# The New **lmerTest** Package

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The **ImerTest** package has been re-written and is released as package version  $\geq 3.0$ . We call this *The New ImerTest Package*. This document describes the key changes in the new version.

The **lmerTest** package provides p-values in type I, II or III **anova** and **summary** tables for linear mixed models (**lmer** model fits cf. **lme4**) via Satterthwaite's degrees of freedom method; a Kenward-Roger method is also available via the **pbkrtest** package. Model selection and assessment methods include **step**, **drop1**, anova-like tables for random effects (**ranova**), least-square means (LS-means; **ls\_means**) and tests of linear contrasts of fixed effects (**contest**).

The most important changes for end-users are:

- 1. More robust and less error-prone implementation with much better test coverage
- 2. Faster evaluation of summary and anova tables much faster for time-consuming model fits
- New functions including drop1(), contest(), as\_lmerModLmerTest(), show\_test(), and ranova() see details below.

Given that the codebase has been rewritten completely from scratch it is not unlikely that a few 'childhood diseases' are lurking in the details. Please help us cure out such maladies and report bugs if you see them at https://github.com/runehaubo/lmerTestR/issues. Comments and suggestions are most welcome.

The new user interface is almost 100% backward compatible with previous versions (see details below). An up-to-date version of this document is available here.

### New features:

- 1. ranova() ANOVA-like table of random effects via likelihood ratio tests with methods for both lmerMod and lmerModLmerTest objects. ranova() is similar to the old rand() and essentially produces a drop1() table for random-effect terms. ranova() can either test reduction of random-effect terms to simpler structures or it can test removal of entire random-effect terms; the rules for how complex random-effect terms are reduced is described in help(ranova).
- 2. drop1() F-tests of fixed-effect terms using Satterthwaite or Kenward-Roger methods for denominator degrees of freedom. These 'single term deletion' tables are useful for model selection and tests of marginal terms. Compared to the likelihood ratio tests of lme4::drop1 the F-tests and p-values of lmerTest::drop1 are more accurate and considerably faster since no additional model fitting is required.
- 3. as\_lmerModLmerTest() an explicit coerce function from class 'lmerMod' to 'lmerModLmerTest'.
- 4. contest() tests of contrasts, i.e. tests of linear functions of the fixed-effect coefficients. A user-friendly interface for tests of contrasts with outputs either as a summary-like table of t-tests or an anova-like table of F-tests (or a list of either). Contrasts can optionally be tested for estimability. Contrasts are allowed to be rank-deficient as the rank is automatically detected and appropriate adjustments made. Methods for 'lmerModLmerTest' as well as 'lmerMod' objects the latter avoids the Satterthwaite specific computations when the Kenward-Roger method is used.
- 5. A show\_test() function which operates on anova tables and LS-means tables (produced by ls\_means) makes it possible to see exactly which functions of the coefficients are being tested. This is very helpful when differences between type I, II and III anova tables are being considered and discussed.

- 6. An ls\_means functions is provided as an alias for the lsmeansLT. As the name implies the function computes the so-called least-squares means (classical Yates contrasts) as well as pairwise differences of these.
- 7. lmerTest::lmer returns an object of class 'lmerModLmerTest' (previously 'merModLmerTest') to clarify that 'lmerModLmerTest' extends 'lmerMod' not 'merMod'. The merMod class includes generalized and nonlinear mixed models and lmerTest is only designed for *linear* mixed models.
- 8. Test coverage has been greatly improved providing confidence that **lmerTest** functionality works as expected even in boundary situations (e.g. such that anova and summary tables have the expected format even if there are no fixed effects and even if the intercept has been suppressed as well.)
- 9. The computational approach is to let lmerTest::lmer compute the required Hessian and derivatives needed for evaluation of degrees of freedom and t- and F-tests. Previously these quantities were computed following calls to anova and summary methods which meant that the computationally intensive parts had to be evaluated anew with each summary or anova table; the model even had to be refitted as well. With the new implementation refitting the model is avoided and the required Hessian and derivaties have to be computed only once per model fit.
- 10. The number of dependent packages has been reduced easing the installation of lmerTest.
- 11. Consistency of output user visible functions as well as internal functions take care to return objects of the appropriate form even in boundary situations, e.g. always a matrix or always a list.

## Changes to the user interface

The user interface has been updated with new functionality and extra features as described above. We have tried our best to keep the new version backward compatible, but a few things from the old API have been changed out of necessity:

- 1. In step() the argument type is now being ignored (with a warning) as drop1() is always used for reduction of the fixed-effect structure. type used to indicate the type of anova table to use for tests of fixed-effect terms, but since it only makes sense to remove marginal terms and drop1() provides the test of these terms it does not make sense to use anything but drop1() to test the fixed-effect terms. Furthermore type II and III anova tables provide identical tests of marginal terms. Additionally, the arguments fixed.calc, lsmeans.calc, difflsmeans.calc, and test.effs are deprecated and attempts to set them leads to a warning; also keep.effs has been reduced to keep.
- 2. The documented behavior of rand (which is based on ranova) has not changed, but being a new implementation it may behave differently in 'corner' cases.
- 3. anova tables have a column F value (previously F.value) being consistent with anova.lm and anova.merMod.
- 4. The headers for summary and anova tables have been modernized.

