

2015 年广州市初中毕业生学业考试

英语试卷分析

一、听力（共两节，满分 35 分）略

二、语言知识及运用（共两节，满分 20 分）

第一节 单项选择（共 10 小题；每小题 1 分，满分 10 分）

从 16~25 各题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 项中，选出可填入空白处的最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

16. Hurry up, kids! The school bus is coming. We have _____ time left.

- A. few B. a few C. little D. a little

【答案】C

【名师教育中考研究院独家点评】考察数量词。**few** 和 **a few** 用于可数名词，而 **time** 是不可数名词，而前面 **hurry up** 表明时间很紧迫，故用 **little** 表示“几乎没有”，故 C 为正确答案。

17. Sarah, you'd better drink more water after _____ for such a long time.

- A. run B. runs C. to run D. running

【答案】D

【名师教育中考研究院独家点评】考察介词后接动词 **doing** 的用法。**after** 为介词，介词后面加动词 **doing** 形式，故 D 为正确答案。句意：莎拉，在跑步这么久之后你最好多喝点水。

18. Emma looked after her pet dog _____ of all her friends.

- A. careful B. most careful C. more carefully D. the most carefully

【答案】D

【名师教育中考研究院独家点评】考察副词的最高级。**looked after** 是被修饰的词，所以要用副词，而 **of all her friends** 说明比较的范围在两个人以上，故要用最高级，故 D 为正确答案。

19. The weather forecast says that _____ another storm tomorrow.

- A. there will have B. there will be
C. there has D. there has been

【答案】B

【名师教育中考研究院独家点评】考察 **there be** 的用法。句意：天气预报说明天会有另一场风暴。 **tomorrow** 说明时态为将来时，而 **there be** 固定搭配，表示“有…”，故 B 为正确答案。

20. The stories _____ were written by Mark Twain are often humorous.

- A. that B. those C. who D. what

【答案】A

【名师教育中考研究院独家点评】考察定语从句的引导词。**stories** 指“故事”，是一种东西，**that** 可以指物，**who** 指人，**what** 和 **those** 不引导定语从句，故 A 为正确答案。

21. Miss Brown, we _____ cleaning our classroom. Can we go home now?

- A. finish B. finishing C. are finished D. have finished

【答案】D

【名师教育中考研究院独家点评】考察现在完成时。句意：布朗小姐，我们已经打扫完课室了，那我们现在可以回家吗？打扫是过去发生的事情，影响持续到现在，所以要用现在完成时，表示“打扫完课室造成的影响是否我们可以回家”，故 D 为正确答案。

22. The boy looked _____ because he didn't pass his maths exam.

- A. sad B. sadness C. saddest D. sadly

【答案】A

【名师教育中考研究院独家点评】考察感官动词与形容词的搭配。句意：这个男孩看起来很悲伤，因为他考试失败了。**looked** 意为“看起来”，是感官动词，后面接形容词，故 A 为正确答案。

23. Many houses _____ by the earthquake and thousands of people were left homeless.

- A. damaged B. were damaged
C. were damaging D. are damaged

【答案】 B

【明师教育中考研究院独家点评】考察被动语态。主语为 **houses** 是指物体，有标志词 **by**，而且是复数，后面 **were left homeless** 说明是过去发生的事，所以要用被动语态的过去式，故 **B** 为正确答案。

24. --- will the invitations be sent to our guests?

---In three days.

- A. How often B. How soon C. How long D. How far

【答案】B

【明师教育中考研究院独家点评】考察特殊疑问词。句意：---邀请函多久可以寄到我们的客户手中？---三天之内。而回答中的“**In**”也表明要用 **how soon**，故 **B** 为正确答案。

25. Could you tell me _____ a moment ago?

- A. what were they talking about B. what are they talking about
C. what they were talking about D. what they are talking about

【答案】C

【明师教育中考研究院独家点评】考察宾语从句。宾语从句要用陈述句语序，而“a moment ago”表示为过去的时态，故 C 为正确答案。句意：你能告诉我刚刚你们在聊什么吗？

第二节语法选择（共 10 小题； 每小题 1 分， 满分 10 分）

阅读下面短文，按照句子结构的语法性何上下文连贯的要求，从 26~35 各题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 项中选出最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

Once, a king loved music so much that he searched the world for the best

instrument there was. One day, a magic man ____26____ the king a harp (竖琴) .

