

Quantum-Fourier-Transform

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November 5, 2024

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theory *QFT*

imports

Isabelle-Marries-Dirac.Deutsch

begin

1 Some useful lemmas

lemma *gate-carrier-mat[simp]*:

assumes *gate n U*

shows $U \in \text{carrier-mat } (2^n) (2^n)$

proof

```

  show  $\dim\text{-row } U = 2^n$  using gate-def assms by auto
next
  show  $\dim\text{-col } U = 2^n$  using gate-def assms by auto
qed

```

```

lemma state-carrier-mat[simp]:
  assumes  $\text{state } n \ \psi$ 
  shows  $\psi \in \text{carrier-mat } (2^n) \ 1$ 
proof
  show  $\dim\text{-row } \psi = 2^n$  using state-def assms by auto
next
  show  $\dim\text{-col } \psi = 1$  using state-def assms by auto
qed

```

```

lemma state-basis-carrier-mat[simp]:
   $| \text{state-basis } n \ j \rangle \in \text{carrier-mat } (2^n) \ 1$ 
  by (simp add: ket-vec-def state-basis-def)

```

```

lemma left-tensor-id[simp]:
  assumes  $A \in \text{carrier-mat } nr \ nc$ 
  shows  $(1_m \ 1) \otimes A = A$ 
  by auto

```

```

lemma right-tensor-id[simp]:
  assumes  $A \in \text{carrier-mat } nr \ nc$ 
  shows  $A \otimes (1_m \ 1) = A$ 
  by auto

```

```

lemma tensor-carrier-mat[simp]:
  assumes  $A \in \text{carrier-mat } ra \ ca$ 
  and  $B \in \text{carrier-mat } rb \ cb$ 
  shows  $A \otimes B \in \text{carrier-mat } (ra*rb) \ (ca*cb)$ 
proof
  show  $\dim\text{-row } (A \otimes B) = ra * rb$  using dim-row-tensor-mat assms by auto
  show  $\dim\text{-col } (A \otimes B) = ca * cb$  using dim-col-tensor-mat assms by auto
qed

```

```

lemma smult-tensor[simp]:
  assumes  $\dim\text{-col } A > 0$  and  $\dim\text{-col } B > 0$ 
  shows  $(a \cdot_m A) \otimes (b \cdot_m B) = (a*b) \cdot_m (A \otimes B)$ 
proof
  fix  $i \ j :: nat$ 
  assume  $ai:i < \dim\text{-row } (a * b \cdot_m (A \otimes B))$  and  $aj:j < \dim\text{-col } (a * b \cdot_m (A \otimes B))$ 
  show  $(a \cdot_m A \otimes b \cdot_m B) \$\$ (i, j) = ((a * b) \cdot_m (A \otimes B)) \$\$ (i, j)$ 
  proof -
    define  $rA \ ca \ rB \ cB$  where  $rA = \dim\text{-row } A$  and  $ca = \dim\text{-col } A$  and  $rB = \dim\text{-row } B$ 
    and  $cB = \dim\text{-col } B$ 

```

have $(a \cdot_m A \otimes b \cdot_m B) \$(i, j) = (a \cdot_m A) \$(i \text{ div } rB, j \text{ div } cB) * (b \cdot_m B) \$(i \text{ mod } rB, j \text{ mod } cB)$
proof (*rule index-tensor-mat*)
show $\text{dim-row } (a \cdot_m A) = rA$ **using** *rA-def* **by** *simp*
show $\text{dim-col } (a \cdot_m A) = cA$ **using** *cA-def* **by** *simp*
show $\text{dim-row } (b \cdot_m B) = rB$ **using** *rB-def* **by** *simp*
show $\text{dim-col } (b \cdot_m B) = cB$ **using** *cB-def* **by** *simp*
show $i < rA * rB$ **using** *ai rA-def rB-def smult-carrier-mat tensor-carrier-mat*
by *auto*
show $j < cA * cB$ **using** *aj cA-def cB-def smult-carrier-mat tensor-carrier-mat*
by *auto*
show $0 < cA$ **using** *cA-def assms(1)* **by** *simp*
show $0 < cB$ **using** *cB-def assms(2)* **by** *simp*
qed
also have $\dots = a * A \$(i \text{ div } rB, j \text{ div } cB) * b * B \$(i \text{ mod } rB, j \text{ mod } cB)$
using *index-smult-mat* **by** (*smt (verit) Euclidean-Rings.div-eq-0-iff*
ab-semigroup-mult-class.mult-ac(1) ai aj cB-def dim-col-tensor-mat dim-row-tensor-mat
less-mult-imp-div-less mod-less-divisor mult-0-right not-gr0 rB-def)
also have $\dots = (a * b) * (A \$(i \text{ div } rB, j \text{ div } cB) * B \$(i \text{ mod } rB, j \text{ mod } cB))$ **by**
auto
also have $\dots = (a * b) * ((A \otimes B) \$(i, j))$
proof –
have $(A \otimes B) \$(i, j) = A \$(i \text{ div } rB, j \text{ div } cB) * B \$(i \text{ mod } rB, j \text{ mod } cB)$
using *index-tensor-mat rA-def cA-def rB-def cB-def ai aj smult-carrier-mat*
tensor-carrier-mat assms **by** *auto*
thus *?thesis* **by** *simp*
qed
also have $\dots = ((a * b) \cdot_m (A \otimes B)) \(i, j) **using** *index-smult-mat(1)*
by (*metis ai aj index-smult-mat(2) index-smult-mat(3)*)
finally show *?thesis* **by** *this*
qed
next
show $\text{dim-row } (a \cdot_m A \otimes b \cdot_m B) = \text{dim-row } (a * b \cdot_m (A \otimes B))$ **by** *simp*
next
show $\text{dim-col } (a \cdot_m A \otimes b \cdot_m B) = \text{dim-col } (a * b \cdot_m (A \otimes B))$ **by** *simp*
qed

lemma *smult-tensor1[simp]*:
assumes $\text{dim-col } A > 0$ **and** $\text{dim-col } B > 0$
shows $a \cdot_m (A \otimes B) = (a \cdot_m A) \otimes B$
proof –
have $a \cdot_m (A \otimes B) = (a * 1) \cdot_m (A \otimes B)$ **by** *auto*
also have $\dots = (a \cdot_m A) \otimes (1 \cdot_m B)$ **using** *assms smult-tensor* **by** *simp*
also have $\dots = (a \cdot_m A) \otimes B$
by (*metis eq-matI index-smult-mat(1) index-smult-mat(2) index-smult-mat(3)*
mult-cancel-right1)
finally show *?thesis* **by** *this*
qed

```

lemma set-list:
  set [m..n] = {m..n}
by auto

lemma sumof2:
  ( $\sum k < (2::nat). f\ k$ ) = f 0 + f 1
by (metis One-nat-def Suc-1 add.left-neutral lessThan-0 sum.empty sum.lessThan-Suc)

lemma sumof4:
  ( $\sum k < (4::nat). f\ k$ ) = f 0 + f 1 + f 2 + f 3
proof -
  have ( $\sum k < (4::nat). f\ k$ ) = sum f (set [0..4]) using set-list atLeast-upt by
presburger
  also have ... = f 0 + (f (Suc 0) + (f 2 + f 3)) by simp
  also have ... = f 0 + f 1 + f 2 + f 3 by (simp add: add.commute add.left-commute)
  finally show ?thesis by this
qed

```

2 The operator R_k

definition $R:: nat \Rightarrow complex\ Matrix.mat$ **where**

$$R\ k = mat-of-cols-list\ 2\ [[1, 0], \\ [0, \exp(2*pi*i/2^k)]]$$

3 The SWAP gate:

definition $SWAP:: complex\ Matrix.mat$ **where**

$$SWAP \equiv Matrix.mat\ 4\ 4\ (\lambda(i,j). \text{if } i=0 \wedge j=0 \text{ then } 1 \text{ else} \\ \text{if } i=1 \wedge j=2 \text{ then } 1 \text{ else} \\ \text{if } i=2 \wedge j=1 \text{ then } 1 \text{ else} \\ \text{if } i=3 \wedge j=3 \text{ then } 1 \text{ else } 0)$$

lemma $SWAP-index$:

$$\begin{aligned} SWAP\ \$\$ (0,0) &= 1 \wedge \\ SWAP\ \$\$ (0,1) &= 0 \wedge \\ SWAP\ \$\$ (0,2) &= 0 \wedge \\ SWAP\ \$\$ (0,3) &= 0 \wedge \\ SWAP\ \$\$ (1,0) &= 0 \wedge \\ SWAP\ \$\$ (1,1) &= 0 \wedge \\ SWAP\ \$\$ (1,2) &= 1 \wedge \\ SWAP\ \$\$ (1,3) &= 0 \wedge \\ SWAP\ \$\$ (2,0) &= 0 \wedge \\ SWAP\ \$\$ (2,1) &= 1 \wedge \\ SWAP\ \$\$ (2,2) &= 0 \wedge \\ SWAP\ \$\$ (2,3) &= 0 \wedge \\ SWAP\ \$\$ (3,0) &= 0 \wedge \\ SWAP\ \$\$ (3,1) &= 0 \wedge \end{aligned}$$

```

    SWAP $$ (3,2) = 0 ∧
    SWAP $$ (3,3) = 1
  by (simp add: SWAP-def)

```

```

lemma SWAP-nrows:
  dim-row SWAP = 4
  by (simp add: SWAP-def)

```

```

lemma SWAP-ncols:
  dim-col SWAP = 4
  by (simp add: SWAP-def)

```

```

lemma SWAP-carrier-mat[simp]:
  SWAP ∈ carrier-mat 4 4
  using SWAP-nrows SWAP-ncols by auto

```

The SWAP gate indeed swaps the states of two qubits (it is not necessary to assume unitarity)

```

lemma SWAP-tensor:
  assumes u ∈ carrier-mat 2 1
  and v ∈ carrier-mat 2 1
  shows SWAP * (u ⊗ v) = v ⊗ u
proof
  show dim-row (SWAP * (u ⊗ v)) = dim-row (v ⊗ u)
    using SWAP-nrows assms(1) assms(2) by auto
  next
    show dim-col (SWAP * (u ⊗ v)) = dim-col (v ⊗ u)
      using SWAP-ncols assms by auto
  next
    fix i j::nat assume i < dim-row (v ⊗ u) and j < dim-col (v ⊗ u)
    hence a3:i < 4 and a4:j = 0 using assms by auto
    thus (SWAP * (u ⊗ v)) $$ (i, j) = (v ⊗ u) $$ (i, j)
  proof -
    define u0 where u0 = u $$ (0,0)
    define u1 where u1 = u $$ (1,0)
    define v0 where v0 = v $$ (0,0)
    define v1 where v1 = v $$ (1,0)
    have vu0:(v ⊗ u) $$ (0,0) = v0*u0 using index-tensor-mat assms u0-def
  v0-def by auto
    have vu1:(v ⊗ u) $$ (1,0) = v0*u1 using index-tensor-mat assms u1-def
  v0-def by auto
    have vu2:(v ⊗ u) $$ (2,0) = v1*u0 using index-tensor-mat assms u0-def
  v1-def by auto
    have vu3:(v ⊗ u) $$ (3,0) = v1*u1 using index-tensor-mat assms u1-def
  v1-def by auto
    have uv0:(u ⊗ v) $$ (0,0) = u0*v0 using index-tensor-mat assms u0-def
  v0-def by auto
    have uv1:(u ⊗ v) $$ (1,0) = u0*v1 using index-tensor-mat assms u0-def
  v1-def by auto

```

have $uv2:(u \otimes v) \$\$ (2,0) = u1*v0$ **using** *index-tensor-mat assms u1-def v0-def by auto*
have $uv3:(u \otimes v) \$\$ (3,0) = u1*v1$ **using** *index-tensor-mat assms u1-def v1-def by auto*

have $uvi:Matrix.vec\ 4\ (\lambda\ i.\ (u \otimes v) \$\$ (i,0))\ \$\ i = (u \otimes v) \$\$ (i,0)$
using *a3 index-vec by blast*
have $sw:\forall k<4.\ Matrix.vec\ 4\ (\lambda\ j.\ SWAP\ \$\$ (i,j))\ \$\ k = SWAP\ \$\$ (i,k)$
using *a3 index-vec by auto*

have $s0:(SWAP * (u \otimes v)) \$\$ (i,0) = Matrix.vec\ (dim-col\ SWAP)\ (\lambda\ j.\ SWAP\ \$\$ (i,j)) \cdot$
 $Matrix.vec\ (dim-row\ (u \otimes v))\ (\lambda\ i.\ (u \otimes v) \$\$ (i,0))$
by *(metis Matrix.col-def Matrix.row-def SWAP-nrows <i < 4> <j < dim-col (v \otimes u)> <j = 0> dim-col-tensor-mat index-mult-mat(1) mult.commute)*
also have $\dots = Matrix.vec\ 4\ (\lambda\ j.\ SWAP\ \$\$ (i,j)) \cdot Matrix.vec\ 4\ (\lambda\ i.\ (u \otimes v) \$\$ (i,0))$
using *SWAP-ncols assms(1) assms(2) by fastforce*
also have $\dots = (\sum k<4.\ ((Matrix.vec\ 4\ (\lambda\ j.\ SWAP\ \$\$ (i,j)))\ \$\ k) * ((Matrix.vec\ 4\ (\lambda\ i.\ (u \otimes v) \$\$ (i,0)))\ \$\ k))$
using *scalar-prod-def by (metis calculation dim-vec lessThan-atLeast0)*
also have $\dots = SWAP\ \$\$ (i,0) * (u \otimes v) \$\$ (0,0) +$
 $SWAP\ \$\$ (i,1) * (u \otimes v) \$\$ (1,0) +$
 $SWAP\ \$\$ (i,2) * (u \otimes v) \$\$ (2,0) +$
 $SWAP\ \$\$ (i,3) * (u \otimes v) \$\$ (3,0)$
using *sumof4 by auto*
also have $\dots = SWAP\ \$\$ (i,0) * u0 * v0 +$
 $SWAP\ \$\$ (i,1) * u0 * v1 +$
 $SWAP\ \$\$ (i,2) * u1 * v0 +$
 $SWAP\ \$\$ (i,3) * u1 * v1$
using *uv0 uv1 uv2 uv3 by simp*
also have $\dots = (v \otimes u) \$\$ (i,j)$
proof *(rule disjE)*
show $i=0 \vee i=1 \vee i=2 \vee i=3$ **using** *a3 by auto*

next
assume $i0:i=0$
hence $SWAP\ \$\$ (i,0) * u0 * v0 +$
 $SWAP\ \$\$ (i,1) * u0 * v1 +$
 $SWAP\ \$\$ (i,2) * u1 * v0 +$
 $SWAP\ \$\$ (i,3) * u1 * v1 =$
 $SWAP\ \$\$ (0,0) * u0 * v0 +$
 $SWAP\ \$\$ (0,1) * u0 * v1 +$
 $SWAP\ \$\$ (0,2) * u1 * v0 +$
 $SWAP\ \$\$ (0,3) * u1 * v1$ **by** *simp*
also have $\dots = (v \otimes u) \$\$ (i, j)$ **using** *i0 vu0 SWAP-index a4 by simp*
finally show *?thesis by this*

next
assume $disj3:i = 1 \vee i = 2 \vee i = 3$

```

show ?thesis
proof (rule disjE)
  show  $i = 1 \vee i = 2 \vee i = 3$  using disj3 by this
next
  assume  $i1:i=1$ 
  hence SWAP $$  $(i,0) * u0 * v0 +$ 
    SWAP $$  $(i,1) * u0 * v1 +$ 
    SWAP $$  $(i,2) * u1 * v0 +$ 
    SWAP $$  $(i,3) * u1 * v1 =$ 
    SWAP $$  $(1,0) * u0 * v0 +$ 
    SWAP $$  $(1,1) * u0 * v1 +$ 
    SWAP $$  $(1,2) * u1 * v0 +$ 
    SWAP $$  $(1,3) * u1 * v1$  by simp
  also have  $\dots = (v \otimes u)$  $$  $(i, j)$  using i1 vu1 SWAP-index a4 by simp
  finally show ?thesis by this
next
  assume disj2: $i = 2 \vee i = 3$ 
  show ?thesis
  proof (rule disjE)
    show  $i = 2 \vee i = 3$  using disj2 by this
  next
    assume  $i2:i=2$ 
    hence SWAP $$  $(i,0) * u0 * v0 +$ 
      SWAP $$  $(i,1) * u0 * v1 +$ 
      SWAP $$  $(i,2) * u1 * v0 +$ 
      SWAP $$  $(i,3) * u1 * v1 =$ 
      SWAP $$  $(2,0) * u0 * v0 +$ 
      SWAP $$  $(2,1) * u0 * v1 +$ 
      SWAP $$  $(2,2) * u1 * v0 +$ 
      SWAP $$  $(2,3) * u1 * v1$  by simp
    also have  $\dots = (v \otimes u)$  $$  $(i, j)$  using i2 vu2 SWAP-index a4 by simp
    finally show ?thesis by this
  next
    assume  $i3:i=3$ 
    hence SWAP $$  $(i,0) * u0 * v0 +$ 
      SWAP $$  $(i,1) * u0 * v1 +$ 
      SWAP $$  $(i,2) * u1 * v0 +$ 
      SWAP $$  $(i,3) * u1 * v1 =$ 
      SWAP $$  $(3,0) * u0 * v0 +$ 
      SWAP $$  $(3,1) * u0 * v1 +$ 
      SWAP $$  $(3,2) * u1 * v0 +$ 
      SWAP $$  $(3,3) * u1 * v1$  by simp
    also have  $\dots = (v \otimes u)$  $$  $(i, j)$  using i3 vu3 SWAP-index a4 by simp
    finally show ?thesis by this
  qed
qed
qed
qed
finally show ?thesis using a4 by simp
qed

```

qed

3.1 Downwards SWAP cascade

```

fun SWAP-down:: nat  $\Rightarrow$  complex Matrix.mat where
  SWAP-down 0 = 1m 1
| SWAP-down (Suc 0) = 1m 2
| SWAP-down (Suc (Suc 0)) = SWAP
| SWAP-down (Suc (Suc n)) = ((1m (2n))  $\otimes$  SWAP) * ((SWAP-down (Suc n))
 $\otimes$  (1m 2))

lemma SWAP-down-carrier-mat[simp]:
  shows SWAP-down n  $\in$  carrier-mat (2n) (2n) (is ?P n)
proof (induct n rule: SWAP-down.induct)
  show ?P 0 by auto
next
  show ?P (Suc 0) by auto
next
  show ?P (Suc (Suc 0)) using SWAP-carrier-mat by auto
next
  fix n::nat
  define k::nat where k = Suc n
  assume HI:SWAP-down (Suc k)  $\in$  carrier-mat (2Suc k) (2Suc k)
  show ?P (Suc (Suc k))
  proof
    have dim-row (SWAP-down (Suc (Suc k))) =
      dim-row (((1m (2k))  $\otimes$  SWAP) * ((SWAP-down (Suc k))  $\otimes$  (1m 2)))
    using SWAP-down.simps(4) k-def by simp
    also have ... = dim-row (((1m (2k))  $\otimes$  SWAP)) by simp
    also have ... = (dim-row ((1m (2k)))) * (dim-row SWAP) by simp
    thus dim-row (SWAP-down (Suc (Suc k))) = 2Suc (Suc k) using SWAP-nrows
    index-one-mat
    by (simp add: calculation)
  next
    have dim-col (SWAP-down (Suc (Suc k))) =
      dim-col (((1m (2k))  $\otimes$  SWAP) * ((SWAP-down (Suc k))  $\otimes$  (1m 2)))
    using SWAP-down.simps(4) k-def by simp
    also have ... = dim-col ((SWAP-down (Suc k))  $\otimes$  (1m 2)) by simp
    also have ... = dim-col (SWAP-down (Suc k)) * dim-col (1m 2) by simp
    thus dim-col (SWAP-down (Suc (Suc k))) = 2Suc (Suc k)
    using SWAP-ncols index-one-mat calculation HI by simp
  qed
qed

```

3.2 Upwards SWAP cascade

```

fun SWAP-up:: nat  $\Rightarrow$  complex Matrix.mat where
  SWAP-up 0 = 1m 1
| SWAP-up (Suc 0) = 1m 2
| SWAP-up (Suc (Suc 0)) = SWAP

```


| $SWAP\text{-}up\ (Suc\ (Suc\ n)) = (SWAP \otimes (1_m\ (2\hat{n}))) * ((1_m\ 2) \otimes (SWAP\text{-}up\ (Suc\ n)))$

lemma $SWAP\text{-}up\text{-}carrier\text{-}mat[simp]$:
 shows $SWAP\text{-}up\ n \in carrier\text{-}mat\ (2\hat{n})\ (2\hat{n})$ (is ?P n)
proof (induct n rule: $SWAP\text{-}up.induct$)
 case 1
 then show ?case by auto
next
 case 2
 then show ?case by auto
next
 case 3
 then show ?case by auto
next
 case (4 v)
 then show ?case using $SWAP\text{-}nrows$ by fastforce
qed

4 Reversing qubits

In order to reverse the order of n qubits, we iteratively swap opposite qubits (swap 0th and (n-1)th qubits, 1st and (n-2)th qubits, and so on).

fun $reverse\text{-}qubits::\ nat \Rightarrow complex\ Matrix.mat$ **where**
 $reverse\text{-}qubits\ 0 = 1_m\ 1$
| $reverse\text{-}qubits\ (Suc\ 0) = (1_m\ 2)$
| $reverse\text{-}qubits\ (Suc\ (Suc\ 0)) = SWAP$
| $reverse\text{-}qubits\ (Suc\ n) = ((reverse\text{-}qubits\ n) \otimes (1_m\ 2)) * (SWAP\text{-}down\ (Suc\ n))$

lemma $reverse\text{-}qubits\text{-}carrier\text{-}mat[simp]$:
 $(reverse\text{-}qubits\ n) \in carrier\text{-}mat\ (2\hat{n})\ (2\hat{n})$
proof (induct n rule: $reverse\text{-}qubits.induct$)
 case 1
 then show ?case by auto
next
 case 2
 then show ?case by auto
next
 case 3
 then show ?case by auto
next
 case (4 va)
 then show ?case
 by (metis $SWAP\text{-}down\text{-}carrier\text{-}mat$ $carrier\text{-}matD(1)$ $carrier\text{-}matD(2)$ $carrier\text{-}matI$ $dim\text{-}row\text{-}tensor\text{-}mat$ $index\text{-}mult\text{-}mat(2)$ $index\text{-}mult\text{-}mat(3)$ $index\text{-}one\text{-}mat(2)$ $power\text{-}Suc2$ $reverse\text{-}qubits.simps(4)$)
qed

5 Controlled operations

The two-qubit gate `control2` performs a controlled U operation on the first qubit with the second qubit as control

definition `control2:: complex Matrix.mat \Rightarrow complex Matrix.mat` **where**

`control2 U \equiv mat-of-cols-list 4 [[1, 0, 0, 0],`
`[0, U$(0,0), 0, U$(1,0)],`
`[0, 0, 1, 0],`
`[0, U$(0,1), 0, U$(1,1)]]`

lemma `control2-carrier-mat[simp]:`

shows `control2 U \in carrier-mat 4 4`

by (`simp add: Tensor.mat-of-cols-list-def control2-def numeral-Bit0`)

lemma `control2-zero:`

assumes `dim-row v = 2 and dim-col v = 1`

shows `control2 U * (v \otimes |zero>) = v \otimes |zero)`

proof

fix `i j::nat`

assume `i < dim-row (v \otimes |zero>)`

hence `i4:i < 4 using assms tensor-carrier-mat ket-vec-def by auto`

assume `j < dim-col (v \otimes |zero>)`

hence `j0:j = 0 using assms tensor-carrier-mat ket-vec-def by auto`

show `(control2 U * (v \otimes |zero))) $(i,j) = (v \otimes |zero>) $(i,j)`

proof –

have `(control2 U * (v \otimes |zero))) $(i,j) =`

`($\sum k < \dim\text{-row } (v \otimes |zero>). \text{control2 } U \ $(i, k) * (v \otimes |zero>) \ $(k,$`

`j))`

using `assms index-matrix-prod`

by (`smt (z3) One-nat-def Suc-1 Tensor.mat-of-cols-list-def $\langle i < \dim\text{-row } (v \otimes |Deutsch.zero)\rangle$`

`$\langle j < \dim\text{-col } (v \otimes |Deutsch.zero)\rangle$ add.commute add-Suc-right control2-def dim-col-mat(1)`

`dim-row-mat(1) dim-row-tensor-mat ket-zero-to-mat-of-cols-list list.size(3) list.size(4)`

`mult-2 numeral-Bit0 plus-1-eq-Suc sum.cong)`

also have `... = ($\sum k < 4. \text{control2 } U \ $(i, k) * (v \otimes |zero>) \ $(k, j))$`

using `assms tensor-carrier-mat ket-vec-def by auto`

also have `... = control2 U $(i, 0) * (v \otimes |zero>) $(0, 0) +`

`control2 U $(i, 1) * (v \otimes |zero>) $(1, 0) +`

`control2 U $(i, 2) * (v \otimes |zero>) $(2, 0) +`

`control2 U $(i, 3) * (v \otimes |zero>) $(3, 0)`

using `sumof4 j0 by blast`

also have `... = (v \otimes |zero>) $(i,0)`

proof (`rule disjE`)

show `i = 0 \vee i = 1 \vee i = 2 \vee i = 3 using i4 by auto`

next

assume `i0:i = 0`

```

have c00:control2 U $$ (0,0) = 1
  by (simp add: control2-def one-complex.code)
have c01:control2 U $$ (0,1) = 0
  by (simp add: control2-def zero-complex.code)
have c02:control2 U $$ (0,2) = 0
  by (simp add: control2-def zero-complex.code)
have c03:control2 U $$ (0,3) = 0
  by (simp add: control2-def zero-complex.code)
have control2 U $$ (0, 0) * (v  $\otimes$  |zero>) $$ (0, 0) +
  control2 U $$ (0, 1) * (v  $\otimes$  |zero>) $$ (1, 0) +
  control2 U $$ (0, 2) * (v  $\otimes$  |zero>) $$ (2, 0) +
  control2 U $$ (0, 3) * (v  $\otimes$  |zero>) $$ (3, 0) =
  1 * (v  $\otimes$  |zero>) $$ (0, 0) +
  0 * (v  $\otimes$  |zero>) $$ (1, 0) +
  0 * (v  $\otimes$  |zero>) $$ (2, 0) +
  0 * (v  $\otimes$  |zero>) $$ (3, 0)
  using c00 c01 c02 c03 by simp
also have ... = (v  $\otimes$  |zero>) $$ (0, 0) by auto
finally show control2 U $$ (i, 0) * (v  $\otimes$  |Deutsch.zero>) $$ (0, 0) +
  control2 U $$ (i, 1) * (v  $\otimes$  |Deutsch.zero>) $$ (1, 0) +
  control2 U $$ (i, 2) * (v  $\otimes$  |Deutsch.zero>) $$ (2, 0) +
  control2 U $$ (i, 3) * (v  $\otimes$  |Deutsch.zero>) $$ (3, 0) =
  (v  $\otimes$  |Deutsch.zero>) $$ (i, 0)
  using i0 by simp
next
assume id:i = 1  $\vee$  i = 2  $\vee$  i = 3
show control2 U $$ (i, 0) * (v  $\otimes$  |Deutsch.zero>) $$ (0, 0) +
  control2 U $$ (i, 1) * (v  $\otimes$  |Deutsch.zero>) $$ (1, 0) +
  control2 U $$ (i, 2) * (v  $\otimes$  |Deutsch.zero>) $$ (2, 0) +
  control2 U $$ (i, 3) * (v  $\otimes$  |Deutsch.zero>) $$ (3, 0) =
  (v  $\otimes$  |Deutsch.zero>) $$ (i, 0)
proof (rule disjE)
  show i = 1  $\vee$  i = 2  $\vee$  i = 3 using id by this
next
assume i1:i = 1
have c10:control2 U $$ (1,0) = 0
  by (simp add: control2-def zero-complex.code)
have t10:(v  $\otimes$  |zero>) $$ (1,0) = 0
  using index-tensor-mat ket-vec-def Tensor.mat-of-cols-list-def
  <i < dim-row (v  $\otimes$  |Deutsch.zero>)> <j < dim-col (v  $\otimes$  |Deutsch.zero))>
i1
  by fastforce
have c12:control2 U $$ (1,2) = 0
  by (simp add: control2-def zero-complex.code)
have t30:(v  $\otimes$  |zero>) $$ (3,0) = 0
proof -
  have (v  $\otimes$  |zero>) $$ (3,0) = v $$ (1,0) * |zero> $$ (1,0)
  using index-tensor-mat
  by (smt (verit) Euclidean-Rings.div-eq-0-iff H-on-ket-zero-is-state

```

```

      H-without-scalar-prod One-nat-def Suc-1 <j < dim-col (v ⊗
|Deutsch.zero⟩)
      add.commute assms(1) dim-col-tensor-mat dim-row-mat(1) in-
dex-mult-mat(2) j0
      ket-zero-is-state mod-less mod-less-divisor mod-mult2-eq mult-2
nat-0-less-mult-iff
      numeral-3-eq-3 plus-1-eq-Suc pos2 state.dim-row three-div-two
three-mod-two)
    also have ... = 0 by auto
    finally show ?thesis by this
  qed
  show control2 U $$ (i, 0) * (v ⊗ |Deutsch.zero⟩) $$ (0, 0) +
    control2 U $$ (i, 1) * (v ⊗ |Deutsch.zero⟩) $$ (1, 0) +
    control2 U $$ (i, 2) * (v ⊗ |Deutsch.zero⟩) $$ (2, 0) +
    control2 U $$ (i, 3) * (v ⊗ |Deutsch.zero⟩) $$ (3, 0) =
    (v ⊗ |Deutsch.zero⟩) $$ (i, 0)
    using i1 c10 t10 c12 t30 by auto
next
  assume id2:i = 2 ∨ i = 3
  show control2 U $$ (i, 0) * (v ⊗ |Deutsch.zero⟩) $$ (0, 0) +
    control2 U $$ (i, 1) * (v ⊗ |Deutsch.zero⟩) $$ (1, 0) +
    control2 U $$ (i, 2) * (v ⊗ |Deutsch.zero⟩) $$ (2, 0) +
    control2 U $$ (i, 3) * (v ⊗ |Deutsch.zero⟩) $$ (3, 0) =
    (v ⊗ |Deutsch.zero⟩) $$ (i, 0)
  proof (rule disjE)
    show i = 2 ∨ i = 3
    using id2 by this
  next
    assume i2:i = 2
    have c20:control2 U $$ (2,0) = 0
      by (simp add: control2-def zero-complex.code)
    have c21:control2 U $$ (2,1) = 0
      by (simp add: control2-def zero-complex.code)
    have c22:control2 U $$ (2,2) = 1
      by (simp add: control2-def one-complex.code)
    have c23:control2 U $$ (2,3) = 0
      by (simp add: control2-def zero-complex.code)
    show control2 U $$ (i, 0) * (v ⊗ |Deutsch.zero⟩) $$ (0, 0) +
      control2 U $$ (i, 1) * (v ⊗ |Deutsch.zero⟩) $$ (1, 0) +
      control2 U $$ (i, 2) * (v ⊗ |Deutsch.zero⟩) $$ (2, 0) +
      control2 U $$ (i, 3) * (v ⊗ |Deutsch.zero⟩) $$ (3, 0) =
      (v ⊗ |Deutsch.zero⟩) $$ (i, 0)
      using i2 c20 c21 c22 c23 by auto
  next
    assume i3:i = 3
    have c30:control2 U $$ (3,0) = 0
      by (simp add: control2-def zero-complex.code)
    have t10:(v ⊗ |zero⟩) $$ (1,0) = 0
      using index-tensor-mat ket-vec-def Tensor.mat-of-cols-list-def

```

```

    i3
    by fastforce
    have c32:control2 U $$ (3,2) = 0
    by (simp add: control2-def zero-complex.code)
    have t30:(v ⊗ |zero⟩) $$ (3,0) = 0
    proof -
      have (v ⊗ |zero⟩) $$ (3,0) = v $$ (1,0) * |zero⟩ $$ (1,0)
      using index-tensor-mat
      by (smt (verit) Euclidean-Rings.div-eq-0-iff H-on-ket-zero-is-state
        H-without-scalar-prod One-nat-def Suc-1 ⟨j < dim-col (v ⊗
|Deutsch.zero⟩)⟩
        add commute assms(1) dim-col-tensor-mat dim-row-mat(1) in-
dex-mult-mat(2) j0
        ket-zero-is-state mod-less mod-less-divisor mod-mult2-eq mult-2
nat-0-less-mult-iff
        numeral-3-eq-3 plus-1-eq-Suc pos2 state.dim-row three-div-two
three-mod-two)
      also have ... = 0 by auto
      finally show ?thesis by this
    qed
    show control2 U $$ (i, 0) * (v ⊗ |Deutsch.zero⟩) $$ (0, 0) +
      control2 U $$ (i, 1) * (v ⊗ |Deutsch.zero⟩) $$ (1, 0) +
      control2 U $$ (i, 2) * (v ⊗ |Deutsch.zero⟩) $$ (2, 0) +
      control2 U $$ (i, 3) * (v ⊗ |Deutsch.zero⟩) $$ (3, 0) =
      (v ⊗ |Deutsch.zero⟩) $$ (i, 0)
    using i3 c30 t10 c32 t30 by auto
  qed
qed
qed
finally show ?thesis using j0 by simp
qed
next
show dim-row (control2 U * (v ⊗ |Deutsch.zero⟩)) = dim-row (v ⊗ |Deutsch.zero⟩)
by (metis assms(1) carrier-matD(1) control2-carrier-mat dim-row-mat(1) dim-row-tensor-mat

      index-mult-mat(2) index-unit-vec(3) ket-vec-def num-double numeral-times-numeral)
next
show dim-col (control2 U * (v ⊗ |Deutsch.zero⟩)) = dim-col (v ⊗ |Deutsch.zero⟩)
using index-mult-mat(3) by blast
qed

lemma vtensorone-index[simp]:
  assumes dim-row v = 2 and dim-col v = 1
  shows (v ⊗ |one⟩) $$ (0,0) = 0 ∧
    (v ⊗ |one⟩) $$ (1,0) = v $$ (0,0) ∧
    (v ⊗ |one⟩) $$ (2,0) = 0 ∧
    (v ⊗ |one⟩) $$ (3,0) = v $$ (1,0)

```

```

by (simp add: assms(1) assms(2) ket-vec-def)

lemma control2-one:
  assumes dim-row v = 2 and dim-col v = 1 and dim-row U = 2 and dim-col
  U = 2
  shows control2 U * (v  $\otimes$  |one>) = (U*v)  $\otimes$  |one>
proof
  fix i j::nat
  assume i < dim-row ((U*v)  $\otimes$  |one>)
  hence il4:i < 4 by (simp add: assms(3) ket-vec-def)
  assume j < dim-col ((U*v)  $\otimes$  |one>)
  hence j0:j = 0 using assms ket-vec-def by simp
  show (control2 U * (v  $\otimes$  |Deutsch.one>)) $$ (i, j) = (U * v  $\otimes$  |Deutsch.one>)
  $$ (i, j)
  proof -
    have (control2 U * (v  $\otimes$  |one>)) $$ (i, j) =
      ( $\sum k < \text{dim-row } (v \otimes |one>).$  (control2 U) $$ (i, k) * (v  $\otimes$  |one>) $$ (k,
j))
    using assms index-matrix-prod tensor-carrier-mat
  proof -
    have  $\bigwedge m. \text{dim-col } (v \otimes m) = \text{dim-col } m$ 
    by (simp add: assms(2))
    then have i < dim-row (control2 U)  $\wedge$  0 < dim-col (v  $\otimes$  Matrix.mat 2 1
( $\lambda(n, n). \text{Deutsch.one } \$ n$ ))  $\wedge$  dim-row (v  $\otimes$  Matrix.mat 2 1 ( $\lambda(n, n). \text{Deutsch.one }
\$ n$ )) = dim-col (control2 U)
    by (smt (z3) assms(1) carrier-matD(1) carrier-matD(2) control2-carrier-mat
dim-col-mat(1) dim-row-mat(1) dim-row-tensor-mat il4 mult-2 numeral-Bit0 zero-less-one-class.zero-less-one)
    then show ?thesis
    by (simp add: j0 ket-vec-def)
  qed
  also have ... = ( $\sum k < 4. \text{control2 U} \text{ } \$\$ (i, k) * (v \otimes |one>) \text{ } \$\$ (k, j)$ )
    using assms tensor-carrier-mat ket-vec-def by auto
  also have ... = control2 U $$ (i, 0) * (v  $\otimes$  |one>) $$ (0, 0) +
    control2 U $$ (i, 1) * (v  $\otimes$  |one>) $$ (1, 0) +
    control2 U $$ (i, 2) * (v  $\otimes$  |one>) $$ (2, 0) +
    control2 U $$ (i, 3) * (v  $\otimes$  |one>) $$ (3, 0)
    using sumof4 j0 by blast
  also have ... = ((U*v)  $\otimes$  |one>) $$ (i, 0)
  proof (rule disjE)
    show i = 0  $\vee$  i = 1  $\vee$  i = 2  $\vee$  i = 3 using il4 by auto
  next
    assume i0:i = 0
    thus control2 U $$ (i, 0) * (v  $\otimes$  |Deutsch.one>) $$ (0, 0) +
      control2 U $$ (i, 1) * (v  $\otimes$  |Deutsch.one>) $$ (1, 0) +
      control2 U $$ (i, 2) * (v  $\otimes$  |Deutsch.one>) $$ (2, 0) +
      control2 U $$ (i, 3) * (v  $\otimes$  |Deutsch.one>) $$ (3, 0) =
      (U * v  $\otimes$  |Deutsch.one>) $$ (i, 0)
    using j0 control2-def zero-complex.code one-complex.code vtensorone-index
    assms by auto

```

```

next
  assume id3:i = 1 ∨ i = 2 ∨ i = 3
  show control2 U $$ (i, 0) * (v ⊗ |Deutsch.one⟩) $$ (0, 0) +
    control2 U $$ (i, 1) * (v ⊗ |Deutsch.one⟩) $$ (1, 0) +
    control2 U $$ (i, 2) * (v ⊗ |Deutsch.one⟩) $$ (2, 0) +
    control2 U $$ (i, 3) * (v ⊗ |Deutsch.one⟩) $$ (3, 0) =
    (U * v ⊗ |Deutsch.one⟩) $$ (i, 0)
  proof (rule disjE)
    show i = 1 ∨ i = 2 ∨ i = 3 using id3 by this
  next
    assume i1:i = 1
    thus control2 U $$ (i, 0) * (v ⊗ |Deutsch.one⟩) $$ (0, 0) +
      control2 U $$ (i, 1) * (v ⊗ |Deutsch.one⟩) $$ (1, 0) +
      control2 U $$ (i, 2) * (v ⊗ |Deutsch.one⟩) $$ (2, 0) +
      control2 U $$ (i, 3) * (v ⊗ |Deutsch.one⟩) $$ (3, 0) =
      (U * v ⊗ |Deutsch.one⟩) $$ (i, 0)
    using j0 control2-def zero-complex.code one-complex.code vtensorone-index
  assms
    by (simp add: sumof2)
  next
    assume il2:i = 2 ∨ i = 3
    show control2 U $$ (i, 0) * (v ⊗ |Deutsch.one⟩) $$ (0, 0) +
      control2 U $$ (i, 1) * (v ⊗ |Deutsch.one⟩) $$ (1, 0) +
      control2 U $$ (i, 2) * (v ⊗ |Deutsch.one⟩) $$ (2, 0) +
      control2 U $$ (i, 3) * (v ⊗ |Deutsch.one⟩) $$ (3, 0) =
      (U * v ⊗ |Deutsch.one⟩) $$ (i, 0)
    proof (rule disjE)
      show i = 2 ∨ i = 3 using il2 by this
    next
      assume i2:i = 2
      thus control2 U $$ (i, 0) * (v ⊗ |Deutsch.one⟩) $$ (0, 0) +
        control2 U $$ (i, 1) * (v ⊗ |Deutsch.one⟩) $$ (1, 0) +
        control2 U $$ (i, 2) * (v ⊗ |Deutsch.one⟩) $$ (2, 0) +
        control2 U $$ (i, 3) * (v ⊗ |Deutsch.one⟩) $$ (3, 0) =
        (U * v ⊗ |Deutsch.one⟩) $$ (i, 0)
      using j0 control2-def zero-complex.code one-complex.code vtensorone-index
    assms by auto
  next
    assume i3:i = 3
    thus control2 U $$ (i, 0) * (v ⊗ |Deutsch.one⟩) $$ (0, 0) +
      control2 U $$ (i, 1) * (v ⊗ |Deutsch.one⟩) $$ (1, 0) +
      control2 U $$ (i, 2) * (v ⊗ |Deutsch.one⟩) $$ (2, 0) +
      control2 U $$ (i, 3) * (v ⊗ |Deutsch.one⟩) $$ (3, 0) =
      (U * v ⊗ |Deutsch.one⟩) $$ (i, 0)
    using j0 control2-def zero-complex.code one-complex.code vtensorone-index
  assms
    by (simp add: sumof2)
  qed
qed

