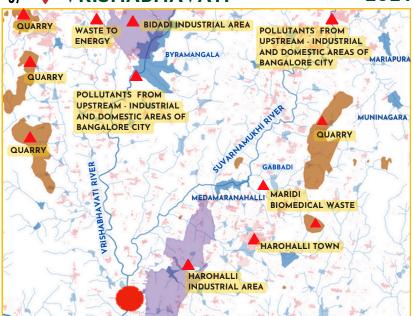


With government proposals to expand treatment and use of Arkavathi River water in Bangalore, it is important to identify, monitor, and stop the spread of harmful pollutants. The results below show trends in pollution at site 102, one of eight Arkavathi sites where Paani conducted sediment and water testing.

TESTING INFORMATION

DOWNSTREAM OF RISING SUN ANECUT, VRISHABHAVATI





Agriculture along with industrial activity, waste from built-up areas, and quarries contribute to the pollution.

Industrial area

Built-up Area

Quarry

Drainage lines

Sampling

pollution . sources

POLLUTANTS OF CONCERN

Water and soil tested at this site did not meet international standards for pollution due to high amounts of chemicals including:

NH₃ Ammonia Toxic Chemical causes skin and throat irritation

157x above

Canada Water **Quality Guidelines** (Aquatic Life)

DEHP Bis (2ethylhexyl) phthalate

PAH plasticizer, damages liver & reproductive system

66x above

US Recomme.
Water Quality
Criteria (Human Health)

Hg

Mercury

Ê

Poisonous Metal harms nervous digestive and immune systems

Canada Sediment Quality Guidelines (Aquatic Life)

C₂₂H₁₄

Dibenz[a,h] causes skin & eye anthracene irritation

184x above

US Recommended Water Quality Criteria (Human Health)

APPROPRIATE USE FOR WATER AT SITE

Water tested was only suitable for Central Pollution Control Board Class E

CPCB Designated-Best-Use of Sample

Due to high levels of ammonia and Biochemica Oxygen Demand* (3 day), water sampled at site 102 was only suitable for irrigation per CPCB guidelines.

ACTIVITIES AT SITE

Activity + Points of Concern Designated-Best Use While this water met designated best use criteria, the effects of Irrigation of harmful chemicals on private farmlands farm worker and crop health should be evaluated



Water hyacinth in river channel



Sample collection