The king took it to the palace, but ____27____ he played it, the harp sounded terrible. Many ____28____ people tried it. They agreed that the harp was ____29____ and the king had been fooled. The harp was thrown out as rubbish.

A poor little girl ____30____ found the harp, and even though she didn't know how ____31____ it, she decided to have a try. She played and played, the whole day through, for months and years. The music she produced was never perfect, ____32____ each time it sounded a little better.

Then one day, suddenly, the harp started to play the most beautiful music. It was in fact ____33____ magic harp, and could only be played well by someone who would put in the necessary effort.

The king heard the music from his window, and called the girl to the palace. When the king saw that she was playing his old harp, he was filled ____34____ joy. At that moment he made the girl his own private ____35____ , giving her and her family many riches.

26. A. offer B. offers C. offered D. has offered

【答案】C

【明师教育中考研究院独家点评】考查 v. 时态。文章第一句话出现“loved” 故知整篇文章故事发生在过去，再圈“one day” 再次确认此题时态应该用一般过去式，所以应填 offered。

27. A. when B. before C. if D. because

【答案】A

【明师教育中考研究院独家点评】考查状语从句。此句意思为“当他演奏时，竖琴的声音听起来很糟糕”所以应填 when。

28. A. another B. other C. others D. the other

【答案】B

【明师教育中考研究院独家点评】考查代词的用法。another: 另一个，又一个；

the other: 二者中的另一个; others: = other + n.复数, 因后面出现 people (n. 复数), 所以应填 other。

29. A. used B. using C. useless D. uselessness

【答案】C

【明师教育中考研究院独家点评】考查 use 的不同词性辨析。be used: 被使用; be using: 正在使用; useless: adj 无用的; uselessness: n. 无用; 根据句子意思, 应填 useless。

30. A. late B. lately C. latest D. later

【答案】D

【明师教育中考研究院独家点评】考查 adj. / adv.。late: 迟的; lately: 最近地; latest: 最新的, 最近的; later: adv. 后来, 随后, adj. 后来的; 根据句子意思, 应填 later。

31. A. played B. to play C. playing D. to playing

【答案】B

【明师教育中考研究院独家点评】考查宾语从句。此题主要考查“特殊疑问词 + 不定式”引导的宾从, 所以答案为 to play。

32. A. so B. and C. or D. but

【答案】D

【明师教育中考研究院独家点评】考查连词。此句翻译为“尽管她每次演奏的音乐都不是完美的, 但是每次都会比上次好一点”, 所以应填 but 表转折。

33. A. a B. an C. the D. /

【答案】A

【明师教育中考研究院独家点评】考查冠词的用法。此句翻译为“实际上它是一个有魔力的竖琴”, 所以应填 a。

34. A. in B. of C. by D. with

【答案】D

【明师教育中考研究院独家点评】考查介词的用法。“be filled with”，意为“充满 / 装满.....” 所以应填 with。

35. A. music B. musical C. musician D. musically

【答案】C

【明师教育中考研究院独家点评】考查 music 的不同词性辨析。music: n. 音乐; musical: adj. 音乐的; musician: n. 音乐家; musically: adv. 音乐上地; 根据句子意思, 应填 musician。

三、完形填空 (共 10 小题; 每小题 1 分, 满分 10 分)

阅读下面短文, 掌握其大意, 然后从 36~45 各题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 项中, 选出最佳选项, 并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

Ian Kierman was born in Sydney, Australia, and grew up near the sea. For more than 40 years, he raced in international sailing competitions.

In 1987, Kierman was competing in an around-the-world race when he began to ____ 36 ____ the huge amount of rubbish in the world's oceans. When he returned to Australia, he ____ 37 ____ to do something about it.

He organized a community ____ 38 ____ called “Clean Up Sydney Harbour.” On Sunday, January 8, 1989, more than 40,000 volunteers came out to ____ 39 ____ away rubbish. The next year, Kierman made the clean-up a national event. It was a huge ____ 40 _____. Across Australia, about 300,000 people spent the day improving their local ____ 41 _____.

Since then, “Clean Up Australia” has got ____ 42 ____ every year. In 2002, for example, 800,000 people cleaned up almost 15,000 tons of rubbish from Australia's beaches, parks and streets.

Kierman was ____ 43 ____ with the success of his project. In 2003, he started an even bigger program. With the ____ 44 ____ of the United Nations Environment Program, he introduced “Clean Up the World”, an international program that supports

communities around the world in cleaning up and protecting the environment. “Clean Up the World” has grown ____45____ and his wonderful idea has now spread from one city to the whole world.

36. A. save B. collect C. notice D. produce

【答案】C

【明师教育中考研究院独家点评】根据题意和上下文，Kierman 在参加比赛的时候开始注意到海洋垃圾问题。

37. A. refused B. decided C. pretended D. stopped

【答案】B

【明师教育中考研究院独家点评】根据上下文，Kierman 在发现海洋垃圾问题之后，决定做一些事情来改变该问题。

38. A. law B. party C. company D. event

【答案】D

【明师教育中考研究院独家点评】根据下文的单词复现，可知选 D。

39. A. clear B. send C. turn D. give

【答案】A

【明师教育中考研究院独家点评】考查短语搭配，根据文意，可知是“清理垃圾”，故选 A。

40. A. problem B. success C. surprise D. failure

【答案】B

【明师教育中考研究院独家点评】根据下文的单词复现，可知选 B。

41. A. culture B. project C. government D. environment

【答案】D

【明师教育中考研究院独家点评】根据题意和上下文，清理垃圾这一举措是为

了改善当地的环境。

42. A. older B. smaller C. bigger D. faster

【答案】C

【明师教育中考研究院独家点评】根据上下文，人数从 300,000 增长到 800,000，可知选 C。

43. A. happy B. angry C. disappointed D. concerned

【答案】A

【明师教育中考研究院独家点评】根据文意和下文，可知 Kierman 对他所发起的活动所取得的成功感到非常开心，故选 A。

44. A. need B. help C. hope D. action

【答案】B

【明师教育中考研究院独家点评】考查短语搭配 with the help of sb., 故选 B。

45. A. loudly B. gently C. rapidly D. busily

【答案】C

【明师教育中考研究院独家点评】根据题意和上下文，“Clean Up the World”这一活动发展非常迅猛，故选 C。

四、阅读理解（共 20 小题； 每小题 2 分， 满分 40 分）

阅读下列短文，从每题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 项中，选出最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

(A)

This is a tale of two friends --- one is blind, the other has no arms. On their own, the two are “disabled”. But together, they are a powerful team that has changed part of their village in North China’s Hebei Province into a rich, green forest. Meet 53-year-old Jia Haixia and Jia Wenqi!

Their story began in 2000, when Haixia, who was already blind in his right eye,

lost his left one after an illness. Wenqi lost his arms in an accident when he was just three. Neither could find a job, so the two decided to team up. They rented some poor land and began to plant trees. In return, the local officials paid them a small fee.

Haixia and Wenqi never imagined that they would end up creating an environmental paradise. Their forest now has over 10,000 trees, hundreds of birds and many other wild animals. In addition, it saves the village from river flooding during the rainy season.

When the friends work together, they focus on their strengths not their disabilities. Their day begins at 7 a.m. when the sightless Haixia carries Wenqi across the river to get to their worksite. Since they cannot afford to buy young trees to plant, the two use branches from existing trees. Haixia climbs to the tree-top and with Wenqi's direction, selects the perfect branch. He then digs a hole and carefully plants it. Finally Wenqi waters the area.

Though hard-working, the men don't make much money. But as Wenqi puts it, "We stand on our own feet, so the fruits of our work taste sweeter."

Neither Haixia nor Wenqi cares about money. Together, they already have everything they need--- a perfect pair of eyes, two strong hands, and the best friendship in the world!

46. Why did Haixia and Wenqi start working together?

- A. Haixia needed someone to help him.
- B. They both needed a way to make money.
- C. They wanted to improve the environment.
- D. They were required to do so by local officials.

【答案】B

【明师教育中考研究院独家点评】考查细节题。第二段第二行原句“**Neither could find a job, so the two decided to team up.**”可以发现他们个人是没有能力找到工作养活自己的，所以需要联合起来赚钱养活自己。

47. Haixia and Wenqi's forest has helped the village by _____.

- A. stopping floods in the rainy season

- B. increasing the number of tourists
- C. making the villagers richer
- D. providing more farmland

【答案】A

【明师教育中考研究院独家点评】考查细节题。在第三段最后一行原句“In addition, it saves the village from river flooding during the rainy season.”不难知道答案是 A。

48. Why do Haixia and Wenqi plant tree branches?

- A. They are easy to get.
- B. They do not cost money.
- C. They can grow very quickly.
- D. They are preferred by animals.

【答案】B

【明师教育中考研究院独家点评】考查细节题。第四段原句“Since they cannot afford to buy young trees to plant, the two use branches from existing trees.”可以发现他们是没有钱去买树苗。换言之，他们用树枝种植是因为不需要花钱。

49. In Paragraph 5, when Wenqi says “We stand on our own feet, so the fruits of our work taste sweeter”, he means that “_____”.

- A. they hope to make the forest even better
- B. the fruits from their trees are very sweet
- C. they are proud not to depend on others
- D. they are able to do any difficult work

【答案】C

【明师教育中考研究院独家点评】考查理解推断题。从文中可以知道，他们努力工作虽然赚钱不多，但却觉得自己种的水果尝起来更加甜。不难理解出是因为他们的内心得到满足，觉得不用依靠别人，能自力更生。

50. What can we learn from this story?

- A. Never give up and you will succeed.
- B. We should help the disabled to work.

-
- C. Try your best when facing difficulties.
- D. We can achieve more with teamwork.

【答案】D

【明师教育中考研究院独家点评】考查主旨大意题。从第一段 “**But together, they are a powerful team that has changed part of their village.....**”和最后一段可以看出，整篇文章主要讲的是团队合作的重要性。

(B)

Most of us could probably live without vegetables, but a world without chocolate? Now that would be hard! According to chocolate makers it could happen if we don't act soon.

There are two main causes of the chocolate shortage---chocolate's growing popularity and less production of cocoa, the plant from which chocolate is made. With more and more people in India and China loving chocolate, not much can be done about the first cause.

Therefore, the only thing we can do is to increase cocoa production. However, new plant diseases and little rain in Ivory Coast and Ghana, the world's largest producers, have reduced cocoa production by 40 percent in the past 10 years. What's worse, many cocoa farmers in Africa and other cocoa-producing countries like Indonesia and Venezuela are changing to easier-to-grow crops such as corn or rubber. This way, the farmers can make more money.

To prevent more farmers from changing, researchers at the newly opened International Cocoa Control Centre, in the UK, are trying to create new cocoa plants that are stronger and faster growing. But first they must make sure the new plants are safe to grow. This takes a long time.

