

Multi-objective optimization in perovskite processing scaleup

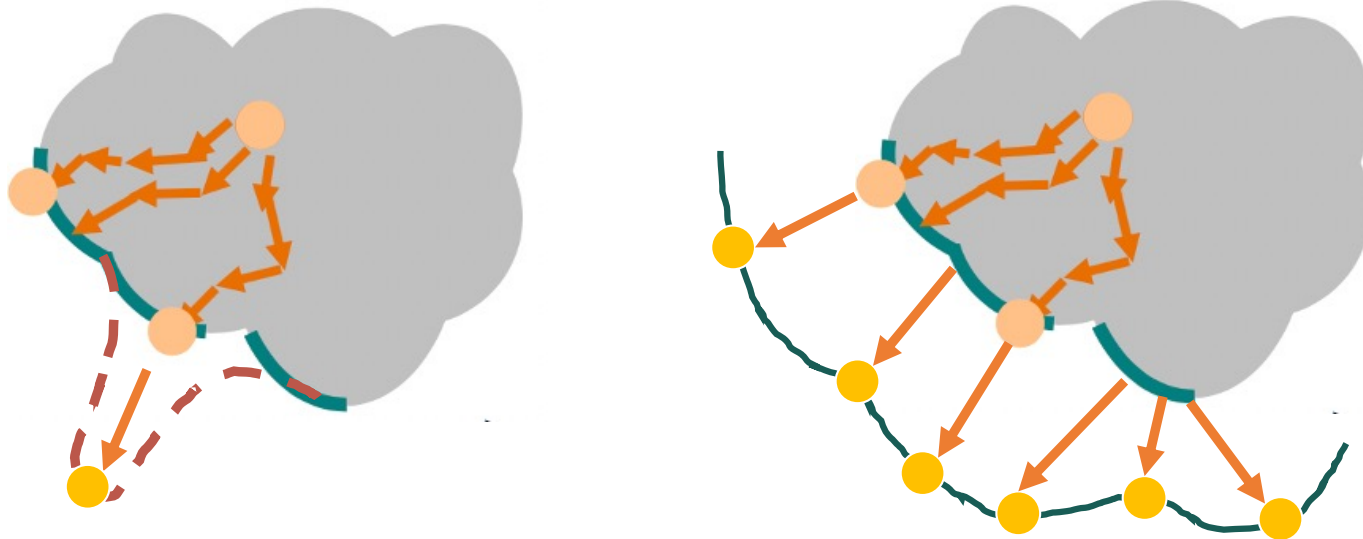
Harry Liang

07/20

Multi-objective optimization + active learning

Bayesian Optimization Objective function Surrogate model Acquisition function

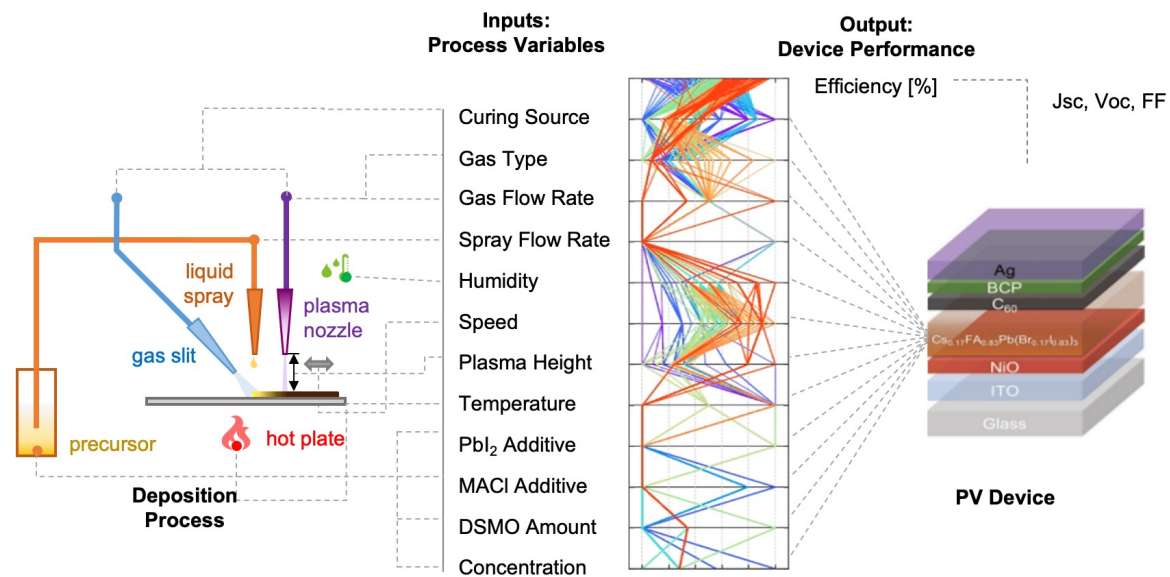
New experiments that best expand the pareto front should be prioritized.



