# ENSC 2113 Engineering Mechanics: Statics

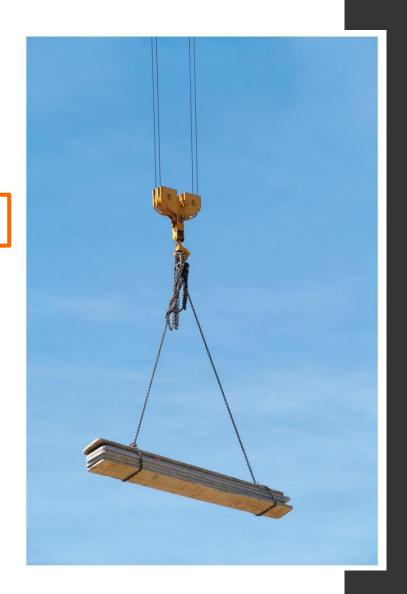
Chapter 3:

Equilibrium of a Particle

(Section 3.3)

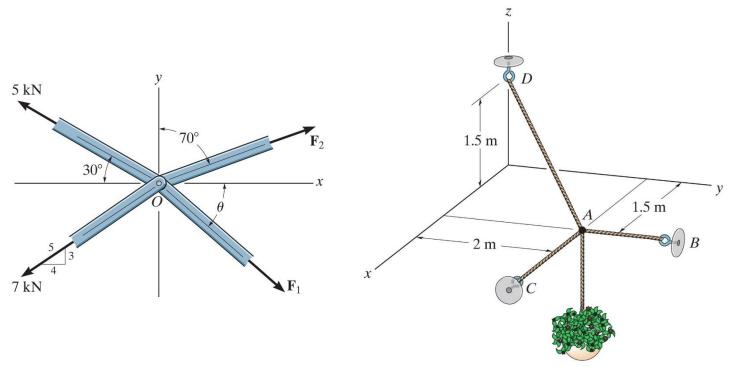
## Chapter 3 Outline:

- 3.1 Condition for the Equilibrium of a Particle
- 3.2 The Free-Body Diagram
- 3.3 Coplanar Force Systems
- 3.4 Three-Dimensional Force Systems



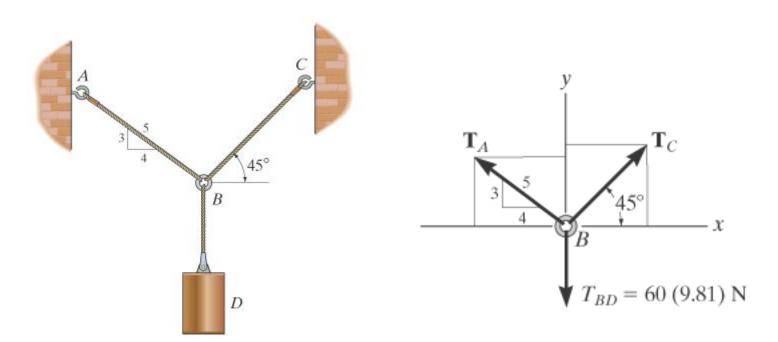
# Chapter 3 Objectives:

- To introduce the concept of the free-body diagram for a particle
- To show how to solve particle equilibrium
   problems using the equations of equilibrium

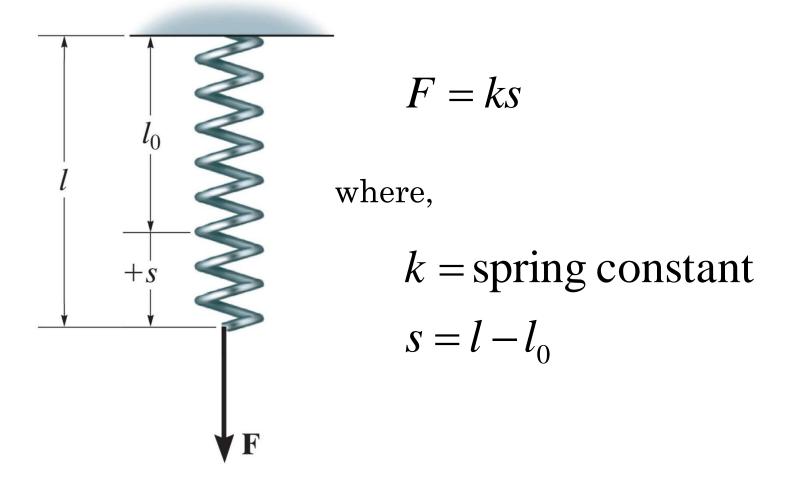


### Free-body diagram:

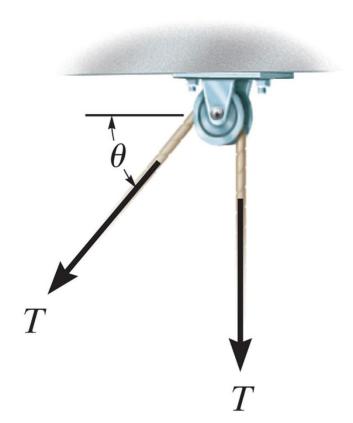
- A drawing that shows the particle as isolated and free from its surroundings
- Includes *all* forces acting on the particle



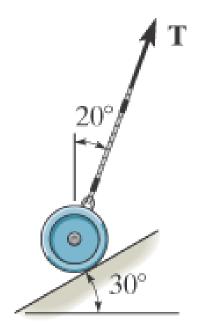
Springs: The length of a spring will change in direct proportion to the force acting on it.