First, each new plant is stored at the Control Centre for six months to make sure it is healthy. It is then planted in the Centre's fields, studied and tested for another two years. Only after scientists are certain that they're disease-free, will the plants be sent to farmers in West Africa or wherever else they are needed.

To create new stronger types of cocoa, scientists at the Centre are combining the best

parts from different cocoa plants. Though the world is facing a serious chocolate shortage, there is now hope!

51. The first paragraph tells us that _____.

- A. chocolate is healthier than vegetables
- B. the world could soon be without chocolate
- C. people love vegetables more than chocolate
- D. it's not necessary to eat so much chocolate

【答案】B

【明师教育中考研究院独家点评】细节理解题，主要考察学生分析细节的能力。由文本“...but a world without chocolate?... According to chocolate makers it could happen if we don't act soon”可知第一段是想告诉读者“the world could soon be without chocolate”。学生做错的原因在于没有理解文本句意和选项表达的意思。

52. In which countries has chocolate become more popular in recent years?

- A. Venezuela and Indonesia.
- B. Ivory Coast and Ghana.
- C. Indonesia and China.
- D. China and India.

【答案】D

【明师教育中考研究院独家点评】细节理解题，主要考察学生捕捉细节信息并对其进行分析的能力。由文本第2段第2行“...With more and more people in India and China loving chocolate...”可知在 India and China 巧克力变得更流行。学生做错的原因在于没有准确定位信息。

53. Cocoa farmers are choosing to grow rubber and corn because these crops

_____.

- A. can make them more money
- B. need less rain to grow
- C. can be planted more times each year
- D. are not damaged by plant diseases

【答案】A

【明师教育中考研究院独家点评】细节筛选题，主要考察学生捕捉细节信息的

能力。由文本第 3 段 “...many cocoa farmers...are changing to easier-to-grow crops such as corn or rubber. This way, the farmers can make more money.” 可知答案是 “can make them more money”。学生做错的原因在于没有准确定位信息。

54. How long does it take scientists at the Centre to make sure a cocoa plant is safe to grow?

- A. 6 months. B. 12 months. C. 24 months. D. 30 months.

【答案】D

【明师教育中考研究院独家点评】细节理解题，主要考察学生捕捉细节信息并对其进行分析的能力。由文本第 5 段 “...each new plant is stored at the Control Centre for six months to make sure it is healthy. It is then planted in the Centre’s fields, studied and tested for another two years” 可知答案是 “6 个月 + 2 年” 即 “30 个月”。学生做错的原因在于没有理解句意。

55. What is one of the purposes of the Cocoa Control Centre?

- A. To introduce cocoa production to more countries.
B. To provide more chocolate for British people.
C. To produce stronger types of cocoa plants.
D. To make sure that cocoa is healthy to eat.

【答案】C

【明师教育中考研究院独家点评】细节判断题，主要考察学生捕捉细节信息并对其进行分析的能力。由文本第 4 段倒数第 2 行 “...Cocoa Control Centre, in the UK, are trying to create new cocoa plants that are stronger and faster growing...” 以及最后一段第一句 “To create new stronger types of cocoa...” 可知答案是 C。学生做错的原因在于没有准确定位信息、理解句意。

(C)

On March 3, 1887, the lives of two amazing women were changed forever when

Anne Sullivan, a poor university graduate, arrived at the home of the wealthy Keller family to teach their six-year-old daughter Helen. It was a difficult job as Helen was unable to see, hear or speak because of illness.

Anne had been suggested to the Kellers by her university professor, a close friend of Mr. Keller. Before she arrived, Anne expected her new pupil to be a quiet, weak child. But Helen was nothing like that. When Anne first walked through the Keller's door, the energetic Helen nearly knocked her over in her hurry to feel Anne's face, clothing and bag.

Helen was used to visitors bringing her sweets, and angrily tried to force open Anne's case to take her candy. But Anne calmed her down by allowing Helen to play with her watch. So began one of the most successful student-teacher relationships in history.

