

MOBILE DEVELOPMENT 2

W8- Firebase **Realtime** Database & **REST** API





Course Objectives



- ✓ Understand how to interact with **Firestore Realtime Database** using **REST API**
- ✓ Perform **CRUD** (Create, Read, Update, Delete) operations using **HTTP requests**
- ✓ Handle **JSON serialization** and **deserialization**
- ✓ Handle **Async states** and **cache** optimizations

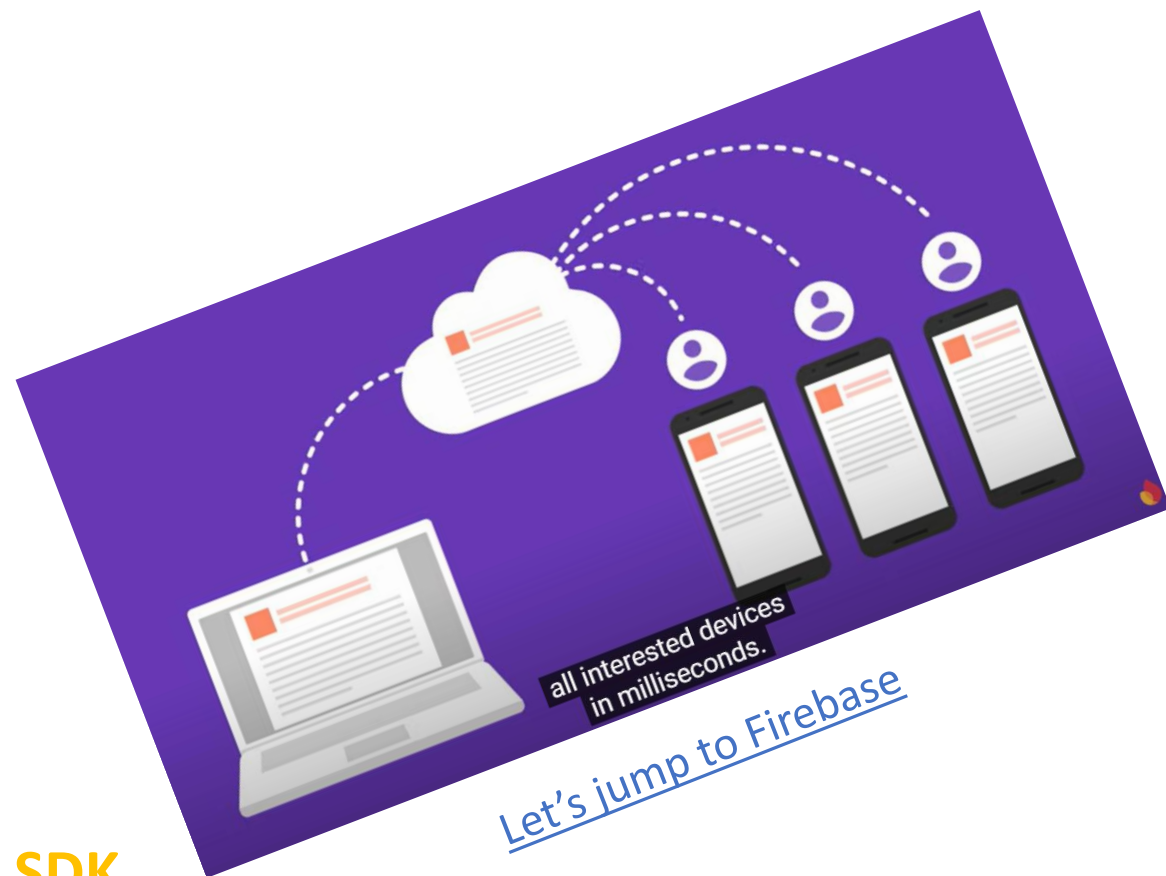
A Firebase Real Time Database...

Stores and sync data with a NoSQL cloud database

MORE INFO



- ✓ **Cloud-hosted** database
- ✓ **NoSQL** database
- ✓ Stores and syncs data in **JSON format**
- ✓ Access either with **REST API** or **Firebase SDK**



A Firebase Real Time Database...

