

Fakulty of Electrical and computer Engineering Institut for Automation Engineering

Matlab Simulation Framework et al for Robotics

Dresden, July 27, 2017



Motivation

Simulator Framework for testing of guidance algorithms Requirements:

- Simple time discret simulation in Matlab
- Stand-alone (GUI) and scripted operation (non-GUI)
- Easily reconfigurable system structure
- Flexible visualization, easily adaptable
- Clear separation of experiment data and simulator core functionality
- Saves the timings of all simulation data
- Replay (only vilualization without recalculation)
- Video recording



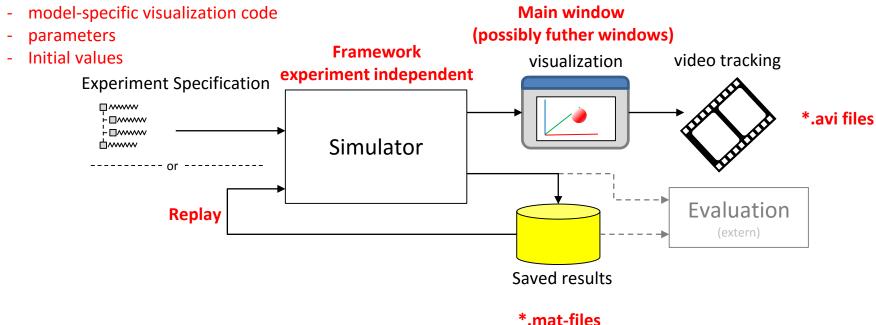
Universal Version of 2D simulation framework by S. Horn



Hauptkomponenten

Matlab structure



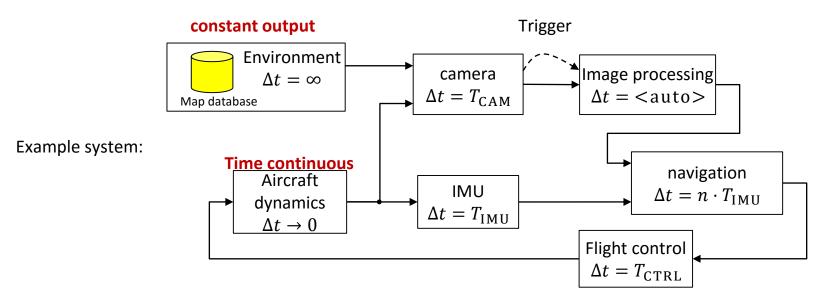




System Description

Model blocks

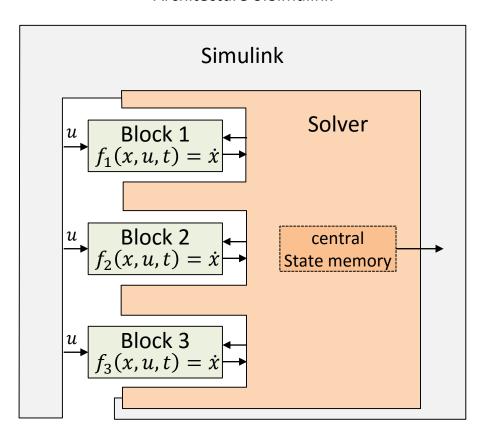
- 1 output, any number of input, any data format (Scalar, Matrices, Struct, ...)
 →variable per calculation step (non-uniform output)
- Sampling time Δt (computing continuous blocks "if necessary")



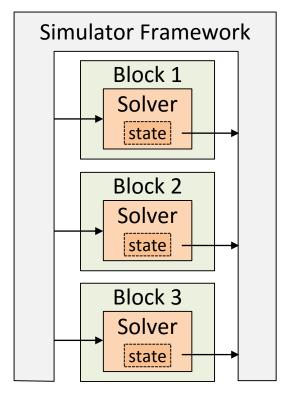


Abgrenzung zu Simulink

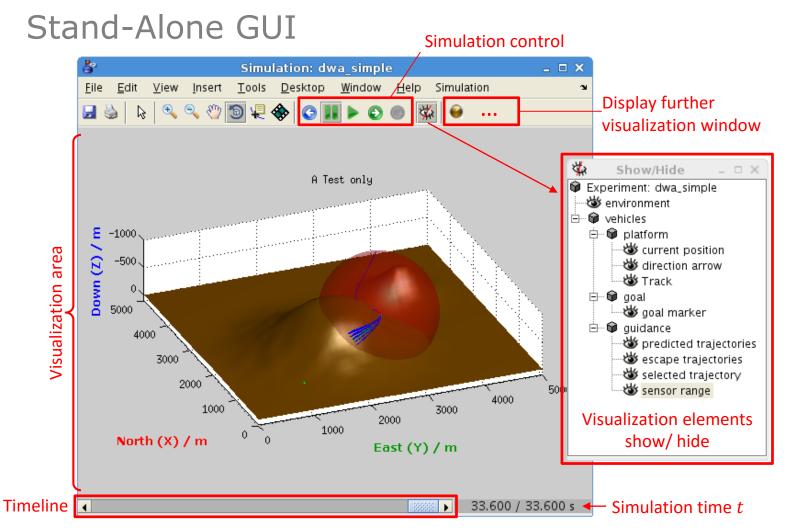
Architecture of Simulink



Architektur of Matlab Simulation Framework









Experiment Description

Matlab strukture → hierarchic, object-oriented approach

```
function exp = experiment()
          exp = experiment base('dwa simple'); % skeleton struct for experiment
          exp.vehicle = struct( ... % blocks in nested structure
              'platform', model masspoint([4800, 4000, -150, -150 * pi / 180, 0]), ...
              'goal', const goal3d([500 1000 -250]), ...
              'guidance', guidance dwa());
                                                                                               blocks
          exp.environment = env heightmap('DEMs/two-hills 50x50.png');
          exp.display.title = 'A Test only'; % configure visualization area
          exp.display.settings = {'XLim', [0 5000], 'YLim', [0 5000], 'ZLim', [-1000 100]};
          exp.display.view = [-112, 26];
Special
          exp.display.axis = 'equal';
fields
          exp.stop = stop distance(500); % simulation finished?
          exp.depends = {'*guidance'};  % tweak dependency analysis
        end
```

Aufruf des Simulators:



Implementierung eines Blocks

```
function b = test block()
             b = block base(1/10, {'input1'}, @process);
                                                                             Block framework
Sampling time
             % Algorithm parameters
             b.parameter = 1000;
             b.parameter2 = 'abc';
             function [state, out, debug] = process(block, t, state, in)
                 % Compute block state & outputs for time t
                                                                         Model propagation
             end
             % visualization
                                                                   A visualization element
             b.graphicElements(1).draw = @visualize;
             b.graphicElements(1).name = 'Graphic Object';
             function handles = visualize(block, ax, handles, out, debug, state, in)
                 if isempty(handles)
                     % create visualization objects
                     handles = ...
                 end
                 % update visualization
                 set (handles, 'Property', value, ...
             end
         end
```



Thanks for your attention!

