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Create a Simple Java Web Application Using Servlet, JSP and JDBC

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- 21- 🕹 Edit Product Page
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- Java JSP Standard Tag Library (JSTL) Tutorial
- Install Web Tools Platform into Eclipse
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- Uploading and downloading files stored to have drive with Java Servlet



1- Introduction

This document is based on:

- Eclipse 4.5 MARS
- Tomcat 8.x

In this document, I will guide step by step how to create a simple web application with the combiantion of Servlet + JSP + Filter + JSP EL + JDBC. Make sure that you've mastered Servlet, JSP and Filter and JDBC before the start. If not, you can refer to:

Servlet:

• 🗗 Java Servlet Tutorial for Beginners

Servlet Filter:

• 🛂 Java Servlet Filter Tutorial

JSP:

• 🗗 Java JSP Tutorial for Beginners

JSP Standard Tag Libs (JSTL)

• 🗗 Java JSP Standard Tag Library (JSTL) Tutorial

- Uploading and downloading files from Database using Java Servlet
- Displaying Image from Database with Java Servlet
- Redirect 301 Permanent redirect in Java Servlet
- How to automatically redirect http to https in a Java Web application?
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JDBC

• 🗗 Java JDBC tutorial



NOTE: In this post I only introduce about **CRUD**, "Login" and "Remember Me" function. And do not handle the security of the pages. If you want to have an application, secure each page, please refer to the article below:

• & Create a simple Login application and secure pages with Java Servlet Filter

2- The principle when programming Servlet + JSP

These are the principles that you should keep in mind to be able to build a Web application using **Servlet + JSP** satisfying criteria: code is simple, easy to understand and easy to maintain.

The principles:

- 1. Never allow users to directly access to your JSP page.
- 2. JSP is only considered as the place to display interface.
- 3. Servlet acts as the controller of the application flows and program logical processing.
- 4. Open the JDBC connection and transaction management in Filter (Optional).

According to the principle 1:

Never allow users to directly access to your JSP page, it means that all user's requests are:

- Another source of static data (images, css, js, ...)
- Or a servlet.

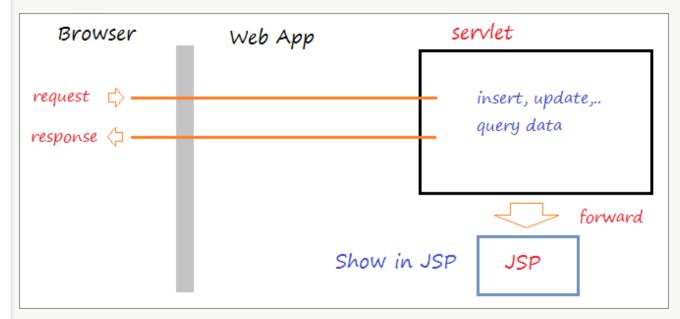
- Introducing Bootstrap
- Connecting to MySQL Database using NodeJS
- NodeJS EventEmitter Tutorial
- Understanding Event Loop in NodeJS
- The concept of Callback in NodeJS
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Therefore, you must hide your JSP files in a place where the user can not access. For instance, set it in the **WEB-INF** folder or its subdirectories. In this example, I hide the jsp files in the **WEB-INF/views**.



When the user requests to a Servlet, it will dispose user's requirements, such insert, update and query the data, eventually forward to the JSP page to display the data. Thus, each servlet has 0 or multiple corresponding JSP pages (Usually only need 1).

Principle 2:

JSP is only considered as the place to display data, which means that you should not handle the application logic on the JSP, such as update, insert, delete, ..., and not navigate on the JSP page.

3- View Demo of Web Application will do

You can preview Demo Web application will do:









4- Prepare database

In this document, I instruct you to work with one of 3 databases: **Oracle, MySQL or SQL Server**. You need to run scripts to create some tables and necessary data for this example.

ORACLE:

```
-- Create table
    create table USER_ACCOUNT
3
    USER_NAME VARCHAR2(30) not null,
    GENDER VARCHAR2(1) not null,
6
    PASSWORD VARCHAR2(30) not null,
    primary key (USER_NAME)
8
9
10
    -- Create table
    create table PRODUCT
11
12
13
    CODE VARCHAR2(20) not null,
14
    NAME VARCHAR2(128) not null,
15
    PRICE FLOAT not null,
16
    primary key (CODE)
```







```
17
18
19
20
21
     insert into user_account (USER_NAME, GENDER, PASSWORD)
22
     values ('tom', 'M', 'tom001');
23
24
     insert into user_account (USER_NAME, GENDER, PASSWORD)
25
     values ('jerry', 'M', 'jerry001');
26
27
     insert into product (CODE, NAME, PRICE)
28
     values ('P001', 'Java Core', 100);
29
30
     insert into product (CODE, NAME, PRICE)
31
     values ('P002', 'C# Core', 90);
32
33
     -- Commit
34
    Commit:
```

MYSQL:

```
-- Create table
2
    create table USER_ACCOUNT
3
4
    USER_NAME VARCHAR(30) not null,
5
    GENDER VARCHAR(1) not null,
6
    PASSWORD VARCHAR(30) not null,
7
    primary key (USER_NAME)
8
9
10
    -- Create table
11
    create table PRODUCT
12
13
    CODE VARCHAR(20) not null,
    NAME VARCHAR(128) not null,
14
15
    PRICE FLOAT not null,
16
    primary key (CODE)
17
18
19
    -- Insert data: -----
20
21
    insert into user_account (USER_NAME, GENDER, PASSWORD)
22
    values ('tom', 'M', 'tom001');
23
```







```
insert into user_account (USER_NAME, GENDER, PASSWORD)
values ('jerry', 'M', 'jerry001');
insert into product (CODE, NAME, PRICE)
values ('P001', 'Java Core', 100);
insert into product (CODE, NAME, PRICE)
values ('P002', 'C# Core', 90);
```

SQL SERVER:

```
-- Create table
 2
     create table USER_ACCOUNT
 3
    USER_NAME VARCHAR(30) not null,
 4
 5
     GENDER VARCHAR(1) not null,
 6
     PASSWORD VARCHAR(30) not null,
 7
     primary key (USER_NAME)
 8
 9
10
     -- Create table
11
     create table PRODUCT
12
13
     CODE VARCHAR(20) not null,
14
     NAME VARCHAR(128) not null,
15
     PRICE FLOAT not null,
16
     primary key (CODE)
17
18
19
20
21
     insert into user_account (USER_NAME, GENDER, PASSWORD)
22
     values ('tom', 'M', 'tom001');
23
24
     insert into user_account (USER_NAME, GENDER, PASSWORD)
25
     values ('jerry', 'M', 'jerry001');
26
27
     insert into product (CODE, NAME, PRICE)
28
     values ('P001', 'Java Core', 100);
29
30
     insert into product (CODE, NAME, PRICE)
    values ('P002', 'C# Core', 90);
31
```



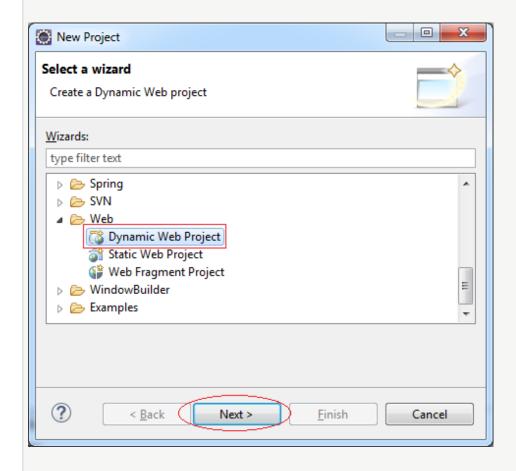




5- Create WebApp Project

In Eclipse select:

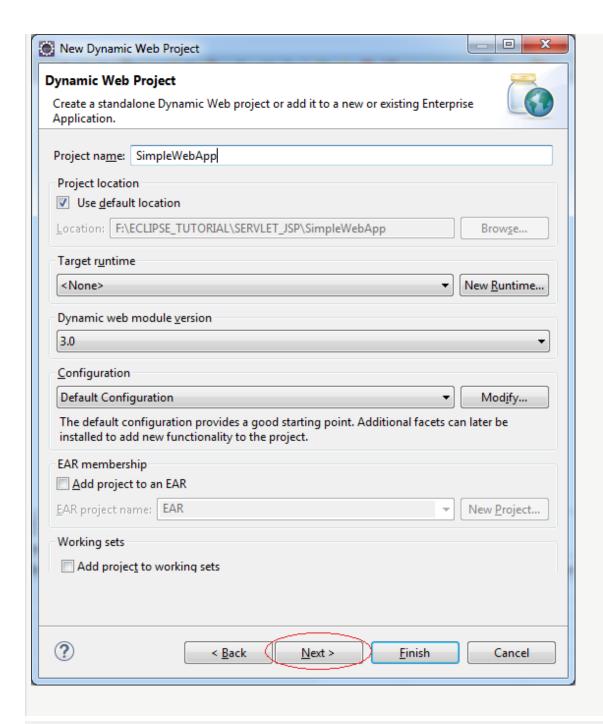
• File/New/Other...







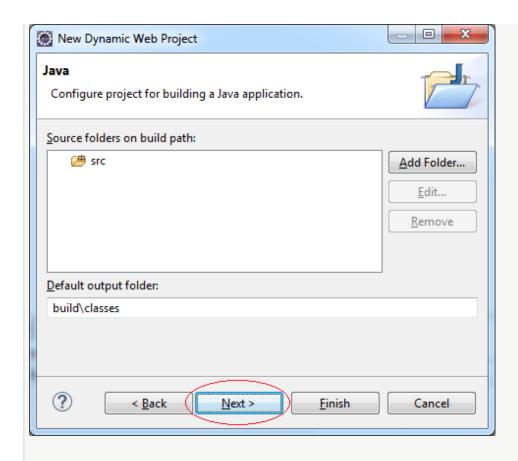








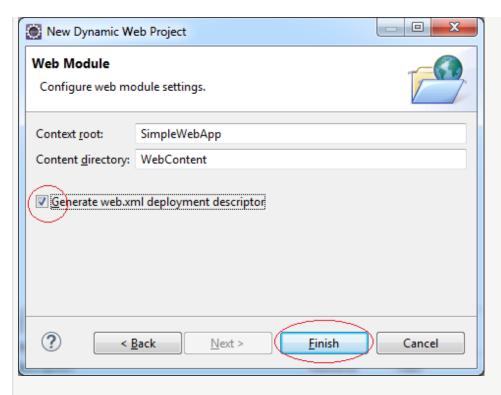










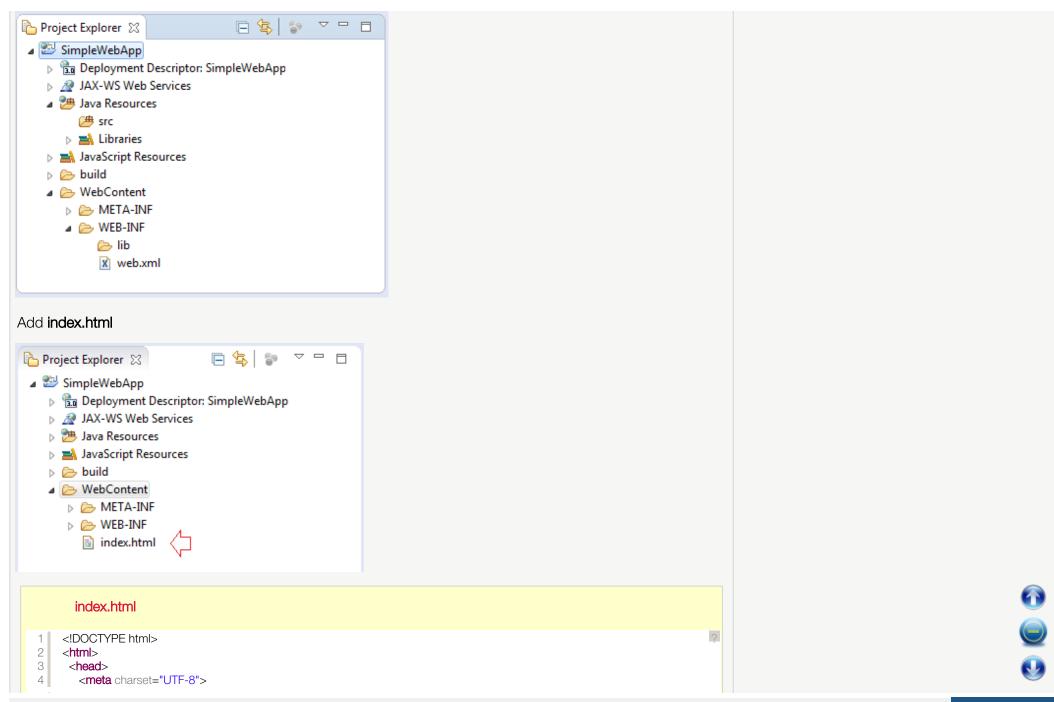


Project was created.









```
<title>Simple Web Application</title>
6
      </head>
7
8
     <body>
9
       <h2>Simple Login Web Application using JSP/Servlet</h2>
10
11
12
       13
         <a href="home">Home</a>
14
         <a href="login">Login</a>
         <a href="productList">Product List</a>
15
16
       17
18
     </body>
19
    </html>
```