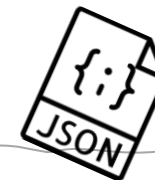
*Is Document-oriented database, following **JSON syntax***

JSON Document

```
{
  "users": {
    "user1": {
      "name": "Alice",
      "age": 25,
      "email": "alice@example.com"
    },
    "user2": {
      "name": "Bob",
      "age": 30,
      "email": "bob@example.com"
    }
  }
}
```

Diagram labels:

- KEY**: points to "users"
- VALUE (another object)**: points to the nested object { "user1": { ... }, "user2": { ... } }
- KEY**: points to "email" (under user2)
- VALUE (a string)**: points to "bob@example.com"



- A **JSON** document starts with
 - either an object ({})
 - or an array ([]).
- An object is a collection of **key-value** pairs, where:
 - The **key** is always a string.
 - The **value** can be
 - another object
 - an array
 - a string, a number, a boolean, or null.

Your first Firebase database

Database name

test-firebase-http ▾

Realtime Database

Data

Rules

Backups

Usage

Extensions

<https://test-firebase-http-7ee8c-default-rtdb.asia-southeast1.firebaseio.com>

Collection

top-level key in the
JSON tree.

<https://test-firebase-http-7ee8c-default-rtdb.asia-southeast1.firebaseio.com/>

users

001

address: "phnompenh"

age: 25

name: "ronan is the best of the best"

002

address: "phnompenh"

name: "ronan is the best"

Children

Nested keys under
the root node.

Database location



Database location: Singapore (asia-southeast1)



REMINDER

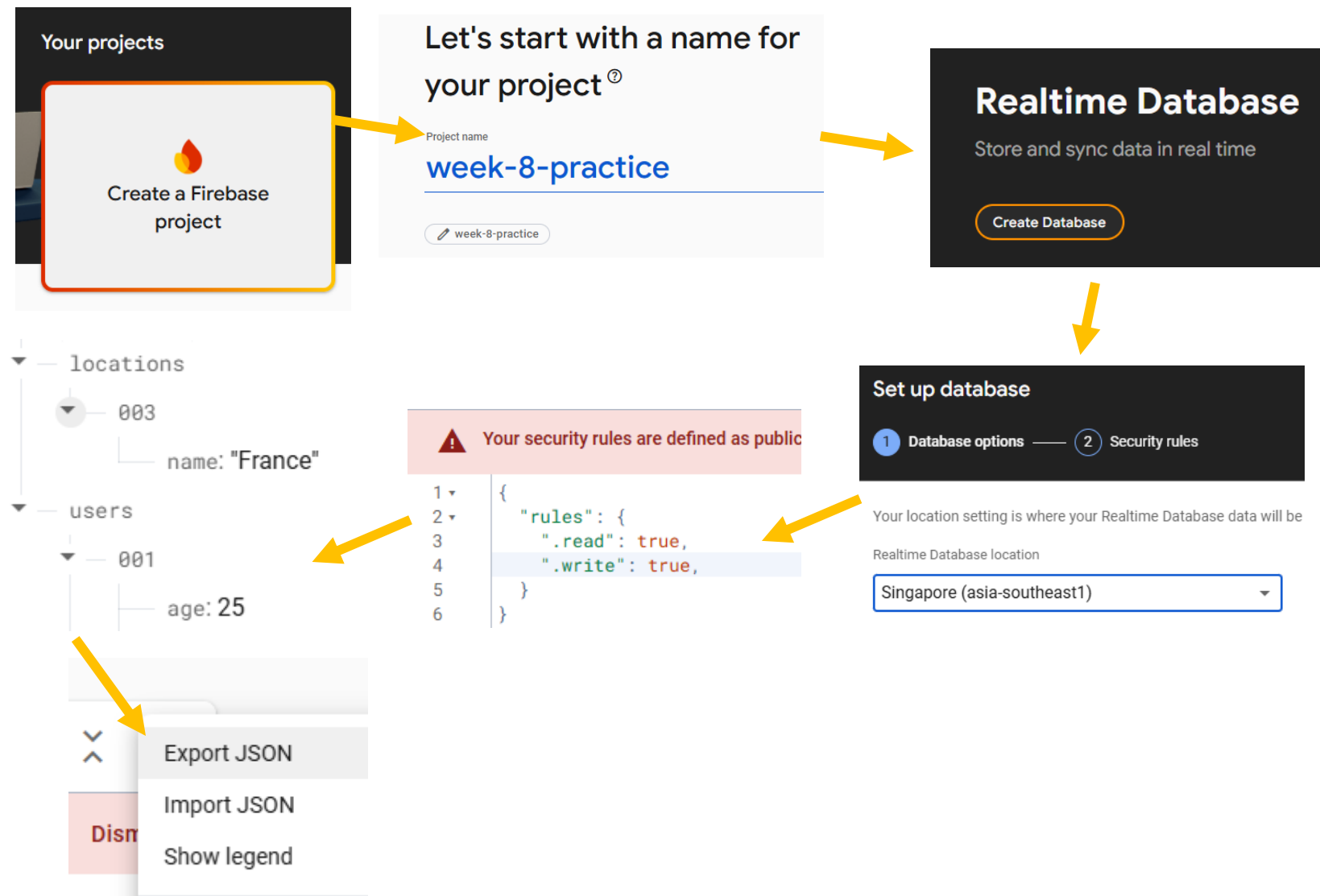
JSON is schema-less
The user 002 does not
Have any age here



