSEC/supportedPermissions	√			



1.5 7.6.1 /PSIA/CSEC/AAA/users

URI	[HTTPS ONLY] /PSIA/CSEC/AAA/users			Туре	Resource
Function	Resource used to manag	ge the <csecuserlist>.</csecuserlist>			
Methods	Query String(s)	Inbound Data		Retu	urn Result
GET	None	None	<csecuserlist></csecuserlist>		
PUT	None	<csecuserlist></csecuserlist>	<responsestatus></responsestatus>		
POST	None	<csecuser></csecuser>		<resp< th=""><th>onseStatus></th></resp<>	onseStatus>
DELETE	N/A	N/A	<respo< th=""><th>onseSta</th><th>atus w/error code></th></respo<>	onseSta	atus w/error code>
Notes	Core profile nodes return '405 Method Not Allowed' for all PUT, POST, and DELETE methods against this resource. Basic and Full nodes return '405 Method Not Allowed' for DELETE operations.				

Example XML:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8" ?>
<CSECUserList version="1.0" xmlns="urn:psialliance-org">
  <CSECUser version="1.0">
   <id>1</id>
    <userEnabled>true</userEnabled>
   <userDescription>administrator</userDescription>
   <fullName>John Doe</fullName>
   <userGUID>{cbe45517-4df1-4c5a-8290-43d883d099e2}</userGUID>
   <UserLogin>
     <username>admin</username>
     <password>*</password>
    </UserLogin>
    <UserCODEList>
     <UserCODE>
       <id>1</id>
       <CODE>191155</CODE>
        <CODEClass>INTRUSION</CODEClass>
      </UserCODE>
      <UserCODE>
       <id>2</id>
        <CODE>236722</CODE>
        <CODEClass>ACCESS</CODEClass>
      </UserCODE>
```



```
<UserCODE>
      <id>3</id>
      <CODE>777777</CODE>
      <CODEClass>FIRE</CODEClass>
    </UserCODE>
  </UserCODEList>
  <UserPermissionGroupId>1</UserPermissionGroupId>
</CSECUser>
<CSECUser version="1.0">
 <id>2</id>
  <userEnabled>true</userEnabled>
  <userDescription>guard</userDescription>
 <fullName>Jack Black</fullName>
 <userGUID>{16d5c215-505b-48f1-a2de-557c2f43ea8e}</userGUID>
 <UserLogin>
   <username>guard123</username>
   <password>*</password>
  </UserLogin>
  <UserCODEList>
    <UserCODE>
     <id>1</id>
     <CODE>123456</CODE>
      <CODEClass>INTRUSION</CODEClass>
    </UserCODE>
    <UserCODE>
      <id>2</id>
      <CODE>333333</CODE>
     <CODEClass>ACCESS</CODEClass>
    </UserCODE>
 </UserCODEList>
  <UserPermissionGroupId>2</UserPermissionGroupId>
</CSECUser>
<CSECUser version="1.0">
 \langle id \rangle 3 \langle /id \rangle
 <userEnabled>true</userEnabled>
 <userDescription>view only</userDescription>
 <UserLogin>
   <username>viewonly</username>
    <password>*</password>
 </UserLogin>
 <UserPermissionGroupId>3</UserPermissionGroupId>
<CSECUser version="1.0">
 <id>4</id>
  <userEnabled>true</userEnabled>
  <userDescription>DURESS</userDescription>
 <UserCODEList>
   <UserCODE>
     <id>1</id>
     <CODE>999999</CODE>
      <CODEClass>INTRUSION</CODEClass>
    </UserCODE>
    <UserCODE>
      <id>2</id>
      <CODE>999999</CODE>
```



