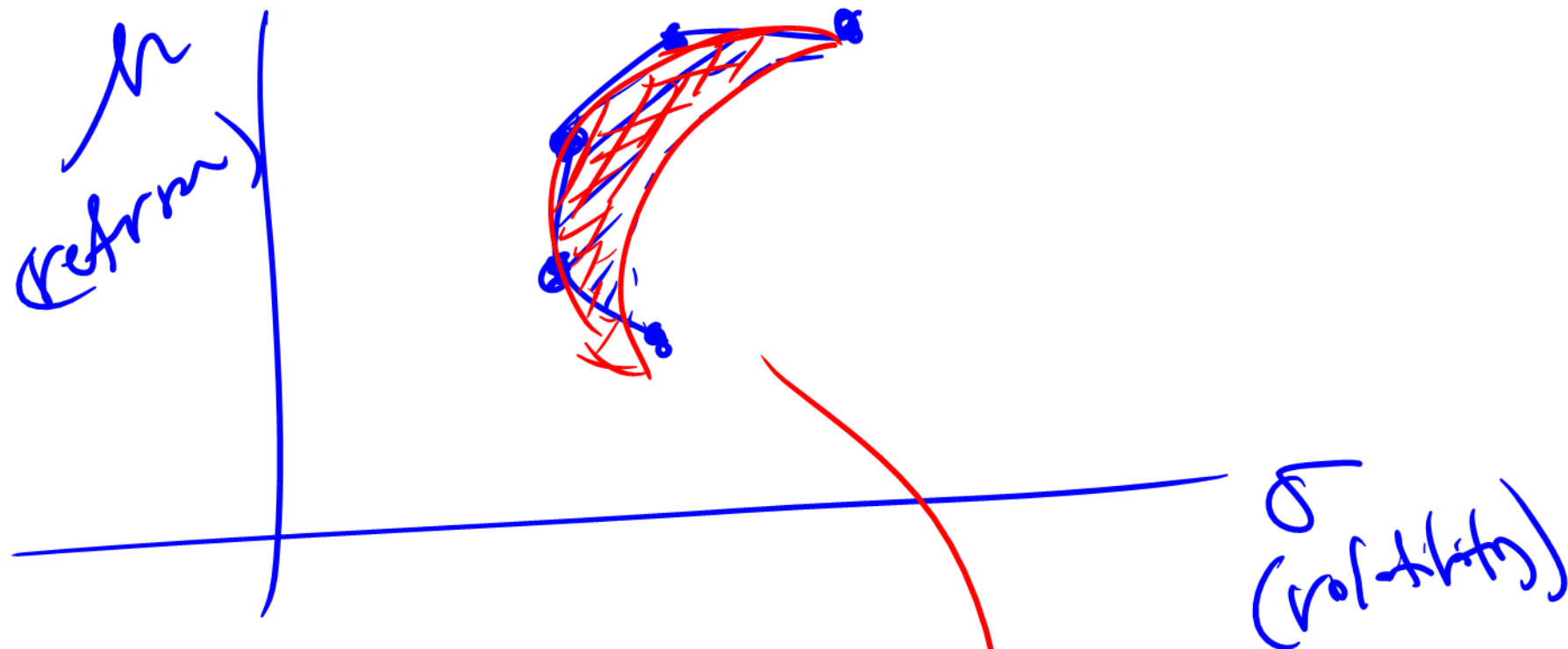
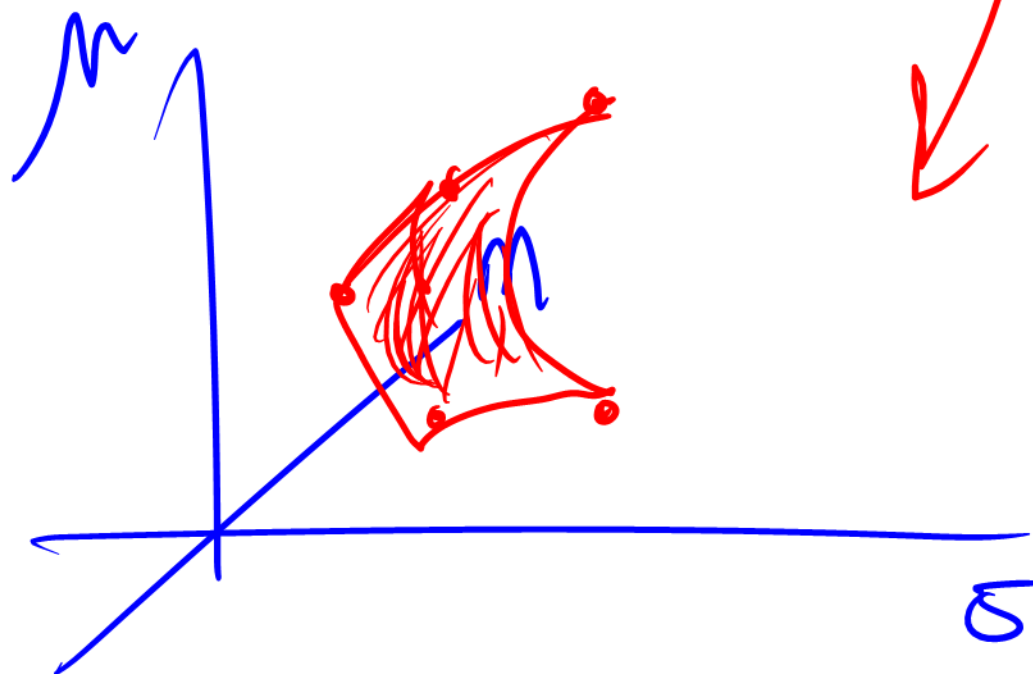