10 MIN

Your first Firebase database

Connect to [Firebase console](#) and create your first real time database



Create a project with a real time database

- Go to Firebase Console.
- Click on "Create a Project".
- Enter a Project Name and click Continue
- In the Firebase Console, select your project.
- In the left sidebar, go to Build → Realtime Database.
- Click "Create Database".
- Choose a region (e.g., asia-southeast1).
- Select Start in Test Mode

Configure Database Rules

- In the Realtime Database tab, go to the Rules section.
- Change the rules to allow public access

Populate the database using the console

- Create 2 collections
- Add 2 children on each collection with appropriate attributes

Export the database to JSON

- Click on Export on the contextual menu
- Observe how the JSON reflect the database

MORE INFO

MORE INFO

Firestore SDK vs REST API

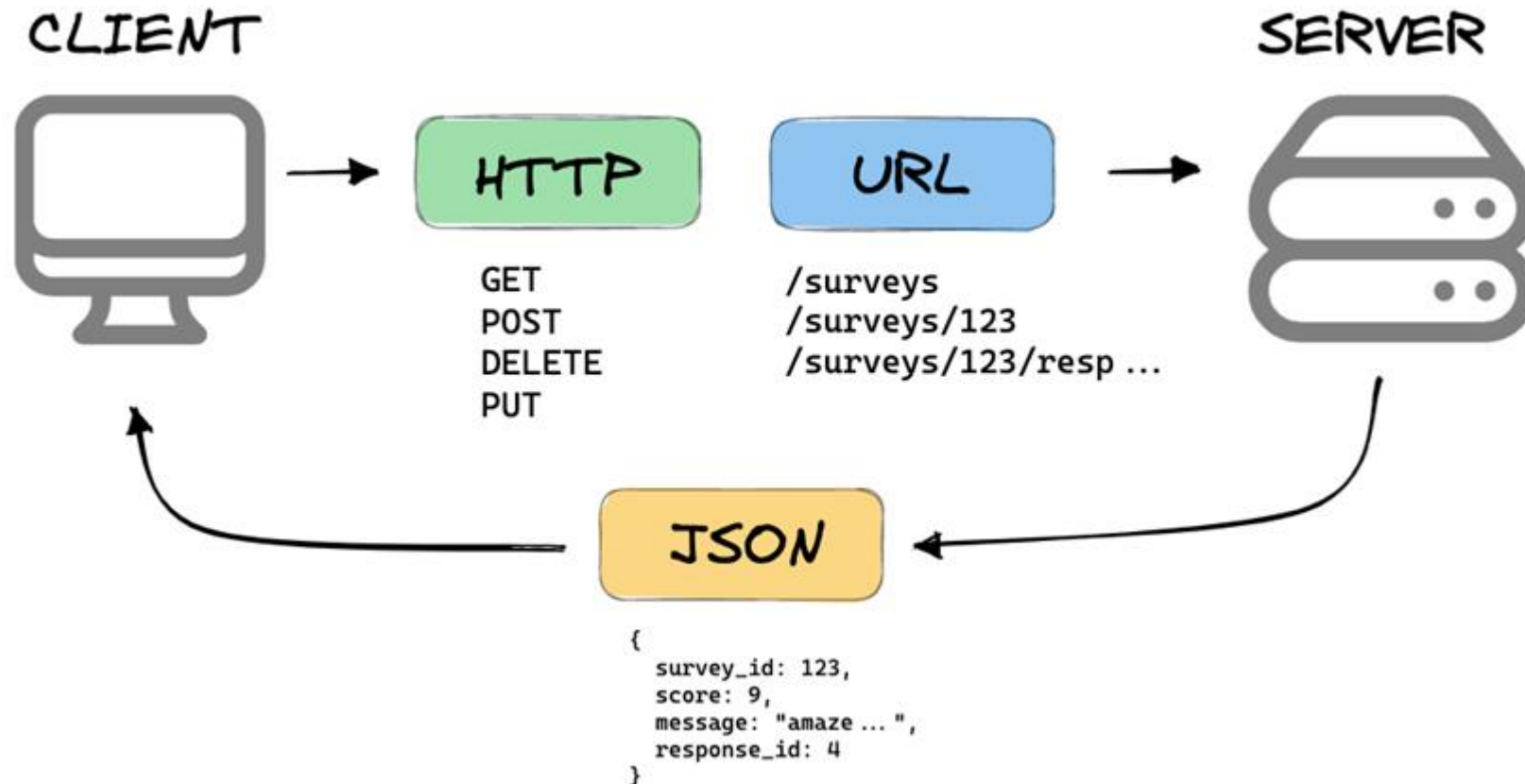
Two approaches to connect to a firestore Realtime database

