2. Minimum Average Difference

給定一個長度為 n 的非負整數數組 nums。 索引(index) i 的平均差值是 nums 的前 i+1 個元素的平均值與最後 n-i-1 個元素的平均值之間的絕對差值。 兩個平均值都應無條件捨去至整數。 返回具有最小平均差的**索引**(index)。如果有多個這樣的索引(index),則返回最小的一個。

Input

輸入的第一列有一個整數代表共有多少筆測資。

每筆測資第一個數字代表陣列有幾個元素 n,後面的數字代表陣列 nums 的元素

Output

最小平均差的索引

Sample input:

2 6253953 10

Sample output:

3

Explanation: 註:「//」表示除法,且將結果無條件捨去至整數

■ The average difference of index 0 is:

$$|2/1 - (5+3+9+5+3)/5| = |2/1 - 25/5| = |2-5| = 3.$$

■ The average difference of index 1 is:

$$|(2+5)|/2 - (3+9+5+3)|/4| = |7|/2 - 20|/4| = |3-5| = 2.$$

■ The average difference of index 2 is:

$$|(2+5+3)|/3 - (9+5+3)|/3| = |10|/3 - 17|/3| = |3-5| = 2.$$

■ The average difference of index 3 is:

$$|(2+5+3+9)|/4-(5+3)|/2| = |19|/4-8|/2| = |4-4| = 0.$$

■ The average difference of index 4 is:

$$|(2+5+3+9+5)|/(5-3/1| = |24|/(5-3/1| = |4-3| = 1.$$

■ The average difference of index 5 is:

$$|(2+5+3+9+5+3)|/(6-0)| = |27|/(6-0)| = |4-0| = 4.$$

■ The average difference of index 3 is the minimum average difference so return 3.

- The only index is 0 so return 0.
- The average difference of index 0 is: |0/1 0| = |0 0| = 0.