Anne Sullivan was only twenty years old when she began teaching Helen. She had to not only teach the child all the usual school subjects, but also control Helen's sometimes wild behavior.

Her well-meaning parents allowed Helen to do as she liked at home. Realizing that such an environment was unsuitable for learning, Anne requested that she and Helen live in a small house nearby.

As soon as Helen began learning, it became clear she was especially intelligent. She quickly learned to read and write, and by the age of ten she could also speak.

In 1900, Helen started studying at Radcliffe University, and graduated first in her class in 1904. She was the very first blind and deaf person to get a university degree. How did she do it? Anne Sullivan read all of Helen's books and then signed the information into her hand. Anne remained at Helen's side until her death in 1936. Helen became a world-famous writer, and fought for disabled people's rights until her death on June 1, 1968.

56. How did Anne come to work at the Kellers' home?

- A. She replied to a job advertisement.
- B. She was introduced by her family friend.
- C. She was recommended by her university professor.

D. She met Mr. Keller while studying at university.

【答案】C

【明师教育中考研究院独家点评】考查细节题。题目中间 Anne 是通过什么方法来来到 Keller's home 工作的，可以定位到原文第二段“Anne had been suggested to the Kellers by her university professor, a close friend of Mr. Keller.” 从中可以看出 C 选项符合原文，学生有可能误选 B，没看清 professor 是 Mr. Keller 的朋友而不是 Anne 的。

57. What surprised Anne most about Helen when they first met?

- A. How intelligent Helen was.
- B. Helen giving Anne a gift.
- C. The way Helen's parents treated her.
- D. How forceful Helen was.

【答案】D

【明师教育中考研究院独家点评】考查细节题。题目中间 Anne 初次与 Helen 会面时什么最令 Anne 惊讶，即可定位到原文中第二、三段 “Before she arrived, Anne expected her new pupil to be a quiet, weak child. But...and angrily tried to force open Anne's case to take her candy.” 从中可以看出实际上 Helen 是一个活跃的、强有力量的小孩，而并不是她想象中的安静、虚弱。

58. According to the passage, Helen's parents _____.

- A. allowed her to do as she wished
- B. gave her too many gifts and sweets
- C. did not spend much time with her
- D. cared little about her education

【答案】A

【明师教育中考研究院独家点评】考查细节题。此题目较简单，可直接定位到 “Her well-meaning parents allowed Helen to do as she liked at home.” 即可马上得出答案。

59. Which of the following is NOT true about Helen's university studies?

- A. She was greatly helped by Anne.
- B. She was the best student in her class.
- C. She was able to graduate in three years.
- D. She was the first deaf and blind university graduate.

【答案】C

【名师教育中考研究院独家点评】考查细节题。根据题目中的 Helen's university studies 可定位到第七段。根据原文“In 1900, Helen started studying at Radcliffe University, and graduated first in her class in 1904.”可计算出 Helen 在大学经过四年学习才毕业而不是 C 选项中的 three years，即可得出答案。

60. According to the passage, both Anne and Helen _____.

- A. died in their 60s
- B. were well educated
- C. came from rich families
- D. fought for human rights

【答案】B

【名师教育中考研究院独家点评】考查细节题。根据原文可知 Anne 是一个 university graduate，而 Helen 也在 Anne 的帮助和教育下，成功在大学毕业了，从中可见 both Anne and Helen were well educated，都是接受过良好教育的。

(D)

61. “Dolphin Intelligence” is probably a story about dolphins’ _____.

- A. eating habits
- B. living places
- C. learning activities
- D. communication methods



【答案】D

【明师教育中考研究院独家点评】细节理解题，本题主要考查考生捕捉有效信息的能力，属浅层理解能力的考查。抓住关键信息“dolphin communication and what dolphins say”，可以判断选 D. communication methods。

62. What is true about New York according to the website?

- A. People are now afraid to visit.
- B. Millions of tourists go there.
- C. It has some new activities.
- D. It offers many big apples.