```

```

qed
finally show ?thesis using j0 by simp
qed
next
show dim-row (control2 U * (v  $\otimes$  |Deutsch.one>)) = dim-row (U * v  $\otimes$ 
|Deutsch.one>)
by (metis assms(3) carrier-matD(1) control2-carrier-mat dim-row-mat(1) dim-row-tensor-mat

index-mult-mat(2) index-unit-vec(3) ket-vec-def mult-2-right numeral-Bit0)
next
show dim-col (control2 U * (v  $\otimes$  |Deutsch.one>)) = dim-col (U * v  $\otimes$  |Deutsch.one>)
by simp
qed

```

Given a single qubit gate U , $\text{control } n \ U$ creates a quantum n -qubit gate that performs a controlled- U operation on the first qubit using the last qubit as control.

```

fun control:: nat  $\Rightarrow$  complex Matrix.mat  $\Rightarrow$  complex Matrix.mat where
  control 0 U = 1m 1
| control (Suc 0) U = 1m 2
| control (Suc (Suc 0)) U = control2 U
| control (Suc (Suc n)) U =
  ((1m 2)  $\otimes$  SWAP-down (Suc n)) * (control2 U  $\otimes$  (1m (2n))) * ((1m 2)  $\otimes$ 
SWAP-up (Suc n))

```

```

lemma control-carrier-mat[simp]:
  shows control n U  $\in$  carrier-mat (2n) (2n)
proof (cases n)
  case 0
  then show ?thesis by auto
next
  case (Suc nat)
  then show ?thesis
    by (smt (verit, best) One-nat-def SWAP-down-carrier-mat SWAP-up.simps(2)
SWAP-up.simps(4)
SWAP-up-carrier-mat Suc-1 Zero-not-Suc carrier-matD(1) carrier-matD(2)
carrier-matI
control.elims control2-carrier-mat dim-col-tensor-mat dim-row-tensor-mat
index-mult-mat(2)
index-mult-mat(3) mult-2 numeral-Bit0 power2-eq-square)
qed

```

6 Quantum Fourier Transform Circuit

6.1 QFT definition

The function kron is the generalization of the Kronecker product to a finite number of qubits

fun *kron*:: (nat \Rightarrow complex Matrix.mat) \Rightarrow nat list \Rightarrow complex Matrix.mat **where**
kron *f* [] = 1_{*m*} 1
 | *kron* *f* (x#xs) = (*f* x) \otimes (*kron* *f* xs)

lemma *kron-carrier-mat*[simp]:
assumes $\forall m. \dim\text{-row } (f\ m) = 2 \wedge \dim\text{-col } (f\ m) = 1$
shows *kron* *f* xs \in carrier-mat ($2^{\text{length } xs}$) 1
proof (induct xs)
case Nil
show ?case
proof
have $\dim\text{-row } (kron\ f\ []) = \dim\text{-row } (1_m\ 1)$ **using** *kron.simps*(1) **by** *simp*
then show $\dim\text{-row } (kron\ f\ []) = 2^{\text{length } []}$ **by** *simp*
next
have $\dim\text{-col } (kron\ f\ []) = \dim\text{-col } (1_m\ 1)$ **using** *kron.simps*(1) **by** *simp*
then show $\dim\text{-col } (kron\ f\ []) = 1$ **by** *simp*
qed
next
case (Cons x xs)
assume *HI*: *kron* *f* xs \in carrier-mat ($2^{\text{length } xs}$) 1
have *f* x \in carrier-mat 2 1 **using** *assms* **by** *auto*
moreover have (*f* x) \otimes (*kron* *f* xs) \in carrier-mat ($(2^{\text{length } xs}) * 2$) 1
using *tensor-carrier-mat* *HI* *calculation* **by** *auto*
moreover have *kron* *f* (x#xs) \in carrier-mat ($2^{\text{length } (x\#xs)}$) 1
using *kron.simps*(2) *length-Cons* **by** (*metis* *calculation*(2) *power-Suc2*)
thus ?case **by** *this*
qed

lemma *kron-cons-right*:
shows *kron* *f* (xs@[x]) = *kron* *f* xs \otimes *f* x
proof (induct xs)
case Nil
have *kron* *f* ([]@[x]) = *kron* *f* [x] **by** *simp*
also have ... = *f* x **using** *kron.simps* **by** *auto*
also have ... = *kron* *f* [] \otimes *f* x **by** *auto*
finally show ?case **by** *this*
next
case (Cons a xs)
assume *IH*: *kron* *f* (xs@[x]) = *kron* *f* xs \otimes *f* x
have *kron* *f* ((a#xs)@[x]) = *f* a \otimes (*kron* *f* (xs@[x])) **using** *kron.simps* **by** *auto*
also have ... = *f* a \otimes (*kron* *f* xs \otimes *f* x) **using** *IH* **by** *simp*
also have ... = *kron* *f* (a#xs) \otimes *f* x **using** *kron.simps* *tensor-mat-is-assoc* **by** *auto*
finally show ?case **by** *this*
qed

We define the QFT product representation

definition *QFT-product-representation*:: nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow complex Matrix.mat **where**

$$QFT\text{-}product\text{-}representation\ j\ n \equiv 1 / (\text{sqrt}\ (2^{\wedge}n)) \cdot_m$$

$$(\text{kron}\ (\lambda(l::nat). |zero\rangle + \exp\ (2*i*pi*j/(2^{\wedge}l)) \cdot_m$$

$$|one\rangle))$$

$$(\text{map}\ nat\ [1..n]))$$

We also define the reverse version of the QFT product representation, which is the output state of the QFT circuit alone

definition *reverse-QFT-product-representation*:: $nat \Rightarrow nat \Rightarrow complex\ Matrix.mat$ **where**

$$\text{reverse-QFT-product-representation}\ j\ n \equiv 1 / (\text{sqrt}\ (2^{\wedge}n)) \cdot_m$$

$$(\text{kron}\ (\lambda(l::nat). |zero\rangle + \exp\ (2*i*pi*j/(2^{\wedge}l))$$

$$\cdot_m |one\rangle))$$

$$(\text{map}\ nat\ (\text{rev}\ [1..n])))$$

6.2 QFT circuit

The recursive function `controlled_rotations` computes the controlled- R_k gates subcircuit of the QFT circuit at each stage (i.e. for each qubit).

fun *controlled-rotations*:: $nat \Rightarrow complex\ Matrix.mat$ **where**

$$\text{controlled-rotations}\ 0 = 1_m\ 1$$

$$| \text{controlled-rotations}\ (Suc\ 0) = 1_m\ 2$$

$$| \text{controlled-rotations}\ (Suc\ n) = (\text{control}\ (Suc\ n)\ (R\ (Suc\ n))) *$$

$$((\text{controlled-rotations}\ n) \otimes (1_m\ 2))$$

lemma *controlled-rotations-carrier-mat*[simp]:

$\text{controlled-rotations}\ n \in \text{carrier-mat}\ (2^{\wedge}n)\ (2^{\wedge}n)$

proof (*induct* n rule: *controlled-rotations.induct*)

case 1

then show *?case* **by** *auto*

next

case 2

then show *?case* **by** *auto*

next

case 3

then show *?case*

by (*smt* (*verit*, *del-insts*) *carrier-matD*(1) *carrier-matD*(2) *carrier-mat-triv* *control-carrier-mat*

controlled-rotations.simps(3) *dim-col-tensor-mat* *index-mult-mat*(2) *index-mult-mat*(3)

index-one-mat(3) *mult commute power-Suc*)

qed

The recursive function `QFT` computes the Quantum Fourier Transform circuit.

fun *QFT*:: $nat \Rightarrow complex\ Matrix.mat$ **where**

$QFT\ 0 = 1_m\ 1$

$| QFT\ (Suc\ 0) = H$

$$| QFT (Suc\ n) = ((1_m\ 2) \otimes (QFT\ n)) * (controlled-rotations\ (Suc\ n)) * (H \otimes ((1_m\ (2^{\wedge}n))))$$

```

lemma QFT-carrier-mat[simp]:
  QFT n ∈ carrier-mat (2^n) (2^n)
proof (induct n rule: QFT.induct)
  case 1
  then show ?case by auto
next
  case 2
  then show ?case
    using H-is-gate One-nat-def QFT.simps(2) gate-carrier-mat by presburger
next
  case 3
  then show ?case
    by (metis H-inv QFT.simps(3) carrier-matD(1) carrier-mat-triv dim-col-tensor-mat
      dim-row-tensor-mat index-mult-mat(2) index-mult-mat(3) index-one-mat(2)
      index-one-mat(3)
      power.simps(2))
qed

```

ordered_QFT reverses the order of the qubits at the end of the QFT circuit

definition ordered-QFT:: nat \Rightarrow complex Matrix.mat **where**
 ordered-QFT n \equiv (reverse-qubits n) * (QFT n)

7 QFT circuit correctness

Some useful lemmas:

```

lemma state-basis-dec:
  assumes j < 2^Suc n
  shows |state-basis 1 (j div 2^n)⟩  $\otimes$  |state-basis n (j mod 2^n)⟩ = |state-basis
(Suc n) j⟩
proof -
  define jd jm where jd = j div 2^n and jm = j mod 2^n
  hence jml:jm < 2^n by auto
  have j-dec:j = jd*(2^n) + jm using jd-def jm-def by presburger
  show ?thesis
  proof (rule disjE)
    show jd = 0  $\vee$  jd = 1 using jd-def assms
    by (metis One-nat-def less-2-cases less-power-add-imp-div-less plus-1-eq-Suc
      power-one-right)
  next
    assume jd0:jd = 0
    hence jjm:j = jm using j-dec by auto
    show |state-basis 1 (j div 2^n)⟩  $\otimes$  |state-basis n (j mod 2^n)⟩ = |state-basis
(Suc n) j⟩
  proof

```

```

fix i ja
assume i < dim-row ( |state-basis (Suc n) j⟩)
  and ja-dim:ja < dim-col ( |state-basis (Suc n) j⟩)
  hence il:i < 2^Suc n using state-basis-carrier-mat ket-vec-def state-basis-def
by simp
  have jal:ja < 1 using ja-dim state-basis-carrier-mat state-basis-def ket-vec-def
by simp
  hence ja0:ja = 0 by auto
  show ( |state-basis 1 (j div 2 ^ n)⟩ ⊗ |state-basis n (j mod 2 ^ n)⟩) $$ (i,
ja) =
    |state-basis (Suc n) j⟩ $$ (i, ja)
proof -
  have ( |state-basis 1 (j div 2 ^ n)⟩ ⊗ |state-basis n (j mod 2 ^ n)⟩) $$ (i,
ja) =
    ( |state-basis 1 0⟩ ⊗ |state-basis n jm⟩) $$ (i, 0)
  using jm-def jd0 ja0 jd-def by auto
  also have ... = |state-basis 1 0⟩ $$
    (i div (dim-row |state-basis n jm⟩), 0 div (dim-col |state-basis n
jm⟩)) *
    |state-basis n jm⟩ $$
    (i mod (dim-row |state-basis n jm⟩), 0 mod (dim-col |state-basis
n jm⟩))
proof (rule index-tensor-mat)
  show dim-row |state-basis 1 0⟩ = 2
  using state-basis-carrier-mat state-basis-def ket-vec-def by simp
  show dim-col |state-basis 1 0⟩ = 1
  using state-basis-carrier-mat state-basis-def ket-vec-def by simp
  show dim-row |state-basis n jm⟩ = dim-row |state-basis n jm⟩ by auto
  show dim-col |state-basis n jm⟩ = dim-col |state-basis n jm⟩ by auto
  show i < 2 * dim-row |state-basis n jm⟩
  using il state-basis-def state-basis-carrier-mat ket-vec-def by simp
  show 0 < 1 * dim-col |state-basis n jm⟩
  using state-basis-def state-basis-carrier-mat ket-vec-def by simp
  show 0 < (1::nat) using zero-less-Suc One-nat-def by blast
  show 0 < dim-col |state-basis n jm⟩
  using state-basis-def state-basis-carrier-mat ket-vec-def by simp
qed
  also have ... = |state-basis 1 0⟩ $$ (i div 2^n, 0) * |state-basis n jm⟩ $$ (i
mod 2^n, 0)
  using state-basis-def state-basis-carrier-mat ket-vec-def by auto
  also have ... = (mat-of-cols-list 2 [[1, 0]]) $$ (i div 2^n, 0) *
    |state-basis n jm⟩ $$ (i mod 2^n, 0)
  using state-basis-def unit-vec-def by auto
  also have ... = |state-basis (Suc n) j⟩ $$ (i, 0)
proof -
  define id im where id = i div 2^n and im = i mod 2^n
  have i-dec:i = id*(2^n) + im using id-def im-def by presburger
  show ?thesis
  proof (rule disjE)

```

```

show  $id = 0 \vee id = 1$  using id-def by (metis One-nat-def il less-2-cases
      less-power-add-imp-div-less plus-1-eq-Suc power-one-right)
next
  assume  $id0:id = 0$ 
  hence  $iim:i = im$  using i-dec by presburger
  have  $mat-of-cols-list\ 2\ [[1,0]]\ \$\$ (i\ div\ 2^{\wedge}n,0) * |state-basis\ n\ jm\rangle\ \$\$ (i\ mod\ 2^{\wedge}n, 0)$ 
    =  $mat-of-cols-list\ 2\ [[1,0]]\ \$\$ (0,0) * |state-basis\ n\ jm\rangle\ \$\$ (im,0)$ 
  using id-def id0 im-def by simp
  also have  $\dots = 1 * |state-basis\ n\ jm\rangle\ \$\$ (im,0)$  using mat-of-cols-list-def
by auto
    also have  $\dots = |state-basis\ (Suc\ n)\ jm\rangle\ \$\$ (im,0)$  using iim jjm
state-basis-def
    by (smt (verit, best) il im-def index-unit-vec(3) index-vec ket-vec-index
lambda-one
      mod-less-divisor pos2 unit-vec-def zero-less-power)
    also have  $\dots = |state-basis\ (Suc\ n)\ j\rangle\ \$\$ (i,0)$  using iim jjm by simp
    finally show ?thesis by this
next
  assume  $id1:id = 1$ 
  hence  $iid:i = 2^{\wedge}n + im$  using i-dec by simp
  have  $jma:jm \neq 2^{\wedge}n + im$  using jml iid by auto
  have  $mat-of-cols-list\ 2\ [[1,0]]\ \$\$ (i\ div\ 2^{\wedge}n,0) * |state-basis\ n\ jm\rangle\ \$\$ (i\ mod\ 2^{\wedge}n,0)$ 
    =  $mat-of-cols-list\ 2\ [[1,0]]\ \$\$ (1,0) * |state-basis\ n\ jm\rangle\ \$\$ (im,0)$ 
  using id1 id-def im-def by simp
  also have  $\dots = 0$  using mat-of-cols-list-def by auto
  also have  $\dots = |state-basis\ (Suc\ n)\ jm\rangle\ \$\$ (2^{\wedge}n + im,0)$ 
proof -
  have  $|state-basis\ (Suc\ n)\ jm\rangle\ \$\$ (2^{\wedge}n + im,0) =$ 
     $|unit-vec\ (2^{\wedge}(Suc\ n))\ jm\rangle\ \$\$ (2^{\wedge}n+im,0)$ 
  using state-basis-def by simp
  also have  $\dots = Matrix.mat\ (2^{\wedge}(Suc\ n))\ 1\ (\lambda(i, j). (unit-vec\ (2^{\wedge}(Suc\ n))\ jm)\ \$ i)$ 
     $\$ \$ (2^{\wedge}n+im,0)$ 
  using ket-vec-def by simp
  also have  $\dots = Matrix.mat\ (2^{\wedge}(Suc\ n))\ 1\ (\lambda(i,j). Matrix.vec\ (2^{\wedge}(Suc\ n))\ (\lambda j'. if\ j'=jm\ then\ 1\ else\ 0)\ \$ i)\ \$ \$ (2^{\wedge}n+im,0)$ 
  using unit-vec-def by metis
  also have  $\dots = 0$  using iid il jma by fastforce
  finally show ?thesis by auto
qed
  also have  $\dots = |state-basis\ (Suc\ n)\ j\rangle\ \$\$ (i,0)$  using jjm iid by simp
  finally show ?thesis by this
qed
finally show ?thesis using ja0 by auto

```

```

qed
next
show dim-row ( |state-basis 1 (j div 2 ^ n)⟩ ⊗ |state-basis n (j mod 2 ^ n)⟩ )
=
  dim-row |state-basis (Suc n) j⟩
  using state-basis-def state-basis-carrier-mat ket-vec-def by auto
next
show dim-col ( |state-basis 1 (j div 2 ^ n)⟩ ⊗ |state-basis n (j mod 2 ^ n)⟩ )
=
  dim-col |state-basis (Suc n) j⟩
  using state-basis-def state-basis-carrier-mat ket-vec-def by auto
qed
next
assume jd1:jd = 1
hence j-dec2:j = 2^n + jm using j-dec by auto
show |state-basis 1 (j div 2 ^ n)⟩ ⊗ |state-basis n (j mod 2 ^ n)⟩ = |state-basis
(Suc n) j⟩
proof
  fix i ja
  assume i < dim-row |state-basis (Suc n) j⟩
  hence il:i < 2^(Suc n) using state-basis-def state-basis-carrier-mat ket-vec-def
by simp
  assume ja < dim-col |state-basis (Suc n) j⟩
  hence jal:ja < 1 using state-basis-def state-basis-carrier-mat ket-vec-def by
simp
  hence ja0:ja = 0 by auto
  show ( |state-basis 1 (j div 2 ^ n)⟩ ⊗ |state-basis n (j mod 2 ^ n)⟩ ) $$ (i,
ja) =
    |state-basis (Suc n) j⟩ $$ (i, ja)
  proof -
    have ( |state-basis 1 jd⟩ ⊗ |state-basis n jm⟩ ) $$ (i, 0) =
      ( |state-basis 1 1⟩ ⊗ |state-basis n jm⟩ ) $$ (i, 0)
    using jd1 by simp
    also have ... = |state-basis 1 1⟩ $$
      (i div (dim-row |state-basis n jm⟩), 0 div (dim-col |state-basis n
jm⟩)) *
      |state-basis n jm⟩ $$
      (i mod (dim-row |state-basis n jm⟩), 0 mod (dim-col |state-basis
n jm⟩))
  proof (rule index-tensor-mat)
    show dim-row |state-basis 1 1⟩ = 2
    using state-basis-carrier-mat state-basis-def ket-vec-def by simp
    show dim-col |state-basis 1 1⟩ = 1
    using state-basis-carrier-mat state-basis-def ket-vec-def by simp
    show dim-row |state-basis n jm⟩ = dim-row |state-basis n jm⟩ by auto
    show dim-col |state-basis n jm⟩ = dim-col |state-basis n jm⟩ by auto
    show i < 2 * dim-row |state-basis n jm⟩
    using state-basis-carrier-mat state-basis-def ket-vec-def il by auto
    show 0 < 1 * dim-col |state-basis n jm⟩

```

```

    using state-basis-carrier-mat state-basis-def ket-vec-def by auto
  show 0 < (1::nat) by simp
  show 0 < dim-col |state-basis n jm>
    using state-basis-carrier-mat state-basis-def ket-vec-def by auto
qed
also have ... = (mat-of-cols-list 2 [[0,1]]) $$ (i div 2^n, 0) *
  |state-basis n jm> $$ (i mod 2^n, 0)
  using state-basis-carrier-mat state-basis-def ket-vec-def mat-of-cols-list-def
    ket-one-to-mat-of-cols-list
  by auto
also have ... = |state-basis (Suc n) j> $$ (i, 0)
proof -
  define id im where id = i div 2^n and im = i mod 2^n
  have i-dec: i = id*(2^n) + im using id-def im-def by presburger
  show ?thesis
  proof (rule disjE)
    show id = 0 ∨ id = 1 using id-def il
  by (metis One-nat-def less-2-cases less-power-add-imp-div-less plus-1-eq-Suc
    power-one-right)
  next
    assume id0: id = 0
    hence iim: i = im using i-dec by presburger
    have mat-of-cols-list 2 [[0,1]] $$ (i div 2^n, 0) * |state-basis n jm> $$ (i
mod 2^n, 0)
      = mat-of-cols-list 2 [[0,1]] $$ (0, 0) * |state-basis n jm> $$ (im, 0)
      using id0 id-def im-def by simp
    also have ... = 0 using mat-of-cols-list-def by auto
    also have ... = |state-basis (Suc n) j> $$ (im, 0)
      using state-basis-def ket-vec-def j-dec2 assms id0 iim il local.id-def by
force
    also have ... = |state-basis (Suc n) j> $$ (i, 0) using iim by simp
    finally show ?thesis by this
  next
    assume id1: id = 1
    hence i2m: i = 2^n + im using i-dec by presburger
    have mat-of-cols-list 2 [[0,1]] $$ (i div 2^n, 0) * |state-basis n jm> $$ (i
mod 2^n, 0)
      = mat-of-cols-list 2 [[0,1]] $$ (1, 0) * |state-basis n jm> $$ (im, 0)
      using id1 id-def im-def by simp
    also have ... = |state-basis n jm> $$ (im, 0) using mat-of-cols-list-def
by auto
    also have ... = |state-basis (Suc n) j> $$ (i, 0)
      using i2m j-dec2 il assms state-basis-def by auto
    finally show ?thesis by this
  qed
qed
finally show ( |state-basis 1 (j div 2^n)> ⊗ |state-basis n (j mod 2^n)> )
  $$ (i, ja) =

```

```

      |state-basis (Suc n) j⟩ $$ (i, ja)
    using ja0 jd-def jm-def by auto
  qed
next
  show dim-row ( |state-basis 1 (j div 2 ^ n)⟩ ⊗ |state-basis n (j mod 2 ^ n)⟩ )
=
    dim-row |state-basis (Suc n) j⟩
    using state-basis-def state-basis-carrier-mat ket-vec-def by simp
  next
  show dim-col ( |state-basis 1 (j div 2 ^ n)⟩ ⊗ |state-basis n (j mod 2 ^ n)⟩ )
=
    dim-col |state-basis (Suc n) j⟩
    using state-basis-def state-basis-carrier-mat ket-vec-def by simp
  qed
qed
qed

lemma state-basis-dec':
  ∀ j. j < 2 ^ Suc n ⟶
    |state-basis n (j div 2)⟩ ⊗ |state-basis 1 (j mod 2)⟩ = |state-basis (Suc n) j⟩
proof (induct n)
  case 0
  show ?case
  proof
    fix j::nat
    show j < 2 ^ Suc 0 ⟶
      |state-basis 0 (j div 2)⟩ ⊗ |state-basis 1 (j mod 2)⟩ = |state-basis (Suc 0) j⟩
  j)
  proof
    assume j < 2 ^ Suc 0
    hence j2:j < 2 by auto
    hence jd0:j div 2 = 0 by auto
    have jmj:j mod 2 = j using j2 by auto
    have |state-basis 0 (j div 2)⟩ ⊗ |state-basis 1 (j mod 2)⟩ =
      |state-basis 0 0⟩ ⊗ |state-basis 1 j⟩
    using jmj jd0 by simp
    also have ... = (1m 1) ⊗ |state-basis 1 j⟩
    using state-basis-def unit-vec-def ket-vec-def by auto
    also have ... = |state-basis 1 j⟩ using left-tensor-id by blast
    finally show |state-basis 0 (j div 2)⟩ ⊗ |state-basis 1 (j mod 2)⟩ = |state-basis
(Suc 0) j⟩
      by auto
    qed
  qed
next
  case (Suc n)
  assume HI:∀ j<2 ^ Suc n. |state-basis n (j div 2)⟩ ⊗ |state-basis 1 (j mod 2)⟩
=
    |state-basis (Suc n) j⟩

```



```

define m where m = Suc n
show ?case
proof
  fix j::nat
  show j < 2 ^ Suc (Suc n)  $\longrightarrow$ 
     $|state-basis (Suc\ n)\ (j\ div\ 2)\rangle \otimes |state-basis\ 1\ (j\ mod\ 2)\rangle = |state-basis\ (Suc\ (Suc\ n))\ j\rangle$ 
  proof
    assume jleq:j < 2 ^ Suc (Suc n)
    define jd2 where jd2 = j div 2
    define jm2 where jm2 = j mod 2
    define jd2m where jd2m = j div 2 ^ m
    define jm2m where jm2m = j mod 2 ^ m
    define jmm where jmm = jd2 mod 2 ^ n
    have  $|state-basis\ m\ jd2\rangle \otimes |state-basis\ 1\ jm2\rangle =$ 
       $(|state-basis\ 1\ jd2m\rangle \otimes |state-basis\ n\ jmm\rangle) \otimes |state-basis\ 1\ jm2\rangle$ 
    using jleq state-basis-dec m-def jd2-def jm2-def jd2m-def jmm-def jm2-def
    by (metis Suc-eq-plus1 div-exp-eq less-power-add-imp-div-less plus-1-eq-Suc
power-one-right)
    also have  $\dots = |state-basis\ 1\ jd2m\rangle \otimes (|state-basis\ n\ jmm\rangle \otimes |state-basis\ 1\ jm2\rangle)$ 
    using tensor-mat-is-assoc by presburger
    also have  $\dots = |state-basis\ 1\ jd2m\rangle \otimes |state-basis\ m\ jm2m\rangle$ 
    using HI jm2m-def jmm-def jm2-def
    by (metis Suc-eq-plus1 div-exp-mod-exp-eq jd2-def le-simps(2) less-add-same-cancel2
m-def
mod-less-divisor mod-mod-power-cancel plus-1-eq-Suc pos2 power-one-right
zero-less-Suc
zero-less-power)
    also have  $\dots = |state-basis\ (Suc\ m)\ j\rangle$ 
    using state-basis-dec m-def jleq jd2m-def jm2m-def by presburger
    finally show  $|state-basis\ (Suc\ n)\ (j\ div\ 2)\rangle \otimes |state-basis\ 1\ (j\ mod\ 2)\rangle =$ 
       $|state-basis\ (Suc\ (Suc\ n))\ j\rangle$ 
    using jd2-def jm2-def m-def by simp
  qed
qed
qed

```

Action of the H gate in the circuit

lemma *H-on-first-qubit:*

```

assumes j < 2 ^ Suc n
shows  $((H \otimes ((1_m (2^n)))) * |state-basis\ (Suc\ n)\ j\rangle =$ 
   $1/\sqrt{2} \cdot_m (|zero\rangle + \exp(2*i*pi*(complex-of-nat\ (j\ div\ 2^n))/2) \cdot_m |one\rangle)$ 
 $\otimes$ 
   $|state-basis\ n\ (j\ mod\ 2^n)\rangle$ 
proof –
  define jd jm where jd = j div 2 ^ n and jm = j mod 2 ^ n
  have  $((H \otimes ((1_m (2^n)))) * |state-basis\ (Suc\ n)\ j\rangle =$ 
     $((H \otimes ((1_m (2^n)))) * (|state-basis\ 1\ jd\rangle \otimes |state-basis\ n\ jm\rangle))$ 

```

```

    using jd-def jm-def state-basis-dec assms by simp
  also have ... = (H * |state-basis 1 jd⟩) ⊗ ((1m (2^n)) * |state-basis n jm⟩)
    using H-def state-basis-carrier-mat state-basis-def ket-vec-def mult-distr-tensor
  by (metis (no-types, lifting) H-without-scalar-prod carrier-matD(1) dim-col-mat(1)

      index-one-mat(3) pos2 power-one-right zero-less-one-class.zero-less-one
zero-less-power)
  also have ... = 1/sqrt 2 ·m ( |zero⟩ + exp(2*i*pi*(complex-of-nat jd)/2) ·m
|one⟩) ⊗
      |state-basis n jm⟩
  proof -
    have 0:1m (2^n) * |state-basis n jm⟩ = |state-basis n jm⟩
      using left-mult-one-mat state-basis-carrier-mat by metis
    have H * |state-basis 1 jd⟩ =
      1/sqrt 2 ·m ( |zero⟩ + exp(2*i*pi*(complex-of-nat jd)/2) ·m |one⟩)
  proof (rule disjE)
    show jd = 0 ∨ jd = 1 using jd-def assms by (metis One-nat-def less-2-cases

      less-power-add-imp-div-less plus-1-eq-Suc power-one-right)
  next
    assume jd0:jd = 0
    have H * |state-basis 1 0⟩ =
      mat-of-cols-list 2 (map (map complex-of-real) [[1 / sqrt 2, 1 / sqrt 2]])
      using H-on-ket-zero state-basis-def by auto
    also have ... = 1/sqrt 2 ·m ( |zero⟩ + exp(2*i*pi*(complex-of-nat 0)/2) ·m
|one⟩)
  proof
    fix i j
    assume ai:i < dim-row ((1/sqrt 2) ·m ( |zero⟩ + exp (2*i*pi*complex-of-nat
0/2) ·m |one⟩))
      hence i < 2 using mat-of-cols-list-def smult-carrier-mat ket-vec-def by
simp
      hence i2:i ∈ {0,1} by auto
    assume aj:j < dim-col ((1/sqrt 2) ·m ( |zero⟩ + exp (2*i*pi*complex-of-nat
0/2) ·m |one⟩))
      hence j0:j = 0 using mat-of-cols-list-def smult-carrier-mat ket-vec-def by
simp
      have (mat-of-cols-list 2 (map (map complex-of-real) [[1 / sqrt 2, 1 / sqrt
2]])) $$ (i,0) =
        (mat-of-cols-list 2 [[1/sqrt 2, 1/sqrt 2]]) $$ (i,0)
      using map-def by simp
    also have ... = 1/sqrt 2 using i2 index-mat-of-cols-list by auto
    also have ... = (1/sqrt 2 ·m (mat-of-cols-list 2 [[1,1]])) $$ (i,0)
      using smult-mat-def mat-of-cols-list-def index-mat-of-cols-list
      by (smt (verit, best) Suc-1 <i < 2> dim-col-mat(1) dim-row-mat(1)
index-smult-mat(1)
ket-one-is-state ket-one-to-mat-of-cols-list less-Suc-eq-0-disj less-one
list.size(4)
mult.right-neutral nth-Cons-0 nth-Cons-Suc state-def)

```

```

also have ... = (1 / sqrt 2 ·m ( |zero⟩ + |one⟩ )) $$ (i, 0)
proof -
  have mat-of-cols-list 2 [[1, 1]] = |zero⟩ + |one⟩
  proof
    fix i j :: nat
    define s1 s2 where s1 = mat-of-cols-list 2 [[1, 1]] and s2 = |zero⟩ +
|one⟩
    assume i < dim-row s2 and j < dim-col s2
    hence i ∈ {0, 1} ∧ j = 0 using index-add-mat
    by (simp add: ket-vec-def less-Suc-eq numerals(2) s2-def)
    thus s1 $$ (i, j) = s2 $$ (i, j) using s1-def s2-def mat-of-cols-list-def
    <i < dim-row s2> ket-one-to-mat-of-cols-list by force
  next
    define s1 s2 where s1 = mat-of-cols-list 2 [[1, 1]] and s2 = |zero⟩ +
|one⟩
    thus dim-row s1 = dim-row s2 using mat-of-cols-list-def by (simp add:
ket-vec-def)
  next
    define s1 s2 where s1 = mat-of-cols-list 2 [[1, 1]] and s2 = |zero⟩ +
|one⟩
    thus dim-col s1 = dim-col s2 using mat-of-cols-list-def by (simp add:
ket-vec-def)
  qed
  thus ?thesis by simp
qed
also have ... = (1 / sqrt 2 ·m ( |zero⟩ + 1 ·m |one⟩ )) $$ (i, 0)
  using smult-mat-def <i < 2> ket-one-is-state state-def by force
also have ... = (1 / sqrt 2 ·m ( |zero⟩ + exp (2 * i * pi * (complex-of-nat 0) / 2)
·m |one⟩ )) $$ (i, 0)
  by auto
finally show Tensor.mat-of-cols-list 2 (map (map complex-of-real)
[[1 / sqrt 2, 1 / sqrt 2]]) $$ (i, j) =
  (complex-of-real (1 / sqrt 2) ·m ( |Deutsch.zero⟩ +
exp (2 * i * complex-of-real pi * complex-of-nat 0 / 2) ·m
|Deutsch.one⟩ )) $$
    (i, j)
  using j0 i2 ai aj by auto
next
show dim-row (Tensor.mat-of-cols-list 2 (map (map complex-of-real)
[[1 / sqrt 2, 1 / sqrt 2]])) = dim-row (complex-of-real (1 / sqrt 2) ·m
( |Deutsch.zero⟩ + exp (2 * i * complex-of-real pi * complex-of-nat 0
/ 2) ·m
|Deutsch.one⟩ ))
  using mat-of-cols-list-def index-mat-of-cols-list smult-carrier-mat ket-vec-def
by auto
next
show dim-col (Tensor.mat-of-cols-list 2 (map (map complex-of-real)
[[1 / sqrt 2, 1 / sqrt 2]])) = dim-col (complex-of-real (1 / sqrt 2) ·m
( |Deutsch.zero⟩ + exp (2 * i * complex-of-real pi * complex-of-nat 0

```

```

/2) ·m
      |Deutsch.one⟩))
    using mat-of-cols-list-def index-mat-of-cols-list smult-carrier-mat ket-vec-def
by auto
qed
finally show ?thesis using jd0 by simp
next
assume jd1:jd = 1
have H * |state-basis 1 1⟩ =
  mat-of-cols-list 2 (map (map complex-of-real) [[1 / sqrt 2, - 1 / sqrt 2]])
  using H-on-ket-one map-def by (simp add: state-basis-def)
also have ... = (1 / sqrt 2) ·m (|zero⟩ + exp (2*i*pi*complex-of-nat 1 / 2)
·m |one⟩)
  proof
    fix i j
    assume ai:i < dim-row (complex-of-real (1 / sqrt 2) ·m (|zero⟩ +
      exp (2*i*complex-of-real pi *complex-of-nat 1 / 2) ·m |one⟩))
    hence i < 2 using mat-of-cols-list-def smult-carrier-mat ket-vec-def by
simp
    hence i2:i ∈ {0,1} by auto
    assume aj:j < dim-col (complex-of-real (1 / sqrt 2) ·m (|zero⟩ +
      exp (2*i*complex-of-real pi *complex-of-nat 1 / 2) ·m |one⟩))
    hence j0:j = 0 using mat-of-cols-list-def smult-carrier-mat ket-vec-def by
simp
    have (mat-of-cols-list 2 (map (map complex-of-real) [[1 / sqrt 2, -1 / sqrt
2]])) $$ (i,0) =
      (mat-of-cols-list 2 [[1/sqrt 2, - 1/sqrt 2]]) $$ (i,0)
    using map-def by simp
    also have ... = ((1/sqrt 2) ·m (mat-of-cols-list 2 [[1,-1]])) $$ (i,0)
    using i2 smult-mat-def index-mat-of-cols-list mat-of-cols-list-def Suc-1 <i
< 2>
      dim-col-mat(1) dim-row-mat(1) index-smult-mat(1) nth-Cons-0 nth-Cons-Suc
      ket-one-is-state ket-one-to-mat-of-cols-list
    by (smt (z3) One-nat-def ψ0-to-ψ1 bot-nat-0.not-eq-extremum dim-col-tensor-mat

      less-2-cases-iff list.map(2) list.size(4) mult-0-right mult-1 of-real-1
      of-real-divide of-real-minus state-def times-divide-eq-left)
    also have ... = (1/sqrt 2 ·m (|zero⟩ - |one⟩)) $$ (i,0)
  proof -
    define r1 r2 where r1 = mat-of-cols-list 2 [[1,-1]] and r2 = |zero⟩ -
|one⟩
    have r1 $$ (0,0) = r2 $$ (0,0) using r1-def r2-def mat-of-cols-list-def
    by (smt (verit, ccfv-threshold) One-nat-def add.commute diff-zero
dim-row-mat(1)
      index-mat(1) index-mat-of-cols-list ket-one-is-state ket-one-to-mat-of-cols-list

      ket-zero-to-mat-of-cols-list list.size(3) list.size(4) minus-mat-def
nth-Cons-0
      plus-1-eq-Suc pos2 state-def zero-less-one-class.zero-less-one)

```

```

moreover have r1 $$ (1,0) = r2 $$ (1,0)
using r1-def r2-def mat-of-cols-list-def ket-vec-def by simp
ultimately show ?thesis using r1-def r2-def i2
by (smt (verit) One-nat-def Tensor.mat-of-cols-list-def ⟨i < 2⟩ add commute

      dim-col-mat(1) dim-row-mat(1) empty-iff index-smult-mat(1) in-
dex-unit-vec(3)
      insert-iff ket-vec-def list.size(3) list.size(4) minus-mat-def plus-1-eq-Suc

      zero-less-one-class.zero-less-one)
qed
also have ... = (1/sqrt 2 ·m (|zero⟩ + (-1) ·m |one⟩)) $$ (i,0)
using smult-mat-def ⟨i < 2⟩ ket-one-is-state state-def by force
also have ... = (1/sqrt 2 ·m (|zero⟩ + exp (2*i*pi*complex-of-nat 1 / 2)
·m |one⟩)) $$ (i,0)
using exp-pi-i' by auto
finally show mat-of-cols-list 2 (map (map complex-of-real) [[1/sqrt 2, -1/sqrt
2]]) $$ (i,j)
      = (complex-of-real (1 / sqrt 2) ·m (|zero⟩ + exp (2*i*pi*complex-of-nat
1 / 2) ·m
      |one⟩)) $$ (i, j) using i2 ai aj j0 by auto
next
show dim-row (Tensor.mat-of-cols-list 2 (map (map complex-of-real)
[[1 / sqrt 2, - 1 / sqrt 2]])) = dim-row (complex-of-real (1 / sqrt 2) ·m
(|Deutsch.zero⟩ + exp (2 * i * complex-of-real pi * complex-of-nat 1
/ 2) ·m
|Deutsch.one⟩))
using mat-of-cols-list-def index-mat-of-cols-list smult-carrier-mat ket-vec-def
by auto
next
show dim-col (Tensor.mat-of-cols-list 2 (map (map complex-of-real)
[[1 / sqrt 2, - 1 / sqrt 2]])) = dim-col (complex-of-real (1 / sqrt 2) ·m
(|Deutsch.zero⟩ + exp (2 * i * complex-of-real pi * complex-of-nat 1
/ 2) ·m
|Deutsch.one⟩))
using mat-of-cols-list-def index-mat-of-cols-list smult-carrier-mat ket-vec-def
by auto
qed
finally show ?thesis using jd1 by simp
qed
hence (H * |state-basis 1 jd⟩) ⊗ |state-basis n jm⟩ =
      (1/sqrt 2 ·m ((|zero⟩ + exp(2*i*pi*(complex-of-nat jd)/2) ·m |one⟩))) ⊗
|state-basis n jm⟩
by simp
thus ?thesis using 0 by presburger
qed
finally show ?thesis using jm-def jd-def by auto
qed