6- Configuring the runtime environment

The application needs to run on a WebServer, such as **Tomcat Server**, you can refer to download and declaration instructions of **Server Tomcat** in **Eclipse** at:

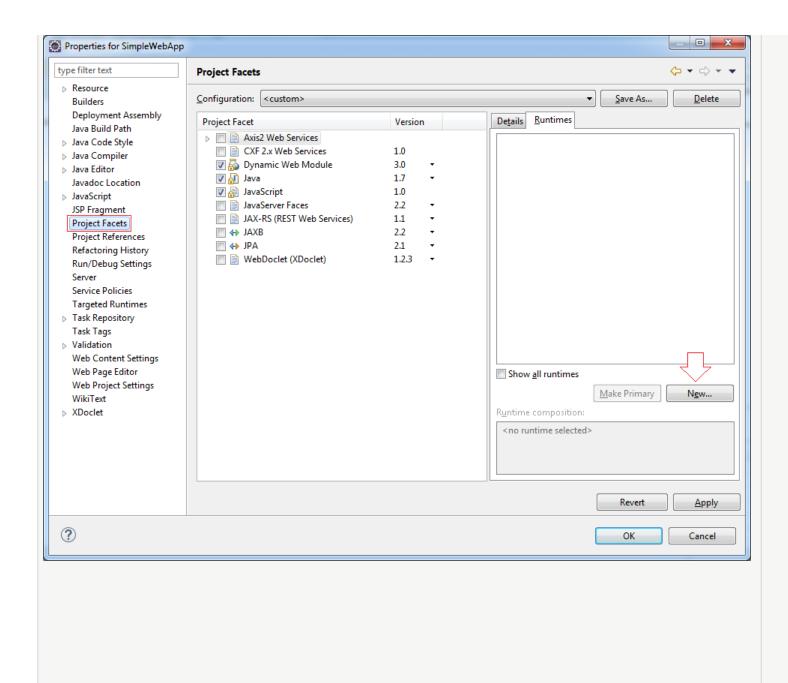
• 🗗 Installing and Configuring Tomcat Server in Eclipse

Right-click the SimpleWebApp select Properties.





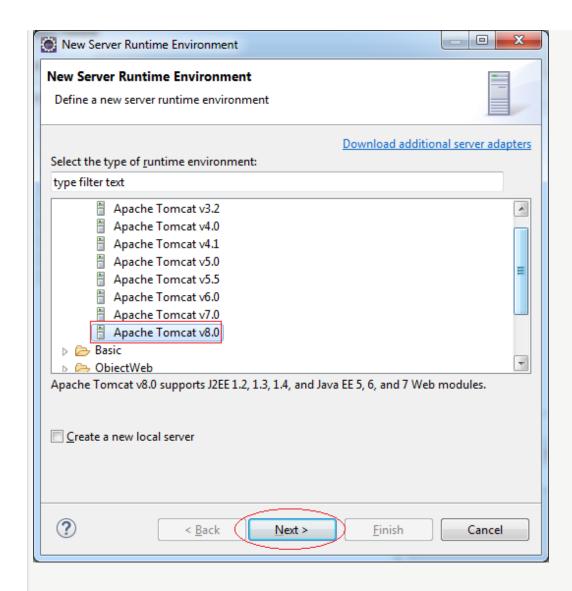








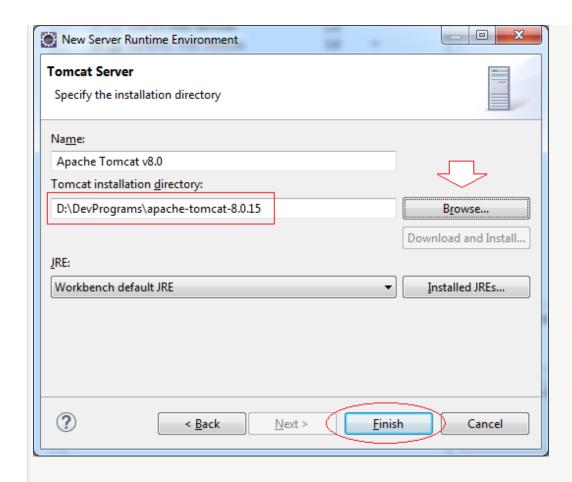








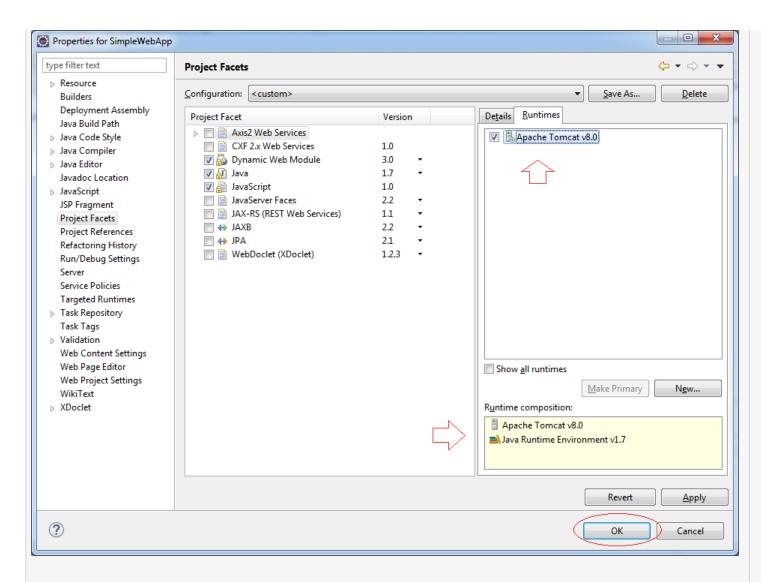












7- Run application for first time

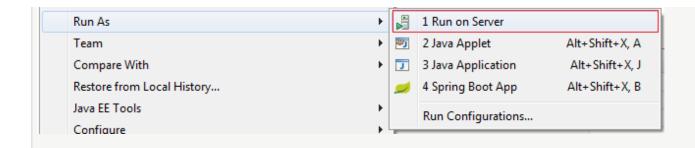
Right-click on SimpleWebApp, select:

• Run As/Run on Server





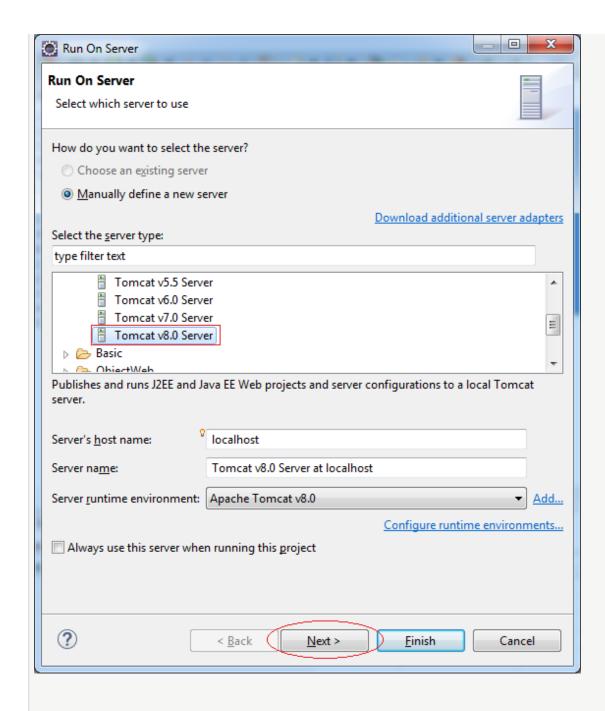








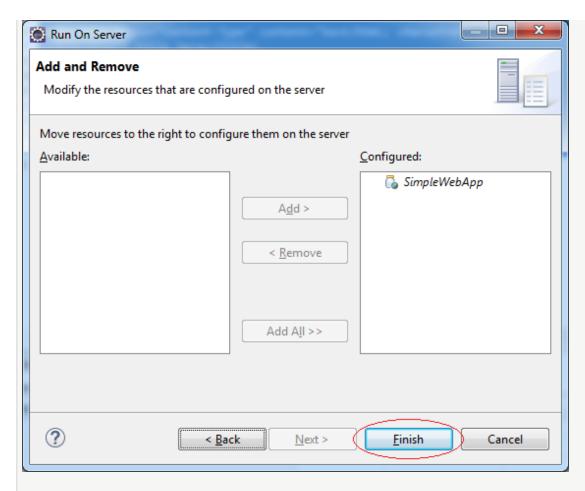












Application has been run:









OK, here everything is fine. We'll start programming a real Web application.

8- Download and declare JDBC library

You have to download JDBC library to driving the connection with the Database. In this document, I download both of 3 JDBC libraries for **Oracle, MySQL, SQL Server**, in practice, you only need JDBC library corresponding to the type of database you are using.

You can see download instruction of JDBC driver at:

• 🗗 JDBC Driver Libraries for different types of database in Java



Or download here:

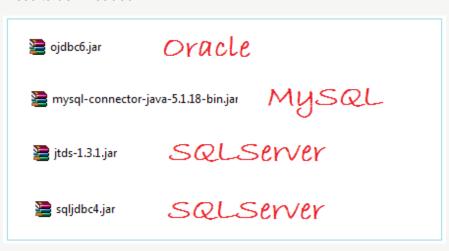
• Some-jdbc-drivers.zip (MySQL + SQL Server + Oracle) o7planning link.







Results downloaded:

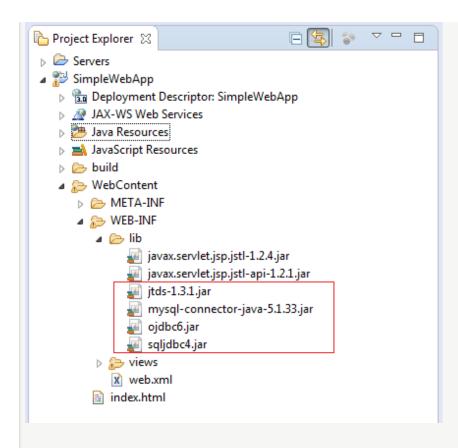


Copy these libraries into the $\mbox{WEB-INF/lib}\xspace$:







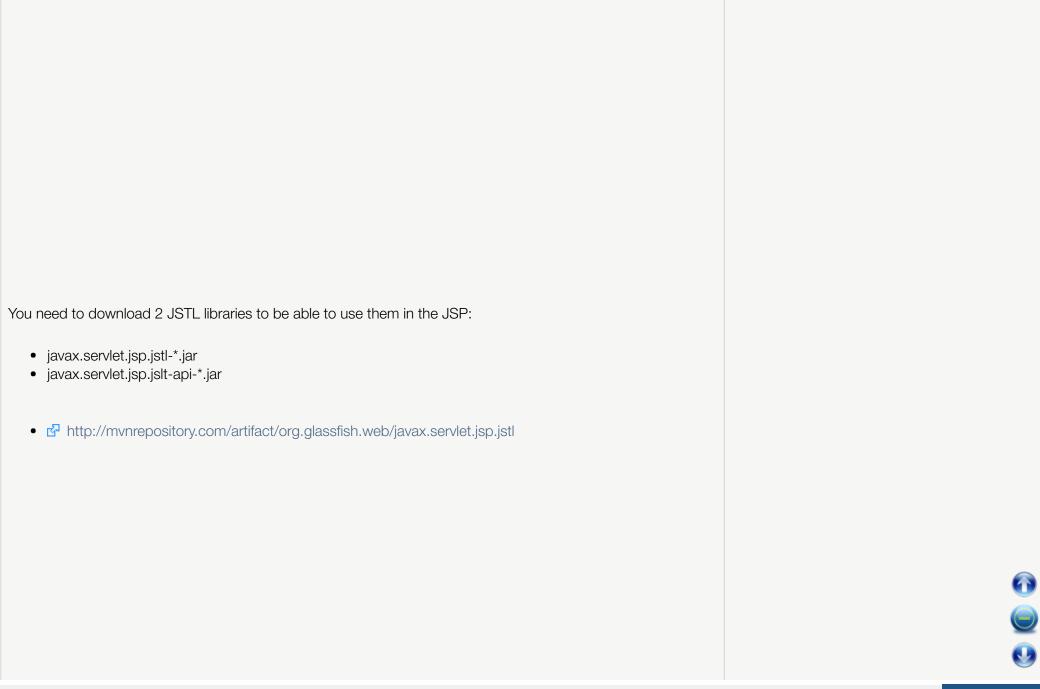


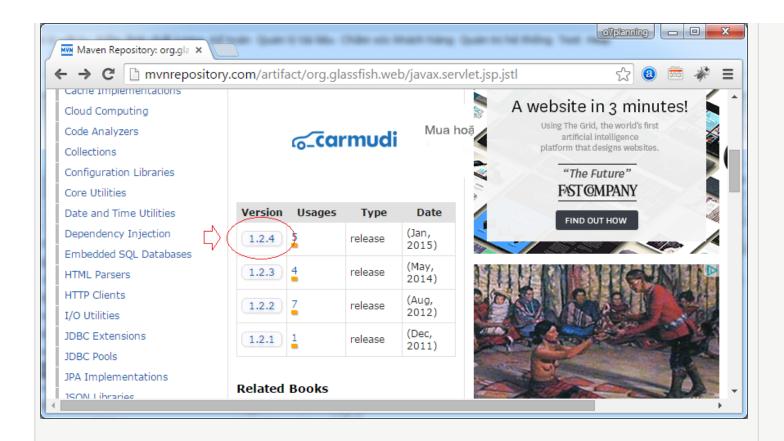
9- Download and declare JSTL library









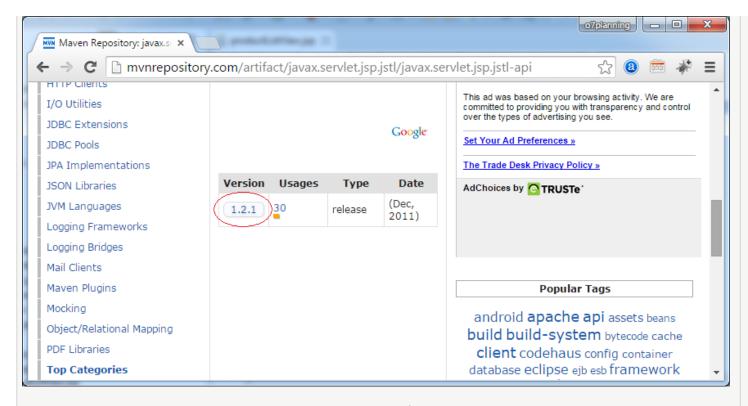


• 🗗 http://mvnrepository.com/artifact/javax.servlet.jsp.jstl/javax.servlet.jsp.jstl-api







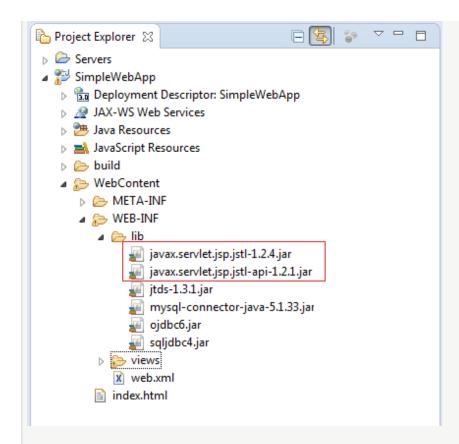


Copy 2 jar files that you just downloaded into the / WEB-INF/lib:









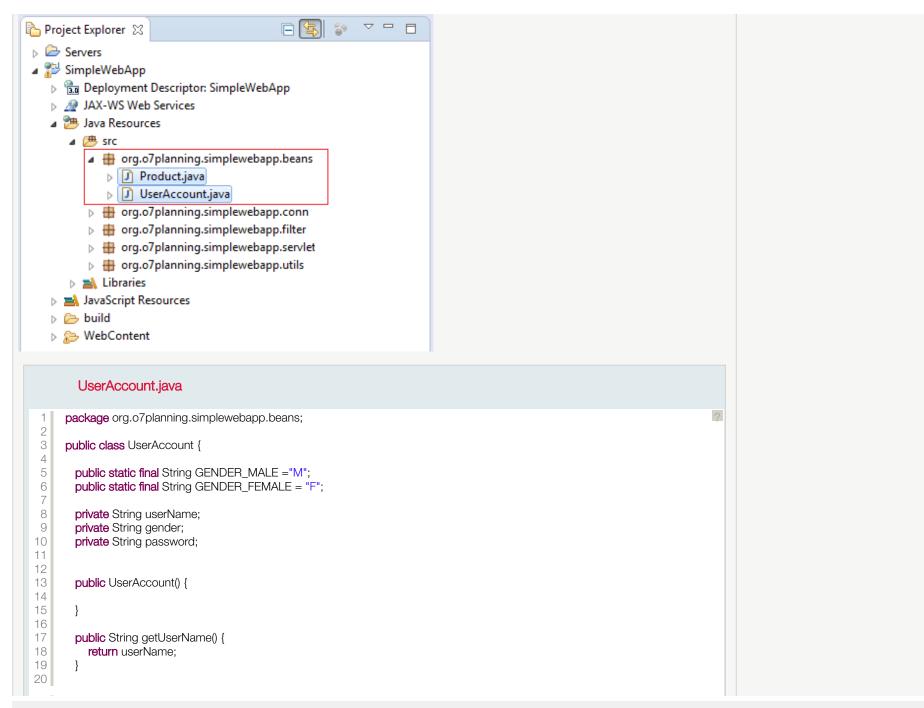
10- Javabean classes simulated tables in the database

Create 2 JavaBean classes, wherein each class simulated a table in the database:









```
public void setUserName(String userName) {
21
22
         this.userName = userName:
23
24
25
       public String getGender() {
26
         return gender;
27
28
29
       public void setGender(String gender) {
30
         this.gender = gender;
31
32
33
       public String getPassword() {
34
         return password;
35
36
37
       public void setPassword(String password) {
38
         this.password = password;
39
40
41
```

Product.java package org.o7planning.simplewebapp.beans; public class Product { private String code; **private** String name; private float price; public Product() { public Product(String code, String name, float price) { this.code = code; this.name = name; **this**.price = price; public String getCode() { return code;







public void setCode(String code) {

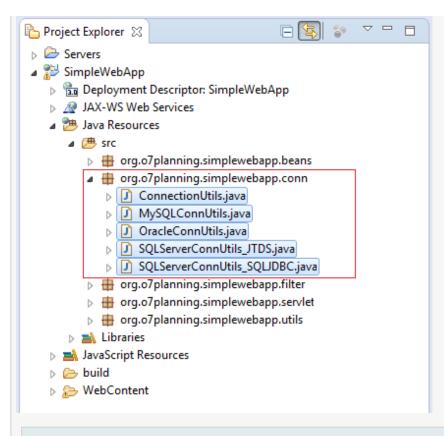
```
24
25
         this.code = code;
26
27
       public String getName() {
28
         return name;
29
30
31
       public void setName(String name) {
32
         this.name = name;
33
34
35
       public float getPrice() {
36
         return price;
37
38
39
       public void setPrice(float price) {
         this.price = price;
40
41
42
43 }
```

11- Database Connection Utility classes

















```
17
18
19
     public static Connection getMySQLConnection(String hostName, String dbName,
20
          String userName, String password) throws SQLException,
          ClassNotFoundException {
21
22
        Class.forName("com.mysql.jdbc.Driver");
23
24
25
        // URL Connection for MySQL:
26
        // Example:
27
        // jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/simplehr
28
        String connectionURL = "jdbc:mysql://" + hostName + ":3306/" + dbName;
29
30
        Connection conn = DriverManager.getConnection(connectionURL, userName,
31
             password);
32
        return conn;
33
34
```

OracleConnUtils.java package org.o7planning.simplewebapp.conn; 2 3 **import** java.sql.Connection; import java.sql.DriverManager; 4 5 import java.sql.SQLException; 6 7 public class OracleConnUtils { 8 9 public static Connection getOracleConnection() throws ClassNotFoundException, SQLException { 10 11 12 // Note: Change the connection parameters accordingly. 13 String hostName = "localhost"; String sid = "db12c"; 14 15 String userName = "mytest"; 16 String password = "12345"; 17 18 return getOracleConnection(hostName, sid, userName, password); 19 20 21 public static Connection getOracleConnection(String hostName, String sid, 22 String userName, String password) throws ClassNotFoundException, 23 SQLException { 24 25 Class.forName("oracle.jdbc.driver.OracleDriver"); 26







```
27
         // URL Connection for Oracle
28
         // Example:
29
         // jdbc:oracle:thin:@localhost:1521:db11q
30
         // jdbc:oracle:thin:@//HOSTNAME:PORT/SERVICENAME
31
          String connectionURL = "jdbc:oracle:thin:@" + hostName + ":1521:" + sid;
32
33
          Connection conn = DriverManager.getConnection(connectionURL, userName,
34
              password);
35
         return conn;
36
37 }
```

```
SQLServerConnUtils_JTDS.java
     package org.o7planning.simplewebapp.conn;
2
3
     import java.sql.Connection;
4
     import java.sql.DriverManager;
5
     import java.sql.SQLException;
6
7
     public class SQLServerConnUtils_JTDS {
8
9
       // Connect to SQLServer
10
       // (Using JDBC Driver of JTDS library)
       public static Connection getSQLServerConnection_JTDS() //
11
12
            throws SQLException, ClassNotFoundException {
13
14
          // Note: Change the connection parameters accordingly.
          String hostName = "localhost";
15
16
          String sqllnstanceName = "SQLEXPRESS";
          String database = "mytest";
17
18
          String userName = "sa";
19
          String password = "12345";
20
21
          return getSQLServerConnection_JTDS(hostName, sqllnstanceName, database, userName, password);
22
23
24
       // Connect to SQLServer, using JTDS library
       private static Connection getSQLServerConnection_JTDS(String hostName, //
25
26
            String sqllnstanceName, String database, String userName, String password)
```







// jdbc:jtds:sqlserver://localhost:1433/simplehr;instance=SQLEXPRESS

String connectionURL = "jdbc:jtds:sqlserver://" + hostName + ":1433/" //

throws ClassNotFoundException, SQLException {

Class.forName("net.sourceforge.jtds.jdbc.Driver");

27

28 29

30 31

32

33

// Example:

```
+ database + ";instance=" + sqlInstanceName;

Connection conn = DriverManager.getConnection(connectionURL, userName, password);
return conn;
}

}
```

```
SQLServerConnUtils_SQLJDBC.java
     package org.o7planning.simplewebapp.conn;
 2
 3
     import java.sql.Connection;
 4
     import java.sql.DriverManager;
 5
     import java.sql.SQLException;
 6
 7
     public class SQLServerConnUtils_SQLJDBC {
 8
9
        // Connect to SQL Server.
        // (Using JDBC Driver: SQLJDBC)
10
        public static Connection getSQLServerConnection_SQLJDBC() //
11
12
            throws ClassNotFoundException, SQLException {
13
14
          // Note: Change the connection parameters accordingly.
15
          String hostName = "localhost";
16
          String sqllnstanceName = "SQLEXPRESS";
          String database = "mytest";
17
18
          String userName = "sa";
19
          String password = "12345";
20
21
          return getSQLServerConnection_SQLJDBC(hostName, sqllnstanceName, database, userName, password);
22
23
24
        // Connect to SQLServer, using SQLJDBC Library.
25
        private static Connection getSQLServerConnection_SQLJDBC(String hostName, //
26
            String sqllnstanceName, String database, String userName, String password)//
27
            throws ClassNotFoundException, SQLException {
28
29
          Class.forName("com.microsoft.sqlserver.jdbc.SQLServerDriver");
30
31
          // Example:
32
          // jdbc:sqlserver://Serverlp:1433/SQLEXPRESS;databaseName=simplehr
33
          String connectionURL = "jdbc:sqlserver://" + hostName + ":1433" //
34
               + ";instance=" + sqllnstanceName + ";databaseName=" + database;
35
36
          Connection conn = DriverManager.getConnection(connectionURL, userName, password);
37
          return conn:
```