What we
Are using
today

Feature	Firestore SDK	REST API
Setup	Requires Firestore libraries	Works via HTTP requests
Authentication	Uses Firestore Authentication	Requires manual token handling
Real-Time Sync	Built-in WebSocket connection	Requires polling or long polling
Ease of Use	Provides direct database bindings	Requires RESTful HTTP methods
Offline Support	Yes	No (unless handled manually)

What is a REST API ?

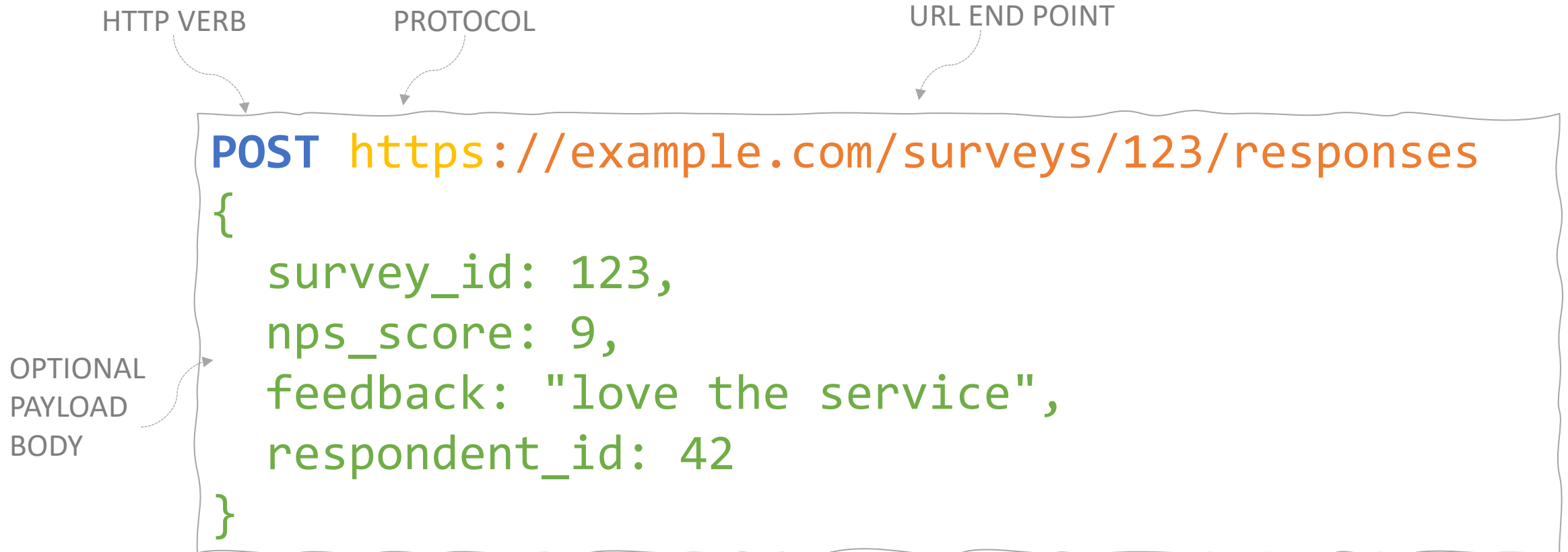
A REST API is a standard used between **Clients** who want to access information from the web from **Servers** who have access to that information.