```

Action of the R gate in the circuit

lemma *R-action*:

assumes $j < 2^{\wedge} \text{Suc } n$ **and** $j \bmod 2 = 1$
shows $(R (\text{Suc } n)) * (|zero\rangle + \exp (2*i*pi*complex-of-nat (j \text{ div } 2) / 2^{\wedge} n) \cdot_m |one\rangle) =$
 $|zero\rangle + \exp (2*i*pi*complex-of-nat j / 2^{\wedge} (\text{Suc } n)) \cdot_m |one\rangle$
proof
fix $i \text{ ja}::nat$
assume $i < \text{dim-row } (|zero\rangle + \exp (2*i*pi*complex-of-nat j / 2^{\wedge} (\text{Suc } n)) \cdot_m |one\rangle)$
hence $il2:i < 2$ **by** (*simp add: ket-vec-def*)
assume $ja < \text{dim-col } (|zero\rangle + \exp (2*i*pi*complex-of-nat j / 2^{\wedge} (\text{Suc } n)) \cdot_m |one\rangle)$
hence $ja0:ja = 0$ **by** (*simp add: ket-vec-def*)
have $(R (\text{Suc } n)) * (|zero\rangle + \exp (2*i*pi*complex-of-nat (j \text{ div } 2) / 2^{\wedge} n) \cdot_m |one\rangle) =$
 $(\text{mat-of-cols-list } 2 \text{ } [[1, 0], [0, \exp(2*pi*i/2^{\wedge} (\text{Suc } n))]]) * (|zero\rangle + \exp (2*i*pi*complex-of-nat (j \text{ div } 2) / 2^{\wedge} n) \cdot_m |one\rangle)$
using *R-def by simp*
also have $\dots = (\text{mat-of-cols-list } 2 \text{ } [[1, 0], [0, \exp(2*pi*i/2^{\wedge} (\text{Suc } n))]]) * (\text{mat-of-cols-list } 2 \text{ } [[1, 0]] + \exp (2*i*pi*complex-of-nat (j \text{ div } 2) / 2^{\wedge} n) \cdot_m \text{mat-of-cols-list } 2 \text{ } [[0, 1]])$
using *ket-one-to-mat-of-cols-list ket-zero-to-mat-of-cols-list by presburger*
also have $\dots = (\text{mat-of-cols-list } 2 \text{ } [[1, 0], [0, \exp(2*pi*i/2^{\wedge} (\text{Suc } n))]]) * (\text{mat-of-cols-list } 2 \text{ } [[1, 0]] + \text{mat-of-cols-list } 2 \text{ } [[0, \exp (2*i*pi*complex-of-nat (j \text{ div } 2) / 2^{\wedge} n)]]])$
proof –
have $\exp (2*i*pi*complex-of-nat (j \text{ div } 2) / 2^{\wedge} n) \cdot_m \text{mat-of-cols-list } 2 \text{ } [[0, 1]] =$
 $\text{mat-of-cols-list } 2 \text{ } [[0, \exp (2*i*pi*complex-of-nat (j \text{ div } 2) / 2^{\wedge} n)]]$
proof
fix $a \text{ b}::nat$
assume $a < \text{dim-row } (\text{mat-of-cols-list } 2 \text{ } [[0, \exp (2*i*pi*complex-of-nat (j \text{ div } 2) / 2^{\wedge} n)]]])$
hence $a2:a < 2$ **by** (*simp add: Tensor.mat-of-cols-list-def*)
assume $b < \text{dim-col } (\text{mat-of-cols-list } 2 \text{ } [[0, \exp (2*i*pi*complex-of-nat (j \text{ div } 2) / 2^{\wedge} n)]]])$
hence $b0:b = 0$
by (*metis One-nat-def Suc-eq-plus1 Tensor.mat-of-cols-list-def dim-col-mat(1) less-Suc0*)
 $\text{list.size}(3) \text{ list.size}(4))$
have $(\exp (2*i*pi*complex-of-nat (j \text{ div } 2) / 2^{\wedge} n) \cdot_m \text{mat-of-cols-list } 2 \text{ } [[0, 1]])$
 $$$$ (a, 0) =$
 $\exp (2*i*pi*complex-of-nat (j \text{ div } 2) / 2^{\wedge} n) * (\text{mat-of-cols-list } 2 \text{ } [[0, 1]])$
 $$$$ (a, 0))$
using *index-smult-mat a2 ket-one-is-state ket-one-to-mat-of-cols-list state-def*
by force
also have $\dots = (\text{mat-of-cols-list } 2 \text{ } [[0, \exp (2*i*pi*complex-of-nat (j \text{ div } 2) / 2^{\wedge} n)]]]) $$$ (a, 0)$

```

proof (rule disjE)
  show  $a = 0 \vee a = 1$  using  $a2$  by auto
next
  assume  $a0:a = 0$ 
  have  $\exp(2*i*pi*complex-of-nat(j \text{ div } 2) / 2^n) * (mat-of-cols-list\ 2\ [[0,1]])$ 
 $\$ \$ (0,0)) =$ 
     $\exp(2*i*pi*complex-of-nat(j \text{ div } 2) / 2^n) * 0$ 
  using index-mat-of-cols-list by auto
  thus  $\exp(2*i*pi*complex-of-nat(j \text{ div } 2) / 2^n) * (mat-of-cols-list\ 2\ [[0,1]])$ 
 $\$ \$ (a,0)) =$ 
     $(mat-of-cols-list\ 2\ [[0, \exp(2*i*pi*complex-of-nat(j \text{ div } 2) / 2^n)]]) \$ \$$ 
 $(a,0)$ 
  using  $a0$  by auto
next
  assume  $a1:a = 1$ 
  have  $\exp(2*i*pi*complex-of-nat(j \text{ div } 2) / 2^n) * (mat-of-cols-list\ 2\ [[0,1]])$ 
 $\$ \$ (1,0)) =$ 
     $\exp(2*i*pi*complex-of-nat(j \text{ div } 2) / 2^n) * 1$ 
  using index-mat-of-cols-list by auto
  thus  $\exp(2*i*pi*complex-of-nat(j \text{ div } 2) / 2^n) * (mat-of-cols-list\ 2\ [[0,1]])$ 
 $\$ \$ (a,0)) =$ 
     $(mat-of-cols-list\ 2\ [[0, \exp(2*i*pi*complex-of-nat(j \text{ div } 2) / 2^n)]]) \$ \$$ 
 $(a,0)$ 
  using  $a1$  by auto
qed
finally show  $(\exp(2*i*pi*complex-of-nat(j \text{ div } 2) / 2^n) \cdot_m mat-of-cols-list\ 2\ [[0,1]])$ 
 $\$ \$ (a,b) = (mat-of-cols-list\ 2\ [[0, \exp(2*i*pi*complex-of-nat(j \text{ div } 2) /$ 
 $2^n)]]) \$ \$ (a,b)$ 
  using  $b0$  by simp
next
  show  $dim-row(\exp(2 * i * complex-of-real\ pi * complex-of-nat(j \text{ div } 2) / 2^n) \cdot_m$ 
 $Tensor.mat-of-cols-list\ 2\ [[0, 1]]) =$ 
 $dim-row(Tensor.mat-of-cols-list\ 2\ [[0, \exp(2 * i * complex-of-real\ pi * complex-of-nat(j \text{ div } 2) / 2^n)]])$ 
  by (simp add: Tensor.mat-of-cols-list-def)
next
  show  $dim-col(\exp(2 * i * complex-of-real\ pi * complex-of-nat(j \text{ div } 2) / 2^n) \cdot_m$ 
 $Tensor.mat-of-cols-list\ 2\ [[0, 1]]) =$ 
 $dim-col(Tensor.mat-of-cols-list\ 2\ [[0, \exp(2 * i * complex-of-real\ pi * complex-of-nat(j \text{ div } 2) / 2^n)]])$ 
  by (simp add: mat-of-cols-list-def)
qed
thus ?thesis by auto
qed
also have  $\dots = (mat-of-cols-list\ 2\ [[1, 0], [0, \exp(2*pi*i/2^n(Suc\ n))]]) *$ 
 $(mat-of-cols-list\ 2\ [[1, \exp(2*i*pi*complex-of-nat(j \text{ div } 2) / 2^n)]])$ 

```

```

proof -
  have mat-of-cols-list 2  $[[1, 0]] +$ 
    mat-of-cols-list 2  $[[0, \exp (2 * i * \pi * \text{complex-of-nat } (j \text{ div } 2) / 2^n)]] =$ 
    mat-of-cols-list 2  $[[1, \exp (2 * i * \pi * \text{complex-of-nat } (j \text{ div } 2) / 2^n)]]$ 
  proof
    fix a b :: nat
    assume a < dim-row (mat-of-cols-list 2  $[[1, \exp (2 * i * \pi * \text{complex-of-nat } (j \text{ div } 2) / 2^n)]]$ )
    hence a2 : a < 2 using mat-of-cols-list-def by simp
    assume b < dim-col (mat-of-cols-list 2  $[[1, \exp (2 * i * \pi * \text{complex-of-nat } (j \text{ div } 2) / 2^n)]]$ )
    hence b0 : b = 0 using mat-of-cols-list-def by auto
    show (mat-of-cols-list 2  $[[1, 0]] +$ 
      mat-of-cols-list 2  $[[0, \exp (2 * i * \pi * \text{complex-of-nat } (j \text{ div } 2) / 2^n)]]$ ) $$
    (a, b) =
      (mat-of-cols-list 2  $[[1, \exp (2 * i * \pi * \text{complex-of-nat } (j \text{ div } 2) / 2^n)]]$ ) $$
    (a, b)
    proof (rule disjE)
      show a = 0  $\vee$  a = 1 using a2 by auto
    next
      assume a0 : a = 0
      have (mat-of-cols-list 2  $[[1, 0]] +$ 
        mat-of-cols-list 2  $[[0, \exp (2 * i * \pi * \text{complex-of-nat } (j \text{ div } 2) / 2^n)]]$ ) $$
        (0, 0) =
          (mat-of-cols-list 2  $[[1, \exp (2 * i * \pi * \text{complex-of-nat } (j \text{ div } 2) / 2^n)]]$ ) $$
          (0, 0)
          using index-mat-of-cols-list by (simp add: Tensor.mat-of-cols-list-def)
          thus (mat-of-cols-list 2  $[[1, 0]] +$ 
            mat-of-cols-list 2  $[[0, \exp (2 * i * \pi * \text{complex-of-nat } (j \text{ div } 2) / 2^n)]]$ ) $$
            (a, b) =
              (mat-of-cols-list 2  $[[1, \exp (2 * i * \pi * \text{complex-of-nat } (j \text{ div } 2) / 2^n)]]$ ) $$
              (a, b)
              using a0 b0 by simp
          next
            assume a1 : a = 1
            show (mat-of-cols-list 2  $[[1, 0]] +$ 
              mat-of-cols-list 2  $[[0, \exp (2 * i * \pi * \text{complex-of-nat } (j \text{ div } 2) / 2^n)]]$ ) $$
              (a, b) =
                (mat-of-cols-list 2  $[[1, \exp (2 * i * \pi * \text{complex-of-nat } (j \text{ div } 2) / 2^n)]]$ ) $$
                (a, b)
                using a1 b0 index-mat-of-cols-list mat-of-cols-list-def by simp
            qed
          next
            show dim-row (Tensor.mat-of-cols-list 2  $[[1, 0]] +$  Tensor.mat-of-cols-list 2
               $[[0, \exp (2 * i * \text{complex-of-real } \pi * \text{complex-of-nat } (j \text{ div } 2) / 2^n)]]$ )
              =
                dim-row (Tensor.mat-of-cols-list 2  $[[1, \exp (2 * i * \text{complex-of-real } \pi *$ 
                   $\text{complex-of-nat } (j \text{ div } 2) / 2^n)]]$ )
                by (simp add: Tensor.mat-of-cols-list-def)

```



```

next
  show dim-col (Tensor.mat-of-cols-list 2 [[1, 0]] + Tensor.mat-of-cols-list 2
    [[0, exp (2 * i * complex-of-real pi * complex-of-nat (j div 2) / 2 ^ n)])
=
  dim-col (Tensor.mat-of-cols-list 2 [[1, exp (2 * i * complex-of-real pi *
    complex-of-nat (j div 2) / 2 ^ n)])
  by (simp add: mat-of-cols-list-def)
qed
thus ?thesis by simp
qed
finally have 1:R (Suc n) * (|Deutsch.zero> + exp (2 * i * complex-of-real pi *
  complex-of-nat (j div 2) / 2 ^ n) ·m |Deutsch.one>) =
  Tensor.mat-of-cols-list 2 [[1, 0], [0, exp (complex-of-real (2 * pi) *
i /
  2 ^ Suc n)]] * Tensor.mat-of-cols-list 2 [[1, exp (2 * i * complex-of-real
pi *
  complex-of-nat (j div 2) / 2 ^ n)]]
  by this
  show (R (Suc n) * (|Deutsch.zero> + exp (2 * i * pi * complex-of-nat (j div 2)
/ 2 ^ n) ·m
    |Deutsch.one>)) $$ (i, ja) =
    (|Deutsch.zero> + exp (2 * i * complex-of-real pi * complex-of-nat j / 2 ^
Suc n) ·m
    |Deutsch.one>) $$ (i, ja)
  proof -
    have ((R (Suc n) * (|Deutsch.zero> + exp (2 * i * pi * complex-of-nat (j div
2) / 2 ^ n) ·m
      |Deutsch.one>))) $$ (i, ja) =
      (Tensor.mat-of-cols-list 2 [[1, 0], [0, exp (complex-of-real (2 * pi) * i /
        2 ^ Suc n)]] * Tensor.mat-of-cols-list 2 [[1, exp (2 * i * complex-of-real
pi *
        complex-of-nat (j div 2) / 2 ^ n)]])) $$ (i, ja)
    using 1 by simp
    also have ... = mat-of-cols-list 2 [[1, exp (2 * i * pi * complex-of-nat j / 2 ^ Suc n)]]
    $$ (i, ja)
    proof (rule disjE)
      show i = 0 ∨ i = 1 using il2 by auto
    next
      assume i0:i = 0
      have (Tensor.mat-of-cols-list 2 [[1, 0], [0, exp (complex-of-real (2 * pi) * i /
2 ^ Suc n)]]
        * Tensor.mat-of-cols-list 2 [[1, exp (2 * i * complex-of-real pi *
        complex-of-nat (j div 2) / 2 ^ n)]])) $$ (0, 0) =
        (∑ k < 2. (mat-of-cols-list 2 [[1, 0], [0, exp (complex-of-real (2 * pi) * i /
2 ^ Suc n)]]))
        $$ (0, k) * (mat-of-cols-list 2 [[1, exp (2 * i * complex-of-real pi *
        complex-of-nat (j div 2) / 2 ^ n)]])) $$ (k, 0))
      using index-mult-mat mat-of-cols-list-def by auto
      also have ... = (mat-of-cols-list 2 [[1, 0], [0, exp (complex-of-real (2 * pi) *

```

```

i / 2 ^ Suc n)))
  $$ (0,0) * (mat-of-cols-list 2 [[1, exp (2 * i * complex-of-real pi
*
  complex-of-nat (j div 2) / 2 ^ n]]) $$ (0,0) +
  (mat-of-cols-list 2 [[1, 0],[0, exp (complex-of-real (2 * pi) * i / 2
^ Suc n]]))
  $$ (0,1) * (mat-of-cols-list 2 [[1, exp (2 * i * complex-of-real pi
*
  complex-of-nat (j div 2) / 2 ^ n]]) $$ (1,0)
  by (simp only: sumof2)
  also have ... = 1 by auto
  also have ... = mat-of-cols-list 2 [[1, exp (2*i*pi*complex-of-nat j / 2^Suc
n)]] $$ (0,0)
  using index-mat-of-cols-list by simp
  finally show (Tensor.mat-of-cols-list 2 [[1, 0],[0, exp (complex-of-real (2 *
pi) * i /
    2 ^ Suc n]]) * Tensor.mat-of-cols-list 2 [[1, exp (2 * i * complex-of-real
pi *
    complex-of-nat (j div 2) / 2 ^ n]]) $$ (i, ja) =
    (mat-of-cols-list 2 [[1, exp (2*i*pi*complex-of-nat j / 2^Suc n]])
  $$ (i,ja)
  using i0 ja0 by simp
  next
  assume i1:i = 1
  have (Tensor.mat-of-cols-list 2 [[1, 0],[0, exp (complex-of-real (2 * pi) * i /
2 ^ Suc n]])
    * Tensor.mat-of-cols-list 2 [[1, exp (2 * i * complex-of-real pi *
    complex-of-nat (j div 2) / 2 ^ n]]) $$ (1, 0) =
    (∑ k<2. (mat-of-cols-list 2 [[1, 0],[0, exp (complex-of-real (2 * pi) * i /
2 ^ Suc n]])
    $$ (1,k) * (mat-of-cols-list 2 [[1, exp (2 * i * complex-of-real pi *
    complex-of-nat (j div 2) / 2 ^ n]]) $$ (k,0))
  using index-mult-mat mat-of-cols-list-def by auto
  also have ... = (mat-of-cols-list 2 [[1, 0],[0, exp (complex-of-real (2 * pi) *
i / 2 ^ Suc n]]))
    $$ (1,0) * (mat-of-cols-list 2 [[1, exp (2 * i * complex-of-real pi
*
    complex-of-nat (j div 2) / 2 ^ n]]) $$ (0,0) +
    (mat-of-cols-list 2 [[1, 0],[0, exp (complex-of-real (2 * pi) * i / 2
^ Suc n]]))
    $$ (1,1) * (mat-of-cols-list 2 [[1, exp (2 * i * complex-of-real pi
*
    complex-of-nat (j div 2) / 2 ^ n]]) $$ (1,0)
  by (simp only: sumof2)
  also have ... = exp (complex-of-real (2 * pi) * i / 2 ^ Suc n) *
    exp (2 * i * complex-of-real pi * complex-of-nat (j div 2) / 2 ^ n)
  using index-mat-of-cols-list by auto
  also have ... = exp (complex-of-real (2 * pi) * i / 2 ^ Suc n +
    2 * i * complex-of-real pi * complex-of-nat (j div 2) / 2 ^ n)

```

```

    using mult-exp-exp by simp
  also have ... = exp (2 * i * pi / 2 ^ Suc n +
    2 * i * complex-of-real pi * complex-of-nat (j div 2) / 2 ^ n)
    by (simp add: mult.commute)
  also have ... = exp (2*i*pi*(1/2^Suc n + complex-of-nat (j div 2)/2^n))
    by (simp add: distrib-left)
  also have ... = exp (2*i*pi*((1 + 2*(j div 2))/2^Suc n))
    by (simp add: add-divide-distrib)
  also have ... = exp (2*i*pi*(j)/2^Suc n)
    using assms
    by (smt (verit, ccfv-threshold) Suc-eq-plus1 div-mult-mod-eq mult.commute
of-real-1
    of-real-add of-real-divide of-real-of-nat-eq of-real-power one-add-one
plus-1-eq-Suc
    times-divide-eq-right)
  also have ... = (mat-of-cols-list 2 [[1, exp (2*i*pi*complex-of-nat j / 2^Suc
n)]])) $$ (1,0)
    using index-mat-of-cols-list by simp
  finally show (Tensor.mat-of-cols-list 2 [[1, 0],[0, exp (complex-of-real (2 *
pi) * i /
    2 ^ Suc n)]] * Tensor.mat-of-cols-list 2 [[1, exp (2 * i * complex-of-real
pi *
    complex-of-nat (j div 2) / 2 ^ n)]])) $$ (i, ja) =
    (mat-of-cols-list 2 [[1, exp (2*i*pi*complex-of-nat j / 2^Suc n)]]))
  $$ (i,ja)
    using i1 ja0 by simp
  qed
  also have ... = (|zero> + exp (2*i*pi*complex-of-nat j / 2^Suc n) ·m |one>))
  $$ (i,ja)
  proof (rule disjE)
    show i = 0 ∨ i = 1 using il2 by auto
  next
    assume i0:i = 0
    have (mat-of-cols-list 2 [[1, exp (2*i*pi*complex-of-nat j / 2^Suc n)]])) $$
(0,0) = 1
      by auto
    also have ... = (|zero> + exp (2*i*pi*complex-of-nat j / 2^Suc n) ·m |one>))
  $$ (0,0)
    proof -
      have |zero> $$ (0,0) = 1 by auto
      moreover have (exp (2*i*pi*complex-of-nat j / 2^Suc n) ·m |one>)) $$
(0,0) = 0
    proof -
      have (exp (2*i*pi*complex-of-nat j / 2^Suc n) ·m |one>)) $$ (0,0) =
exp (2*i*pi*complex-of-nat j / 2^Suc n) * |one> $$ (0,0)
        using index-smult-mat using ket-one-is-state state-def by auto
      also have ... = 0 by auto
      finally show ?thesis by this
    qed
  qed

```

```

      ultimately show ?thesis by (simp add: ket-vec-def)
    qed
    finally show (mat-of-cols-list 2 [[1,exp (2*i*pi*complex-of-nat j / 2^Suc n)]])
    $$ (i,ja) =
      ( |zero> + exp (2*i*pi*complex-of-nat j / 2^Suc n) ·m |one> ) $$
    (i,ja)
      using i0 ja0 by simp
    next
      assume i1:i = 1
      have (mat-of-cols-list 2 [[1,exp (2*i*pi*complex-of-nat j / 2^Suc n)]]) $$
    (1,0) =
      exp (2*i*pi*complex-of-nat j / 2^Suc n) by auto
      also have ... = ( |zero> + exp (2*i*pi*complex-of-nat j / 2^Suc n) ·m |one> )
    $$ (1,0)
      proof -
        have |zero> $$ (1,0) = 0 by auto
        moreover have (exp (2*i*pi*complex-of-nat j / 2^Suc n) ·m |one> ) $$
    (1,0) =
          exp (2*i*pi*complex-of-nat j / 2^Suc n)
        proof -
          have (exp (2*i*pi*complex-of-nat j / 2^Suc n) ·m |one> ) $$ (1,0) =
            exp (2*i*pi*complex-of-nat j / 2^Suc n) * |one> $$ (1,0)
          using index-smult-mat ket-one-is-state state-def by auto
          also have ... = exp (2*i*pi*complex-of-nat j / 2^Suc n) by auto
          finally show ?thesis by this
        qed
      ultimately show ?thesis by (simp add: ket-vec-def)
    qed
    finally show (mat-of-cols-list 2 [[1,exp (2*i*pi*complex-of-nat j / 2^Suc n)]])
    $$ (i,ja) =
      ( |zero> + exp (2*i*pi*complex-of-nat j / 2^Suc n) ·m |one> ) $$
    (i,ja)
      using i1 ja0 by simp
    qed
    finally show ?thesis by this
  qed
next
  show dim-row (R (Suc n) * ( |Deutsch.zero> + exp (2 * i * complex-of-real pi *
    complex-of-nat (j div 2) / 2 ^ n) ·m |Deutsch.one> )) =
    dim-row ( |Deutsch.zero> + exp (2 * i * complex-of-real pi * complex-of-nat
    j / 2 ^ Suc n) ·m
      |Deutsch.one> )
  by (simp add: R-def Tensor.mat-of-cols-list-def ket-vec-def)
next
  show dim-col (R (Suc n) * ( |Deutsch.zero> + exp (2 * i * complex-of-real pi *
    complex-of-nat (j div 2) / 2 ^ n) ·m |Deutsch.one> )) =
    dim-col ( |Deutsch.zero> + exp (2 * i * complex-of-real pi * complex-of-nat
    j / 2 ^ Suc n) ·m
      |Deutsch.one> )

```

by (simp add: R-def Tensor.mat-of-cols-list-def ket-vec-def)
qed

Action of the SWAP cascades in the circuit

lemma *SWAP-up-action:*

$\forall j. j < 2 \wedge \text{Suc} (\text{Suc } n) \longrightarrow$
 $\text{SWAP-up} (\text{Suc} (\text{Suc } n)) * (| \text{state-basis} (\text{Suc } n) (j \text{ div } 2) \rangle \otimes | \text{state-basis } 1 (j \text{ mod } 2) \rangle) =$

$| \text{state-basis } 1 (j \text{ mod } 2) \rangle \otimes | \text{state-basis} (\text{Suc } n) (j \text{ div } 2) \rangle$

proof (induct n)

case 0

show ?case

proof

fix j

show $j < 2 \wedge \text{Suc} (\text{Suc } 0) \longrightarrow \text{SWAP-up} (\text{Suc} (\text{Suc } 0)) * (| \text{state-basis} (\text{Suc } 0) (j \text{ div } 2) \rangle \otimes$

$| \text{state-basis } 1 (j \text{ mod } 2) \rangle) =$

$| \text{state-basis } 1 (j \text{ mod } 2) \rangle \otimes | \text{state-basis} (\text{Suc } 0) (j \text{ div } 2) \rangle$

proof

assume $j < 2 \wedge \text{Suc} (\text{Suc } 0)$

show $\text{SWAP-up} (\text{Suc} (\text{Suc } 0)) * (| \text{state-basis} (\text{Suc } 0) (j \text{ div } 2) \rangle \otimes | \text{state-basis } 1 (j \text{ mod } 2) \rangle)$

$= | \text{state-basis } 1 (j \text{ mod } 2) \rangle \otimes | \text{state-basis} (\text{Suc } 0) (j \text{ div } 2) \rangle$

proof —

have $\text{SWAP-up} (\text{Suc} (\text{Suc } 0)) * (| \text{state-basis} (\text{Suc } 0) (j \text{ div } 2) \rangle \otimes | \text{state-basis } 1 (j \text{ mod } 2) \rangle)$

$= \text{SWAP} * (| \text{state-basis} (\text{Suc } 0) (j \text{ div } 2) \rangle \otimes | \text{state-basis } 1 (j \text{ mod } 2) \rangle)$

using *SWAP-up.simps* by *simp*

also have $\dots = | \text{state-basis } 1 (j \text{ mod } 2) \rangle \otimes | \text{state-basis} (\text{Suc } 0) (j \text{ div } 2) \rangle$

using *SWAP-tensor*

by (metis *One-nat-def power-one-right state-basis-carrier-mat*)

finally show ?thesis by this

qed

qed

qed

next

case (Suc n)

assume $HI: \forall j < 2 \wedge \text{Suc} (\text{Suc } n).$

$\text{SWAP-up} (\text{Suc} (\text{Suc } n)) * (| \text{state-basis} (\text{Suc } n) (j \text{ div } 2) \rangle \otimes | \text{state-basis } 1 (j \text{ mod } 2) \rangle)$

$= | \text{state-basis } 1 (j \text{ mod } 2) \rangle \otimes | \text{state-basis} (\text{Suc } n) (j \text{ div } 2) \rangle$

show $\forall j < 2 \wedge \text{Suc} (\text{Suc} (\text{Suc } n)).$

$\text{SWAP-up} (\text{Suc} (\text{Suc} (\text{Suc } n))) * (| \text{state-basis} (\text{Suc} (\text{Suc } n)) (j \text{ div } 2) \rangle \otimes$

$| \text{state-basis } 1 (j \text{ mod } 2) \rangle) =$

$| \text{state-basis } 1 (j \text{ mod } 2) \rangle \otimes | \text{state-basis} (\text{Suc} (\text{Suc } n)) (j \text{ div } 2) \rangle$

proof

fix j::nat

show $j < 2 \wedge \text{Suc} (\text{Suc} (\text{Suc } n)) \longrightarrow$

$\text{SWAP-up} (\text{Suc} (\text{Suc} (\text{Suc } n))) * (| \text{state-basis} (\text{Suc} (\text{Suc } n)) (j \text{ div } 2) \rangle \otimes$

$|state-basis\ 1\ (j\ mod\ 2)\rangle =$
 $|state-basis\ 1\ (j\ mod\ 2)\rangle \otimes |state-basis\ (Suc\ (Suc\ n))\ (j\ div\ 2)\rangle$
proof
assume $jl:j < 2 \wedge Suc\ (Suc\ (Suc\ n))$
show $SWAP-up\ (Suc\ (Suc\ (Suc\ n))) * (|state-basis\ (Suc\ (Suc\ n))\ (j\ div\ 2)\rangle$
 \otimes
 $|state-basis\ 1\ (j\ mod\ 2)\rangle =$
 $|state-basis\ 1\ (j\ mod\ 2)\rangle \otimes |state-basis\ (Suc\ (Suc\ n))\ (j\ div\ 2)\rangle$
proof –
have $SWAP-up\ (Suc\ (Suc\ (Suc\ n))) * (|state-basis\ (Suc\ (Suc\ n))\ (j\ div\ 2)\rangle$
 \otimes
 $|state-basis\ 1\ (j\ mod\ 2)\rangle =$
 $((SWAP \otimes (1_m\ (2^{Suc\ n}))) * ((1_m\ 2) \otimes (SWAP-up\ (Suc\ (Suc\ n)))) * (|state-basis\ (Suc\ (Suc\ n))\ (j\ div\ 2)\rangle \otimes |state-basis\ 1\ (j\ mod\ 2)\rangle)$
using $SWAP-up.simps$ **by** $simp$
also have $\dots = (SWAP \otimes (1_m\ (2^{Suc\ n}))) * (((1_m\ 2) \otimes (SWAP-up\ (Suc\ (Suc\ n)))) * (|state-basis\ (Suc\ (Suc\ n))\ (j\ div\ 2)\rangle \otimes |state-basis\ 1\ (j\ mod\ 2)\rangle))$
using $assoc-mult-mat$
by $(smt\ (verit,\ ccfv-threshold)\ Groups.mult-ac(2)\ Groups.mult-ac(3)\ One-nat-def\ SWAP-up.simps(3)\ SWAP-up-carrier-mat\ carrier-matD(2)\ carrier-matI\ dim-col-tensor-mat\ dim-row-mat(1)\ dim-row-tensor-mat\ index-mult-mat(2)\ index-one-mat(3)\ index-unit-vec(3)\ ket-vec-def\ left-mult-one-mat\ power-Suc2\ power-one-right\ state-basis-def)$
also have $\dots = (SWAP \otimes (1_m\ (2^{Suc\ n}))) * (((1_m\ 2) \otimes (SWAP-up\ (Suc\ (Suc\ n)))) * ((|state-basis\ 1\ ((j\ div\ 2)\ div\ 2^{Suc\ n})\rangle \otimes |state-basis\ (Suc\ n)\ ((j\ div\ 2)\ mod\ 2^{Suc\ n})\rangle \otimes |state-basis\ 1\ (j\ mod\ 2)\rangle)))$
using $state-basis-dec$
by $(metis\ jl\ less-mult-imp-div-less\ power-Suc2)$
also have $\dots = (SWAP \otimes (1_m\ (2^{Suc\ n}))) * (((1_m\ 2) \otimes (SWAP-up\ (Suc\ (Suc\ n)))) * (|state-basis\ 1\ ((j\ div\ 2)\ div\ 2^{Suc\ n})\rangle \otimes (|state-basis\ (Suc\ n)\ ((j\ div\ 2)\ mod\ 2^{Suc\ n})\rangle \otimes |state-basis\ 1\ (j\ mod\ 2)\rangle)))$
using $tensor-mat-is-assoc\ state-basis-carrier-mat$ **by** $auto$
also have $\dots = (SWAP \otimes (1_m\ (2^{Suc\ n}))) * (((1_m\ 2) \otimes (SWAP-up\ (Suc\ (Suc\ n)))) * (|state-basis\ 1\ ((j\ div\ 2)\ div\ 2^{Suc\ n})\rangle \otimes (|state-basis\ (Suc\ n)\ ((j\ mod\ 2^{Suc\ n})\ div\ 2)\rangle \otimes |state-basis\ 1\ ((j\ mod\ 2^{Suc\ n})\ mod\ 2)\rangle)))$
using $jl\ power-Suc\ power-add\ power-one-right$

by (*smt* (*z3*) *Suc-1 add-0 div-Suc div-exp-mod-exp-eq lessI mod-less*
mod-mod-cancel
mod-mult-self2 n-not-Suc-n odd-Suc-div-two plus-1-eq-Suc)
also have ... = (*SWAP* \otimes (1_m ($2^{\sim}(Suc\ n)$))) *
 $((1_m\ 2) * |state-basis\ 1\ ((j\ div\ 2)\ div\ 2^{\sim}Suc\ n)) \otimes$
 $((SWAP-up\ (Suc\ (Suc\ n))) *$
 $(|state-basis\ (Suc\ n)\ ((j\ mod\ 2^{\sim}Suc\ (Suc\ n))\ div\ 2))$
 $\otimes |state-basis\ 1\ ((j\ mod\ 2^{\sim}Suc\ (Suc\ n))\ mod\ 2)))$
using *mult-distr-tensor*
by (*metis* *SWAP-up-carrier-mat carrier-matD(1) carrier-matD(2) in-*
dex-one-mat(3)
less-numeral-extra(1) mod-less-divisor pos2 power-one-right state-basis-carrier-mat
state-basis-dec' zero-less-power)
also have ... = (*SWAP* \otimes (1_m ($2^{\sim}(Suc\ n)$))) *
 $(|state-basis\ 1\ ((j\ div\ 2)\ div\ 2^{\sim}Suc\ n)) \otimes$
 $(|state-basis\ 1\ ((j\ mod\ 2^{\sim}Suc\ (Suc\ n))\ mod\ 2)) \otimes$
 $|state-basis\ (Suc\ n)\ ((j\ mod\ 2^{\sim}Suc\ (Suc\ n))\ div\ 2)))$
using *HI*
by (*metis* *left-mult-one-mat mod-less-divisor pos2 power-one-right state-basis-carrier-mat*
zero-less-power)
also have ... = (*SWAP* \otimes (1_m ($2^{\sim}(Suc\ n)$))) *
 $((|state-basis\ 1\ ((j\ div\ 2)\ div\ 2^{\sim}Suc\ n)) \otimes$
 $|state-basis\ 1\ ((j\ mod\ 2^{\sim}Suc\ (Suc\ n))\ mod\ 2)) \otimes$
 $|state-basis\ (Suc\ n)\ ((j\ mod\ 2^{\sim}Suc\ (Suc\ n))\ div\ 2)))$
using *tensor-mat-is-assoc by simp*
also have ... = (*SWAP* * ($|state-basis\ 1\ ((j\ div\ 2)\ div\ 2^{\sim}Suc\ n)) \otimes$
 $|state-basis\ 1\ ((j\ mod\ 2^{\sim}Suc\ (Suc\ n))\ mod\ 2)) \otimes$
 $((1_m\ (2^{\sim}(Suc\ n))) * |state-basis\ (Suc\ n)\ ((j\ mod\ 2^{\sim}Suc\ (Suc\ n))\ div\ 2)))$
n)) div 2)))
using *mult-distr-tensor*
by (*smt* (*verit, del-insts*) *One-nat-def SWAP-ncols SWAP-nrows SWAP-tensor*
carrier-matD(2)
dim-col-tensor-mat dim-row-mat(1) dim-row-tensor-mat index-mult-mat(2)
index-one-mat(3) index-unit-vec(3) ket-vec-def lessI one-power2 pos2
power-Suc2
power-one-right state-basis-carrier-mat state-basis-def zero-less-power)
also have ... = ($|state-basis\ 1\ ((j\ mod\ 2^{\sim}Suc\ (Suc\ n))\ mod\ 2)) \otimes$
 $|state-basis\ 1\ ((j\ div\ 2)\ div\ 2^{\sim}Suc\ n)) \otimes$
 $|state-basis\ (Suc\ n)\ ((j\ mod\ 2^{\sim}Suc\ (Suc\ n))\ div\ 2))$
using *SWAP-tensor*
by (*metis* *left-mult-one-mat power-one-right state-basis-carrier-mat*)
also have ... = $|state-basis\ 1\ ((j\ mod\ 2^{\sim}Suc\ (Suc\ n))\ mod\ 2)) \otimes$
 $(|state-basis\ 1\ ((j\ div\ 2)\ div\ 2^{\sim}Suc\ n)) \otimes$
 $|state-basis\ (Suc\ n)\ ((j\ mod\ 2^{\sim}Suc\ (Suc\ n))\ div\ 2))$
using *tensor-mat-is-assoc by simp*
also have ... = $|state-basis\ 1\ (j\ mod\ 2)) \otimes$
 $(|state-basis\ 1\ ((j\ div\ 2)\ div\ 2^{\sim}Suc\ n)) \otimes$

```

      |state-basis (Suc n) ((j div 2) mod 2 ^ Suc n))
proof -
  have f1:  $\forall n \text{ na. } (n::\text{nat}) \wedge (1 + na) = n \wedge \text{Suc na}$ 
    by simp
  have  $\forall n \text{ na. } (n::\text{nat}) \text{ dvd } n \wedge \text{Suc na}$ 
    by simp
  then show ?thesis
using f1 by (smt (z3) div-exp-mod-exp-eq mod-mod-cancel power-one-right)
qed
  also have ... = |state-basis 1 (j mod 2))  $\otimes$  |state-basis (Suc (Suc n)) (j
div 2))
    using state-basis-dec jl
    by (metis less-mult-imp-div-less power-Suc2)
  finally show ?thesis by this
qed
qed
qed
qed

```

lemma *SWAP-down-action:*

```

 $\forall j. j < 2 \wedge \text{Suc (Suc n)} \longrightarrow$ 
  SWAP-down (Suc (Suc n)) * ( |state-basis 1 (j mod 2))  $\otimes$  |state-basis (Suc n)
(j div 2)) =
  |state-basis (Suc n) (j div 2))  $\otimes$  |state-basis 1 (j mod 2))
proof (induct n)
case 0
show ?case
proof
  fix j::nat
  show  $j < 2 \wedge \text{Suc (Suc 0)} \longrightarrow$ 
    SWAP-down (Suc (Suc 0)) * ( |state-basis 1 (j mod 2))  $\otimes$  |state-basis (Suc
0) (j div 2)) =
    |state-basis (Suc 0) (j div 2))  $\otimes$  |state-basis 1 (j mod 2))
  proof
    assume  $j < 2 \wedge \text{Suc (Suc 0)}$ 
    show SWAP-down (Suc (Suc 0)) * ( |state-basis 1 (j mod 2))  $\otimes$  |state-basis
(Suc 0) (j div 2))
      = |state-basis (Suc 0) (j div 2))  $\otimes$  |state-basis 1 (j mod 2))
    proof -
      have SWAP-down (Suc (Suc 0)) * ( |state-basis 1 (j mod 2))  $\otimes$  |state-basis
(Suc 0) (j div 2))
        = SWAP * ( |state-basis 1 (j mod 2))  $\otimes$  |state-basis (Suc 0) (j div 2))
        using SWAP-down.simps by simp
      also have ... = |state-basis (Suc 0) (j div 2))  $\otimes$  |state-basis 1 (j mod 2))
        using SWAP-tensor state-basis-carrier-mat
        by (metis One-nat-def power-one-right)
      finally show ?thesis by this
    qed
  qed

```



```

    qed
  qed
  qed
next
  case (Suc n)
  assume HI:  $\forall j < 2 \wedge \text{Suc } (Suc\ n).$ 
    SWAP-down (Suc (Suc n)) * (|state-basis 1 (j mod 2)⟩  $\otimes$  |state-basis
(Suc n) (j div 2)⟩)
    = |state-basis (Suc n) (j div 2)⟩  $\otimes$  |state-basis 1 (j mod 2)⟩
  show  $\forall j < 2 \wedge \text{Suc } (Suc\ (Suc\ n)).$ 
    SWAP-down (Suc (Suc (Suc n))) * (|state-basis 1 (j mod 2)⟩  $\otimes$ 
|state-basis (Suc (Suc n)) (j div 2)⟩)
    = |state-basis (Suc (Suc n)) (j div 2)⟩  $\otimes$  |state-basis 1 (j mod 2)⟩
  proof
    fix j::nat
    show  $j < 2 \wedge \text{Suc } (Suc\ (Suc\ n)) \longrightarrow$ 
      SWAP-down (Suc (Suc (Suc n))) * (|state-basis 1 (j mod 2)⟩  $\otimes$  |state-basis
(Suc (Suc n))
(j div 2)⟩) =
      |state-basis (Suc (Suc n)) (j div 2)⟩  $\otimes$  |state-basis 1 (j mod 2)⟩
  proof
    assume jl:  $j < 2 \wedge \text{Suc } (Suc\ (Suc\ n))$ 
    show SWAP-down (Suc (Suc (Suc n))) * (|state-basis 1 (j mod 2)⟩  $\otimes$ 
|state-basis (Suc (Suc n)) (j div 2)⟩) =
      |state-basis (Suc (Suc n)) (j div 2)⟩  $\otimes$  |state-basis 1 (j mod 2)⟩
  proof -
    define x where  $x = 2 * ((j \text{ div } 2) \text{ div } 2) + (j \text{ mod } 2)$ 
    have xl:  $x < 2 \wedge \text{Suc } (Suc\ n)$ 
    proof -
      have  $j \text{ mod } 2 < 2$  by auto
      moreover have  $0 : (j \text{ div } 2) \text{ div } 2 < 2 \wedge \text{Suc } n$  using jl by auto
      moreover have  $2 * ((j \text{ div } 2) \text{ div } 2) < 2 \wedge \text{Suc } (Suc\ n)$  using 0 by auto
      ultimately show ?thesis using x-def
      by (metis (no-types, lifting) Suc-double-not-eq-double add.right-neutral
add-Suc-right
less-2-cases-iff linorder-neqE-nat not-less-eq power-Suc)
    qed
    have xm:  $x \text{ mod } 2 = j \text{ mod } 2$  using x-def by auto
    have xd:  $x \text{ div } 2 = j \text{ div } 2 \text{ div } 2$  using x-def by auto
    have SWAP-down (Suc (Suc (Suc n))) * (|state-basis 1 (j mod 2)⟩  $\otimes$ 
|state-basis (Suc (Suc n)) (j div 2)⟩) =
      (((1m (2 $\wedge$ (Suc n)))  $\otimes$  SWAP) * ((SWAP-down (Suc (Suc n)))  $\otimes$ 
(1m 2))) *
      (|state-basis 1 (j mod 2)⟩  $\otimes$  |state-basis (Suc (Suc n)) (j div 2)⟩)
    using SWAP-down.simps by simp
    also have ... = ((1m (2 $\wedge$ (Suc n)))  $\otimes$  SWAP) * (((SWAP-down (Suc (Suc
n)))  $\otimes$  (1m 2)) *
      (|state-basis 1 (j mod 2)⟩  $\otimes$  |state-basis (Suc (Suc n)) (j div
2)⟩))