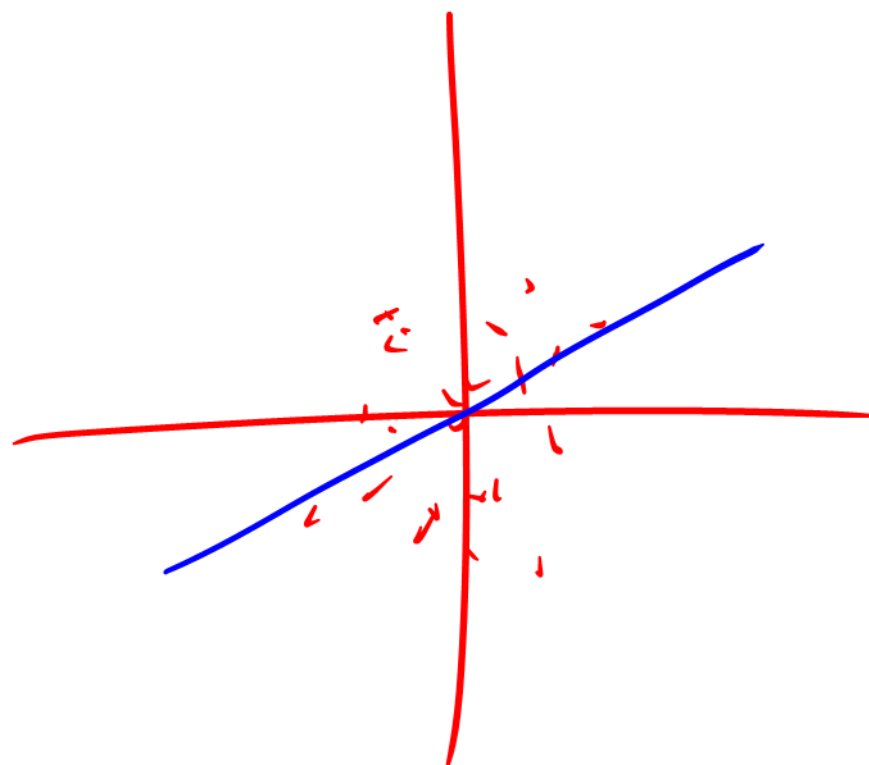
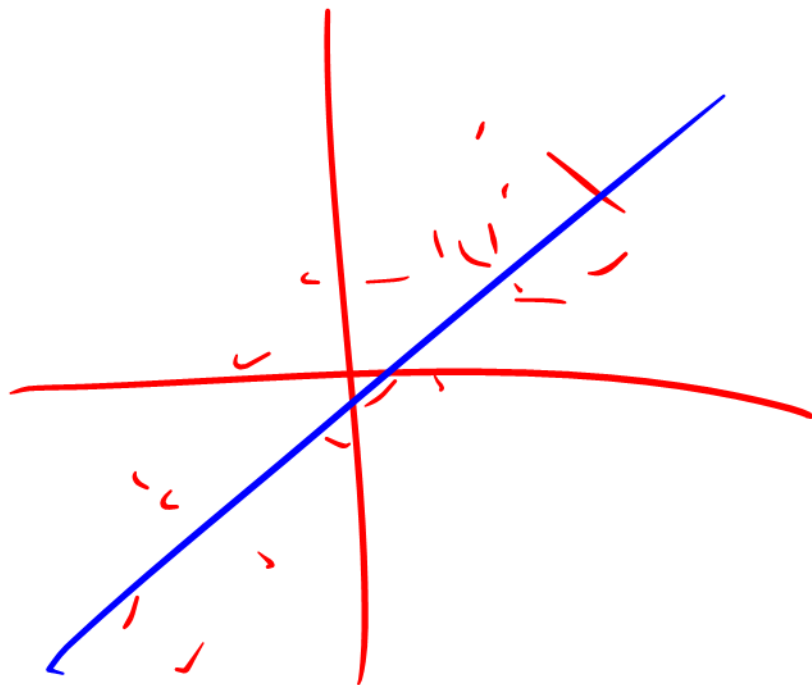