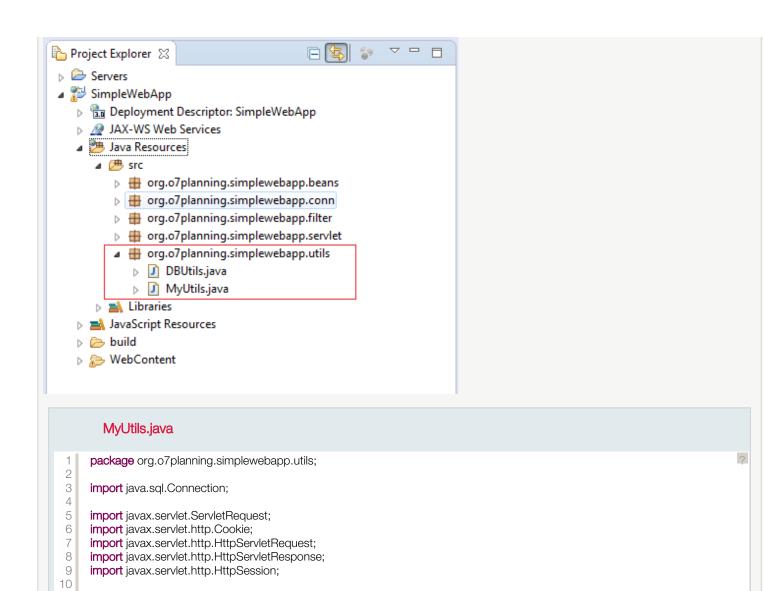
```
38 }
39
40 }
```

```
ConnectionUtils.java
     package org.o7planning.simplewebapp.conn;
2
 3
     import java.sql.Connection;
 4
     import java.sql.SQLException;
 5
 6
     public class ConnectionUtils {
 7
 8
        public static Connection getConnection()
              throws ClassNotFoundException, SQLException {
9
10
11
          // Here I using Oracle Database.
12
          // (You can change to use another database.)
13
          return OracleConnUtils.getOracleConnection();
14
15
          // return OracleConnUtils.getOracleConnection();
16
          // return MySQLConnUtils.getMySQLConnection();
          // return SQLServerConnUtils_JTDS.getSQLServerConnection_JTDS();
17
          // return SQLServerConnUtils_SQLJDBC.getSQLServerConnection_SQLJDBC();
18
          // return PostGresConnUtils.getPostGresConnection();
19
20
21
22
        public static void closeQuietly(Connection conn) {
23
          try {
24
             conn.close();
25
          } catch (Exception e) {
26
27
28
29
        public static void rollbackQuietly(Connection conn) {
30
          try {
31
             conn.rollback();
32
           } catch (Exception e) {
33
34
35
```















public static final String ATT_NAME_CONNECTION = "ATTRIBUTE_FOR_CONNECTION";

private static final String ATT_NAME_USER_NAME = "ATTRIBUTE_FOR_STORE_USER_NAME_IN_COOKIE";

import org.o7planning.simplewebapp.beans.UserAccount;

// Store Connection in request attribute.

11

12 13

14 15

16 17

18 19 public class MyUtils {

```
20
        // (Information stored only exist during requests)
        public static void storeConnection(ServletRequest request, Connection conn) {
21
22
           request.setAttribute(ATT NAME CONNECTION, conn);
23
24
25
        // Get the Connection object has been stored in attribute of the request.
26
        public static Connection getStoredConnection(ServletRequest request) {
27
          Connection conn = (Connection) request.getAttribute(ATT_NAME_CONNECTION);
28
          return conn;
29
30
31
        // Store user info in Session.
32
        public static void storeLoginedUser(HttpSession session, UserAccount loginedUser) {
33
          // On the JSP can access via ${loginedUser}
34
          session.setAttribute("loginedUser", loginedUser);
35
36
37
        // Get the user information stored in the session.
38
        public static UserAccount getLoginedUser(HttpSession session) {
39
          UserAccount loginedUser = (UserAccount) session.getAttribute("loginedUser");
40
          return loginedUser;
41
42
43
        // Store info in Cookie
44
        public static void storeUserCookie(HttpServletResponse response, UserAccount user) {
45
          System.out.println("Store user cookie");
          Cookie cookieUserName = new Cookie(ATT_NAME_USER_NAME, user.getUserName());
46
47
          // 1 day (Converted to seconds)
48
          cookieUserName.setMaxAge(24 * 60 * 60):
49
           response.addCookie(cookieUserName);
50
51
52
        public static String getUserNameInCookie(HttpServletRequest request) {
53
          Cookie[] cookies = request.getCookies();
54
           if (cookies != null) {
55
             for (Cookie cookie: cookies) {
56
               if (ATT_NAME_USER_NAME.equals(cookie.getName())) {
57
                  return cookie.getValue();
58
59
60
61
           return null:
62
63
64
        // Delete cookie.
65
        public static void deleteUserCookie(HttpServletResponse response) {
66
          Cookie cookieUserName = new Cookie(ATT_NAME_USER_NAME, null);
67
          // 0 seconds (This cookie will expire immediately)
68
          cookieUserName.setMaxAge(0);
```







```
69
          response.addCookie(cookieUserName);
70
71
72
       DBUtils.java
      package org.o7planning.simplewebapp.utils;
  2
  3
      import java.sql.Connection;
      import java.sql.PreparedStatement;
      import java.sql.ResultSet;
      import java.sql.SQLException;
  6
      import java.util.ArrayList;
      import java.util.List;
  9
      import org.o7planning.simplewebapp.beans.Product;
 10
      import org.o7planning.simplewebapp.beans.UserAccount;
11
 12
 13
      public class DBUtils {
14
15
         public static UserAccount findUser(Connection conn, //
              String userName, String password) throws SQLException {
16
17
           String sql = "Select a.User_Name, a.Password, a.Gender from User_Account a " //
18
19
                + " where a.User_Name = ? and a.password= ?";
20
21
           PreparedStatement pstm = conn.prepareStatement(sql);
22
           pstm.setString(1, userName);
 23
           pstm.setString(2, password);
 24
           ResultSet rs = pstm.executeQuery();
 25
 26
           if (rs.next()) {
 27
              String gender = rs.getString("Gender");
28
              UserAccount user = new UserAccount();
 29
              user.setUserName(userName);
 30
              user.setPassword(password);
31
              user.setGender(gender);
 32
              return user;
33
34
           return null;
35
36
37
         public static UserAccount findUser(Connection conn, String userName) throws SQLException {
38
39
           String sql = "Select a.User_Name, a.Password, a.Gender from User_Account a "//
```







+ " where a.User_Name = ? ";

40

```
41
42
           PreparedStatement pstm = conn.prepareStatement(sql);
43
           pstm.setString(1, userName);
44
45
           ResultSet rs = pstm.executeQuery();
46
47
           if (rs.next()) {
48
             String password = rs.getString("Password");
49
             String gender = rs.getString("Gender");
50
             UserAccount user = new UserAccount();
51
             user.setUserName(userName);
52
             user.setPassword(password);
53
             user.setGender(gender);
54
             return user:
55
56
           return null:
57
58
59
        public static List<Product> queryProduct(Connection conn) throws SQLException {
60
           String sql = "Select a.Code, a.Name, a.Price from Product a";
61
62
           PreparedStatement pstm = conn.prepareStatement(sql);
63
64
           ResultSet rs = pstm.executeQuery();
65
           List<Product> list = new ArrayList<Product>();
66
           while (rs.next()) {
67
             String code = rs.getString("Code");
68
             String name = rs.getString("Name");
69
             float price = rs.getFloat("Price");
             Product product = new Product();
70
71
             product.setCode(code);
72
             product.setName(name);
73
             product.setPrice(price);
74
             list.add(product);
75
76
           return list;
77
78
79
        public static Product findProduct(Connection conn, String code) throws SQLException {
80
           String sql = "Select a.Code, a.Name, a.Price from Product a where a.Code=?";
81
82
           PreparedStatement pstm = conn.prepareStatement(sql);
83
           pstm.setString(1, code);
84
85
           ResultSet rs = pstm.executeQuery();
86
87
           while (rs.next()) {
88
             String name = rs.getString("Name");
89
             float price = rs.getFloat("Price");
```







```
90
              Product product = new Product(code, name, price);
91
              return product:
92
93
           return null:
94
95
96
         public static void updateProduct(Connection conn, Product product) throws SQLException {
97
           String sql = "Update Product set Name =?, Price=? where Code=?";
98
99
           PreparedStatement pstm = conn.prepareStatement(sql);
100
101
            pstm.setString(1, product.getName());
102
           pstm.setFloat(2, product.getPrice());
           pstm.setString(3, product.getCode());
103
104
           pstm.executeUpdate();
105
106
         public static void insertProduct(Connection conn, Product product) throws SQLException {
107
           String sql = "Insert into Product(Code, Name, Price) values (?,?,?)";
108
109
110
           PreparedStatement pstm = conn.prepareStatement(sql);
111
112
           pstm.setString(1, product.getCode());
           pstm.setString(2, product.getName());
113
           pstm.setFloat(3, product.getPrice());
114
115
116
           pstm.executeUpdate();
117
118
119
         public static void deleteProduct(Connection conn, String code) throws SQLException {
           String sql = "Delete From Product where Code=?";
120
121
122
           PreparedStatement pstm = conn.prepareStatement(sql);
123
124
           pstm.setString(1, code);
125
126
           pstm.executeUpdate();
127
128
129
```

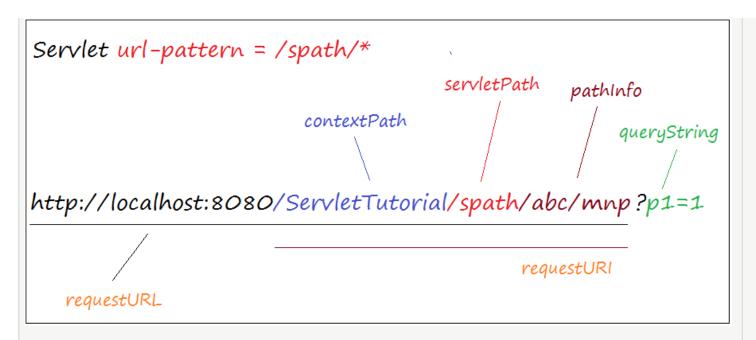
13- Create Servlet Filter connect to Database

In **JDBCFilter**, I checked which requests actually referred to a Servlet, so that you can see the picture below to find it easy to understand, it describes the relationship between the concepts of Servlet.