Taxonomy of a RESTful API

[MORE INFO](#)

3 components : **URL endpoint**, **HTTP verb**, **payload body**



HTTP Verbs (*or methods*)

There are 5 basic verb commands when making a HTTP request

CLIENT



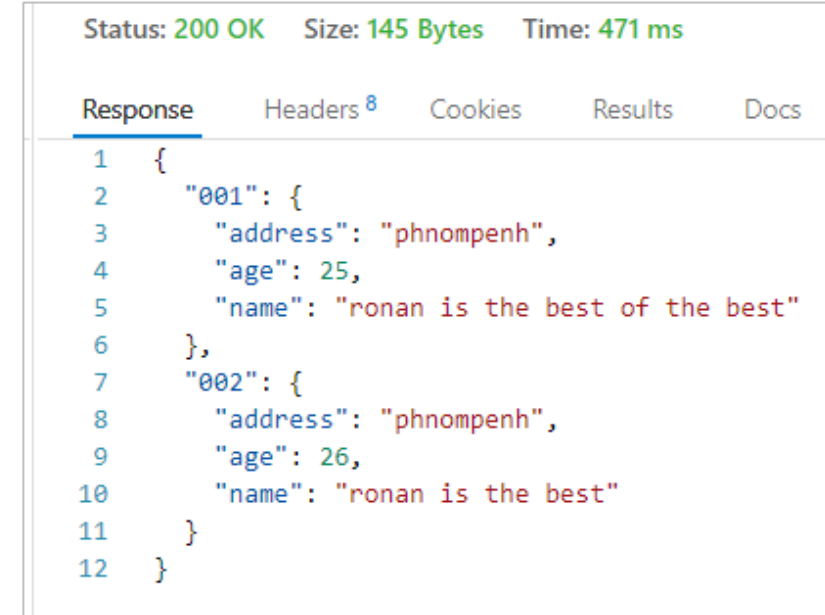
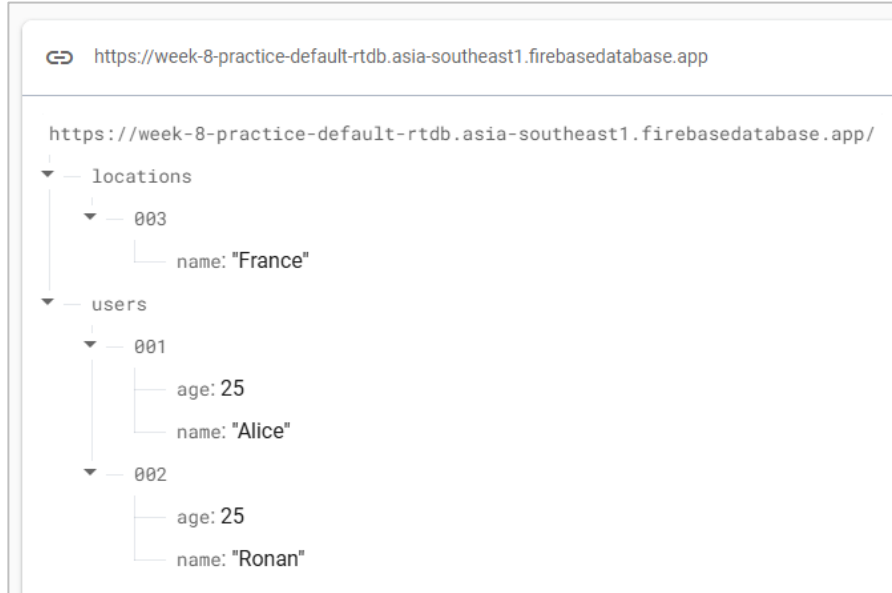
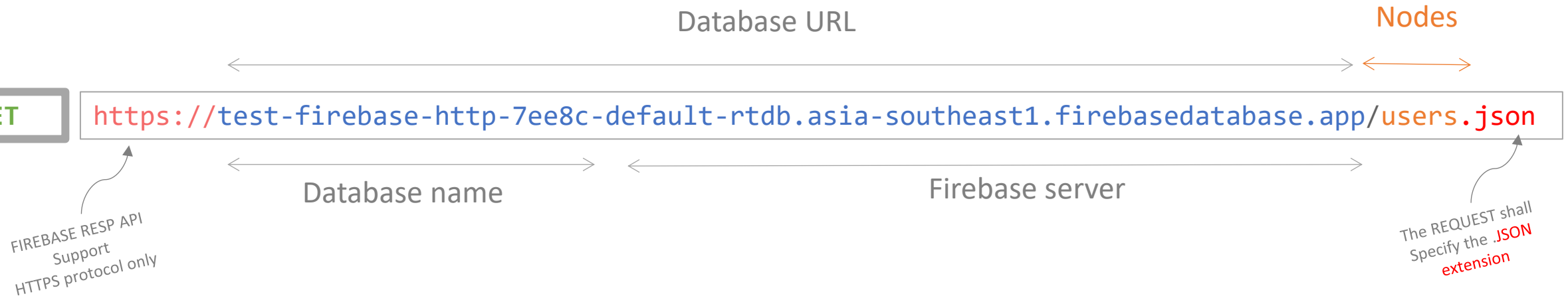
VERB	MEANING	EXAMPLE
GET	Retrieve all users Retrieve a user	/users /users/{id}
POST	Create a user	/users
PUT / PATH	Update a user	/users/{id}
DELETE	Delete a user	/users/{id}



SERVER



Realtime Database REST API



POST REQUEST & Generated ID

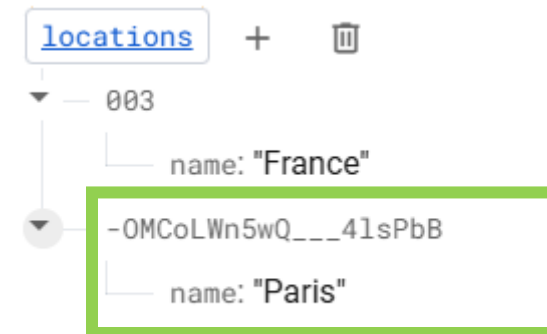
When you add data using Firebase REST API, Firebase automatically generates unique IDs.

POST`https://week-8-practice-default-rtdb.asia-southeast1.firebaseio.com/locations.json`

BODY

`{"name": "Paris"}`

POST	https://week-8-practice-default-rtdb.asia-southeast1.firebaseio.com/locations.json					
Query	Headers ²	Auth	Body ¹	Tests	Pre Run	
JSON	XML	Text	Form	Form-encode	GraphQL	Binary
JSON Content						
1	<code>{"name": "Paris"}</code>					



Status: 200 OK Size: 31 Bytes Time: 400 ms

	Response	Headers ⁸	Cookies	Results	Docs
1	{				
2	"name": "-OMCoLWn5wQ__41sPbB"				
3	}				



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Let's **CRUD** with a REST API client

MORE INFO

You need to install a REST API client



Thunder Client

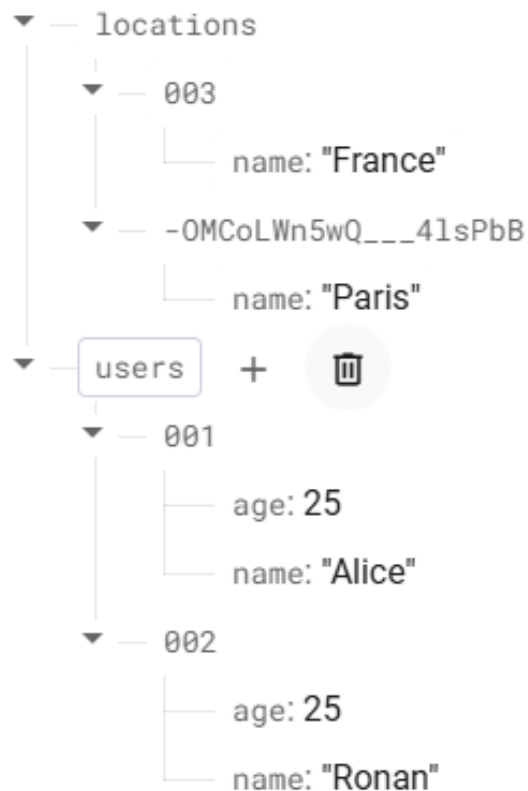
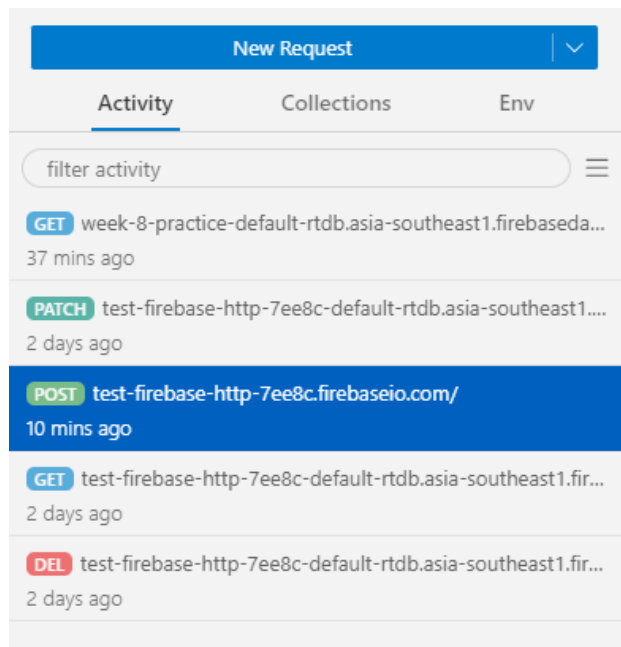
Thunder Client | 5,313,634 | ★★★★★ (619)