Markowitz
(MPT)
1950's

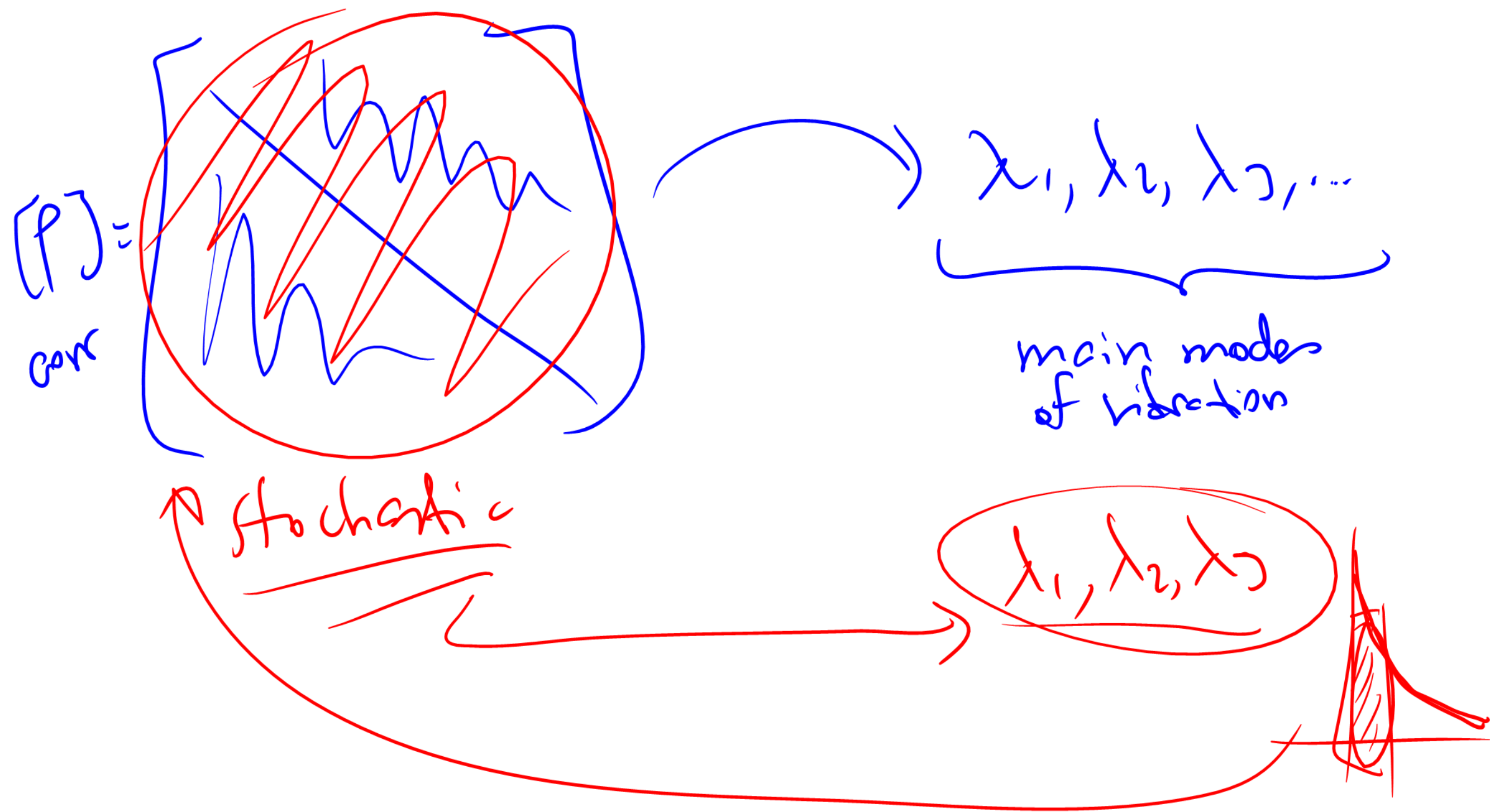


1990's
Shunk





Random Matrix Theory (RMT)