```
<CODEClass>ACCESS</CODEClass>
     </UserCODE>
     <UserCODE>
       <id>3</id>
       <CODE>999999</CODE>
       <CODEClass>FIRE</CODEClass>
     </UserCODE>
   </UserCODEList>
   <UserPermissionGroupId>4</UserPermissionGroupId>
 </CSECUser>
 <CSECUser version="1.0">
   <id>5</id>
   <userEnabled>true</userEnabled>
   <userDescription>Superviser for Intrusion A only</userDescription>
   <fullName>Frank Able</fullName>
   <userGUID>{3f06288a-4c73-4d63-b8b1-a22817cce2ca}</userGUID>
   <UserCODEList>
     <UserCODE>
       <id>1</id>
       <CODE>654321</CODE>
       <CODEClass>INTRUSION</CODEClass>
     </UserCODE>
   </UserCODEList>
   <UserPermissionGroupId>5</UserPermissionGroupId>
  </CSECUser>
</CSECUserList>
```

6.6.1.1 /PSIA/CSEC/AAA/users/<id>

URI	[HTTPS ONLY] /PSIA/CSEC/AAA/users/ <id></id>			Resource
Function	Resource used to manage a particular <csecuser> identified by its local REST ID.</csecuser>			
Methods	Query String(s)	Inbound Data	Retu	urn Result
GET	None	None	<c5< th=""><th>SECUser></th></c5<>	SECUser>
PUT	None	<csecuser></csecuser>	<resp< th=""><th>onseStatus></th></resp<>	onseStatus>
POST	N/A	N/A	<responsesta< th=""><th>atus w/error code></th></responsesta<>	atus w/error code>
DELETE	None	None	<resp< th=""><th>onseStatus></th></resp<>	onseStatus>



PSIA Common Security (CSEC) Model Specification

Notes	See previous section for example XML. Core profile nodes return '405 Method Not Allowed' for all
	PUT, POST, and DELETE methods against this resource. Basic and Full profile nodes return '405
	Method Not Allowed' for POST operations.



6.6.1.2 /PSIA/CSEC/AAA/users/<GUID>

URI	[HTTPS ONLY] /PSIA/CSEC/AAA/users	Туре	Resource			
Function	Resource used to manag	Resource used to manage a particular <csecuser> identified by its User GUID.</csecuser>				
Methods	Query String(s)	Inbound Data	Return Result			
GET	None	None	<c5< th=""><th colspan="2"><csecuser></csecuser></th></c5<>	<csecuser></csecuser>		
PUT	None	<csecuser></csecuser>	<resp< th=""><th colspan="2"><responsestatus></responsestatus></th></resp<>	<responsestatus></responsestatus>		
POST	N/A	N/A	<responsesta< th=""><th colspan="2"><responsestatus code="" error="" w=""></responsestatus></th></responsesta<>	<responsestatus code="" error="" w=""></responsestatus>		
DELETE	None	None	<resp< th=""><th>onseStatus></th></resp<>	onseStatus>		
Notes	See previous section for example XML. Core profile nodes return '405 Method Not Allowed' for all PUT, POST, and DELETE methods against this resource. Basic and Full nodes return '405 Method Not Allowed' for POST operations.					

6.6.1.3 Required Special Users and Groups

6.6.1.3.1 "admin"

For usability and interoperability purposes, a user named "admin" (along with membership to a Group with matching name, "admin") is REQUIRED to exist within the CSEC Device. The "admin" Group MUST be granted Permissions to fully configure the CSEC Device.

6.6.1.3.2 "viewonly"

For usability and interoperability purposes, a user named "viewonly" (along with matching membership to a Group named "viewonly") is REQUIRED to exist within the CSEC Device. The "viewonly" Group MUST be granted Permissions to ONLY view/stream media (i.e. MUST have only "read-only" capabilities and MUST not have any "write" capability within the CSEC Device).



6.6.2 /PSIA/CSEC/AAA/permissionGroups

URI	/PSIA/CSEC/AAA/permissionGroups Type Resource					
Function	Resource used to manag	Resource used to manage the <csecpermissiongrouplist>.</csecpermissiongrouplist>				
Methods	Query String(s)	Inbound Data	Return Result			
GET	None	None	<csecpermissiongrouplist></csecpermissiongrouplist>			
PUT	None	<csecpermissiongrouplist></csecpermissiongrouplist>	<responsestatus></responsestatus>			
POST	None	<csecpermissiongroup></csecpermissiongroup>	<responsestatus></responsestatus>			
DELETE	N/A	N/A	<responsestatus code="" error="" w=""></responsestatus>			
Notes	•	Core profile nodes return '405 Method Not Allowed' for all PUT, POST, and DELETE methods against this resource. Basic and Full nodes return '405 Method Not Allowed' for DELETE operations.				

Example XML:

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8" ?>
<CSECPermissionGroupList version="1.0" xmlns="urn:psialliance-org">
 <CSECPermissionGroup version="1.0">
   <id>1</id>
   <groupEnabled>true</groupEnabled>
   <groupDescription>administrators/groupDescription>
   <PermissionDescriptorList version="1.0">
     <PermissionDescriptor>
       <id>1</id>
       <SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
         <PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
           <dictionaryName>PSIA-CSEC-D1</dictionaryName>
           <!-- SymbolicPermission '/' means it has ALL PERMISSIONS -->
           <SymbolicPermission>/</SymbolicPermission>
         </PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
       </SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
     </PermissionDescriptor>
   </PermissionDescriptorList>
   <!-- no <DeviceScopeRestrictionList> -->
  </CSECPermissionGroup>
  <CSECPermissionGroup version="1.0">
```



```
<id>2</id>
<groupEnabled>true</groupEnabled>
<groupDescription>guards A</groupDescription>
<PermissionDescriptorList version="1.0">
 <PermissionDescriptor>
    <id>1</id>
   <SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
      <PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
        <dictionaryName>PSIA-CSEC-D1</dictionaryName>
        <SymbolicPermission>/View/Statistics</SymbolicPermission>
      </PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
    </SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
  </PermissionDescriptor>
  <PermissionDescriptor>
   <id>2</id>
    <SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
      <PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
        <dictionaryName>PSIA-CSEC-D1</dictionaryName>
        <SymbolicPermission>/View/Logs</SymbolicPermission>