JDBCFilter with *url-pattern* = /* means that all requests of users have go through this filter. **JDBCFilter** will check the request to ensure that it only opens JDBC connection for the necessary request, eg for Servlet, avoid opening JDBC connection to common requests like image, css, js, html









```
19
      import org.o7planning.simplewebapp.utils.MyUtils;
20
21
      @WebFilter(filterName = "jdbcFilter", urlPatterns = { "/*" })
22
      public class JDBCFilter implements Filter {
23
24
         public JDBCFilter() {
25
26
27
         @Override
28
         public void init(FilterConfig fConfig) throws ServletException {
29
30
31
32
         @Override
33
         public void destroy() {
34
35
36
37
         // Check the target of the request is a servlet?
38
         private boolean needJDBC(HttpServletRequest request) {
39
           System.out.println("JDBC Filter");
40
41
           // Servlet Url-pattern: /spath/*
42
43
           // => /spath
44
           String servletPath = request.getServletPath();
45
           // => /abc/mnp
           String pathInfo = request.getPathInfo();
46
47
48
           String urlPattern = servletPath;
49
50
           if (pathInfo != null) {
51
              // => /spath/*
52
              urlPattern = servletPath + "/*";
53
54
55
           // Key: servletName.
56
           // Value: ServletRegistration
57
           Map<String, ? extends ServletRegistration> servletRegistrations = request.getServletContext()
58
                 .getServletRegistrations();
59
60
           // Collection of all servlet in your Webapp.
61
           Collection<? extends ServletRegistration> values = servletRegistrations.values();
           for (ServletRegistration sr : values) {
62
63
              Collection<String> mappings = sr.getMappings();
              if (mappings.contains(urlPattern)) {
64
65
                 return true;
66
67
```







```
68
            return false;
69
70
71
         @Override
72
         public void doFilter(ServletReguest request, ServletResponse response, FilterChain chain)
73
              throws IOException, ServletException {
74
75
            HttpServletRequest req = (HttpServletRequest) request;
76
77
           // Only open connections for the special requests.
78
           // (For example, the path to the servlet, JSP, ..)
79
           //
80
           // Avoid open connection for commons request.
81
           // (For example: image, css, javascript,...)
82
           //
83
            if (this.needJDBC(req)) {
84
85
              System.out.println("Open Connection for: " + reg.getServletPath());
86
87
              Connection conn = null;
88
              try {
89
                 // Create a Connection.
90
                 conn = ConnectionUtils.getConnection();
91
                 // Set outo commit to false.
92
                 conn.setAutoCommit(false):
93
94
                 // Store Connection object in attribute of request.
95
                 MyUtils.storeConnection(request, conn);
96
97
                 // Allow request to go forward
98
                 // (Go to the next filter or target)
99
                 chain.doFilter(request, response);
100
101
                 // Invoke the commit() method to complete the transaction with the DB.
102
                 conn.commit();
103
              } catch (Exception e) {
104
                 e.printStackTrace();
105
                 ConnectionUtils.rollbackQuietly(conn);
106
                 throw new ServletException();
107
              } finally {
108
                 ConnectionUtils.closeQuietly(conn);
109
110
            // With commons requests (images, css, html, ..)
111
112
            // No need to open the connection.
113
            else {
114
              // Allow request to go forward
115
              // (Go to the next filter or target)
116
              chain.doFilter(request, response);
```







```
117 }
118  
119 }
120  
121 }
```

14- Servlet Filter reads Cookies to automatically login

In case, the user logined and remembered information in previous access (for example the day before). And now the user return, this Filter will check the Cookie information stored by the browser and automatic Login.

```
CookieFilter.java
      package org.o7planning.simplewebapp.filter;
 2
 3
      import java.io.IOException;
 4
      import java.sql.Connection;
 5
      import java.sql.SQLException;
 6
      import iavax.servlet.Filter:
8
     import javax.servlet.FilterChain;
     import javax.servlet.FilterConfig;
9
10
     import javax.servlet.ServletException;
11
     import javax.servlet.ServletRequest;
12
     import javax.servlet.ServletResponse;
13
     import javax.servlet.annotation.WebFilter;
14
      import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletRequest;
15
     import javax.servlet.http.HttpSession;
16
17
      import org.o7planning.simplewebapp.beans.UserAccount;
18
     import org.o7planning.simplewebapp.utils.DBUtils;
19
      import org.o7planning.simplewebapp.utils.MyUtils;
20
21
      @WebFilter(filterName = "cookieFilter", urlPatterns = { "/*" })
22
      public class CookieFilter implements Filter {
23
24
        public CookieFilter() {
25
26
27
        @Override
28
        public void init(FilterConfig fConfig) throws ServletException {
29
30
31
```







```
32
        @Override
33
        public void destroy() {
34
35
36
37
        @Override
38
        public void doFilter(ServletRequest request, ServletResponse response, FilterChain chain)
39
            throws IOException, ServletException {
40
          HttpServletRequest req = (HttpServletRequest) request;
41
          HttpSession session = req.getSession();
42
43
          UserAccount userInSession = MyUtils.getLoginedUser(session);
44
          if (userInSession != null) {
45
            session.setAttribute("COOKIE_CHECKED", "CHECKED");
46
47
             chain.doFilter(request, response);
48
             return;
49
50
51
          // Connection was created in JDBCFilter.
52
          Connection conn = MyUtils.getStoredConnection(request);
53
54
          // Flag check cookie
55
          String checked = (String) session.getAttribute("COOKIE_CHECKED");
56
          if (checked == null && conn != null) {
57
            String userName = MyUtils.getUserNameInCookie(req);
58
59
               UserAccount user = DBUtils.findUser(conn, userName);
60
               MyUtils.storeLoginedUser(session, user);
            } catch (SQLException e) {
61
62
               e.printStackTrace();
63
64
             // Mark checked Cookies.
            session.setAttribute("COOKIE_CHECKED", "CHECKED");
65
66
67
68
          chain.doFilter(request, response);
69
70
71 }
```







JDBCFilter & CookieFilter have the same url-pattern =/*, you must be configured to ensure that JDBCFilter is executed first. Therefore, you need to declare the order in web.xml (There is no way to declare the order by Annotation).

```
filter-mapping>
<filter-name>jdbcFilter</filter-name>
<filter-name>jdbcFilter</filter-name>
<url-pattern>/*</url-pattern>
<filter-mapping>
<filter-mapping>
<filter-name>cookieFilter</filter-name>
<url-pattern>/*</url-pattern>
</filter-mapping>
</filter-mapping>
```

See full web.xml:

web.xml 1 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?> 2 <web-app xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance" xmlns="http://java.sun.com/xml/ns/javaee"

xsi:schemaLocation="http://java.sun.com/xml/ns/javaee http://java.sun.com/xml/ns/javaee/web-app_3_0.xsd"

id="WebApp_ID" version="3.0">

<display-name>SimpleWebApp</display-name>

8

12

13

16

17

4 5

6

7

10 <filter-mapping>
11 <filter-name>i

<filter-name>jdbcFilter</filter-name>

<url-pattern>/*</url-pattern>

</filter-mapping>

14 15 **<fi**

<filter-mapping>
<filter-name>cookieFilter</filter-name>

<url-pattern>/*</url-pattern>

</filter-mapping>

18 19

<welcome-file-list>

20 21 22

<welcome-file>home</welcome-file>

23 24

<welcome-file>index.html</welcome-file>







15- EncodingFilter Servlet

```
EncodingFilter.java
      package org.o7planning.simplewebapp.filter;
2
 3
      import java.io.IOException;
 4
      import java.sql.Connection;
     import java.util.Collection;
 5
 6
     import java.util.Map;
7
 8
      import javax.servlet.Filter;
9
     import javax.servlet.FilterChain;
     import javax.servlet.FilterConfig;
10
     import javax.servlet.ServletException;
11
12
     import javax.servlet.ServletRegistration;
13
     import javax.servlet.ServletRequest;
14
     import javax.servlet.ServletResponse;
15
      import javax.servlet.annotation.WebFilter;
16
     import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletRequest;
17
18
      import org.o7planning.simplewebapp.conn.ConnectionUtils;
      import org.o7planning.simplewebapp.utils.MyUtils;
19
20
21
      @WebFilter(filterName = "encodingFilter", urlPatterns = { "/*" })
22
      public class EncodingFilter implements Filter {
23
24
       public EncodingFilter() {
25
26
27
       @Override
28
       public void init(FilterConfig fConfig) throws ServletException {
29
30
31
32
       @Override
33
       public void destroy() {
34
```







```
35
36
37
       @Override
38
      public void doFilter(ServletRequest request, ServletResponse response, FilterChain chain)
39
           throws IOException, ServletException {
40
         request.setCharacterEncoding("UTF-8");
41
42
         chain.doFilter(request, response);
43
44
45 }
```

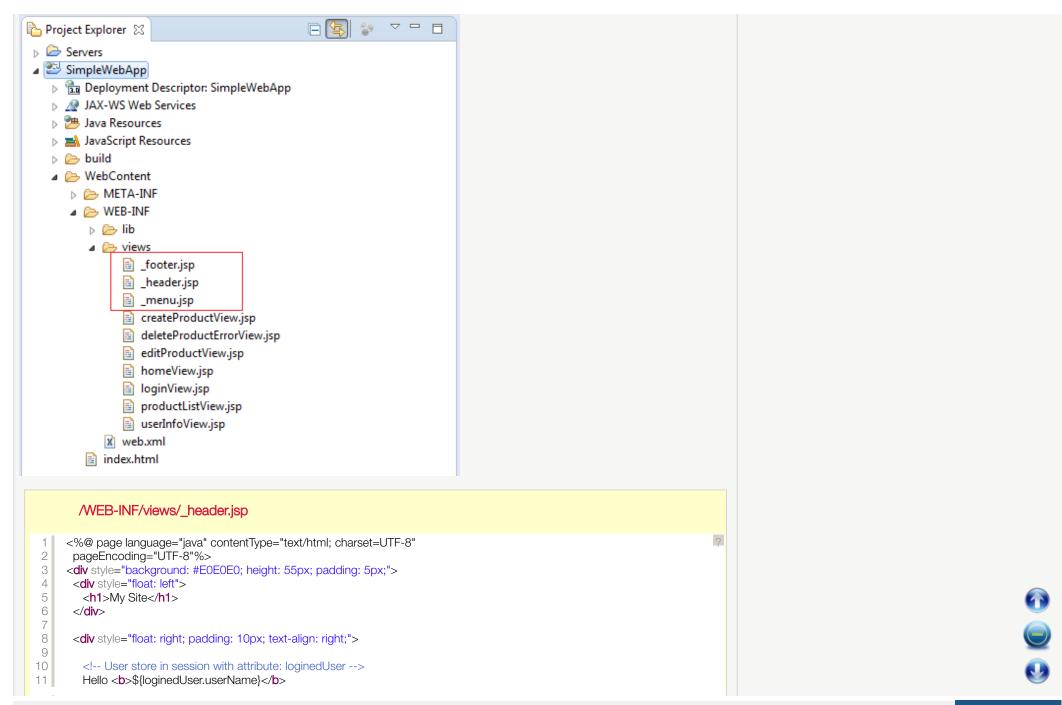
16- Pages reuse

Some JSP pages will be used to embed into other JSP page at Runtime, through the use of:









```
12
       <br/>br/>
13
        Search <input name="search">
14
15
      </div>
16
17
     </div>
       /WEB-INF/views/_menu.jsp
     < @ page language="java" contentType="text/html; charset=UTF-8"
 2
       pageEncoding="UTF-8"%>
 4
     <div style="padding: 5px;">
 5
       <a href="${pageContext.request.contextPath}/">Home</a>
 6
 8
       <a href="${pageContext.request.contextPath}/productList">Product List</a>
 9
       <a href="${pageContext.request.contextPath}/userInfo">My Account Info</a>
10
11
12
       <a href="${pageContext.request.contextPath}/login">Login</a>
13
14
     </div>
       /WEB-INF/views/_footer.jsp
    < @ page language="java" contentType="text/html; charset=UTF-8"
2
     pageEncoding="UTF-8"%>
3
4
     style="background: #E0E0E0; text-align: center; padding: 5px; margin-top: 10px;">
5
6
     @Copyright o7planning.org
8
9
    </div>
```

17- Home Page







When entering the default path, eg enter the site's domain name it will display the home page (Case contextPath = ""), you need to declare your home page in <welcome-file-list> of web.xml

Link below is showing the content of the page index.html

• ttp://localhost:8081/SimpleWebApp/

You need to design a home page as a **JSP** page to display dynamic information instead of a **html** page that contains static information.

```
web.xml
     <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
2
     <web-app xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"</pre>
3
        xmlns="http://java.sun.com/xml/ns/javaee"
        xsi:schemaLocation="http://java.sun.com/xml/ns/javaee
4
5
                   http://java.sun.com/xml/ns/javaee/web-app_3_0.xsd"
        id="WebApp_ID" version="3.0">
6
7
      <display-name>SimpleWebApp</display-name>
8
9
10
       <filter-mapping>
11
         <filter-name>jdbcFilter</filter-name>
12
         <url-pattern>/*</url-pattern>
13
       </filter-mapping>
```







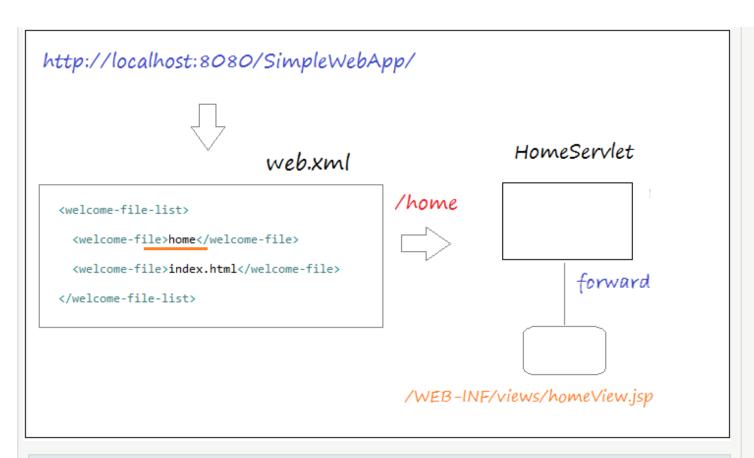
```
14
15
       <filter-mapping>
16
          <filter-name>cookieFilter</filter-name>
17
          <url-pattern>/*</url-pattern>
18
       </filter-mapping>
19
20
      <welcome-file-list>
21
22
       <welcome-file>home</welcome-file>
23
24
25
       <welcome-file>index.html</welcome-file>
26
      </welcome-file-list>
27
28
29
     </web-app>
```