"impact"

losses

gains

DF

$\exp(-rT)$

T



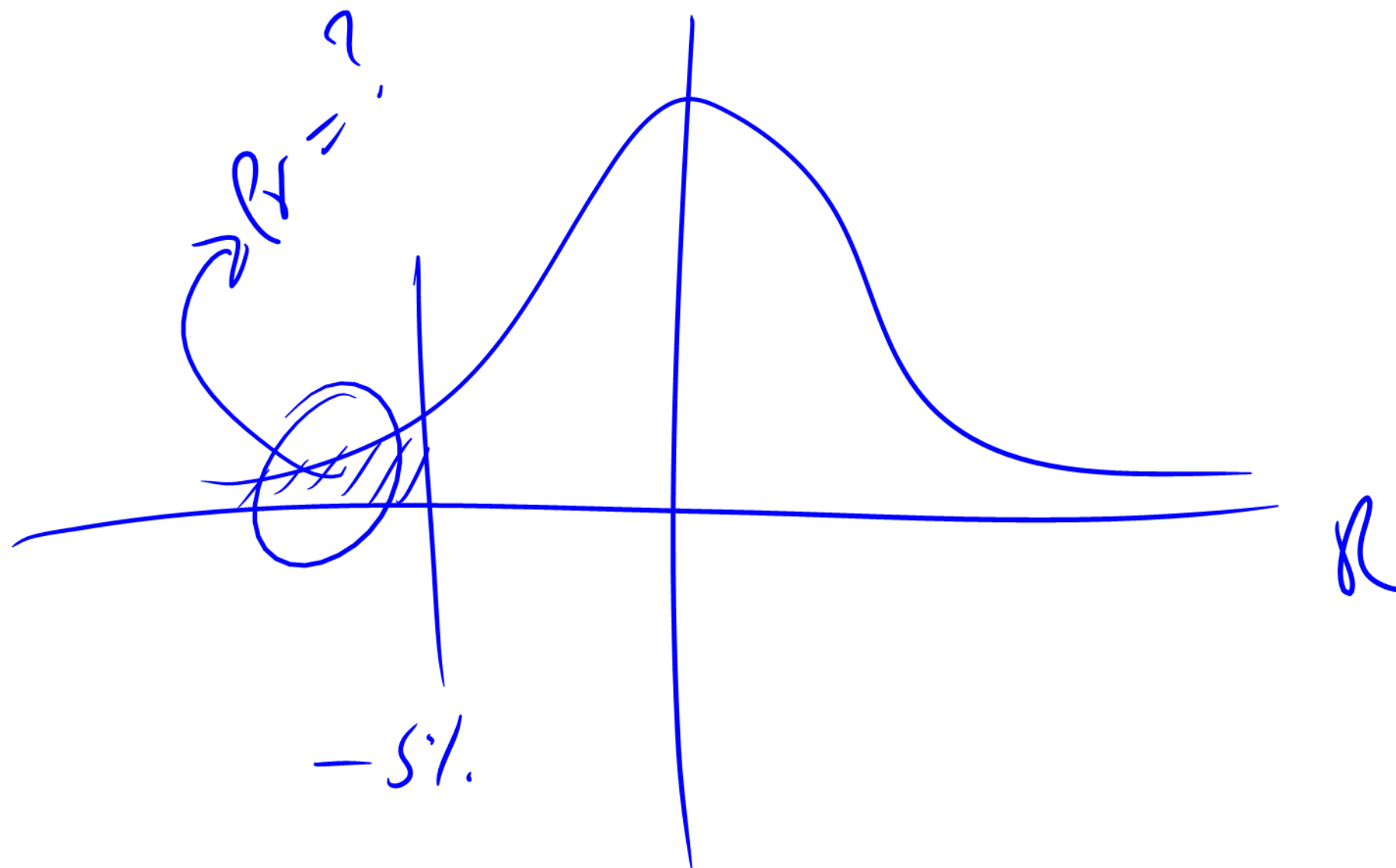
EXERCISE

Compute the VaR for portfolio
with one single stock:

$$\pi = \begin{array}{|c|} \hline S \\ \hline \end{array} \rightarrow \underline{\underline{GE}} \\ \text{(General Electric)}$$