```

```

proof (rule assoc-mult-mat)
  show  $1_m (2 \wedge \text{Suc } n) \otimes \text{SWAP} \in \text{carrier-mat } (2 \wedge \text{Suc } (\text{Suc } (\text{Suc } n)))$ 
  ( $2 \wedge \text{Suc } (\text{Suc } (\text{Suc } n))$ )
  by (simp add: SWAP-ncols SWAP-nrows carrier-matI)
  show  $\text{SWAP-down } (\text{Suc } (\text{Suc } n)) \otimes 1_m 2$ 
   $\in \text{carrier-mat } (2 \wedge \text{Suc } (\text{Suc } (\text{Suc } n))) (2 \wedge \text{Suc } (\text{Suc } (\text{Suc } n)))$ 
  by (metis One-nat-def SWAP-down.simps(2) SWAP-down-carrier-mat
power-Suc2
power-one-right tensor-carrier-mat)
  show  $|\text{state-basis } 1 (j \bmod 2)\rangle \otimes |\text{state-basis } (\text{Suc } (\text{Suc } n)) (j \text{ div } 2)\rangle$ 
   $\in \text{carrier-mat } (2 \wedge \text{Suc } (\text{Suc } (\text{Suc } n))) 1$ 
  by (metis Suc-1 one-power2 power-Suc power-one-right state-basis-carrier-mat
tensor-carrier-mat)
qed
also have  $\dots = ((1_m (2 \wedge \text{Suc } n)) \otimes \text{SWAP}) * (((\text{SWAP-down } (\text{Suc } (\text{Suc } n))) \otimes (1_m 2)) * (|\text{state-basis } 1 (j \bmod 2)\rangle \otimes |\text{state-basis } (\text{Suc } n) ((j \text{ div } 2) \text{ div } 2)\rangle \otimes |\text{state-basis } 1 ((j \text{ div } 2) \bmod 2)\rangle)))$ 
using state-basis-dec' jl
by (metis less-mult-imp-div-less power-Suc2)
also have  $\dots = ((1_m (2 \wedge \text{Suc } n)) \otimes \text{SWAP}) * (((\text{SWAP-down } (\text{Suc } (\text{Suc } n))) \otimes (1_m 2)) * (|\text{state-basis } 1 (j \bmod 2)\rangle \otimes |\text{state-basis } (\text{Suc } n) ((j \text{ div } 2) \text{ div } 2)\rangle \otimes |\text{state-basis } 1 ((j \text{ div } 2) \bmod 2)\rangle)))$ 
using tensor-mat-is-assoc by simp
also have  $\dots = ((1_m (2 \wedge \text{Suc } n)) \otimes \text{SWAP}) * (((\text{SWAP-down } (\text{Suc } (\text{Suc } n))) * (|\text{state-basis } 1 (j \bmod 2)\rangle \otimes |\text{state-basis } (\text{Suc } n) ((j \text{ div } 2) \text{ div } 2)\rangle)) \otimes ((1_m 2) * |\text{state-basis } 1 ((j \text{ div } 2) \bmod 2)\rangle)))$ 
using mult-distr-tensor
by (smt (verit, ccfv-threshold) SWAP-down-carrier-mat carrier-matD(1)
carrier-matD(2)
dim-col-tensor-mat dim-row-tensor-mat index-one-mat(3) mult.right-neutral
nat-zero-less-power-iff pos2 power-Suc2 power-commutes power-one-right
state-basis-carrier-mat zero-less-one-class.zero-less-one)
also have  $\dots = ((1_m (2 \wedge \text{Suc } n)) \otimes \text{SWAP}) * (((\text{SWAP-down } (\text{Suc } (\text{Suc } n))) * (|\text{state-basis } 1 (x \bmod 2)\rangle \otimes |\text{state-basis } (\text{Suc } n) (x \text{ div } 2)\rangle)) \otimes ((1_m 2) * |\text{state-basis } 1 ((j \text{ div } 2) \bmod 2)\rangle)))$ 
using xm xd by simp
also have  $\dots = ((1_m (2 \wedge \text{Suc } n)) \otimes \text{SWAP}) * (|\text{state-basis } (\text{Suc } n) (x \text{ div } 2)\rangle \otimes |\text{state-basis } 1 (x \bmod 2)\rangle)$ 
 $\otimes$ 
 $|\text{state-basis } 1 ((j \text{ div } 2) \bmod 2)\rangle)$ 

```

```

    using HI
    by (metis dim-row-mat(1) index-unit-vec(3) ket-vec-def left-mult-one-mat'
power-one-right
      state-basis-def xl)
    also have ... = ((1m (2^(Suc n))) ⊗ SWAP) *
      ( |state-basis (Suc n) (x div 2)⟩ ⊗ ( |state-basis 1 (x mod 2)⟩
⊗
      |state-basis 1 ((j div 2) mod 2)⟩))
    using tensor-mat-is-assoc by force
    also have ... = ((1m (2^(Suc n))) * |state-basis (Suc n) (x div 2)⟩) ⊗
      (SWAP * ( |state-basis 1 (x mod 2)⟩ ⊗ |state-basis 1 ((j div
2) mod 2)⟩))
    using mult-distr-tensor state-basis-carrier-mat SWAP-carrier-mat
    by (smt (verit, del-insts) SWAP-tensor carrier-matD(1) carrier-matD(2)
dim-col-tensor-mat
      index-mult-mat(2) index-one-mat(3) nat-0-less-mult-iff power-one-right

      tensor-mat-is-assoc zero-less-numeral zero-less-one-class.zero-less-one
zero-less-power)
    also have ... = |state-basis (Suc n) (x div 2)⟩ ⊗
      ( |state-basis 1 ((j div 2) mod 2)⟩ ⊗ |state-basis 1 (x mod 2)⟩)
    using SWAP-tensor
    by (metis left-mult-one-mat power-one-right state-basis-carrier-mat)
    also have ... = ( |state-basis (Suc n) (x div 2)⟩ ⊗ |state-basis 1 ((j div 2)
mod 2)⟩) ⊗
      |state-basis 1 (x mod 2)⟩
    using assoc-mult-mat tensor-mat-is-assoc by presburger
    also have ... = |state-basis (Suc (Suc n)) (j div 2)⟩ ⊗ |state-basis 1 (j
mod 2)⟩
    using state-basis-dec' xd xm
    by (metis jl less-mult-imp-div-less power-Suc2)
    finally show ?thesis by this
qed
qed
qed
qed

```

Action of the controlled-R gates in the circuit

lemma *controlR-action*:

```

    assumes j < 2^ Suc (Suc n)
    shows (control (Suc (Suc n)) (R (Suc (Suc n)))) *
      (( |zero⟩ + exp (2*i*pi*complex-of-nat (j div 2) / 2^(Suc n)) ·m |one⟩) ⊗
      |state-basis n ((j mod 2^(Suc n)) div 2)⟩ ⊗ |state-basis 1 (j mod 2)⟩) =
      ( |zero⟩ + exp (2*i*pi*complex-of-nat j / 2^(Suc (Suc n))) ·m |one⟩) ⊗
      |state-basis n ((j mod 2^(Suc n)) div 2)⟩ ⊗ |state-basis 1 (j mod 2)⟩
    proof (cases n)
    case 0
    then show ?thesis
    proof -

```

```

assume n0:n = 0
show control (Suc (Suc n)) (R (Suc (Suc n))) *
  ( |Deutsch.zero> + exp (2 * i * complex-of-real pi * complex-of-nat (j div
2) / 2 ^ Suc n)
  ·m |Deutsch.one> ⊗ |state-basis n (j mod 2 ^ Suc n div 2)> ⊗ |state-basis
1 (j mod 2)>)) =
  |Deutsch.zero> + exp (2 * i * complex-of-real pi * complex-of-nat j / 2 ^
Suc (Suc n)) ·m
  |Deutsch.one> ⊗ |state-basis n (j mod 2 ^ Suc n div 2)> ⊗ |state-basis 1
(j mod 2)>
proof -
  have control (Suc (Suc 0)) (R (Suc (Suc 0))) *
    ( |Deutsch.zero> + exp (2 * i * complex-of-real pi * complex-of-nat (j div
2) / 2 ^ Suc 0)
    ·m |Deutsch.one> ⊗ |state-basis 0 (j mod 2 ^ Suc 0 div 2)> ⊗ |state-basis
1 (j mod 2)>)) =
    control2 (R 2) *
    ( |Deutsch.zero> + exp (2 * i * complex-of-real pi * complex-of-nat (j div
2) / 2 ^ Suc 0)
    ·m |Deutsch.one> ⊗ |state-basis 0 (j mod 2 ^ Suc 0 div 2)> ⊗ |state-basis
1 (j mod 2)>))
  using control.simps by (metis One-nat-def Suc-1)
  also have ... = control2 (R 2) *
    ( |Deutsch.zero> + exp (2 * i * complex-of-real pi * complex-of-nat (j div
2) / 2 ^ Suc 0)
    ·m |Deutsch.one> ⊗ |state-basis 1 (j mod 2)>))
  using state-basis-def unit-vec-def ket-vec-def
  by (smt (verit, del-insts) H-inv H-is-gate One-nat-def gate-def index-mult-mat(2)

    index-one-mat(2) mod-less-divisor mod-mod-trivial pos2 state-basis-dec'
    tensor-mat-is-assoc)
  also have ... = ( |zero> + exp (2*i*pi*complex-of-nat j / 2^(Suc (Suc 0)))
·m |one>) ⊗
    |state-basis 1 (j mod 2)>
  proof (rule disjE)
  show j mod 2 = 0 ∨ j mod 2 = 1 by auto
  next
    assume jm0:j mod 2 = 0
    hence jdj:j div 2 = j/2 by auto
    have control2 (R 2) *
      ( |Deutsch.zero> + exp (2 * i * complex-of-real pi * complex-of-nat (j div
2) / 2 ^ Suc 0)
      ·m |Deutsch.one> ⊗ |state-basis 1 (j mod 2)>)) =
      control2 (R 2) *
      ( |Deutsch.zero> + exp (2 * i * complex-of-real pi * complex-of-nat (j div
2) / 2 ^ Suc 0)
      ·m |Deutsch.one> ⊗ |zero>)
    using jm0 state-basis-def mat-of-cols-list-def by fastforce
    also have ... = |Deutsch.zero> + exp (2*i*pi* complex-of-nat (j div 2) / 2

```

```

 $\wedge \text{Suc } 0)$ 
       $\cdot_m |Deutsch.one\rangle \otimes |zero\rangle$ 
      using control2-zero by (simp add: ket-vec-def)
      also have ... =  $|Deutsch.zero\rangle + \exp(2 * i * \text{complex-of-real } \pi * \text{complex-of-nat } j / 2^{\wedge \text{Suc } (\text{Suc } 0)}) \cdot_m |Deutsch.one\rangle \otimes$ 
         $|state-basis \ 1 \ (j \bmod 2)\rangle$ 
      using jm0 state-basis-def mat-of-cols-list-def jdj
      by (smt (verit, best) Euclidean-Rings.div-eq-0-iff One-nat-def Suc-1 assms
        divide-divide-eq-left divide-eq-0-iff less-2-cases-iff less-power-add-imp-div-less
n0
      neq-imp-neq-div-or-mod of-nat-0 of-nat-1 of-nat-Suc of-nat-numeral
of-real-1
      of-real-divide of-real-numeral power-Suc power-one-right times-divide-eq-right

      two-div-two two-mod-two)
      finally show ?thesis by this
next
  assume jm1:j mod 2 = 1
  have control2 (R 2) *
    ( $|Deutsch.zero\rangle + \exp(2 * i * \text{complex-of-real } \pi * \text{complex-of-nat } (j \text{ div } 2) / 2^{\wedge \text{Suc } 0})$ 
       $\cdot_m |Deutsch.one\rangle \otimes |state-basis \ 1 \ (j \bmod 2)\rangle$ ) =
    control2 (R 2) *
    ( $|Deutsch.zero\rangle + \exp(2 * i * \text{complex-of-real } \pi * \text{complex-of-nat } (j \text{ div } 2) / 2^{\wedge \text{Suc } 0})$ 
       $\cdot_m |Deutsch.one\rangle \otimes |one\rangle$ )
  using jm1 by (simp add: state-basis-def)
  also have ... = ((R 2) *
    ( $|Deutsch.zero\rangle + \exp(2 * i * \text{complex-of-real } \pi * \text{complex-of-nat } (j \text{ div } 2) / 2^{\wedge \text{Suc } 0})$ 
       $\cdot_m |Deutsch.one\rangle$ ))  $\otimes |one\rangle$ 
  using control2-one ket-vec-def R-def mat-of-cols-list-def by simp
  also have ... = ( $|zero\rangle + \exp(2*i*\pi*\text{complex-of-nat } j/2^{\wedge \text{Suc } (\text{Suc } 0)}) \cdot_m$ 
 $|one\rangle$ )  $\otimes |one\rangle$ 
  using R-action jm1 assms by (metis One-nat-def Suc-1 n0)
  finally show ?thesis by (metis jm1 power-one-right state-basis-def)
qed
finally show ?thesis
  by (smt (verit, best) Euclidean-Rings.div-eq-0-iff Suc-1 mod-less-divisor n0
    not-mod2-eq-Suc-0-eq-0 one-mod-two-eq-one pos2 power-0 power-one-right
state-basis-dec'
    tensor-mat-is-assoc)
qed
qed
next
  case (Suc nat)
  then show ?thesis
  proof -
    assume n = Suc nat

```

```

define jd2 where jd2 = j div 2
define jm2 where jm2 = j mod 2
define jm2sn where jm2sn = j mod 2 ^ Suc n
have jeq:jm2sn mod 2 = j mod 2 using jm2sn-def
  by (metis One-nat-def Suc-le-mono mod-mod-power-cancel power-one-right
zero-order(1))
  have (control (Suc (Suc n)) (R (Suc (Suc n)))) * ( |Deutsch.zero> +
exp (2 * i * complex-of-real pi * complex-of-nat (j div 2) / 2 ^ Suc n) ·m
|Deutsch.one> ) ⊗
|state-basis n (j mod 2 ^ Suc n div 2)> ) ⊗ |state-basis 1 (j mod 2)> ) =
(((1m 2) ⊗ SWAP-down (Suc n)) * (control2 (R (Suc (Suc n))) ⊗ (1m
(2 ^ n))) *
((1m 2) ⊗ SWAP-up (Suc n))) * ( |Deutsch.zero> +
exp (2 * i * complex-of-real pi * complex-of-nat (j div 2) / 2 ^ Suc n) ·m
|Deutsch.one> ) ⊗
|state-basis n (j mod 2 ^ Suc n div 2)> ) ⊗ |state-basis 1 (j mod 2)> ))
using control.simps Suc by presburger
also have ... = (((1m 2) ⊗ SWAP-down (Suc n)) * (control2 (R (Suc (Suc
n))) ⊗ (1m (2 ^ n)))) *
(((1m 2) ⊗ SWAP-up (Suc n)) * ( |Deutsch.zero> +
exp (2 * i * complex-of-real pi * complex-of-nat (j div 2) / 2 ^ Suc n) ·m
|Deutsch.one> ) ⊗
|state-basis n (j mod 2 ^ Suc n div 2)> ) ⊗ |state-basis 1 (j mod 2)> ))
proof (rule assoc-mult-mat)
  show (1m 2 ⊗ SWAP-down (Suc n)) * (control2 (R (Suc (Suc n))) ⊗ 1m
(2 ^ n))
    ∈ carrier-mat (2 ^ Suc (Suc n)) (2 ^ Suc (Suc n))
  using SWAP-down-carrier-mat SWAP-up-carrier-mat control2-carrier-mat
  by (smt (verit) Suc carrier-matD(1) carrier-matD(2) carrier-matI con-
trol.simps(4))
  control-carrier-mat dim-col-tensor-mat index-mult-mat(2) index-mult-mat(3)

  index-one-mat(3) mult-numeral-left-semiring-numeral num-double power-Suc)
show 1m 2 ⊗ SWAP-up (Suc n) ∈ carrier-mat (2 ^ Suc (Suc n)) (2 ^ Suc
(Suc n))
  using SWAP-up-carrier-mat
  by (metis One-nat-def SWAP-up.simps(2) power-Suc power-one-right ten-
sor-carrier-mat)
  show |Deutsch.zero> + exp (2 * i * complex-of-real pi * complex-of-nat (j
div 2) /
    2 ^ Suc n) ·m |Deutsch.one> ) ⊗ |state-basis n (j mod 2 ^ Suc n div 2)> )
    ⊗
      |state-basis 1 (j mod 2)> ) ∈ carrier-mat (2 ^ Suc (Suc n)) 1
  using ket-vec-def state-basis-carrier-mat
  by (simp add: carrier-matI index-unit-vec(3) state-basis-def)
qed
also have ... = (((1m 2) ⊗ SWAP-down (Suc n)) * (control2 (R (Suc (Suc
n))) ⊗ (1m (2 ^ n)))) *
(((1m 2) ⊗ SWAP-up (Suc n)) * ( |Deutsch.zero> +

```

$\exp (2 * i * \text{complex-of-real } pi * \text{complex-of-nat } (j \text{ div } 2) / 2^{\wedge} \text{Suc } n) \cdot_m$
 $|Deutsch.one\rangle \otimes$
 $(|state-basis\ n\ (j \text{ mod } 2^{\wedge} \text{Suc } n \text{ div } 2)\rangle \otimes |state-basis\ 1\ (j \text{ mod } 2)\rangle))$
using *tensor-mat-is-assoc* **by** *presburger*
also have $\dots = (((1_m\ 2) \otimes \text{SWAP-down } (\text{Suc } n)) * (\text{control2 } (R (\text{Suc } (\text{Suc } n))) \otimes (1_m\ (2^{\wedge} n)))) *$
 $((1_m\ 2) * (|Deutsch.zero\rangle + \exp (2 * i * pi * \text{complex-of-nat } (j \text{ div } 2) /$
 $2^{\wedge} \text{Suc } n) \cdot_m$
 $|Deutsch.one\rangle)) \otimes ((\text{SWAP-up } (\text{Suc } n)) * (|state-basis\ n\ (j \text{ mod } 2^{\wedge} \text{Suc } n \text{ div } 2)\rangle \otimes$
 $|state-basis\ 1\ (j \text{ mod } 2)\rangle))$
using *mult-distr-tensor*
by (*smt* (*verit*, *del-insts*) *SWAP-up-carrier-mat carrier-matD(2) dim-col-mat(1)*

$\text{dim-col-tensor-mat dim-row-mat}(1) \text{ dim-row-tensor-mat index-add-mat}(2)$
 $\text{index-add-mat}(3)$
 $\text{index-one-mat}(3) \text{ index-smult-mat}(2) \text{ index-smult-mat}(3) \text{ index-unit-vec}(3)$
ket-vec-def
 $\text{one-power2 pos2 power-Suc2 power-one-right state-basis-def}$
 $\text{zero-less-one-class.zero-less-one zero-less-power}$
also have $\dots = (((1_m\ 2) \otimes \text{SWAP-down } (\text{Suc } n)) * (\text{control2 } (R (\text{Suc } (\text{Suc } n))) \otimes (1_m\ (2^{\wedge} n)))) *$
 $((|Deutsch.zero\rangle + \exp (2 * i * pi * \text{complex-of-nat } (j \text{ div } 2) / 2^{\wedge} \text{Suc } n)$
 \cdot_m
 $|one\rangle) \otimes (|state-basis\ 1\ (j \text{ mod } 2)\rangle \otimes |state-basis\ n\ (j \text{ mod } 2^{\wedge} \text{Suc } n \text{ div } 2)\rangle))$
using *SWAP-up-action jeq*
by (*smt* (*verit*, *best*) *Suc index-add-mat(2) index-smult-mat(2) jm2sn-def*

ket-one-is-state
 $\text{left-mult-one-mat' mod-less-divisor pos2 power-one-right state.dim-row}$
 zero-less-power
also have $\dots = (((1_m\ 2) \otimes \text{SWAP-down } (\text{Suc } n)) * (\text{control2 } (R (\text{Suc } (\text{Suc } n))) \otimes (1_m\ (2^{\wedge} n)))) *$
 $((|Deutsch.zero\rangle + \exp (2 * i * pi * \text{complex-of-nat } (j \text{ div } 2) / 2^{\wedge} \text{Suc } n)$
 \cdot_m
 $|one\rangle) \otimes |state-basis\ 1\ (j \text{ mod } 2)\rangle) \otimes |state-basis\ n\ (j \text{ mod } 2^{\wedge} \text{Suc } n \text{ div } 2)\rangle)$
using *tensor-mat-is-assoc* **by** *presburger*
also have $\dots = ((1_m\ 2) \otimes \text{SWAP-down } (\text{Suc } n)) * (((\text{control2 } (R (\text{Suc } (\text{Suc } n))) \otimes (1_m\ (2^{\wedge} n)))) *$
 $((|Deutsch.zero\rangle + \exp (2 * i * pi * \text{complex-of-nat } (j \text{ div } 2) / 2^{\wedge} \text{Suc } n)$
 \cdot_m
 $|one\rangle) \otimes |state-basis\ 1\ (j \text{ mod } 2)\rangle) \otimes |state-basis\ n\ (j \text{ mod } 2^{\wedge} \text{Suc } n \text{ div } 2)\rangle)$
proof (*rule assoc-mult-mat*)
show $1_m\ 2 \otimes \text{SWAP-down } (\text{Suc } n) \in \text{carrier-mat } (2^{\wedge} \text{Suc } (\text{Suc } n)) (2^{\wedge} \text{Suc } (\text{Suc } n))$
using *SWAP-down-carrier-mat*
by (*metis One-nat-def SWAP-down.simps(2) power-Suc power-one-right*

```

tensor-carrier-mat)
  show control2 (R (Suc (Suc n)))  $\otimes$   $1_m (2 \wedge n) \in \text{carrier-mat } (2 \wedge \text{Suc } (Suc n)) (2 \wedge \text{Suc } (Suc n))$ 
  using control2-carrier-mat by simp
  show  $|Deutsch.zero\rangle + \exp (2 * i * \text{complex-of-real } \pi * \text{complex-of-nat } (j \text{ div } 2) / 2 \wedge \text{Suc } n)$ 
     $\cdot_m |Deutsch.one\rangle \otimes |state-basis 1 (j \text{ mod } 2)\rangle \otimes |state-basis n (j \text{ mod } 2 \wedge \text{Suc } n \text{ div } 2)\rangle$ 
     $\in \text{carrier-mat } (2 \wedge \text{Suc } (Suc n)) 1$ 
  using state-basis-carrier-mat ket-vec-def
  by (simp add: carrier-matI state-basis-def)
qed
also have ... =  $((1_m 2) \otimes \text{SWAP-down } (Suc n)) * (((\text{control2 } (R (Suc (Suc n)))) * ((|Deutsch.zero\rangle + \exp (2 * i * \pi * \text{complex-of-nat } (j \text{ div } 2) / 2 \wedge \text{Suc } n) \cdot_m |one\rangle) \otimes |state-basis 1 (j \text{ mod } 2)\rangle))) \otimes ((1_m (2 \wedge n)) * |state-basis n (j \text{ mod } 2 \wedge \text{Suc } n \text{ div } 2)\rangle))$ 
  using mult-distr-tensor
  by (smt (verit, del-insts) SWAP-nrows SWAP-tensor carrier-matD(1) carrier-matD(2)
    carrier-matI control2-carrier-mat dim-col-tensor-mat index-add-mat(2)
    index-add-mat(3)
    index-mult-mat(2) index-one-mat(3) index-smult-mat(2) index-smult-mat(3)
    ket-one-is-state
    less-numeral-extra(1) one-power2 power-Suc2 power-one-right state-basis-carrier-mat
    state-def zero-less-numeral zero-less-power)
  also have ... =  $((1_m 2) \otimes \text{SWAP-down } (Suc n)) * ((|zero\rangle + \exp (2 * i * \pi * \text{complex-of-nat } j / 2 \wedge \text{Suc } (Suc n)) \cdot_m |one\rangle) \otimes |state-basis 1 (j \text{ mod } 2)\rangle \otimes ((1_m (2 \wedge n)) * |state-basis n (j \text{ mod } 2 \wedge \text{Suc } n \text{ div } 2)\rangle))$ 
  proof (rule disjE)
    show  $j \text{ mod } 2 = 0 \vee j \text{ mod } 2 = 1$  by auto
  next
    assume  $jm0:j \text{ mod } 2 = 0$ 
    hence  $jid:j / 2 = j \text{ div } 2$  by auto
    have  $(\text{control2 } (R (Suc (Suc n)))) * ((|Deutsch.zero\rangle + \exp (2 * i * \pi * \text{complex-of-nat } (j \text{ div } 2) / 2 \wedge \text{Suc } n) \cdot_m |one\rangle) \otimes |state-basis 1 (j \text{ mod } 2)\rangle) = (\text{control2 } (R (Suc (Suc n)))) * ((|Deutsch.zero\rangle + \exp (2 * i * \pi * \text{complex-of-nat } (j \text{ div } 2) / 2 \wedge \text{Suc } n) \cdot_m |one\rangle) \otimes |zero\rangle)$ 
    using state-basis-def jm0 by fastforce
    also have ... =  $((|zero\rangle + \exp (2 * i * \pi * \text{complex-of-nat } (j \text{ div } 2) / 2 \wedge \text{Suc } n) \cdot_m |one\rangle) \otimes |zero\rangle)$ 

```



```

using control2-zero by (simp add: ket-vec-def)
also have ... = ( |zero> + exp (2 * i * pi * complex-of-nat j / 2 ^ Suc (Suc
n)) ·m |one>)) ⊗
|zero>
using jid
by (smt (verit, del-insts) dbl-simps(3) dbl-simps(5) divide-divide-eq-left
numerals(1)
of-nat-1 of-nat-numeral of-real-divide of-real-of-nat-eq power-Suc
times-divide-eq-right)
finally show (1m 2 ⊗ SWAP-down (Suc n)) * (control2 (R (Suc (Suc n)))
* ( |Deutsch.zero> +
exp (2 * i * complex-of-real pi * complex-of-nat (j div 2) / 2 ^ Suc
n) ·m
|Deutsch.one> ⊗ |state-basis 1 (j mod 2)>)) ⊗ 1m (2 ^ n) *
|state-basis n (j mod 2 ^ Suc n div 2)>)) = (1m 2 ⊗ SWAP-down
(Suc n)) *
(|Deutsch.zero> + exp (2 * i * complex-of-real pi * complex-of-nat j
/
2 ^ Suc (Suc n)) ·m |Deutsch.one> ⊗ |state-basis 1 (j mod 2)>)) ⊗
1m (2 ^ n) *
|state-basis n (j mod 2 ^ Suc n div 2)>))
by (metis jm0 power-one-right state-basis-def)
next
assume jm1:j mod 2 = 1
have (control2 (R (Suc (Suc n)))) *
(( |Deutsch.zero> + exp (2 * i * pi * complex-of-nat (j div 2) / 2 ^ Suc
n) ·m |one>))
⊗ |state-basis 1 (j mod 2)>)) =
(control2 (R (Suc (Suc n)))) *
(( |Deutsch.zero> + exp (2 * i * pi * complex-of-nat (j div 2) / 2 ^ Suc
n) ·m |one>))
⊗ |one>))
using jm1 state-basis-def by fastforce
also have ... = ((R (Suc (Suc n))) *
(|zero> + exp (2 * i * pi * complex-of-nat (j div 2) / 2 ^ Suc n)
·m |one>))
⊗ |one>))
using control2-one by (simp add: ket-vec-def R-def mat-of-cols-list-def)
also have ... = ( |zero> + exp (2*i*pi*complex-of-nat j / 2^(Suc (Suc n)))
·m |one>)) ⊗ |one>
using R-action
by (metis assms jm1)
finally show (1m 2 ⊗ SWAP-down (Suc n)) * (control2 (R (Suc (Suc n)))
* ( |Deutsch.zero> +
exp (2 * i * complex-of-real pi * complex-of-nat (j div 2) / 2 ^ Suc
n) ·m
|Deutsch.one> ⊗ |state-basis 1 (j mod 2)>)) ⊗ 1m (2 ^ n) *
|state-basis n (j mod 2 ^ Suc n div 2)>)) =
(1m 2 ⊗ SWAP-down (Suc n)) * ( |Deutsch.zero> + exp (2 * i *

```

```

      complex-of-real pi * complex-of-nat j / 2 ^ Suc (Suc n)) ·m
|Deutsch.one⟩ ⊗
|state-basis 1 (j mod 2)⟩ ⊗ 1m (2 ^ n) * |state-basis n (j mod 2 ^
Suc n div 2)⟩)
  by (metis jm1 power-one-right state-basis-def)
qed
also have ... = ((1m 2) ⊗ SWAP-down (Suc n)) *
  (( |zero⟩ + exp (2 * i * pi * complex-of-nat j / 2 ^ Suc (Suc n))
·m |one⟩) ⊗
  ( |state-basis 1 (j mod 2)⟩ ⊗ ((1m (2 ^ n)) *
|state-basis n (j mod 2 ^ Suc n div 2)⟩)))
  using tensor-mat-is-assoc ket-vec-def by auto
also have ... = ( |zero⟩ + exp (2 * i * pi * complex-of-nat j / 2 ^ Suc (Suc
n)) ·m |one⟩) ⊗
  ((SWAP-down (Suc n)) * ( |state-basis 1 (j mod 2)⟩ ⊗ ((1m
(2 ^ n)) *
|state-basis n (j mod 2 ^ Suc n div 2)⟩))))
  using mult-distr-tensor
  by (smt (verit, del-Insts) SWAP-down-carrier-mat carrier-matD(1) car-
rier-matD(2)
dim-col-tensor-mat dim-row-tensor-mat index-add-mat(2) index-add-mat(3)
index-one-mat(3)
index-smult-mat(2) index-smult-mat(3) ket-one-is-state left-mult-one-mat'
one-power2 pos2
power.simps(2) power-one-right state-basis-carrier-mat state-def
zero-less-one-class.zero-less-one zero-less-power)
also have ... = ( |zero⟩ + exp (2 * i * pi * complex-of-nat j / 2 ^ Suc (Suc
n)) ·m |one⟩) ⊗
  ( |state-basis n (j mod 2 ^ Suc n div 2)⟩ ⊗ |state-basis 1 (j mod
2)⟩)
  using SWAP-down-action jeq
by (metis Suc dim-row-mat(1) index-unit-vec(3) jm2sn-def ket-vec-def left-mult-one-mat'

mod-less-divisor pos2 state-basis-def zero-less-power)
finally show control (Suc (Suc n)) (R (Suc (Suc n))) * ( |Deutsch.zero⟩ + exp
(2 * i *
complex-of-real pi * complex-of-nat (j div 2) / 2 ^ Suc n) ·m
|Deutsch.one⟩ ⊗
|state-basis n (j mod 2 ^ Suc n div 2)⟩ ⊗ |state-basis 1 (j mod 2)⟩)
=
|Deutsch.zero⟩ + exp (2 * i * complex-of-real pi * complex-of-nat j /
2 ^ Suc (Suc n)) ·m |Deutsch.one⟩ ⊗ |state-basis n (j mod 2 ^ Suc
n div 2)⟩ ⊗
|state-basis 1 (j mod 2)⟩
  using tensor-mat-is-assoc ket-vec-def by auto
qed
qed

```

Action of the controlled rotations subcircuit

lemma *controlled-rotations-ind:*

$\forall j. j < 2^{\wedge} \text{Suc } n \longrightarrow$
controlled-rotations (Suc n) *
 $((|zero\rangle + \exp(2 * i * \pi * (\text{complex-of-nat } (j \text{ div } 2^{\wedge} n)) / 2) \cdot_m |one\rangle) \otimes |state-basis$
 $n (j \text{ mod } 2^{\wedge} n)\rangle) =$
 $(|zero\rangle + \exp(2 * i * \pi * j / (2^{\wedge} (\text{Suc } n))) \cdot_m |one\rangle) \otimes |state-basis n (j \text{ mod } 2^{\wedge} n)\rangle$
proof (*induct n*)
case 0
then show ?*case*
proof (*rule allI*)
fix $j :: \text{nat}$
show $j < 2^{\wedge} \text{Suc } 0 \longrightarrow$
 $\text{controlled-rotations } (\text{Suc } 0) * (|zero\rangle +$
 $\exp (2 * i * \text{complex-of-real } \pi * \text{complex-of-nat } (j \text{ div } 2^{\wedge} 0) / 2) \cdot_m |one\rangle$
 \otimes
 $|state-basis 0 (j \text{ mod } 2^{\wedge} 0)\rangle) =$
 $|zero\rangle + \exp (2 * i * \text{complex-of-real } \pi * \text{complex-of-nat } j / 2^{\wedge} \text{Suc } 0) \cdot_m$
 $|one\rangle \otimes$
 $|state-basis 0 (j \text{ mod } 2^{\wedge} 0)\rangle$
proof
assume $j < 2^{\wedge} \text{Suc } 0$
hence $j2 : j < 2$ **by** *auto*
have $\text{controlled-rotations } (\text{Suc } 0) * (|zero\rangle +$
 $\exp (2 * i * \text{complex-of-real } \pi * \text{complex-of-nat } (j \text{ div } 2^{\wedge} 0) / 2) \cdot_m$
 $|one\rangle \otimes$
 $|state-basis 0 (j \text{ mod } 2^{\wedge} 0)\rangle) =$
 $(1_m 2) * (|zero\rangle +$
 $\exp (2 * i * \text{complex-of-real } \pi * \text{complex-of-nat } (j \text{ div } 2^{\wedge} 0) / 2) \cdot_m$
 $|one\rangle \otimes$
 $|state-basis 0 (j \text{ mod } 2^{\wedge} 0)\rangle)$
using *controlled-rotations.simps* **by** *simp*
also have $\dots = |zero\rangle +$
 $\exp (2 * i * \text{complex-of-real } \pi * \text{complex-of-nat } (j \text{ div } 2^{\wedge} 0) /$
 $2) \cdot_m |one\rangle \otimes$
 $|state-basis 0 (j \text{ mod } 2^{\wedge} 0)\rangle$
using *left-mult-one-mat* **by** (*simp add: ket-vec-def state-basis-def*)
also have $\dots = |zero\rangle +$
 $\exp (2 * i * \text{complex-of-real } \pi * \text{complex-of-nat } j / 2^{\wedge} \text{Suc } 0) \cdot_m$
 $|one\rangle \otimes$
 $|state-basis 0 (j \text{ mod } 2^{\wedge} 0)\rangle$
by *auto*
finally show $\text{controlled-rotations } (\text{Suc } 0) * (|zero\rangle +$
 $\exp (2 * i * \text{complex-of-real } \pi * \text{complex-of-nat } (j \text{ div } 2^{\wedge} 0) / 2)$
 $\cdot_m |one\rangle \otimes$
 $|state-basis 0 (j \text{ mod } 2^{\wedge} 0)\rangle) =$
 $|zero\rangle + \exp (2 * i * \text{complex-of-real } \pi * \text{complex-of-nat } j / 2^{\wedge}$
 $\text{Suc } 0) \cdot_m |one\rangle$
 $\otimes |state-basis 0 (j \text{ mod } 2^{\wedge} 0)\rangle$
by *this*

```

qed
qed
next
case (Suc n')
define n where n = Suc n'
assume HI:  $\forall j < 2^{\wedge} \text{Suc } n'. \text{controlled-rotations } (\text{Suc } n') * (|zero\rangle +$ 
 $\text{exp } (2 * i * \text{complex-of-real } \pi * \text{complex-of-nat } (j \text{ div } 2^{\wedge} n') / 2) \cdot_m$ 
 $|one\rangle \otimes$ 
 $|state-basis \ n' \ (j \text{ mod } 2^{\wedge} n')\rangle) =$ 
 $|Deutsch.zero\rangle + \text{exp } (2 * i * \text{complex-of-real } \pi * \text{complex-of-nat } j / 2^{\wedge}$ 
 $\text{Suc } n') \cdot_m$ 
 $|Deutsch.one\rangle \otimes |state-basis \ n' \ (j \text{ mod } 2^{\wedge} n')\rangle$ 
show  $\forall j < 2^{\wedge} \text{Suc } (\text{Suc } n').$ 
 $\text{controlled-rotations } (\text{Suc } (\text{Suc } n')) *$ 
 $(|Deutsch.zero\rangle + \text{exp } (2 * i * \text{complex-of-real } \pi * \text{complex-of-nat } (j \text{ div } 2^{\wedge} \text{Suc } n') / 2) \cdot_m$ 
 $|Deutsch.one\rangle \otimes$ 
 $|state-basis \ (\text{Suc } n') \ (j \text{ mod } 2^{\wedge} \text{Suc } n')\rangle) =$ 
 $|Deutsch.zero\rangle + \text{exp } (2 * i * \text{complex-of-real } \pi * \text{complex-of-nat } j / 2^{\wedge} \text{Suc } (\text{Suc } n')) \cdot_m$ 
 $|Deutsch.one\rangle \otimes$ 
 $|state-basis \ (\text{Suc } n') \ (j \text{ mod } 2^{\wedge} \text{Suc } n')\rangle$ 
proof (rule allI)
fix j::nat
show  $j < 2^{\wedge} \text{Suc } (\text{Suc } n') \longrightarrow$ 
 $\text{controlled-rotations } (\text{Suc } (\text{Suc } n')) * (|Deutsch.zero\rangle +$ 
 $\text{exp } (2 * i * \text{complex-of-real } \pi * \text{complex-of-nat } (j \text{ div } 2^{\wedge} \text{Suc } n') / 2) \cdot_m$ 
 $|Deutsch.one\rangle \otimes |state-basis \ (\text{Suc } n') \ (j \text{ mod } 2^{\wedge} \text{Suc } n')\rangle) =$ 
 $|Deutsch.zero\rangle + \text{exp } (2 * i * \text{complex-of-real } \pi * \text{complex-of-nat } j / 2^{\wedge}$ 
 $\text{Suc } (\text{Suc } n')) \cdot_m$ 
 $|Deutsch.one\rangle \otimes |state-basis \ (\text{Suc } n') \ (j \text{ mod } 2^{\wedge} \text{Suc } n')\rangle$ 
proof
assume jass:  $j < 2^{\wedge} \text{Suc } (\text{Suc } n')$ 
show  $\text{controlled-rotations } (\text{Suc } (\text{Suc } n')) * (|Deutsch.zero\rangle +$ 
 $\text{exp } (2 * i * \text{complex-of-real } \pi * \text{complex-of-nat } (j \text{ div } 2^{\wedge} \text{Suc } n') / 2) \cdot_m$ 
 $|Deutsch.one\rangle \otimes |state-basis \ (\text{Suc } n') \ (j \text{ mod } 2^{\wedge} \text{Suc } n')\rangle) =$ 
 $|Deutsch.zero\rangle + \text{exp } (2 * i * \text{complex-of-real } \pi * \text{complex-of-nat } j / 2^{\wedge}$ 
 $\text{Suc } (\text{Suc } n')) \cdot_m$ 
 $|Deutsch.one\rangle \otimes |state-basis \ (\text{Suc } n') \ (j \text{ mod } 2^{\wedge} \text{Suc } n')\rangle$ 
proof -
define jd2n jm2n where  $jd2n = j \text{ div } 2^{\wedge} n$  and  $jm2n = j \text{ mod } 2^{\wedge} n$ 
define jlast where  $jlast = jm2n \text{ mod } 2$ 
define jmm where  $jmm = jm2n \text{ div } 2$ 
define jd2 where  $jd2 = j \text{ div } 2$ 
have jlastj:  $jlast = j \text{ mod } 2$  using jlast-def jm2n-def
by (metis less-Suc-eq-0-disj less-Suc-eq-le mod-mod-power-cancel n-def
power-Suc0-right)
have  $\text{controlled-rotations } (\text{Suc } n) * (|Deutsch.zero\rangle +$ 
 $\text{exp } (2 * i * \text{complex-of-real } \pi * \text{complex-of-nat } jd2n / 2) \cdot_m$ 
 $|Deutsch.one\rangle \otimes |state-basis \ n \ jm2n\rangle) =$ 
 $((\text{control } (\text{Suc } n) \ (R \ (\text{Suc } n)))) * ((\text{controlled-rotations } n) \otimes (1_m \ 2))) *$ 