Case study and POC

Currently available $J_{sc} \cdot V_{oc} \cdot FF = \frac{P_{MAX}}{c} \propto PCE$

Future PCE & Degradation



SIPS dataset for MOBO demo

X (6 dimensional)

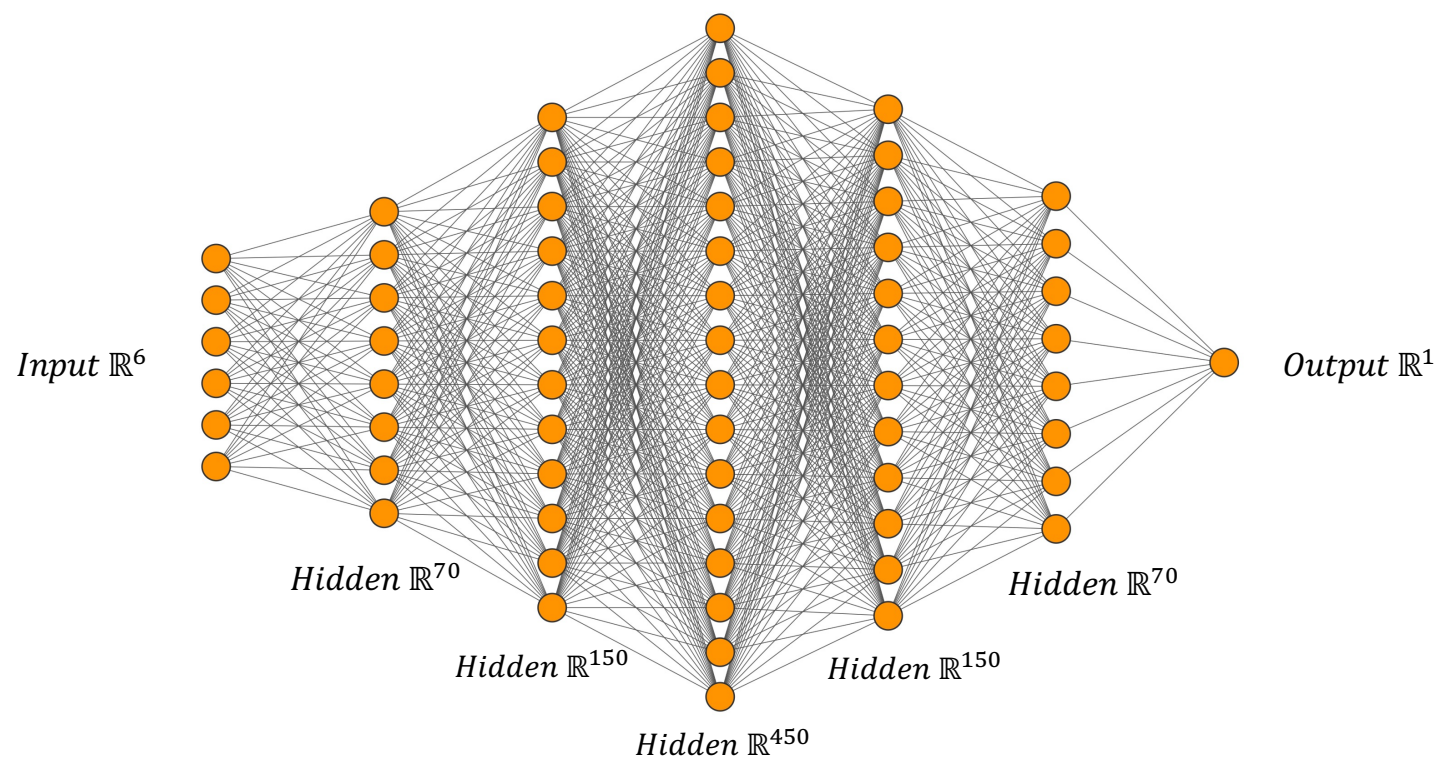
max y_1 max y_2 max y_3

400

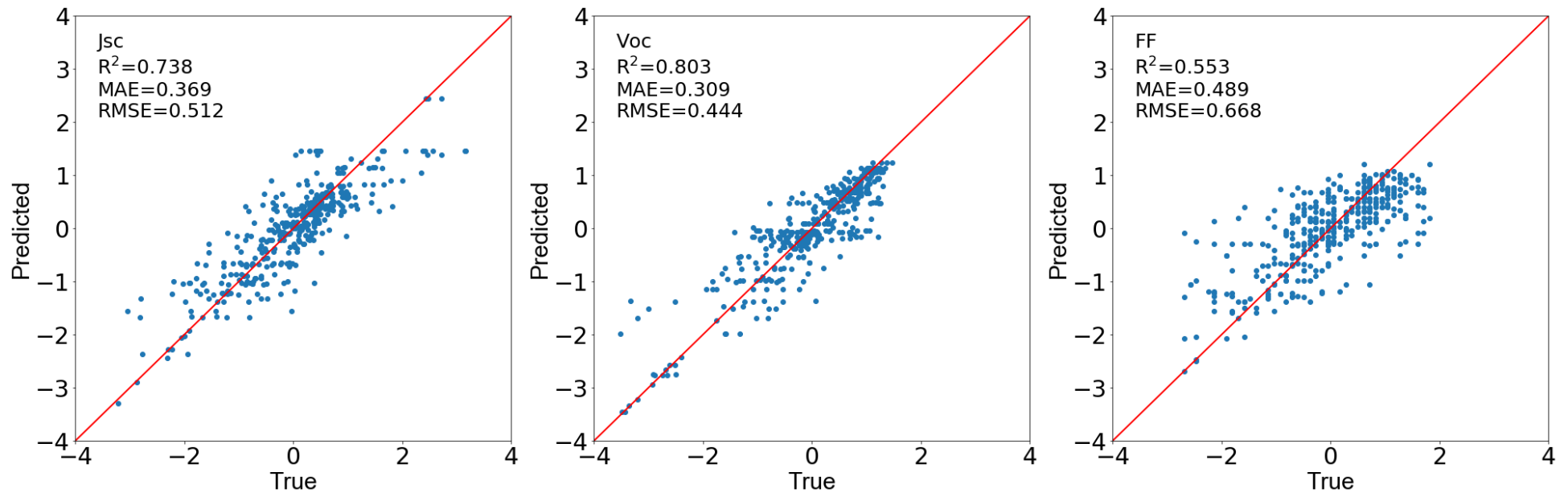
	Temp [degC]	speed [mm/s]	sprayFL [uL/min]	plamsaH [cm]	gasFL [L/min]	plasmaDC [%]	Jsc	Voc	FF
0	150	275	2000	1.0	25	100	12.766660	0.675600	0.37
1	155	150	3000	1.2	20	50	13.819050	0.839975	0.37
2	155	150	4500	1.2	25	25	20.452380	0.859849	0.37
3	145	125	3500	1.0	25	50	25.580952	0.866390	0.37
4	140	200	5000	1.2	20	50	26.180950	0.763086	0.38
...
395	135	175	4000	1.2	20	50	22.185710	0.997484	0.77
396	135	150	4000	0.8	20	50	22.405000	1.007000	0.77
397	145	125	3500	1.0	25	50	22.295200	1.031000	0.77
398	135	150	3500	1.2	20	25	23.666670	0.919288	0.78
399	145	175	3000	1.0	16	25	22.042860	0.972841	0.78