Method:

- ✓ ① Download \vec{S} for last five years (Yahoo Finance)
- ✓ ② Compute Daily Returns \vec{R}
- ✓ ③ Compute Histogram of \vec{R}
- ④ Determine the location (R) of the worst 1% moves.

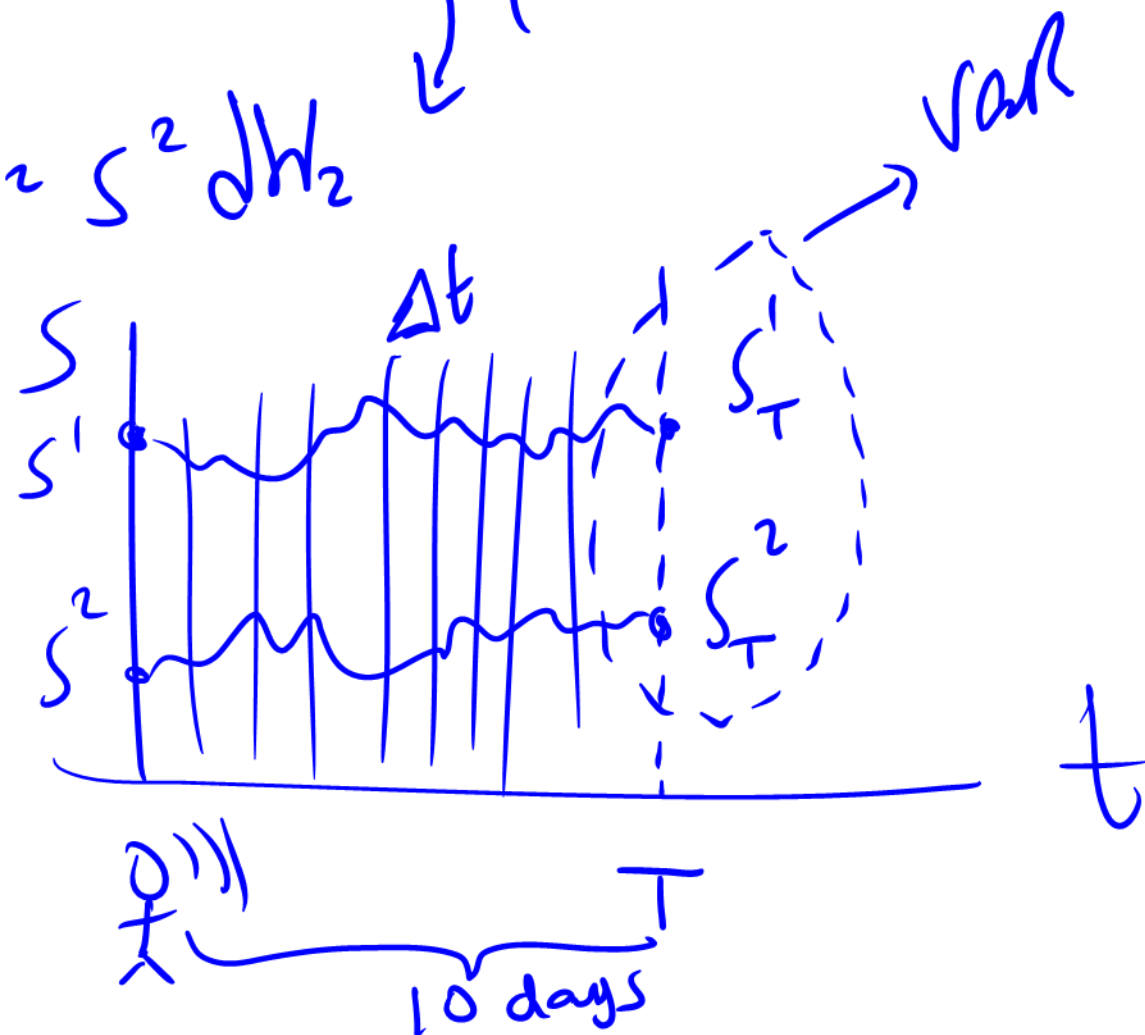


EXERCISE 2

$$\pi = \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} S^1, S^2 \end{bmatrix}}_{\text{array}}$$

$$\left\{ \begin{aligned} dS^1 &= \mu^1 S^1 dt + \sigma^1 S^1 dW^1 \end{aligned} \right.$$

$$\left\{ \begin{aligned} dS^2 &= \mu^2 S^2 dt + \sigma^2 S^2 dW^2 \end{aligned} \right.$$



Euler discretization

$$\mu = r$$

$$dS = \mu S dt + \sigma S dW$$



$$\Delta S = \mu S \Delta t + \sigma S \underline{\Delta W}$$

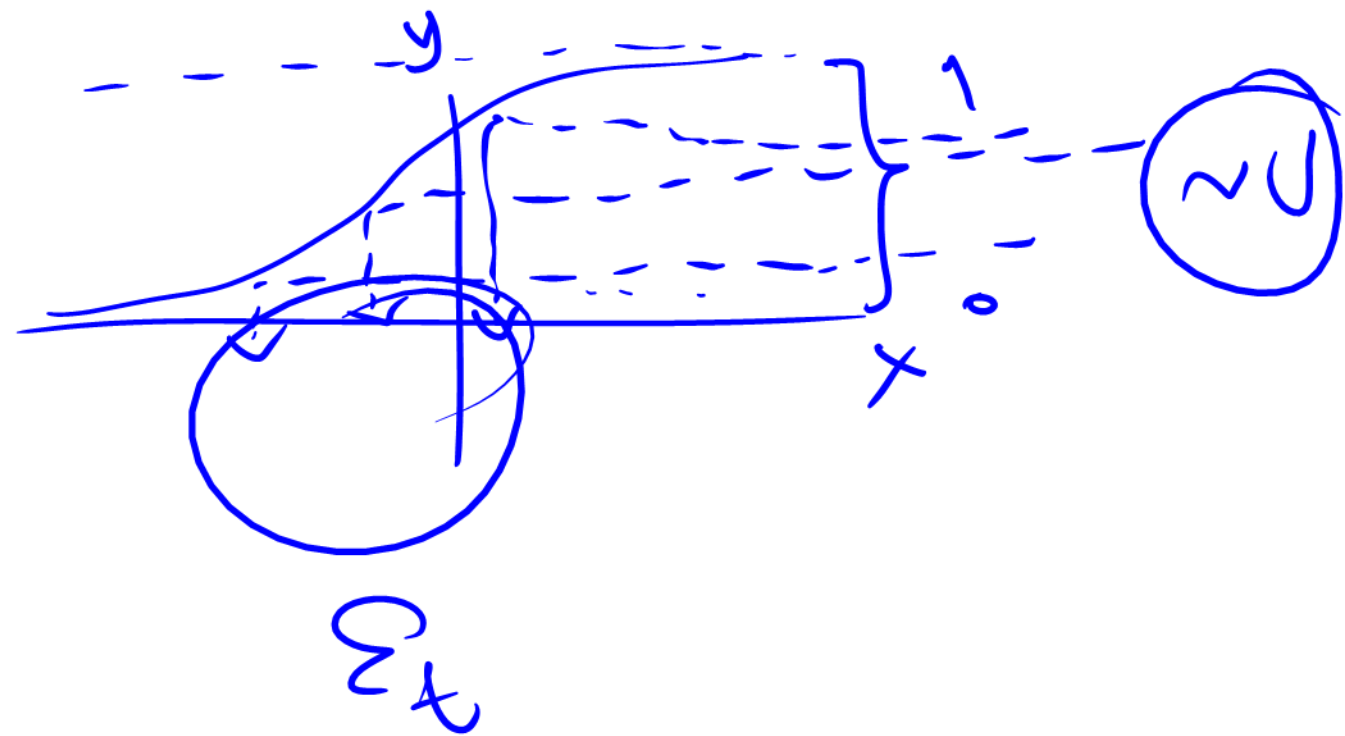
$$S_{t+1} - S_t = \mu S_t \Delta t + \sigma S_t \underline{\varepsilon_t \sqrt{\Delta t}}$$

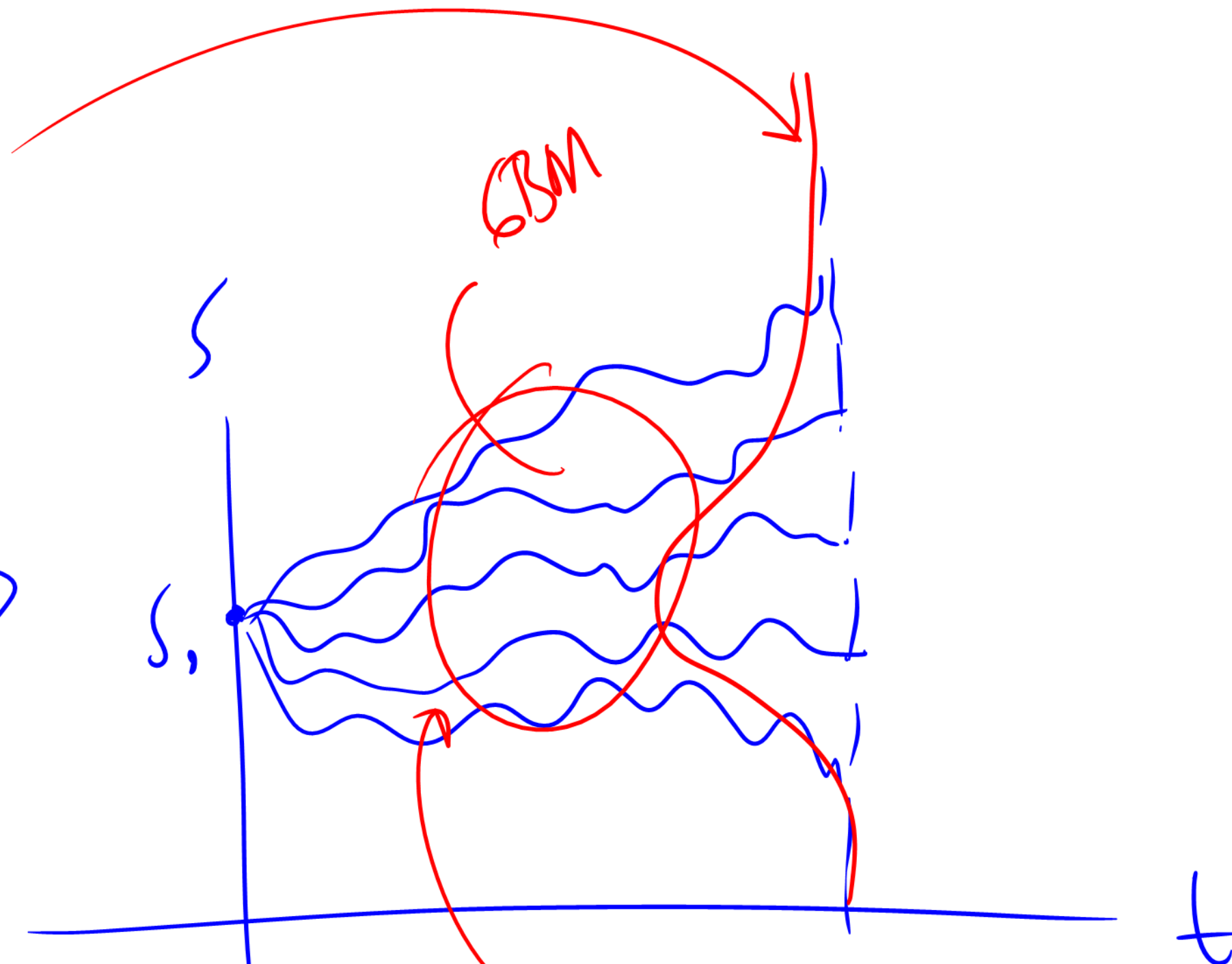
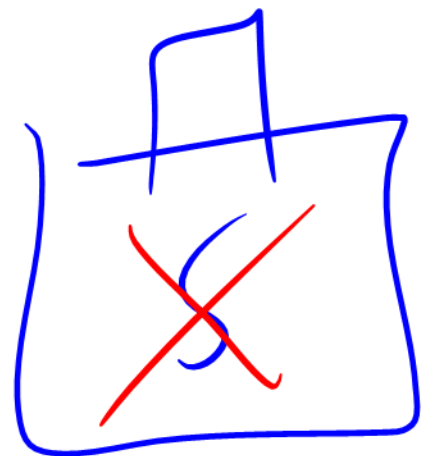
$$S_{t+1} = S_t + \mu S_t \Delta t + \sigma S_t \varepsilon_t \sqrt{\Delta t}$$