【答案】B

【明师教育中考研究院独家点评】细节理解题，本题主要考查考生对文本信息的捕捉能力，属浅层理解能力的考查。根据文本中的“Now tourists are visiting New York in their millions each year”，可以判断此处 **B. Millions of tourists go there** 为正确答案。

63. A person going to the page “The Magic of Night Markets” would expect to find _____.

- A. a long article about night markets
- B. an interview with night market sellers
- C. many photographs of newly-arrived clothes
- D. many pictures of night market foods and food shops

【答案】D

【明师教育中考研究院独家点评】细节理解题，本题主要考查考生对文本信息的捕捉和判断能力，属于深层理解能力的考查，需要结合文章与图表信息选出正确答案。根据文本中的“**The Magic of Night Market**”的位置可以判断为图片，且关键信息“**food**”，可以判断选 **D**。

64. From which page can a reader get some useful advice on photography?

- A. Video
- B. Visions of Earth
- C. Your Shot
- D. Photo of the Day

【答案】C

【明师教育中考研究院独家点评】细节筛选题，本题主要考查考生捕捉有效信息的能力，属浅层理解能力的考查。根据文中“**get helpful tips and advice**”可判断正确答案为 **C. Your Shot**。

65. What has been the most popular story on the website this week?

- A. Top Danger for Lions: Hunting
- B. Controlling the Mekong
- C. A Day in New York
- D. Amazing Amazon

【答案】A

【明师教育中考研究院独家点评】细节筛选题，本题主要考查考生的视图能力，属于浅层理解题，只需要考生留意到“Most Read This Week”一栏即可选出正确答案 A. Top Danger for Lions: Hunting。

五、写作（共三节，满分 30 分）

第一节单词拼写（共 5 小题，每小题 1 分，满分 5 分）

根据下列句子及所给单词的首字母写出所缺单词。在填写答卷时，要求写出完整单词。（每空限填一词）

66. It is a p_____ that the weather is so bad today. We can't go on a picnic.

【答案】pity

【明师教育中考研究院独家点评】考查名词。天气不好不能去野餐，可见是一个遗憾，因此答案为 pity。

67. You should always knock at the door before you e_____ a room.

【答案】enter

【明师教育中考研究院独家点评】考查动词。在进门之前要先敲门，因此答案为 enter。

68. Close the window or the wind will b_____ everything off my desk.

【答案】blow

【明师教育中考研究院独家点评】考查动词。看到风，会想起与其有关的动作是 blow。

69. The young woman is very b_____. She is not afraid of anything.

【答案】brave

【明师教育中考研究院独家点评】考查形容词。她不害怕任何东西，表明她很勇敢，因此答案为 brave。

70. It's very p_____ to say "Thank you" when someone helps you.

【答案】polite

【明师教育中考研究院独家点评】考查形容词。当某人帮助你时，说谢谢是有礼貌的，因此答案为 polite。

第二节 完成句子（共 5 小题，每小题 2 分，满分 10 分）

71. 现在越来越多的外国人对中国文化感兴趣了。

Now more and more foreigners _____ Chinese culture.

【答案】are/become interested in

【明师教育中考研究院独家点评】考查短语搭配。对.....感兴趣的短语是 be interested in，这里要注意 be 动词的变化。

72. 根据奶奶的建议，这汤应该煮两个小时以上。

The soup _____ for more than two hours according to Grandma.

【答案】should be cooked

【明师教育中考研究院独家点评】考查含情态动词的被动语态。汤是被煮的，要用被动，应该的中文是 should，因此答案为 should be cooked。

73. 我桌子上的钥匙不见了，不知谁拿走了。

The key on my desk is gone. I wonder _____ it away.