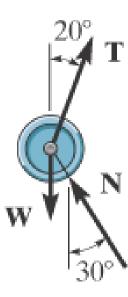


Cables and Pulleys: All cables will be assumed to have negligible weight and cannot stretch. Cables can support tension only (pulling force). Cables have constant magnitude as they pass over pulleys.



Smooth Contact: If an object rests on a smooth surface, the surface will exert a force on the object normal to the surface at the point of contact

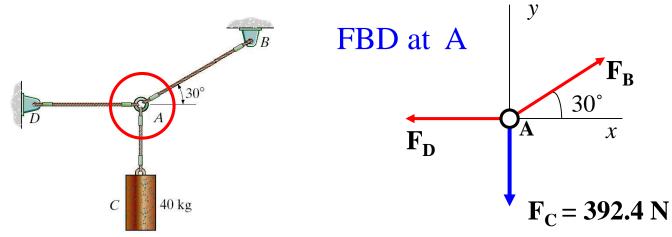




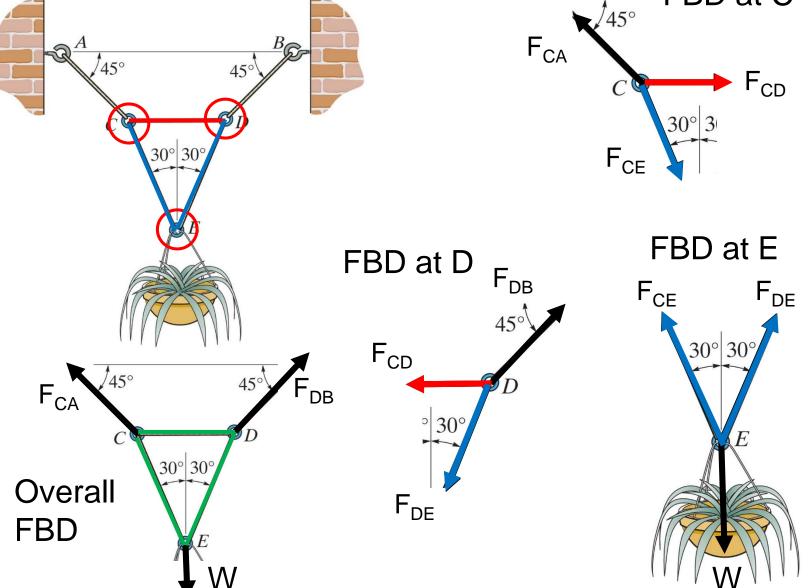
## The Free-body Diagram:

### Procedure:

- Draw the Outlined Shape
  - Isolate the system by removing the supports and drawing the outlined shape
- Show All Forces
  - Active forces that set the particle in motion
  - Reactive forces that prevent motion
- Identify Each Force
  - Knowns
  - Unknowns



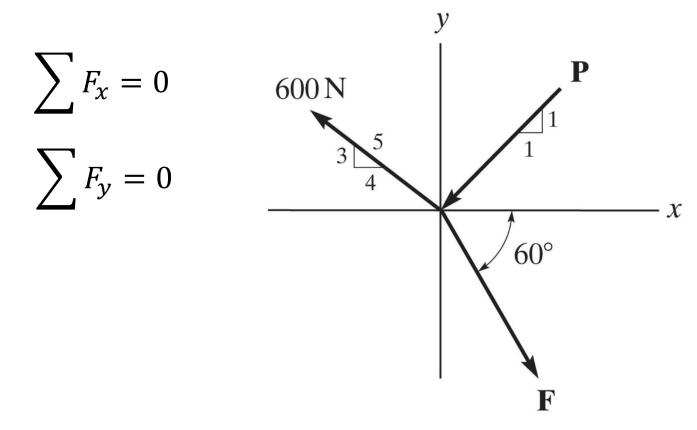
For some problems, multiple FBDs will be required to solve. FBD at C 45°  $\mathsf{F}_\mathsf{CA}$ 45° 30° 3 30° 30° FBD at E FBD at D



## **Equilibrium:**

### Equations in 2-D:

With two equations, two unknowns can be solved



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