$$S_{t+1} = S_t (1 + \mu \Delta t + \sigma (\varepsilon_t \sqrt{\Delta t}))$$

$$\Delta t \approx \frac{1}{250}$$

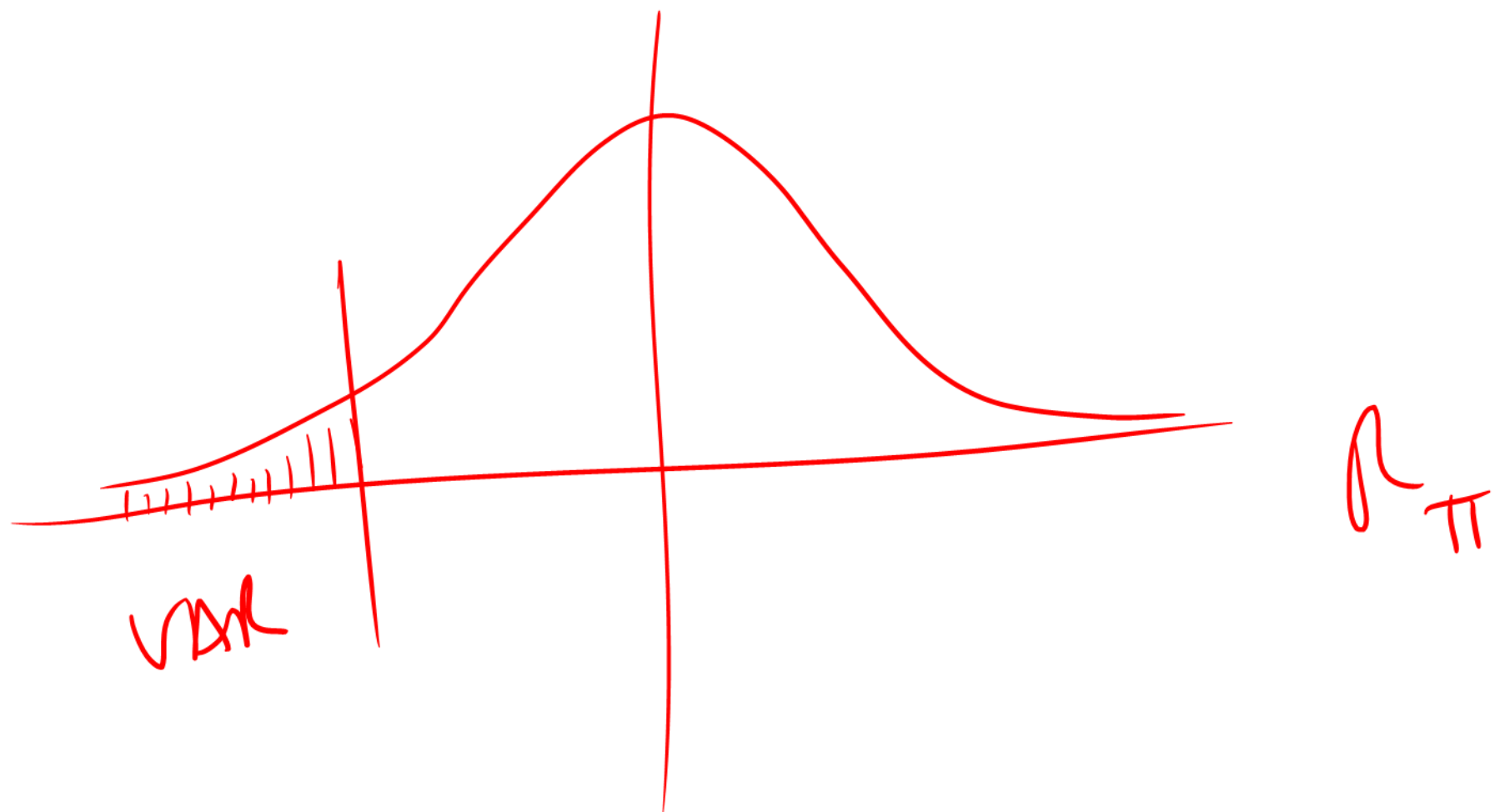
$$\varepsilon_t$$





Heston stochastic
volatility

GBM



EVT
Extreme Value Theory

CVT
ve

VAR

R