```

$(|zero\rangle +$
 $\quad \exp(2 * i * \text{complex-of-real } pi * \text{complex-of-nat } jd2n / 2) \cdot_m$
 $\quad |Deutsch.one\rangle \otimes |state-basis\ n\ jm2n\rangle)$
 $\quad \text{using controlled-rotations.simps } n\text{-def by simp}$
 $\quad \text{also have } \dots = ((\text{control } (Suc\ n) (R\ (Suc\ n))) * ((\text{controlled-rotations } n)$
 $\otimes (1_m\ 2))) *$
 $\quad (|zero\rangle + \exp(2 * i * \text{complex-of-real } pi * \text{complex-of-nat } jd2n / 2) \cdot_m$
 $|one\rangle \otimes$
 $\quad (|state-basis\ n'\ jmm\rangle \otimes |state-basis\ 1\ jlast\rangle))$
 $\quad \text{using state-basis-dec' jass } n\text{-def jlast-def jmm-def } jm2n\text{-def mod-less-divisor}$
 pos2
 $\quad \text{by presburger}$
 $\quad \text{also have } \dots = (\text{control } (Suc\ n) (R\ (Suc\ n))) * (((\text{controlled-rotations } n)$
 $\otimes (1_m\ 2))) *$
 $\quad (|zero\rangle + \exp(2 * i * \text{complex-of-real } pi * \text{complex-of-nat } jd2n / 2) \cdot_m$
 $|one\rangle \otimes$
 $\quad (|state-basis\ n'\ jmm\rangle \otimes |state-basis\ 1\ jlast\rangle)))$
 $\quad \text{proof (rule assoc-mult-mat)}$
 $\quad \text{show } \text{control } (Suc\ n) (R\ (Suc\ n)) \in \text{carrier-mat } (2 \wedge (Suc\ n)) (2 \wedge (Suc\ n))$
 $\quad \text{using control-carrier-mat } n\text{-def by blast}$
 $\quad \text{show } \text{controlled-rotations } n \otimes 1_m\ 2 \in \text{carrier-mat } (2 \wedge Suc\ n) (2 \wedge Suc$
 $n)$
 $\quad \text{using controlled-rotations-carrier-mat } n\text{-def}$
 $\quad \text{by (metis One-nat-def controlled-rotations.simps(2) power-Suc2 power-one-right}$
 $\quad \text{tensor-carrier-mat)}$
 $\quad \text{show } |zero\rangle + \exp(2 * i * pi * \text{complex-of-nat } jd2n / 2) \cdot_m |one\rangle \otimes (|state-basis$
 $n'\ jmm\rangle \otimes$
 $\quad |state-basis\ 1\ jlast\rangle) \in \text{carrier-mat } (2 \wedge Suc\ n)\ 1$
 $\quad \text{using state-basis-carrier-mat ket-vec-def}$
 $\quad \text{by (simp add: carrier-matI } n\text{-def state-basis-def)}$
 $\quad \text{qed}$
 $\quad \text{also have } \dots = (\text{control } (Suc\ n) (R\ (Suc\ n))) * (((\text{controlled-rotations } n)$
 $\otimes (1_m\ 2))) *$
 $\quad ((|zero\rangle + \exp(2 * i * \text{complex-of-real } pi * \text{complex-of-nat } jd2n / 2) \cdot_m$
 $|one\rangle \otimes$
 $\quad |state-basis\ n'\ jmm\rangle) \otimes |state-basis\ 1\ jlast\rangle))$
 $\quad \text{using tensor-mat-is-assoc control-carrier-mat } n\text{-def controlled-rotations-carrier-mat}$
 $\quad \text{state-basis-carrier-mat ket-vec-def by simp}$
 $\quad \text{also have } \dots = (\text{control } (Suc\ n) (R\ (Suc\ n))) * (((\text{controlled-rotations } n) *$
 $\quad ((|zero\rangle + \exp(2 * i * pi * \text{complex-of-nat } jd2n / 2) \cdot_m |one\rangle)$
 \otimes
 $\quad |state-basis\ n'\ jmm\rangle)) \otimes ((1_m\ 2) * |state-basis\ 1\ jlast\rangle))$
 $\quad \text{using mult-distr-tensor control-carrier-mat } n\text{-def controlled-rotations-carrier-mat}$
 $\quad \text{state-basis-carrier-mat ket-vec-def}$
 $\quad \text{by (smt (verit) carrier-matD(1) carrier-matD(2) dim-col-tensor-mat}$
 $\text{dim-row-tensor-mat}$
 $\quad \text{index-add-mat(2) index-add-mat(3) index-one-mat(3) index-smult-mat(2)}$

$\text{index-smult-mat}(3) \text{ ket-one-is-state one-power2 pos2 power-Suc}$
 power-one-right
 $\text{state-def zero-less-one-class.zero-less-one zero-less-power)}$
also have $\dots = (\text{control } (\text{Suc } n) (R (\text{Suc } n))) * ((|zero\rangle + \exp(2*i*pi*complex-of-nat \text{jd2} / 2^n) \cdot_m |one\rangle \otimes |state-basis \text{n'} (\text{jd2 mod } 2^n)\rangle) \otimes ((1_m 2) * |state-basis 1 \text{jlast}\rangle))$
using HI jd2-def n-def
by $(\text{smt } (\text{verit}, \text{del-insts}) \text{Suc-eq-plus1 div-exp-eq div-exp-mod-exp-eq jass}$
 jd2n-def
 $\text{jm2n-def jmm-def less-power-add-imp-div-less plus-1-eq-Suc power-one-right})$
also have $\dots = (\text{control } (\text{Suc } n) (R (\text{Suc } n))) * ((|zero\rangle + \exp(2*i*pi*complex-of-nat \text{jd2} / 2^n) \cdot_m |one\rangle \otimes |state-basis \text{n'} \text{jmm}\rangle) \otimes |state-basis 1 \text{jlast}\rangle)$
using jmm-def jd2-def
by $(\text{metis div-exp-mod-exp-eq jm2n-def left-mult-one-mat n-def plus-1-eq-Suc power-one-right state-basis-carrier-mat})$
also have $\dots = (|zero\rangle + \exp(2*i*pi*complex-of-nat j / 2^{\text{Suc } n}) \cdot_m |one\rangle) \otimes |state-basis \text{n'} \text{jmm}\rangle \otimes |state-basis 1 \text{jlast}\rangle$
using $\text{controlR-action jmm-def jlast-def jd2-def n-def jm2n-def jass jlastj}$
by presburger
also have $\dots = (|zero\rangle + \exp(2*i*pi*complex-of-nat j / 2^{\text{Suc } n}) \cdot_m |one\rangle) \otimes |state-basis n \text{jm2n}\rangle$
using $\text{state-basis-dec' jm2n-def jmm-def jlast-def}$
by $(\text{metis mod-less-divisor n-def pos2 tensor-mat-is-assoc zero-less-power})$
finally show $?thesis \text{ using jm2n-def n-def jd2n-def by meson}$
qed
qed
qed
qed

lemma $\text{controlled-rotations-on-first-qubit:}$

assumes $j < 2^n \text{ Suc } n$
shows $\text{controlled-rotations } (\text{Suc } n) * (1/\sqrt{2} \cdot_m (|zero\rangle + \exp(2*i*pi*(complex-of-nat (j \text{div } 2^n))/2) \cdot_m |one\rangle))$
 $\otimes |state-basis n (j \text{mod } 2^n)\rangle =$
 $(1/\sqrt{2} \cdot_m ((|zero\rangle + \exp(2*i*pi*j/(2^{\text{Suc } n}))) \cdot_m |one\rangle)) \otimes |state-basis n (j \text{mod } 2^n)\rangle$
proof –
have $\text{controlled-rotations } (\text{Suc } n) * (1/\sqrt{2} \cdot_m (|zero\rangle + \exp(2*i*pi*(complex-of-nat (j \text{div } 2^n))/2) \cdot_m |one\rangle))$
 $\otimes |state-basis n (j \text{mod } 2^n)\rangle =$
 $\text{controlled-rotations } (\text{Suc } n) *$

$(1/\text{sqrt } 2 \cdot_m ((|zero\rangle + \exp(2*i*pi*(\text{complex-of-nat } (j \text{ div } 2^n))/2) \cdot_m |one\rangle)) \otimes$
 $|state-basis \ n \ (j \text{ mod } 2^n)))$
using *smult-mat-def tensor-mat-def*
by (*smt (verit) One-nat-def carrier-matD(2) index-add-mat(3) index-smult-mat(3)*
lessI power-one-right smult-tensor1 state-basis-carrier-mat state-basis-def)
also have $\dots = 1/\text{sqrt } 2 \cdot_m (\text{controlled-rotations } (Suc \ n) *$
 $((|zero\rangle + \exp(2*i*pi*(\text{complex-of-nat } (j \text{ div } 2^n))/2) \cdot_m |one\rangle)) \otimes$
 $|state-basis \ n \ (j \text{ mod } 2^n)))$
using *mult-smult-distrib controlled-rotations-carrier-mat state-basis-carrier-mat*
by (*smt (verit) carrier-matI dim-row-mat(1) dim-row-tensor-mat index-add-mat(2)*
 $\text{index-smult-mat}(2) \text{ index-unit-vec}(3) \text{ ket-vec-def power-Suc state-basis-def}$)
also have $\dots = (1/\text{sqrt } 2 \cdot_m$
 $((|zero\rangle + \exp(2*i*pi*j/(2^{Suc \ n})) \cdot_m |one\rangle)) \otimes |state-basis \ n$
 $(j \text{ mod } 2^n)))$
using *assms controlled-rotations-ind ket-vec-def by simp*
finally show *?thesis by this*
qed

More useful lemmas:

lemma *exp-j*:
assumes $l < Suc \ n$
shows $\exp(2*i*pi*j/(2^l)) = \exp(2*i*pi*(j \text{ mod } 2^n)/(2^l))$
proof –
define $jd \ jm$ **where** $jd = j \text{ div } 2^n$ **and** $jm = j \text{ mod } 2^n$
have $0:real \ (2^n)/(2^l) = (2^{n-l})$
proof –
have $1:(2::nat) \neq 0$ **by** *simp*
have $2:l \leq n$ **using** *assms by simp*
show *?thesis*
using *1 2 power-diff*
by (*metis numeral-power-eq-of-nat-cancel-iff zero-neq-numeral*)
qed
have $j = jd*(2^n) + jm$ **using** *jd-def jm-def by presburger*
hence $\exp(2*i*pi*j/(2^l)) = \exp(2*pi*i*(jd*(2^n) + jm)/(2^l))$
by (*simp add: mult.commute mult.left-commute*)
also have $\dots = \exp(2*pi*i*(jd*(2^n))/(2^l) + 2*i*pi*jm/(2^l))$
by (*simp add: add-divide-distrib distrib-left mult.left-commute semigroup-mult-class.mult.assoc*)
also have $\dots = \exp(2*pi*i*(jd*(2^n))/(2^l)) * \exp(2*i*pi*jm/(2^l))$ **using**
exp-add by blast
also have $\dots = \exp(2*pi*i*jd*((2^n)/(2^l))) * \exp(2*i*pi*jm/(2^l))$
by (*simp add: semigroup-mult-class.mult.assoc*)
also have $\dots = \exp(2*pi*i*jd*(2^{n-l})) * \exp(2*i*pi*jm/(2^l))$
using 0 **by** (*smt (verit) dbl-simps(3) dbl-simps(5) numerals(1) of-nat-1 of-nat-numeral*
 $\text{of-nat-power of-real-divide of-real-of-nat-eq}$)
also have $\dots = \exp((2*pi*i*jd*(\text{of-nat } (2^{n-l}))) * \exp(2*i*pi*jm/(2^l))$
by *auto*

```

also have ... = (exp (2*pi*i))^(2^(n-l)) * exp (2*i*pi*jm/(2^l))
using exp-of-nat2-mult by (smt (verit, best) cis-2pi cis-conv-exp exp-power-int
exp-zero
    mult commute mult-zero-right)
also have ... = 1^(2^(n-l)) * exp (2*i*pi*jm/(2^l)) using exp-two-pi-i by
auto
also have ... = exp (2*i*pi*jm/(2^l)) by auto
finally show ?thesis using jd-def jm-def by simp
qed

```

```

lemma kron-list-fun[simp]:
  ∀ x. List.member xs x → f x = g x ⇒ kron f xs = kron g xs
proof (induct xs)
  case Nil
  show kron f [] = kron g [] by simp
next
  fix a xs
  assume HI:(∀ x. List.member xs x → f x = g x ⇒ kron f xs = kron g xs)
  show ∀ x. List.member (a # xs) x → f x = g x ⇒ kron f (a # xs) = kron g
(a # xs)
  proof -
    assume 1:∀ x. List.member (a # xs) x → f x = g x
    show kron f (a # xs) = kron g (a # xs)
    proof -
      from 1 have List.member (a # xs) a → f a = g a by auto
      moreover have List.member (a # xs) a by (simp add: List.member-rec(1))
      ultimately have 2:f a = g a by auto
      have kron f (a#xs) = f a ⊗ kron f xs by simp
      also have ... = g a ⊗ kron f xs using 2 by simp
      also have ... = g a ⊗ kron g xs using HI 1 by (simp add: member-rec(1))
      also have ... = kron g (a#xs) using kron.simps(2) by simp
      finally show ?thesis by this
    qed
  qed
qed

```

```

lemma member-rev:
  shows List.member (rev xs) x = List.member xs x
proof (induct xs)
  show List.member (rev []) x = List.member [] x by simp
next
  case (Cons a xs)
  assume HI:List.member (rev xs) x = List.member xs x
  have List.member (rev (a#xs)) x = List.member ((rev xs)@[a]) x using rev-append
by auto
  also have ... = (x ∈ set ((rev xs) @ [a])) using List.member-def by metis

```


also have ... = $(x \in \text{set } (\text{rev } xs) \cup \text{set } [a])$ **using** *set-append* **by** *metis*
also have ... = $(x \in \text{set } [a] \vee x \in \text{set } (\text{rev } xs))$ **by** *blast*
also have ... = $(x = a \vee \text{List.member } (\text{rev } xs) \ x)$ **using** *List.member-def* **by**
fastforce
also have ... = $(x = a \vee \text{List.member } xs \ x)$ **using** *HI* **by** *metis*
also have ... = $\text{List.member } (a\#xs) \ x$ **using** *List.member-rec(1)* **by** *metis*
finally show $\text{List.member } (\text{rev } (a\#xs)) \ x = \text{List.member } (a\#xs) \ x$ **by** *this*
qed

lemma *kron-j*:

shows $\text{kron } (\lambda(l::\text{nat}). |\text{zero}\rangle + \exp(2*i*pi*j/(2^l)) \cdot_m |\text{one}\rangle) (\text{map nat } (\text{rev } [1..n])) =$
 $\text{kron } (\lambda(l::\text{nat}). |\text{zero}\rangle + \exp(2*i*pi*(\text{complex-of-nat } (j \bmod 2^n))/(2^l)) \cdot_m |\text{one}\rangle)$
 $(\text{map nat } (\text{rev } [1..n]))$

proof –

define *fj fjm* **where** *fj* = $(\lambda(l::\text{nat}). |\text{zero}\rangle + \exp(2*i*pi*j/(2^l)) \cdot_m |\text{one}\rangle)$
and *fjm* = $(\lambda(l::\text{nat}). |\text{zero}\rangle + \exp(2*i*pi*(\text{complex-of-nat } (j \bmod 2^n))/(2^l)) \cdot_m |\text{one}\rangle)$

have $\forall x. ((\text{List.member } (\text{map nat } (\text{rev } [1..n])) \ x) \longrightarrow (x < \text{Suc } n))$

proof (*rule allI*)

fix *x*

show $\text{List.member } (\text{map nat } (\text{rev } [1..\text{int } n])) \ x \longrightarrow x < \text{Suc } n$

proof

assume $\text{List.member } (\text{map nat } (\text{rev } [1..\text{int } n])) \ x$

hence $\text{List.member } (\text{rev } (\text{map nat } [1..\text{int } n])) \ x$ **using** *rev-map* **by** *metis*

hence $\text{List.member } (\text{map nat } [1..\text{int } n]) \ x$ **using** *member-rev* **by** *metis*

hence $x \in \text{set } (\text{map nat } [1..\text{int } n])$ **using** *List.member-def* **by** *metis*

hence $x \in \{1..n\}$ **by** *auto*

thus $x < \text{Suc } n$ **by** *auto*

qed

qed

hence $\forall x. ((\text{List.member } (\text{map nat } (\text{rev } [1..n])) \ x) \longrightarrow$
 $(\exp(2*i*pi*j/(2^x)) = \exp(2*i*pi*(j \bmod 2^n)/(2^x))))$

using *exp-j*

by (*metis* (*mono-tags*, *lifting*) *of-int-of-nat-eq* *of-nat-numeral* *of-nat-power* *zmod-int*)

hence $\forall x. ((\text{List.member } (\text{map nat } (\text{rev } [1..n])) \ x) \longrightarrow (fj \ x = fjm \ x))$

using *fj-def fjm-def* **by** *presburger*

hence $\text{kron } fj \ (\text{map nat } (\text{rev } [1..n])) = \text{kron } fjm \ (\text{map nat } (\text{rev } [1..n]))$

by *simp*

thus *?thesis* **using** *fj-def fjm-def* **by** *auto*

qed

We proof that the QFT circuit is correct:

theorem *QFT-is-correct*:

shows $\forall j. j < 2^n \longrightarrow (\text{QFT } n) * |\text{state-basis } n \ j\rangle = \text{reverse-QFT-product-representation}$
 $j \ n$

```

proof (induct n rule: QFT.induct)
  case 1
  thus ?case
  proof (rule allI)
    fix j::nat
    show  $j < 2 \wedge 0 \longrightarrow QFT\ 0 * |state-basis\ 0\ j\rangle = reverse-QFT-product-representation$ 
    j 0
  proof
    assume  $j < 2 \wedge 0$ 
    hence j0:j = 0 by auto
    have  $QFT\ 0 * |state-basis\ 0\ j\rangle = (1_m\ 1) * |state-basis\ 0\ j\rangle$  using QFT.simps
  by simp
    also have  $\dots = |unit-vec\ 1\ j\rangle$  using state-basis-def
    by (metis left-mult-one-mat power-0 state-basis-carrier-mat)
    also have  $\dots = (1_m\ 1)$  using unit-vec-def unit-vec-carrier ket-vec-def j0 by
    auto
    also have  $\dots = reverse-QFT-product-representation\ j\ 0$ 
    using reverse-QFT-product-representation-def by auto
    finally show  $QFT\ 0 * |state-basis\ 0\ j\rangle = reverse-QFT-product-representation$ 
    j 0 by this
  qed
qed
next
  case 2
  thus ?case
  proof (rule allI)
    fix j::nat
    show  $j < 2 \wedge Suc\ 0 \longrightarrow$ 
       $QFT\ (Suc\ 0) * |state-basis\ (Suc\ 0)\ j\rangle =$ 
       $reverse-QFT-product-representation\ j$ 
       $(Suc\ 0)$ 
  proof
    assume a1:j < 2^Suc 0
    then show  $QFT\ (Suc\ 0) * |state-basis\ (Suc\ 0)\ j\rangle =$ 
       $reverse-QFT-product-representation\ j\ (Suc\ 0)$ 
  proof -
    have  $QFT\ (Suc\ 0) * |state-basis\ (Suc\ 0)\ j\rangle = H * |unit-vec\ (2 \wedge (Suc\ 0))\ j\rangle$ 
    using QFT.simps(2) state-basis-def by auto
    also have  $\dots = reverse-QFT-product-representation\ j\ (Suc\ 0)$ 
  proof (rule disjE)
    show  $j=0 \vee j=1$  using a1 by auto
  next
    assume j0:j=0
    hence  $H * |unit-vec\ (2 \wedge (Suc\ 0))\ j\rangle = H * |unit-vec\ (2 \wedge (Suc\ 0))\ 0\rangle$  by
    simp
    also have  $\dots = H * |zero\rangle$  by auto
    also have  $\dots = mat-of-cols-list\ 2\ [[1/\sqrt{2}, 1/\sqrt{2}]]$ 
    using H-on-ket-zero by simp

```

```

also have ... = 1/sqrt(2) ·m (mat-of-cols-list 2 [[1,1]])
proof
  fix i j::nat
  define ψ1 ψ2 where ψ1 = mat-of-cols-list 2 [[1/sqrt(2),1/sqrt(2)]]
and
  ψ2 = 1/sqrt(2) ·m (mat-of-cols-list 2 [[1,1]])
  assume i < dim-row ψ2 and j < dim-col ψ2
  hence a2:i ∈ {0,1} ∧ j=0
  by (simp add: Tensor.mat-of-cols-list-def ψ2-def less-Suc-eq-0-disj
numerals(2))
  have ψ1 $$ (0,0) = 1/sqrt 2 using mat-of-cols-list-def ψ1-def by simp
  moreover have ψ1 $$ (1,0) = 1/sqrt 2 using mat-of-cols-list-def ψ1-def
by simp
  moreover have ψ2 $$ (0,0) = 1/sqrt 2
  using smult-mat-def mat-of-cols-list-def ψ2-def by simp
  moreover have ψ2 $$ (1,0) = 1/sqrt 2
  using smult-mat-def mat-of-cols-list-def ψ2-def by simp
  ultimately show ψ1 $$ (i,j) = ψ2 $$ (i,j) using a2 by auto
next
  define ψ1 ψ2 where ψ1 = mat-of-cols-list 2 [[1/sqrt(2),1/sqrt(2)]]
and
  ψ2 = 1/sqrt(2) ·m (mat-of-cols-list 2 [[1,1]])
  show dim-row ψ1 = dim-row ψ2 using ψ1-def ψ2-def Tensor.mat-of-cols-list-def
by simp
  next
  define ψ1 ψ2 where ψ1 = mat-of-cols-list 2 [[1/sqrt(2),1/sqrt(2)]]
and
  ψ2 = 1/sqrt(2) ·m (mat-of-cols-list 2 [[1,1]])
  show dim-col ψ1 = dim-col ψ2 using ψ1-def ψ2-def Tensor.mat-of-cols-list-def
by simp
  qed
  also have ... = 1/sqrt 2 ·m (|zero⟩ + |one⟩)
  proof –
    have mat-of-cols-list 2 [[1,1]] = |zero⟩ + |one⟩
    proof
      fix i j::nat
      define s1 s2 where s1 = mat-of-cols-list 2 [[1,1]] and s2 = |zero⟩ +
|one⟩
      assume i < dim-row s2 and j < dim-col s2
      hence i ∈ {0,1} ∧ j = 0 using index-add-mat
      by (simp add: ket-vec-def less-Suc-eq numerals(2) s2-def)
      thus s1 $$ (i,j) = s2 $$ (i,j) using s1-def s2-def mat-of-cols-list-def
      ⟨i < dim-row s2⟩ ket-one-to-mat-of-cols-list by force
    next
      define s1 s2 where s1 = mat-of-cols-list 2 [[1,1]] and s2 = |zero⟩ +
|one⟩
      thus dim-row s1 = dim-row s2 using mat-of-cols-list-def by (simp
add: ket-vec-def)
    next

```

```

      define s1 s2 where s1 = mat-of-cols-list 2 [[1,1]] and s2 = |zero> +
|one>
      thus dim-col s1 = dim-col s2 using mat-of-cols-list-def by (simp add:
ket-vec-def)
      qed
      thus ?thesis by simp
      qed
      also have ... = 1/sqrt 2 ·m (kron (λ l. |zero> + |one>)) [1]) using
kron.simps by auto
      also have ... = 1/sqrt 2 ·m (kron (λ l. |zero> + exp (2*i*pi*0/(2^l)) ·m
|one>)) [1])
      using exp-zero smult-mat-def by auto
      also have ... = reverse-QFT-product-representation 0 (Suc 0)
      using reverse-QFT-product-representation-def rev-def map-def by auto
      finally show H * |unit-vec (2 ^ Suc 0) j> = reverse-QFT-product-representation
j (Suc 0)
      using j0 by simp
    next
      assume j1:j = 1
      hence H * |unit-vec (2 ^ Suc 0) j> = H * |one> by simp
      also have ... = mat-of-cols-list 2 [[1/sqrt(2), -1/sqrt(2)]] using
H-on-ket-one by simp
      also have ... = 1/sqrt 2 ·m (mat-of-cols-list 2 [[1,-1]])
      proof
        fix i j::nat
        define φ1 φ2 where φ1 = mat-of-cols-list 2 [[1/sqrt(2), -1/sqrt(2)]]
and
        φ2 = 1/sqrt 2 ·m (mat-of-cols-list 2 [[1,-1]])
        assume i < dim-row φ2 and j < dim-col φ2
        hence a3:i ∈ {0,1} ∧ j = 0
        using φ2-def mat-of-cols-list-def numerals(2) less-2-cases by simp
        have φ1 $$ (0,0) = φ2 $$ (0,0)
        using φ1-def φ2-def smult-def mat-of-cols-list-def by simp
        moreover have φ1 $$ (1,0) = φ2 $$ (1,0)
        using φ1-def φ2-def smult-def mat-of-cols-list-def by simp
        ultimately show φ1 $$ (i,j) = φ2 $$ (i,j) using a3 by auto
      next
        define φ1 φ2 where φ1 = mat-of-cols-list 2 [[1/sqrt(2), -1/sqrt(2)]]
and
        φ2 = 1/sqrt 2 ·m (mat-of-cols-list 2 [[1,-1]])
      then show dim-row φ1 = dim-row φ2 using smult-def mat-of-cols-list-def
by simp
      next
        define φ1 φ2 where φ1 = mat-of-cols-list 2 [[1/sqrt(2), -1/sqrt(2)]]
and
        φ2 = 1/sqrt 2 ·m (mat-of-cols-list 2 [[1,-1]])
      then show dim-col φ1 = dim-col φ2 using smult-def mat-of-cols-list-def
by simp
      qed

```

```

also have ... = 1/sqrt 2 ·m ( |zero⟩ - |one⟩ )
proof -
  have mat-of-cols-list 2 [[1,-1]] = |zero⟩ - |one⟩
  proof
    fix i j::nat
    define r1 r2 where r1 = mat-of-cols-list 2 [[1,-1]] and r2 = |zero⟩
- |one⟩
    assume i < dim-row r2 and j < dim-col r2
    hence a4:i ∈ {0,1} ∧ j=0
    using ket-vec-def index-add-mat by (simp add: less-2-cases r2-def)
    have r1 $$ (0,0) = r2 $$ (0,0) using r1-def r2-def mat-of-cols-list-def
    by (smt (verit, ccfv-threshold) One-nat-def add commute diff-zero
dim-row-mat(1)
    index-mat(1) index-mat-of-cols-list ket-one-is-state ket-one-to-mat-of-cols-list

    ket-zero-to-mat-of-cols-list list.size(3) list.size(4) minus-mat-def
nth-Cons-0
    plus-1-eq-Suc pos2 state-def zero-less-one-class.zero-less-one)
  moreover have r1 $$ (1,0) = r2 $$ (1,0)
  using r1-def r2-def mat-of-cols-list-def ket-vec-def by simp
  ultimately show r1 $$ (i,j) = r2 $$ (i,j) using a4 by auto
  next
    define r1 r2 where r1 = mat-of-cols-list 2 [[1,-1]] and r2 = |zero⟩
- |one⟩
    thus dim-row r1 = dim-row r2 using mat-of-cols-list-def ket-vec-def
by simp
  next
    define r1 r2 where r1 = mat-of-cols-list 2 [[1,-1]] and r2 = |zero⟩
- |one⟩
    thus dim-col r1 = dim-col r2 using mat-of-cols-list-def ket-vec-def by
simp
    qed
    thus ?thesis by simp
  qed
  also have ... = 1/sqrt 2 ·m (kron (λl. |zero⟩ - |one⟩) [1])
  using kron.simps by auto
  also have ... = 1/sqrt 2 ·m (kron (λl. |zero⟩ + exp (2*i*pi*1/(2^l)) ·m
|one⟩) [1])
  proof -
    have exp (2*i*pi*1/(2^1)) = -1 using exp-pi-i by auto
    hence |zero⟩ + exp (2*i*pi*1/(2^1)) ·m |one⟩ = |zero⟩ + (-1) ·m |one⟩
by simp
    also have ... = |zero⟩ - |one⟩ by auto
    thus ?thesis by auto
  qed
  also have ... = reverse-QFT-product-representation 1 (Suc 0)
  using reverse-QFT-product-representation-def by auto
  finally show H * |unit-vec (2 ^ Suc 0) j⟩ = reverse-QFT-product-representation
j (Suc 0)

```

```

      using j1 by simp
    qed
    finally show ?thesis by this
  qed
qed
next
case 3
fix n'::nat
define n where n = Suc n'
assume HI:∀ j<2^n. QFT n * |state-basis n j⟩ = reverse-QFT-product-representation
j n
show ∀ j<2^n.
  QFT (Suc n) * |state-basis (Suc n) j⟩ = reverse-QFT-product-representation
j (Suc n)
proof (rule allI)
  fix j::nat
  show j < 2^n → QFT (Suc n) * |state-basis (Suc n) j⟩ =
    reverse-QFT-product-representation j (Suc n)
proof
  assume aj:j < 2^n
  show QFT (Suc n) *
    |state-basis (Suc n) j⟩ =
    reverse-QFT-product-representation j
    (Suc n)
proof -
  define jd jm where jd = j div 2^n and jm = j mod 2^n
  hence jm < 2^n by auto
  hence HI-jm:QFT n * |state-basis n jm⟩ = reverse-QFT-product-representation
jm n
  using HI by auto
  have (QFT (Suc n)) * |state-basis (Suc n) j⟩ =
    (((1_m 2) ⊗ (QFT n)) * (controlled-rotations (Suc n)) * (H ⊗ ((1_m
(2^n)))))) *
    |state-basis (Suc n) j⟩
  using QFT.simps(3) n-def by simp
  also have ... = (((1_m 2) ⊗ (QFT n)) * (controlled-rotations (Suc n))) *
    (((H ⊗ ((1_m (2^n)))))) * |state-basis (Suc n) j⟩
  proof (rule assoc-mult-mat)
    show (1_m 2 ⊗ QFT n) * controlled-rotations (Suc n) ∈ carrier-mat
(2^n(Suc n)) (2^n(Suc n))
  proof (rule mult-carrier-mat)
    show 1_m 2 ⊗ QFT n ∈ carrier-mat (2^n Suc n) (2^n Suc n) by simp
    show controlled-rotations (Suc n) ∈ carrier-mat (2^n Suc n) (2^n Suc n)
      using controlled-rotations-carrier-mat by blast
  qed
next
show H ⊗ 1_m (2^n) ∈ carrier-mat (2^n Suc n) (2^n Suc n)
  using tensor-carrier-mat

```

```

    by (metis QFT.simps(2) QFT-carrier-mat one-carrier-mat power-Suc
power-Suc0-right)
  next
    show |state-basis (Suc n) j⟩ ∈ carrier-mat (2 ^ Suc n) 1
      using state-basis-carrier-mat by blast
  qed
  also have ... = (((1m 2) ⊗ (QFT n)) * (controlled-rotations (Suc n))) *
    ((1/sqrt 2 ·m (|zero⟩ + exp(2*i*pi*j/2) ·m |one⟩))) ⊗
|state-basis n jm⟩)
    using aj H-on-first-qubit jd-def jm-def by simp
  also have ... = (((1m 2) ⊗ (QFT n)) * (controlled-rotations (Suc n) *
    ((1/sqrt 2 ·m (|zero⟩ + exp(2*i*pi*j/2) ·m |one⟩)))) ⊗
|state-basis n jm⟩)))
    using assoc-mult-mat tensor-carrier-mat QFT-carrier-mat one-carrier-mat
state-basis-carrier-mat
  by (smt (verit, ccfv-threshold) H-on-first-qubit QFT.simps(2) aj
controlled-rotations-carrier-mat jd-def jm-def mult-carrier-mat power-Suc
power-Suc0-right)
  also have ... = ((1m 2) ⊗ (QFT n)) *
    (1/sqrt 2 ·m ((|zero⟩ + exp(2*i*pi*j/(2^(Suc n))) ·m |one⟩)))
⊗
    |state-basis n jm⟩)
    using controlled-rotations-on-first-qubit aj jd-def jm-def by simp
  also have ... = ((1m 2) * (1/sqrt 2 ·m ((|zero⟩ + exp(2*i*pi*j/(2^(Suc
n)))) ·m |one⟩)))) ⊗
    ((QFT n) * |state-basis n jm⟩)
  proof -
    have dim-col (1m 2) = dim-row (1/sqrt 2 ·m ((|zero⟩ + exp(2*i*pi*j/(2^(Suc
n)))) ·m |one⟩)))
    proof -
      have dim-col (1m 2) = 2 by simp
      moreover have dim-row (1/sqrt 2 ·m ((|zero⟩ + exp(2*i*pi*j/(2^(Suc
n)))) ·m |one⟩))) = 2
        using smult-carrier-mat mat-of-cols-list-def add-carrier-mat ket-vec-def
      by simp
    ultimately show ?thesis by simp
  qed
  moreover have dim-col (QFT n) = dim-row |state-basis n jm⟩
    using state-basis-carrier-mat QFT-carrier-mat
    by (metis carrier-matD(1) carrier-matD(2))
  moreover have dim-col (1m 2) > 0 by simp
  moreover have dim-col (1/sqrt 2 ·m ((|zero⟩ + exp(2*i*pi*j/(2^(Suc
n)))) ·m |one⟩))) > 0
    using smult-carrier-mat mat-of-cols-list-def add-carrier-mat ket-vec-def
  by simp
  moreover have dim-col (QFT n) > 0 using QFT-carrier-mat
    by (metis carrier-matD(2) pos2 zero-less-power)

```



```

      (kron (λ(l::nat). |zero⟩ + exp (2*i*pi*j/(2^l)) ·m |one⟩)
        (map nat (rev [1..n])))
    by (simp add: real-sqrt-mult)
  also have ... = (1/sqrt (2^(Suc n))) ·m
    (kron (λ(l::nat). |zero⟩ + exp (2*i*pi*j/(2^l)) ·m |one⟩)
      (map nat (rev [1..(Suc n)])))
  proof -
    define f where f = (λ(l::nat). |zero⟩ + exp (2*i*pi*j/(2^l)) ·m |one⟩)
    hence |zero⟩ + exp(2*i*pi*j/(2^(Suc n))) ·m |one⟩ = f (Suc n) by simp
    hence ((( |zero⟩ + exp(2*i*pi*j/(2^(Suc n))) ·m |one⟩) ⊗
      (kron (λ(l::nat). |zero⟩ + exp (2*i*pi*j/(2^l)) ·m |one⟩)
        (map nat (rev [1..n])))) =
      (f (Suc n)) ⊗ (kron f (map nat (rev [1..n])))
    using f-def by simp
    also have ... = kron f ((Suc n)#(map nat (rev [1..n])))
    using kron.simps(2) by simp
    also have ... = kron f (map nat (rev [1..(Suc n)]))
    using map-def rev-append
    by (smt (z3) append-Cons append-self-conv2 list.simps(9) nat-int
      negative-zless
        of-nat-Suc rev-eq-Cons-iff rev-is-Nil-conv upto-rec2)
    finally have ((( |zero⟩ + exp(2*i*pi*j/(2^(Suc n))) ·m |one⟩) ⊗
      (kron (λ(l::nat). |zero⟩ + exp (2*i*pi*j/(2^l)) ·m |one⟩)
        (map nat (rev [1..n])))) =
      (kron (λ(l::nat). |zero⟩ + exp (2*i*pi*j/(2^l)) ·m |one⟩)
        (map nat (rev [1..(Suc n)])))
    using f-def by simp
    thus ?thesis by simp
  qed
  also have ... = reverse-QFT-product-representation j (Suc n)
    using reverse-QFT-product-representation-def by simp
  finally show ?thesis by this
qed
qed
qed
qed
qed
qed

```

7.1 QFT with qubits reordering correctness

lemma *SWAP-down-kron*:

assumes $\forall m. \dim\text{-row } (f\ m) = 2 \wedge \dim\text{-col } (f\ m) = 1$

shows $\text{SWAP-down } (\text{length } (x\#xs)) * \text{kron } f\ (x\#xs) = \text{kron } f\ xs \otimes f\ x$

proof (induct xs rule: rev-induct)

case Nil

have $\text{SWAP-down } (\text{length } [x]) * \text{kron } f\ [x] = (1_m\ 2) * f\ x$ using *SWAP-down.simps(2)*
kron.simps(2)

by (metis carrier-matI kron.simps(1) length-0-conv length-Cons right-tensor-id)

also have $\dots = f x$ **using** *left-mult-one-mat'* **assms** **by** *auto*
 also have $\dots = (1_m \ 1) \otimes f x$ **using** *left-tensor-id* **by** *auto*
 also have $\dots = \text{kron } f \ [] \otimes f x$ **using** *kron.simps* **by** *auto*
 finally show *?case* **by** *this*
next
 case (*snoc a xs*)
 assume *HI:SWAP-down* (*length* ($x \# xs$)) * *kron f* ($x \# xs$) = *kron f xs* \otimes *f x*
 define *n::nat* **where** *n* = *length xs*
 show *?case*
proof (*cases*)
 assume *Nil:xs* = []
 hence *n* = 0 **using** *n-def* **by** *auto*
 have *SWAP-down* (*length* ($x \# xs @ [a]$)) * *kron f* ($x \# xs @ [a]$) =
 SWAP-down (*Suc* (*Suc* 0)) * *kron f* ($x \# [a]$)
 using *n-def Nil* **by** *simp*
 also have $\dots = \text{SWAP} * \text{kron } f (x \# [a])$ **using** *SWAP-down.simps(3)* **by** *simp*
 also have $\dots = \text{SWAP} * ((f x) \otimes (f a))$ **using** *kron.simps(2)*
 by (*metis carrier-matI kron.simps(1) right-tensor-id*)
 also have $\dots = (f a) \otimes (f x)$ **using** *SWAP-tensor assms* **by** *auto*
 also have $\dots = \text{kron } f (xs @ [a]) \otimes (f x)$ **using** *kron.simps Nil*
 by (*metis carrier-mat-triv kron-cons-right left-tensor-id*)
 finally show *?case* **by** *this*
next
 assume *NNil:xs* $\neq []$
 hence *n* > 0 **using** *n-def* **by** *auto*
 hence *e::m*. *n* = *Suc m* **by** (*simp add: gr0-implies-Suc*)
 have *SWAP-down* (*length* ($x \# xs @ [a]$)) * *kron f* ($x \# xs @ [a]$) =
 SWAP-down (*Suc* (*Suc n*)) * *kron f* ($x \# xs @ [a]$)
 using *n-def* **by** *auto*
 also have $\dots = ((1_m (2 \wedge n)) \otimes \text{SWAP}) * ((\text{SWAP-down } (Suc\ n)) \otimes (1_m$
 2)) * *kron f* ($x \# xs @ [a]$)
 using *SWAP-down.simps e* **by** *auto*
 also have $\dots = ((1_m (2 \wedge n)) \otimes \text{SWAP}) * (((\text{SWAP-down } (Suc\ n)) \otimes (1_m$
 2)) * *kron f* ($x \# xs @ [a]$))
proof (*rule assoc-mult-mat*)
 show $((1_m (2 \wedge n)) \otimes \text{SWAP}) \in \text{carrier-mat } (2 \wedge (Suc\ (Suc\ n))) (2 \wedge (Suc\ (Suc\ n)))$
proof –
 have $(1_m (2 \wedge n)) \in \text{carrier-mat } (2 \wedge n) (2 \wedge n)$ **by** *simp*
 moreover have *SWAP* $\in \text{carrier-mat } 4\ 4$ **using** *SWAP-carrier-mat* **by**
simp
 ultimately show *?thesis* **using** *tensor-carrier-mat*
by (*smt (verit, ccfv-threshold) mult-numeral-left-semiring-numeral num-double*
 numeral-times-numeral power-Suc power-commuting-commutes)
qed
next
 show *SWAP-down* (*Suc n*) $\otimes 1_m\ 2 \in \text{carrier-mat } (2 \wedge Suc\ (Suc\ n)) (2 \wedge$
Suc (Suc n))

```

proof –
  have SWAP-down (Suc n) ∈ carrier-mat ( $2^{\wedge}(\text{Suc } n)$ ) ( $2^{\wedge}(\text{Suc } n)$ ) using
SWAP-down-carrier-mat
  by blast
  moreover have  $1_m \ 2 \in \text{carrier-mat } 2 \ 2$  by simp
  ultimately show ?thesis using tensor-carrier-mat by auto
qed
next
  show  $\text{kron } f \ (x \# xs \ @ \ [a]) \in \text{carrier-mat } (2^{\wedge} \text{Suc } (\text{Suc } n)) \ 1$  using
kron-carrier-mat
  by (metis assms length-Cons length-append-singleton n-def)
qed
  also have  $\dots = ((1_m \ (2^{\wedge}n)) \otimes \text{SWAP}) * (((\text{SWAP-down } (\text{Suc } n)) \otimes (1_m \ 2)) * (kron \ f \ (x \# xs) \otimes \ f \ a))$ 
  using kron.simps by (metis append-Cons kron-cons-right)
  also have  $\dots = ((1_m \ (2^{\wedge}n)) \otimes \text{SWAP}) * (((\text{SWAP-down } (\text{Suc } n)) * (kron \ f \ (x \# xs))) \otimes (1_m \ 2) * (f \ a))$ 
proof –
  have  $c1: \text{dim-col } (\text{SWAP-down } (\text{Suc } n)) = 2^{\wedge}(\text{Suc } n)$  using SWAP-down-carrier-mat
by blast
  hence  $a3: \text{dim-col } (\text{SWAP-down } (\text{Suc } n)) > 0$  by simp
  have  $r2: \text{dim-row } (\text{kron } f \ (x \# xs)) = 2^{\wedge}(\text{Suc } n)$  using kron-carrier-mat assms n-def by auto
  hence  $a4: \text{dim-row } (\text{kron } f \ (x \# xs)) > 0$  by simp
  with  $c1 \ r2$  have  $a1: \text{dim-col } (\text{SWAP-down } (\text{Suc } n)) = \text{dim-row } (\text{kron } f \ (x \# xs))$ 
by simp
  have  $c3: \text{dim-col } (1_m \ 2) = 2$  by simp
  hence  $a5: \text{dim-col } (1_m \ 2) > 0$  by simp
  have  $r4: \text{dim-row } (f \ a) = 2$  using assms by simp
  hence  $a6: \text{dim-row } (f \ a) > 0$  by simp
  with  $c3 \ r4$  have  $a2: \text{dim-col } (1_m \ 2) = \text{dim-row } (f \ a)$  by simp
  have  $((((\text{SWAP-down } (\text{Suc } n)) \otimes (1_m \ 2)) * (kron \ f \ (x \# xs) \otimes \ f \ a)) = (((\text{SWAP-down } (\text{Suc } n)) * (kron \ f \ (x \# xs))) \otimes (1_m \ 2) * (f \ a))$ 
  using  $a1 \ a2 \ a3 \ a4 \ a5 \ a6$ 
  by (metis assms carrier-matD(2) grOI kron-carrier-mat mult-distr-tensor zero-neq-one)
  thus ?thesis by simp
qed
  also have  $\dots = ((1_m \ (2^{\wedge}n)) \otimes \text{SWAP}) * (\text{kron } f \ xs \otimes \ f \ x \otimes \ f \ a)$ 
  using HI by (simp add: assms n-def)
  also have  $\dots = ((1_m \ (2^{\wedge}n)) \otimes \text{SWAP}) * (\text{kron } f \ xs \otimes \ (f \ x \otimes \ f \ a))$ 
  using tensor-mat-is-assoc by auto
  also have  $\dots = ((1_m \ (2^{\wedge}n)) * (\text{kron } f \ xs)) \otimes (\text{SWAP} * (f \ x \otimes \ f \ a))$ 
  using mult-distr-tensor
  by (smt (verit, del-insts) SWAP-ncols assms carrier-matD(2) dim-col-tensor-mat dim-row-tensor-mat index-mult-mat(2) index-one-mat(2) index-one-mat(3))