Models of Home Page:

















```
16
       public HomeServlet() {
17
          super();
18
19
20
       @Override
21
       protected void doGet(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response)
22
            throws ServletException, IOException {
23
24
25
         // Forward to /WEB-INF/views/homeView.jsp
26
          // (Users can not access directly into JSP pages placed in WEB-INF)
27
          RequestDispatcher dispatcher = this.getServletContext().getRequestDispatcher("/WEB-INF/views/homeView.jsp");
28
29
          dispatcher.forward(request, response);
30
31
32
33
34
       protected void doPost(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response)
35
            throws ServletException, IOException {
36
          doGet(request, response);
37
38
39
```

/WEB-INF/views/homeView.jsp

```
<%@ page language="java" contentType="text/html; charset=UTF-8"</pre>
 2
       pageEncoding="UTF-8"%>
 3
     <!DOCTYPE html>
 4
     <html>
 5
       <head>
 6
        <meta charset="UTF-8">
 7
        <title>Home Page</title>
 8
       </head>
 9
       <body>
10
11
         <isp:include page="_header.jsp"></isp:include>
12
        <jsp:include page="_menu.jsp"></jsp:include>
13
14
         <h3>Home Page</h3>
15
16
         This is demo Simple web application using jsp, servlet & amp; Jdbc. < br>><br/>br>>
17
         <br/>b>It includes the following functions:</b>
18
         ul>
19
           < ii>Login</ii>
20
           < |i>Storing user information in cookies < / |i>
```







```
< i>Product List</ i>
21
22
          Create Product 
23
         < | | Edit Product < | |
         Delete Product
24
25
        26
27
       <jsp:include page="_footer.jsp"></jsp:include>
28
29
     </body>
30 </html>
```

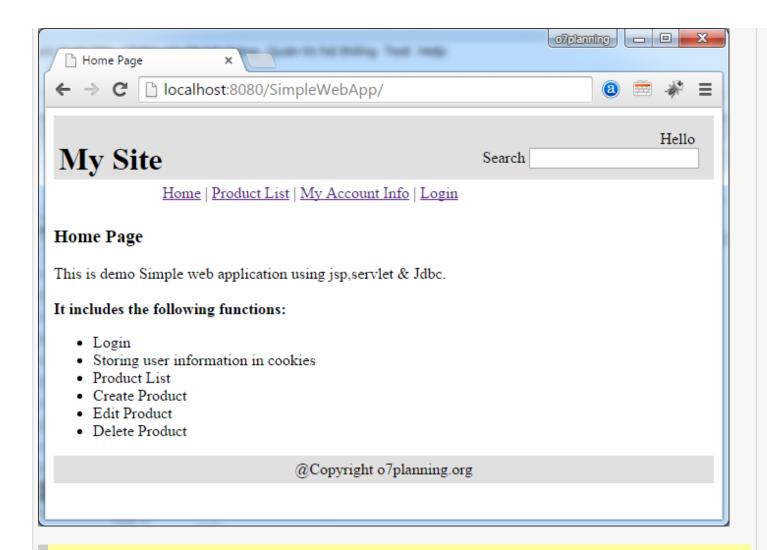
Rerun your application, and try two URLs:

- dhttp://localhost:8081/SimpleWebApp/
- dhttp://localhost:8081/SimpleWebApp/home









NOTE: For whatever reason, the link http://localhost:8080/SimpleWebApp/ is still displayed content of index.html, you can delete or rename the index.html file, for example, you can change it into _index.html

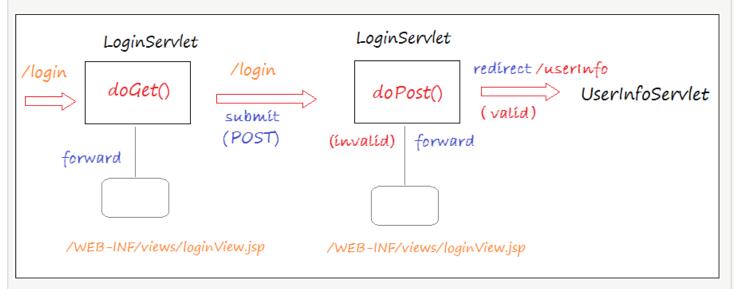






18- Login Page - LoginServlet

This is a model of Login function:



LoginServlet.java package org.o7planning.simplewebapp.servlet; 2 3 import java.io.IOException; import java.sql.Connection; import java.sql.SQLException; 6 import javax.servlet.RequestDispatcher; 8 import javax.servlet.ServletException; **import** javax.servlet.annotation.WebServlet; 10 import javax.servlet.http.HttpServlet; import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletRequest; 11 import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletResponse; 12 import javax.servlet.http.HttpSession; 13 14 15 **import** org.o7planning.simplewebapp.beans.UserAccount; import org.o7planning.simplewebapp.utils.DBUtils; 16 17 import org.o7planning.simplewebapp.utils.MyUtils; 18 @WebServlet(urlPatterns = { "/login" }) 19







```
20
      public class LoginServlet extends HttpServlet {
21
        private static final long serial Version UID = 1L:
22
23
        public LoginServlet() {
24
           super();
25
26
27
        // Show Login page.
28
        @Override
29
        protected void doGet(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response)
30
             throws ServletException, IOException {
31
32
          // Forward to /WEB-INF/views/loginView.isp
33
          // (Users can not access directly into JSP pages placed in WEB-INF)
34
           RequestDispatcher dispatcher //
35
                = this.getServletContext().getRequestDispatcher("/WEB-INF/views/loginView.jsp");
36
37
           dispatcher.forward(request, response);
38
39
        }
40
41
        // When the user enters userName & password, and click Submit.
42
        // This method will be executed.
43
        @Override
44
        protected void doPost(HttpServletReguest reguest, HttpServletResponse response)
45
             throws ServletException, IOException {
46
           String userName = request.getParameter("userName");
           String password = request.getParameter("password");
47
48
           String rememberMeStr = request.getParameter("rememberMe");
49
           boolean remember = "Y".equals(rememberMeStr);
50
           UserAccount user = null:
51
52
           boolean hasError = false:
53
           String errorString = null:
54
55
           if (userName == null || password == null || userName.length() == 0 || password.length() == 0) {
56
             hasError = true:
57
             errorString = "Required username and password!";
58
59
             Connection conn = MyUtils.getStoredConnection(request);
60
             try {
61
               // Find the user in the DB.
               user = DBUtils.findUser(conn, userName, password);
62
63
64
                if (user == null) {
65
                  hasError = true:
66
                  errorString = "User Name or password invalid";
67
68
             } catch (SQLException e) {
```







```
69
                 e.printStackTrace();
70
                 hasError = true:
71
                 errorString = e.getMessage();
72
73
74
           // If error, forward to /WEB-INF/views/login.jsp
75
            if (hasError) {
76
              user = new UserAccount();
              user.setUserName(userName);
77
78
              user.setPassword(password);
79
80
              // Store information in request attribute, before forward.
81
              request.setAttribute("errorString", errorString);
82
              request.setAttribute("user", user);
83
84
              // Forward to /WEB-INF/views/login.jsp
85
              RequestDispatcher dispatcher //
86
                   = this.getServletContext().getRequestDispatcher("/WEB-INF/views/loginView.jsp");
87
88
              dispatcher.forward(request, response);
89
90
           // If no error
91
           // Store user information in Session
92
           // And redirect to userInfo page.
93
            else {
94
              HttpSession session = request.getSession();
95
              MyUtils.storeLoginedUser(session, user);
96
97
              // If user checked "Remember me".
98
              if (remember) {
99
                 MyUtils.storeUserCookie(response, user);
100
101
              // Else delete cookie.
102
              else {
                MyUtils.deleteUserCookie(response);
103
104
105
106
              // Redirect to userInfo page.
              response.sendRedirect(request.getContextPath() + "/userInfo");
107
108
109
110
111
```



package org.o7planning.simplewebapp.servlet;





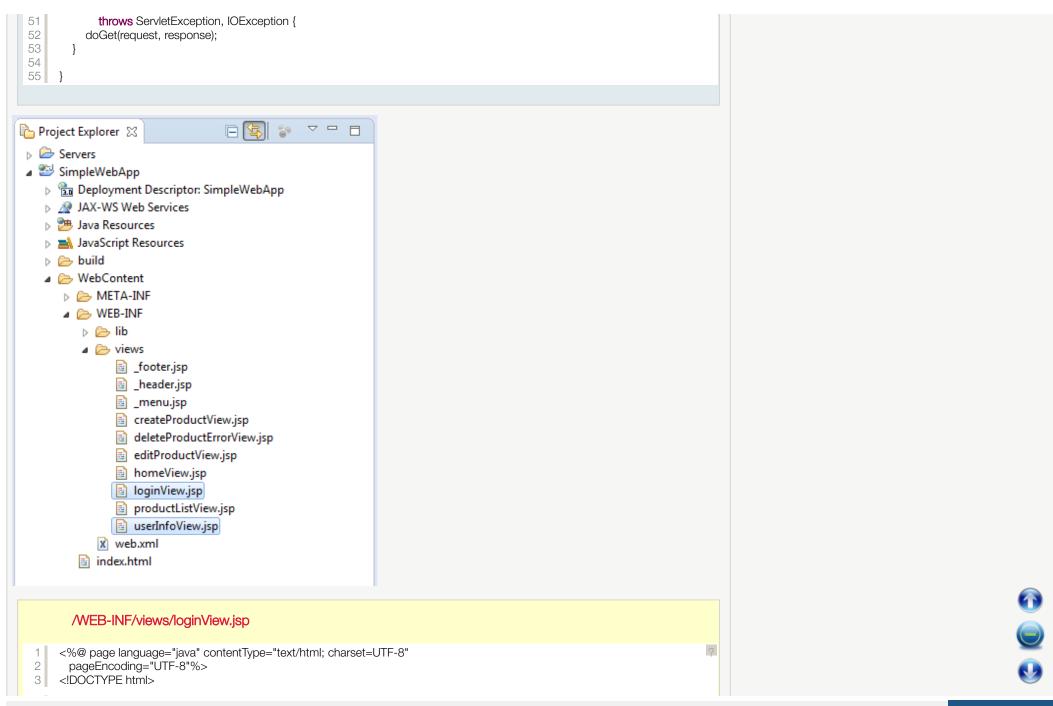


```
import java.io.IOException;
4
5
     import javax.servlet.RequestDispatcher;
6
     import javax.servlet.ServletException;
7
     import iavax.servlet.annotation.WebServlet:
8
     import javax.servlet.http.HttpServlet;
9
     import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletRequest;
10
     import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletResponse;
11
     import javax.servlet.http.HttpSession;
12
13
     import org.o7planning.simplewebapp.beans.UserAccount;
14
     import org.o7planning.simplewebapp.utils.MyUtils;
15
16
      @WebServlet(urlPatterns = { "/userInfo" })
17
      public class UserInfoServlet extends HttpServlet {
18
        private static final long serialVersionUID = 1L;
19
20
        public UserInfoServlet() {
21
           super();
22
23
24
        @Override
25
        protected void doGet(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response)
26
             throws ServletException, IOException {
27
           HttpSession session = request.getSession();
28
29
           // Check User has logged on
30
           UserAccount loginedUser = MyUtils.getLoginedUser(session);
31
32
           // Not logged in
33
           if (loginedUser == null) {
34
             // Redirect to login page.
35
             response.sendRedirect(request.getContextPath() + "/login");
36
             return:
37
38
           // Store info to the request attribute before forwarding.
39
           request.setAttribute("user", loginedUser);
40
41
          // If the user has logged in, then forward to the page
42
           // /WEB-INF/views/userInfoView.jsp
43
           RequestDispatcher dispatcher //
44
                = this.getServletContext().getRequestDispatcher("/WEB-INF/views/userInfoView.jsp");
45
           dispatcher.forward(request, response);
46
47
48
49
        @Override
50
        protected void doPost(HttpServletReguest reguest, HttpServletResponse response)
```









```
4
    <html>
5
      <head>
6
       <meta charset="UTF-8">
       <title>Login</title>
8
      </head>
9
      <body>
10
       <jsp:include page="_header.jsp"></jsp:include>
       <jsp:include page="_menu.jsp"></jsp:include>
11
12
13
       <h3>Login Page</h3>
14
       ${errorString}
15
16
17
       <form method="POST" action="${pageContext.request.contextPath}/login">
18
        19
          20
           User Name
21
           <input type="text" name="userName" value= "${user.userName}" /> 
22
          23
          24
           Password
25
           <input type="text" name="password" value= "${user.password}" /> 
26
          27
          28
           Remember me
29
           <input type="checkbox" name="rememberMe" value= "Y" /> 
30
          31
          32
           <input type="submit" value= "Submit" />
33
34
             <a href="${pageContext.request.contextPath}/">Cancel</a>
35
           36
          37
        38
       </form>
39
40
       User Name: tom, password: tom001 or jerry/jerry001
41
42
       <jsp:include page="_footer.jsp"></jsp:include>
43
      </body>
44
    </html>
45
```