      </PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
    </SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
 </PermissionDescriptor>
 <PermissionDescriptor>
    <id>3</id>
    <SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
      <PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
        <dictionaryName>PSIA-CSEC-D1</dictionaryName>
        <SymbolicPermission>/Stream/Live/Media/Video</SymbolicPermission>
      </PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
    </SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
  </PermissionDescriptor>
  <PermissionDescriptor>
    <id>4</id>
   <SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
      <PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
        <dictionaryName>PSIA-CSEC-D1</dictionaryName>
        <SymbolicPermission>/Stream/Recorded/Media/Video</SymbolicPermission>
      </PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
    </SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
 </PermissionDescriptor>
 <PermissionDescriptor>
   <id>5</id>
    <SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
      <PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
        <dictionaryName>PSIA-CSEC-D1</dictionaryName>
        <SymbolicPermission>/Search/Media/Video</SymbolicPermission>
      </PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
    </SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
  </PermissionDescriptor>
  <PermissionDescriptor>
    <id>6</id>
    <SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
      <PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
        <dictionaryName>PSIA-CSEC-D1</dictionaryName>
        <SymbolicPermission>/Search/Metadata/Analytics/Video</SymbolicPermission>
```



```
</PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
        </SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
     </PermissionDescriptor>
   </PermissionDescriptorList>
  </CSECPermissionGroup>
 <CSECPermissionGroup version="1.0">
   <id>3</id>
   <groupEnabled>true</groupEnabled>
   <groupDescription>viewers</groupDescription>
   <PermissionDescriptorList version="1.0">
     <PermissionDescriptor>
       <id>1</id>
       <SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
          <PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
            <dictionaryName>PSIA-CSEC-D1</dictionaryName>
            <SymbolicPermission>/Stream/Live/Media/Video</SymbolicPermission>
          </PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
        </SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
     </PermissionDescriptor>
     <PermissionDescriptor>
       <id>2</id>
       <SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
          <PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
            <dictionaryName>PSIA-CSEC-D1</dictionaryName>
            <SymbolicPermission>/Stream/Recorded/Media/Video</SymbolicPermission>
          </PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
        </SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
     </PermissionDescriptor>
   </PermissionDescriptorList>
   <!-- RESTRICTION: local ports 9-16 only for this Group -->
   <DeviceScopeRestrictionList>
     <DeviceScopeRestriction>
       <id>1</id>
       <restrictionDescription>Restrict access to Local Video Ports 9-
16</restrictionDescription>
       <type>Local</type>
        <subDevVideoInPortRestriction>9-16</subDevVideoInPortRestriction>
        <subDevStreamChannelRestriction>9-16</subDevStreamChannelRestriction>
     </DeviceScopeRestriction>
   </DeviceScopeRestrictionList>
  </CSECPermissionGroup>
 <CSECPermissionGroup version="1.0">
   <id>4</id>
   <groupEnabled>true</groupEnabled>
   <groupDescription>DURESS</groupDescription>
   <PermissionDescriptorList version="1.0">
     <PermissionDescriptor>
        <id>1</id>
       <SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
          <PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
            <dictionaryName>PSIA-CSEC-D1</dictionaryName>
            <SymbolicPermission>/View</SymbolicPermission>
          </PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
```



```
</SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
     </PermissionDescriptor>
   </PermissionDescriptorList>
   <!-- no <DeviceScopeRestrictionList> -->
  </CSECPermissionGroup>
 <CSECPermissionGroup version="1.0">
   <id>5</id>
   <groupEnabled>true</groupEnabled>
   <groupDescription>Access Panel Group</groupDescription>
   <PermissionDescriptorList version="1.0">
     <PermissionDescriptor>
       <id>1</id>
       <SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
          <PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
            <dictionaryName>PSIA-CSEC-D1</dictionaryName>
            <SymbolicPermission>/</SymbolicPermission>
          </PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
       </SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
     </PermissionDescriptor>
   </PermissionDescriptorList>
   <!-- RESTRICTION: Panel Permission definition -->
   <DeviceScopeRestrictionList>
     <DeviceScopeRestriction>
       <id>1</id>
       <restrictionDescription>Panel Portal 5</restrictionDescription>
       <type>Local</type>
       <ACWGPermissionInfoList>
          <PermissionInfo>
            <TD>1</TD>
            <PrivilegeList>
              <Privilege>
                <Allow>
                 <AuthorityLevel>1</AuthorityLevel>
                  <PortalIDList>
                    <PortalID>
                     <ID>1</ID>
                      <ID>2</ID>
                      <ID>3</ID>
                    </PortalID>
                  </PortalIDList>
                </Allow>
              </Privilege>
            </PrivilegeList>
          </PermissionInfo>
       </ACWGPermissionInfoList>
     </DeviceScopeRestriction>
   </DeviceScopeRestrictionList>
 </CSECPermissionGroup>
</CSECPermissionGroupList>
```