400 rows × 9 columns

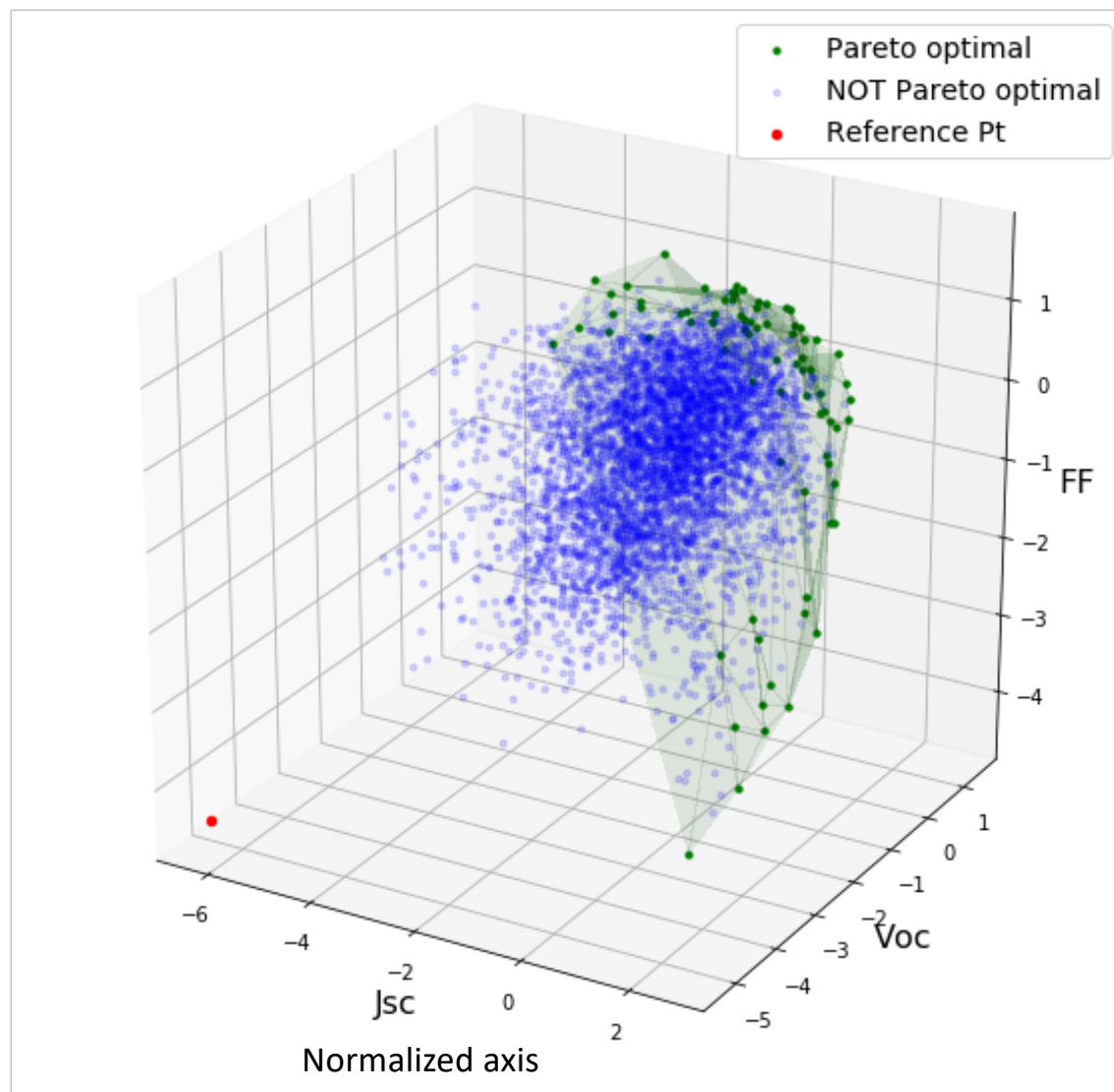
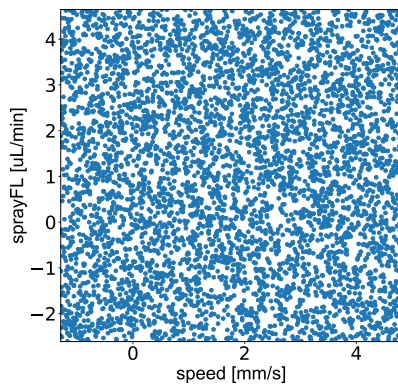
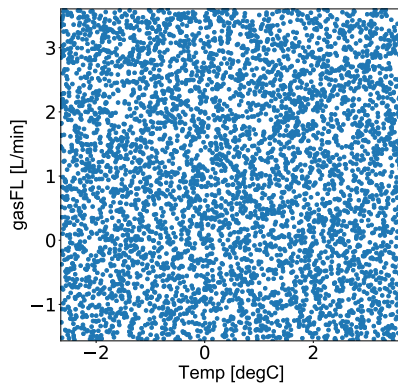
NN “ground truth” models