Lightweight Rest API Client for VS Code

Installing



Auto Update



Perform a POST (add an item)

- On Thunder client, click New Request → Select POST.
- Enter your Firebase Database URL + XXX.json
- XXX is the name of a collection
- In the body, specify the JSON content
- Click SEND

Firebase will respond with an automatically generated unique ID

- Get this ID from RESPONSE (*copy this ID for the next steps*)
- Check also on Firebase console you item has been added

Perform a PATCH (modify an item)

- On Thunder client, click New Request → Select PATCH.
- Enter your Firebase Database URL with the previous ID + .json
- In the body, specify a specific attribute to change on this item
- Click SEND

- Perform a GET to check the changes
- Check also on Firebase console you item has been updated

Perform a DELETE

- On Thunder client, click New Request → Select DELETE.
- Enter your Firebase Database URL with the previous ID + .json
- Click SEND

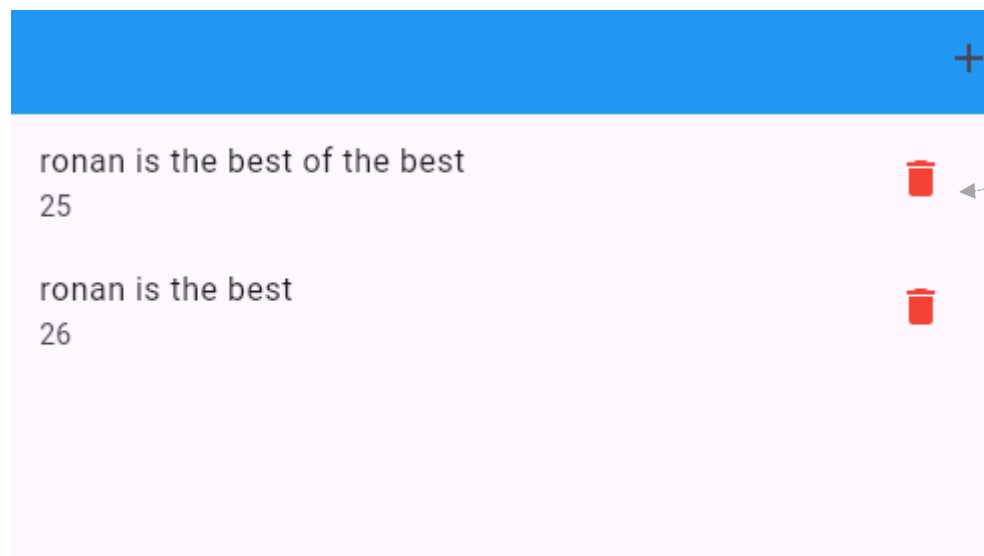
- Perform a GET to check the changes
- Check also on Firebase console you item has been deleted



Build a **CRUD App** w a Firebase Repo

Your goal is now to bind your Firebase Database with a Flutter APP and test CRUD operations

