

**Name: ABDULRAHMAN ALMYMAN**

**Student Number:** 

### **1.IDE:**

Jupyter notebook(easy to use) & Google Collab for working online.

### **2. libraries used to implement the models:**

-Pandas: to read the data easily.

-Sklearn(include: sklearn.preprocessing, sklearn.model\_selection, sklearn.metrics, sklearn.ensemble, etc. )

### **3. Description of the chosen algorithms including all the selected hyperparameters:**

SVR() because it has the best score

#### **Selected Hyperparameters:**

default hyperparameters

### **4. Description of Data Preprocessing Applied:**

HW3:

- aqardata\_2

1- Separate features and target variable

2- Encode categorical variables with LabelEncoder

3- # Initialize the KFold object with shuffle and random\_state

# class sklearn.model\_selection.KFold(, \*, shuffle=true, random\_state=24)

4- # Initialize a list to store the mean squared errors, mean absolute errors, RMSE, and R2 scores for each model

5- Define the models to evaluate

6 - Iterate over the models and perform cross-validation & Initialize lists to store the evaluation scores for each fold

7 - # Perform cross-validation & Split the data into training and testing sets for this fold

8 - # Fit the model on the training data

9- # Make predictions on the testing data

10 - # Calculate the evaluation scores for this fold

11 - # Append the evaluation scores to the respective lists

- 12 - Calculate the mean of the evaluation scores for this model
  - 13 - # Append the average evaluation scores to the list
  - 14 - # Sort the models based on their average mean squared error in ascending order
  - 15 - # Get the best performing model and its corresponding evaluation scores
  - 16- # Print the best performing model and its evaluation scores
- merging solution(not yet):
- aqardata\_2
  - DocRealestateSale
  - DocRealestateSale2023Q3
  - Transactionssaleforrealestate

## **5. Description of all other steps that have done to get a final result:**

- Selected relevant features for training the model:[  
mainlocation sublocation neighborhood frontage purpose streetwidth size  
- ] and make the Target Pricepm
- After the all steps we choose svr because it has highest score.

## 6. Evaluation results:

The results for HW3:

7. Best Model: Support Vector Regression
8. Mean Squared Error: 7081681.56
9. Mean Absolute Error: 1338.34
10. Root Mean Squared Error: 2661.14
11.  $R^2$  Score: 0.00%

## 12. Screenshots of all the code & evaluation results from the platform was chosen:

```
[1]: import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from sklearn.model_selection import KFold
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
from sklearn.ensemble import GradientBoostingRegressor
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error, r2_score
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestRegressor, GradientBoostingRegressor
from sklearn.svm import SVR
from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error, mean_absolute_error, r2_score
from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error, mean_absolute_error, r2_score, root_mean_squared_error

[2]: #Resources
# https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/cross_validation.html
# https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/generated/sklearn.model_selection.KFold.html#sklearn.model_selection.KFold

[3]: # Load the dataset
data = pd.read_csv('aqardata_2.csv')
```

```
4]: #Showing
print(data.shape)
data.head()
```

```
(2951, 8)
```

```
4]:
```

	mainlocation	sublocation	neighborhood	frontage	purpose	streetwidth	size	Pricepm
0	الرياض	غرب الرياض	حي ظهرة لبن	شمال	سكني	20.0	727	1800
1	بريدة	NaN	حي مشعل	غرب	NaN	15.0	450	950
2	الخبر	NaN	حي الحمراء	غرب	تجاري	100.0	1450	3500
3	الخبر	NaN	حي الحزام الاخضر	شرق	NaN	15.0	440	2700
4	بريدة	NaN	حي الراحاب	جنوب غربي	NaN	40.0	784	950

```
5]: #sns.pairplot(data)

6]: # Separate features and target variable
X = data.drop('Pricepm', axis=1) # ALL columns except 'Pricepm'
y = data['Pricepm'] # The target column 'Pricepm'

7]: # Display the first few rows of X and y to be sure about our work
print(X.head())
```

```

8]: # Separate features and target variable
X = data.drop('Pricepm', axis=1) # All columns except 'Pricepm'
y = data['Pricepm'] # The target column 'Pricepm'

```

```

9]: # Display the first few rows of X and y to be sure about our work
print(X.head())