Parity plots for NN “ground truth” models



‘Ground truth’



SIPS dataset for Retrospective MOBO demo

X (6 dimensional)

max y_1 max y_2 max y_3

5000

	Temp [degC]	speed [mm/s]	sprayFL [uL/min]	plamsaH [cm]	gasFL [L/min]	plasmaDC [%]	Jsc	Voc	FF
0	0.038594	4.787340	-2.520705	-0.007977	-0.620975	1.283714	-1.414222	-3.740918	0.162440
1	0.563656	1.445652	-1.206571	-0.935139	3.393827	-0.860181	-3.334766	0.069202	-0.512193
2	3.454014	1.500614	3.023343	-0.201919	3.174462	0.282355	-0.866588	-0.161780	-1.855402
3	-2.461107	1.157407	-1.632031	0.814202	0.801796	0.597884	-0.170123	-1.430053	0.648208
4	2.035842	2.216341	-0.612670	0.866140	1.805497	-0.219867	-2.467092	-0.413279	0.437571
...
4995	-2.394532	0.656643	0.379102	-0.660527	1.244666	0.761434	-0.502961	-0.646321	0.573376
4996	1.713016	3.904284	-1.427288	-0.334528	1.696849	-0.060174	-2.128265	-1.476419	1.168108
4997	1.172880	0.932674	3.887332	0.665016	-0.894147	-1.169537	1.102211	-1.256820	-2.229904
4998	-2.528938	1.790081	-1.237065	0.901503	0.646585	1.924799	0.068143	-3.538066	0.275859
4999	-1.421031	4.229170	-2.095245	-1.082667	1.267431	1.629329	-1.288464	-3.374500	0.159917

Multi-objective BO (MOBO) demo

Total design space size = 5000

Initial experiments (LHS Sampling) = 20/50

Batch size = 5/20/50

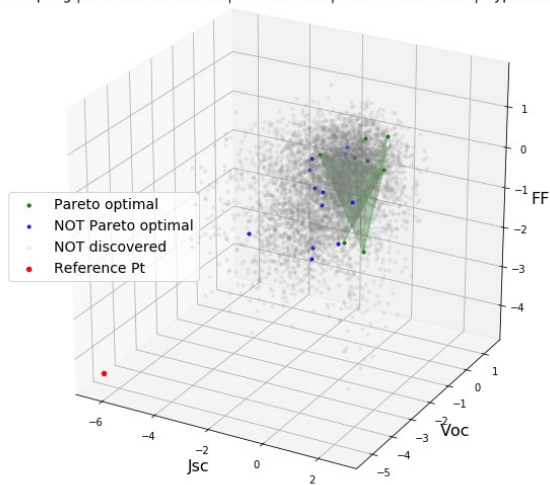
Surrogate model: Default Multivariate GP ARD Matern kernel from BOPorch

Acquisition function: *EHVI* (Expected Hypervolume Improvement)

In real time

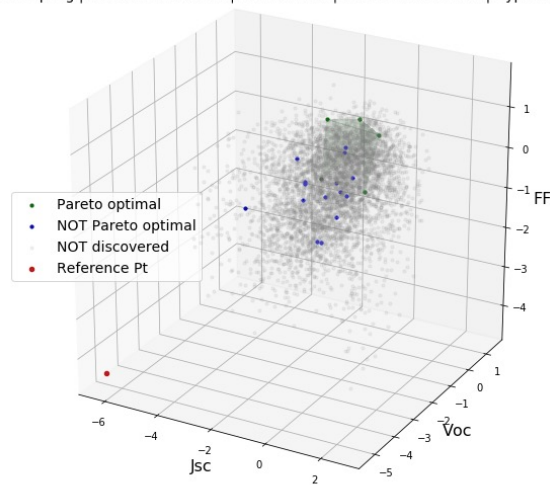
Batch = 5

Initial Sampling | Undiscovered:4980 | Collected:20 | Pareto front: 0.0% | HyperVol: 208.85