```

kron-carrier-mat

left-mult-one-mat n-def numeral-One numeral-times-numeral semiring-norm(11)

semiring-norm(13) zero-less-numeral zero-less-power)

also have ... = $\text{kron } f \text{ } xs \otimes f a \otimes f x$ **using** *SWAP-tensor*

by (*metis* *assms carrier-matI kron-carrier-mat left-mult-one-mat n-def tensor-mat-is-assoc*)

also have ... = $\text{kron } f \text{ } (xs@[a]) \otimes f x$ **using** *kron.simps kron-cons-right* **by** *presburger*

finally show ?thesis **by this**

qed

qed

lemma *SWAP-down-kron-map-rev*:

assumes $\forall m. \text{dim-row } (f \text{ } m) = 2 \wedge \text{dim-col } (f \text{ } m) = 1$

shows (*SWAP-down* (*Suc k*)) *

$\text{kron } f \text{ } (\text{map nat } (\text{rev } [1..\text{int } (Suc \text{ } k)])) =$

$(\text{kron } f \text{ } (\text{map nat } (\text{rev } [1..\text{int } k]))) \otimes (f \text{ } (Suc \text{ } k)))$

proof –

have $\text{rev } [1..\text{int } (Suc \text{ } k)] = \text{int } (Suc \text{ } k) \# \text{rev } [1..\text{int } k]$ **using** *rev-append upto-rec2*

by *simp*

hence $1:\text{map nat } (\text{rev } [1..\text{int } (Suc \text{ } k)]) = Suc \text{ } k \# (\text{map nat } (\text{rev } [1..\text{int } k]))$

using *list.map(2)* **by** *simp*

define *x xs* **where** $x = Suc \text{ } k$ **and** $xs = (\text{map nat } (\text{rev } [1..\text{int } k]))$

have $\text{length } xs = k$ **using** *xs-def* **by** *simp*

hence $2:\text{length } (x\#xs) = Suc \text{ } k$ **by** *simp*

with $1 \text{ } 2 \text{ } x\text{-def } xs\text{-def}$ **have** (*SWAP-down* (*Suc k*)) * $\text{kron } f \text{ } (\text{map nat } (\text{rev } [1..\text{int } (Suc \text{ } k)])) =$

$(\text{SWAP-down } (\text{length } (x\#xs))) * \text{kron } f \text{ } (x\#xs)$ **by** *auto*

also have ... = $\text{kron } f \text{ } xs \otimes f x$ **using** *SWAP-down-kron x-def xs-def assms* **by**

blast

finally show ?thesis **using** *x-def xs-def* **by** *simp*

qed

lemma *reverse-qubits-kron*:

assumes $\forall m. \text{dim-row } (f \text{ } m) = 2 \wedge \text{dim-col } (f \text{ } m) = 1$

shows (*reverse-qubits n*) * ($\text{kron } f \text{ } (\text{map nat } (\text{rev } [1..n]))) = \text{kron } f \text{ } (\text{map nat } [1..n])$

proof (*induct n rule: reverse-qubits.induct*)

case *1*

then show ?case **by** *auto*

next

case *2*

then show ?case

proof –

have $1:\text{rev } [1] = [1]$ **using** *rev-def* **by** *auto*

have $2:\text{reverse-qubits } (Suc \text{ } 0) = 1_m \text{ } 2$ **by** *simp*

```

    have 3: (f 1) ∈ carrier-mat 2 1 using assms carrier-mat-def by auto
    have 4: kron f [1] = (f 1) using kron.simps(2) by auto
    show ?case using 1 2 3 4 by auto
  qed
next
  case 3
  have reverse-qubits (Suc (Suc 0)) * kron f (map nat (rev [1..int (Suc (Suc 0))]))
  =
    SWAP * kron f [2,1]
    using reverse-qubits.simps(3) upto-rec1 by auto
  also have ... = SWAP * ((f 2) ⊗ (f 1))
    using right-tensor-id by (metis carrier-mat-triv kron.simps(1) kron.simps(2))
  also have ... = (f 1) ⊗ (f 2) using SWAP-tensor assms by auto
  also have ... = kron f [1,2] using upto-rec1 assms by auto
  also have ... = kron f (map nat [1..int (Suc (Suc 0))]) using right-tensor-id
  assms
  by (auto simp add: upto-rec1)
  finally show reverse-qubits (Suc (Suc 0)) * kron f (map nat (rev [1..int (Suc
  (Suc 0))])) =
    kron f (map nat [1..int (Suc (Suc 0))]) by this
next
  case 4
  fix n::nat
  define k::nat where k = Suc (Suc n)
  assume HI: reverse-qubits (Suc (Suc n)) * kron f (map nat (rev [1..int (Suc (Suc
  n))])) =
    kron f (map nat [1..int (Suc (Suc n))])
  have sk: (SWAP-down (Suc k)) * kron f (map nat (rev [1..int (Suc k)])) =
    (kron f (map nat (rev [1..int k]))) ⊗ (f (Suc k))
    using SWAP-down-kron-map-rev assms by this
  have reverse-qubits (Suc k) * kron f (map nat (rev [1..int (Suc k)])) =
    ((reverse-qubits k) ⊗ (1m 2)) * (SWAP-down (Suc k)) *
    kron f (map nat (rev [1..int (Suc k)]))
    using reverse-qubits.simps(4) k-def by simp
  also have ... = ((reverse-qubits k) ⊗ (1m 2)) * ((SWAP-down (Suc k)) *
    kron f (map nat (rev [1..int (Suc k)])))
  proof (rule assoc-mult-mat)
    show (reverse-qubits k) ⊗ (1m 2) ∈ carrier-mat (2^(k+1)) (2^(k+1))
    proof -
      have reverse-qubits k ∈ carrier-mat (2^k) (2^k) by simp
      moreover have 1m 2 ∈ carrier-mat 2 2 by simp
      ultimately show ?thesis using tensor-carrier-mat by (smt (verit) power-add
      power-one-right)
    qed
  next
    show (SWAP-down (Suc k)) ∈ carrier-mat (2^(k+1)) (2^(k+1))
    using Suc-eq-plus1 SWAP-down-carrier-mat by presburger
  next
    show kron f (map nat (rev [1..int (Suc k)])) ∈ carrier-mat (2^(k+1)) 1

```

```

proof –
  define xs where xs = (map nat (rev [1..int (Suc k)]))
  then have k1:length xs = k + 1 by auto
  then have kron f xs ∈ carrier-mat (2 ^ (k + 1)) 1
    using kron-carrier-mat assms k1 by metis
  thus ?thesis using xs-def by simp
qed
qed
  also have ... = ((reverse-qubits k) ⊗ (1m 2)) * (kron f (map nat (rev [1..int
k])) ⊗ (f (Suc k)))
    using sk by simp
  also have ... = ((reverse-qubits k) * (kron f (map nat (rev [1..int k])))) ⊗ ((1m
2) * (f (Suc k)))
proof –
  have c1:dim-col (reverse-qubits k) = 2k using reverse-qubits-carrier-mat by
blast
  have r2:dim-row (kron f (map nat (rev [1..int k]))) = 2k
    using kron-carrier-mat by (metis HI assms carrier-matD(1) index-mult-mat(2)
k-def length-map
length-rev reverse-qubits-carrier-mat)
  with c1 r2 have a1:dim-col (reverse-qubits k) = dim-row (kron f (map nat
(rev [1..int k])))
    by auto
  have c3:dim-col (1m 2) = 2 by simp
  have r4:dim-row (f (Suc k)) = 2 using assms by simp
  with c3 r4 have a2:dim-col (1m 2) = dim-row (f (Suc k)) by simp
  have a3:dim-col (reverse-qubits k) > 0 using c1 by auto
  have a4:dim-row (kron f (map nat (rev [1..int k]))) > 0 using r2 by auto
  have a5:dim-col (1m 2) > 0 using c3 by auto
  have a6:dim-row (f (Suc k)) > 0 using r4 by auto
  show ?thesis using a1 a2 a3 a4 a5 a6 mult-distr-tensor
    by (metis assms carrier-matD(2) kron-carrier-mat zero-less-one-class.zero-less-one)
qed
  also have ... = kron f (map nat [1..int k]) ⊗ (f (Suc k))
    using HI k-def assms by auto
  also have ... = kron f (map nat [1..int (Suc k)]) using kron-cons-right
    by (smt (verit, ccfv-threshold) list.simps(8) list.simps(9) map-append nat-int
negative-zless
of-nat-Suc upto-rec2)
  finally show reverse-qubits (Suc (Suc (Suc n))) *
    kron f (map nat (rev [1..int (Suc (Suc (Suc n))])) =
    kron f (map nat [1..int (Suc (Suc (Suc n))])) using k-def by simp
qed

```

lemma prod-rep-fun:

```

assumes f = (λ(l::nat). |zero⟩ + exp (2*i*pi*j/(2l)) ·m |one⟩)
shows ∀ m. dim-row (f m) = 2 ∧ dim-col (f m) = 1
apply (rule allI)

```

```

apply (rule conjI)
  apply (simp add: assms ket-vec-def cpx-vec-length-def)+
done

lemma rev-upto:
  assumes  $n1 \leq n2$ 
  shows  $\text{rev } [n1..n2] = n2 \# \text{rev } [n1..(n2-1)]$ 
  apply (simp)
  apply (rule upto-rec2)
  apply (simp add: assms)
done

lemma dim-row-kron:
  shows  $\dim\text{-row } (\text{kron } f \text{ } xs) = (\prod x \leftarrow xs. \dim\text{-row } (f \text{ } x))$ 
proof (induct xs)
  case Nil
  show ?case using kron.simps(1) prod-list-def by auto
next
  case (Cons a xs)
  assume HI:  $\dim\text{-row } (\text{kron } f \text{ } xs) = (\prod x \leftarrow xs. \dim\text{-row } (f \text{ } x))$ 
  have  $\dim\text{-row } (\text{kron } f \text{ } (a \# xs)) = \dim\text{-row } ((f \text{ } a) \otimes (\text{kron } f \text{ } xs))$  using kron.simps(2)
by auto
  hence  $\dots = (\dim\text{-row } (f \text{ } a)) * (\dim\text{-row } (\text{kron } f \text{ } xs))$  by auto
  hence  $\dots = (\dim\text{-row } (f \text{ } a)) * (\prod x \leftarrow xs. \dim\text{-row } (f \text{ } x))$  using HI by auto
  hence  $\dots = (\prod x \leftarrow a \# xs. \dim\text{-row } (f \text{ } x))$  by auto
  thus ?case using HI by auto
qed

lemma dim-col-kron:
  shows  $\dim\text{-col } (\text{kron } f \text{ } xs) = (\prod x \leftarrow xs. \dim\text{-col } (f \text{ } x))$ 
proof (induct xs)
  case Nil
  show ?case using kron.simps(1) prod-list-def by auto
next
  case (Cons a xs)
  assume HI:  $\dim\text{-col } (\text{kron } f \text{ } xs) = (\prod x \leftarrow xs. \dim\text{-col } (f \text{ } x))$ 
  have  $\dim\text{-col } (\text{kron } f \text{ } (a \# xs)) = \dim\text{-col } ((f \text{ } a) \otimes (\text{kron } f \text{ } xs))$  using kron.simps(2)
by auto
  hence  $\dots = (\dim\text{-col } (f \text{ } a)) * (\dim\text{-col } (\text{kron } f \text{ } xs))$  by auto
  hence  $\dots = (\dim\text{-col } (f \text{ } a)) * (\prod x \leftarrow xs. \dim\text{-col } (f \text{ } x))$  using HI by auto
  hence  $\dots = (\prod x \leftarrow a \# xs. \dim\text{-col } (f \text{ } x))$  by auto
  thus ?case using HI by auto
qed

lemma prod-2-n:
   $(\prod x \leftarrow \text{map nat } (\text{rev } [1..int \text{ } n])). \text{ } 2) = 2 \wedge n$ 
apply (induct n)
  apply (simp add: rev-upto)+
done

```

lemma *prod-2-n-b*:

$(\prod x \leftarrow \text{map nat } [1..int\ n].\ 2) = 2^{\wedge\ n}$
apply (*induct n*)
apply *simp*
apply (*simp add: upto-rec2 power-commutes*)
done

lemma *prod-1-n*:

$(\prod x \leftarrow \text{map nat } (\text{rev } [1..int\ n])).\ 1) = 1$
apply (*induct n*)
apply (*simp add: rev-upto*)
done

lemma *prod-1-n-b*:

$(\prod x \leftarrow \text{map nat } [1..int\ n].\ \text{Suc } 0) = \text{Suc } 0$
apply (*induct n*)
apply *simp*
apply (*simp add: upto-rec2*)
done

lemma *reverse-qubits-product-representation*:

*reverse-qubits n * reverse-QFT-product-representation j n = QFT-product-representation j n*

proof –

have (*reverse-qubits n*) * *reverse-QFT-product-representation j n* = (*reverse-qubits n*) *

$((1/\text{sqrt}(2^{\wedge\ n})) \cdot_m \text{kron } (\lambda l.\ |zero\rangle + \exp(2 * i * \pi * j / 2^{\wedge\ l}) \cdot_m |one\rangle) (\text{map nat } (\text{rev } [1..int\ n])))$

using *reverse-QFT-product-representation-def* **by** *simp*

also have $\dots = (1/\text{sqrt}(2^{\wedge\ n})) \cdot_m ((\text{reverse-qubits } n) * \text{kron } (\lambda l.\ |zero\rangle + \exp(2 * i * \pi * j / 2^{\wedge\ l}) \cdot_m |one\rangle) (\text{map nat } (\text{rev } [1..int\ n])))$

proof (*rule mult-smult-distrib*)

show *reverse-qubits n* \in *carrier-mat* ($2^{\wedge\ n}$) ($2^{\wedge\ n}$) **by** *simp*

next

show $\text{kron } (\lambda l.\ |zero\rangle + \exp(2 * i * \pi * j / 2^{\wedge\ l}) \cdot_m |one\rangle) (\text{map nat } (\text{rev } [1..int\ n]))$

\in *carrier-mat* ($2^{\wedge\ n}$) 1

proof

show *dim-row* ($\text{kron } (\lambda(l::nat).\ |zero\rangle + \exp(2 * i * \pi * j / (2^{\wedge\ l})) \cdot_m |one\rangle) (\text{map nat } (\text{rev } [1..n])))$

$= 2^{\wedge\ n}$

proof –

have *a1*: *dim-row* ($\text{kron } (\lambda l.\ |zero\rangle + \exp(2 * i * \text{complex-of-real } \pi * \text{complex-of-nat } j / 2^{\wedge\ l}) \cdot_m |one\rangle) (\text{map nat } (\text{rev } [1..int\ n])))$

$= (\prod x \leftarrow (\text{map nat } (\text{rev } [1..int\ n])).\ (\text{dim-row } ((\lambda l.\ |zero\rangle + \exp(2 * i * \text{complex-of-real } \pi * \text{complex-of-nat } j / 2^{\wedge\ l}) \cdot_m |one\rangle) x)))$

using *dim-row-kron* **by** *simp*


```

    hence b1:... = ( $\prod x \leftarrow (\text{map nat } (\text{rev } [1..int\ n]))$ ). 2) using prod-rep-fun by
auto
    hence ... =  $2^{\wedge} n$  using prod-2-n by simp
    thus ?thesis using a1 b1 by auto
  qed
next
  show dim-col (kron ( $\lambda(l::nat).$  |zero> + exp ( $2*i*pi*j/(2^{\wedge}l)$ )  $\cdot_m$  |one>)) (map
nat (rev [1..n])))
    = 1
  proof -
    have a2:dim-col (kron ( $\lambda l.$  |zero> + exp ( $2 * i * \text{complex-of-real } pi * \text{complex-of-nat } j / 2^{\wedge} l$ )  $\cdot_m$  |one>)) (map nat (rev [1..int\ n])))
    = ( $\prod x \leftarrow (\text{map nat } (\text{rev } [1..int\ n]))$ ). (dim-col (( $\lambda l.$  |zero> + exp ( $2 * i * \text{complex-of-real } pi * \text{complex-of-nat } j / 2^{\wedge} l$ )  $\cdot_m$  |one>) x)))
    using dim-col-kron by simp
    also have ... = ( $\prod x \leftarrow (\text{map nat } (\text{rev } [1..int\ n]))$ ). 1) using prod-rep-fun by
auto
    also have ... = 1 using prod-1-n by metis
    finally show ?thesis using a2 by auto
  qed
qed
qed
  also have ... = ( $1 / \text{sqrt } (2^{\wedge}n)$ )  $\cdot_m$  kron ( $\lambda l.$  |zero> + exp ( $2*i*pi*j/2^{\wedge}l$ )  $\cdot_m$ 
|one>)) (map nat [1..int\ n])
    using reverse-qubits-kron prod-rep-fun by presburger
  also have ... = QFT-product-representation j n using QFT-product-representation-def
by simp
  finally show ?thesis by this
qed

```

Finally, we proof the correctness of the algorithm

theorem ordered-QFT-is-correct:

```

  assumes  $j < 2^{\wedge}n$ 
  shows (ordered-QFT n) * |state-basis n j> = QFT-product-representation j n
proof -
  have (ordered-QFT n) * |state-basis n j> = (reverse-qubits n) * (QFT n) *
|state-basis n j>
    using ordered-QFT-def by simp
  also have ... = (reverse-qubits n) * ((QFT n) * |state-basis n j>)
proof (rule assoc-mult-mat)
    show reverse-qubits n  $\in$  carrier-mat ( $2^{\wedge}n$ ) ( $2^{\wedge}n$ ) by simp
  next
    show QFT n  $\in$  carrier-mat ( $2^{\wedge}n$ ) ( $2^{\wedge}n$ ) by simp
  next
    show |state-basis n j>  $\in$  carrier-mat ( $2^{\wedge}n$ ) 1 using state-basis-carrier-mat
by simp
  qed
  also have ... = (reverse-qubits n) * reverse-QFT-product-representation j n
    using QFT-is-correct assms by simp

```

```

    also have ... = QFT-product-representation j n
      using reverse-qubits-product-representation by simp
    finally show ?thesis by this
qed

```

8 Unitarity

Although unitarity is not required to proof QFT's correctness, in this section we will prove it, i.e., QFT and ordered_QFT functions create quantum gates and QFT product representation is a quantum state.

lemma *state-basis-is-state*:

```

  assumes j < n
  shows state n |state-basis n j⟩
proof
  show dim-col |state-basis n j⟩ = 1 by (simp add: ket-vec-def)
  show dim-row |state-basis n j⟩ = 2^n by (simp add: ket-vec-def state-basis-def)
  show ||Matrix.col |state-basis n j⟩ 0|| = 1
    by (metis assms ket-vec-col less-exp order-less-trans state-basis-def unit-cpx-vec-length)
qed

```

lemma *R-dagger-mat*:

```

  shows (R k)† = Matrix.mat 2 2 (λ(i,j). if i≠j then 0 else (if i=0 then 1 else
exp(-2*pi*i/2^k)))

```

proof

```

  define m where m = Matrix.mat 2 2
    (λ(i,j). if i≠j then 0 else (if i=0 then 1 else exp(-2*pi*i/2^k)))
  thus ∧i j. i < dim-row m ⟹ j < dim-col m ⟹ R k† $$ (i, j) = m $$ (i, j)

```

proof –

fix i j

assume i < dim-row m

hence i2:i < 2 using m-def by auto

assume j < dim-col m

hence j2:j < 2 using m-def by auto

show R k† \$\$ (i, j) = m \$\$ (i, j)

proof (rule disjE)

show i = 0 ∨ i = 1 using i2 by auto

next

assume i0:i = 0

show R k† \$\$ (i, j) = m \$\$ (i, j)

proof (rule disjE)

show j = 0 ∨ j = 1 using j2 by auto

next

assume j0:j = 0

show R k† \$\$ (i, j) = m \$\$ (i, j)

proof –

have R k† \$\$ (0,0) = cnj (R k \$\$ (0,0))

using dagger-def

by (metis (no-types, lifting) One-nat-def R-def Suc-1 Suc-eq-plus1

```

      Tensor.mat-of-cols-list-def dim-col-mat(1) dim-row-mat(1) index-mat(1)
list.size(3)
      list.size(4) old.prod.case power-eq-0-iff power-zero-numeral)
    also have ... = 1
      using R-def mat-of-cols-list-def
      by (metis One-nat-def Suc-1 Suc-eq-plus1 complex-cnj-one-iff in-
dex-mat-of-cols-list
      list.size(3) list.size(4) nth-Cons-0 pos2)
    also have ... = m $$ (0,0) using m-def by simp
    finally show ?thesis using i0 j0 by auto
  qed
next
  assume j1:j = 1
  show R k† $$ (i, j) = m $$ (i, j)
  proof -
    have R k† $$ (0,1) = cnj (R k $$ (1,0))
      using dagger-def
      by (metis (no-types, lifting) One-nat-def R-def Suc-1 Suc-eq-plus1
Tensor.mat-of-cols-list-def ⟨j < dim-col m⟩ dim-col-mat(1) dim-row-mat(1)

      index-mat(1) j1 list.size(3) list.size(4) m-def old.prod.case pos2)
    also have ... = 0
      using R-def mat-of-cols-list-def
      by (metis (no-types, lifting) One-nat-def Suc-1 Suc-eq-plus1 ⟨j < dim-col
m⟩
      complex-cnj-zero-iff dim-col-mat(1) index-mat-of-cols-list j1 list.size(3)

      list.size(4) m-def nth-Cons-0 nth-Cons-Suc pos2)
    also have ... = m $$ (0,1) using m-def by auto
    finally show ?thesis using i0 j1 by auto
  qed
qed
next
  assume i1:i = 1
  show R k† $$ (i, j) = m $$ (i, j)
  proof (rule disjE)
    show j = 0 ∨ j = 1 using j2 by auto
  next
    assume j0:j = 0
    show R k† $$ (i, j) = m $$ (i, j)
    proof -
      have R k† $$ (1,0) = cnj (R k $$ (0,1))
        using dagger-def
        by (metis (no-types, lifting) One-nat-def R-def Suc-1 Suc-eq-plus1
Tensor.mat-of-cols-list-def dim-col-mat(1) dim-row-mat(1) index-mat(1)

        less-Suc-numeral list.size(3) list.size(4) old.prod.case power-eq-0-iff
power-zero-numeral pred-numeral-simps(2))
      also have ... = 0

```

```

    using R-def mat-of-cols-list-def
  by (metis One-nat-def Suc-eq-plus1 complex-cnj-zero-iff index-mat-of-cols-list
        less-Suc-eq-0-disj list.size(4) nth-Cons-0 nth-Cons-Suc pos2)
    also have ... = m $$ (1,0) using m-def by simp
    finally show ?thesis using i1 j0 by simp
qed
next
assume j1:j = 1
show R k† $$ (i, j) = m $$ (i, j)
proof -
  have R k† $$ (1,1) = cnj (R k $$ (1,1))
    using dagger-def
  by (metis (no-types, lifting) One-nat-def R-def Suc-1 Suc-eq-plus1
        Tensor.mat-of-cols-list-def dim-col-mat(1) dim-row-mat(1) index-mat(1)

        less-Suc-numeral list.size(3) list.size(4) old.prod.case power-eq-0-iff
        power-zero-numeral pred-numeral-simps(2))
  also have ... = cnj (exp(2*pi*i/2k))
    using R-def mat-of-cols-list-def
  by (metis One-nat-def Suc-1 Suc-eq-plus1 index-mat-of-cols-list lessI
        list.size(3)
        list.size(4) nth-Cons-0 nth-Cons-Suc)
  also have ... = exp (-2*pi*i/2k)
  by (smt (verit, ccfv-threshold) exp-of-real-cnj mult.commute mult.left-commute

        mult-1s-ring-1(1) of-real-divide of-real-minus of-real-numeral
of-real-power
        times-divide-eq-right)
  also have ... = m $$ (1,1) using m-def by simp
  finally have R k† $$ (i, j) = m $$ (i, j) using i1 j1 by simp
  thus ?thesis by this
qed
qed
qed
qed
next
define m where m = Matrix.mat 2 2
(λ(i,j). if i≠j then 0 else (if i=0 then 1 else exp(-2*pi*i/2k)))
thus dim-row R k† = dim-row m
by (metis (no-types, lifting) One-nat-def R-def Suc-1 Suc-eq-plus1 Tensor.mat-of-cols-list-def
        dim-col-mat(1) dim-row-mat(1) dim-row-of-dagger list.size(3) list.size(4))
next
define m where m = Matrix.mat 2 2
(λ(i,j). if i≠j then 0 else (if i=0 then 1 else exp(-2*pi*i/2k)))
thus dim-col R k† = dim-col m
by (simp add: R-def Tensor.mat-of-cols-list-def)
qed

lemma R-is-gate:

```

```

shows gate 1 (R n)
proof
show dim-row (R n) = 2^1 using R-def by (simp add: Tensor.mat-of-cols-list-def)
show square-mat (R n) using R-def by (simp add: Tensor.mat-of-cols-list-def)
show unitary (R n)
proof -
have ((R n)†) * (R n) = 1_m 2 ∧ (R n) * ((R n)†) = 1_m 2
proof
show R n† * R n = 1_m 2
proof
show ∧ i j. i < dim-row (1_m 2) ⇒ j < dim-col (1_m 2) ⇒
(R n† * R n) $$ (i, j) = 1_m 2 $$ (i, j)
proof -
fix i j
assume i < dim-row (1_m 2)
hence i2:i < 2 by auto
assume j < dim-col (1_m 2)
hence j2:j < 2 by auto
show (R n† * R n) $$ (i, j) = 1_m 2 $$ (i, j)
proof (rule disjE)
show i = 0 ∨ i = 1 using i2 by auto
next
assume i0:i = 0
show (R n† * R n) $$ (i, j) = 1_m 2 $$ (i, j)
proof (rule disjE)
show j = 0 ∨ j = 1 using j2 by auto
next
assume j0:j = 0
show (R n† * R n) $$ (i, j) = 1_m 2 $$ (i, j)
proof -
have (R n† * R n) $$ (0,0) = ((R n)† $$ (0,0)) * ((R n) $$ (0,0)) +
((R n)† $$ (0,1)) * ((R n) $$ (1,0))
using ⟨dim-row (R n) = 2 ^ 1⟩ ⟨square-mat (R n)⟩ sumof2 by
fastforce
also have ... = 1 using R-dagger-mat R-def index-mat-of-cols-list
by (smt (verit, del-ists) Suc-1 Suc-eq-plus1 add.commute add-0
index-mat(1)
lessI list.size(3) list.size(4) mult-1 mult-zero-left nth-Cons-0
nth-Cons-Suc old.prod.case pos2)
also have ... = 1_m 2 $$ (0,0) by simp
finally show ?thesis using i0 j0 by simp
qed
next
assume j1:j = 1
show (R n† * R n) $$ (i, j) = 1_m 2 $$ (i, j)
proof -
have (R n† * R n) $$ (0,1) = ((R n)† $$ (0,0)) * ((R n) $$ (0,1)) +
((R n)† $$ (0,1)) * ((R n) $$ (1,1))
using ⟨dim-row (R n) = 2 ^ 1⟩ ⟨square-mat (R n)⟩ sumof2 by

```

```

fastforce
  also have ... = 0 using R-dagger-mat R-def index-mat-of-cols-list
  by (smt (verit) Suc-1 Suc-eq-plus1 add-cancel-left-left index-mat(1))
lessI
  list.size(3) list.size(4) mult-eq-0-iff nth-Cons-0 nth-Cons-Suc
old.prod.case
  pos2)
  also have ... = 1m 2 $$ (0,1) by simp
  finally show ?thesis using i0 j1 by simp
qed
qed
next
  assume i1:i = 1
  show ((R n†) * R n) $$ (i, j) = 1m 2 $$ (i, j)
  proof (rule disjE)
    show j = 0 ∨ j = 1 using j2 by auto
  next
    assume j0:j = 0
    show (R n† * R n) $$ (i, j) = 1m 2 $$ (i, j)
    proof -
      have (R n† * R n) $$ (1,0) = ((R n†) $$ (1,0)) * ((R n) $$ (0,0)) +
        ((R n†) $$ (1,1)) * ((R n) $$ (1,0))
      using ⟨dim-row (R n) = 2^1⟩ ⟨square-mat (R n)⟩ sumof2 by
fastforce
  also have ... = 0 using R-dagger-mat R-def index-mat-of-cols-list
  by (smt (verit) Suc-1 Suc-eq-plus1 add-cancel-right-right index-mat(1))
lessI
  list.size(3) list.size(4) mult-eq-0-iff nth-Cons-0 nth-Cons-Suc
old.prod.case
  plus-1-eq-Suc pos2)
  also have ... = 1m 2 $$ (1,0) by simp
  finally show ?thesis using i1 j0 by simp
qed
next
  assume j1:j = 1
  show (R n† * R n) $$ (i, j) = 1m 2 $$ (i, j)
  proof -
    have (R n† * R n) $$ (1,1) = ((R n†) $$ (1,0)) * ((R n) $$ (0,1)) +
      ((R n†) $$ (1,1)) * ((R n) $$ (1,1))
    using ⟨dim-row (R n) = 2^1⟩ ⟨square-mat (R n)⟩ sumof2 by
fastforce
  also have ... = exp(-2*pi*i/2^n) * exp(2*pi*i/2^n)
  using R-dagger-mat R-def index-mat-of-cols-list by auto
  also have ... = 1
  by (metis (no-types, lifting) exp-minus-inverse minus-divide-divide
    minus-divide-right mult-minus-left of-real-minus)
  also have ... = 1m 2 $$ (1,1) by simp
  finally show ?thesis using i1 j1 by simp
qed

```

```

      qed
    qed
  qed
next
  show  $\dim\text{-row } (R \ n^\dagger * R \ n) = \dim\text{-row } (1_m \ 2)$ 
    using  $\langle \dim\text{-row } (R \ n) = 2 \wedge 1 \rangle \langle \text{square-mat } (R \ n) \rangle$  by auto
next
  show  $\dim\text{-col } (R \ n^\dagger * R \ n) = \dim\text{-col } (1_m \ 2)$ 
    using  $\langle \dim\text{-row } (R \ n) = 2 \wedge 1 \rangle \langle \text{square-mat } (R \ n) \rangle$  by auto
  qed
next
  show  $R \ n * ((R \ n)^\dagger) = 1_m \ 2$ 
  proof
    show  $\bigwedge i \ j. i < \dim\text{-row } (1_m \ 2) \implies j < \dim\text{-col } (1_m \ 2) \implies$ 
       $(R \ n * (R \ n^\dagger)) \ \$\$ (i, j) = 1_m \ 2 \ \$\$ (i, j)$ 
    proof -
      fix  $i \ j$ 
      assume  $i < \dim\text{-row } (1_m \ 2)$ 
      hence  $i2:i < 2$  by auto
      assume  $j < \dim\text{-col } (1_m \ 2)$ 
      hence  $j2:j < 2$  by auto
      show  $(R \ n * (R \ n^\dagger)) \ \$\$ (i, j) = 1_m \ 2 \ \$\$ (i, j)$ 
      proof (rule disjE)
        show  $i = 0 \vee i = 1$  using  $i2$  by auto
      next
        assume  $i0:i = 0$ 
        show  $(R \ n * (R \ n^\dagger)) \ \$\$ (i, j) = 1_m \ 2 \ \$\$ (i, j)$ 
        proof (rule disjE)
          show  $j = 0 \vee j = 1$  using  $j2$  by auto
        next
          assume  $j0:j = 0$ 
          show  $(R \ n * (R \ n^\dagger)) \ \$\$ (i, j) = 1_m \ 2 \ \$\$ (i, j)$ 
          proof -
            have  $(R \ n * (R \ n^\dagger)) \ \$\$ (0,0) = ((R \ n) \ \$\$ (0,0)) * ((R \ n)^\dagger \ \$\$ (0,0))$ 
            +
               $((R \ n) \ \$\$ (0,1)) * ((R \ n)^\dagger \ \$\$ (1,0))$ 
            using  $\langle \dim\text{-row } (R \ n) = 2 \wedge 1 \rangle \langle \text{square-mat } (R \ n) \rangle$  sumof2 by
            fastforce
            also have  $\dots = 1$  using  $R\text{-dagger-mat } R\text{-def index-mat-of-cols-list}$ 
            by simp
            also have  $\dots = 1_m \ 2 \ \$\$ (0,0)$  by simp
            finally show ?thesis using  $i0 \ j0$  by simp
          qed
        next
          assume  $j1:j = 1$ 
          show  $(R \ n * (R \ n^\dagger)) \ \$\$ (i, j) = 1_m \ 2 \ \$\$ (i, j)$ 
          proof -
            have  $(R \ n * (R \ n^\dagger)) \ \$\$ (0,1) = ((R \ n) \ \$\$ (0,0)) * ((R \ n)^\dagger \ \$\$ (0,1))$ 
            +

```

```

      ((R n) $$ (0,1)) * ((R n)† $$ (1,1))
    using ⟨dim-row (R n) = 2^1⟩ ⟨square-mat (R n)⟩ sumof2 by
fastforce
    also have ... = 0 using R-dagger-mat R-def index-mat-of-cols-list
by simp
    also have ... = 1m 2 $$ (0,1) by simp
    finally show ?thesis using i0 j1 by simp
  qed
next
  assume i1:i = 1
  show (R n * (R n†)) $$ (i, j) = 1m 2 $$ (i, j)
  proof (rule disjE)
    show j = 0 ∨ j = 1 using j2 by auto
  next
    assume j0:j = 0
    show (R n * (R n†)) $$ (i, j) = 1m 2 $$ (i, j)
    proof -
      have (R n * (R n†)) $$ (1,0) = ((R n) $$ (1,0)) * ((R n)† $$ (0,0))
+
      ((R n) $$ (1,1)) * ((R n)† $$ (1,0))
    using ⟨dim-row (R n) = 2^1⟩ ⟨square-mat (R n)⟩ sumof2 by
fastforce
    also have ... = 1m 2 $$ (1,0)
    using R-dagger-mat R-def index-mat-of-cols-list by simp
    finally show ?thesis using i1 j0 by simp
  qed
next
  assume j1:j = 1
  show (R n * (R n†)) $$ (i, j) = 1m 2 $$ (i, j)
  proof -
    have (R n * (R n†)) $$ (1,1) = ((R n) $$ (1,0)) * ((R n)† $$ (0,1))
+
    ((R n) $$ (1,1)) * ((R n)† $$ (1,1))
  using ⟨dim-row (R n) = 2^1⟩ ⟨square-mat (R n)⟩ sumof2 by
fastforce
  also have ... = exp(2*pi*i/2^n) * exp(-2*pi*i/2^n)
  using R-dagger-mat R-def index-mat-of-cols-list by simp
  also have ... = 1
  by (simp add: exp-minus-inverse)
  also have ... = 1m 2 $$ (1,1) by simp
  finally show ?thesis using i1 j1 by simp
  qed
qed
qed
qed
next
show dim-row (R n * (R n†)) = dim-row (1m 2)
by (simp add: ⟨dim-row (R n) = 2^1⟩)

```



```

next
  show  $\dim\text{-col } (R \ n * (R \ n^\dagger)) = \dim\text{-col } (1_m \ 2)$ 
  by (simp add:  $\langle \dim\text{-row } (R \ n) = 2 \wedge 1 \rangle$ )
qed
qed
thus ?thesis using unitary-def R-def mat-of-cols-list-def by auto
qed
qed

```

lemma *SWAP-dagger-mat:*

shows $SWAP^\dagger = SWAP$

proof –

have $SWAP^\dagger = \text{Matrix.mat } 4 \ 4 \ (\lambda(i,j). \text{cnj } (SWAP \ \$\$ (j,i)))$

using dagger-def SWAP-carrier-mat

by (metis SWAP-ncols carrier-matD(1))

also have $\dots = \text{Matrix.mat } 4 \ 4 \ (\lambda(i,j). \text{cnj } (SWAP \ \$\$ (i,j)))$

using SWAP-def SWAP-index

proof –

obtain $nn :: (\text{nat} \times \text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{complex}) \Rightarrow (\text{nat} \times \text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{complex}) \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{nat}$
 $\Rightarrow \text{nat}$ **and** $nna :: (\text{nat} \times \text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{complex}) \Rightarrow (\text{nat} \times \text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{complex}) \Rightarrow \text{nat} \Rightarrow$
 $\text{nat} \Rightarrow \text{nat}$ **where**

