Assignment No.2

```
Q.1Answer:
public class Main {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     ArrayPairSum arrayPairSum = new ArrayPairSum();
     int[] nums = {1, 4, 3, 2};
     int result = arrayPairSum.arrayPairSum(nums);
     System.out.println(result);
  }
}
Q.2 Answer:
public class Main {
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     DistributeCandies distributeCandies = new DistributeCandies();
     int[] candyType = {1, 1, 2, 2, 3, 3};
     int result = distributeCandies.distributeCandies(candyType);
     System.out.println(result);
  }
}
```

Q.3. Answer:

```
import java.util.HashMap;
import java.util.Map;
public class LongestHarmoniousSubsequence {
  public static int findLHS(int[] nums) {
     Map<Integer, Integer> count = new HashMap < >();
   for (int num: nums) {
       count.put(num, count.getOrDefault(num, 0) + 1);
     }
     int maxLen = 0;
     for (int num : count.keySet()) {
       if (count.containsKey(num + 1)) {
          int length = count.get(num) + count.get(num + 1);
          maxLen = Math.max(maxLen, length);
       }
     }
     return maxLen;
  }
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     int[] nums = \{1, 3, 2, 2, 5, 2, 3, 7\};
     int longestSubsequence = findLHS(nums);
     System.out.println("Length of the longest harmonious subsequence: " +
longestSubsequence);
  }
}
```

Q.4Answer:

```
class PlaceFlowers {
  public static boolean PlaceFlowers(int[] flowerbed, int n) {
     int count = 0;
     int length = flowerbed.length;
     int i = 0;
     while (i < length) {
        if (flowerbed[i] == 0 && (i == 0 || flowerbed[i - 1] == 0) && (i == length - 1 ||
flowerbed[i + 1] == 0)) {
          flowerbed[i] = 1;
           count++;
        }
        if (count >= n) {
          return true;
        }
        i++;
     return false;
  }
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     int[] flowerbed = {1, 0, 0, 0, 1};
     int n = 1;
     boolean Place = PlaceFlowers(flowerbed, n);
     System.out.println("place flowers: " + Place);
  }
}
```

```
Q.5. Asnwer:
```

```
import java.util.Arrays;
public class MaximumProduct {
  public static int maximumProduct(int[] nums) {
     Arrays.sort(nums);
     int n = nums.length;
     // 1<sup>st</sup> Case :
     int maxProduct = nums[n - 1] * nums[n - 2] * nums[n - 3];
     // then
     // 2<sup>nd</sup> Case:
     int altProduct = nums[0] * nums[1] * nums[n - 1];
     // Return two cases of the maximum
     return Math.max(maxProduct, altProduct);
  }
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     int[] nums = {1, 2, 3};
     int maxProduct = maximumProduct(nums);
     System.out.println("Maximum product: " + maxProduct);
  }
}
```

Q.6 Answer:

```
public class BinarySearch {
  public static int search(int[] nums, int target) {
     int left = 0;
     int right = nums.length - 1;
     while (left <= right) {
        int mid = left + (right - left) / 2;
        if (nums[mid] == target) {
           return mid;
        } else if (nums[mid] < target) {</pre>
           left = mid + 1;
        } else {
          right = mid - 1;
        }
     }
     return -1;
  }
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     int[] nums = \{-1, 0, 3, 5, 9, 12\};
     int target = 9;
     int result = search(nums, target);
     System.out.println(result);
  }
}
```

Q.7 Answer:

```
public class MonotonicArray {
  public static boolean isMonotonic(int[] nums) {
     boolean increasing = true;
     boolean decreasing = true;
     for (int i = 1; i < nums.length; i++) {
        if (nums[i] < nums[i - 1]) {</pre>
           increasing = false;
        }
        if (nums[i] > nums[i - 1]) {
          decreasing = false;
        }
     }
     return increasing || decreasing;
  }
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     int[] nums = {1, 2, 2, 3};
     boolean isMonotonic = isMonotonic(nums);
     System.out.println(isMonotonic);
  }
}
```

```
Q.8. Answer
```

```
import java.util.*;
public class MinScore {
  public static int minScore(int[] nums, int k) {
     if (nums.length == 1) {
        return 0;
     }
     Arrays.sort(nums); // Sort the array in ascending order
     int n = nums.length;
     int max = nums[n - 1];
     int min = nums[0];
     int diff = max - min;
     if (diff <= 2 * k) {
         return 0;
     } else {
        return diff - 2 * k;
     }
  }
  public static void main(String[] args) {
     int[] nums = {1};
     int k = 0;
     int minScore = minScore(nums, k);
     System.out.println("Minimum Score: " + minScore);
  }
}
```