【答案】who took

【明师教育中考研究院独家点评】考查宾语从句。要注意从句中，who 是主语，谓语动词 take 要用过去式。

74. 这部电影真乏味啊！我都快睡着了。

_____ movie it was! I almost fell asleep.

【答案】What a boring

【明师教育中考研究院独家点评】考查感叹句。这句话的结构是

what+a/an+adj.+n.+主语+谓语。

75. 如果你现在不出发，你就会错过末班车。

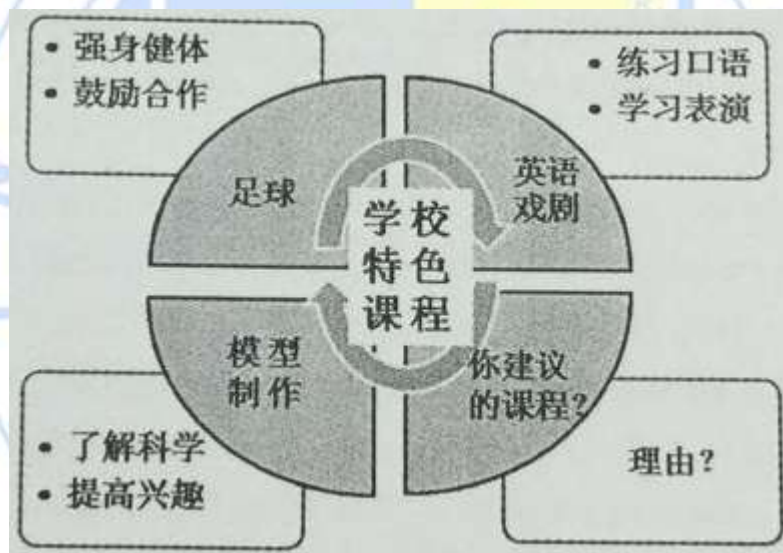
_____ you don't leave now, you _____ the final bus.

【答案】If; will miss

【明师教育中考研究院独家点评】考查状语从句。If 引导的条件状语从句，主句要用将来时。

第三节 书面表达（共 1 题，满分 15 分）

你校将开设一些特色课程，学生可根据兴趣进行选择。请根据以下内容提示为学校英文网页写一篇短文，介绍这些课程、提出你建议增设的课程并说明理由。



Students in our school are free to choose some special courses according to their interest.

...

注意：1. 参考词汇：模型制作 model making

2. 词数 80 左右（文章开头已给出，不计入词数）；

3. 不得透露学校、姓名等任何个人信息，否则不予评分。

【明师教育中考研究院独家点评】2015 年的中考作文为指导性写作，要求考生依据提示写一篇短文介绍特色课程并提出考生建议增设的课程。文章开头已给出，明确了文章的时态应该为一般现在时，主要考查学生综合运用语言知识、

写出简短段落的能力。话题紧贴考生的日常生活，让考生可以有话可写，有发挥的空间。

【参考范文 1】 *Students in our school are free to choose some special courses according to their interest.* Students who want to have strong bodies as well as develop their teamwork spirit can choose to attend the football course because this course encourages students to work together. Those who look for a chance to practice their oral English can attend the English drama course. What's more, it will provide them chances to act out some interesting plays. Besides, for those who want to know more about science and increase their interest, we will also have a model making course.

In my opinion, I strongly suggest that we should have an International course as well. It is a good opportunity for us to broaden our horizons and I think it is a good chance to improve our foreign language skills.

【参考范文 2】 *Students in our school are free to choose some special courses according to their interest.* First of all, the football course is the best choice if you like playing football. When you play football, you can take regular exercise and build up your body. At the same time, playing football can develop your teamwork spirit because you can learn how to help each other.

What's more, English play course is a good choice for the students who like English. In the class, it is a good chance for the students to learn acting and improve oral English. If you want to develop an interest in science, you'd better choose model making course. When you make some models, you can learn more about the science.

In my opinion, we should have a reading course as well, because we can learn plenty of knowledge from books. If we read more books, we will become smarter and smarter.