## The Greeks - Exercises

1. Use the put-call parity

$$C(S,t) - P(S,t) = S - Ee^{-r(T-t)}$$

to find the relationships bewteen the deltas( $\Delta$ ), gammas( $\Gamma$ ), vegas(vega), thetas( $\Theta$ ), rhos( $\rho$ ) of European call and put options. **Hint: Use suitable** differentiation for the above to obtain the relationships.

2. Show that for a delta-neutral portfolio of options on a non-dividend paying stock,  $\Pi$ ,

$$\Theta + \frac{1}{2}\sigma^2 S^2 \Gamma = r\Pi.$$

3. Show that

$$\frac{\partial \Delta}{\partial \sigma} = \frac{\partial vega}{\partial S}, \quad \frac{\partial \Gamma}{\partial \sigma} = \frac{\partial^2 vega}{\partial S^2}, \quad \frac{\partial \Theta}{\partial \sigma} = \frac{\partial vega}{\partial t}, \quad \frac{\partial \Delta}{\partial r} = \frac{\partial \rho}{\partial S}.$$

4. The Black–Scholes formula for a European call option  $C\left(S,t\right)$  is given by

$$C(S,t) = Se^{-D(T-t)}N(d_1) - Ee^{-r(T-t)}N(d_2).$$

Show that (using suitable differentiation) the Speed of this option  $\left(\frac{\partial \Gamma}{\partial S}\right)$  is given by

Speed = 
$$\frac{\partial^3 C}{\partial S^3} = -\frac{\Gamma}{S} \left( 1 + \frac{d_1}{\sigma \sqrt{T - t}} \right)$$

You do not need to prove the result for  $\Gamma$ .

5. Consider a delta-neutral portfolio of derivatives,  $\Pi$ . For a small change in the price of the underlying asset,  $\delta S$ , over a short time interval,  $\delta t$ , show that the change in the portfolio value,  $\delta \Pi$ , satisfies

$$\delta \Pi = \Theta \delta t + \frac{1}{2} \Gamma \delta S^2$$

where 
$$\Theta = \frac{\partial \Pi}{\partial t}$$
 and  $\Gamma = \frac{\partial^2 \Pi}{\partial S^2}$ .

6. (a) By differentiating the Black–Scholes equation with respect to  $\sigma$ , show that the vega of an option, vega, satisfies the differential equation

$$\frac{\partial vega}{\partial t} + \frac{1}{2}\sigma^2 S^2 \frac{\partial^2 vega}{\partial S^2} + rS \frac{\partial vega}{\partial S} - rvega = -\sigma S^2 \Gamma$$

where  $\Gamma = \partial^2 V/\partial S^2$ . What is the final condition?

(b) Similarly, find the PDE satisfied by  $\rho$ , the sensitivity of the option value to the interest rate.

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7. An option price V(S,t) satisfies the following partial differential equation

$$\frac{\partial V}{\partial t} + \frac{1}{2}\sigma^{2}S^{2}\frac{\partial^{2}V}{\partial S^{2}} + (r - D)S\frac{\partial V}{\partial S} - rV = -C(S, t).$$

Suppose that the cash flow  $C\left(S,t\right)$  has the form  $C\left(S,t\right)=f\left(t\right)S$ . By writing  $V=\phi\left(t\right)S$  and assuming a final condition at time T given by

$$V(S,T) = S,$$

show that the delta of the derivative security is

$$\Delta(S,t) = e^{-D(T-t)} + \int_{t}^{T} e^{-D(\tau-t)} f(\tau) d\tau.$$