6.6.2.1 /PSIA/CSEC/AAA/permissionGroups/<id>

URI	/PSIA/CSEC/AAA/permissionGroups/ <id> <pre>Type</pre> Resource</id>					
Function	Resource used to manag	Resource used to manage a particular <csecpermissiongroup>.</csecpermissiongroup>				
Methods	Query String(s)	Inbound Data	Return Result			
GET	None	None	<csecpermissiongroup></csecpermissiongroup>			
PUT	None	<csecpermissiongroup></csecpermissiongroup>	<responsestatus></responsestatus>			
POST	N/A	N/A	<responsestatus code="" error="" w=""></responsestatus>			
DELETE	None	None	<responsestatus></responsestatus>			
Notes	PUT, POST, and DELETE	See previous section for example XML. Core profile nodes return '405 Method Not Allowed' for all PUT, POST, and DELETE methods against this resource. Basic and Full nodes return '405 Method Not Allowed' for POST operations.				

6.6.3/PSIA/CSEC/AAA/supportedPermissions

URI	/PSIA/CSEC/AAA/supportedPermissions			Туре	Resource
Function	Resource used get a <permissiondescriptorlist> of the supported permissions in the Device.</permissiondescriptorlist>				
Methods	Query String(s)	Inbound Data	Return Result		
GET	None	None	<permissiondescriptorlist></permissiondescriptorlist>		
PUT	N/A	N/A	<responsestatus code="" error="" w=""></responsestatus>		
POST	N/A	N/A	<responsestatus code="" error="" w=""></responsestatus>		
DELETE	None	None	<responsestatus code="" error="" w=""></responsestatus>		
Notes	Core profile nodes return '405 Method Not Allowed' for all PUT, POST, and DELETE methods against				
	this resource. Basic and Full nodes return '405 Method Not Allowed' for PUT and POST operations.				



Example XML (this is a partial list for exemplary purposes only, but actual Device would return a complete list of all supported Symbolic Permissions and Explicit Permissions in its local Dictionary):

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8" ?>
<PermissionDescriptorList version="1.0" xmlns="urn:psialliance-org">
  <PermissionDescriptor>
    <id>1</id>
   <SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
      <PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
        <dictionaryName>PSIA-CSEC-D1</dictionaryName>
        <SymbolicPermission>/</SymbolicPermission>
      </PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
    </SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
  </PermissionDescriptor>
  <PermissionDescriptor>
   <id>2</id>
   <SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
      <PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
        <dictionaryName>PSIA-CSEC-D1</dictionaryName>
        <SymbolicPermission>/View</SymbolicPermission>
      </PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
    </SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
  </PermissionDescriptor>
  <PermissionDescriptor>
   <id>3</id>
    <SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
      <PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
        <dictionaryName>PSIA-CSEC-D1</dictionaryName>
        <SymbolicPermission>/View/Statistics</SymbolicPermission>
      </PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
    </SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
  </PermissionDescriptor>
  <PermissionDescriptor>
    <id>4</id>
    <SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
      <PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
        <dictionaryName>PSIA-CSEC-D1</dictionaryName>
        <SymbolicPermission>/View/Logs</SymbolicPermission>
      </PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
    </SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
  </PermissionDescriptor>
  <PermissionDescriptor>
   <id>5</id>
   <SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
      <PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
        <dictionaryName>PSIA-CSEC-D1</dictionaryName>
        <SymbolicPermission>/View/System</SymbolicPermission>
      </PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
    </SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
  </PermissionDescriptor>
  <PermissionDescriptor>
    <id>6</id>
    <SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
      <PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
        <dictionaryName>PSIA-CSEC-D1</dictionaryName>
```



```
<SymbolicPermission>/View/System/NetworkSettings</SymbolicPermission>
    </PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
  </SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
</PermissionDescriptor>
<PermissionDescriptor>
  <id>7</id>
 <SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
   <PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
      <dictionaryName>PSIA-CSEC-D1</dictionaryName>
      <SymbolicPermission>/View/System/IOSettings</SymbolicPermission>
   </PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
  </SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
</PermissionDescriptor>
<PermissionDescriptor>
 <id>8</id>
 <SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
   <PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
      <dictionaryName>PSIA-CSEC-D1</dictionaryName>
      <SymbolicPermission>/View/System/StorageSettings</SymbolicPermission>
   </PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
  </SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
</PermissionDescriptor>
<PermissionDescriptor>
 <id>9</id>
  <SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
    <PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
      <dictionaryName>PSIA-CSEC-D1</dictionaryName>
      <SymbolicPermission>/View/System/SerialPortSettings</SymbolicPermission>
   </PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
  </SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
</PermissionDescriptor>
<PermissionDescriptor>
 <id>10</id>
 <SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
   <PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
      <dictionaryName>PSIA-CSEC-D1</dictionaryName>
      <SymbolicPermission>/View/System/Diagnostics</SymbolicPermission>
   </PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
  </SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
</PermissionDescriptor>
<PermissionDescriptor>
 <id>11</id>
 <SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
   <PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
      <dictionaryName>PSIA-CSEC-D1</dictionaryName>
      <SymbolicPermission>/View/System/TimeSettings</SymbolicPermission>
    </PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
  </SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
</PermissionDescriptor>
<PermissionDescriptor>
  <id>12</id>
  <SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
    <PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
      <dictionaryName>PSIA-CSEC-D1</dictionaryName>
      <SymbolicPermission>/View/VideoDevice</SymbolicPermission>
```



```
</PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
  </SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
</PermissionDescriptor>
<PermissionDescriptor>
  <id>13</id>
 <SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
   <PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
      <dictionaryName>PSIA-CSEC-D1</dictionaryName>
      <SymbolicPermission>/View/VideoDevice/Overlays</SymbolicPermission>
   </PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
  </SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
</PermissionDescriptor>
<PermissionDescriptor>
 <id>14</id>
 <SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
   <PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
      <dictionaryName>PSIA-CSEC-D1</dictionaryName>
      <SymbolicPermission>/View/VideoDevice/PrivacyMasks</SymbolicPermission>
    </PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
  </SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
</PermissionDescriptor>
<PermissionDescriptor>
 <id>15</id>
  <SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
   <PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
      <dictionaryName>PSIA-CSEC-D1</dictionaryName>
      <SymbolicPermission>/View/VideoDevice/OtherSettings</SymbolicPermission>
   </PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
  </SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
</PermissionDescriptor>
<PermissionDescriptor>
  <id>16</id>
  <SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
   <PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
      <dictionaryName>PSIA-CSEC-D1</dictionaryName>
      <SymbolicPermission>/View/AudioDevice</SymbolicPermission>
   </PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
  </SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
</PermissionDescriptor>
<PermissionDescriptor>
 <id>17</id>
  <SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
   <PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
      <dictionaryName>PSIA-CSEC-D1</dictionaryName>
      <SymbolicPermission>/View/AudioDevice/Microphone</SymbolicPermission>
    </PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
  </SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
</PermissionDescriptor>
<PermissionDescriptor>
 <id>18</id>
  <SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
    <PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
      <dictionaryName>PSIA-CSEC-D1</dictionaryName>
      <SymbolicPermission>/View/AudioDevice/OtherSettings</SymbolicPermission>
   </PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
```



```
</SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
</PermissionDescriptor>
<PermissionDescriptor>
  <id>19</id>
  <SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
   <PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
      <dictionaryName>PSIA-CSEC-D1</dictionaryName>
      <SymbolicPermission>/View/Codec</SymbolicPermission>
   </PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
  </SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
</PermissionDescriptor>
<PermissionDescriptor>
  <id>20</id>
  <SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
   <PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
      <dictionaryName>PSIA-CSEC-D1</dictionaryName>
      <SymbolicPermission>/View/Codec/Video</SymbolicPermission>
   </PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
  </SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
</PermissionDescriptor>
<PermissionDescriptor>
 <id>21</id>
 <SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
   <PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
      <dictionaryName>PSIA-CSEC-D1</dictionaryName>
      <SymbolicPermission>/View/Codec/Audio</SymbolicPermission>
    </PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
  </SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
</PermissionDescriptor>
<PermissionDescriptor>
  <id>22</id>
  <SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
   <PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
      <dictionaryName>PSIA-CSEC-D1</dictionaryName>
      <SymbolicPermission>/View/Codec/Other</SymbolicPermission>
    </PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
  </SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
</PermissionDescriptor>
<PermissionDescriptor>
 <id>23</id>
 <SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
   <PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
      <dictionaryName>PSIA-CSEC-D1</dictionaryName>
      <SymbolicPermission>/View/PTZ</SymbolicPermission>
    </PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
  </SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
</PermissionDescriptor>
<PermissionDescriptor>
 <id>24</id>
 <SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
   <PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
      <dictionaryName>PSIA-CSEC-D1</dictionaryName>
      <SymbolicPermission>/View/PTZ/PersistentPresets/SymbolicPermission>
    </PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
  </SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
```



```
</PermissionDescriptor>
 <PermissionDescriptor>
   <id>25</id>
   <SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
     <PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
       <dictionaryName>PSIA-CSEC-D1</dictionaryName>
       <SymbolicPermission>/View/PTZ/PersistentPresets/SymbolicPermission>
     </PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
   </SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
 </PermissionDescriptor>
 <PermissionDescriptor>
   <id>26</id>
   <SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
     <PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
       <dictionaryName>PSIA-CSEC-D1</dictionaryName>
       <SymbolicPermission>/View/PTZ/TemporaryPresets/SymbolicPermission>
     </PermissionDictionaryDescriptor>
   </SymbolicPermissionDescriptor>
  </PermissionDescriptor>
</PermissionDescriptorList>
```

7.0 RTSP/SRTP Usage

To setup a secured data stream from the target PSIA Device, the MKI to be used must be created.

MKI Creation

To create a MKI, one of two mechanisms must be used:

A. On a TLS session, create a new MKI directly via (see section 6.5.1):

POST /PSIA/CSEC/KeyManager/directMKIKeyList

B. On a TLS session, negotiate a new MKI via one of the supported key management schemes.

Currently, only MIKEY is supported, which can be discovered via (see section 6.5.8):

GET /PSIA/CSEC/KeyManager/schemes/index



Perform the MIKEY PSK, PKE, or DH exchange via (see section 6.5.9):

GET /PSIA/CSEC/KeyManager/schemes/MIKEY/tunnel

If successful, the keys and MKI are returned in the "Key data sub-payload" or "DH data payload".

STREAMING

After MKI crypto context has been created (and optionally bound to a particular streaming channel), the client must issue a RTSP DESCRIBE to the target device to get an SDP which describes the available data streams.

A special Query String will be used to request description of secured streams if available, using a particular MKI context, e.g.:

rtsp://10.2.100.62/PSIA/Streaming/channels/0?MKI=10

SDP on secured RTSP

It is possible to describe all necessary security information (context) via RFC RFC 4568, however, this requires a secured (e.g. TLS) channel for RTSP. If a secured RTSP channel is available, a SDP similar to the following is returned in response to the RTSP DESCRIBE request:

```
v=0
o=- 1239724272167027 1239724272167027 IN IP4 10.2.100.62
s=Media Presentation
e=NONE
c=IN IP4 0.0.0.0
b=AS:50064
t=0 0
a=control:rtsp://10.2.100.62/PSIA/Streaming/channels/0
```



```
a=range:npt=0.000000-
m=video 0 RTP/AVP 96
b=AS:50000
a=crypto:1 AES_CM_128_HMAC_SHA1_80
inline:d0RmdmcmVCspeEc3QGZiNWpVLFJhQX1cfHAwJSoj|2^48|10:4
a=framerate:30.0
a=control:rtsp://10.2.100.62/PSIA/Streaming/channels/0/video
a=rtpmap:96 H264/90000
a=fmtp:96 packetization-mode=1; profile-level-id=420029; sprop-parameter-sets=Z0IAKeKQFAe2AtwEBAaQeJEV, aM48gA==
m=audio 0 RTP/AVP 0
b=AS:64
a=crypto:1 AES_CM_128_HMAC_SHA1_80
inline:d0RmdmcmVCspeEc3QGZiNWpVLFJhQX1cfHAwJSoj|2^48|10:4
a=control:rtsp://10.2.100.62/PSIA/Streaming/channels/0/audio
```

SDP on unsecured RTSP

If a secured RTSP channel is **not** available, then a standard SDP response may be used to convey enough information to indicate the available MKI, using the "k=" session description protocol (see RFC 2327, page 17), resulting in a SDP similar to the following:

```
v=0
o=- 1239724272167027 1239724272167027 IN IP4 10.2.100.62
s=Media Presentation
e=NONE
c=IN IP4 0.0.0.0
b=AS:50064
t=0 0
a=control:rtsp://10.2.100.62/PSIA/Streaming/channels/0
a=range:npt=0.000000-
```



```
m=video 0 RTP/AVP 96
b=AS:50000
k=uri:https://10.2.100.62/PSIA/CSEC/KeyManager/directMKIKeyList/10/mime
a=framerate:30.0
a=control:rtsp://10.2.100.62/PSIA/Streaming/channels/0/video
a=rtpmap:96 H264/90000
a=fmtp:96 packetization-mode=1; profile-level-id=420029; sprop-parameter-sets=Z0IAKeKQFAe2AtwEBAaQeJEV,aM48gA==
m=audio 0 RTP/AVP 0
b=AS:64
k=uri:https://10.2.100.62/PSIA/CSEC/KeyManager/directMKIKeyList/10/mime
```

a=control:rtsp://10.2.100.62/PSIA/Streaming/channels/0/audio

In both SDP examples above, the client has enough information to prepare to receive the data streams on the prescribed cryptographic context (MKI 10). At this point, the RTSP SETUP(s) and PLAY can proceed as normal.

The SRTP data streams MUST contain the MKI trailer, which indicate the expected MKI requested by the client, but will also be used to indicate key-rotation to a new MKI, if applicable.

KEY ROTATION (RE-KEYING)

Similar to MKI Creation, MKI update mechanisms exist along the same path to change keys (i.e. allow for rotation), since their validity period is finite for SRTP/SRTCP.

A. On a TLS session, update a MKI directly via (see section 6.5.1):

PUT /PSIA/CSEC/KeyManager/directMKIKeyList/<MKI>

B. On a TLS session, use one of the supported key management schemes to update a key-context.

Perform the MIKEY PSK, PKE, or DH update-exchange via (see section 6.5.9):



GET /PSIA/CSEC/KeyManager/schemes/MIKEY/tunnel

From RFC 3711:

11.3. Re-keying and access control

Re-keying may occur due to access control (e.g., when a member is removed during a multicast RTP session), or for pure cryptographic reasons (e.g., the key is at the end of its lifetime). When using SRTP default transforms, the master key MUST be replaced before any of the index spaces are exhausted for any of the streams protected by one and the same master key.

How key management re-keys SRTP implementations is out of scope, but it is clear that there are straightforward ways to manage keys for a multicast group. In one-sender multicast, for example, it is typically the responsibility of the sender to determine when a new key is needed. The sender is the one entity that can keep track of when the maximum number of packets has been sent, as receivers may join and leave the session at any time, there may be packet loss and delay etc. In scenarios other than one-sender multicast, other methods can be used. Here, one must take into consideration that key exchange can be a costly operation, taking several seconds for a single exchange. Hence, some time before the master key is exhausted/expires, out-of-band key management is initiated, resulting in a new master key that is shared with the receiver(s).

At this time, there is no method for the server (i.e. target PSIA Device) to force the client to re-negotiate keys, so it will be the responsibility of the client to re-key the MKI before master-key's lifetime expires.



As an alternative, if "A" is the chosen mechanism, the <keyRotationPreferenceMKI> value can be used to prescribe a switch to new <MKI> at time of expiration. This would forestall (not eliminate) the need to perform an MKI update.

9.0 SRTP Crypto Tables

From RFC 4568:

+	++		+
	. – – .		F8_128_ HMAC_SHA1_80
Master key length Master salt length SRTP lifetime SRTCP lifetime Cipher	128 bits 112 bits 2^48 packets 2^31 packets	128 bits 112 bits 2^48 packets	128 bits 112 bits 2^48 packets
		Mode	100.11
Encryption key	128 bits		128 bits
MAC	HMAC-SHA1	HMAC-SHA1	HMAC-SHA1
SRTP auth. tag	80 bits	32 bits	80 bits
SRTCP auth. tag	80 bits	80 bits	80 bits
SRTP auth. key len.	160 bits	160 bits	160 bits
SRTCP auth. key len.	160 bits	160 bits	160 bits
+	++		+

From "srtp-big-aes-3":

+	++
Parameter	Value
Master key length	192 bits
Master salt length	112 bits
Key Derivation Function	AES_192_CM_PRF (Section 3)