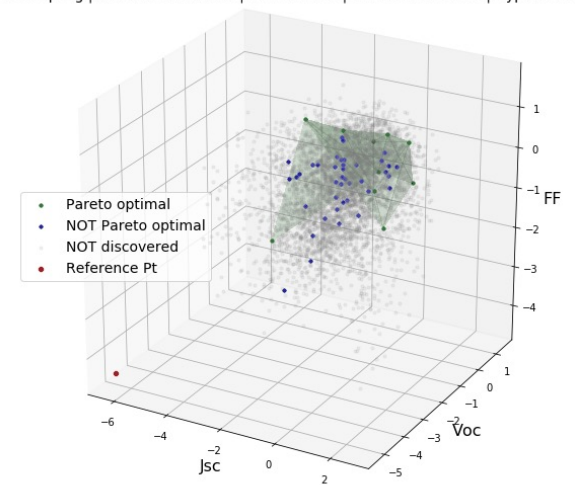
Batch = 20

Initial Sampling | Undiscovered:4980 | Collected:20 | Pareto front: 1.27% | HyperVol: 196.7

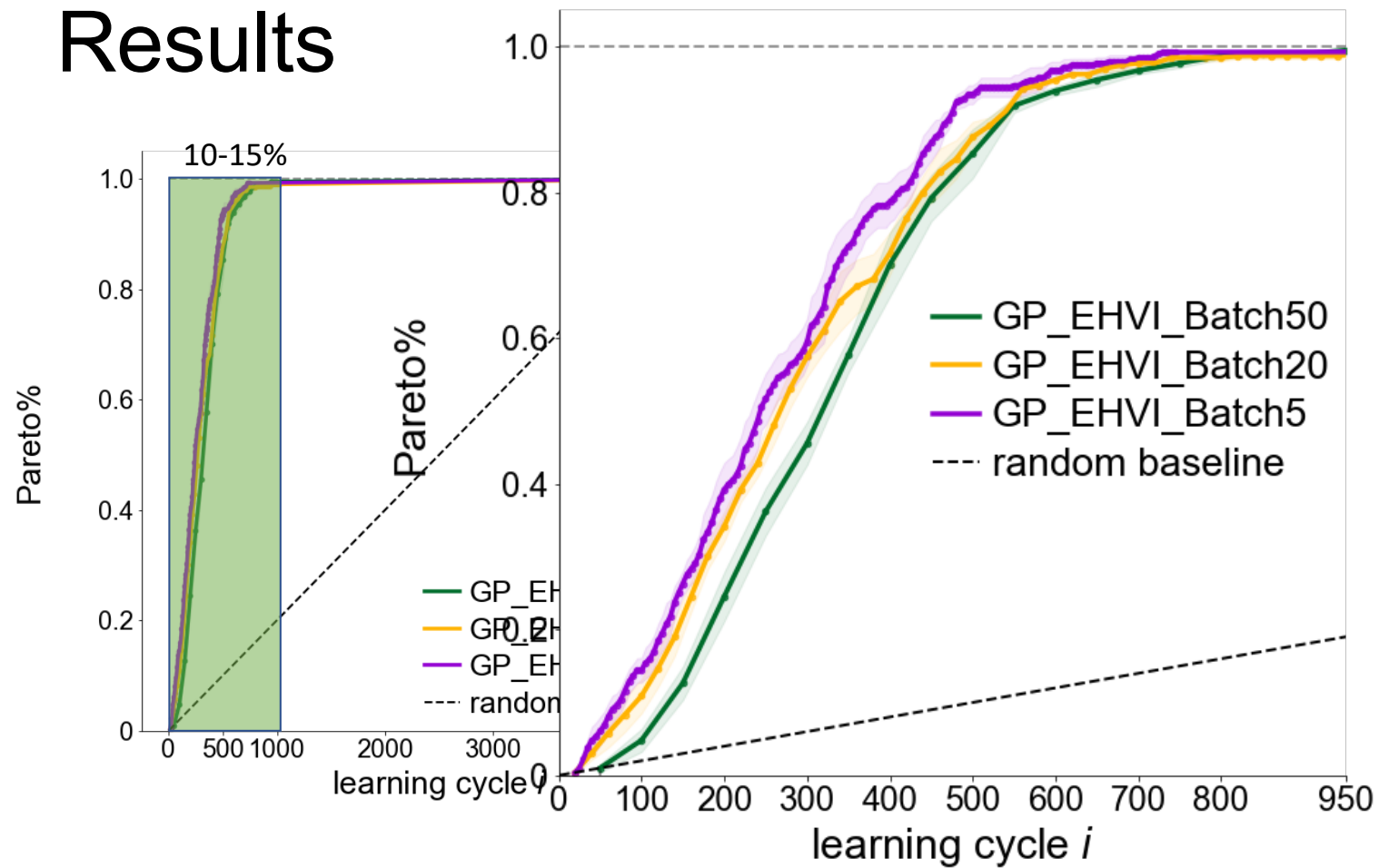


Batch = 50

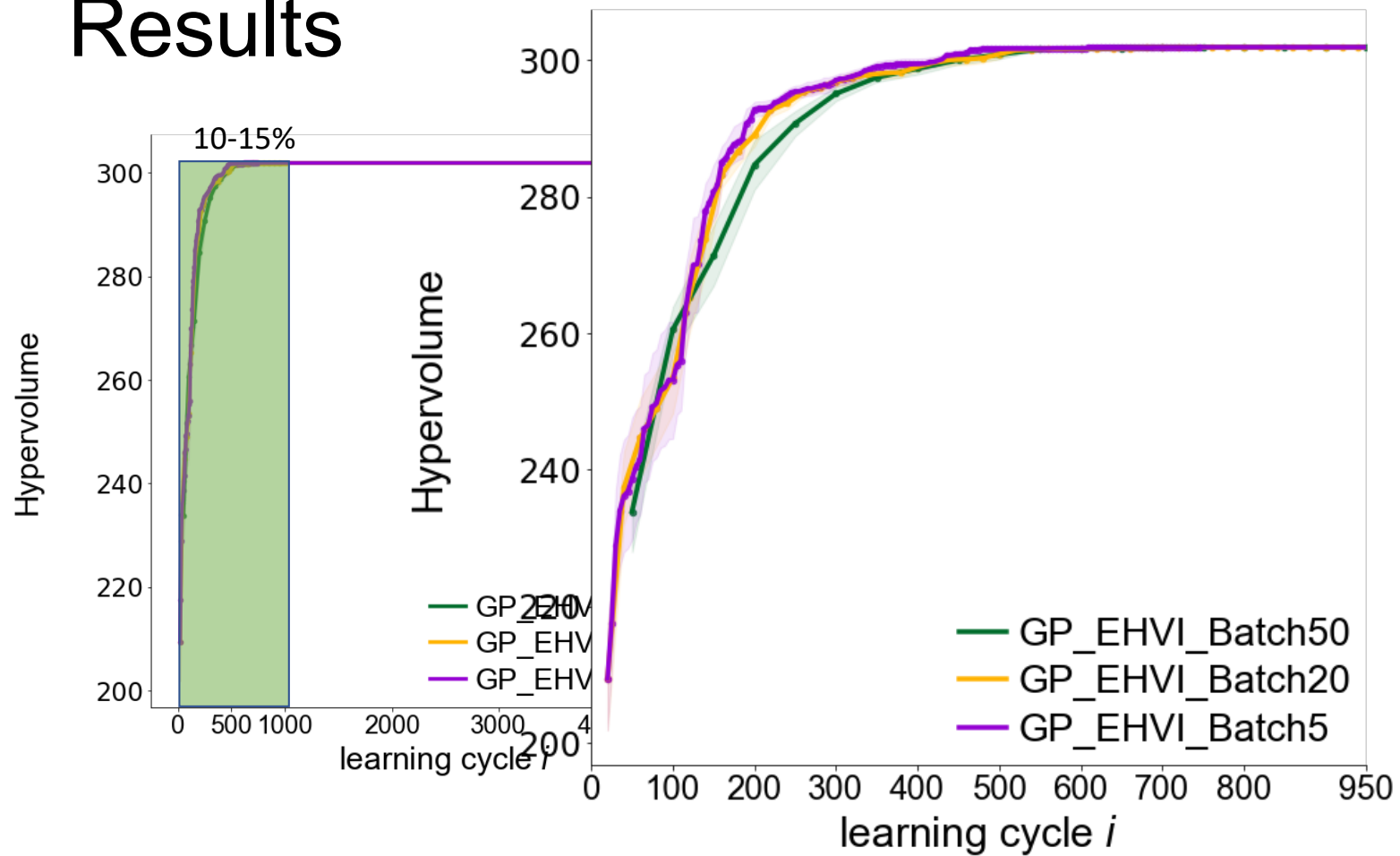
Initial Sampling | Undiscovered:4950 | Collected:50 | Pareto front: 0.0% | HyperVol: 224.15