/WEB-INF/views/userInfoView.jsp

1 <%@ page language="java" contentType="text/html; charset=UTF-8"</pre>

pageEncoding="UTF-8"%>







```
<!DOCTYPE html>
 4
     <html>
 5
     <head>
 6
       <meta charset="UTF-8">
       <title>User Info</title>
 8
      </head>
 9
      <body>
10
11
       <jsp:include page="_header.jsp"></jsp:include>
12
       <jsp:include page="_menu.jsp"></jsp:include>
13
14
       <h3>Hello: ${user.userName}</h3>
15
16
       User Name: <b>${user.userName}</b>
17
       <br />
18
       Gender: ${user.gender} < br />
19
20
       <jsp:include page="_footer.jsp"></jsp:include>
21
22
     </body>
23
     </html>
```

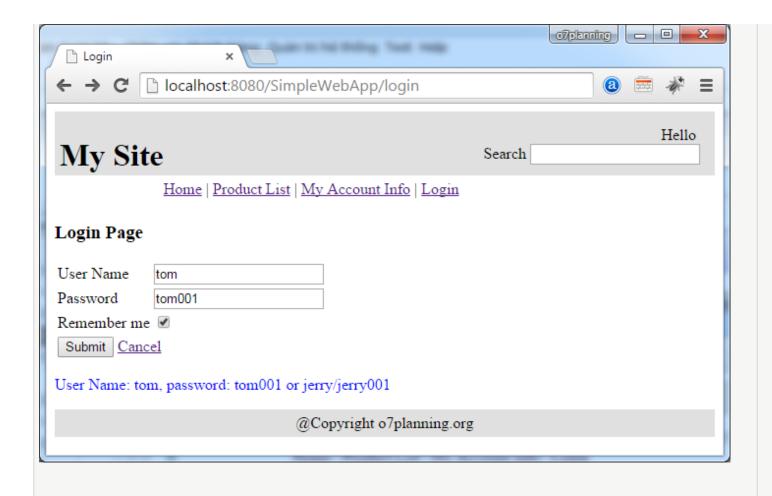
Running your application:

• dhttp://localhost:8080/SimpleWebApp/login





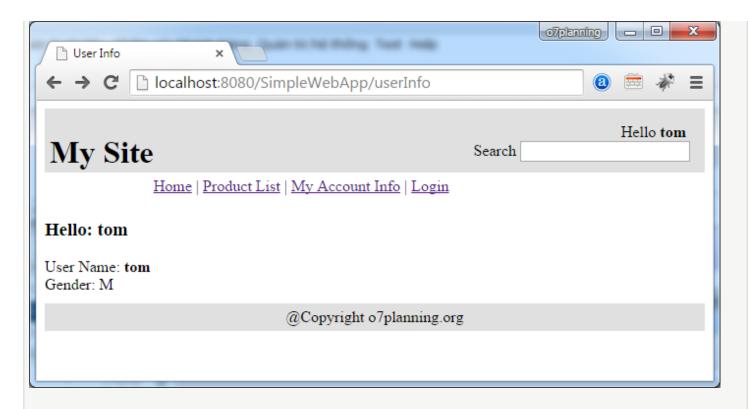












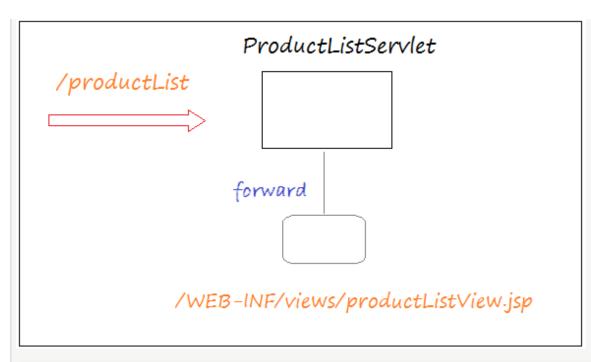
19- Product List Page

Model:

















```
22
23
        public ProductListServlet() {
24
           super();
25
26
27
        @Override
28
        protected void doGet(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response)
29
             throws ServletException, IOException {
30
           Connection conn = MyUtils.getStoredConnection(request);
31
32
           String errorString = null;
33
           List<Product> list = null;
34
           try {
35
             list = DBUtils.queryProduct(conn);
36
           } catch (SQLException e) {
37
             e.printStackTrace();
38
             errorString = e.getMessage();
39
           // Store info in request attribute, before forward to views
40
41
           request.setAttribute("errorString", errorString);
           request.setAttribute("productList", list);
42
43
44
           // Forward to /WEB-INF/views/productListView.jsp
45
           RequestDispatcher dispatcher = request.getServletContext()
                .getRequestDispatcher("/WEB-INF/views/productListView.jsp");
46
47
           dispatcher.forward(request, response);
48
49
50
        @Override
51
        protected void doPost(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response)
52
             throws ServletException, IOException {
53
           doGet(request, response);
54
55
56
```

/WEB-INF/views/productListView.jsp

```
<%@ page language="java" contentType="text/html; charset=UTF-8"
pageEncoding="UTF-8"%>
<%@ taglib uri="http://java.sun.com/jsp/jstl/core" prefix="c" %>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<htext/html>
<htext/html; charset="c" %>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<htext/html>
<htext/line</pre>
< html>
chead>
<meta charset="UTF-8">
<title>Product List</title>
</head>
```







```
<body>
10
11
12
      <jsp:include page="_header.jsp"></jsp:include>
13
      <jsp:include page="_menu.jsp"></jsp:include>
14
      <h3>Product List</h3>
15
16
17
      ${errorString}
18
19
      20
21
        Code
22
        Name
23
         Price
24
        Edit
25
        Delete
26
       <c:forEach items="${productList}" var="product" >
27
28
29
          ${product.code}
30
          ${product.name}
31
          ${product.price}
32
          33
           <a href="editProduct?code=${product.code}">Edit</a>
34
          35
          <a href="deleteProduct?code=${product.code}">Delete</a>
36
37
          38
        39
       </c:forEach>
40
      41
42
      <a href="createProduct" > Create Product</a>
43
44
      <jsp:include page="_footer.jsp"></jsp:include>
45
46
    </body>
47
    </html>
```

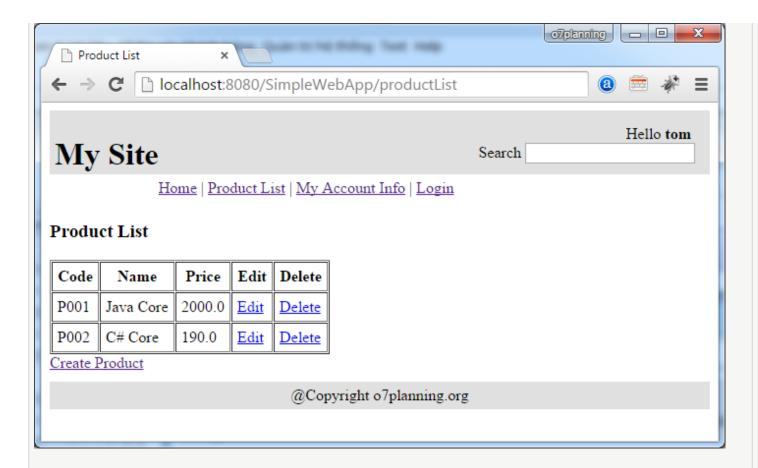
Rerun Application:

 • http://localhost:8080/SimpleWebApp/productList









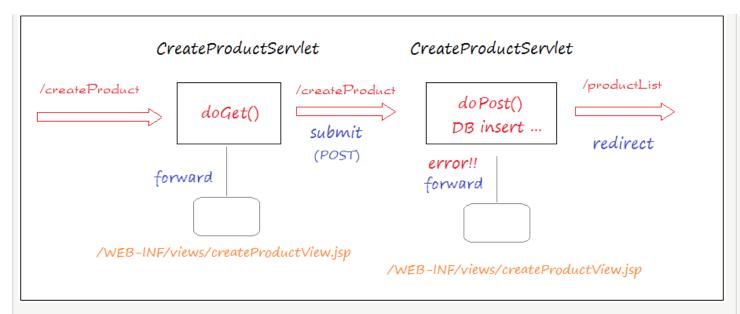
20- Add Product Page

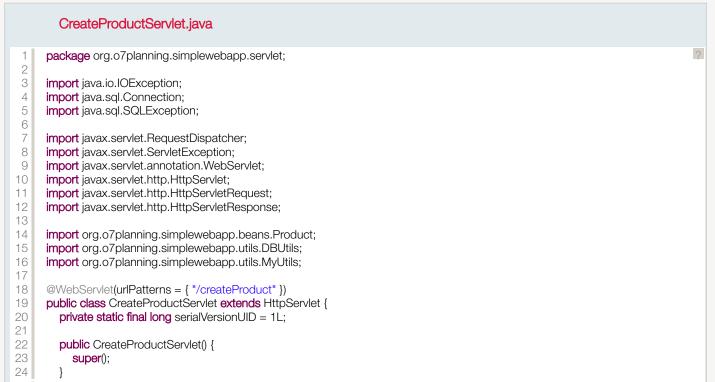
Model:

















```
25
26
        // Show product creation page.
27
        @Override
28
        protected void doGet(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response)
29
             throws ServletException, IOException {
30
31
           RequestDispatcher dispatcher = request.getServletContext()
32
                .getRequestDispatcher("/WEB-INF/views/createProductView.jsp");
33
           dispatcher.forward(request, response);
34
35
36
        // When the user enters the product information, and click Submit.
37
        // This method will be called.
38
        @Override
39
        protected void doPost(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response)
40
             throws ServletException, IOException {
41
           Connection conn = MyUtils.getStoredConnection(request);
42
43
           String code = (String) request.getParameter("code");
44
           String name = (String) request.getParameter("name");
45
           String priceStr = (String) request.getParameter("price");
46
           float price = 0;
47
           try {
48
             price = Float.parseFloat(priceStr);
49
           } catch (Exception e) {
50
51
           Product product = new Product(code, name, price);
52
53
           String errorString = null;
54
55
           // Product ID is the string literal [a-zA-Z_0-9]
56
           // with at least 1 character
57
           String regex = "\\w+";
58
           if (code == null || !code.matches(regex)) {
59
60
             errorString = "Product Code invalid!";
61
62
63
           if (errorString == null) {
64
             try {
65
                DBUtils.insertProduct(conn, product);
66
             } catch (SQLException e) {
67
                e.printStackTrace();
68
                errorString = e.getMessage();
69
70
71
72
           // Store infomation to request attribute, before forward to views.
73
           request.setAttribute("errorString", errorString);
```







```
74
           request.setAttribute("product", product);
75
76
           // If error, forward to Edit page.
77
           if (errorString != null) {
78
             RequestDispatcher dispatcher = request.getServletContext()
79
                   .getRequestDispatcher("/WEB-INF/views/createProductView.jsp");
80
             dispatcher.forward(request, response);
81
82
           // If everything nice.
83
           // Redirect to the product listing page.
84
           else {
85
             response.sendRedirect(request.getContextPath() + "/productList");
86
87
88
89
```