$\forall x0 \ x1 \ x3 \ x5. (\exists v6 \ v7. (v6 < x5 \wedge v7 < x3) \wedge x1 \ (v6, v7) \neq x0 \ (v6, v7))$
 $= ((nn \ x0 \ x1 \ x3 \ x5 < x5 \wedge nna \ x0 \ x1 \ x3 \ x5 < x3) \wedge x1 \ (nn \ x0 \ x1 \ x3 \ x5, nna \ x0$
 $x1 \ x3 \ x5) \neq x0 \ (nn \ x0 \ x1 \ x3 \ x5, nna \ x0 \ x1 \ x3 \ x5))$

by moura

then have $\forall n \ na \ nb \ nc \ f \ fa. (n \neq na \vee nb \neq nc \vee (nn \ fa \ f \ nb \ n < n \wedge nna$
 $fa \ f \ nb \ n < nb) \wedge f \ (nn \ fa \ f \ nb \ n, nna \ fa \ f \ nb \ n) \neq fa \ (nn \ fa \ f \ nb \ n, nna \ fa \ f \ nb$
 $n)) \vee \text{Matrix.mat } n \ nb \ f = \text{Matrix.mat } na \ nc \ fa$

by (meson cong-mat)

moreover

{ assume $nn \ (\lambda(na, n). \text{cnj } (SWAP \ \$\$ (n, na))) \ (\lambda(na, n). \text{cnj } (SWAP \ \$\$ (na,$
 $n))) \ 4 \ 4 \neq 3 \vee nna \ (\lambda(na, n). \text{cnj } (SWAP \ \$\$ (n, na))) \ (\lambda(na, n). \text{cnj } (SWAP \ \$\$$
 $(na, n))) \ 4 \ 4 \neq 3$

then have (if $nn \ (\lambda(na, n). \text{cnj } (SWAP \ \$\$ (n, na))) \ (\lambda(na, n). \text{cnj } (SWAP$
 $\$\$ (na, n))) \ 4 \ 4 \neq 2 \vee nna \ (\lambda(na, n). \text{cnj } (SWAP \ \$\$ (n, na))) \ (\lambda(na, n). \text{cnj } (SWAP$
 $\$\$ (na, n))) \ 4 \ 4 \neq 1$ then if $nn \ (\lambda(na, n). \text{cnj } (SWAP \ \$\$ (n, na))) \ (\lambda(na,$
 $n). \text{cnj } (SWAP \ \$\$ (na, n))) \ 4 \ 4 \neq 3 \vee nna \ (\lambda(na, n). \text{cnj } (SWAP \ \$\$ (n, na)))$
 $(\lambda(na, n). \text{cnj } (SWAP \ \$\$ (na, n))) \ 4 \ 4 \neq 3$ then (if $nn \ (\lambda(na, n). \text{cnj } (SWAP$
 $\$\$ (n, na))) \ (\lambda(na, n). \text{cnj } (SWAP \ \$\$ (na, n))) \ 4 \ 4 = 0 \wedge nna \ (\lambda(na, n). \text{cnj } (SWAP$
 $\$\$ (n, na))) \ (\lambda(na, n). \text{cnj } (SWAP \ \$\$ (na, n))) \ 4 \ 4 = 0$ then $1::\text{complex}$
else if $nn \ (\lambda(na, n). \text{cnj } (SWAP \ \$\$ (n, na))) \ (\lambda(na, n). \text{cnj } (SWAP \ \$\$ (na, n)))$
 $4 \ 4 = 1 \wedge nna \ (\lambda(na, n). \text{cnj } (SWAP \ \$\$ (n, na))) \ (\lambda(na, n). \text{cnj } (SWAP \ \$\$ (na,$
 $n))) \ 4 \ 4 = 2$ then 1 else if $nn \ (\lambda(na, n). \text{cnj } (SWAP \ \$\$ (n, na))) \ (\lambda(na, n). \text{cnj } (SWAP$
 $\$\$ (na, n))) \ 4 \ 4 = 2 \wedge nna \ (\lambda(na, n). \text{cnj } (SWAP \ \$\$ (n, na))) \ (\lambda(na, n). \text{cnj } (SWAP$
 $\$\$ (na, n))) \ 4 \ 4 = 1$ then 1 else if $nn \ (\lambda(na, n). \text{cnj } (SWAP \ \$\$ (n,$
 $na))) \ (\lambda(na, n). \text{cnj } (SWAP \ \$\$ (na, n))) \ 4 \ 4 = 3 \wedge nna \ (\lambda(na, n). \text{cnj } (SWAP$
 $\$\$ (n, na))) \ (\lambda(na, n). \text{cnj } (SWAP \ \$\$ (na, n))) \ 4 \ 4 = 3$ then 1 else $0) = 0$ else
(if $nn \ (\lambda(na, n). \text{cnj } (SWAP \ \$\$ (n, na))) \ (\lambda(na, n). \text{cnj } (SWAP \ \$\$ (na, n))) \ 4$
 $4 = 0 \wedge nna \ (\lambda(na, n). \text{cnj } (SWAP \ \$\$ (n, na))) \ (\lambda(na, n). \text{cnj } (SWAP \ \$\$ (na,$

[illegible]


```

fix i j
assume i < dim-row (1m 4)
hence i4:i < 4 by auto
assume j < dim-col (1m 4)
hence j4:j < 4 by auto
show (control2 U * ((control2 U)†)) $$ (i, j) = 1m 4 $$ (i, j)
proof (rule disjE)
  show i = 0 ∨ i = 1 ∨ i = 2 ∨ i = 3 using i4 by auto
next
  assume i0:i = 0
  show (control2 U * ((control2 U)†)) $$ (i, j) = 1m 4 $$ (i, j)
  proof (rule disjE)
    show j = 0 ∨ j = 1 ∨ j = 2 ∨ j = 3 using j4 by auto
  next
    assume j0:j = 0
    show (control2 U * ((control2 U)†)) $$ (i, j) = 1m 4 $$ (i, j)
    proof -
      have (control2 U * ((control2 U)†)) $$ (0, 0) =
        (control2 U) $$ (0, 0) * ((control2 U)†) $$ (0, 0) +
        (control2 U) $$ (0, 1) * ((control2 U)†) $$ (1, 0) +
        (control2 U) $$ (0, 2) * ((control2 U)†) $$ (2, 0) +
        (control2 U) $$ (0, 3) * ((control2 U)†) $$ (3, 0)
      using times-mat-def sumof4
      by (smt (z3) carrier-matD(1) carrier-matD(2) control2-carrier-mat
dagger-def
        dim-col-of-dagger dim-row-mat(1) i0 i4 index-matrix-prod)
      also have ... = ((control2 U)†) $$ (0, 0)
      using control2-def index-mat-of-cols-list by force
      also have ... = cnj ((control2 U) $$ (0, 0))
      using dagger-def
      by (metis carrier-matD(1) carrier-matD(2) control2-carrier-mat i0 i4
index-mat(1)
        old.prod.case)
      also have ... = 1 using control2-def index-mat-of-cols-list by auto
      also have ... = 1m 4 $$ (0, 0) by simp
      finally show ?thesis using i0 j0 by simp
    qed
  next
    assume jl3:j = 1 ∨ j = 2 ∨ j = 3
    show (control2 U * ((control2 U)†)) $$ (i, j) = 1m 4 $$ (i, j)
    proof (rule disjE)
      show j = 1 ∨ j = 2 ∨ j = 3 using jl3 by this
    next
      assume j1:j = 1
      show (control2 U * ((control2 U)†)) $$ (i, j) = 1m 4 $$ (i, j)
      proof -
        have (control2 U * ((control2 U)†)) $$ (0, 1) =
          (control2 U) $$ (0, 0) * ((control2 U)†) $$ (0, 1) +
          (control2 U) $$ (0, 1) * ((control2 U)†) $$ (1, 1) +

```

```

      (control2 U) $$ (0,2) * ((control2 U)†) $$ (2,1) +
      (control2 U) $$ (0,3) * ((control2 U)†) $$ (3,1)
    using times-mat-def sumof4
    by (smt (z3) carrier-matD(1) carrier-matD(2) control2-carrier-mat
dim-col-of-dagger
      dim-row-of-dagger i0 i4 index-matrix-prod j1 j4)
    also have ... = ((control2 U)†) $$ (0,1)
    using control2-def index-mat-of-cols-list by force
    also have ... = cnj ((control2 U) $$ (1,0))
    using dagger-def
    by (metis (mono-tags, lifting) One-nat-def Suc-1 add-Suc-right car-
rier-matD(1)
      carrier-matD(2) control2-carrier-mat index-mat(1) less-Suc-eq-0-disj
numeral-Bit0
      prod.simps(2))
    also have ... = 0 using control2-def index-mat-of-cols-list by auto
    also have ... = 1m 4 $$ (0,1) by simp
    finally show ?thesis using i0 j1 by simp
qed
next
assume j12:j = 2 ∨ j = 3
show (control2 U * ((control2 U)†)) $$ (i, j) = 1m 4 $$ (i, j)
proof (rule disjE)
  show j = 2 ∨ j = 3 using j12 by this
next
assume j2:j = 2
show (control2 U * ((control2 U)†)) $$ (i, j) = 1m 4 $$ (i, j)
proof -
  have (control2 U * ((control2 U)†)) $$ (0,2) =
    (control2 U) $$ (0,0) * ((control2 U)†) $$ (0,2) +
    (control2 U) $$ (0,1) * ((control2 U)†) $$ (1,2) +
    (control2 U) $$ (0,2) * ((control2 U)†) $$ (2,2) +
    (control2 U) $$ (0,3) * ((control2 U)†) $$ (3,2)
  using times-mat-def sumof4
  by (smt (z3) carrier-matD(1) carrier-matD(2) control2-carrier-mat
dim-col-of-dagger
      dim-row-of-dagger i0 i4 index-matrix-prod j2 j4)
    also have ... = ((control2 U)†) $$ (0,2)
    using control2-def index-mat-of-cols-list by force
    also have ... = cnj ((control2 U) $$ (2,0))
    using dagger-def
    by (smt (verit, del-Insts) carrier-matD(1) carrier-matD(2) con-
trol2-carrier-mat
      index-mat(1) less-add-same-cancel2 numeral-Bit0 prod.simps(2)
zero-less-numeral)
    also have ... = 0 using control2-def index-mat-of-cols-list by auto
    also have ... = 1m 4 $$ (0,2) by simp
    finally show ?thesis using i0 j2 by simp
qed

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next
  assume  $j3:j = 3$ 
  show  $(\text{control2 } U * ((\text{control2 } U)^\dagger)) \text{ } \$\$ (i, j) = 1_m \ 4 \ \$\$ (i, j)$ 
  proof -
    have  $(\text{control2 } U * ((\text{control2 } U)^\dagger)) \text{ } \$\$ (0,3) =$ 
       $(\text{control2 } U) \text{ } \$\$ (0,0) * ((\text{control2 } U)^\dagger) \text{ } \$\$ (0,3) +$ 
       $(\text{control2 } U) \text{ } \$\$ (0,1) * ((\text{control2 } U)^\dagger) \text{ } \$\$ (1,3) +$ 
       $(\text{control2 } U) \text{ } \$\$ (0,2) * ((\text{control2 } U)^\dagger) \text{ } \$\$ (2,3) +$ 
       $(\text{control2 } U) \text{ } \$\$ (0,3) * ((\text{control2 } U)^\dagger) \text{ } \$\$ (3,3)$ 
    using times-mat-def sumof4
    by (smt (z3) carrier-matD(1) carrier-matD(2) control2-carrier-mat
dim-col-of-dagger
      dim-row-of-dagger i0 i4 index-matrix-prod j3 j4)
    also have  $\dots = ((\text{control2 } U)^\dagger) \text{ } \$\$ (0,3)$ 
    using control2-def index-mat-of-cols-list by force
    also have  $\dots = \text{cnj } ((\text{control2 } U) \text{ } \$\$ (3,0))$ 
    using dagger-def
    by (metis carrier-matD(1) carrier-matD(2) control2-carrier-mat
index-mat(1) j3 j4
      prod.simps(2) zero-less-numeral)
    also have  $\dots = 0$  using control2-def index-mat-of-cols-list by auto
    also have  $\dots = 1_m \ 4 \ \$\$ (0,3)$  by simp
    finally show ?thesis using i0 j3 by simp
  qed
qed
qed
qed
next
  assume  $il3:i = 1 \vee i = 2 \vee i = 3$ 
  show  $(\text{control2 } U * ((\text{control2 } U)^\dagger)) \text{ } \$\$ (i, j) = 1_m \ 4 \ \$\$ (i, j)$ 
  proof (rule disjE)
    show  $i = 1 \vee i = 2 \vee i = 3$  using il3 by this
  next
    assume  $i1:i = 1$ 
    show  $(\text{control2 } U * ((\text{control2 } U)^\dagger)) \text{ } \$\$ (i, j) = 1_m \ 4 \ \$\$ (i, j)$ 
    proof (rule disjE)
      show  $jl4:j = 0 \vee j = 1 \vee j = 2 \vee j = 3$  using j4 by auto
    next
      assume  $j0:j = 0$ 
      show  $(\text{control2 } U * ((\text{control2 } U)^\dagger)) \text{ } \$\$ (i, j) = 1_m \ 4 \ \$\$ (i, j)$ 
      proof -
        have  $(\text{control2 } U * ((\text{control2 } U)^\dagger)) \text{ } \$\$ (1,0) =$ 
           $(\text{control2 } U) \text{ } \$\$ (1,0) * ((\text{control2 } U)^\dagger) \text{ } \$\$ (0,0) +$ 
           $(\text{control2 } U) \text{ } \$\$ (1,1) * ((\text{control2 } U)^\dagger) \text{ } \$\$ (1,0) +$ 
           $(\text{control2 } U) \text{ } \$\$ (1,2) * ((\text{control2 } U)^\dagger) \text{ } \$\$ (2,0) +$ 
           $(\text{control2 } U) \text{ } \$\$ (1,3) * ((\text{control2 } U)^\dagger) \text{ } \$\$ (3,0)$ 
        using times-mat-def sumof4
        by (smt (z3) carrier-matD(1) carrier-matD(2) control2-carrier-mat
dim-col-of-dagger

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      dim-row-of-dagger i1 i4 index-matrix-prod j0 j4)
    also have ... = (control2 U) $$ (1,1) * ((control2 U)†) $$ (1,0) +
      (control2 U) $$ (1,3) * ((control2 U)†) $$ (3,0)
    using control2-def index-mat-of-cols-list by force
    also have ... = (control2 U) $$ (1,1) * (cnj ((control2 U) $$ (0,1))) +
      (control2 U) $$ (1,3) * (cnj ((control2 U) $$ (0,3)))
    using dagger-def
    by (smt (verit, ccfv-threshold) One-nat-def Suc-1 add.commute
add-Suc-right
      carrier-matD(1) carrier-matD(2) control2-carrier-mat i1 i4
index-mat(1) j0 j4
      lessI numeral-3-eq-3 numeral-Bit0 plus-1-eq-Suc prod.simps(2))
    also have ... = (control2 U) $$ (1,1) * (cnj 0) +
      (control2 U) $$ (1,3) * (cnj 0)
    using control2-def index-mat-of-cols-list by simp
    also have ... = 0 by auto
    also have ... = 1m 4 $$ (1,0) by simp
    finally show ?thesis using i1 j0 by simp
qed
next
assume j1:j = 1 ∨ j = 2 ∨ j = 3
show (control2 U * ((control2 U)†)) $$ (i, j) = 1m 4 $$ (i, j)
proof (rule disjE)
  show j = 1 ∨ j = 2 ∨ j = 3 using j1 by this
next
assume j1:j = 1
show (control2 U * ((control2 U)†)) $$ (i, j) = 1m 4 $$ (i, j)
proof -
  have (control2 U * ((control2 U)†)) $$ (1,1) =
    (control2 U) $$ (1,0) * ((control2 U)†) $$ (0,1) +
    (control2 U) $$ (1,1) * ((control2 U)†) $$ (1,1) +
    (control2 U) $$ (1,2) * ((control2 U)†) $$ (2,1) +
    (control2 U) $$ (1,3) * ((control2 U)†) $$ (3,1)
  using times-mat-def sumof4
  by (smt (z3) carrier-matD(1) carrier-matD(2) control2-carrier-mat
dim-col-of-dagger
      dim-row-of-dagger i1 i4 index-matrix-prod j1 j4)
    also have ... = (control2 U) $$ (1,1) * ((control2 U)†) $$ (1,1) +
      (control2 U) $$ (1,3) * ((control2 U)†) $$ (3,1)
    using control2-def index-mat-of-cols-list by force
    also have ... = (control2 U) $$ (1,1) * (cnj ((control2 U) $$ (1,1)))
+
      (control2 U) $$ (1,3) * (cnj ((control2 U) $$ (1,3)))
    using dagger-def
    by (smt (verit, best) One-nat-def Suc-1 add.commute add-Suc-right
carrier-matD(1)
      carrier-matD(2) control2-carrier-mat i1 i4 index-mat(1) lessI
numeral-3-eq-3
      numeral-Bit0 plus-1-eq-Suc prod.simps(2))

```

```

    also have ... = U $$ (0,0) * (cnj (U $$ (0,0))) +
      U $$ (0,1) * (cnj (U $$ (0,1)))
    using control2-def index-mat-of-cols-list by simp
    also have ... = (U $$ (0,0)) * ((U†) $$ (0,0)) +
      (U $$ (0,1)) * ((U†) $$ (1,0))
    using dagger-def assms(1) gate-def by force
    also have ... = (U * (U†)) $$ (0,0)
    using times-mat-def assms(1) gate-carrier-mat sumof2
  by (smt (z3) carrier-matD(2) dagger-def dim-col-mat(1) dim-row-of-dagger

      gate.dim-row index-matrix-prod pos2 power-one-right)
    also have ... = (1m 2) $$ (0,0) using assms(1) gate-def unitary-def
  by auto
    also have ... = 1 by auto
    also have ... = 1m 4 $$ (1,1) by simp
    finally show ?thesis using i1 j1 by simp
  qed
next
  assume jl2:j = 2 ∨ j = 3
  show (control2 U * ((control2 U)†)) $$ (i, j) = 1m 4 $$ (i, j)
  proof (rule disjE)
    show j = 2 ∨ j = 3 using jl2 by this
  next
    assume j2:j = 2
    show (control2 U * ((control2 U)†)) $$ (i, j) = 1m 4 $$ (i, j)
    proof -
      have (control2 U * ((control2 U)†)) $$ (1,2) =
        (control2 U) $$ (1,0) * ((control2 U)†) $$ (0,2) +
        (control2 U) $$ (1,1) * ((control2 U)†) $$ (1,2) +
        (control2 U) $$ (1,2) * ((control2 U)†) $$ (2,2) +
        (control2 U) $$ (1,3) * ((control2 U)†) $$ (3,2)
      using times-mat-def sumof4
      by (smt (z3) carrier-matD(1) carrier-matD(2) control2-carrier-mat
          dim-col-of-dagger
              dim-row-of-dagger i1 i4 index-matrix-prod j2 j4)
      also have ... = (control2 U) $$ (1,1) * ((control2 U)†) $$ (1,2) +
        (control2 U) $$ (1,3) * ((control2 U)†) $$ (3,2)
      using control2-def index-mat-of-cols-list by force
      also have ... = (control2 U) $$ (1,1) * (cnj ((control2 U) $$ (2,1)))
    +
      (control2 U) $$ (1,3) * (cnj ((control2 U) $$ (2,3)))
      using dagger-def
      by (smt (verit, ccfv-threshold) One-nat-def Suc-1 add commute
          add-Suc-right
              carrier-matD(1) carrier-matD(2) control2-carrier-mat i1 i4
              index-mat(1) j2 j4
                  lessI numeral-3-eq-3 numeral-Bit0 plus-1-eq-Suc prod.simps(2))
      also have ... = (control2 U) $$ (1,1) * (cnj 0) +
        (control2 U) $$ (1,3) * (cnj 0)

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    using control2-def index-mat-of-cols-list by simp
    also have ... = 0 by auto
    also have ... = 1m 4 $$ (1,2) by simp
    finally show ?thesis using i1 j2 by simp
qed
next
assume j3:j = 3
show (control2 U * ((control2 U)†)) $$ (i, j) = 1m 4 $$ (i, j)
proof -
  have (control2 U * ((control2 U)†)) $$ (1,3) =
    (control2 U) $$ (1,0) * ((control2 U)†) $$ (0,3) +
    (control2 U) $$ (1,1) * ((control2 U)†) $$ (1,3) +
    (control2 U) $$ (1,2) * ((control2 U)†) $$ (2,3) +
    (control2 U) $$ (1,3) * ((control2 U)†) $$ (3,3)
  using times-mat-def sumof4
  by (smt (z3) carrier-matD(1) carrier-matD(2) control2-carrier-mat
dim-col-of-dagger
    dim-row-of-dagger i1 i4 index-matrix-prod j3 j4)
  also have ... = (control2 U) $$ (1,1) * ((control2 U)†) $$ (1,3) +
    (control2 U) $$ (1,3) * ((control2 U)†) $$ (3,3)
  using control2-def index-mat-of-cols-list by force
  also have ... = (control2 U) $$ (1,1) * (cnj ((control2 U) $$ (3,1)))
+
    (control2 U) $$ (1,3) * (cnj ((control2 U) $$ (3,3)))
  using dagger-def
  by (smt (verit, best) One-nat-def Suc-1 add.commute add-Suc-right
carrier-matD(1)
    carrier-matD(2) control2-carrier-mat i1 i4 index-mat(1) lessI
numeral-3-eq-3
    numeral-Bit0 plus-1-eq-Suc prod.simps(2))
  also have ... = U $$ (0,0) * (cnj (U $$ (1,0))) +
    U $$ (0,1) * (cnj (U $$ (1,1)))
  using control2-def index-mat-of-cols-list by simp
  also have ... = (U $$ (0,0)) * ((U†) $$ (0,1)) +
    (U $$ (0,1)) * ((U†) $$ (1,1))
  using dagger-def assms(1) gate-def by force
  also have ... = (U * (U†)) $$ (0,1)
  using times-mat-def assms(1) gate-carrier-mat sumof2
  by (smt (z3) Suc-1 carrier-matD(2) dagger-def dim-col-mat(1)
dim-row-of-dagger
    gate.dim-row index-matrix-prod lessI pos2 power-one-right)
  also have ... = (1m 2) $$ (0,1) using assms(1) gate-def unitary-def
by auto
  also have ... = 0 by auto
  also have ... = 1m 4 $$ (1,3) by simp
  finally show ?thesis using i1 j3 by simp
qed
qed
qed

```

```

qed
next
  assume  $i2:i = 2 \vee i = 3$ 
  show  $(\text{control2 } U * ((\text{control2 } U)^\dagger)) \text{ } \$\$ (i, j) = 1_m \ 4 \ \$\$ (i, j)$ 
  proof (rule disjE)
    show  $i = 2 \vee i = 3$  using  $i2$  by this
  next
    assume  $i2:i = 2$ 
    show  $(\text{control2 } U * ((\text{control2 } U)^\dagger)) \text{ } \$\$ (i, j) = 1_m \ 4 \ \$\$ (i, j)$ 
    proof (rule disjE)
      show  $j = 0 \vee j = 1 \vee j = 2 \vee j = 3$  using  $j4$  by auto
    next
      assume  $j0:j = 0$ 
      show  $(\text{control2 } U * ((\text{control2 } U)^\dagger)) \text{ } \$\$ (i, j) = 1_m \ 4 \ \$\$ (i, j)$ 
      proof -
        have  $(\text{control2 } U * ((\text{control2 } U)^\dagger)) \text{ } \$\$ (2,0) =$ 
           $(\text{control2 } U) \text{ } \$\$ (2,0) * ((\text{control2 } U)^\dagger) \text{ } \$\$ (0,0) +$ 
           $(\text{control2 } U) \text{ } \$\$ (2,1) * ((\text{control2 } U)^\dagger) \text{ } \$\$ (1,0) +$ 
           $(\text{control2 } U) \text{ } \$\$ (2,2) * ((\text{control2 } U)^\dagger) \text{ } \$\$ (2,0) +$ 
           $(\text{control2 } U) \text{ } \$\$ (2,3) * ((\text{control2 } U)^\dagger) \text{ } \$\$ (3,0)$ 
        using times-mat-def sumof4
        by (smt (z3) carrier-matD(1) carrier-matD(2) control2-carrier-mat
          dim-col-of-dagger
          dim-row-of-dagger  $i2 \ i4$  index-matrix-prod  $j0 \ j4$ )
        also have  $\dots = ((\text{control2 } U)^\dagger) \text{ } \$\$ (2,0)$ 
        using control2-def index-mat-of-cols-list by force
        also have  $\dots = \text{cnj } ((\text{control2 } U) \text{ } \$\$ (0,2))$ 
        using dagger-def
        by (metis carrier-matD(1) carrier-matD(2) control2-carrier-mat  $i2 \ i4$ 
          index-mat(1)
           $j0 \ j4$  prod.simps(2))
        also have  $\dots = 0$  using control2-def index-mat-of-cols-list by auto
        also have  $\dots = 1_m \ 4 \ \$\$ (2,0)$  by simp
        finally show ?thesis using  $i2 \ j0$  by simp
      qed
    next
      assume  $j1:j = 1$ 
      show  $(\text{control2 } U * ((\text{control2 } U)^\dagger)) \text{ } \$\$ (i, j) = 1_m \ 4 \ \$\$ (i, j)$ 
      proof -
        have  $(\text{control2 } U * ((\text{control2 } U)^\dagger)) \text{ } \$\$ (2,1) =$ 
           $(\text{control2 } U) \text{ } \$\$ (2,0) * ((\text{control2 } U)^\dagger) \text{ } \$\$ (0,1) +$ 
           $(\text{control2 } U) \text{ } \$\$ (2,1) * ((\text{control2 } U)^\dagger) \text{ } \$\$ (1,1) +$ 
           $(\text{control2 } U) \text{ } \$\$ (2,2) * ((\text{control2 } U)^\dagger) \text{ } \$\$ (2,1) +$ 
           $(\text{control2 } U) \text{ } \$\$ (2,3) * ((\text{control2 } U)^\dagger) \text{ } \$\$ (3,1)$ 

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    using times-mat-def sumof4
    by (smt (z3) carrier-matD(1) carrier-matD(2) control2-carrier-mat
dim-col-of-dagger
      dim-row-of-dagger i2 i4 index-matrix-prod j1 j4)
    also have ... = ((control2 U)†) $$ (2,1)
    using control2-def index-mat-of-cols-list by force
    also have ... = cnj ((control2 U) $$ (1,2))
    using dagger-def
    by (metis carrier-matD(1) carrier-matD(2) control2-carrier-mat i2
i4 index-mat(1)
      j1 j4 prod.simps(2))
    also have ... = 0 using control2-def index-mat-of-cols-list by auto
    also have ... = 1m 4 $$ (2,1) by simp
    finally show ?thesis using i2 j1 by simp
qed
next
assume jl2:j = 2 ∨ j = 3
show (control2 U * ((control2 U)†)) $$ (i, j) = 1m 4 $$ (i, j)
proof (rule disjE)
  show j = 2 ∨ j = 3 using jl2 by this
next
assume j2:j = 2
show (control2 U * ((control2 U)†)) $$ (i, j) = 1m 4 $$ (i, j)
proof -
  have (control2 U * ((control2 U)†)) $$ (2,2) =
    (control2 U) $$ (2,0) * ((control2 U)†) $$ (0,2) +
    (control2 U) $$ (2,1) * ((control2 U)†) $$ (1,2) +
    (control2 U) $$ (2,2) * ((control2 U)†) $$ (2,2) +
    (control2 U) $$ (2,3) * ((control2 U)†) $$ (3,2)
  using times-mat-def sumof4
  by (smt (z3) carrier-matD(1) carrier-matD(2) control2-carrier-mat
dim-col-of-dagger
      dim-row-of-dagger i2 i4 index-matrix-prod j2 j4)
  also have ... = ((control2 U)†) $$ (2,2)
  using control2-def index-mat-of-cols-list by force
  also have ... = cnj ((control2 U) $$ (2,2))
  using dagger-def
  by (metis carrier-matD(1) carrier-matD(2) control2-carrier-mat i2
index-mat(1)
      j2 j4 prod.simps(2))
  also have ... = 1 using control2-def index-mat-of-cols-list by auto
  also have ... = 1m 4 $$ (2,2) by simp
  finally show ?thesis using i2 j2 by simp
qed
next
assume j3:j = 3
show (control2 U * ((control2 U)†)) $$ (i, j) = 1m 4 $$ (i, j)
proof -
  have (control2 U * ((control2 U)†)) $$ (2,3) =

```



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      (control2 U) $$ (2,0) * ((control2 U)†) $$ (0,3) +
      (control2 U) $$ (2,1) * ((control2 U)†) $$ (1,3) +
      (control2 U) $$ (2,2) * ((control2 U)†) $$ (2,3) +
      (control2 U) $$ (2,3) * ((control2 U)†) $$ (3,3)
    using times-mat-def sumof4
    by (smt (z3) carrier-matD(1) carrier-matD(2) control2-carrier-mat
dim-col-of-dagger
      dim-row-of-dagger i2 i4 index-matrix-prod j3 j4)
    also have ... = ((control2 U)†) $$ (2,3)
    using control2-def index-mat-of-cols-list by force
    also have ... = cnj ((control2 U) $$ (3,2))
    using dagger-def
    by (metis carrier-matD(1) carrier-matD(2) control2-carrier-mat i2
i4 index-mat(1)
      j3 j4 prod.simps(2))
    also have ... = 0 using control2-def index-mat-of-cols-list by auto
    also have ... = 1m 4 $$ (2,3) by simp
    finally show ?thesis using i2 j3 by simp
  qed
qed
qed
qed
next
  assume i3:i = 3
  show (control2 U * ((control2 U)†)) $$ (i, j) = 1m 4 $$ (i, j)
  proof (rule disjE)
    show j = 0 ∨ j = 1 ∨ j = 2 ∨ j = 3 using j4 by auto
  next
    assume j0:j = 0
    show (control2 U * ((control2 U)†)) $$ (i, j) = 1m 4 $$ (i, j)
    proof -
      have (control2 U * ((control2 U)†)) $$ (3,0) =
        (control2 U) $$ (3,0) * ((control2 U)†) $$ (0,0) +
        (control2 U) $$ (3,1) * ((control2 U)†) $$ (1,0) +
        (control2 U) $$ (3,2) * ((control2 U)†) $$ (2,0) +
        (control2 U) $$ (3,3) * ((control2 U)†) $$ (3,0)
      using times-mat-def sumof4
      by (smt (z3) carrier-matD(1) carrier-matD(2) control2-carrier-mat
dim-col-of-dagger
        dim-row-of-dagger i3 i4 index-matrix-prod j0 j4)
      also have ... = (control2 U) $$ (3,1) * ((control2 U)†) $$ (1,0) +
        (control2 U) $$ (3,3) * ((control2 U)†) $$ (3,0)
      using control2-def index-mat-of-cols-list by force
      also have ... = (control2 U) $$ (3,1) * (cnj ((control2 U) $$ (0,1))) +
        (control2 U) $$ (3,3) * (cnj ((control2 U) $$ (0,3)))
      using dagger-def Tensor.mat-of-cols-list-def control2-def by auto
      also have ... = (control2 U) $$ (3,1) * (cnj 0) +
        (control2 U) $$ (3,3) * (cnj 0)
      using control2-def index-mat-of-cols-list by simp
    qed
  qed

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```

    also have ... = 0 by auto
    also have ... = 1m 4 $$ (3,0) by simp
    finally show ?thesis using i3 j0 by simp
qed
next
assume jl3:j = 1 ∨ j = 2 ∨ j = 3
show (control2 U * ((control2 U)†)) $$ (i, j) = 1m 4 $$ (i, j)
proof (rule disjE)
  show j = 1 ∨ j = 2 ∨ j = 3 using jl3 by this
next
assume j1:j = 1
show (control2 U * ((control2 U)†)) $$ (i, j) = 1m 4 $$ (i, j)
proof -
  have (control2 U * ((control2 U)†)) $$ (3,1) =
    (control2 U) $$ (3,0) * ((control2 U)†) $$ (0,1) +
    (control2 U) $$ (3,1) * ((control2 U)†) $$ (1,1) +
    (control2 U) $$ (3,2) * ((control2 U)†) $$ (2,1) +
    (control2 U) $$ (3,3) * ((control2 U)†) $$ (3,1)
  using times-mat-def sumof4
  by (smt (z3) carrier-matD(1) carrier-matD(2) control2-carrier-mat
dim-col-of-dagger
    dim-row-of-dagger i3 i4 index-matrix-prod j1 j4)
  also have ... = (control2 U) $$ (3,1) * ((control2 U)†) $$ (1,1) +
    (control2 U) $$ (3,3) * ((control2 U)†) $$ (3,1)
  using control2-def index-mat-of-cols-list by force
  also have ... = (control2 U) $$ (3,1) * (cnj ((control2 U) $$ (1,1))) +
    (control2 U) $$ (3,3) * (cnj ((control2 U) $$ (1,3)))
  using dagger-def Tensor.mat-of-cols-list-def control2-def by auto
  also have ... = U $$ (1,0) * (cnj (U $$ (0,0))) +
    U $$ (1,1) * (cnj (U $$ (0,1)))
  using control2-def index-mat-of-cols-list by simp
  also have ... = (U $$ (1,0)) * ((U†) $$ (0,0)) +
    (U $$ (1,1)) * ((U†) $$ (1,0))
  using dagger-def assms(1) gate-def by force
  also have ... = (U * (U†)) $$ (1,0)
  using times-mat-def assms(1) gate-carrier-mat sumof2
  by (smt (z3) Suc-1 carrier-matD(2) dagger-def dim-col-mat(1)
dim-row-of-dagger
    gate.dim-row index-matrix-prod lessI pos2 power-one-right)
  also have ... = (1m 2) $$ (1,0) using assms(1) gate-def unitary-def
by auto
  also have ... = 0 by auto
  also have ... = 1m 4 $$ (3,1) by simp
  finally show ?thesis using i3 j1 by simp
qed
next
assume jl2:j = 2 ∨ j = 3
show (control2 U * ((control2 U)†)) $$ (i, j) = 1m 4 $$ (i, j)
proof (rule disjE)

```

```

show  $j = 2 \vee j = 3$  using j12 by this
next
assume  $j2:j = 2$ 
show  $(\text{control2 } U * ((\text{control2 } U)^\dagger)) \text{ } \$\$ (i, j) = 1_m \ 4 \ \$\$ (i, j)$ 
proof -
  have  $(\text{control2 } U * ((\text{control2 } U)^\dagger)) \text{ } \$\$ (3, 2) =$ 
     $(\text{control2 } U) \text{ } \$\$ (3, 0) * ((\text{control2 } U)^\dagger) \text{ } \$\$ (0, 2) +$ 
     $(\text{control2 } U) \text{ } \$\$ (3, 1) * ((\text{control2 } U)^\dagger) \text{ } \$\$ (1, 2) +$ 
     $(\text{control2 } U) \text{ } \$\$ (3, 2) * ((\text{control2 } U)^\dagger) \text{ } \$\$ (2, 2) +$ 
     $(\text{control2 } U) \text{ } \$\$ (3, 3) * ((\text{control2 } U)^\dagger) \text{ } \$\$ (3, 2)$ 
  using times-mat-def sumof4
  by (smt (z3) carrier-matD(1) carrier-matD(2) control2-carrier-mat
    dim-col-of-dagger
    dim-row-of-dagger i3 i4 index-matrix-prod j2 j4)
  also have  $\dots = (\text{control2 } U) \text{ } \$\$ (3, 1) * ((\text{control2 } U)^\dagger) \text{ } \$\$ (1, 2) +$ 
     $(\text{control2 } U) \text{ } \$\$ (3, 3) * ((\text{control2 } U)^\dagger) \text{ } \$\$ (3, 2)$ 
  using control2-def index-mat-of-cols-list by force
  also have  $\dots = (\text{control2 } U) \text{ } \$\$ (3, 1) * (\text{cnj } ((\text{control2 } U) \text{ } \$\$ (2, 1)))$ 
+
     $(\text{control2 } U) \text{ } \$\$ (3, 3) * (\text{cnj } ((\text{control2 } U) \text{ } \$\$ (2, 3)))$ 
  using dagger-def Tensor.mat-of-cols-list-def control2-def by auto
  also have  $\dots = (\text{control2 } U) \text{ } \$\$ (3, 1) * (\text{cnj } 0) +$ 
     $(\text{control2 } U) \text{ } \$\$ (3, 3) * (\text{cnj } 0)$ 
  using control2-def index-mat-of-cols-list by simp
  also have  $\dots = 0$  by auto
  also have  $\dots = 1_m \ 4 \ \$\$ (3, 2)$  by simp
  finally show ?thesis using i3 j2 by simp
qed
next
assume  $j3:j = 3$ 
show  $(\text{control2 } U * ((\text{control2 } U)^\dagger)) \text{ } \$\$ (i, j) = 1_m \ 4 \ \$\$ (i, j)$ 
proof -
  have  $(\text{control2 } U * ((\text{control2 } U)^\dagger)) \text{ } \$\$ (3, 3) =$ 
     $(\text{control2 } U) \text{ } \$\$ (3, 0) * ((\text{control2 } U)^\dagger) \text{ } \$\$ (0, 3) +$ 
     $(\text{control2 } U) \text{ } \$\$ (3, 1) * ((\text{control2 } U)^\dagger) \text{ } \$\$ (1, 3) +$ 
     $(\text{control2 } U) \text{ } \$\$ (3, 2) * ((\text{control2 } U)^\dagger) \text{ } \$\$ (2, 3) +$ 
     $(\text{control2 } U) \text{ } \$\$ (3, 3) * ((\text{control2 } U)^\dagger) \text{ } \$\$ (3, 3)$ 
  using times-mat-def sumof4
  by (smt (z3) carrier-matD(1) carrier-matD(2) control2-carrier-mat
    dim-col-of-dagger
    dim-row-of-dagger i3 i4 index-matrix-prod j3 j4)
  also have  $\dots = (\text{control2 } U) \text{ } \$\$ (3, 1) * ((\text{control2 } U)^\dagger) \text{ } \$\$ (1, 3) +$ 
     $(\text{control2 } U) \text{ } \$\$ (3, 3) * ((\text{control2 } U)^\dagger) \text{ } \$\$ (3, 3)$ 
  using control2-def index-mat-of-cols-list by force
  also have  $\dots = (\text{control2 } U) \text{ } \$\$ (3, 1) * (\text{cnj } ((\text{control2 } U) \text{ } \$\$ (3, 1)))$ 
+
     $(\text{control2 } U) \text{ } \$\$ (3, 3) * (\text{cnj } ((\text{control2 } U) \text{ } \$\$ (3, 3)))$ 
  using dagger-def Tensor.mat-of-cols-list-def control2-def by auto
  also have  $\dots = U \text{ } \$\$ (1, 0) * (\text{cnj } (U \text{ } \$\$ (1, 0))) +$ 

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```

      U $$ (1,1) * (cnj (U $$ (1,1)))
    using control2-def index-mat-of-cols-list by simp
  also have ... = (U $$ (1,0)) * ((U†) $$ (0,1)) +
    (U $$ (1,1)) * ((U†) $$ (1,1))
    using dagger-def assms(1) gate-def by force
  also have ... = (U * (U†)) $$ (1,1)
    using times-mat-def assms(1) gate-carrier-mat sumof2
    by (smt (z3) Suc-1 carrier-matD(2) dagger-def dim-col-mat(1))
dim-row-of-dagger
  gate.dim-row index-matrix-prod lessI pos2 power-one-right)
  also have ... = (1m 2) $$ (1,1) using assms(1) gate-def unitary-def
by auto
  also have ... = 1 by auto
  also have ... = 1m 4 $$ (3,3) by simp
  finally show ?thesis using i3 j3 by simp
qed
qed
qed
qed
qed
qed
qed
qed
next
  show dim-row (control2 U * ((control2 U)†)) = dim-row (1m 4)
  by (metis carrier-matD(1) control2-carrier-mat index-mult-mat(2) index-one-mat(2))
next
  show dim-col (control2 U * ((control2 U)†)) = dim-col (1m 4)
  by (metis carrier-matD(1) control2-carrier-mat dim-col-of-dagger index-mult-mat(3))

  index-one-mat(3))
qed

lemma control2-inv':
  assumes gate 1 U
  shows (control2 U)† * (control2 U) = 1m 4
proof
  show  $\bigwedge i j. i < \dim\text{-row } (1_m\ 4) \implies j < \dim\text{-col } (1_m\ 4) \implies$ 
     $((\text{control2 } U)^\dagger * \text{control2 } U) \text{ } \$\$ (i, j) = 1_m\ 4 \text{ } \$\$ (i, j)$ 
  proof -
    fix i j
    assume i < dim-row (1m 4)
    hence i4:i < 4 by auto
    assume j < dim-col (1m 4)
    hence j4:j < 4 by auto
    show ((control2 U)† * control2 U) $$ (i, j) = 1m 4 $$ (i, j)
    proof (rule disjE)
      show i = 0 ∨ i = 1 ∨ i = 2 ∨ i = 3 using i4 by auto
    next

```