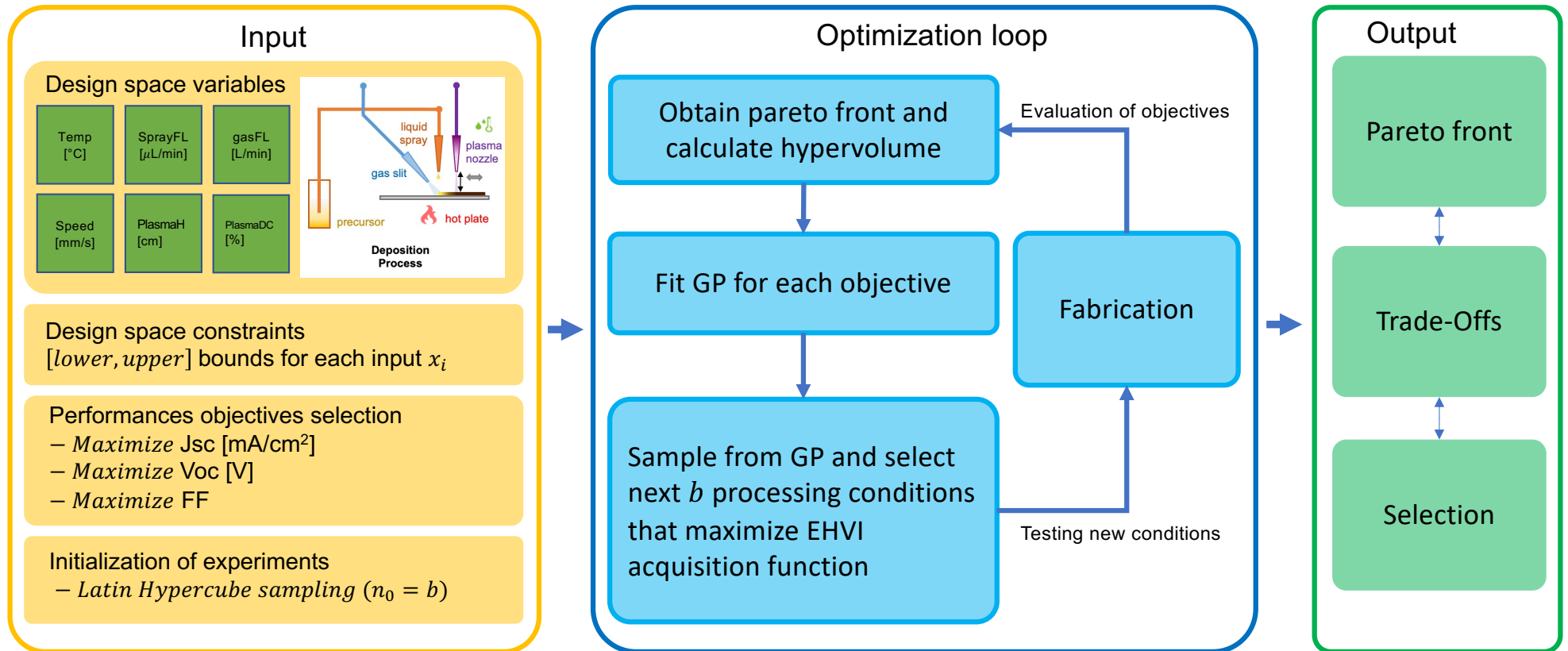


Results



Results





- Demo
- Seeking suggestions of scientific intuition, Important ranges in objective space
- Thoughts are appreciated.



Expected hypervolume improvement

Definition 8 (*Expected hypervolume improvement*) Given parameters of the multivariate predictive distribution μ, σ and the Pareto-front approximation set \mathcal{P} , the *expected hypervolume improvement* is defined as:

$$EHVI(\mu, \sigma, \mathcal{P}, \mathbf{r}) := \int_{\mathbb{R}^d} HVI(\mathcal{P}, \mathbf{y}, \mathbf{r}) \cdot \xi_{\sigma, \mu}(\mathbf{y}) d\mathbf{y} \quad (17)$$

