

CHAPTER 4



Wireless and RF Attacks

Episode 4.01 - Wireless Exploits, Part 1

Objective 3.2 Given a scenario, research attack vectors and perform wireless attacks

WIRELESS AND RF VULNERABILITIES

- Wireless and RF vulnerabilities
 - Broadcast is wide open
aircrack-ng
- Evil twin – rogue WAP used to eavesdrop
 - Karma attack (Karma Attacks Radio Machines Automatically)
 - Downgrade attack – attempt to negotiate a more insecure protocol
- Deauthentication attacks
 - DoS attacks, disrupt communication between user and WAP

WIRELESS AND RF VULNERABILITIES

- Fragmentation attacks
 - DoS attack, floods a network with datagram fragments
- Credential harvesting
 - Process of capturing or discovering valid login
 - Social engineering, etc
- WPS implementation weaknesses
 - Several consumer grade WAPs could allow an attacker to learn the WPS PIN



OTHER WIRELESS VULNERABILITIES

- **Bluejacking**
Unsolicited messages to a Bluetooth-enabled device
- **Bluesnarfing**
Stealing information from Bluetooth-enabled device
- **RFID Cloning**
Unauthorized copy of device's RF signal
- **Jamming**
DoS attack, disables communication among devices
- **Repeating**
Receiving and retransmitting a signal to increase range

QUICK REVIEW

- Anyone can receive wireless traffic - unencrypted means anyone can read it
- Evil twin can trick users into using your access point instead of a valid one
- Multiple attacks emerging for Bluetooth devices
- IoT makes wireless vulnerabilities much more prevalent

Episode 4.02 – Wireless Exploits, Part 2

Objective 3.2 Given a scenario, research attack vectors and perform wireless attacks

WIRELESS EXPLOITS

- Data modification
 - Unauthorized wireless access to change actionable data
 - May focus on altering configuration to ease further access/attack
- Data corruption
 - Attack on availability
 - Targets may be valuable data and/or configuration settings
- Capture handshakes
 - Useful in replay and impersonation attacks
- On-path
 - Previously known as man-in-the-middle attacks

QUICK REVIEW

- Wireless attacks focus on key vulnerable areas including sessions, authentication, and blocking valid access
- Data corruption is an attack on availability
- Capturing handshakes is useful in replay and impersonation attacks

Episode 4.03 – Antennas

Objective 3.2 Given a scenario, research attack vectors and perform wireless attacks

WIRELESS ATTACK TOOLS

- Amplified antenna
 - Device to extend the effective range of attack platform
 - Allows an attacker to carry out attacks physically farther from victims

QUICK REVIEW

- Amplified antennas are devices used to extend the effective range of attack platform
- Amplified antennas allow an attacker to carry out attacks physically farther from victims