```

assume  $i0:i = 0$ 
show  $((control2\ U)^\dagger * control2\ U) \$\$ (i, j) = 1_m\ 4\ \$\$ (i, j)$ 
proof (rule disjE)
  show  $j = 0 \vee j = 1 \vee j = 2 \vee j = 3$  using  $j4$  by auto
next
  assume  $j0:j = 0$ 
  show  $((control2\ U)^\dagger * control2\ U) \$\$ (i, j) = 1_m\ 4\ \$\$ (i, j)$ 
  proof –
    have  $((control2\ U)^\dagger * control2\ U) \$\$ (0,0) =$ 
       $((control2\ U)^\dagger) \$\$ (0,0) * (control2\ U) \$\$ (0,0) +$ 
       $((control2\ U)^\dagger) \$\$ (0,1) * (control2\ U) \$\$ (1,0) +$ 
       $((control2\ U)^\dagger) \$\$ (0,2) * (control2\ U) \$\$ (2,0) +$ 
       $((control2\ U)^\dagger) \$\$ (0,3) * (control2\ U) \$\$ (3,0)$ 
    using sumof4
    by (metis (no-types, lifting) carrier-matD(1) carrier-matD(2) control2-carrier-mat
      dim-col-of-dagger dim-row-of-dagger  $i0\ i4$  index-matrix-prod)
    also have  $\dots = ((control2\ U)^\dagger) \$\$ (0,0)$ 
    using control2-def index-mat-of-cols-list by force
    also have  $\dots = cnj\ ((control2\ U) \$\$ (0,0))$ 
    using dagger-def
    by (simp add: Tensor.mat-of-cols-list-def control2-def)
    also have  $\dots = 1$  using control2-def index-mat-of-cols-list by auto
    also have  $\dots = 1_m\ 4\ \$\$ (0,0)$  by simp
    finally show  $?thesis$  using  $i0\ j0$  by simp
  qed
next
  assume  $j13:j = 1 \vee j = 2 \vee j = 3$ 
  show  $((control2\ U)^\dagger * control2\ U) \$\$ (i, j) = 1_m\ 4\ \$\$ (i, j)$ 
  proof (rule disjE)
    show  $j = 1 \vee j = 2 \vee j = 3$  using  $j13$  by this
  next
    assume  $j1:j = 1$ 
    show  $((control2\ U)^\dagger * control2\ U) \$\$ (i, j) = 1_m\ 4\ \$\$ (i, j)$ 
    proof –
      have  $((control2\ U)^\dagger * control2\ U) \$\$ (0,1) =$ 
         $((control2\ U)^\dagger) \$\$ (0,0) * (control2\ U) \$\$ (0,1) +$ 
         $((control2\ U)^\dagger) \$\$ (0,1) * (control2\ U) \$\$ (1,1) +$ 
         $((control2\ U)^\dagger) \$\$ (0,2) * (control2\ U) \$\$ (2,1) +$ 
         $((control2\ U)^\dagger) \$\$ (0,3) * (control2\ U) \$\$ (3,1)$ 
      using sumof4
      by (smt ( $z3$ ) carrier-matD(1) carrier-matD(2) control2-carrier-mat
        dim-col-of-dagger
        dim-row-of-dagger index-matrix-prod one-less-numeral-iff semiring-norm(76)
        zero-less-numeral)
      also have  $\dots = ((control2\ U)^\dagger) \$\$ (0,1) * (control2\ U) \$\$ (1,1) +$ 
         $((control2\ U)^\dagger) \$\$ (0,3) * (control2\ U) \$\$ (3,1)$ 
      using control2-def index-mat-of-cols-list by force

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    also have ... = cnj ((control2 U) $$ (1,0)) * (control2 U) $$ (1,1) +
      cnj ((control2 U) $$ (3,0)) * (control2 U) $$ (3,1)
    using dagger-def
    by (simp add: Tensor.mat-of-cols-list-def control2-def)
    also have ... = 0 using control2-def index-mat-of-cols-list by auto
    also have ... = 1m 4 $$ (0,1) by simp
    finally show ?thesis using i0 j1 by simp
  qed
next
  assume j12:j = 2 ∨ j = 3
  show ((control2 U)† * control2 U) $$ (i, j) = 1m 4 $$ (i, j)
  proof (rule disjE)
    show j = 2 ∨ j = 3 using j12 by this
  next
    assume j2:j = 2
    show ((control2 U)† * control2 U) $$ (i, j) = 1m 4 $$ (i, j)
    proof -
      have ((control2 U)† * control2 U) $$ (0,2) =
        ((control2 U)†) $$ (0,0) * (control2 U) $$ (0,2) +
        ((control2 U)†) $$ (0,1) * (control2 U) $$ (1,2) +
        ((control2 U)†) $$ (0,2) * (control2 U) $$ (2,2) +
        ((control2 U)†) $$ (0,3) * (control2 U) $$ (3,2)
      using sumof4
      by (smt (z3) carrier-matD(1) carrier-matD(2) control2-carrier-mat
        dim-col-of-dagger
        dim-row-of-dagger index-matrix-prod j2 j4 zero-less-numeral)
    also have ... = ((control2 U)†) $$ (0,2)
    using control2-def index-mat-of-cols-list by force
    also have ... = cnj ((control2 U) $$ (2,0))
    using dagger-def
    by (simp add: Tensor.mat-of-cols-list-def control2-def)
    also have ... = 0 using control2-def index-mat-of-cols-list by auto
    also have ... = 1m 4 $$ (0,2) by simp
    finally show ?thesis using i0 j2 by simp
  qed
next
  assume j3:j = 3
  show ((control2 U)† * control2 U) $$ (i, j) = 1m 4 $$ (i, j)
  proof -
    have ((control2 U)† * control2 U) $$ (0,3) =
      ((control2 U)†) $$ (0,0) * (control2 U) $$ (0,3) +
      ((control2 U)†) $$ (0,1) * (control2 U) $$ (1,3) +
      ((control2 U)†) $$ (0,2) * (control2 U) $$ (2,3) +
      ((control2 U)†) $$ (0,3) * (control2 U) $$ (3,3)
    using sumof4
    by (smt (z3) carrier-matD(1) carrier-matD(2) control2-carrier-mat
      dim-col-of-dagger
      dim-row-of-dagger index-matrix-prod j3 j4 zero-less-numeral)
    also have ... = ((control2 U)†) $$ (0,1) * (control2 U) $$ (1,3) +

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      ((control2 U)†) $$ (0,3) * (control2 U) $$ (3,3)
    using control2-def index-mat-of-cols-list by force
  also have ... = cnj ((control2 U) $$ (1,0)) * (control2 U) $$ (1,3) +
    cnj ((control2 U) $$ (3,0)) * (control2 U) $$ (3,3)
    using dagger-def
    by (simp add: Tensor.mat-of-cols-list-def control2-def)
  also have ... = 0 using control2-def index-mat-of-cols-list by auto
  also have ... = 1m 4 $$ (0,3) by simp
  finally show ?thesis using i0 j3 by simp
qed
qed
qed
qed
next
  assume i1:i = 1 ∨ i = 2 ∨ i = 3
  show ((control2 U)† * control2 U) $$ (i, j) = 1m 4 $$ (i, j)
  proof (rule disjE)
    show i = 1 ∨ i = 2 ∨ i = 3 using i1 by this
  next
    assume i1:i = 1
    show ((control2 U)† * control2 U) $$ (i, j) = 1m 4 $$ (i, j)
    proof (rule disjE)
      show j = 0 ∨ j = 1 ∨ j = 2 ∨ j = 3 using j4 by auto
    next
      assume j0:j = 0
      show ((control2 U)† * control2 U) $$ (i, j) = 1m 4 $$ (i, j)
      proof -
        have ((control2 U)† * control2 U) $$ (1,0) =
          ((control2 U)†) $$ (1,0) * (control2 U) $$ (0,0) +
          ((control2 U)†) $$ (1,1) * (control2 U) $$ (1,0) +
          ((control2 U)†) $$ (1,2) * (control2 U) $$ (2,0) +
          ((control2 U)†) $$ (1,3) * (control2 U) $$ (3,0)
        using sumof4
        by (smt (z3) carrier-matD(1) carrier-matD(2) control2-carrier-mat
          dim-col-of-dagger
            dim-row-of-dagger index-matrix-prod one-less-numeral-iff semir-
            ing-norm(76)
              zero-less-numeral)
      also have ... = ((control2 U)†) $$ (1,0)
      using control2-def index-mat-of-cols-list by force
      also have ... = cnj ((control2 U) $$ (0,1))
      using dagger-def
      by (simp add: Tensor.mat-of-cols-list-def control2-def)
      also have ... = 0 using control2-def index-mat-of-cols-list by auto
      also have ... = 1m 4 $$ (1,0) by simp
      finally show ?thesis using i1 j0 by simp
    qed
  next
    assume j13:j = 1 ∨ j = 2 ∨ j = 3

```

```

show ((control2 U)† * control2 U) $$ (i, j) = 1m 4 $$ (i, j)
proof (rule disjE)
  show j = 1 ∨ j = 2 ∨ j = 3 using jl3 by this
next
  assume j1:j = 1
  show ((control2 U)† * control2 U) $$ (i, j) = 1m 4 $$ (i, j)
  proof -
    have ((control2 U)† * control2 U) $$ (1,1) =
      ((control2 U)†) $$ (1,0) * (control2 U) $$ (0,1) +
      ((control2 U)†) $$ (1,1) * (control2 U) $$ (1,1) +
      ((control2 U)†) $$ (1,2) * (control2 U) $$ (2,1) +
      ((control2 U)†) $$ (1,3) * (control2 U) $$ (3,1)
    using sumof4
    by (smt (z3) carrier-matD(1) carrier-matD(2) control2-carrier-mat
dim-col-of-dagger
      dim-row-of-dagger index-matrix-prod one-less-numeral-iff semir-
ing-norm(76)
      zero-less-numeral)
    also have ... = ((control2 U)†) $$ (1,1) * (control2 U) $$ (1,1) +
      ((control2 U)†) $$ (1,3) * (control2 U) $$ (3,1)
    using control2-def index-mat-of-cols-list by force
    also have ... = cnj ((control2 U) $$ (1,1)) * (control2 U) $$ (1,1) +
      cnj ((control2 U) $$ (3,1)) * (control2 U) $$ (3,1)
    using dagger-def
    by (simp add: Tensor.mat-of-cols-list-def control2-def)
    also have ... = cnj (U $$ (0,0)) * (U $$ (0,0)) +
      cnj (U $$ (1,0)) * (U $$ (1,0))
    using control2-def index-mat-of-cols-list by simp
    also have ... = ((U†) * U) $$ (0,0)
    using times-mat-def sumof2 assms(1) gate-carrier-mat
      by (smt (verit, del-insts) Suc-1 carrier-matD(2) dagger-def
dim-col-mat(1)
      dim-row-of-dagger gate.dim-row index-mat(1) index-matrix-prod
lessI
      old.prod.case pos2 power-one-right)
    also have ... = (1m 2) $$ (0,0) using assms(1) gate-def unitary-def
by auto
    also have ... = 1 using control2-def index-mat-of-cols-list by auto
    also have ... = 1m 4 $$ (1,1) by simp
    finally show ?thesis using i1 j1 by simp
qed
next
  assume j2:j = 2 ∨ j = 3
  show ((control2 U)† * control2 U) $$ (i, j) = 1m 4 $$ (i, j)
  proof (rule disjE)
    show j = 2 ∨ j = 3 using j2 by this
  next
    assume j2:j = 2
    show ((control2 U)† * control2 U) $$ (i, j) = 1m 4 $$ (i, j)

```



```

proof –
  have ((control2 U)† * control2 U) $$ (1,2) =
    ((control2 U)†) $$ (1,0) * (control2 U) $$ (0,2) +
    ((control2 U)†) $$ (1,1) * (control2 U) $$ (1,2) +
    ((control2 U)†) $$ (1,2) * (control2 U) $$ (2,2) +
    ((control2 U)†) $$ (1,3) * (control2 U) $$ (3,2)
    using sumof4
  by (smt (z3) carrier-matD(1) carrier-matD(2) control2-carrier-mat
    dim-col-of-dagger dim-row-of-dagger index-matrix-prod j2 j4
    one-less-numeral-iff semiring-norm(76))
  also have ... = ((control2 U)†) $$ (1,2)
    using control2-def index-mat-of-cols-list by force
  also have ... = cnj ((control2 U) $$ (2,1))
    using dagger-def
    by (simp add: Tensor.mat-of-cols-list-def control2-def)
  also have ... = 0 using control2-def index-mat-of-cols-list by auto
  also have ... = 1m 4 $$ (1,2) by simp
  finally show ?thesis using i1 j2 by simp
qed
next
  assume j3:j = 3
  show ((control2 U)† * control2 U) $$ (i, j) = 1m 4 $$ (i, j)
  proof –
    have ((control2 U)† * control2 U) $$ (1,3) =
      ((control2 U)†) $$ (1,0) * (control2 U) $$ (0,3) +
      ((control2 U)†) $$ (1,1) * (control2 U) $$ (1,3) +
      ((control2 U)†) $$ (1,2) * (control2 U) $$ (2,3) +
      ((control2 U)†) $$ (1,3) * (control2 U) $$ (3,3)
      using sumof4
    by (metis (no-types, lifting) carrier-matD(1) carrier-matD(2)
      control2-carrier-mat dim-col-of-dagger dim-row-of-dagger i1 i4
      index-matrix-prod j3 j4)
    also have ... = ((control2 U)†) $$ (1,1) * (control2 U) $$ (1,3) +
      ((control2 U)†) $$ (1,3) * (control2 U) $$ (3,3)
      using control2-def index-mat-of-cols-list by force
    also have ... = cnj ((control2 U) $$ (1,1)) * (control2 U) $$ (1,3)
      +
      cnj ((control2 U) $$ (3,1)) * (control2 U) $$ (3,3)
      using dagger-def
      by (simp add: Tensor.mat-of-cols-list-def control2-def)
    also have ... = cnj (U $$ (0,0)) * (U $$ (0,1)) +
      cnj (U $$ (1,0)) * (U $$ (1,1))
      using control2-def index-mat-of-cols-list by simp
    also have ... = ((U†) * U) $$ (0,1)
      using times-mat-def sumof2 assms(1) gate-carrier-mat
      by (smt (verit, del-insts) Suc-1 carrier-matD(2) dagger-def
        dim-col-mat(1)
        dim-row-of-dagger gate.dim-row index-mat(1) index-matrix-prod
        lessI

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      old.prod.case pos2 power-one-right)
    also have ... = (1m 2) $$ (0,1) using assms(1) gate-def unitary-def
by auto
    also have ... = 0 using control2-def index-mat-of-cols-list by auto
    also have ... = 1m 4 $$ (1,3) by simp
    finally show ?thesis using i1 j3 by simp
  qed
  qed
  qed
  qed
next
  assume i2:i = 2 ∨ i = 3
  show ((control2 U)† * control2 U) $$ (i, j) = 1m 4 $$ (i, j)
  proof (rule disjE)
    show i = 2 ∨ i = 3 using i2 by this
  next
    assume i2:i = 2
    show ((control2 U)† * control2 U) $$ (i, j) = 1m 4 $$ (i, j)
    proof (rule disjE)
      show j = 0 ∨ j = 1 ∨ j = 2 ∨ j = 3 using j4 by auto
    next
      assume j0:j = 0
      show ((control2 U)† * control2 U) $$ (i, j) = 1m 4 $$ (i, j)
      proof -
        have ((control2 U)† * control2 U) $$ (2,0) =
          ((control2 U)†) $$ (2,0) * (control2 U) $$ (0,0) +
          ((control2 U)†) $$ (2,1) * (control2 U) $$ (1,0) +
          ((control2 U)†) $$ (2,2) * (control2 U) $$ (2,0) +
          ((control2 U)†) $$ (2,3) * (control2 U) $$ (3,0)
          using sumof4
          by (smt (z3) carrier-matD(1) carrier-matD(2) control2-carrier-mat
dim-col-of-dagger
      dim-row-of-dagger i2 i4 index-matrix-prod zero-less-numeral)
    also have ... = ((control2 U)†) $$ (2,0)
      using control2-def index-mat-of-cols-list by force
    also have ... = cnj ((control2 U) $$ (0,2))
      using dagger-def
      by (simp add: Tensor.mat-of-cols-list-def control2-def)
    also have ... = 0 using control2-def index-mat-of-cols-list by auto
    also have ... = 1m 4 $$ (2,0) by simp
    finally show ?thesis using i2 j0 by simp
  qed
  qed
next
  assume j13:j = 1 ∨ j = 2 ∨ j = 3
  show ((control2 U)† * control2 U) $$ (i, j) = 1m 4 $$ (i, j)
  proof (rule disjE)
    show j = 1 ∨ j = 2 ∨ j = 3 using j13 by this
  next
    assume j1:j = 1

```

```

show ((control2 U)† * control2 U) $$ (i, j) = 1m 4 $$ (i, j)
proof -
  have ((control2 U)† * control2 U) $$ (2,1) =
    ((control2 U)†) $$ (2,0) * (control2 U) $$ (0,1) +
    ((control2 U)†) $$ (2,1) * (control2 U) $$ (1,1) +
    ((control2 U)†) $$ (2,2) * (control2 U) $$ (2,1) +
    ((control2 U)†) $$ (2,3) * (control2 U) $$ (3,1)
  using sumof4
  by (smt (z3) carrier-matD(1) carrier-matD(2) control2-carrier-mat
    dim-col-of-dagger dim-row-of-dagger i2 i4 index-matrix-prod
    one-less-numeral-iff semiring-norm(76))
  also have ... = ((control2 U)†) $$ (2,1) * (control2 U) $$ (1,1) +
    ((control2 U)†) $$ (2,3) * (control2 U) $$ (3,1)
  using control2-def index-mat-of-cols-list by force
  also have ... = cnj ((control2 U) $$ (1,2)) * (control2 U) $$ (1,1)
    +
    cnj ((control2 U) $$ (3,2)) * (control2 U) $$ (3,1)
  using dagger-def
  by (simp add: Tensor.mat-of-cols-list-def control2-def)
  also have ... = 0 using control2-def index-mat-of-cols-list by auto
  also have ... = 1m 4 $$ (2,1) by simp
  finally show ?thesis using i2 j1 by simp
qed
next
assume jl2:j = 2 ∨ j = 3
show ((control2 U)† * control2 U) $$ (i, j) = 1m 4 $$ (i, j)
proof (rule disjE)
  show j = 2 ∨ j = 3 using jl2 by this
next
assume j2:j = 2
show ((control2 U)† * control2 U) $$ (i, j) = 1m 4 $$ (i, j)
proof -
  have ((control2 U)† * control2 U) $$ (2,2) =
    ((control2 U)†) $$ (2,0) * (control2 U) $$ (0,2) +
    ((control2 U)†) $$ (2,1) * (control2 U) $$ (1,2) +
    ((control2 U)†) $$ (2,2) * (control2 U) $$ (2,2) +
    ((control2 U)†) $$ (2,3) * (control2 U) $$ (3,2)
  using sumof4
  by (smt (z3) carrier-matD(1) carrier-matD(2) control2-carrier-mat
    dim-col-of-dagger
    dim-row-of-dagger i2 i4 index-matrix-prod zero-less-numeral)
  also have ... = ((control2 U)†) $$ (2,2)
  using control2-def index-mat-of-cols-list by force
  also have ... = cnj ((control2 U) $$ (2,2))
  using dagger-def
  by (simp add: Tensor.mat-of-cols-list-def control2-def)
  also have ... = 1 using control2-def index-mat-of-cols-list by auto
  also have ... = 1m 4 $$ (2,2) by simp
  finally show ?thesis using i2 j2 by simp

```

```

qed
next
  assume  $j3:j = 3$ 
  show  $((\text{control2 } U)^\dagger * \text{control2 } U) \$\$ (i, j) = 1_m \ 4 \$\$ (i, j)$ 
  proof -
    have  $((\text{control2 } U)^\dagger * \text{control2 } U) \$\$ (2, 3) =$ 
       $((\text{control2 } U)^\dagger) \$\$ (2, 0) * (\text{control2 } U) \$\$ (0, 3) +$ 
       $((\text{control2 } U)^\dagger) \$\$ (2, 1) * (\text{control2 } U) \$\$ (1, 3) +$ 
       $((\text{control2 } U)^\dagger) \$\$ (2, 2) * (\text{control2 } U) \$\$ (2, 3) +$ 
       $((\text{control2 } U)^\dagger) \$\$ (2, 3) * (\text{control2 } U) \$\$ (3, 3)$ 
    using sumof4
    by (metis (no-types, lifting) carrier-matD(1) carrier-matD(2)
      control2-carrier-mat dim-col-of-dagger dim-row-of-dagger i2 i4
      index-matrix-prod j3 j4)
    also have  $\dots = ((\text{control2 } U)^\dagger) \$\$ (2, 1) * (\text{control2 } U) \$\$ (1, 3) +$ 
       $((\text{control2 } U)^\dagger) \$\$ (2, 3) * (\text{control2 } U) \$\$ (3, 3)$ 
    using control2-def index-mat-of-cols-list by force
    also have  $\dots = \text{cnj } ((\text{control2 } U) \$\$ (1, 2)) * (\text{control2 } U) \$\$ (1, 3)$ 
    +
       $\text{cnj } ((\text{control2 } U) \$\$ (3, 2)) * (\text{control2 } U) \$\$ (3, 3)$ 
    using dagger-def
    by (simp add: Tensor.mat-of-cols-list-def control2-def)
    also have  $\dots = 0$  using control2-def index-mat-of-cols-list by auto
    also have  $\dots = 1_m \ 4 \$\$ (2, 3)$  by simp
    finally show ?thesis using i2 j3 by simp
  qed
qed
qed
qed
next
  assume  $i3:i = 3$ 
  show  $((\text{control2 } U)^\dagger * \text{control2 } U) \$\$ (i, j) = 1_m \ 4 \$\$ (i, j)$ 
  proof (rule disjE)
    show  $j = 0 \vee j = 1 \vee j = 2 \vee j = 3$  using j4 by auto
  next
    assume  $j0:j = 0$ 
    show  $((\text{control2 } U)^\dagger * \text{control2 } U) \$\$ (i, j) = 1_m \ 4 \$\$ (i, j)$ 
    proof -
      have  $((\text{control2 } U)^\dagger * \text{control2 } U) \$\$ (3, 0) =$ 
         $((\text{control2 } U)^\dagger) \$\$ (3, 0) * (\text{control2 } U) \$\$ (0, 0) +$ 
         $((\text{control2 } U)^\dagger) \$\$ (3, 1) * (\text{control2 } U) \$\$ (1, 0) +$ 
         $((\text{control2 } U)^\dagger) \$\$ (3, 2) * (\text{control2 } U) \$\$ (2, 0) +$ 
         $((\text{control2 } U)^\dagger) \$\$ (3, 3) * (\text{control2 } U) \$\$ (3, 0)$ 
      using sumof4
      by (metis (no-types, lifting) carrier-matD(1) carrier-matD(2)
        control2-carrier-mat
        dim-col-of-dagger dim-row-of-dagger i3 i4 index-matrix-prod j0 j4)
      also have  $\dots = ((\text{control2 } U)^\dagger) \$\$ (3, 0)$ 
      using control2-def index-mat-of-cols-list by force
    
```

```

also have ... = cnj ((control2 U) $$ (0,3))
  using dagger-def
  by (simp add: Tensor.mat-of-cols-list-def control2-def)
also have ... = 0 using control2-def index-mat-of-cols-list by auto
also have ... = 1m 4 $$ (3,0) by simp
finally show ?thesis using i3 j0 by simp
qed
next
assume jl3:j = 1 ∨ j = 2 ∨ j = 3
show ((control2 U)† * control2 U) $$ (i, j) = 1m 4 $$ (i, j)
proof (rule disjE)
  show j = 1 ∨ j = 2 ∨ j = 3 using jl3 by this
next
assume j1:j = 1
show ((control2 U)† * control2 U) $$ (i, j) = 1m 4 $$ (i, j)
proof -
  have ((control2 U)† * control2 U) $$ (3,1) =
    ((control2 U)†) $$ (3,0) * (control2 U) $$ (0,1) +
    ((control2 U)†) $$ (3,1) * (control2 U) $$ (1,1) +
    ((control2 U)†) $$ (3,2) * (control2 U) $$ (2,1) +
    ((control2 U)†) $$ (3,3) * (control2 U) $$ (3,1)
  using sumof4
  by (metis (no-types, lifting) carrier-matD(1) carrier-matD(2)
    control2-carrier-mat dim-col-of-dagger dim-row-of-dagger i3 i4
    index-matrix-prod j1 j4)
  also have ... = ((control2 U)†) $$ (3,1) * (control2 U) $$ (1,1) +
    ((control2 U)†) $$ (3,3) * (control2 U) $$ (3,1)
  using control2-def index-mat-of-cols-list by force
  also have ... = cnj ((control2 U) $$ (1,3)) * (control2 U) $$ (1,1)
+
    cnj ((control2 U) $$ (3,3)) * (control2 U) $$ (3,1)
  using dagger-def
  by (simp add: Tensor.mat-of-cols-list-def control2-def)
  also have ... = cnj (U $$ (0,1)) * (U $$ (0,0)) +
    cnj (U $$ (1,1)) * (U $$ (1,0))
  using control2-def index-mat-of-cols-list by simp
  also have ... = ((U†) * U) $$ (1,0)
  using times-mat-def sumof2 assms(1) gate-carrier-mat
  by (smt (verit, del-insts) Suc-1 carrier-matD(2) dagger-def
    dim-col-mat(1)
    dim-row-of-dagger gate.dim-row index-mat(1) index-matrix-prod
    lessI
    old.prod.case pos2 power-one-right)
  also have ... = (1m 2) $$ (1,0) using assms(1) gate-def unitary-def
by auto
  also have ... = 0 using control2-def index-mat-of-cols-list by auto
  also have ... = 1m 4 $$ (3,1) by simp
  finally show ?thesis using i3 j1 by simp
qed

```

```

next
  assume j12:j = 2 ∨ j = 3
  show ((control2 U)† * control2 U) $$ (i, j) = 1m 4 $$ (i, j)
  proof (rule disjE)
    show j = 2 ∨ j = 3 using j12 by this
  next
    assume j2:j = 2
    show ((control2 U)† * control2 U) $$ (i, j) = 1m 4 $$ (i, j)
    proof -
      have ((control2 U)† * control2 U) $$ (3,2) =
        ((control2 U)†) $$ (3,0) * (control2 U) $$ (0,2) +
        ((control2 U)†) $$ (3,1) * (control2 U) $$ (1,2) +
        ((control2 U)†) $$ (3,2) * (control2 U) $$ (2,2) +
        ((control2 U)†) $$ (3,3) * (control2 U) $$ (3,2)
      using sumof4
      by (metis (no-types, lifting) carrier-matD(1) carrier-matD(2)
        control2-carrier-mat
        dim-col-of-dagger dim-row-of-dagger i3 i4 index-matrix-prod j2
        j4)
      also have ... = ((control2 U)†) $$ (3,2)
      using control2-def index-mat-of-cols-list by force
      also have ... = cnj ((control2 U) $$ (2,3))
      using dagger-def
      by (simp add: Tensor.mat-of-cols-list-def control2-def)
      also have ... = 0 using control2-def index-mat-of-cols-list by auto
      also have ... = 1m 4 $$ (3,2) by simp
      finally show ?thesis using i3 j2 by simp
    qed
  next
    assume j3:j = 3
    show ((control2 U)† * control2 U) $$ (i, j) = 1m 4 $$ (i, j)
    proof -
      have ((control2 U)† * control2 U) $$ (3,3) =
        ((control2 U)†) $$ (3,0) * (control2 U) $$ (0,3) +
        ((control2 U)†) $$ (3,1) * (control2 U) $$ (1,3) +
        ((control2 U)†) $$ (3,2) * (control2 U) $$ (2,3) +
        ((control2 U)†) $$ (3,3) * (control2 U) $$ (3,3)
      using sumof4
      by (metis (no-types, lifting) carrier-matD(1) carrier-matD(2)
        control2-carrier-mat dim-col-of-dagger dim-row-of-dagger i3
        index-matrix-prod j3 j4)
      also have ... = ((control2 U)†) $$ (3,1) * (control2 U) $$ (1,3) +
        ((control2 U)†) $$ (3,3) * (control2 U) $$ (3,3)
      using control2-def index-mat-of-cols-list by force
      also have ... = cnj ((control2 U) $$ (1,3)) * (control2 U) $$ (1,3)
      +
        cnj ((control2 U) $$ (3,3)) * (control2 U) $$ (3,3)
      using dagger-def
      by (simp add: Tensor.mat-of-cols-list-def control2-def)

```

```

    also have ... = cnj (U $$ (0,1)) * (U $$ (0,1)) +
      cnj (U $$ (1,1)) * (U $$ (1,1))
    using control2-def index-mat-of-cols-list by simp
    also have ... = ((U†) * U) $$ (1,1)
    using times-mat-def sumof2 assms(1) gate-carrier-mat
      by (smt (verit, del-ists) Suc-1 carrier-matD(2) dagger-def
dim-col-mat(1)
      dim-row-of-dagger gate.dim-row index-mat(1) index-matrix-prod
lessI
      old.prod.case pos2 power-one-right)
    also have ... = (1m 2) $$ (1,1) using assms(1) gate-def unitary-def
by auto
    also have ... = 1 using control2-def index-mat-of-cols-list by auto
    also have ... = 1m 4 $$ (3,3) by simp
    finally show ?thesis using i3 j3 by simp
  qed
qed
qed
qed
qed
qed
qed
qed
next
  show dim-row ((control2 U)† * control2 U) = dim-row (1m 4)
  by (metis carrier-matD(2) control2-carrier-mat dim-row-of-dagger
    index-mult-mat(2) index-one-mat(2))
next
  show dim-col ((control2 U)† * control2 U) = dim-col (1m 4)
  by (metis carrier-matD(2) control2-carrier-mat index-mult-mat(3)
    index-one-mat(3))
qed

lemma control2-is-gate:
  assumes gate 1 U
  shows gate 2 (control2 U)
proof
  show dim-row (control2 U) = 22 using control2-carrier-mat
    by (simp add: Tensor.mat-of-cols-list-def control2-def)
next
  show square-mat (control2 U)
  by (metis carrier-matD(1) carrier-matD(2) control2-carrier-mat square-mat.elims(3))
next
  show unitary (control2 U)
  using control2-inv control2-inv' unitary-def
  by (metis assms carrier-matD(1) carrier-matD(2) control2-carrier-mat)
qed

lemma SWAP-down-is-gate:

```

```

  shows gate n (SWAP-down n)
proof (induct n rule: SWAP-down.induct)
  case 1
  then show ?case
  by (metis Quantum.Id-def SWAP-down.simps(1) SWAP-up.simps(1) SWAP-up-carrier-mat

      carrier-matD(2) id-is-gate index-one-mat(3))
next
  case 2
  then show ?case
  by (metis H-inv H-is-gate One-nat-def SWAP-down.simps(2) prod-of-gate-is-gate)
next
  case 3
  then show ?case
  by (metis One-nat-def SWAP-down.simps(3) SWAP-is-gate Suc-1)
next
  case (4 v)
  then show ?case
  proof -
    assume HI:gate (Suc (Suc v)) (SWAP-down (Suc (Suc v)))
    show gate (Suc (Suc (Suc v))) (SWAP-down (Suc (Suc (Suc v))))
    proof -
      have gate (Suc (Suc (Suc v))) (((1m (2^Suc v))  $\otimes$  SWAP) *
                                     ((SWAP-down (Suc (Suc v)))  $\otimes$  (1m 2)))
      proof (rule prod-of-gate-is-gate)
        show gate (Suc (Suc (Suc v))) (1m (2^ Suc v)  $\otimes$  SWAP)
        using SWAP-is-gate tensor-gate
        by (metis Quantum.Id-def add-2-eq-Suc' id-is-gate)
      next
        show gate (Suc (Suc (Suc v))) (SWAP-down (Suc (Suc v))  $\otimes$  1m 2)
        using HI tensor-gate
        by (metis Suc-eq-plus1 Y-inv Y-is-gate prod-of-gate-is-gate)
      qed
    thus ?thesis using SWAP-down.simps by auto
  qed
qed
qed
qed

lemma SWAP-up-is-gate:
  shows gate n (SWAP-up n)
proof (induct n rule: SWAP-up.induct)
  case 1
  then show ?case using id-is-gate SWAP-up.simps
  by (metis SWAP-down.simps(1) SWAP-down-is-gate)
next
  case 2
  then show ?case
  by (metis SWAP-down.simps(2) SWAP-down-is-gate SWAP-up.simps(2))
next

```



```

case 3
then show ?case
  by (metis One-nat-def SWAP-is-gate SWAP-up.simps(3) Suc-1)
next
case (4 v)
then show ?case
proof -
  assume HI:gate (Suc (Suc v)) (SWAP-up (Suc (Suc v)))
  show gate (Suc (Suc (Suc v))) (SWAP-up (Suc (Suc (Suc v))))
  proof -
    have gate (Suc (Suc (Suc v))) ((SWAP  $\otimes$  ( $1_m$  ( $2 \wedge$  (Suc v)))) * (( $1_m$  2)  $\otimes$ 
      (SWAP-up (Suc (Suc v)))))
    proof (rule prod-of-gate-is-gate)
      show gate (Suc (Suc (Suc v))) (SWAP  $\otimes$   $1_m$  ( $2 \wedge$  Suc v))
      using tensor-gate SWAP-is-gate
      by (metis Quantum.Id-def add-2-eq-Suc id-is-gate)
    next
      show gate (Suc (Suc (Suc v))) ( $1_m$  2  $\otimes$  SWAP-up (Suc (Suc v)))
      using tensor-gate HI
      by (metis One-nat-def SWAP-down.simps(2) SWAP-down-is-gate plus-1-eq-Suc)
    qed
    thus ?thesis using SWAP-up.simps(3) by simp
  qed
qed
qed
qed

lemma control-is-gate:
  assumes gate 1 U
  shows gate n (control n U)
proof (cases n)
case 0
then show ?thesis
  by (metis SWAP-up.simps(1) SWAP-up-is-gate control.simps(1))
next
case (Suc nat)
then show ?thesis
proof -
  assume nnat:n = Suc nat
  show gate n (control n U)
  proof -
    have gate (Suc nat) (control (Suc nat) U)
    proof (cases nat)
    case 0
    then show ?thesis
      by (simp add: gate-def)
    next
    case (Suc nata)
    then show ?thesis
    proof -

```

```

assume  $nnat:nat = Suc\ nata$ 
show  $gate\ (Suc\ nat)\ (control\ (Suc\ nat)\ U)$ 
proof –
  have  $gate\ (Suc\ (Suc\ nata))\ (control\ (Suc\ (Suc\ nata))\ U)$ 
  proof (cases nata)
    case 0
    then show ?thesis
      using One-nat-def Suc-1 assms control.simps(3) control2-is-gate by
presburger
  next
    case ( $Suc\ natb$ )
    then show ?thesis
      proof –
        assume  $nnatb:natb = Suc\ natb$ 
        show  $gate\ (Suc\ (Suc\ nata))\ (control\ (Suc\ (Suc\ nata))\ U)$ 
        proof –
          have  $gate\ (Suc\ (Suc\ (Suc\ natb)))\ (control\ (Suc\ (Suc\ (Suc\ natb))))$ 
           $U)$ 
          proof –
            have  $gate\ (Suc\ (Suc\ (Suc\ natb)))\ (((1_m\ 2) \otimes SWAP-down\ (Suc\$ 
 $(Suc\ natb))) * (control2\ U \otimes (1_m\ (2 \wedge (Suc\ natb)))) * ((1_m\ 2) \otimes SWAP-up$ 
 $(Suc\ (Suc\ natb))))$ 
            proof (rule prod-of-gate-is-gate)+
            show  $gate\ (Suc\ (Suc\ (Suc\ natb)))\ (1_m\ 2 \otimes SWAP-down\ (Suc\$ 
 $(Suc\ natb)))$ 
            using SWAP-down-is-gate id-is-gate tensor-gate
            by (metis One-nat-def SWAP-up.simps(2) SWAP-up-is-gate
plus-1-eq-Suc)
          next
            show  $gate\ (Suc\ (Suc\ (Suc\ natb)))\ (control2\ U \otimes 1_m\ (2 \wedge Suc\$ 
 $natb))$ 
            using control2-is-gate id-is-gate tensor-gate
            by (metis Quantum.Id-def add-2-eq-Suc assms)
          next
            show  $gate\ (Suc\ (Suc\ (Suc\ natb)))\ (1_m\ 2 \otimes SWAP-up\ (Suc\$ 
 $(Suc\ natb)))$ 
            using SWAP-up-is-gate id-is-gate tensor-gate
            by (metis Y-inv Y-is-gate plus-1-eq-Suc prod-of-gate-is-gate)
          qed
          thus ?thesis using control.simps by simp
        qed
        thus ?thesis using nnatb by simp
      qed
    qed
  qed
  thus ?thesis using nnat- by simp
qed

```

```

      qed
      thus ?thesis using nnat by simp
    qed
  qed
qed

lemma controlled-rotations-is-gate:
  shows gate n (controlled-rotations n)
proof (induct n rule: controlled-rotations.induct)
  case 1
  then show ?case
  by (metis SWAP-down.simps(1) SWAP-down-is-gate controlled-rotations.simps(1))
next
  case 2
  then show ?case
  by (metis SWAP-down.simps(2) SWAP-down-is-gate controlled-rotations.simps(2))
next
  case (3 v)
  then show ?case
  proof -
    assume HI:gate (Suc v) (controlled-rotations (Suc v))
    show gate (Suc (Suc v)) (controlled-rotations (Suc (Suc v)))
    proof -
      have gate (Suc (Suc v)) ((control (Suc (Suc v)) (R (Suc (Suc v)))) *
        ((controlled-rotations (Suc v))  $\otimes$  (1m 2)))
      proof (rule prod-of-gate-is-gate)
        show gate (Suc (Suc v)) (control (Suc (Suc v)) (R (Suc (Suc v))))
        using control-is-gate R-is-gate by blast
      next
        show gate (Suc (Suc v)) (controlled-rotations (Suc v)  $\otimes$  1m 2)
        using tensor-gate HI id-is-gate
        by (metis One-nat-def SWAP-up.simps(2) SWAP-up-is-gate Suc-eq-plus1)
      qed
    qed
    thus ?thesis using controlled-rotations.simps by simp
  qed
qed
qed
qed

theorem QFT-is-gate:
  shows gate n (QFT n)
proof (induction n rule: QFT.induct)
  case 1
  then show ?case
  by (metis QFT.simps(1) controlled-rotations.simps(1) controlled-rotations-is-gate)
next
  case 2
  then show ?case
  using H-is-gate by auto
next

```

```

case (3 v)
then show ?case
proof -
  assume HI:gate (Suc v) (QFT (Suc v))
  show gate (Suc (Suc v)) (QFT (Suc (Suc v)))
  proof -
    have gate (Suc (Suc v)) (((1m 2)  $\otimes$  (QFT (Suc v))) *
      (controlled-rotations (Suc (Suc v))) * (H  $\otimes$  ((1m (2Suc
v))))))
  proof (rule prod-of-gate-is-gate)+
    show gate (Suc (Suc v)) (1m 2  $\otimes$  QFT (Suc v))
    using HI tensor-gate id-is-gate
  by (metis One-nat-def controlled-rotations.simps(2) controlled-rotations-is-gate
    plus-1-eq-Suc)
  show gate (Suc (Suc v)) (controlled-rotations (Suc (Suc v)))
  using controlled-rotations-is-gate by metis
  show gate (Suc (Suc v)) (H  $\otimes$  1m (2Suc v))
  using H-is-gate id-is-gate tensor-gate
  by (metis Quantum.Id-def plus-1-eq-Suc)
qed
thus ?thesis using QFT.simps by simp
qed
qed
qed

corollary QFT-is-unitary:
  shows unitary (QFT n)
  using QFT-is-gate gate-def by simp

corollary reverse-product-rep-is-state:
  assumes j < 2n
  shows state n (reverse-QFT-product-representation j n)
  using QFT-is-gate QFT-is-correct gate-on-state-is-state assms state-basis-is-state
  by (metis dim-col-mat(1) dim-row-mat(1) index-unit-vec(3) ket-vec-col ket-vec-def
    state-basis-def state-def unit-cpx-vec-length)

lemma reverse-qubits-is-gate:
  shows gate n (reverse-qubits n)
proof (induct n rule: reverse-qubits.induct)
  case 1
  then show ?case
  by (metis QFT.simps(1) QFT-is-gate reverse-qubits.simps(1))
next
  case 2
  then show ?case
  using Y-is-gate prod-of-gate-is-gate by fastforce
next

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case 3
then show ?case
  using One-nat-def SWAP-is-gate Suc-1 reverse-qubits.simps(3) by presburger
next
case (4 va)
then show ?case
proof -
  assume HI:gate (Suc (Suc va)) (reverse-qubits (Suc (Suc va)))
  show gate (Suc (Suc (Suc va))) (reverse-qubits (Suc (Suc (Suc va))))
  proof -
    have gate (Suc (Suc (Suc va))) (((reverse-qubits (Suc (Suc va)))  $\otimes$  (1m 2))
*
      (SWAP-down (Suc (Suc (Suc va)))))
  proof (rule prod-of-gate-is-gate)
    show gate (Suc (Suc (Suc va))) (reverse-qubits (Suc (Suc va))  $\otimes$  1m 2)
    using HI id-is-gate tensor-gate
    by (metis One-nat-def Suc-eq-plus1 controlled-rotations.simps(2)
      controlled-rotations-is-gate)
  next
    show gate (Suc (Suc (Suc va))) (SWAP-down (Suc (Suc (Suc va))))
    using SWAP-down-is-gate by metis
  qed
  thus ?thesis using reverse-qubits.simps by simp
qed
qed
qed
qed

theorem ordered-QFT-is-gate:
  shows gate n (ordered-QFT n)
  using reverse-qubits-is-gate QFT-is-gate ordered-QFT-def prod-of-gate-is-gate
  by auto

corollary ordered-QFT-is-unitary:
  shows unitary (ordered-QFT n)
  using ordered-QFT-is-gate gate-def by simp

corollary product-rep-is-state:
  assumes j < 2n
  shows state n (QFT-product-representation j n)
  using ordered-QFT-is-gate ordered-QFT-is-correct gate-on-state-is-state asms
  state-basis-is-state
  by (metis reverse-product-rep-is-state reverse-qubits-is-gate
    reverse-qubits-product-representation)

end

```