```

```

mainlocation sublocation neighborhood frontage purpose streetwidth \
0 20.0 حي ظهرة لبن غرب الرياض 15.0
1 بريدة NaN غرب حي مشعل NaN 15.0
2 الخير NaN تجاري غرب حي الحمرا 15.0
3 الخير NaN شرق حي الحزام الاخضر NaN 15.0
4 بريدة NaN حي الرحاب جنوب غربي NaN 40.0

size
0 727
1 450
2 1450
3 440
4 784

```

```

10]: print(y.head())

```

```

0 1800
1 950
2 2500
3 950
4 950
Name: Pricepm, dtype: int64

```

```

11]: # Encode categorical variables with LabelEncoder
encoder = LabelEncoder()
X_encoded = X.apply(encoder.fit_transform)

```

```

12]: # Initialize the KFold object with shuffle and random_state
# class sklearn.model_selection.KFold(n_splits=5, *, shuffle=False, random_state=None)
kf = KFold(shuffle=True, random_state=24)

```

```

13]: # Initialize a list to store the mean squared errors, mean absolute errors, RMSE, and R2 scores for each model
evaluation_scores = []

```

```

14]: # Define the models to evaluate
models = [
    ('Linear Regression', LinearRegression()),
    ('Random Forest', RandomForestRegressor(random_state=35)),
    ('Gradient Boosting', GradientBoostingRegressor(random_state=35)),
    ('Support Vector Regression', SVR())
]

```

```

15]: # Iterate over the models and perform cross-validation
for model_name, model in models:
    # Initialize lists to store the evaluation scores for each fold
    fold_mse_scores = []
    fold_mae_scores = []
    fold_rmse_scores = []
    fold_r2_scores = []

```

```

16]: # Perform cross-validation
for train_index, test_index in kf.split(X_encoded):
    # Split the data into training and testing sets for this fold
    X_train, X_test = X_encoded.iloc[train_index], X_encoded.iloc[test_index]
    y_train, y_test = y.iloc[train_index], y.iloc[test_index]

```

```

17]: # Fit the model on the training data
model.fit(X_train, y_train)

```

```

18]: # SVR
SVR()

```

```

19]: # Make predictions on the testing data
y_pred = model.predict(X_test)

```

```

20]: # Calculate the evaluation scores for this fold
fold_mse = mean_squared_error(y_test, y_pred)
fold_mae = mean_absolute_error(y_test, y_pred)
fold_rmse = root_mean_squared_error(y_test, y_pred) # Use the new function
fold_r2 = r2_score(y_test, y_pred)

```

```

21]: # Append the evaluation scores to the respective lists
fold_mse_scores.append(fold_mse)
fold_mae_scores.append(fold_mae)
fold_rmse_scores.append(fold_rmse)
fold_r2_scores.append(fold_r2)

```

```

22]: # Calculate the mean of the evaluation scores for this model
avg_mse = sum(fold_mse_scores) / len(fold_mse_scores)
avg_mae = sum(fold_mae_scores) / len(fold_mae_scores)
avg_rmse = sum(fold_rmse_scores) / len(fold_rmse_scores)
avg_r2 = sum(fold_r2_scores) / len(fold_r2_scores)

```

```

avg_rmse = sum(fold_rmse_scores) / len(fold_rmse_scores)
avg_r2 = sum(fold_r2_scores) / len(fold_r2_scores)

[20]: # Append the average evaluation scores to the List
      evaluation_scores.append((model_name, avg_mse, avg_mae, avg_rmse, avg_r2))

[21]: # Sort the models based on their average mean squared error in ascending order
      evaluation_scores.sort(key=lambda x: x[1])

[22]: # Get the best performing model and its corresponding evaluation scores
      best_model, best_mse, best_mae, best_rmse, best_r2 = evaluation_scores[0]

[24]: # Print the best performing model and its evaluation scores
      print(f"Best Model: {best_model}")
      print(f"Mean Squared Error: {best_mse:.2f}")
      print(f"Mean Absolute Error: {best_mae:.2f}")
      print(f"Root Mean Squared Error: {best_rmse:.2f}")
      print(f"R² Score: {best_r2:.2f}%")

Best Model: Support Vector Regression
Mean Squared Error: 7081681.56
Mean Absolute Error: 1338.34
Root Mean Squared Error: 2661.14
R² Score: 0.00%

```

THE RESULT FOR merging solution: