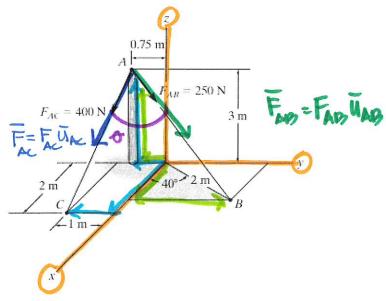
### ENSC 2113 - Fall 2023

#### Homework #2

Work each problem on a separate piece of paper using the homework format outlined on course website (Canvas).

Submit handwritten work as a single PDF to the course website. Due Friday, September 22 by 8:45 am.

### Problem #1 (20 points):

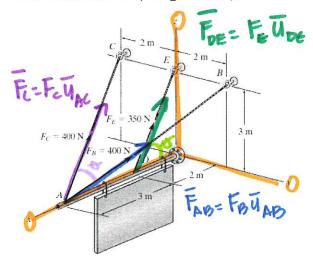


- a) Write each force vector, FAC and FAB, as a Cartesian Vector.
- b) Calculate the angle theta between  $F_{AC}$  and a line from A to B using dot product.
- c) Determine the projected component of  $F_{AC}$  on a line from A to B. Express as a Cartesian Vector.
- d) Determine the magnitude and direction angles of the resultant force of  $F_{AC}$  and  $F_{AB}$ .

② 
$$|V_{AC}| = \{27 - 0.25 \} - 3 \text{ is}$$
  
③  $|V_{AC}| = \{(2)^2 + (-0.25)^2 + (-3)^2 = [13.1 \text{ m}]$   
④  $|V_{AC}| = \{(2)^2 + (-0.25)^2 + (-3)^2 = [13.1 \text{ m}]$ 

$$\begin{aligned} & [\overline{L}_{ARB} = F \ \overline{U}_{ARB} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{1.5327 + 2.0349 - 3 E F m}{10.5327 + (2.036)^2 + (-3)^2} = \frac{115.49 \text{ m}}{15.49 \text{ m}} \\ & @ \ \overline{U}_{AB} = \frac{7 \ln 532}{17 \ln 9} T + \frac{2.0349}{115.49} J - \frac{3}{115.49} E F \\ & \boxed{0} \ \overline{U}_{AB} = \frac{7 \ln 52}{17 \ln 9} T + \frac{2.0349}{115.49} J - \frac{3}{115.49} E F \\ & \boxed{0} \ \overline{U}_{AB} = \frac{7 \ln 527}{17 \ln 9} + \frac{2.0349}{115.49} J - \frac{3}{115.49} E F \\ & \boxed{0} \ \overline{U}_{AB} = \frac{7 \ln 57}{14 \cdot 2149} J - \frac{3}{115.49} J + \frac{2.0349}{115.49} J - \frac{3}{115.49} J \\ & = \cos^{-1} \left[ \frac{(2)(1.532) + (-0.28)/2 \cdot 0340 + (-3)/2 \cdot 0340$$

### Problem #2 (25 points):



- a) Write each force vector, FAC, FAB, and FDE, as a Cartesian Vector.
- b) Calculate the angle theta between  $F_{AC}$  and a line from A to D using dot product.
- c) Calculate the angle theta between  $F_{DE}$  and a line from D to A using dot product.
- d) Determine the projected component of F<sub>AB</sub> on a line from A to D. Express as a Cartesian Vector.
- e) Determine the magnitude and direction angles of the resultant force of  $F_{AC}$  and  $F_{AB}$ .

(a) 
$$\vec{F}_{AC} = 400N \vec{U}_{AC}$$
  $A(5,0,0)m$   $C(0,-2,3)m$   $\vec{F}_{AC} = 2-5T-2J+3kgm$   $|\vec{F}_{AC}| = 138n^2 = 6.16m$   $\vec{U}_{AC} = 2-5T-2J+3kgm$   $|\vec{F}_{AC}| = 138n^2 = 6.16m$   $|\vec{F}_{AC}| = 2-324.4T-129.8J+194.7kgN$ 

$$F_{AB} = 400N \, \overline{U}_{AB}$$

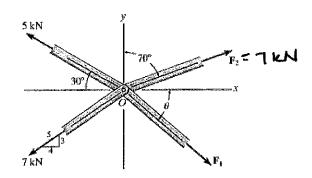
$$A(5.0.0)m \quad B(0.2.3)m$$

$$F_{AB} = \frac{2}{5} - 5 + 2 + 3 = m \quad |V_{AB}| = \frac{3}{50}m^2 = 6.16m$$

$$\overline{U}_{AB} = \frac{2}{5} - \frac{5}{130} + \frac{2}{130} = \frac{3}{50} = \frac{3}{50} + \frac{3}{130} = \frac{3}{50} = \frac{3}{5$$

(b) 
$$t = \cos^{-1} \frac{2 T_{NG} \vec{s} \cdot \vec{t} T_{NO} \vec{s}}{|\vec{r}_{N}|| |\vec{r}_{NO}||} = \frac{1}{|\vec{r}_{N}|| |\vec{r}_{NO}||} = \frac{1}{|\vec{r}_{N}|| |\vec{r}_{NO}||} = \frac{1}{|\vec{r}_{NO}|| |\vec{r}_{NO}||} = \frac{1}{|\vec{r}_{NO}||} = \frac{1}{$$

## Problem #3 (10 points):



The members of a truss are pin connected at joint O. Determine the magnitude of F1 and its angle  $\theta$  for equilibrium using equilibrium equations. Set  $F_2 = 7$  kN.

equations. Set 
$$F_2 = 7 \text{ kin}$$
.

$$\overrightarrow{F}_{x} = -5 \text{ kin} \cos 30 - \frac{4}{5} (7 \text{ kin}) + 7 \text{ kin} \sin 70 + F_{1} \cos \theta = 0$$

$$F_{1} \cos \theta = 3.352 \text{ kin} 0$$

$$\overrightarrow{F}_{1} = 5 \text{ kin} \sin 30 - \frac{3}{5} (7 \text{ kin}) + 7 \text{ kin} \cos 70 - F_{1} \sin \theta = 0$$

$$F_{1} \sin \theta = 0.694 \text{ kin} 0$$

$$F_{2} = 5 \text{ kin} \theta = 0.694 \text{ kin} 0$$

$$F_{3} = 5 \text{ kin} \theta = 0.694 \text{ kin} 0$$

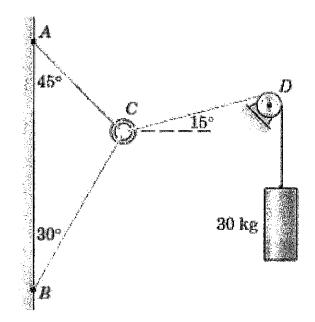
$$F_{3} = 5 \text{ kin} \theta = 0.694 \text{ kin} 0$$

$$F_{4} = 5 \text{ kin} \theta = 0.207$$

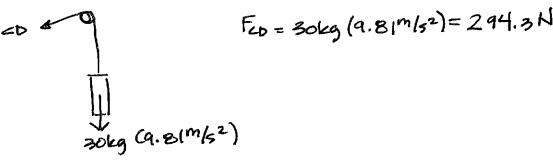
$$\theta = 6 \text{ kin} \theta = 0.207$$

to check: Fras 11.7°=3.362kN Fr=3.42kN

## Problem #4 (10 points):



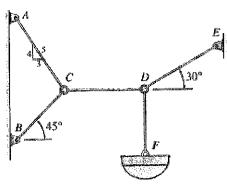
Three cables are joined at the junction of ring C. Determine the tensions in cables AC and BC caused by the weight of the 30-kg cylinder using equilibrium equations. Please draw a free-body diagram as part of the solution.



FBD @ C

$$E_{A} = 0$$
 $F_{CA} = 294.3N$ 
 $F_{CA} = \frac{294.3N \cos 15}{\cos 45} - \frac{1}{5}\cos 500 + 294.3N \cos 15^{\circ} = 0$ 
 $F_{CA} = \frac{294.3N \cos 15}{\cos 45} - \frac{1}{5}\cos 500 = 0$ 
 $F_{CB} = \frac{294.3N \cos 15}{\cos 45} - \frac{1}{5}\cos 500 = 0$ 
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 $F_{CB} = \frac{1}{5}\cos 500 = 0$ 

# Problem #5 (10 points)



Determine the tension developed in each cord required for equilibrium of the 35-kg lamp using equilibrium equations. Draw a free-body diagram as part of your solution.

FBD @ D 
$$ZF_{1} f=0$$
 FbE  $\sin 30 - 36 \log (4.8 | m \log 2) = 0$ 

FDE =  $\frac{35 \log (4.8 | m \log 2)}{\sin 30}$ 

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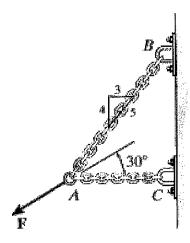
FOE =  $\frac{36 \log (4.8 | m \log 2)}{\sin 40}$ 

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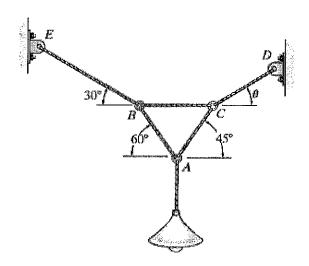
## Problem #6 (10 points):



Determine the maximum force F that can be supported in the position shown if each chain can support a maximum tension of 750 lb (pounds) before it fails.

FBD e A 
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## Problem #7 (15 points):



The lamp has a weigh of 15 lb and is supported by the six cords connected together as shown. Determine the tension in each cord and the angle  $\theta$  for equilibrium using equilibrium equations. Draw all freebody diagrams needed as part of the solution. Cord BC is horizontal.

The cos45 (sinco) + Fre sin45 = 15 et

Fascos 1840= 16.487eb