#### Plans for future releases:

- 1. calcSatterth() will be .Deprecated and eventually .Defunct since its functionality is covered by the new function contest().
- 2. rand() is an alias for the new function ranova(). rand may be .Deprecated in future releases.
- 3. Plot methods for ls\_means and step objects may be discontinued (and they have never been documented and part of the public API) since much better alternatives are available in the emmeans package.

# Changes relevant for programmers and downstream packages

- 1. lmerTest::lmer produces an object of (S4) class 'lmerModLmerTest' (previously 'merModLmerTest') which extends the 'lmerMod' class objects of class 'lmerMod' are produced by lme4::lmer.
- 2. anova and summary methods for objects of class 'lmerModLmerTest' are S3 and should only be called using method dispatch, i.e. they should be called with objects of class 'lmerModLmerTest' as the first argument. If you have an object of class 'lmerMod' and want to compute p-values use anova(as\_lmerModLmerTest(object)) or summary(as\_lmerModLmerTest(object)). (The previous lmerTest package defined S4 anova and summary methods.)
- 3. anova and summary methods are not exported functions and they are not designed to be called with lmerTest::summary and lmerTest::anova. Use anova(as\_lmerModLmerTest(object)) or summary(as\_lmerModLmerTest(object)) instead if object is of class lmerMod, i.e. the result of calling lme4::lmer.
- 4. If your package *suggests* (rather than imports or depends on) **lmerTest**, the canonical way to enforce calls to the **anova** and **summary** methods defined by **lmerTest** is as follows:

```
# For packageVersion("lmerTest") >= "3.0.0" :
if(requireNamespace("lmerTest", quietly = TRUE)) {
    # for summary() change anova -> summary here:
    anova(lmerTest::as_lmerModLmerTest(object)) # optionally add add. args.
} else stop("Package lmerTest is not available.")
```

## Bridging between versions for package programmers

- 1. If you want to test if an object is of class 'lmerModLmerTest' or 'merModLmerTest', use inherits(object, "merModLmerTest") || inherits(object, "lmerModLmerTest"): this tests TRUE for both classes.
- 2. If you are working with anova and summary methods for lmer objects (lme4::lmer or lmerTest::lmer) in your package, and you want to make sure to call the anova and summary methods defined by lmerTest you may use the following functions to transition from the old to the new lmerTest package.

```
lmerTest_anova <- function(object, ...) {</pre>
  # Produce lmerTest-anova table for lmer-model fits (lme4 or lmerTest) with old
  # as well as new lmerTest package.
  # Standard method dispatch for all non-lmerMod objects.
  if(!inherits(object, "lmerMod")) return(anova(object, ...)) # non-lmer objects
  if(requireNamespace("lmerTest", quietly=TRUE) && packageVersion("lmerTest") < "3.0.0") {
    if(inherits(object, "merModLmerTest"))
      return(lmerTest::anova(object, ...)) else # lmerTest object
        return(lmerTest::anova(as(object, "merModLmerTest"), ...)) # lme4 object
  if(requireNamespace("lmerTest", quietly=TRUE) && packageVersion("lmerTest") >= "3.0.0") {
    if(inherits(object, "lmerModLmerTest"))
      return(anova(object, ...)) else # lmerTest object
        return(anova(lmerTest::as_lmerModLmerTest(object), ...)) # lme4 object
  }
 return(anova(object, ...)) # *merModLmerTest objects and/or 'lmerTest' is not available
lmerTest_summary <- function(object, ...) {</pre>
  # Produce lmerTest-summary for lmer-model fits (lme4 or lmerTest) with old
 # as well as new lmerTest package.
```

```
# Standard method dispatch for all non-lmerMod objects.
if(!inherits(object, "lmerMod")) return(summary(object, ...)) # non-lmer objects
if(requireNamespace("lmerTest", quietly=TRUE) && packageVersion("lmerTest") < "3.0.0") {
   if(inherits(object, "merModLmerTest"))
     return(lmerTest::summary(object, ...)) else # lmerTest object
     return(lmerTest::summary(as(object, "merModLmerTest"), ...)) # lme4 object
}
if(requireNamespace("lmerTest", quietly=TRUE) && packageVersion("lmerTest") >= "3.0.0") {
   if(inherits(object, "lmerModLmerTest"))
     return(summary(object, ...)) else # lmerTest object
     return(summary(lmerTest::as_lmerModLmerTest(object), ...)) # lme4 object
}
return(summary(object, ...)) # *merModLmerTest objects and/or 'lmerTest' is not available}
}
```

- 3. In practice you include these two functions in a file, say <my-package>/R/lmerTest\_utils.R and then change all calls of the type lmerTest::anova and lmerTest::summary to lmerTest\_anova and lmerTest\_summary respectively. You will also need to add importFrom(methods, as), importFrom(utils, packageVersion) and importFrom(stats, anova) to the NAMESPACE file if they are not there already; also add methods under Imports in the DESCRIPTION file.
- 4. When the new version of lmerTest is on CRAN you don't need (but can use) lmerTest\_anova and lmerTest\_summary in your package anymore. Going forward all that is needed is summary(object) and anova(object) (without lmerTest:: prepended!) if object is of class lmerModLmerTest. If object is of class lmerMod (i.e. fitted with lme4::lmer) then you need to coerce to class lmerModLmerTest before you can use the anova and summary methods from lmerTest: first obj <- as\_lmerModLmerTest(object) (or obj <- lmerTest::as\_lmerModLmerTest(object)) then summary(obj) or anova(obj).