Default key lifetime	2^31 packets
Cipher (for SRTP and SRTCP)	AES_192_CM (Section 2)
SRTP authentication function	HMAC-SHA1 (Section 4.2.1 of RFC3711])
SRTP authentication key length	160 bits
SRTP authentication tag length	80 bits
SRTCP authentication function	HMAC-SHA1 (Section 4.2.1 of RFC3711])
SRTCP authentication key length	160 bits
SRTCP authentication tag length	80 bits

Table 1: The AES_192_CM_HMAC_SHA1_80 cryptosuite.

+	-++
Parameter	Value



L	LL
Master key length	192 bits
Master salt length	112 bits
Key Derivation Function	AES_192_CM_PRF (Section 3)
Default key lifetime	2^31 packets
Cipher (for SRTP and SRTCP)	AES_192_CM (Section 2)
SRTP authentication function	HMAC-SHA1 (Section 4.2.1 of [RFC3711])
SRTP authentication key length	160 bits
SRTP authentication tag length	32 bits
SRTCP authentication function	HMAC-SHA1 (Section 4.2.1 of
SRTCP authentication key length	160 bits
SRTCP authentication tag length	

Table 2: The AES_192_CM_HMAC_SHA1_32 cryptosuite.

+	++
Parameter	Value
Master key length	256 bits
Master salt length	112 bits
Key Derivation Function	AES_256_CM_PRF (Section 3)
Default key lifetime	2^31 packets
Cipher (for SRTP and SRTCP)	AES_256_CM (Section 2)
SRTP authentication function	HMAC-SHA1 (Section 4.2.1 of [RFC3711])
SRTP authentication key length	160 bits
SRTP authentication tag length	80 bits
SRTCP authentication function	HMAC-SHA1 (Section 4.2.1 of [RFC3711])
SRTCP authentication key length	160 bits
SRTCP authentication tag length	80 bits



Table 3: The AES 256 CM HMAC SHA1 80 cryptosuite.

+ Parameter	++ Value
Master key length	256 bits
Master salt length	112 bits
Key Derivation Function	AES_256_CM_PRF (Section 3)
Default key lifetime	2^31 packets
Cipher (for SRTP and SRTCP)	AES_256_CM (Section 2)
SRTP authentication function	HMAC-SHA1 (Section 4.2.1 of [RFC3711])
SRTP authentication key length	160 bits
SRTP authentication tag length	32 bits
SRTCP authentication function	HMAC-SHA1 (Section 4.2.1 of
SRTCP authentication key length	160 bits
SRTCP authentication tag length	80 bits

Table 4: The AES_256_CM_HMAC_SHA1_32 cryptosuite.

The schema file can be found in the PSIA schema repository at:

http://www.psialliance.org/schemas/csec/1.0/csec.xsd

8.0 CSEC Permission Dictionary Schema ("csecPermissionDictionary.xsd")

NOTE: This has no "targetNamespace" for anonymous insertion into CSEC schema. Other possible (future) vendor-specific Dictionaries can be integrated in same fashion with less direct impact on the CSEC schema and "psialliance-org" namespace¹.

¹ Alternatives: a) Put all Dictionaries into their own individual namespaces, requiring use of explicit "xs:import" in the CSEC schema to change Dictionaries. b) Put all Dictionaries into "psialliance-org" namespace, which would require name-collision avoidance by schema authors and explicit change to



The schema file can be found in the PSIA schema repository at:

http://www.psialliance.org/schemas/csec/1.0/csecPermissionDictionary.xsd

9.0 PSIA Common Types Schema ("psiaCommonTypes.xsd")

The schema file can be found in the PSIA schema repository at:

http://www.psialliance.org/schemas/system/1.2/psiaCommonTypes.xsd

10.0 ACWG Common Types Schema ("ACWGCommonTypes.xsd")

The schema file can be found in the PSIA schema repository at:

http://www.psialliance.org/schemas/system/1.2/ACWGCommonTypes.xsd

¹ Alternatives: a) Put all Dictionaries into their own individual namespaces, requiring use of explicit "xs:import" in the CSEC schema to change Dictionaries. b) Put all Dictionaries into "psialliance-org" namespace, which would require name-collision avoidance by schema authors and explicit change to CSEC schema to switch Dictionaries. In most scenarios, only one Dictionary can be used easily. Multiple Dictionaries would require changing "SymbolicPermissionDescriptor" definition.

CSEC schema to switch Dictionaries. In most scenarios, only one Dictionary can be used easily. Multiple Dictionaries would require changing "SymbolicPermissionDescriptor" definition