List all items



Create a new item

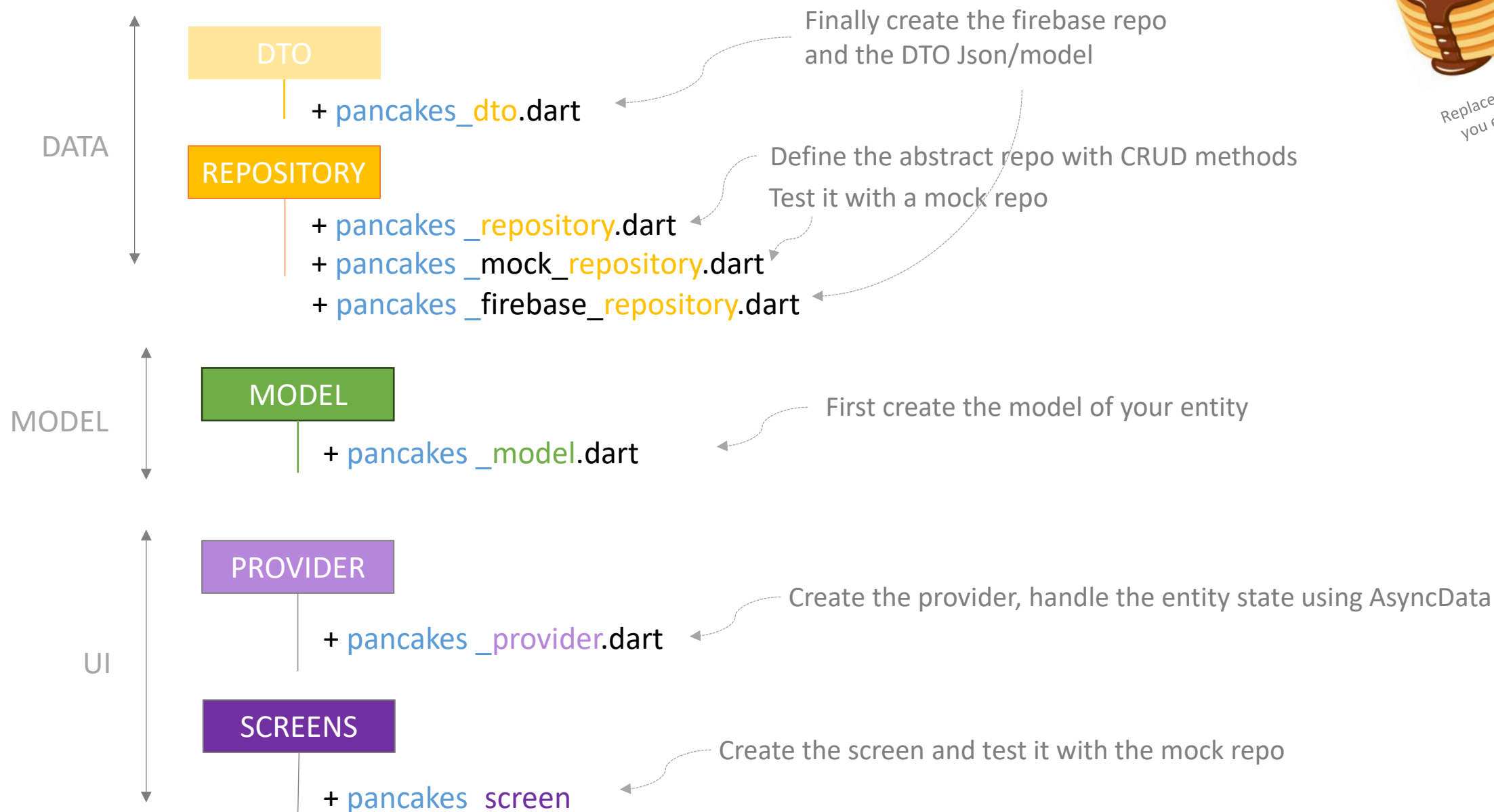
Remove the item



Build a **CRUD App** w a **Firestore Repo**



Replace pancake with
your entities type !





10 MIN

Build a **CRUD App** w a Firebase Repo



Replace pancake with
you entities type !

Important points to notice



Build a **CRUD App** w a Firebase Repo



Replace pancake with
you entities type !

Optimisation of the cache

async/await action + fetch

async/await action + cache update

asynchronous action + cache update + recovery action



Build a **CRUD App** w a Firebase Repo



Replace pancake with
you entities type !

BONUS

FORM TO ADD
REMOVE ACTION

BONUS Secure database access with Firebase Authentication

- Database security rules
- Authentication tokens

<https://firebase.google.com/docs/database/rest/auth>

7 - BONUS Offline/cache approaches



Now you know



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- ✓ Handle **JSON serialization** and **deserialization**
- ✓ Handle **Async states** and **cache** optimizations

RESOURCES

Here are the tools and resource referenced in this session

FIREBASE REALTIME DATABASE

<https://firebase.google.com/docs/database/rest/start>

<https://retool.com/blog/your-guide-to-crud-in-firebase-realtimedb-with-rest-api>

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=RW_luvxS0Rs

REST API

<https://mannhowie.com/rest-api>

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=tkfVQK6UxDI>

AUTHENTICATION WITH REST API

<https://firebase.google.com/docs/database/rest/auth>

GOING FURTHER

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=cYinms8LurA>

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=joVi3thZOqc&list=PLI-K7zZEsYLmgdxMEHar35Wo26fLWm9BI&index=2>