/WEB-INF/views/createProductView.jsp

```
<%@ page language="java" contentType="text/html; charset=UTF-8"</pre>
      pageEncoding="UTF-8"%>
    < @ taglib uri="http://java.sun.com/jsp/jstl/core" prefix="c"%>
4
5
    <!DOCTYPE html>
6
    <html>
      <head>
8
        <meta charset="UTF-8">
9
       <title>Create Product</title>
10
      </head>
11
      <body>
12
13
        <jsp:include page="_header.jsp"></jsp:include>
14
        <jsp:include page="_menu.jsp"></jsp:include>
15
16
        <h3>Create Product</h3>
17
18
        ${errorString}
19
20
        <form method="POST" action="${pageContext.request.contextPath}/createProduct">
21
         22
           23
            Code
24
            <input type="text" name="code" value="${product.code}" />
25
           26
           >
27
            Name
28
            <input type="text" name="name" value="${product.name}" />
```







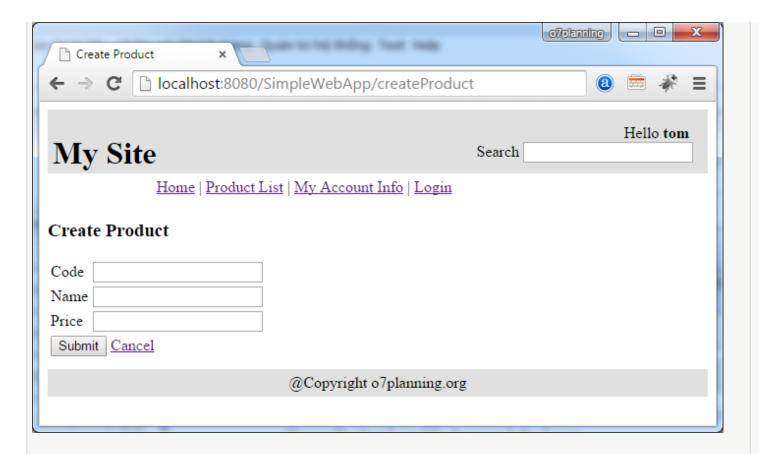
```
29
          30
          31
           Price
32
           <input type="text" name="price" value="${product.price}" />
33
         34
          35
           36
            <input type="submit" value="Submit" />
            <a href="productList">Cancel</a>
37
38
           39
         40
        41
       </form>
42
43
       <jsp:include page="_footer.jsp"></jsp:include>
44
     </body>
45
46
    </html>
```

• description of the property of the property









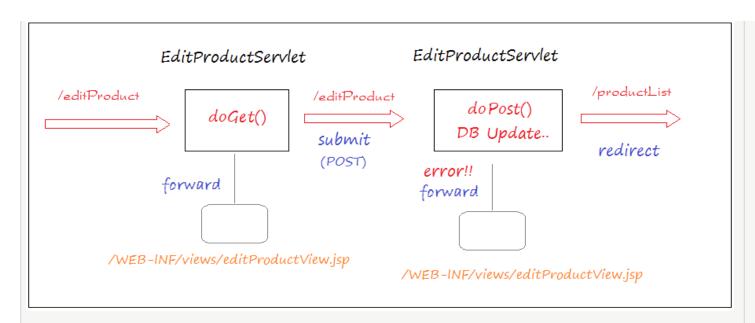
21- Edit Product Page

Model:









```
EditProductServlet.java
      package org.o7planning.simplewebapp.servlet;
 2
 3
      import java.io.IOException;
     import java.sql.Connection;
      import java.sql.SQLException;
 6
      import javax.servlet.RequestDispatcher;
     import javax.servlet.ServletException;
 8
 9
     import javax.servlet.annotation.WebServlet;
10
     import javax.servlet.http.HttpServlet;
      import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletRequest;
11
12
     import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletResponse;
13
14
      import org.o7planning.simplewebapp.beans.Product;
15
      import org.o7planning.simplewebapp.utils.DBUtils;
16
      import org.o7planning.simplewebapp.utils.MyUtils;
17
18
      @WebServlet(urlPatterns = { "/editProduct" })
     public class EditProductServlet extends HttpServlet {
19
20
        private static final long serialVersionUID = 1L;
21
22
        public EditProductServlet() {
23
           super();
24
```







```
25
26
        // Show product edit page.
27
        @Override
28
        protected void doGet(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response)
29
              throws ServletException, IOException {
30
           Connection conn = MyUtils.getStoredConnection(request);
31
32
           String code = (String) request.getParameter("code");
33
34
           Product product = null;
35
36
           String errorString = null;
37
38
           try {
39
              product = DBUtils.findProduct(conn, code);
40
           } catch (SQLException e) {
41
              e.printStackTrace();
              errorString = e.getMessage();
42
43
44
45
           // If no error.
46
           // The product does not exist to edit.
47
           // Redirect to productList page.
48
           if (errorString != null && product == null) {
49
              response.sendRedirect(request.getServletPath() + "/productList");
50
              return:
51
52
53
           // Store errorString in request attribute, before forward to views.
54
           request.setAttribute("errorString", errorString);
55
           request.setAttribute("product", product);
56
57
           RequestDispatcher dispatcher = request.getServletContext()
                .getRequestDispatcher("/WEB-INF/views/editProductView.jsp");
58
59
           dispatcher.forward(request, response);
60
61
        }
62
63
        // After the user modifies the product information, and click Submit.
64
        // This method will be executed.
65
        @Override
66
        protected void doPost(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response)
67
              throws ServletException, IOException {
           Connection conn = MyUtils.getStoredConnection(request);
68
69
70
           String code = (String) request.getParameter("code");
71
           String name = (String) request.getParameter("name");
72
           String priceStr = (String) request.getParameter("price");
73
           float price = 0:
```







```
74
 75
              price = Float.parseFloat(priceStr);
76
            } catch (Exception e) {
77
78
            Product product = new Product(code, name, price);
79
            String errorString = null;
80
81
82
            try {
83
              DBUtils.updateProduct(conn, product);
            } catch (SQLException e) {
84
              e.printStackTrace();
85
86
              errorString = e.getMessage();
87
88
            // Store infomation to request attribute, before forward to views.
89
            request.setAttribute("errorString", errorString);
90
            request.setAttribute("product", product);
91
92
            // If error, forward to Edit page.
93
            if (errorString != null) {
94
              RequestDispatcher dispatcher = request.getServletContext()
95
                    .getRequestDispatcher("/WEB-INF/views/editProductView.jsp");
96
              dispatcher.forward(request, response);
97
98
           // If everything nice.
99
           // Redirect to the product listing page.
100
              response.sendRedirect(request.getContextPath() + "/productList");
101
102
103
104
105
```

/WEB-INF/views/editProductView.jsp

```
<%@ page language="java" contentType="text/html; charset=UTF-8"</pre>
       pageEncoding="UTF-8"%>
3
     <%@ taglib uri="http://java.sun.com/jsp/jstl/core" prefix="c"%>
     <!DOCTYPE html>
5
     <html>
6
       <head>
         <meta charset="UTF-8">
8
        <title>Edit Product</title>
9
       </head>
10
       <body>
11
12
         <jsp:include page="_header.jsp"></jsp:include>
```







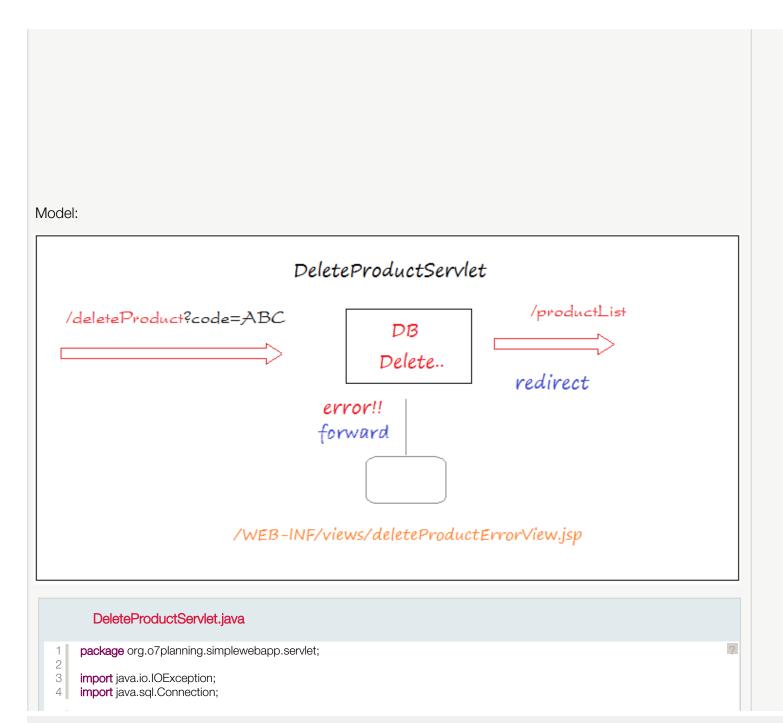
```
13
       <jsp:include page="_menu.jsp"></jsp:include>
14
15
       <h3>Edit Product</h3>
16
       ${errorString}
17
18
19
       <c:if test="${not empty product}">
        <form method="POST" action="${pageContext.request.contextPath}/editProduct">
20
          <input type="hidden" name="code" value="${product.code}" />
21
22
          23
           24
             Code
25
            ${product.code}
26
27
           28
             Name
            <input type="text" name="name" value="${product.name}" />
29
30
           31
           32
             Price
33
            <input type="text" name="price" value="${product.price}" />
34
           35
           36
             37
               <input type="submit" value="Submit" />
38
               <a href="${pageContext.request.contextPath}/productList">Cancel</a>
39
             40
           41
          42
        </form>
43
       </c:if>
44
       <jsp:include page="_footer.jsp"></jsp:include>
45
46
47
     </body>
48
    </html>
```

22- Delete Product















```
import java.sql.SQLException;
6
7
     import javax.servlet.RequestDispatcher;
8
     import javax.servlet.ServletException;
9
     import javax.servlet.annotation.WebServlet;
10
     import javax.servlet.http.HttpServlet;
11
     import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletRequest;
12
     import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletResponse;
13
14
     import org.o7planning.simplewebapp.utils.DBUtils;
15
     import org.o7planning.simplewebapp.utils.MyUtils;
16
17
      @WebServlet(urlPatterns = { "/deleteProduct" })
     public class DeleteProductServlet extends HttpServlet {
18
19
        private static final long serialVersionUID = 1L;
20
21
        public DeleteProductServlet() {
22
           super();
23
24
25
        @Override
26
        protected void doGet(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response)
27
             throws ServletException, IOException {
28
           Connection conn = MyUtils.getStoredConnection(request);
29
30
           String code = (String) request.getParameter("code");
31
32
           String errorString = null;
33
34
           trv {
35
             DBUtils.deleteProduct(conn, code);
36
           } catch (SQLException e) {
37
             e.printStackTrace():
38
             errorString = e.getMessage();
39
40
41
           // If has an error, redirecte to the error page.
42
           if (errorString != null) {
43
             // Store the information in the request attribute, before forward to views.
44
             request.setAttribute("errorString", errorString);
45
46
             RequestDispatcher dispatcher = request.getServletContext()
47
                   .getReguestDispatcher("/WEB-INF/views/deleteProductErrorView.isp");
             dispatcher.forward(request, response);
48
49
50
           // If everything nice.
51
           // Redirect to the product listing page.
52
53
             response.sendRedirect(request.getContextPath() + "/productList");
```







```
54 }
55 |
56 |
57 |
58 | @Override |
59 | protected void doPost(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response) |
60 | throws ServletException, IOException { | doGet(request, response); | }
62 | }
63 |
64 | }
```

/WEB-INF/views/deleteProductErrorView.jsp

```
<%@ page language="java" contentType="text/html; charset=UTF-8"</pre>
     pageEncoding="UTF-8"%>
     <%@ taglib uri="http://java.sun.com/jsp/jstl/core" prefix="c"%>
     <!DOCTYPE html>
5
     <html>
6
     <head>
       <meta charset="UTF-8">
8
       <title>Delete Product</title>
9
      </head>
10
11
      <body>
12
13
       <isp:include page="_header.jsp"></isp:include>
14
       <jsp:include page="_menu.jsp"></jsp:include>
15
16
       <h3>Delete Product</h3>
17
18
       ${errorString}
19
       <a href="productList">Product List</a>
20
21
       <jsp:include page="_footer.jsp"></jsp:include>
22
23
      </body>
24
     </html>
```

View more categories:







