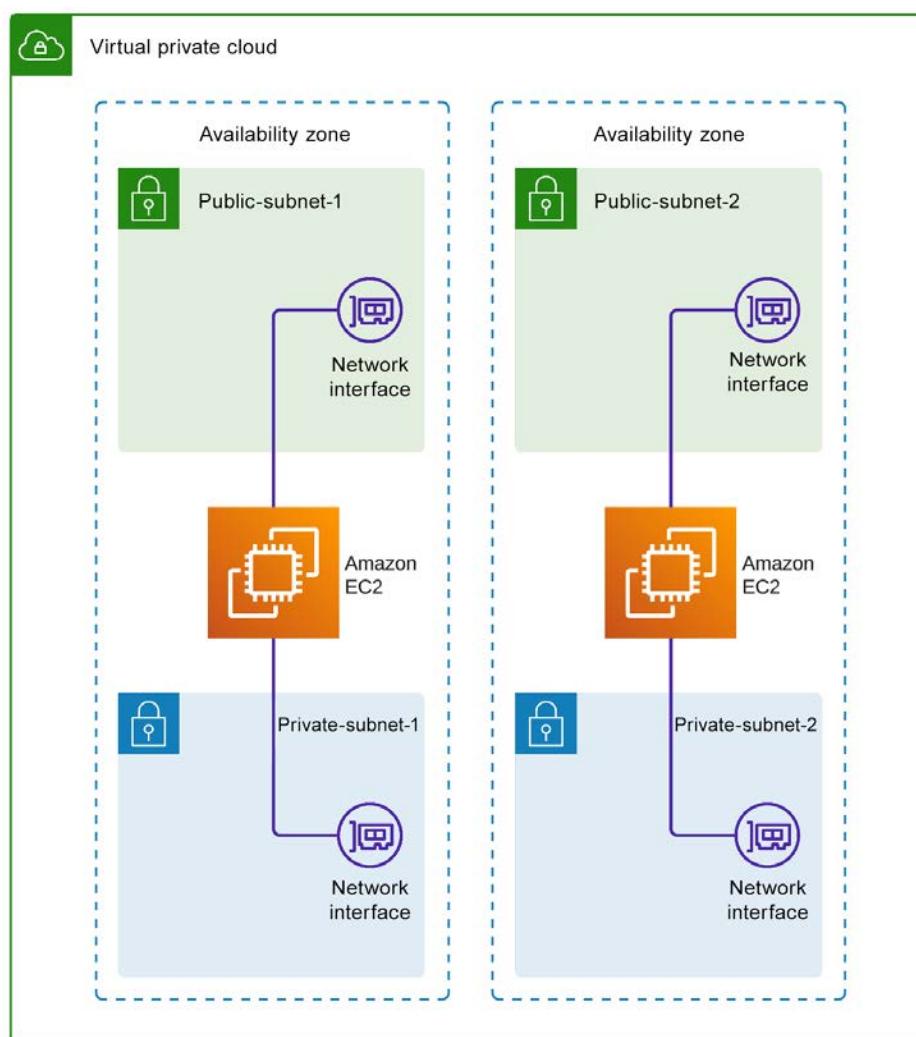


Preface:

The screenshot shows a digital dashboard for the AWS Certified Advanced Networking - Specialty (ANS-C01) Certification Guide. At the top left is the 'Practice Resources' logo. On the right are a bell icon and a 'SHARE FEEDBACK' button. The main area is titled 'DASHBOARD'. It features a book cover thumbnail for the certification guide, which is described as 'A pragmatic guide to acing the AWS ANS-C01 exam'. Below this are four expandable sections: 'Mock Exams', 'Chapter Review Questions', 'Flashcards', and 'Exam Tips'. At the bottom left is a link to 'BACK TO THE BOOK' with its own thumbnail.

Chapter 1: Advanced VPC Networking

The screenshot shows the AWS Certified Advanced Networking - Specialty (ANS-C01) Certification Guide dashboard. At the top, there's a header with 'Practice Resources' and a 'SHARE FEEDBACK' button. Below the header is a section titled 'DASHBOARD' featuring a thumbnail of the certification guide book. To the right of the book thumbnail are four expandable sections: 'Mock Exams', 'Chapter Review Questions', 'Flashcards', and 'Exam Tips'. At the bottom left is a 'BACK TO THE BOOK' link, and at the bottom center is another thumbnail of the book.



Edit subnet settings Info

Subnet

Subnet ID
 subnet-09ef4d93a8b63006f

Name
 Example-Subnet

Auto-assign IP settings Info

Enable AWS to automatically assign a public IPv4 or IPv6 address to a new primary network interface for an instance in this subnet.

- Enable auto-assign IPv6 address Info
- Enable auto-assign public IPv4 address Info
- Enable auto-assign customer-owned IPv4 address Info
Option disabled because no customer owned pools found.

Change termination behavior X

Network interface
eni-0507d1d9e8f7288a3

Delete on instance termination

- Enable

[Cancel](#)

[Save](#)

Change source/destination check X

Network interface
eni-0507d1d9e8f7288a3

Source/destination check

- Enable

[Cancel](#)

[Save](#)

Create network interface

An elastic network interface is a logical networking component in a VPC that represents a virtual network card.

Details Info

Description - *optional*

A descriptive name for the network interface.

Description of your network interface

Subnet

The subnet in which to create the network interface.

Select subnet



Private IPv4 address

The private IPv4 address to assign to the network interface.

Auto-assign

Custom

Elastic Fabric Adapter

Enable

▼ Advanced settings

You can optionally set the IP prefix delegation

IPv4 prefix delegation

The IPv4 prefixes to assign to the network interface.

Do not assign

Auto-assign

Custom

Idle connection tracking timeout Info

Specifies the idle timeout duration in seconds.

TCP established timeout

432000

UDP stream timeout

180

UDP timeout

30

Tags - *optional*

A tag is a label that you assign to an AWS resource. Each tag consists of a key and an optional value. You can use tags to search and filter your resources or track your AWS costs.

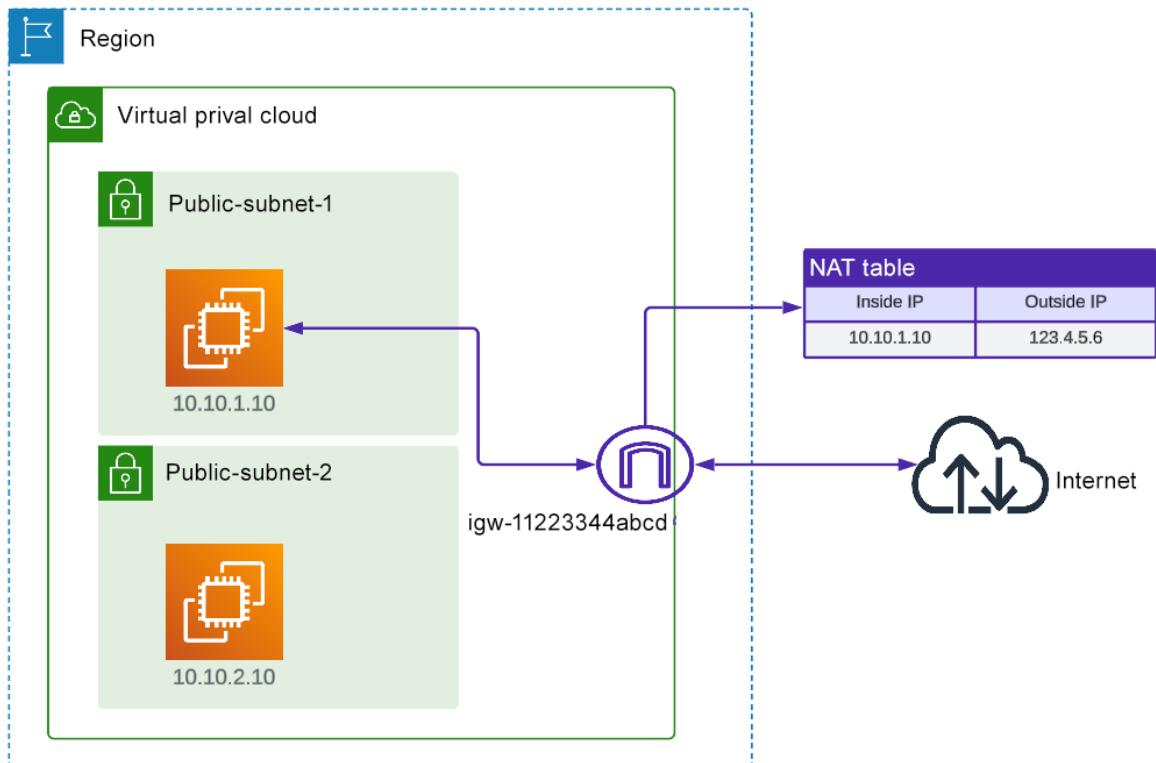
No tags associated with the resource.

[Add new tag](#)

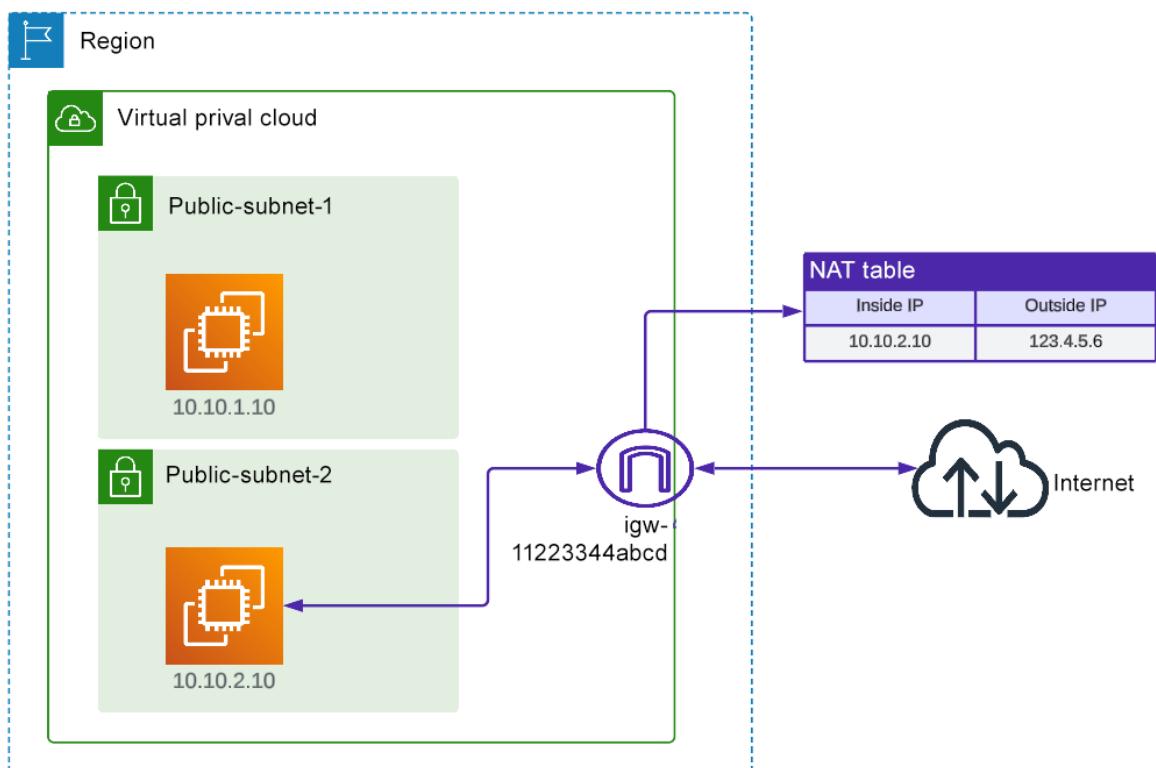
You can add 50 more tags

Cancel

[Create network interface](#)



Reassociate EIP



Allocate Elastic IP address Info

Elastic IP address settings Info

Public IPv4 address pool

- Amazon's pool of IPv4 addresses
- Public IPv4 address that you bring to your AWS account with BYOIP. (option disabled because no pools found) [Learn more](#)
- Customer-owned pool of IPv4 addresses created from your on-premises network for use with an Outpost. (option disabled because no customer owned pools found) [Learn more](#)

Network border group Info



Global static IP addresses

AWS Global Accelerator can provide global static IP addresses that are announced worldwide using anycast from AWS edge locations. This can help improve the availability and latency for your user traffic by using the Amazon global network. [Learn more](#)

[Create accelerator](#)

Tags - optional

A tag is a label that you assign to an AWS resource. Each tag consists of a key and an optional value. You can use tags to search and filter your resources or track your AWS costs.

No tags associated with the resource.

[Add new tag](#)

You can add up to 50 more tag

[Cancel](#)
[Allocate](#)

Elastic IP addresses (1/1)


[Actions ▲](#)
[Allocate Elastic IP address](#)
[View details](#)
[Release Elastic IP addresses](#)

[Name](#)

[Allocated IPv4 addr...](#)

[Type](#)

[-](#)
[Public IP](#)
[Disassociate Elastic IP address](#)
[793f8](#)
[Update reverse DNS](#)
[Enable transfers](#)
[Disable transfers](#)
[Accept transfers](#)

[Associate Elastic IP address](#)

Elastic IP address:

Resource type
Choose the type of resource with which to associate the Elastic IP address.

Instance ←

Network interface

⚠ If you associate an Elastic IP address with an instance that already has an Elastic IP address associated, the previously associated Elastic IP address will be disassociated, but the address will still be allocated to your account. [Learn more](#)

If no private IP address is specified, the Elastic IP address will be associated with the primary private IP address.

Instance Cancel Associate

Private IP address
The private IP address with which to associate the Elastic IP address.

Cancel Associate

Reassociation
Specify whether the Elastic IP address can be reassigned to a different resource if it is already associated with a resource.

Allow this Elastic IP address to be reassigned

Elastic IP address:

Resource type
Choose the type of resource with which to associate the Elastic IP address.

Instance

Network interface ←

⚠ If you associate an Elastic IP address with an instance that already has an Elastic IP address associated, the previously associated Elastic IP address will be disassociated, but the address will still be allocated to your account. [Learn more](#)

If no private IP address is specified, the Elastic IP address will be associated with the primary private IP address.

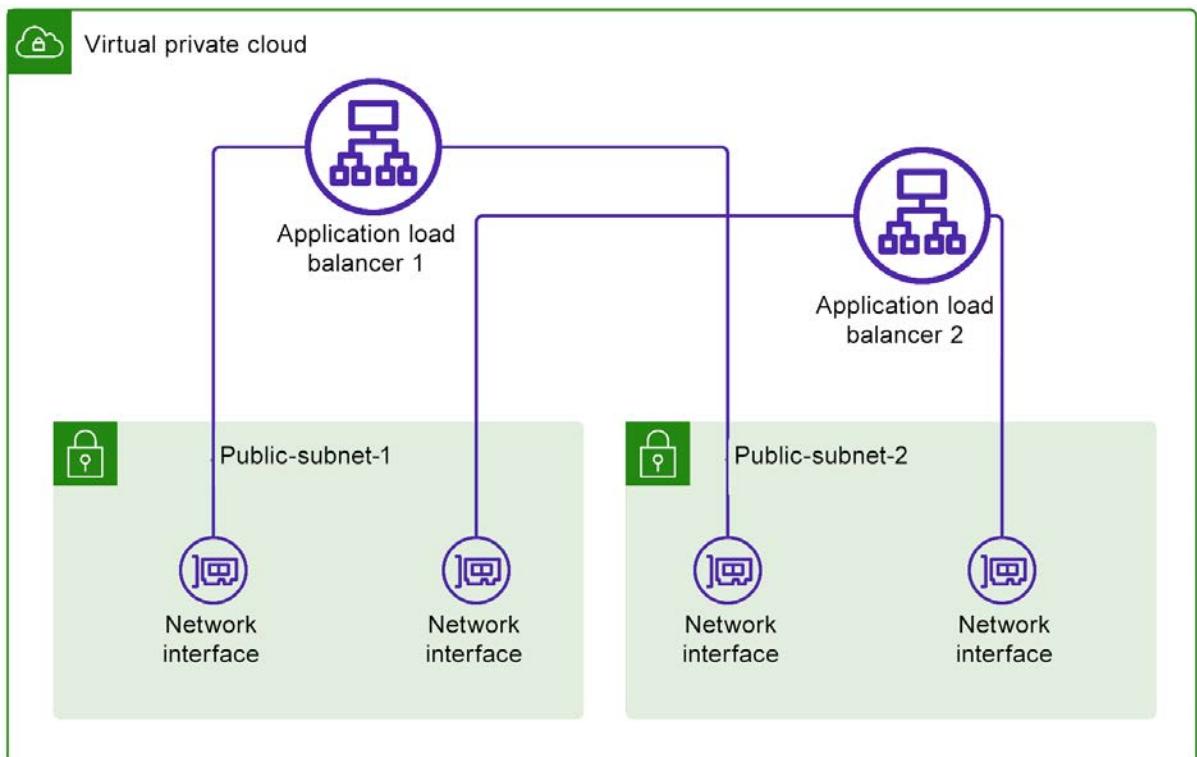
Network interface Cancel Associate

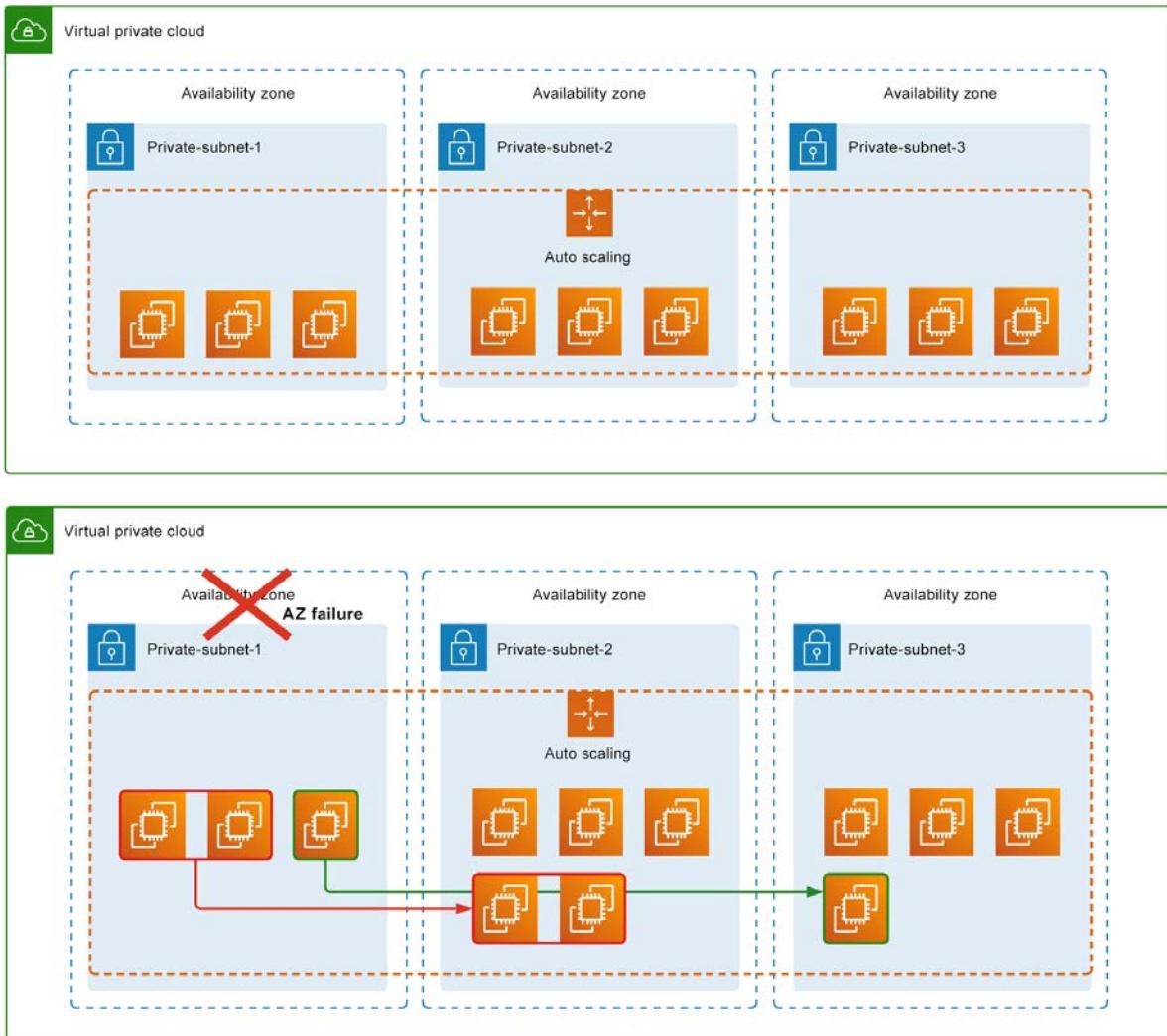
Private IP address
The private IP address with which to associate the Elastic IP address.

Cancel Associate

Reassociation
Specify whether the Elastic IP address can be reassigned to a different resource if it is already associated with a resource.

Allow this Elastic IP address to be reassigned





pl-0bc6cf55bd965fb83 - test-pl				
Details	Entries	Associations	Sharing	Tags
Details				
Prefix list name test-pl	Prefix list ID pl-0bc6cf55bd965fb83	Version 2	Max entries 20	
Address family IPv4	State Modify-complete	State message -	Owner ID 637132168754	
Prefix list ARN arn:aws:ec2:ap-southeast-2:637132168754:prefix-list/pl-0bc6cf55bd965fb83				

pl-0bc6cf55bd965fb83 - test-pl				
Details	Entries	Associations	Sharing	Tags
Prefix list entries (3)				
<input type="text"/> Find entries				
CIDR	Description			
10.0.0.0/24				
10.140.0.0/24				
10.2.0.0/24				

Create prefix list Info

Create a prefix list to easily refer to CIDR blocks.

Prefix list name Info

Name of your prefix list

Max entries Info

Max number of entries for this prefix list

Address family Info

Address family cannot be changed after the prefix list is created.

IPv4

IPv6

Prefix list entries Info

Each entry consists of a CIDR block and, optionally, a description for the CIDR block.

Specify Max entries above, then choose Add new entry to add a prefix list entry.

Add new entry

Tags - optional

A tag is a label that you assign to an AWS resource. Each tag consists of a key and an optional value. You can use tags to search and filter your resources or track your AWS costs.

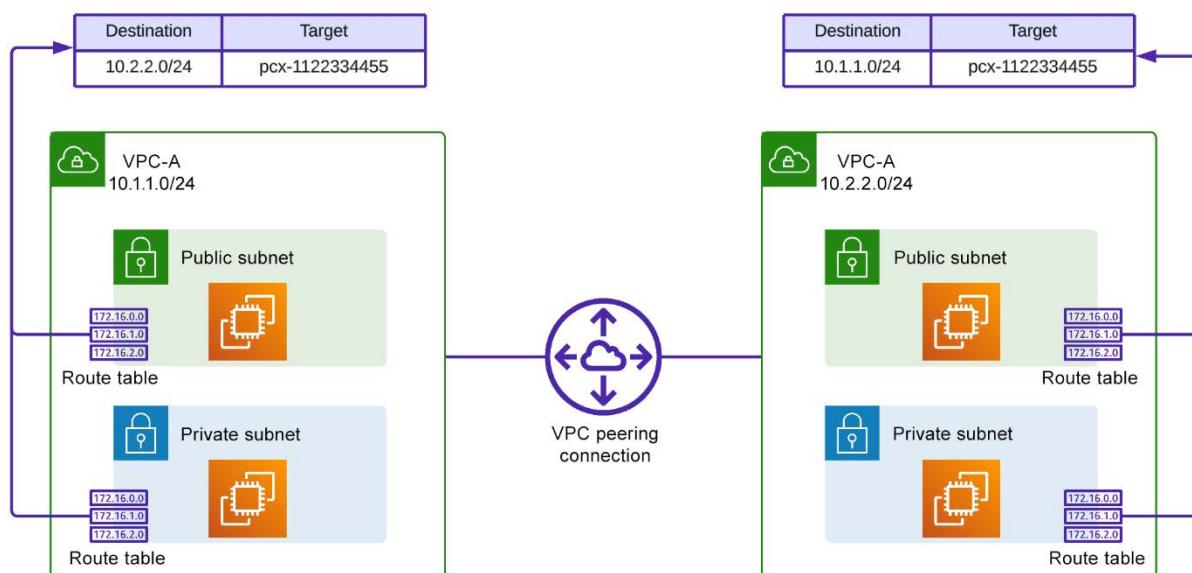
No tags associated with the resource.

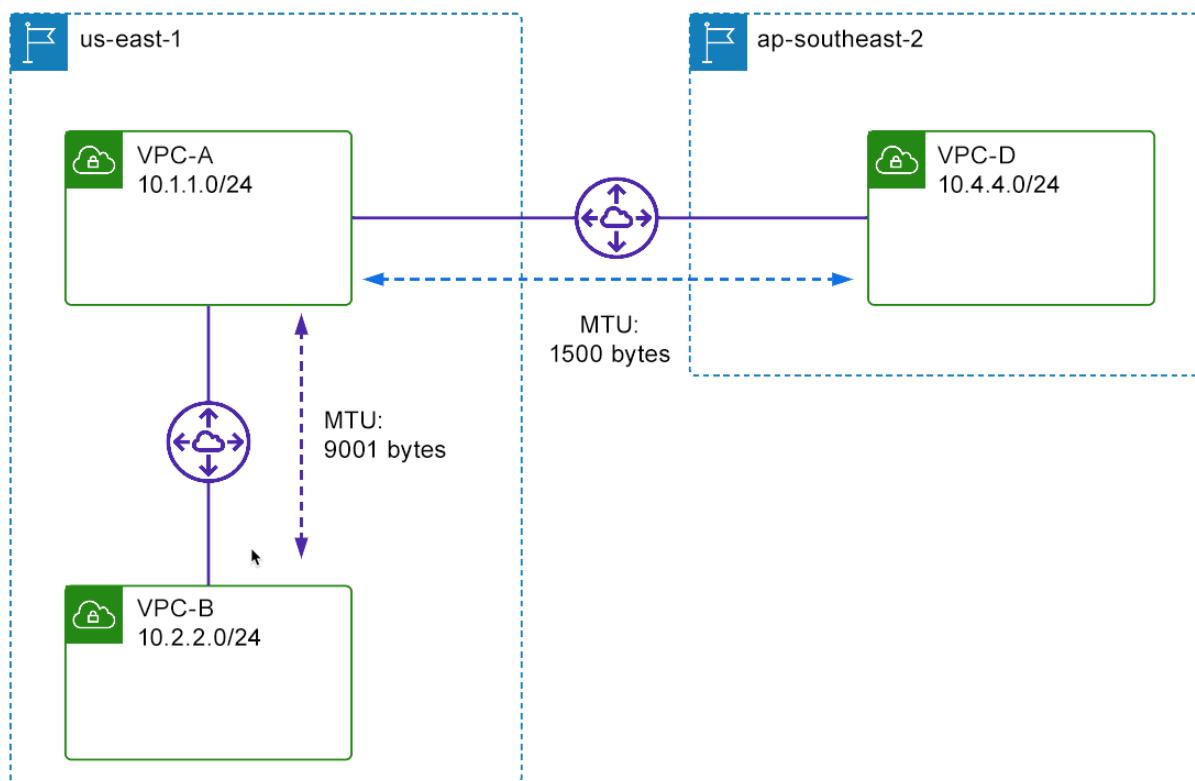
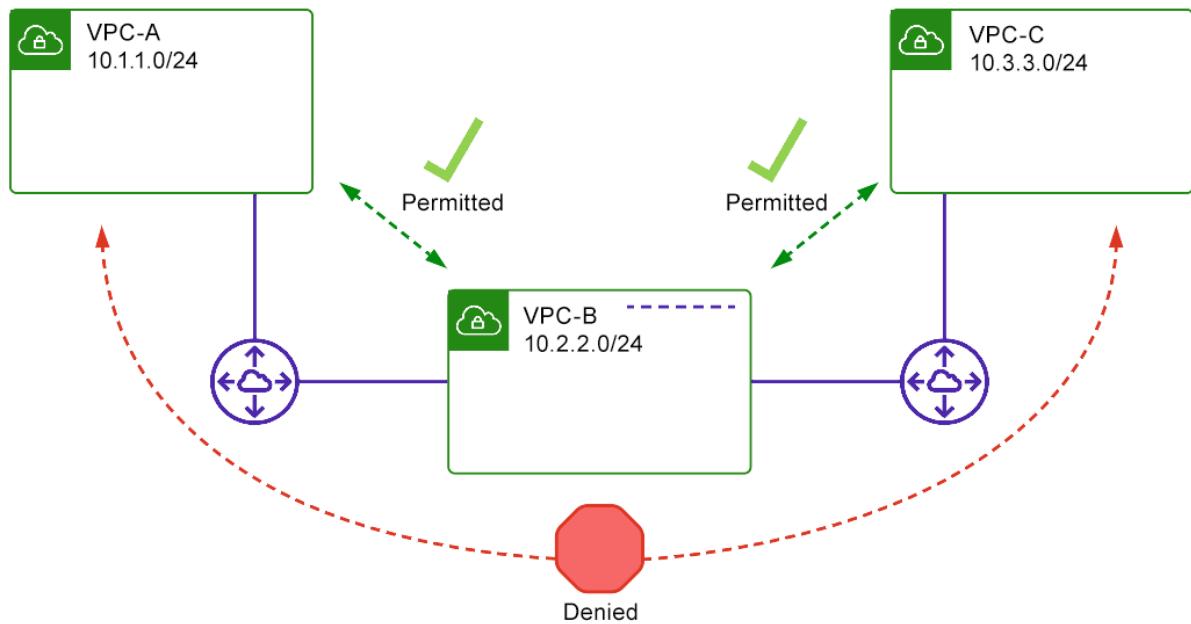
Add new tag

You can add 50 more tags.

Cancel

Create prefix list





Create peering connection

A VPC peering connection is a networking connection between two VPCs that enables you to route traffic between them privately.

Info

Peering connection settings

Name - *optional*

Create a tag with a key of 'Name' and a value that you specify.

Select a local VPC to peer with

VPC ID (Requester)



Select another VPC to peer with

Account

- My account
- Another account

Region

- This Region (ap-southeast-2)
- Another Region

VPC ID (Acceptor)



Tags

A tag is a label that you assign to an AWS resource. Each tag consists of a key and an optional value. You can use tags to search and filter your resources or track your AWS costs.

No tags associated with the resource.

[Add new tag](#)

You can add 50 more tags.

[Cancel](#)[Create peering connection](#)

Peering connections (1/1) [Info](#)

[C](#) [Actions ▾](#) [Create peering connection](#)

Find resources by attribute or tag

Peering connection ID : [pcx-0dd6b0c9c972f694d](#) [X](#) [Clear filters](#)

Name	Peering connection ID	Status	Requester VPC	Actions
test-vpc-peering	pcx-0dd6b0c9c972f694d	Pending acceptance	vpc-00e9ff2528611bc47 / vpc-a	View details Accept request Reject request Edit DNS settings Manage tags Delete peering connection

Peering connections (1/1) [Info](#)

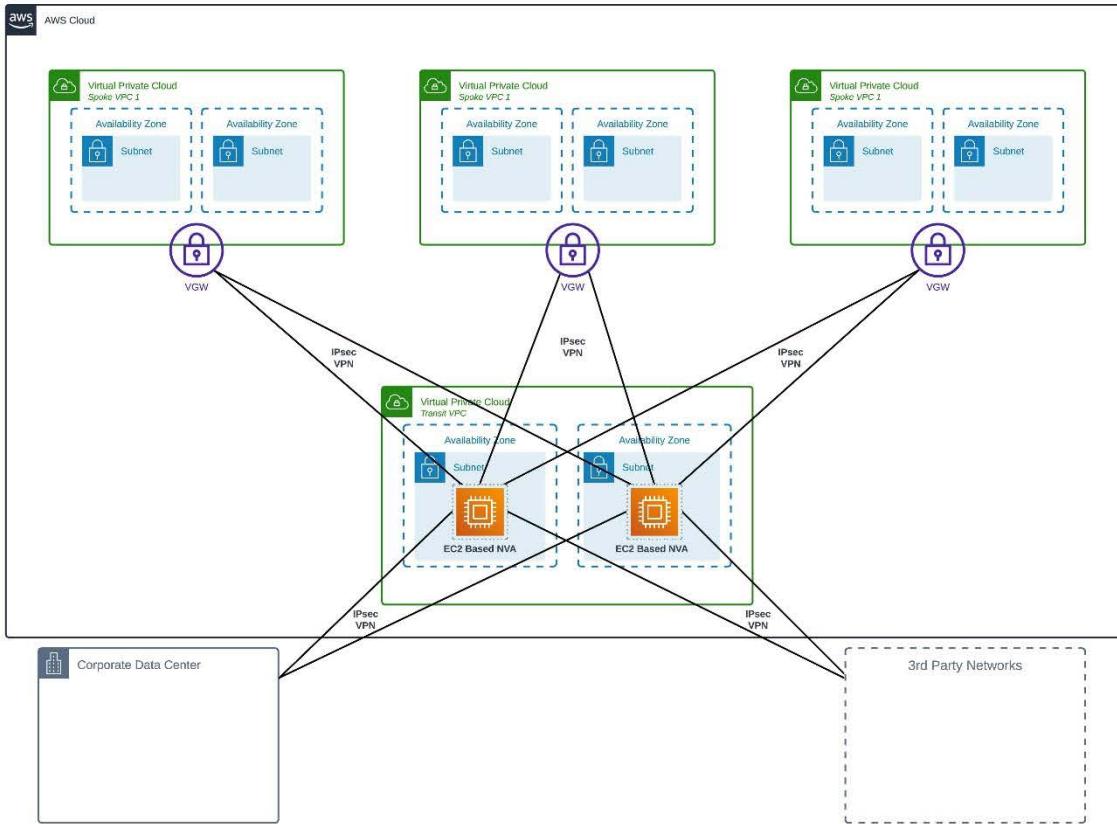
[C](#) [Actions ▾](#) [Create peering connection](#)

Find resources by attribute or tag

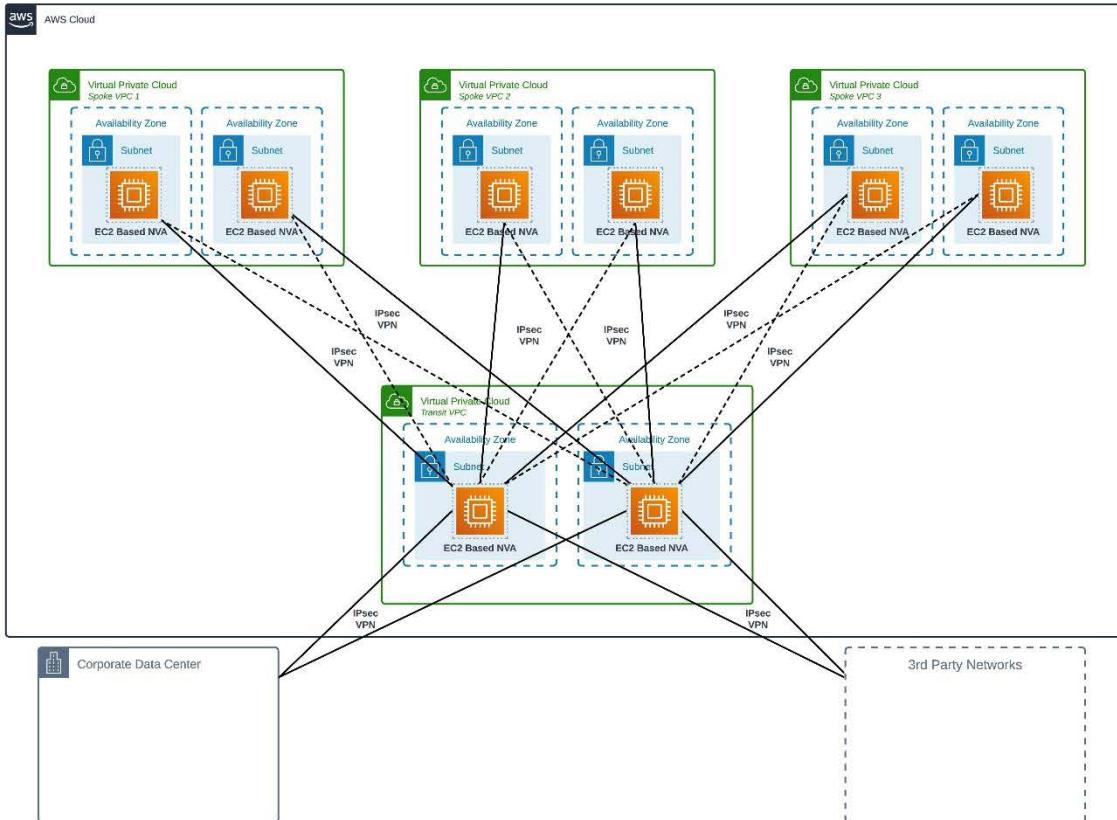
Peering connection ID : [pcx-0dd6b0c9c972f694d](#) [X](#) [Clear filters](#)

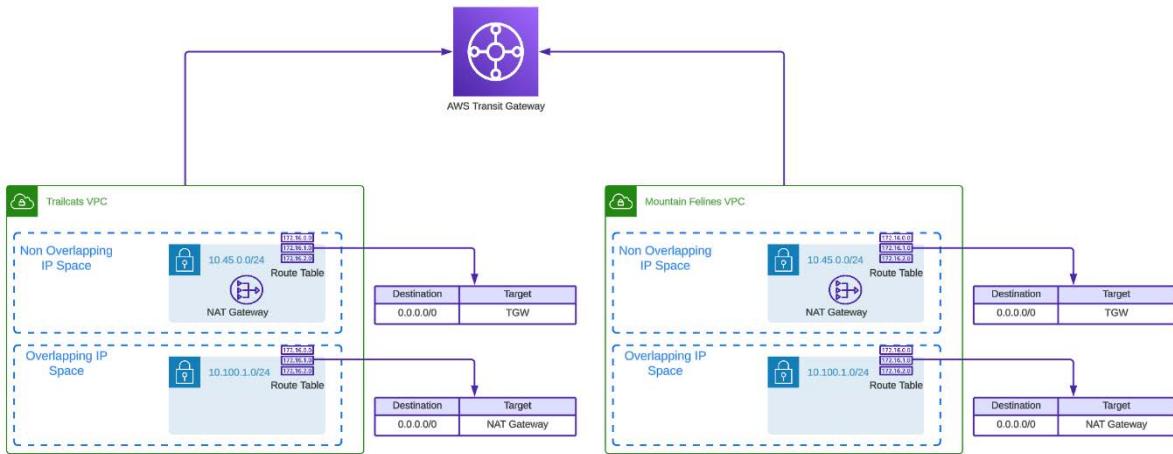
Name	Peering connection ID	Status	Actions
test-vpc-peering	pcx-0dd6b0c9c972f694d	Pending acceptance	View details Accept request Reject request Edit DNS settings Manage tags Delete peering connection

Option 1:



Option 2:





Chapter 2: VPC Traffic and Performance Monitoring

AWS Network Manager

Sites (7)

ID	Name	Description
site-001a9a1383496a3e5	HQ	New York Headquarters
site-059123f8bb1ab3ef7	APJ Office	Sydney Office
site-0643f6885082c3ea3	China Office	Hong Kong

AWS Network Manager

Dashboard

CloudWatch

Log group details

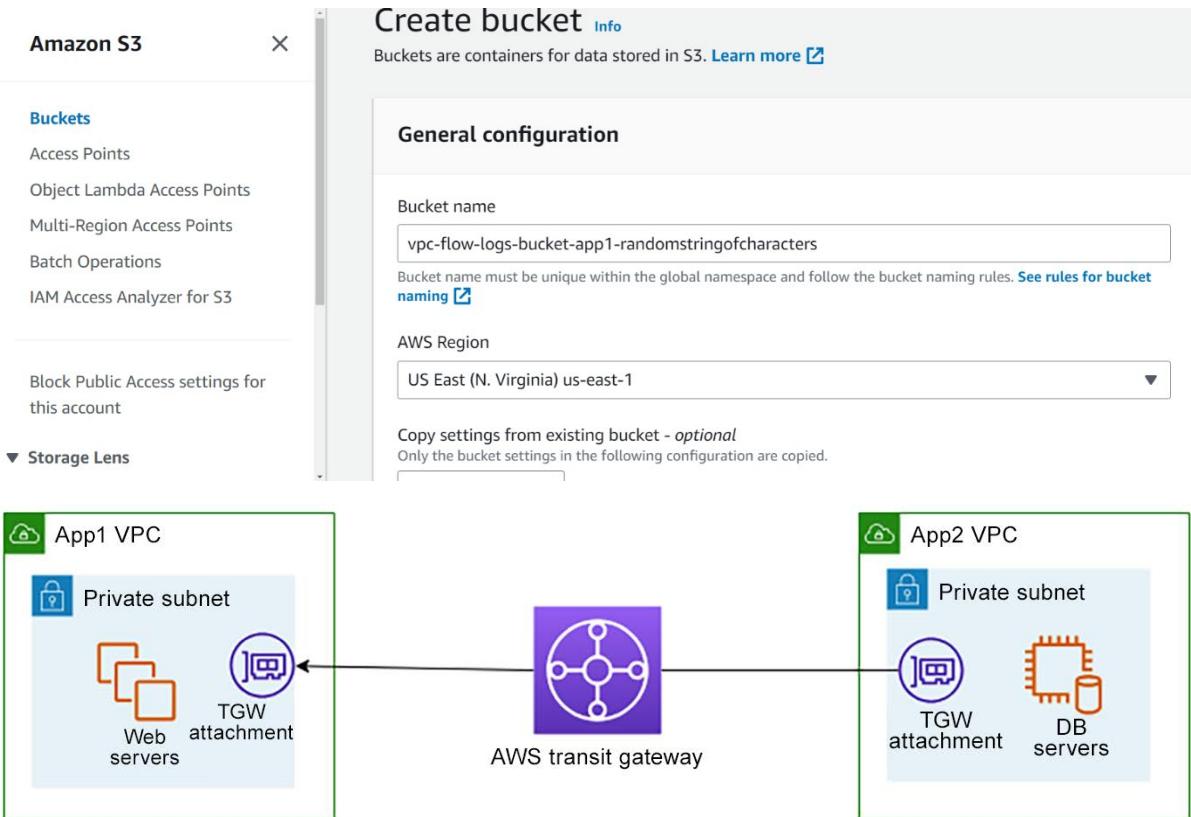
Log group name: vpc-flow-logs

Retention setting: 1 month (30 days)

KMS key ARN - optional

Tags

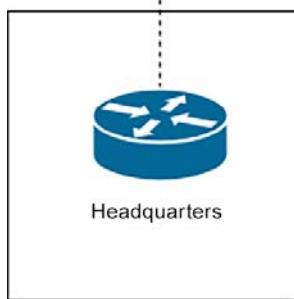
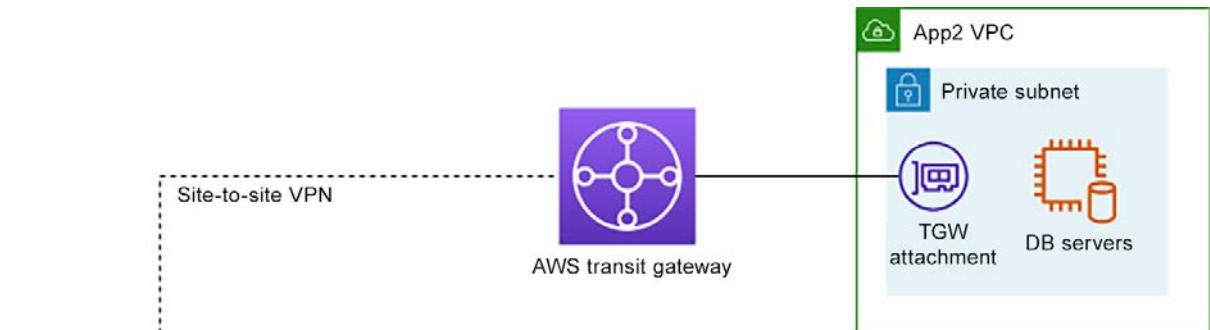
A tag is a label that you assign to an Amazon Web Services resource. Each tag consists of a key and an optional value. You can use tags to search and filter your resources or track your Amazon Web Services costs.



Log events	
You can use the filter bar below to search for and match terms, phrases, or values in your log events. Learn more about filter patterns	
<input type="button" value="Actions ▾"/>	<input type="button" value="Start tailing"/> <input type="button" value="Create metric filter"/>
<input type="text" value="10.200.2.12"/> <input type="button" value="Clear"/> <input type="button" value="1m"/> <input type="button" value="30m"/> <input type="button" value="1h"/> <input type="button" value="12h"/> <input type="button" value="Custom"/> <input type="button" value="Display ▾"/> <input type="button" value=""/>	
Timestamp	Message
2023-08-05T13:36:29.000-04:00	2 [REDACTED] eni-068b5ed779598f382 10.200.1.36 10.200.2....
2 [REDACTED]	eni-068b5ed779598f382 10.200.1.36 10.200.2.12 0 0 1 55 4620 1691256989 1691257049 REJECT OK
2023-08-05T13:37:30.000-04:00	2 [REDACTED] eni-068b5ed779598f382 10.200.1.36 10.200.2....
2 [REDACTED]	eni-068b5ed779598f382 10.200.1.36 10.200.2.12 0 0 1 58 4872 1691257050 1691257109 REJECT OK

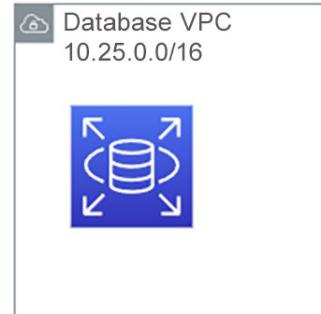
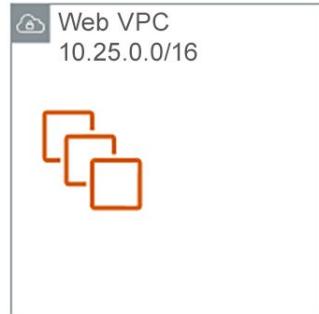
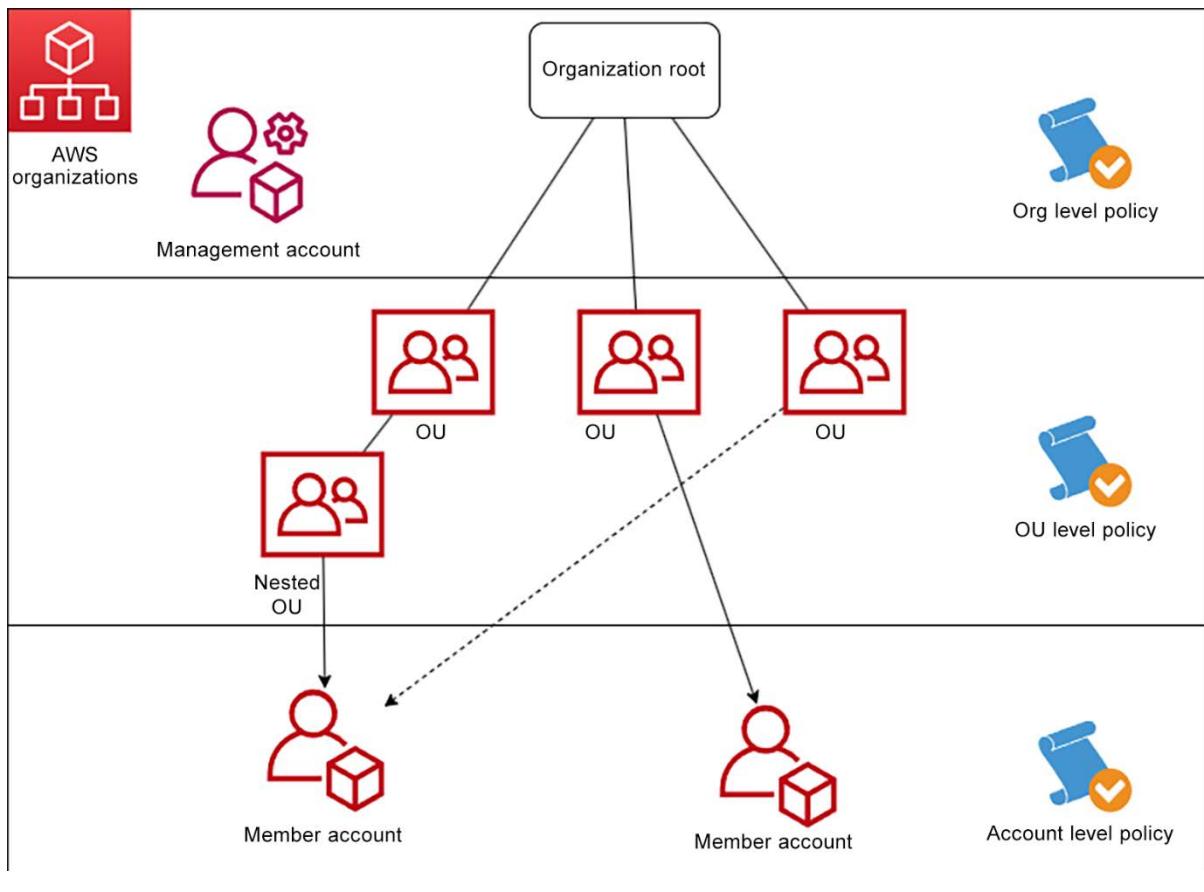
Network ACLs (1/7) Info		
Actions		
Find resources by attribute or tag		
Name	Network ACL ID	Associated with

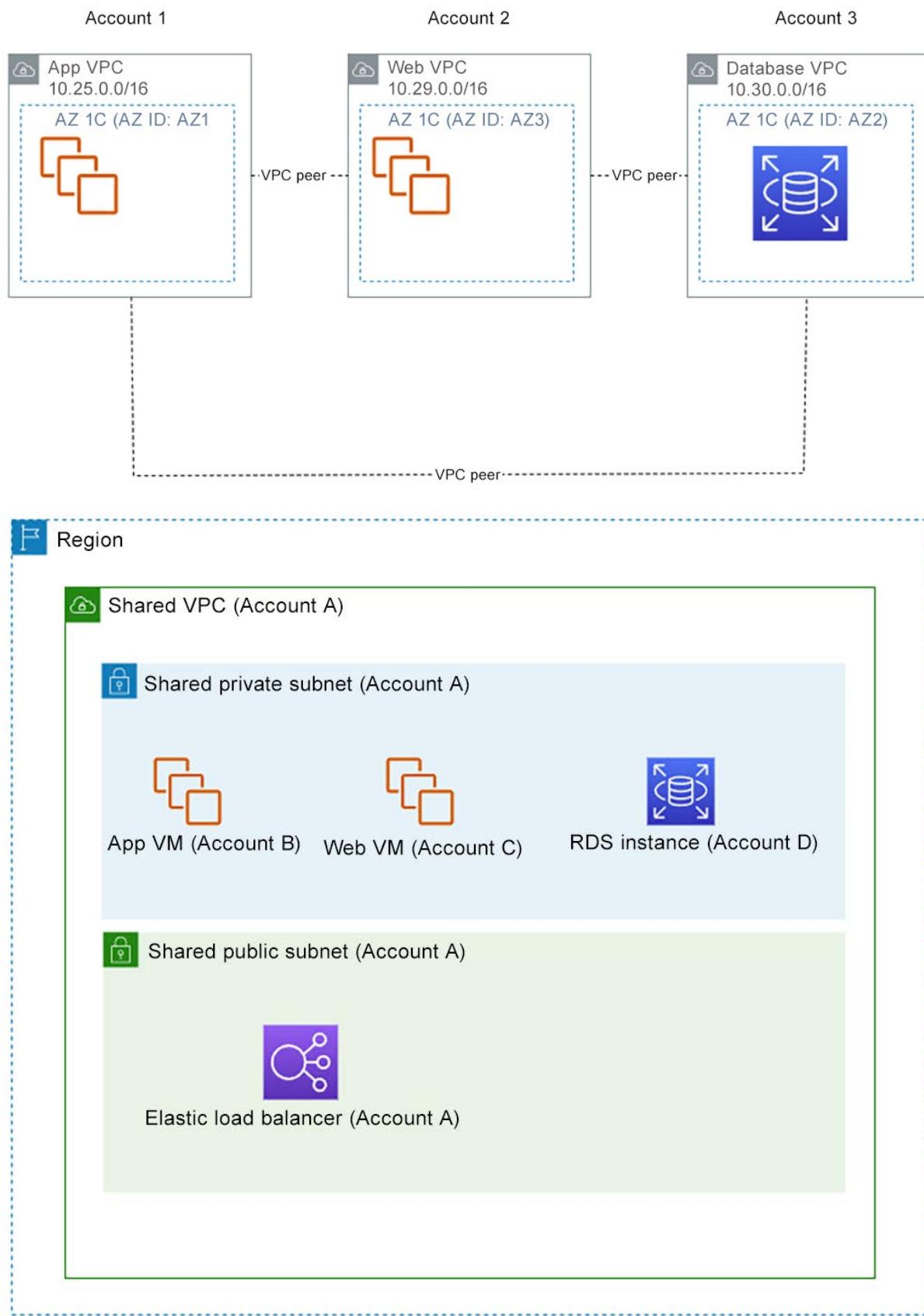
Outbound rules (3)		
Edit outbound rules		
Filter outbound rules		
Port range	Destination	Allow/Deny
All	10.200.2.12/32	✖ Deny
All	0.0.0.0/0	✓ Allow
All	0.0.0.0/0	✖ Deny

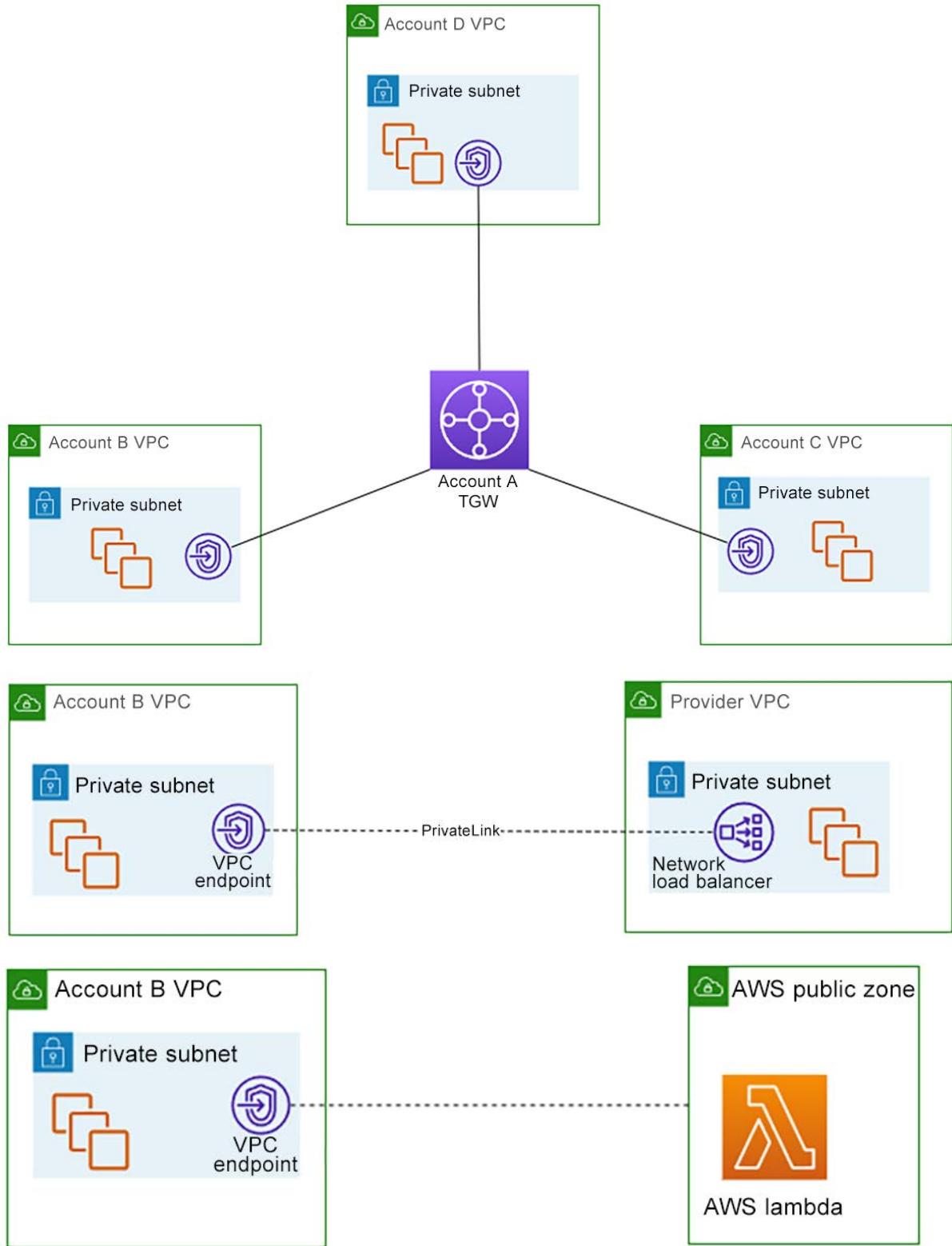


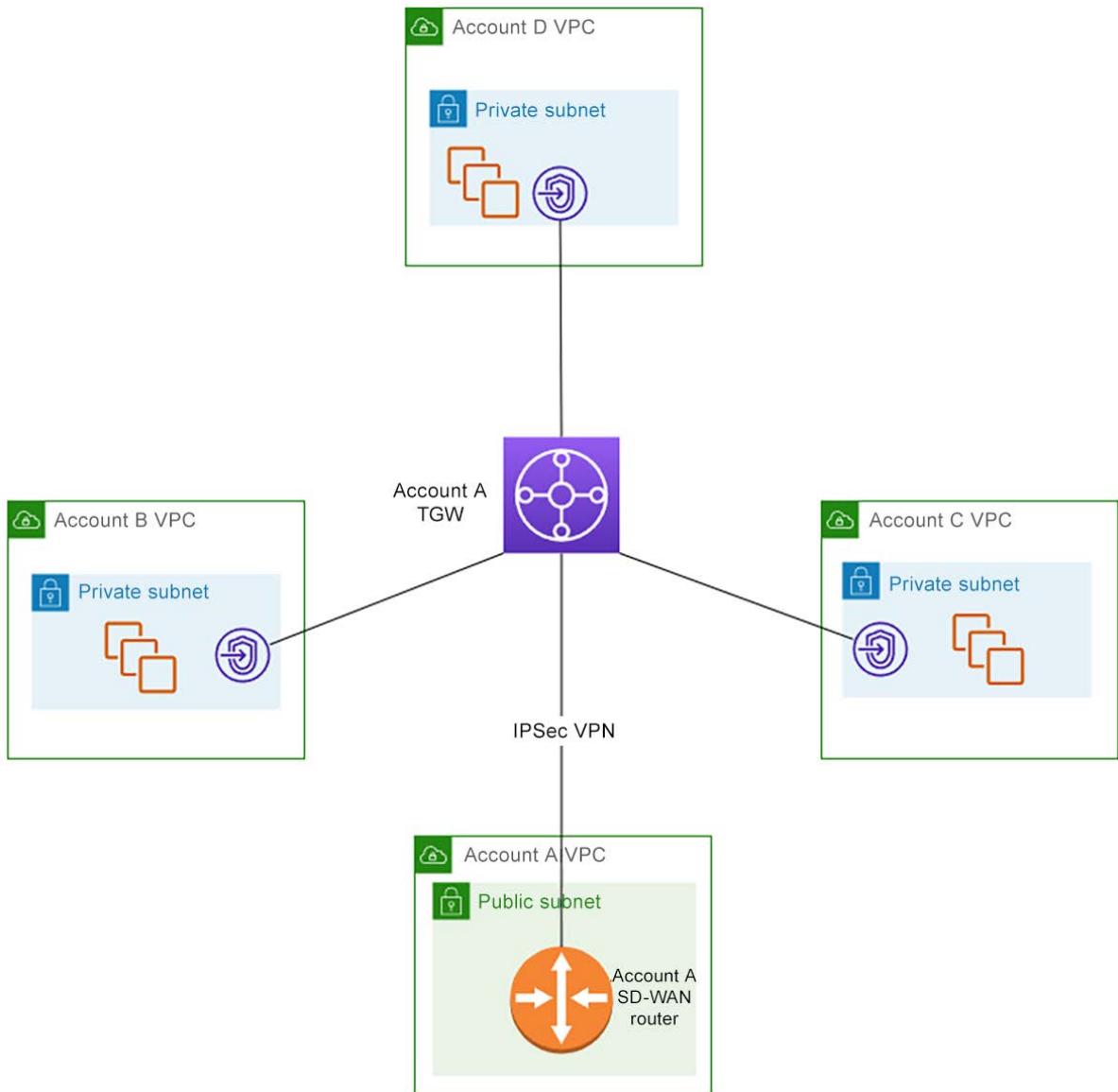
Outside IP Header (Public) 20 bytes	ESP Header 8 bytes	Original IP Header (Private) 20 bytes	Original Payload (variable)	ESP Trailer (variable, usually around 20-22)
---	-----------------------	---	--------------------------------	--

Chapter 3: Networking Across Multiple AWS Accounts

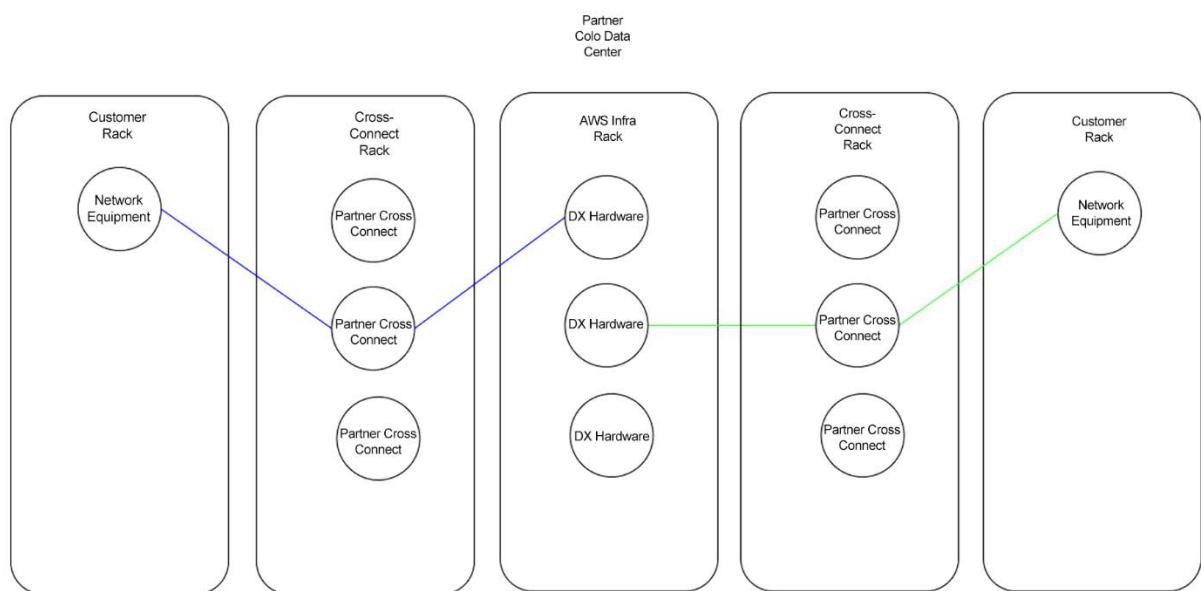
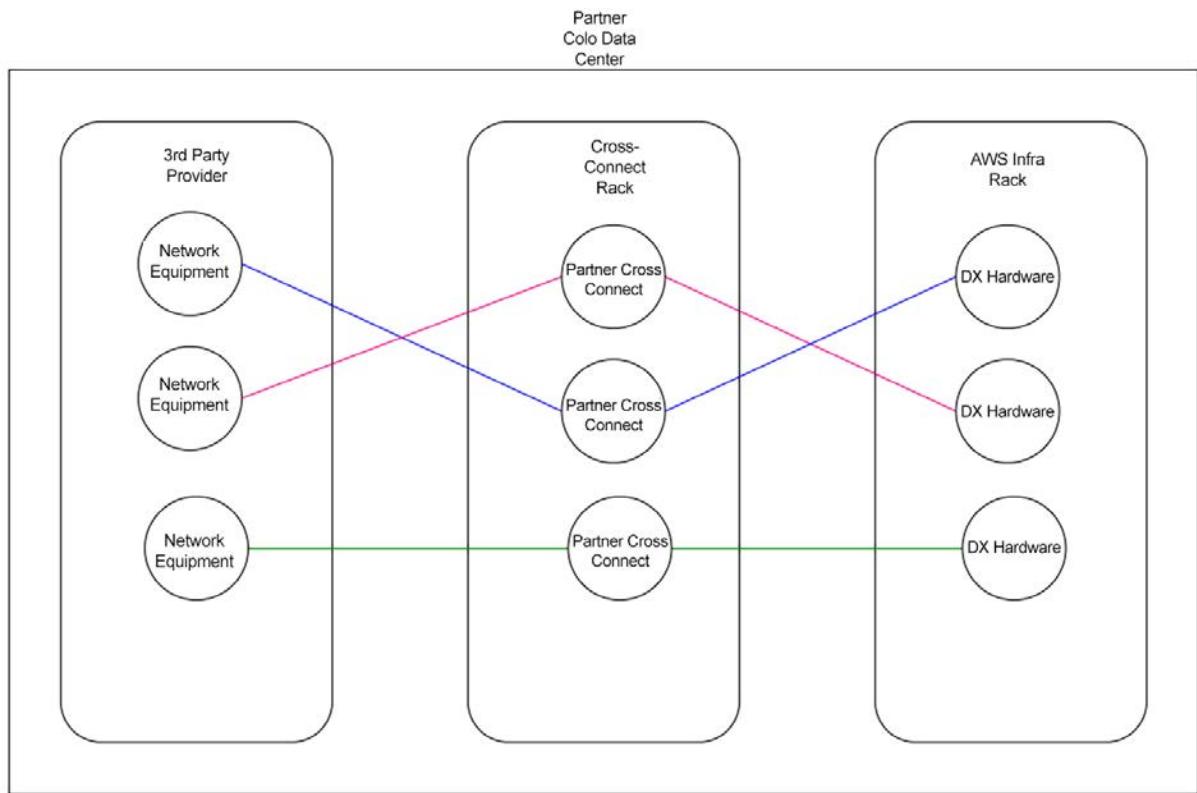


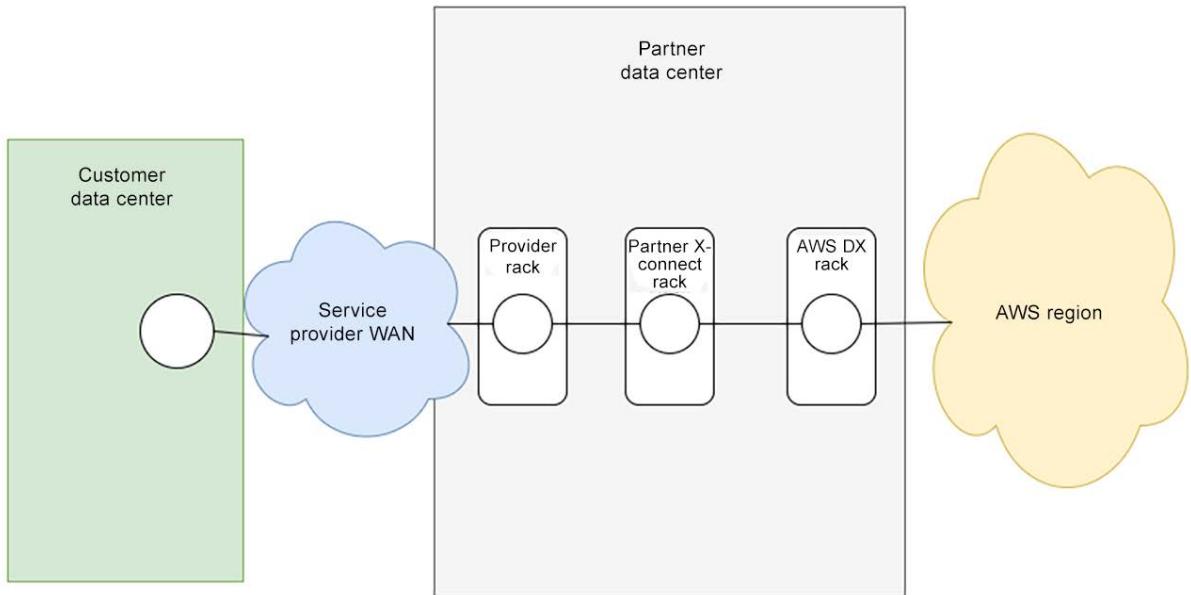




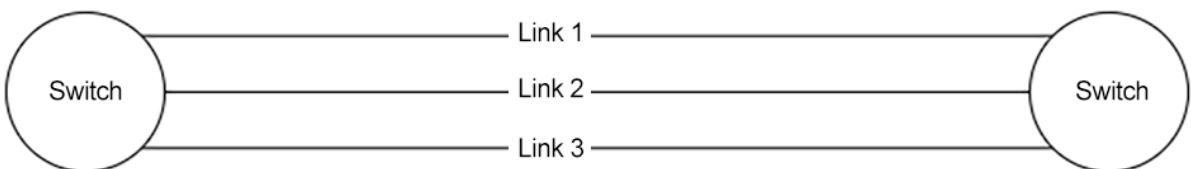


Chapter 4: AWS Direct Connect





Physical
Cabling

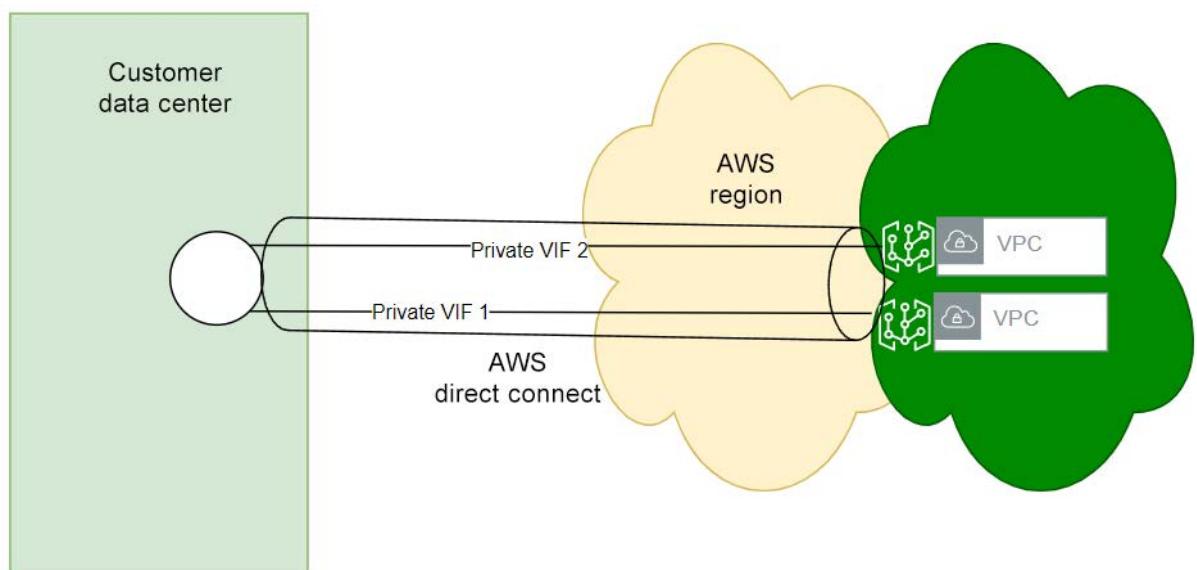
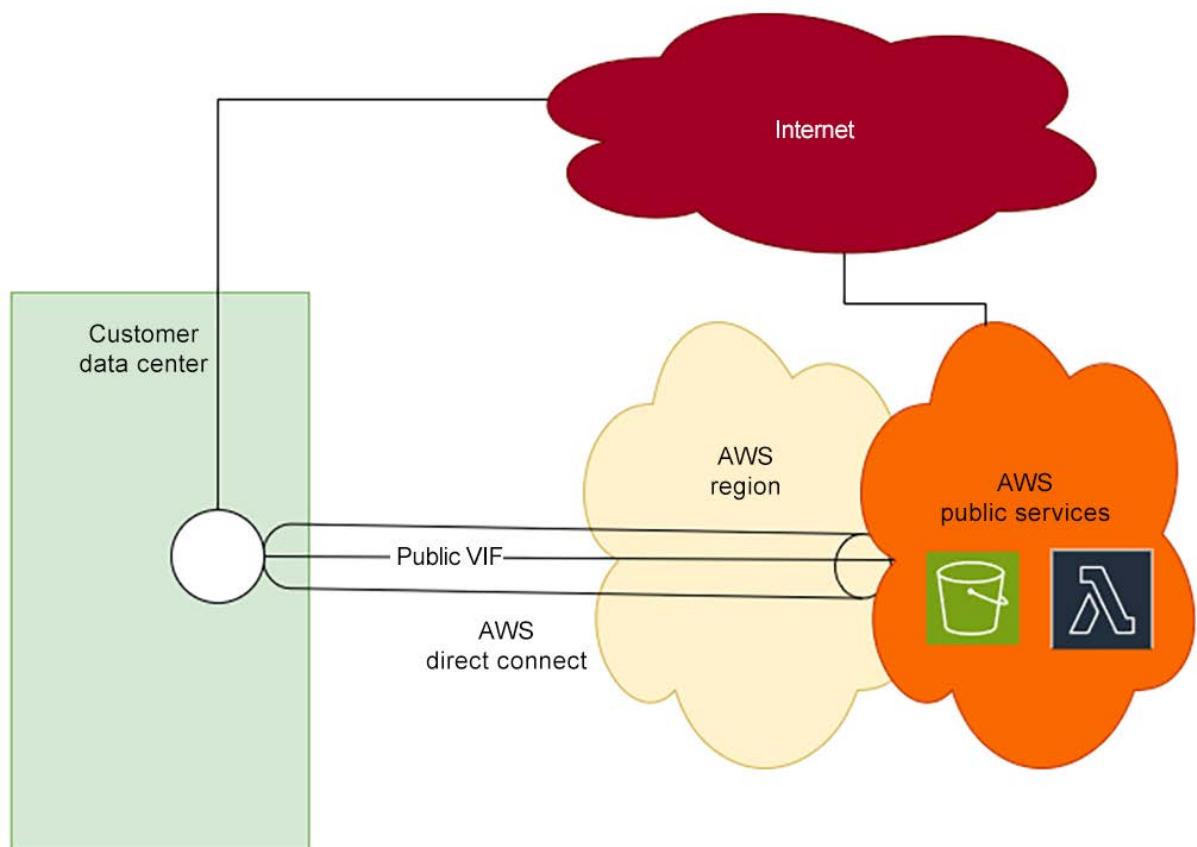


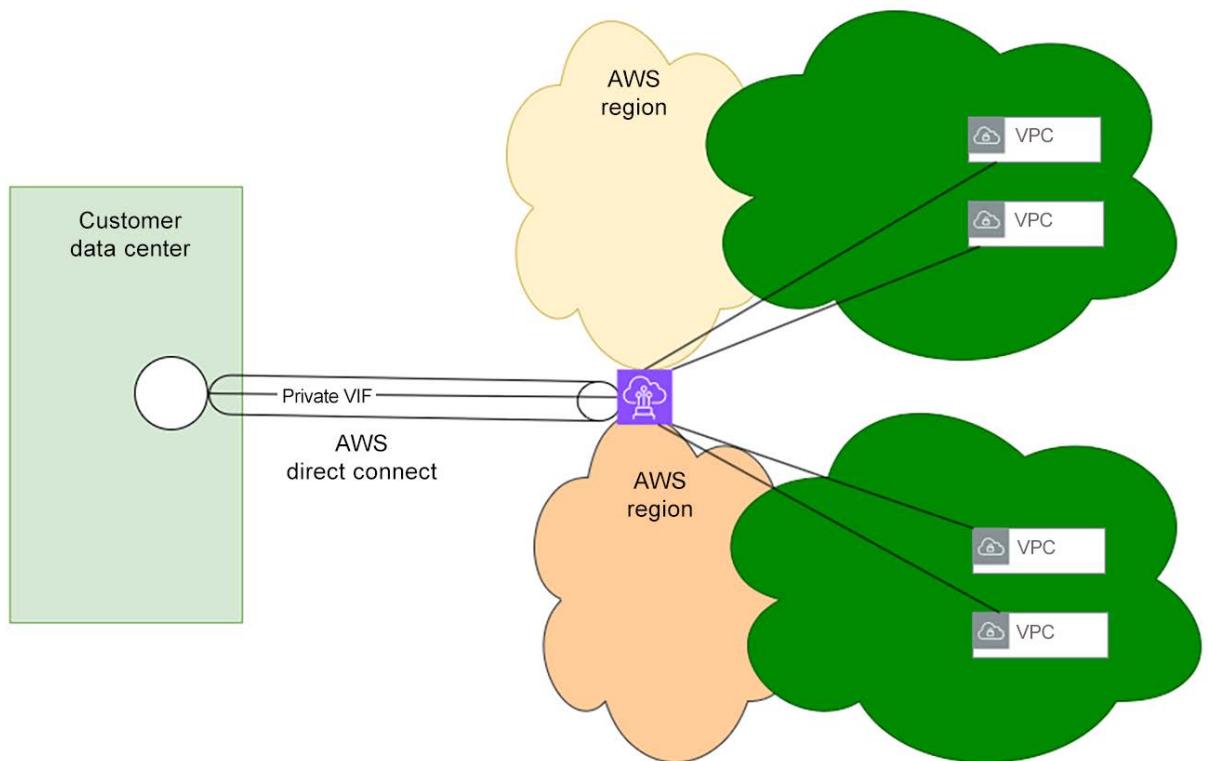
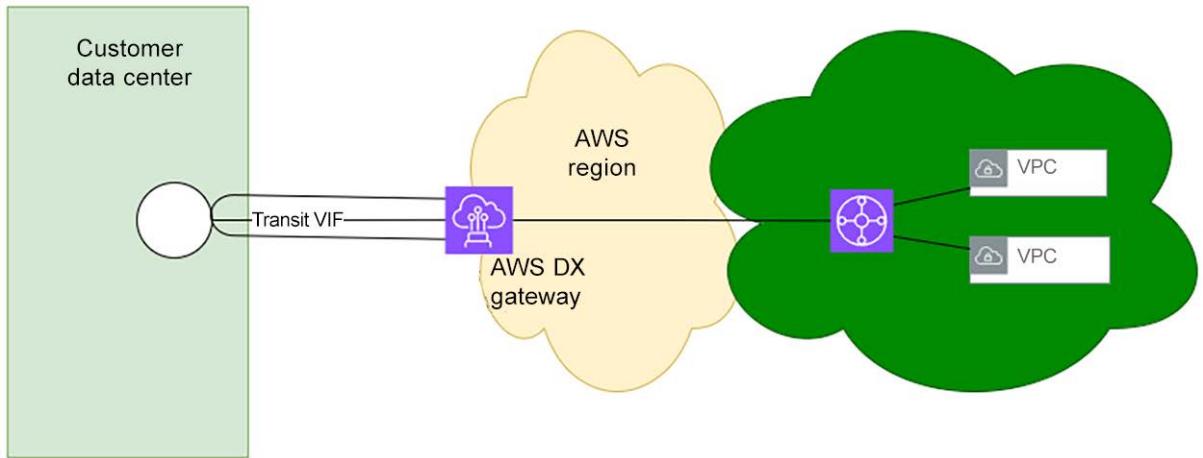
Logical
Cabling

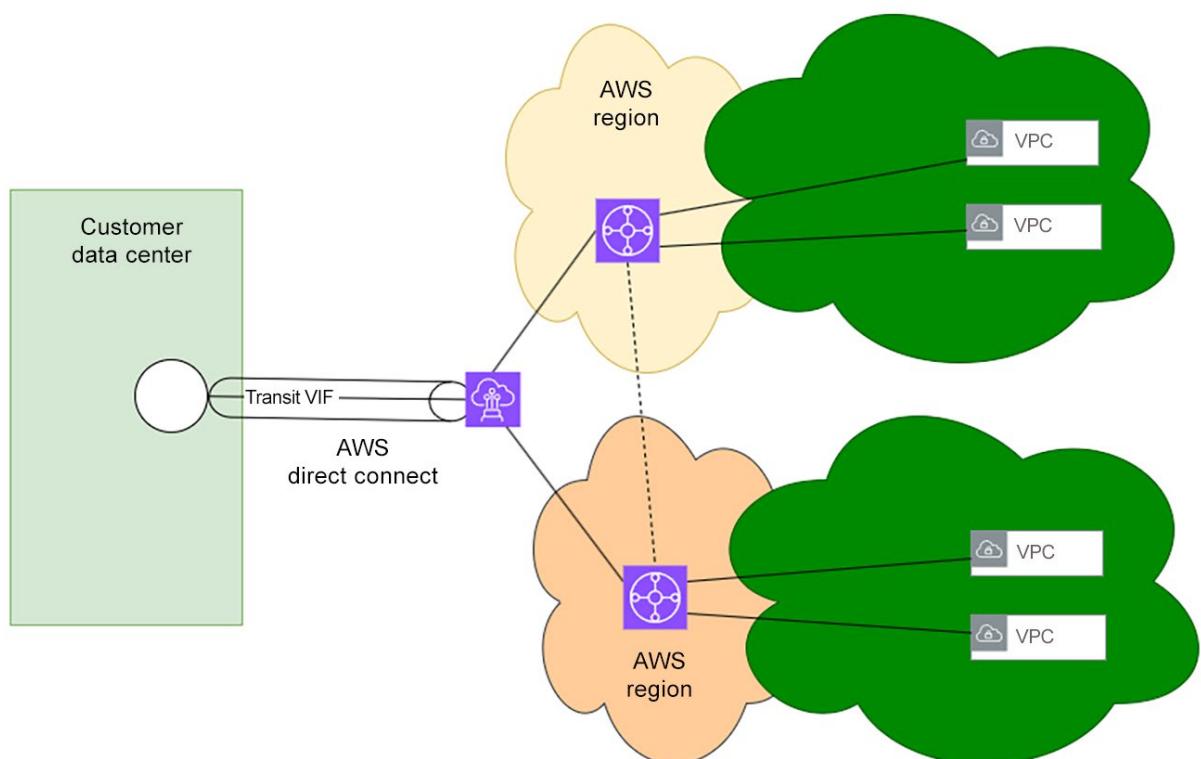
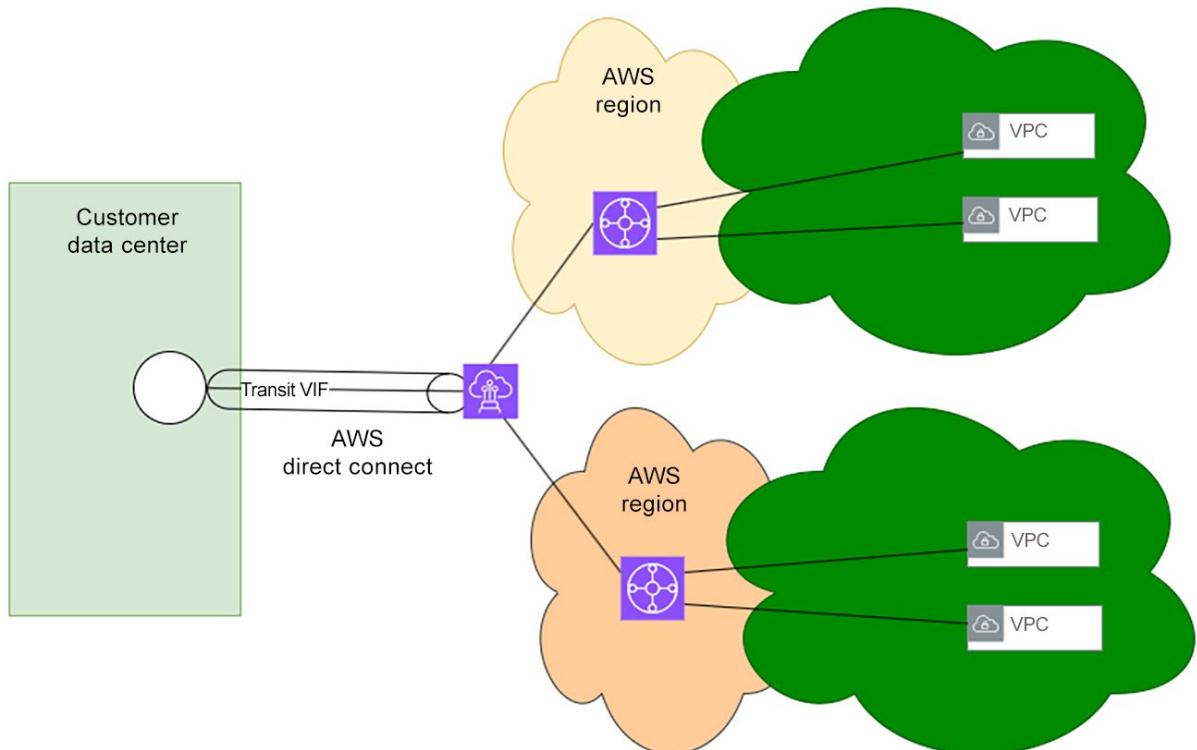


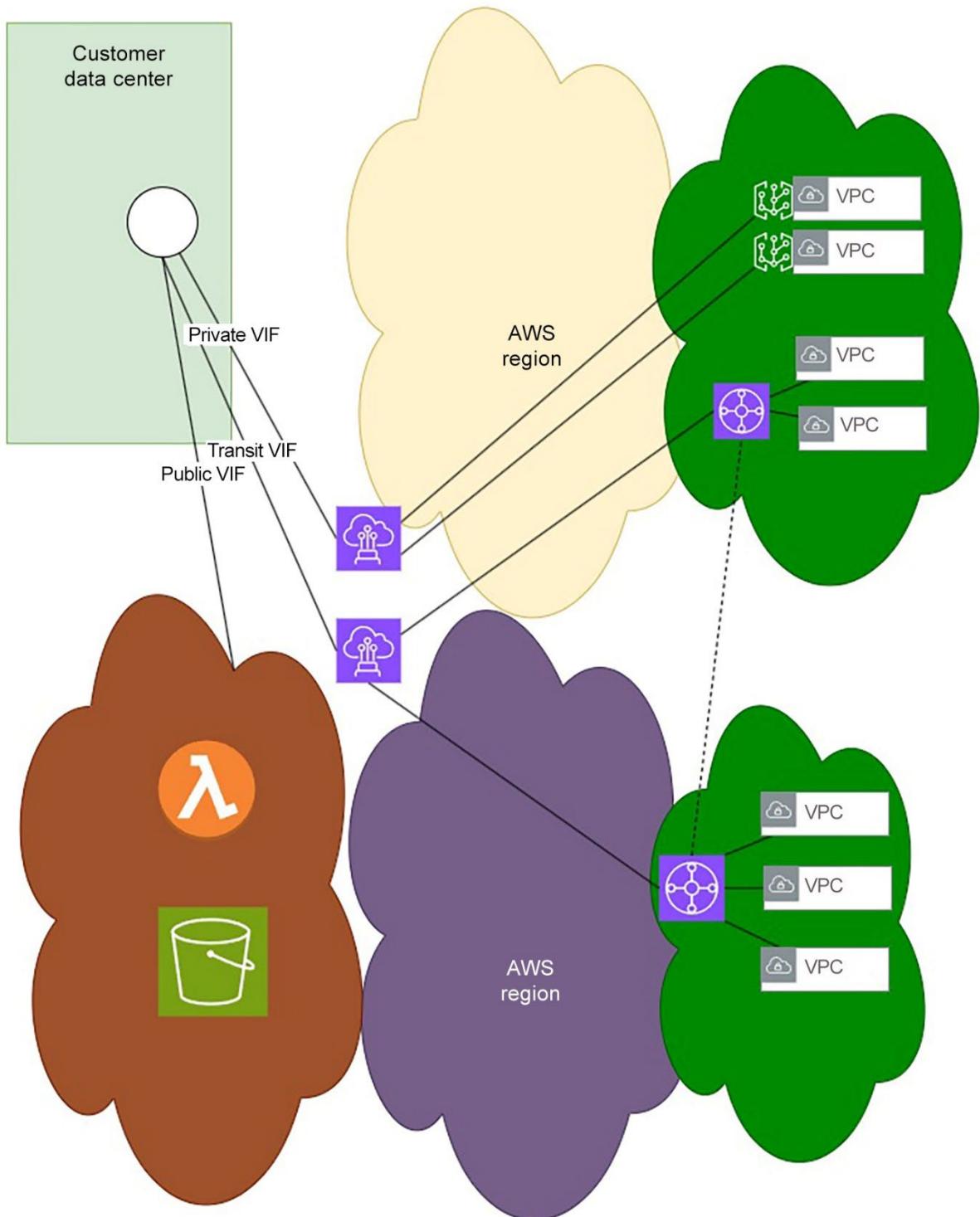
Ethernet frame
headers

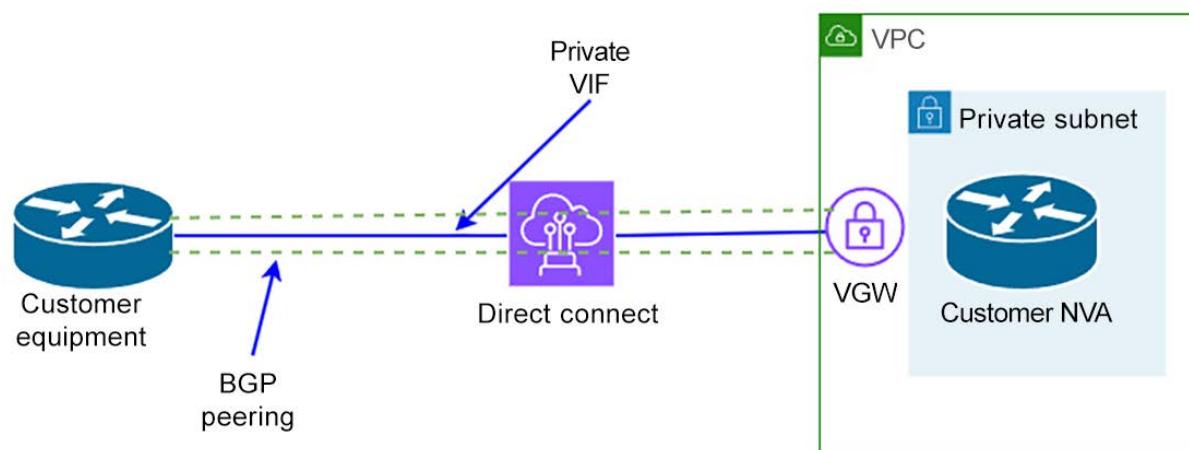
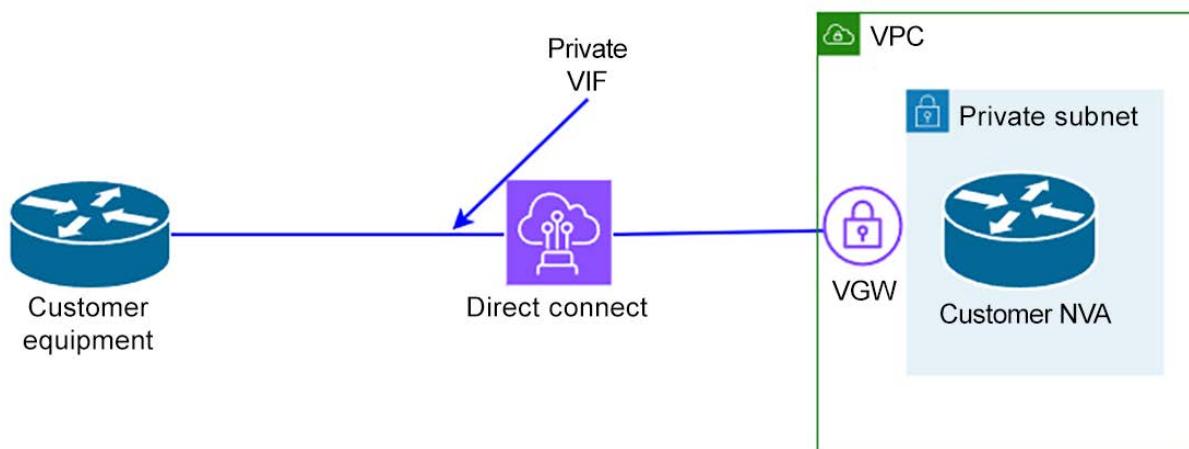
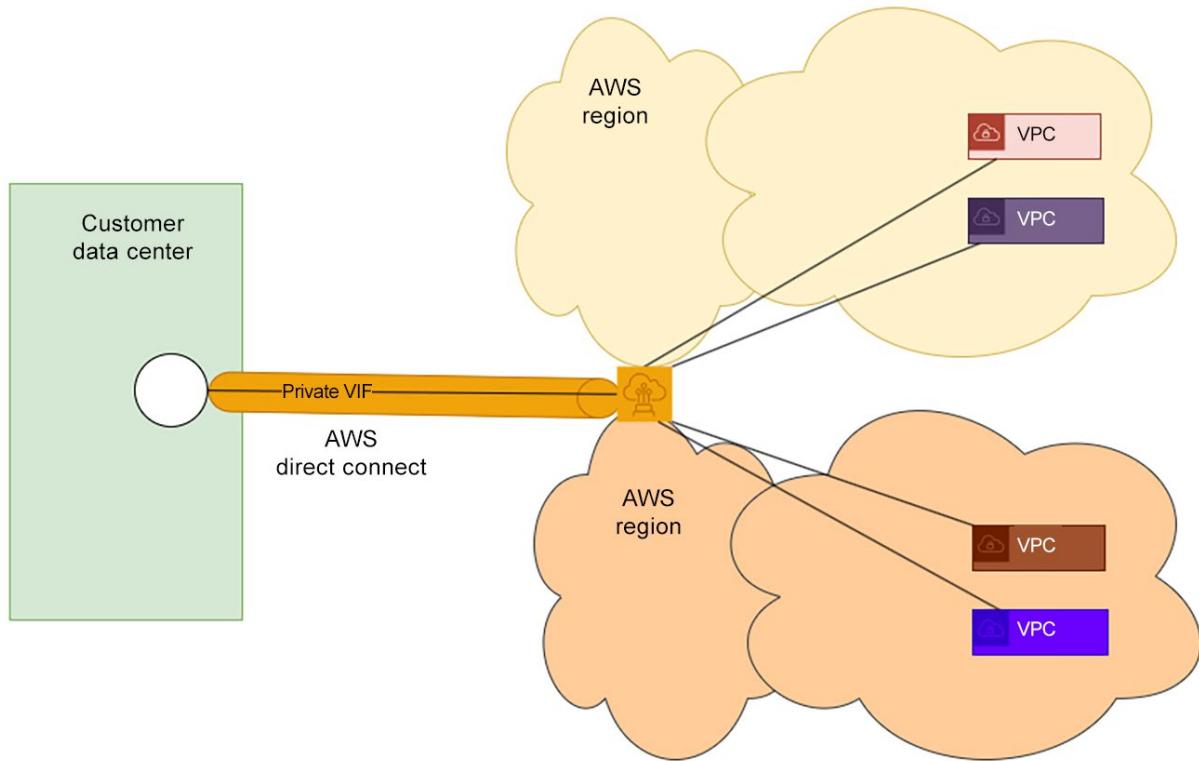


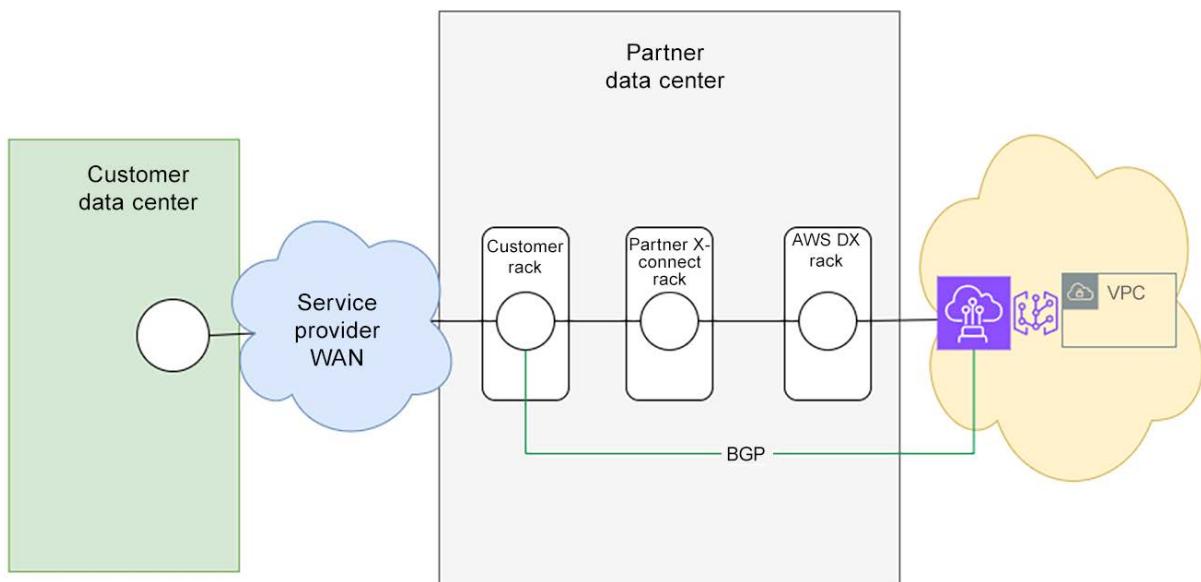
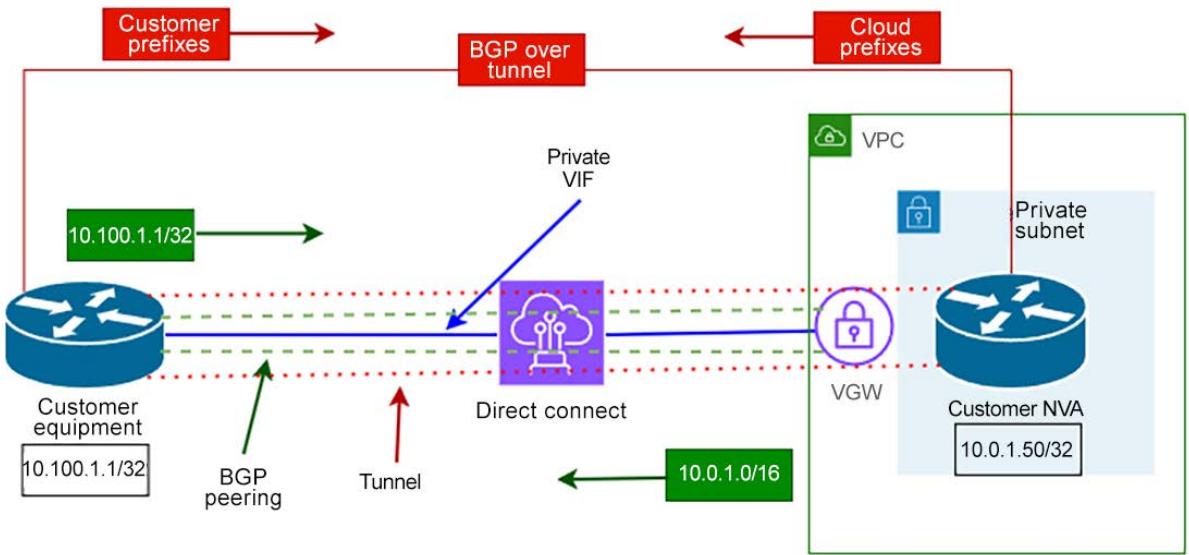
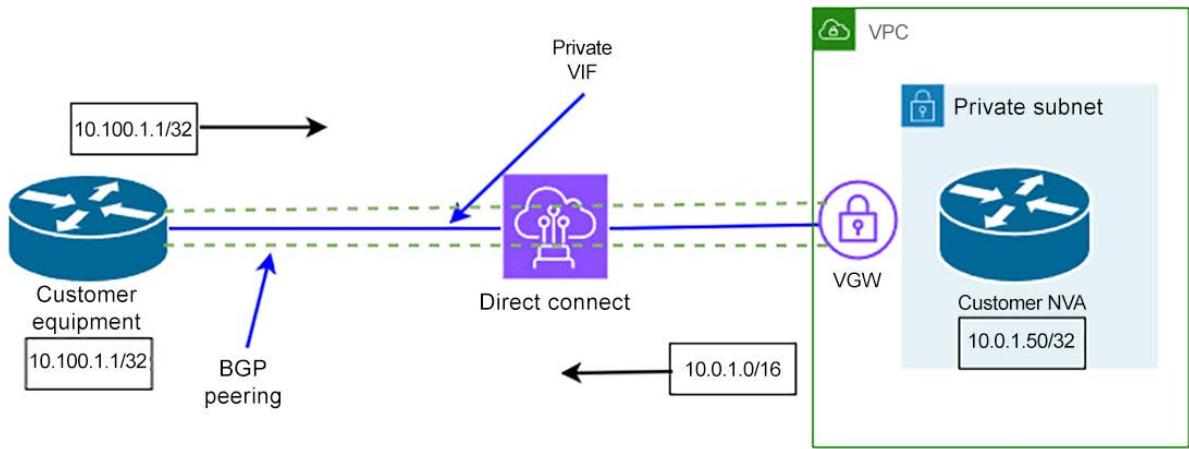


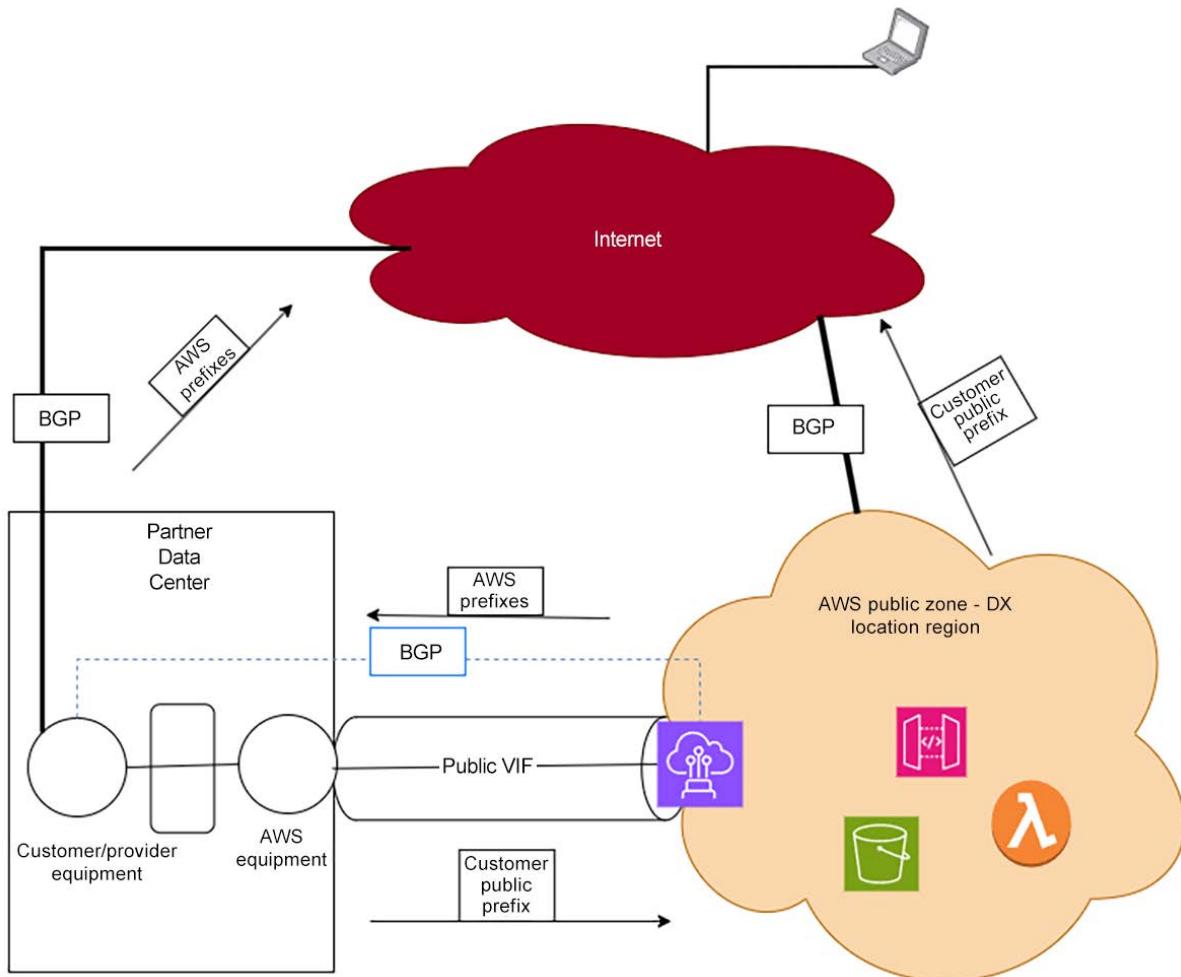


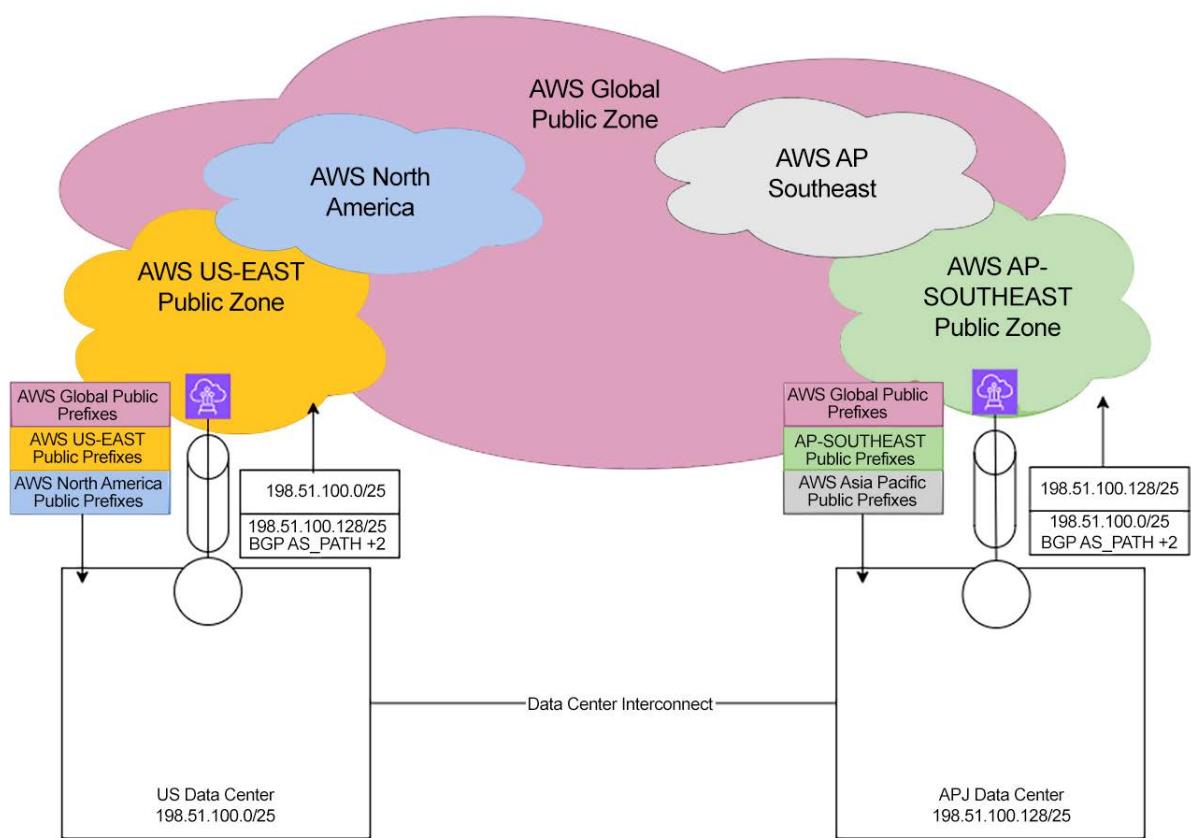
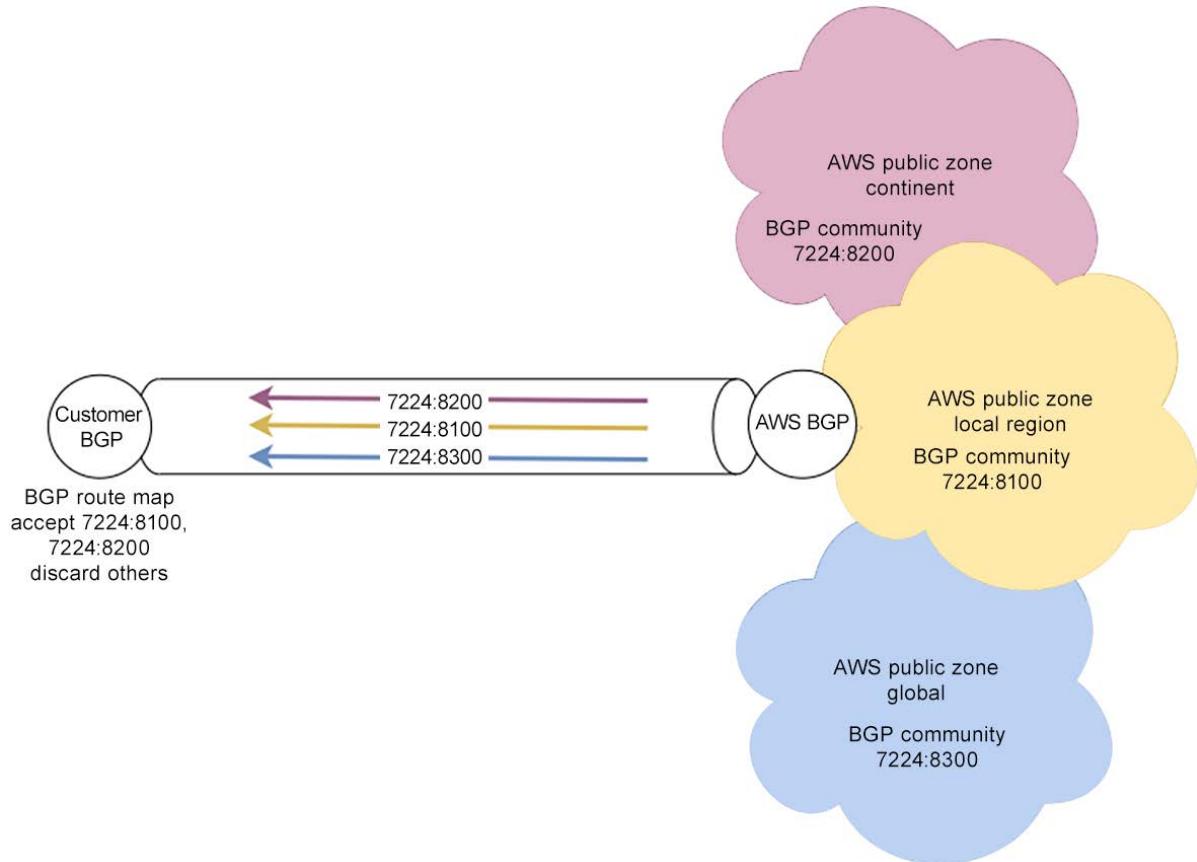


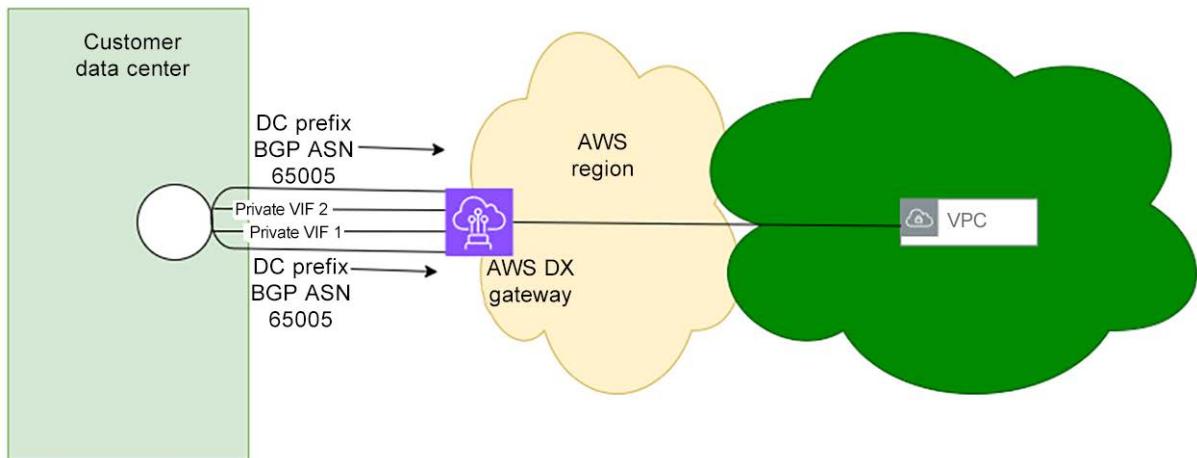




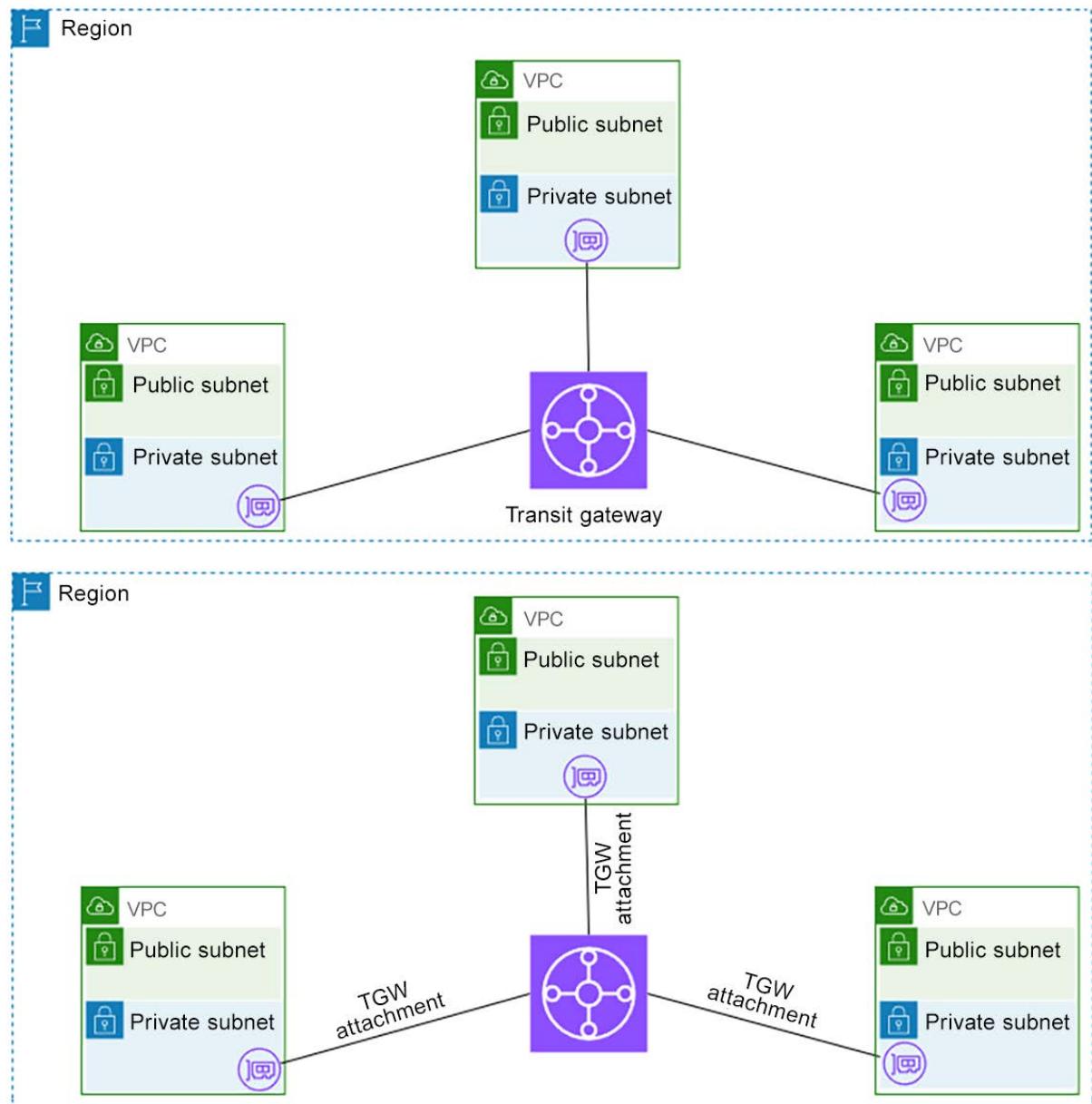


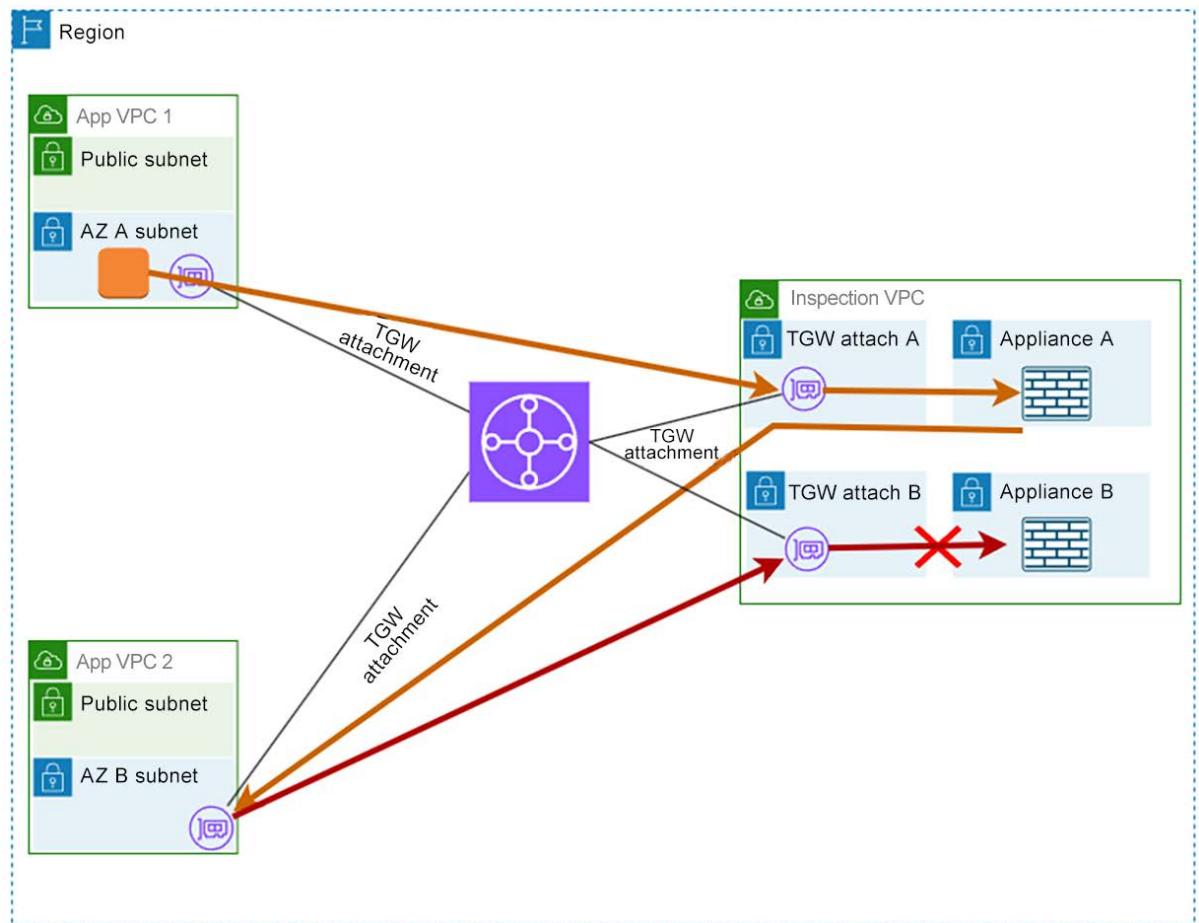
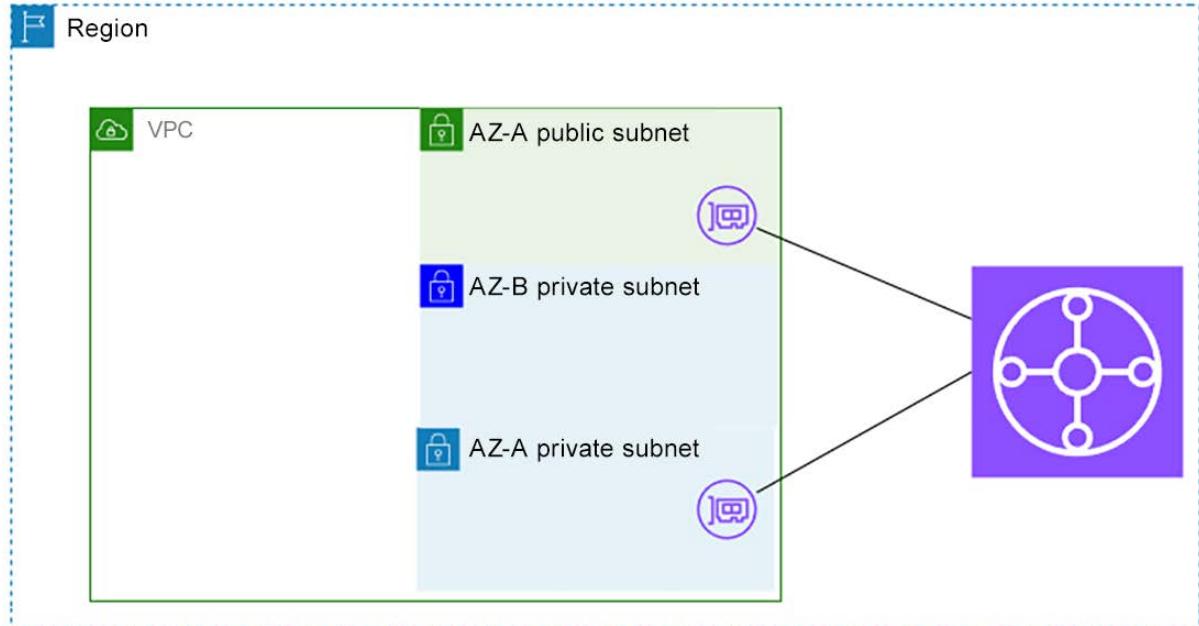


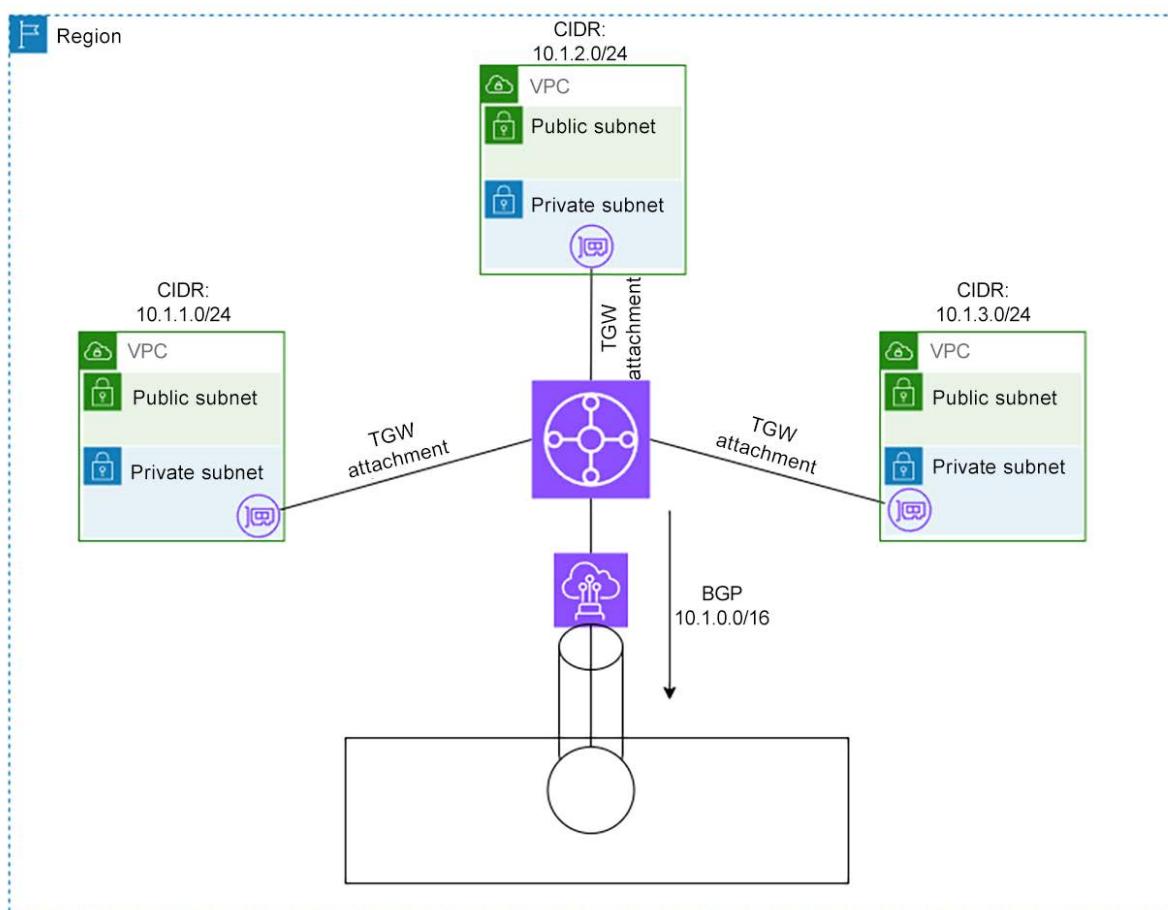
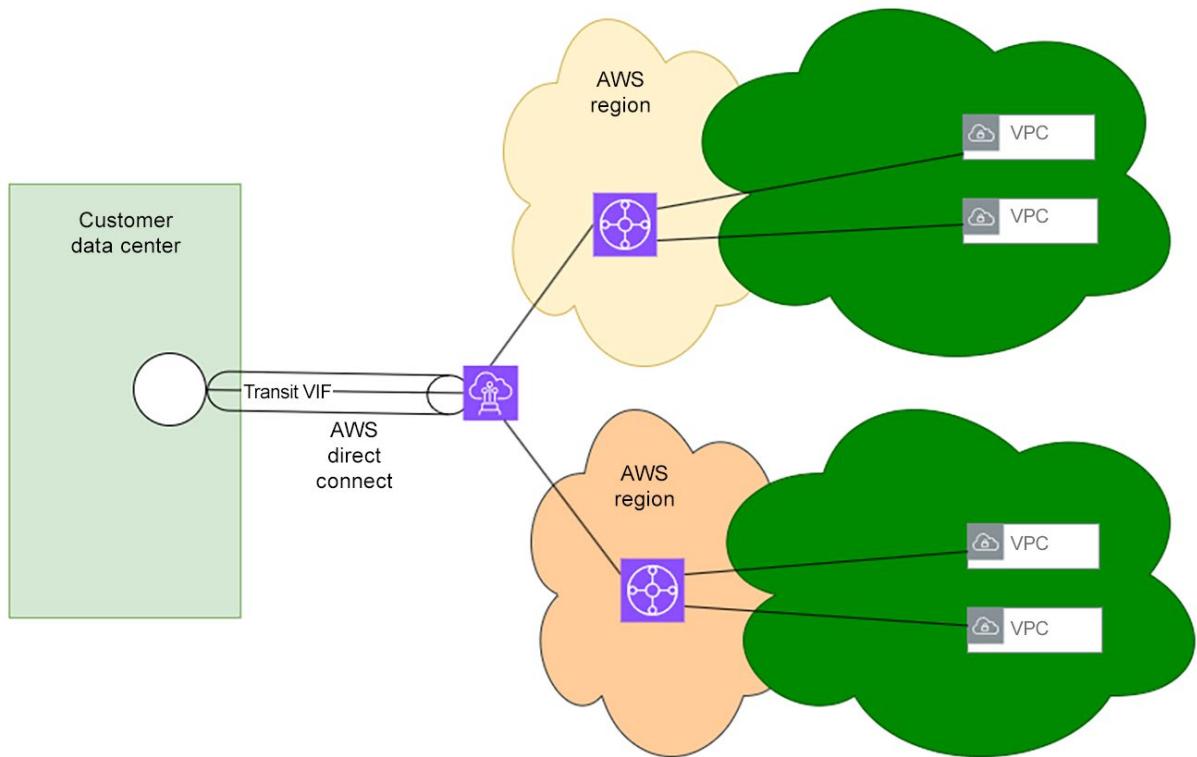


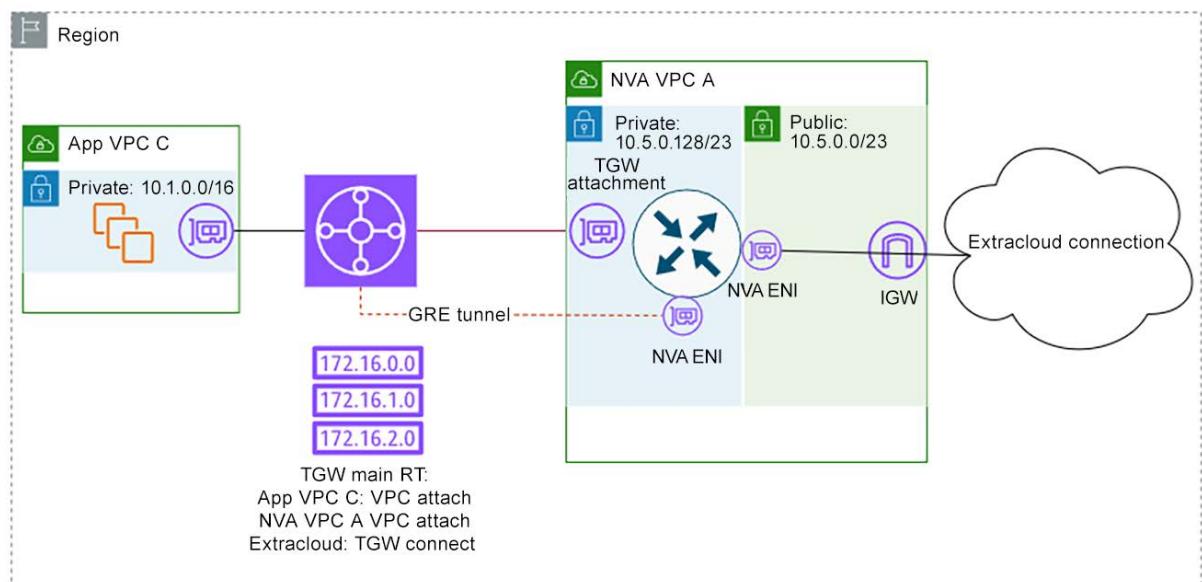
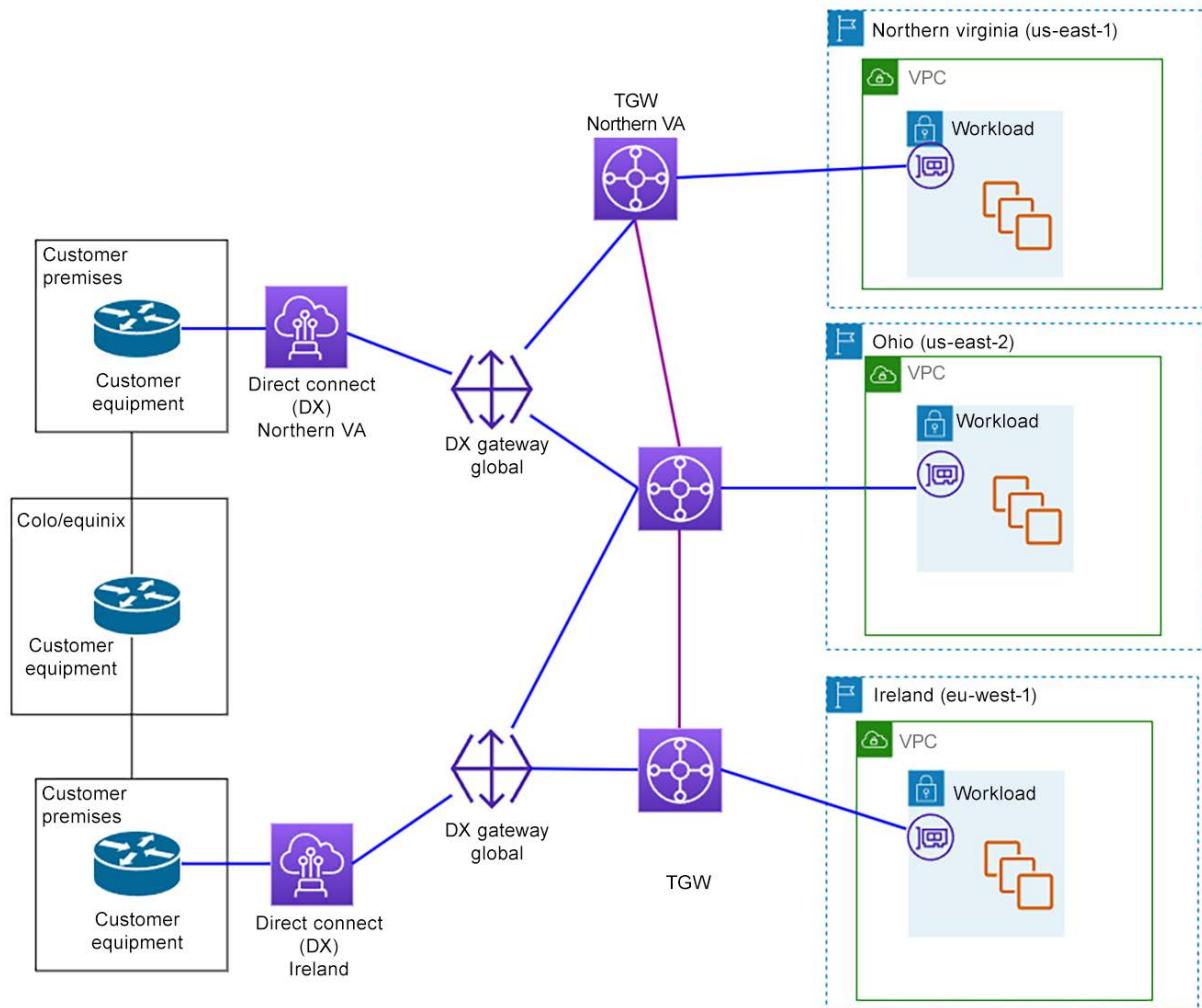


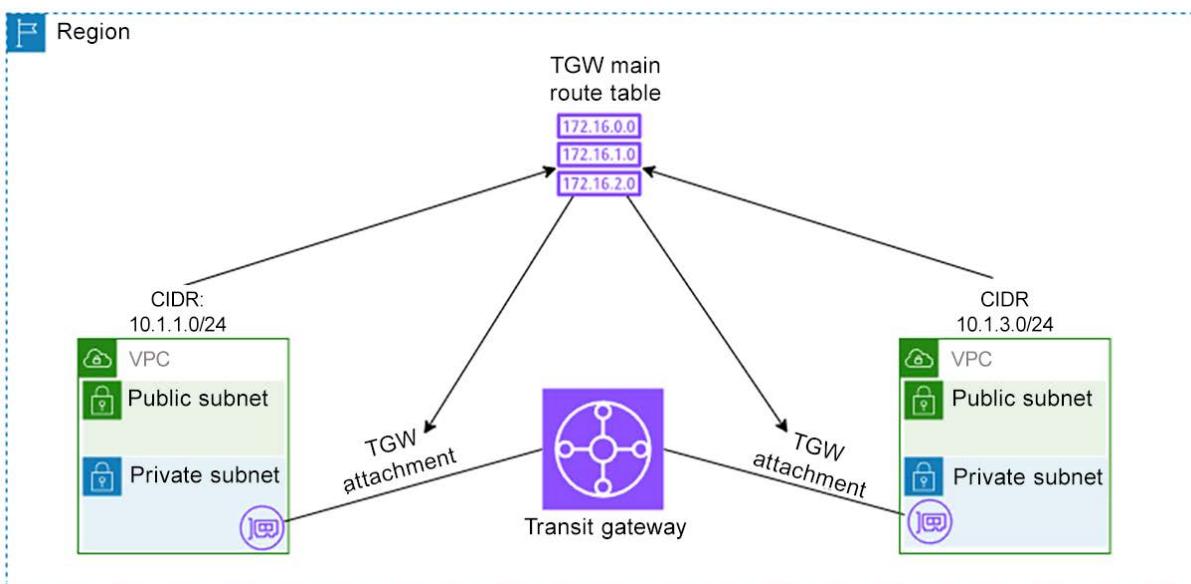
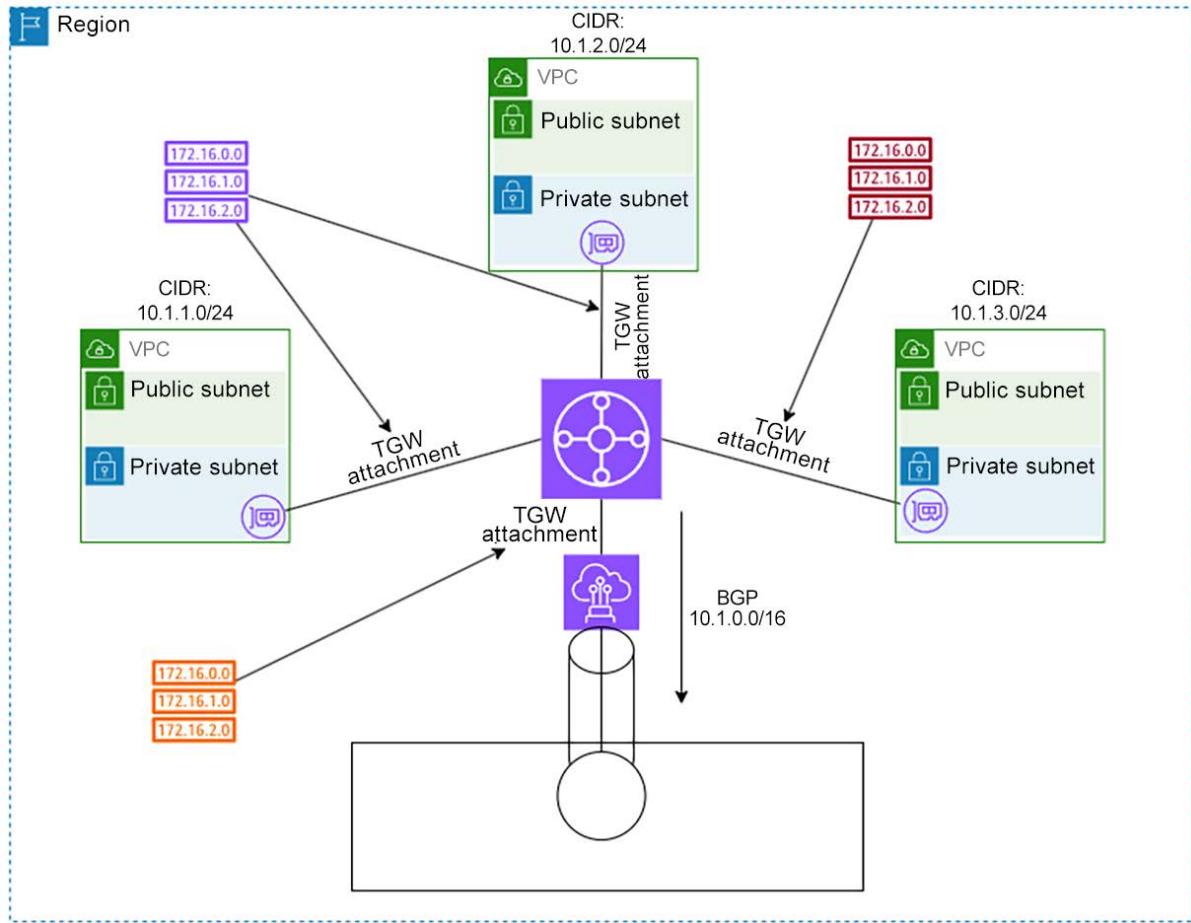
Chapter 5: Hybrid Networking with AWS Transit Gateway

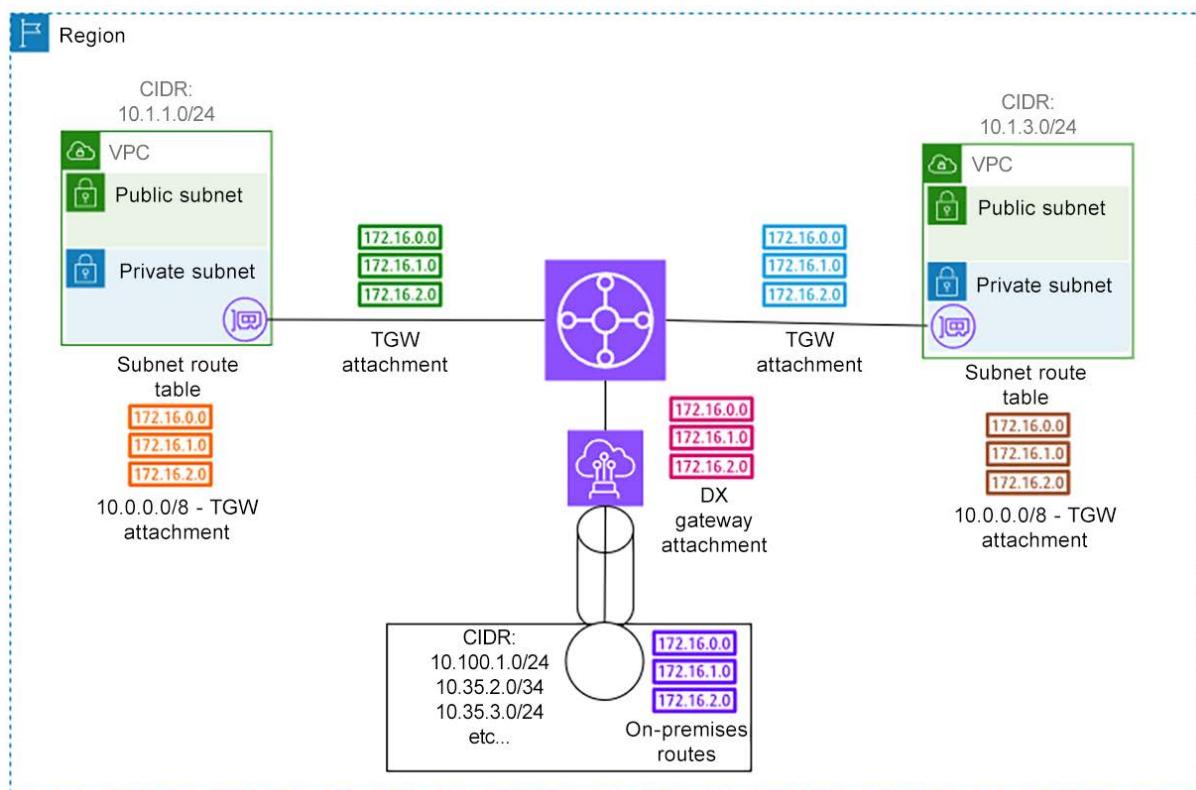
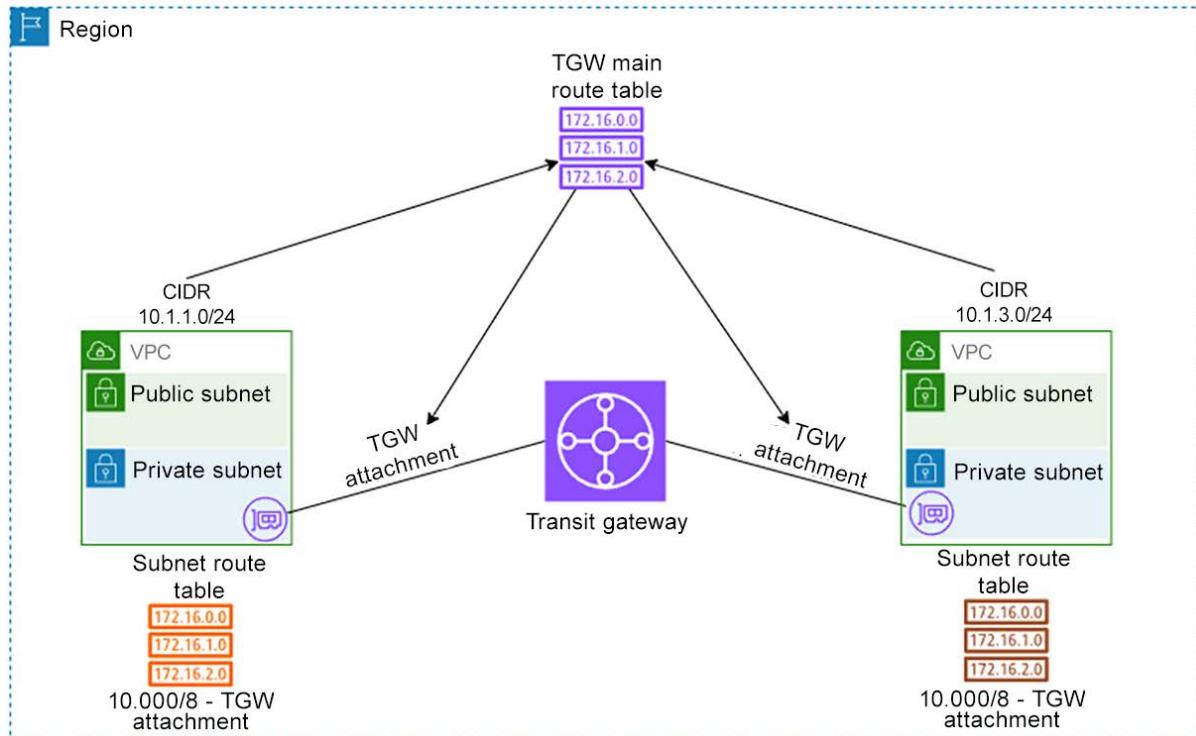


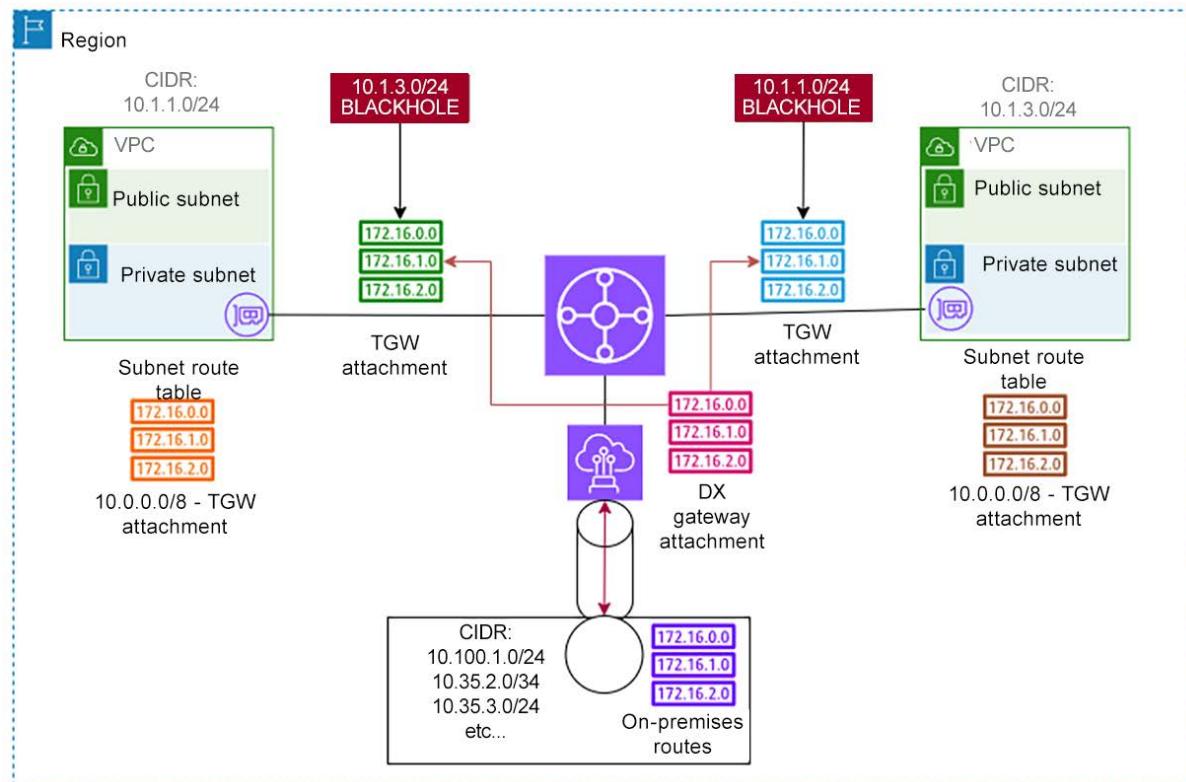
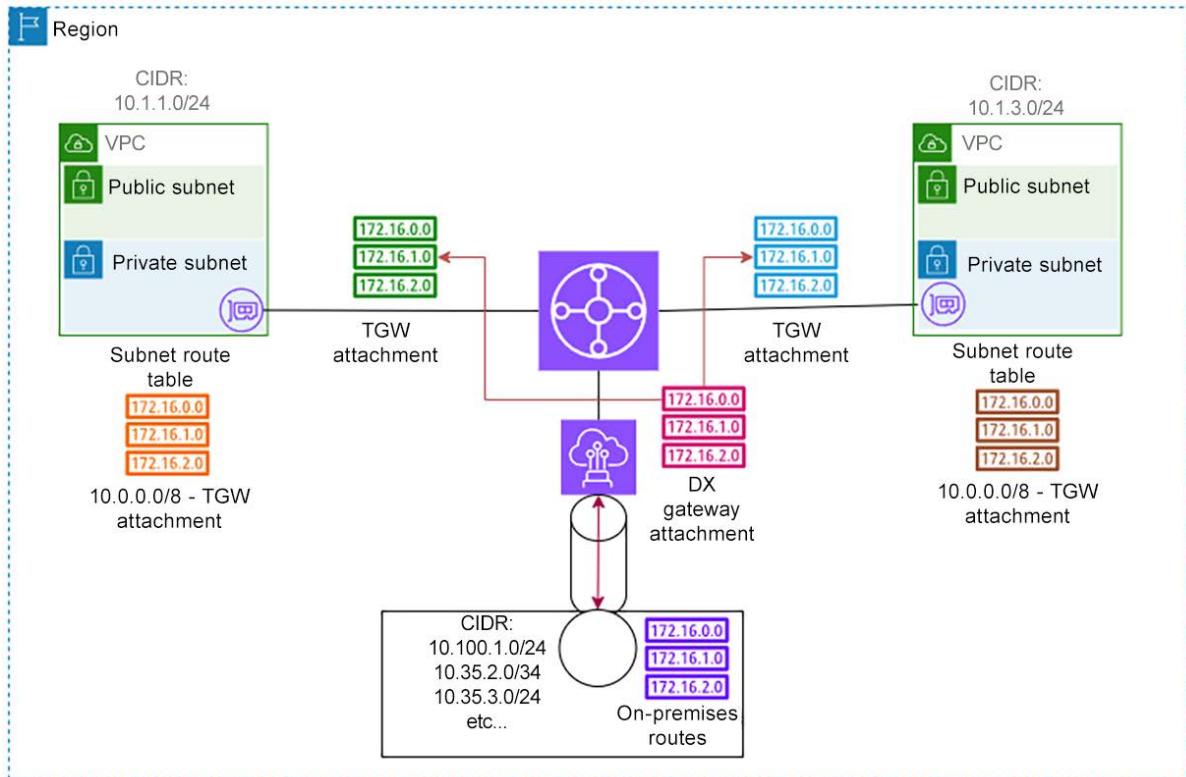


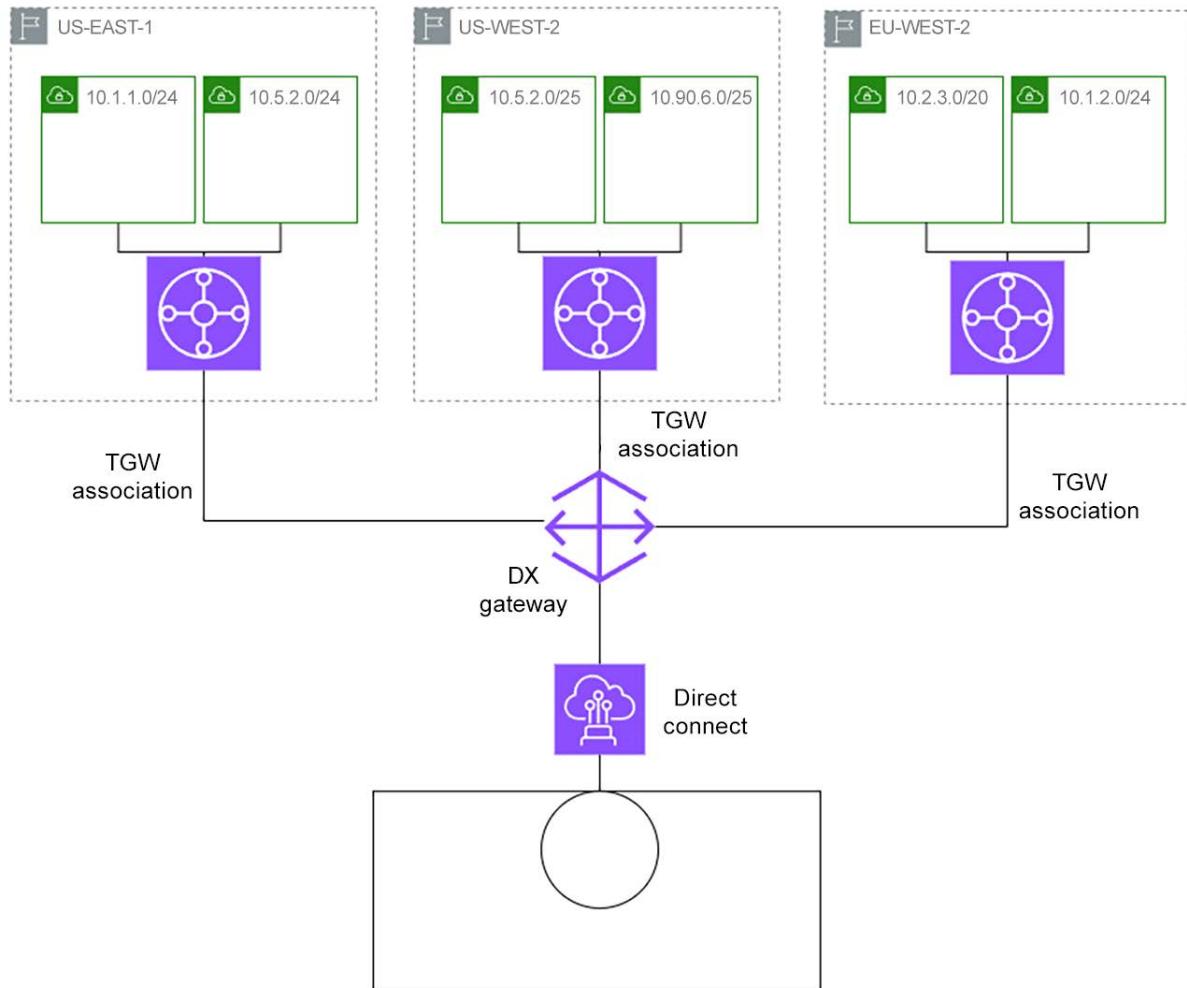


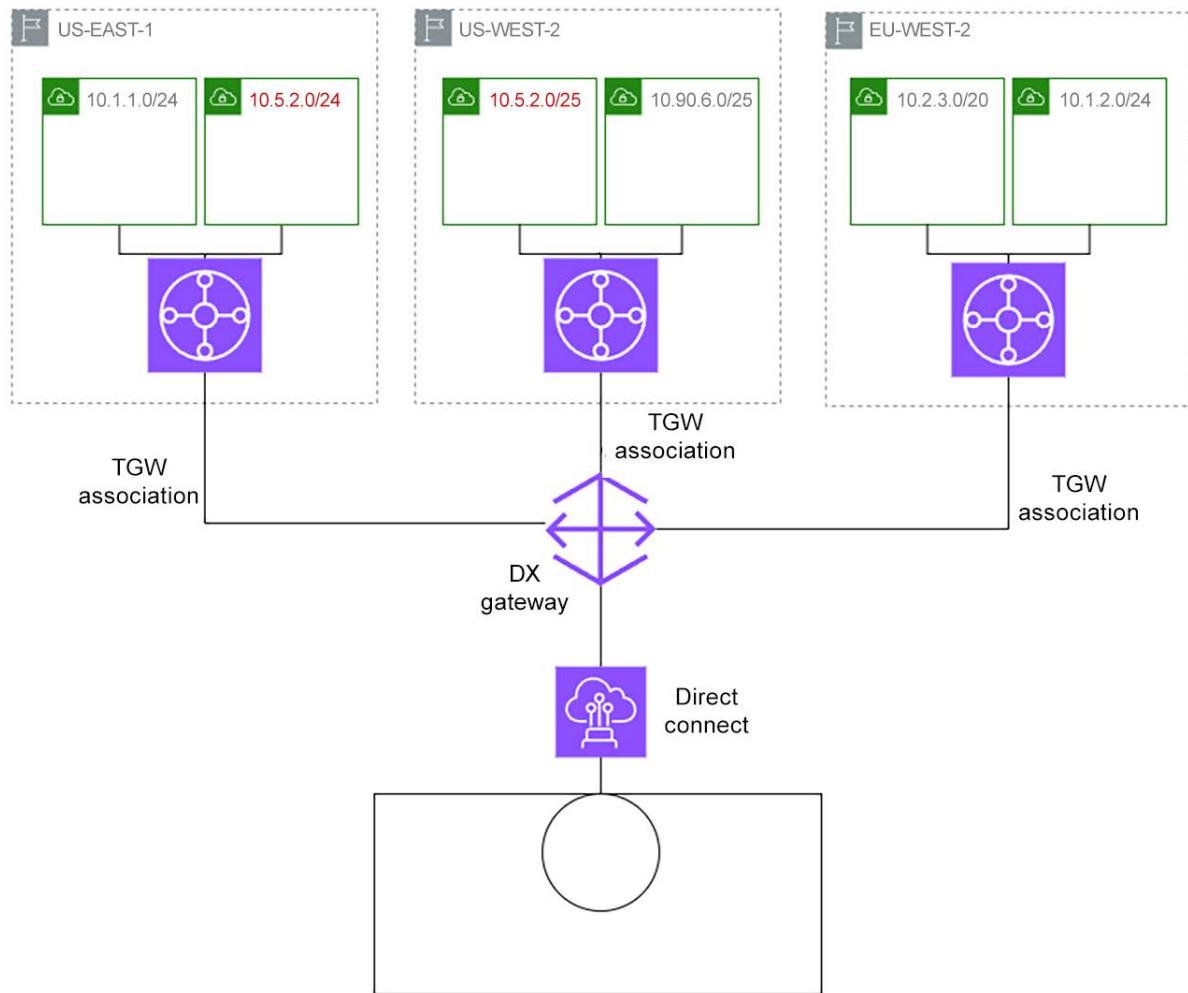


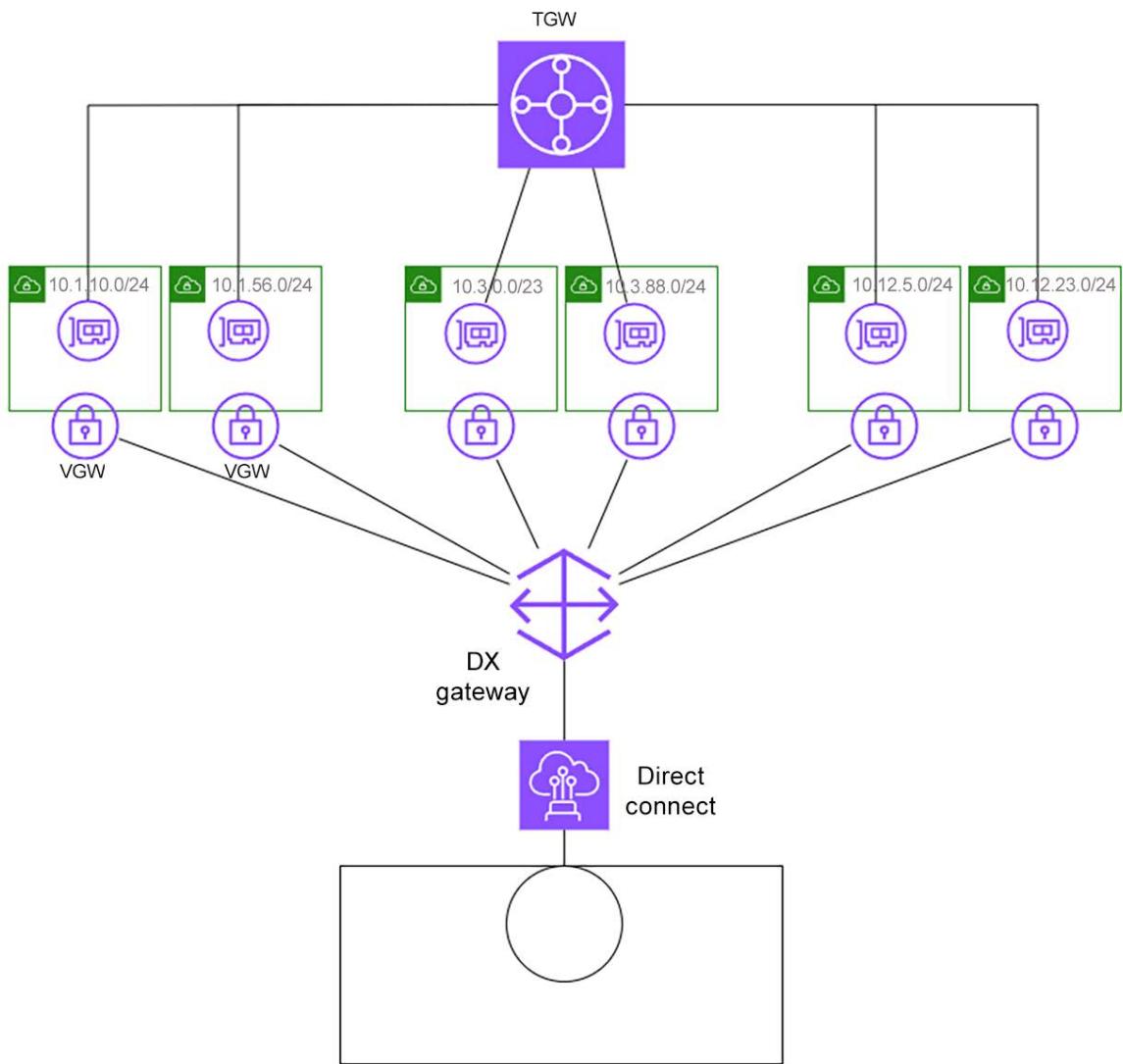


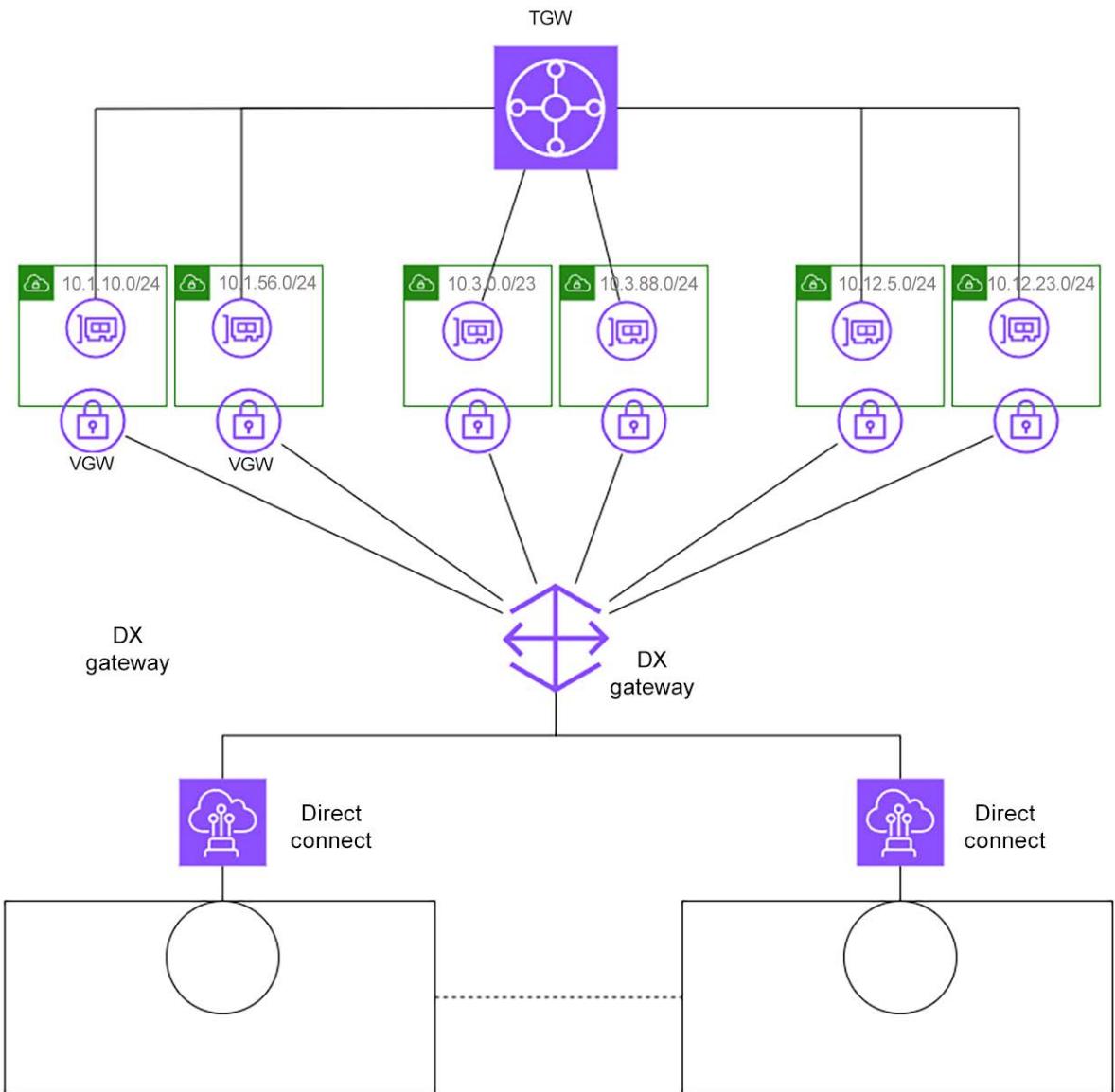


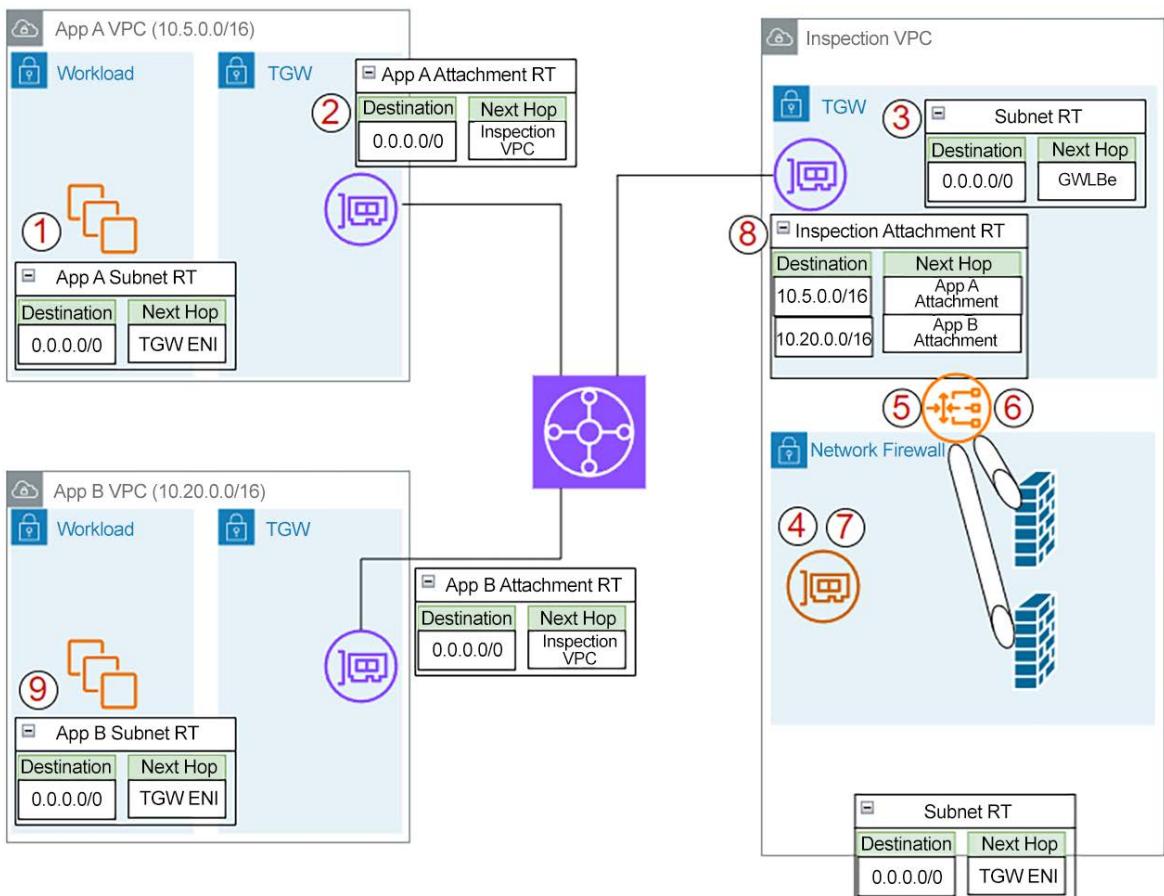
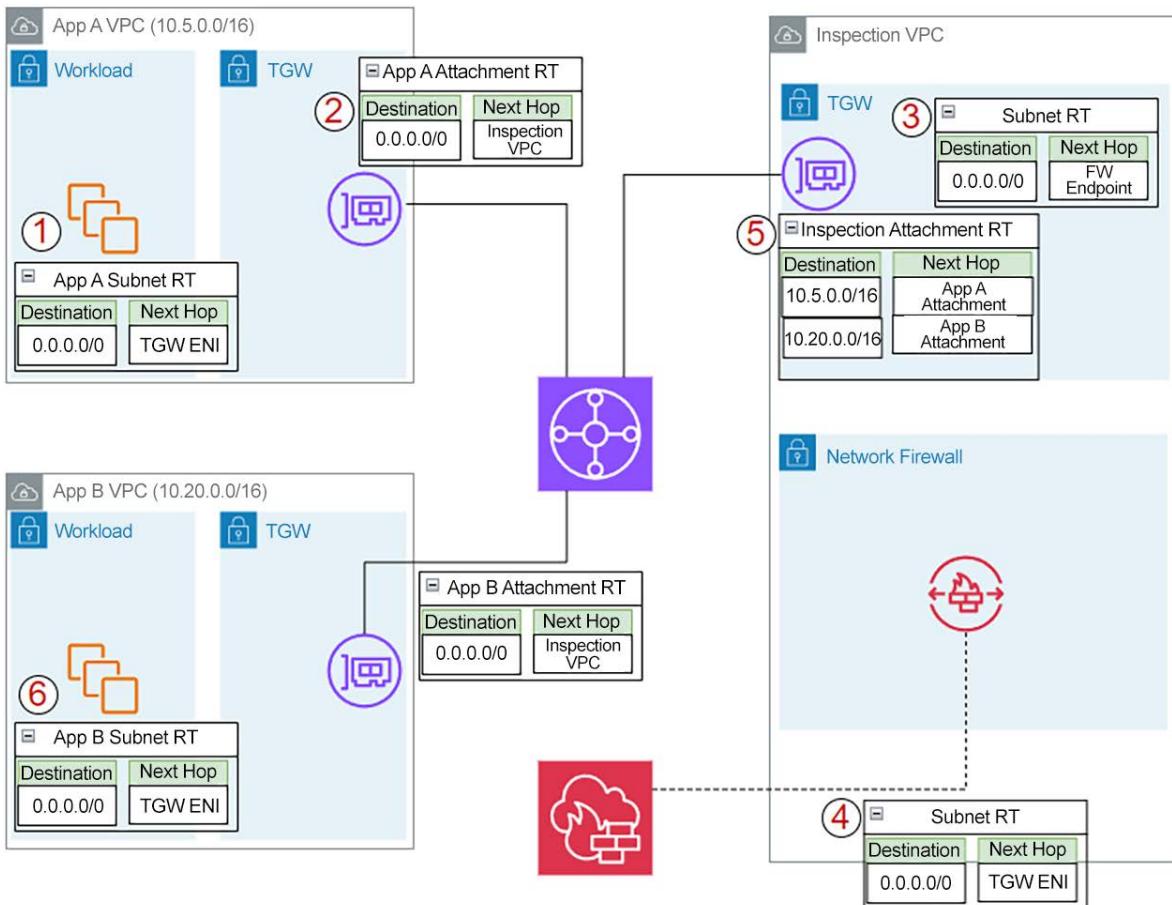




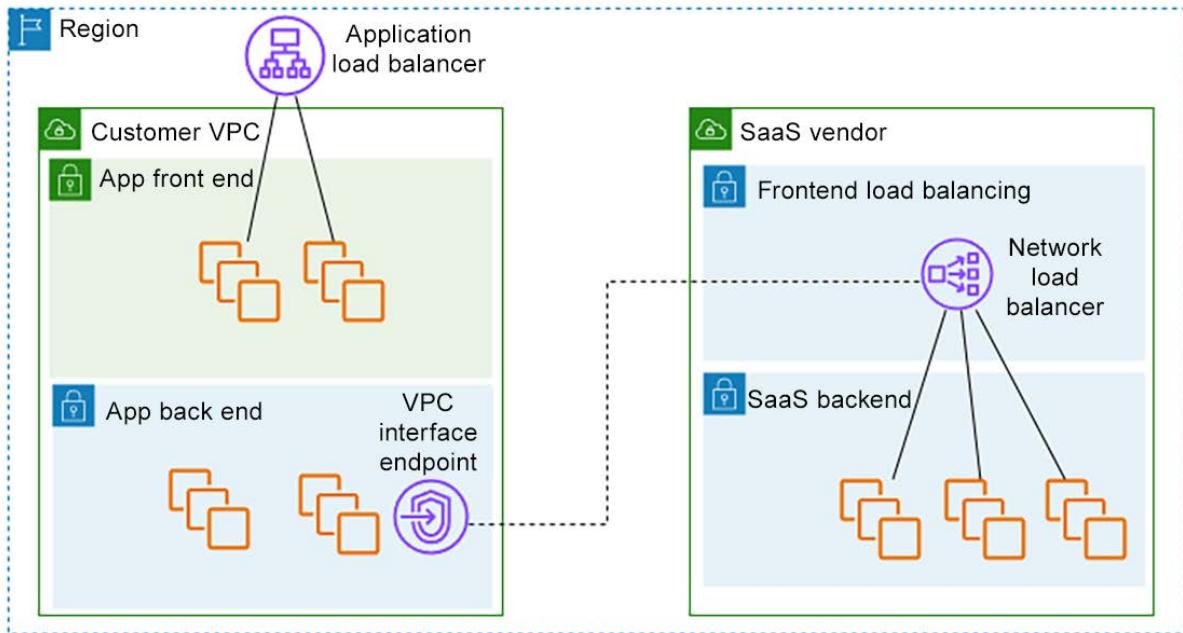








Chapter 6: Connecting Third-Party Networks to AWS



EC2 > Security Groups > Create security group

Create security group Info

A security group acts as a virtual firewall for your instance to control inbound and outbound traffic. To create a new security group, complete the fields below.

Basic details

Security group name Info
Allow_VPN_IN
Name cannot be edited after creation.

Description Info
Allow on-prem resources

VPC info
vpc-067a04f3bebe45564 (test-vpc)

Inbound rules Info

Type <small>Info</small>	Protocol <small>Info</small>	Port range <small>Info</small>	Source <small>Info</small>	Description - optional <small>Info</small>
All TCP	TCP	0 - 65535	Custom	10.100.10.0/24 <small>X</small> Allow VPN Resources

Add rule

Create VPN connection Info

Select the resources and additional configuration options that you want to use for the site-to-site VPN connection.

Details

Name tag - *optional*

Creates a tag with a key of 'Name' and a value that you specify.

Value must be 256 characters or less in length.

Target gateway type Info

- Virtual private gateway
- Transit gateway
- Not associated

Virtual private gateway



Customer gateway Info

- Existing
- New

Customer gateway ID



Routing options Info

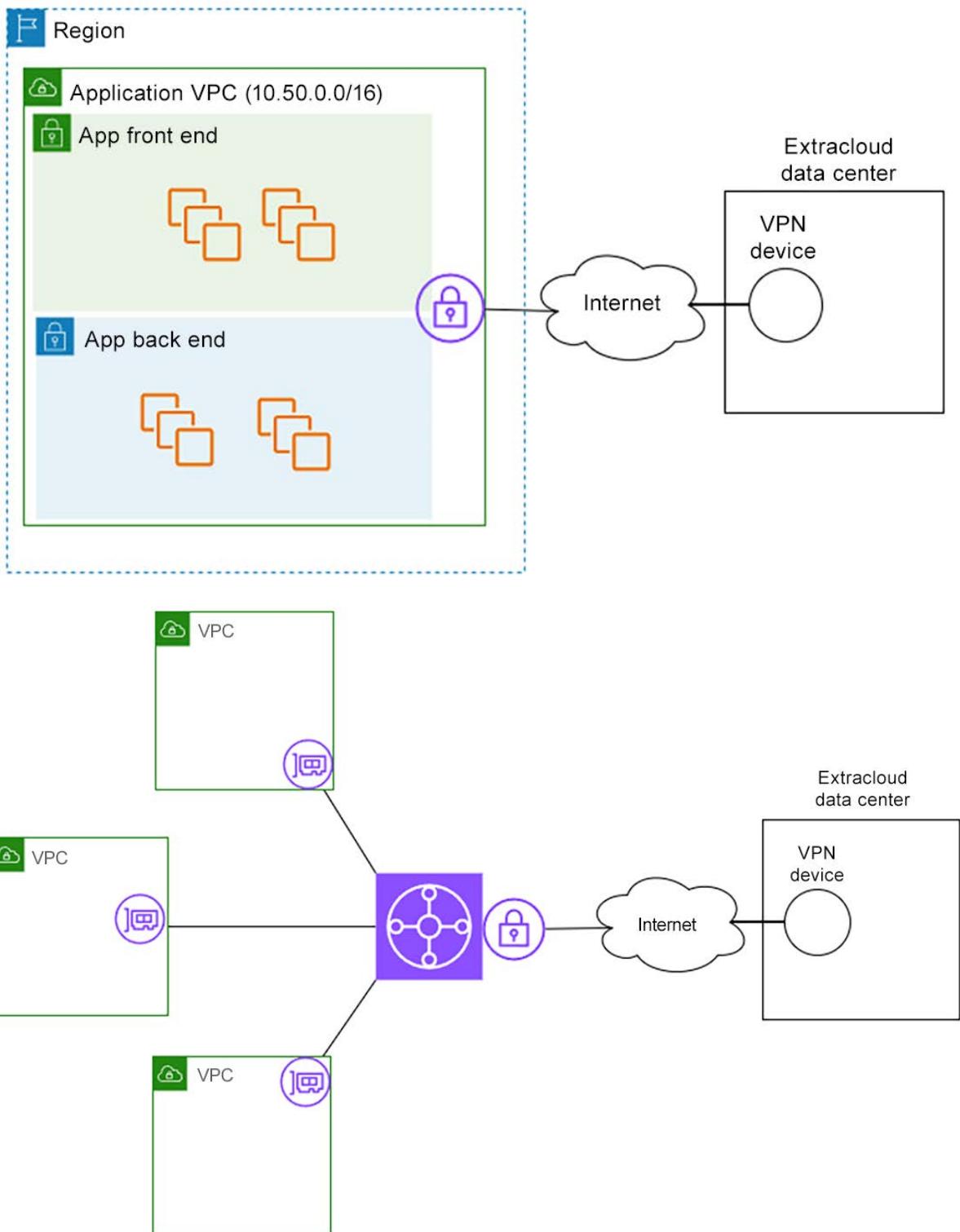
- Dynamic (requires BGP)
- Static

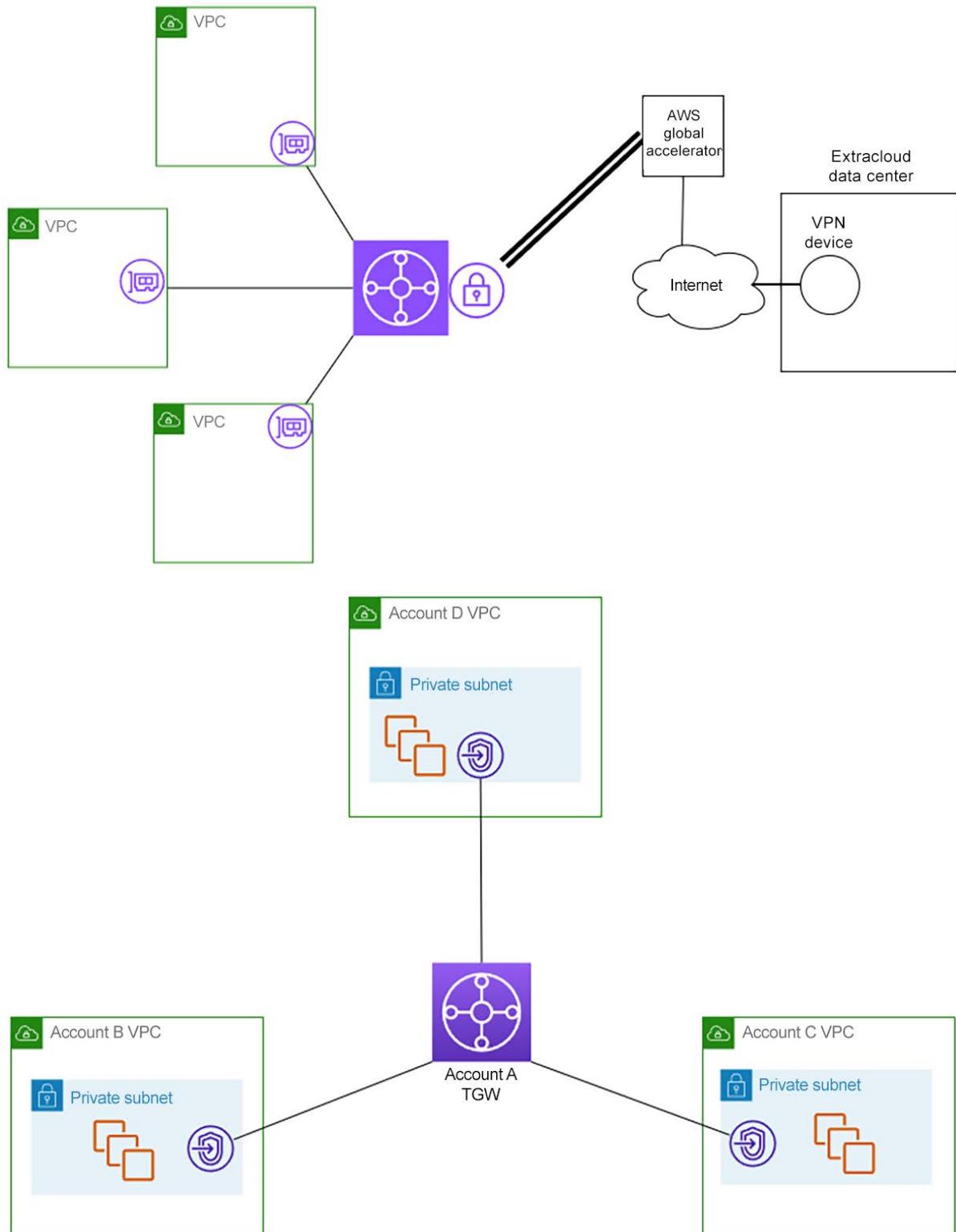
Local IPv4 network CIDR - *optional*

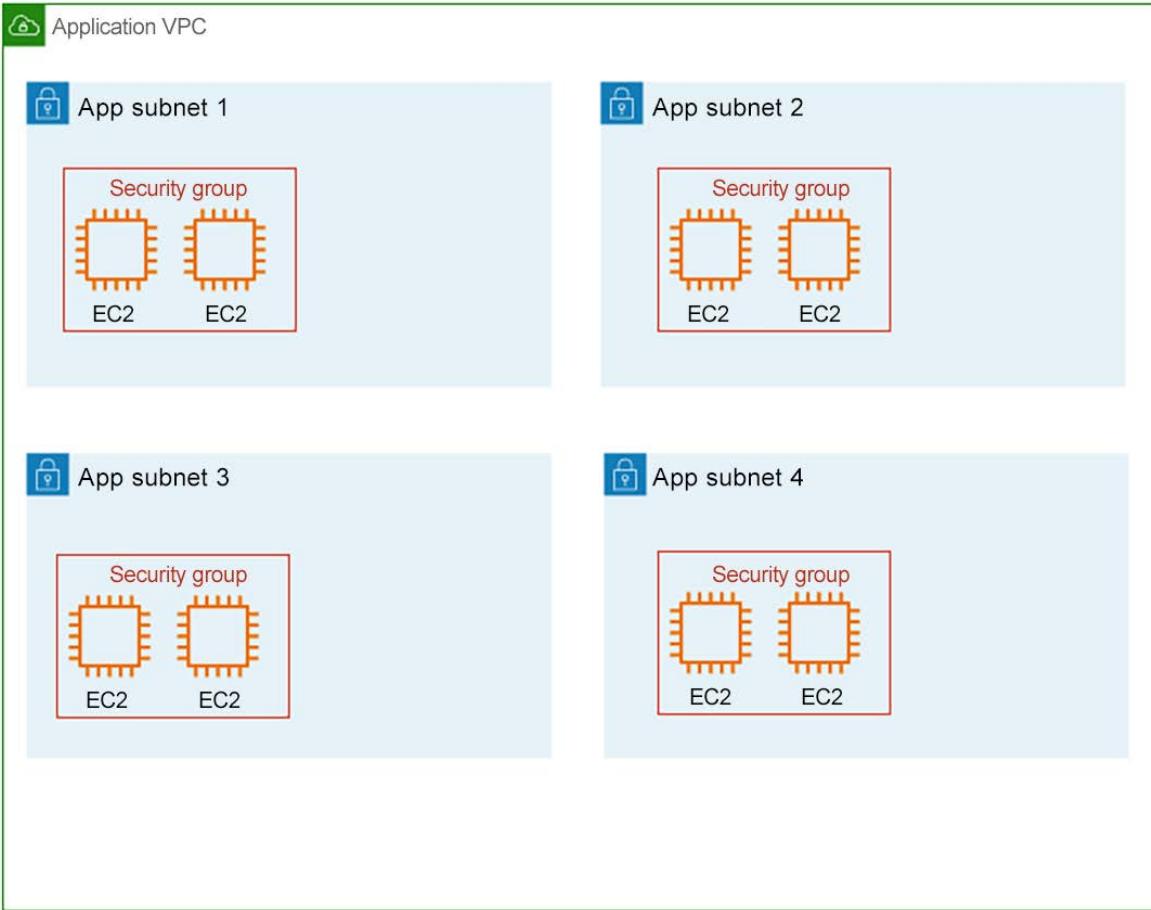
The IPv4 CIDR range on the customer gateway (on-premises) side that is allowed to communicate over the VPN tunnels. The default is 0.0.0.0/0.

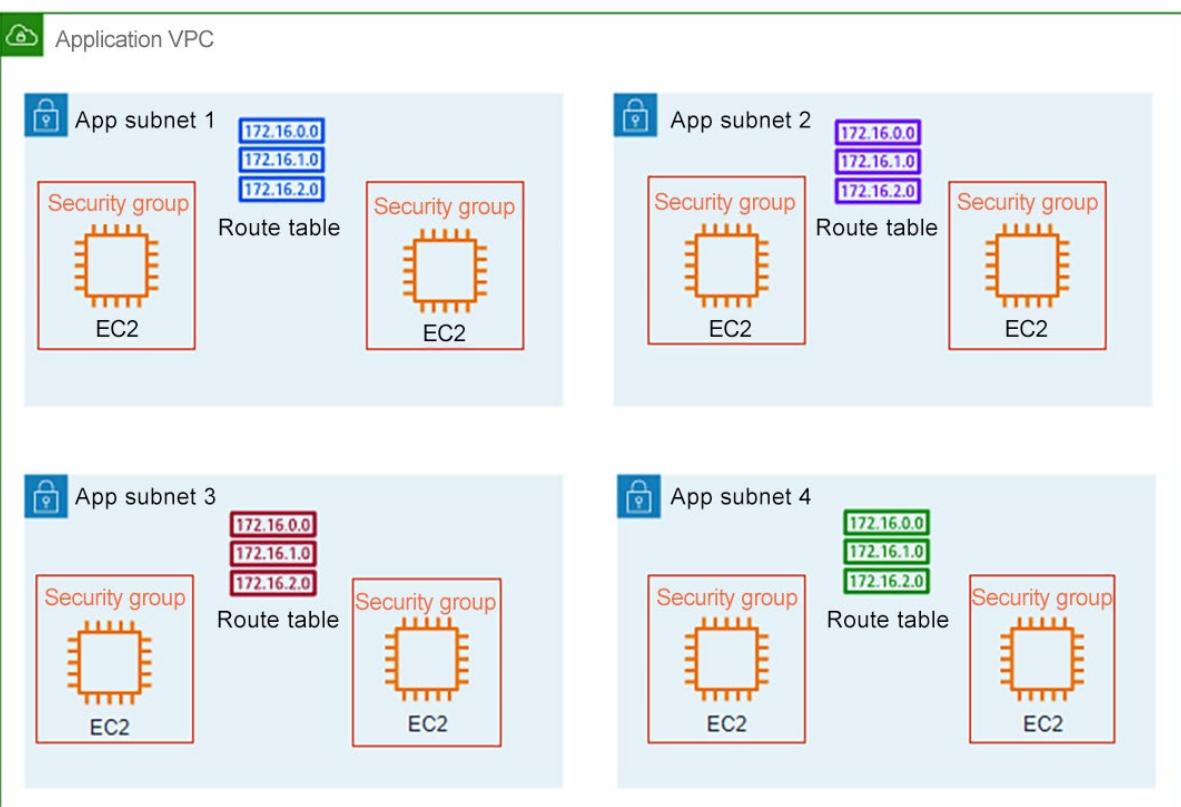
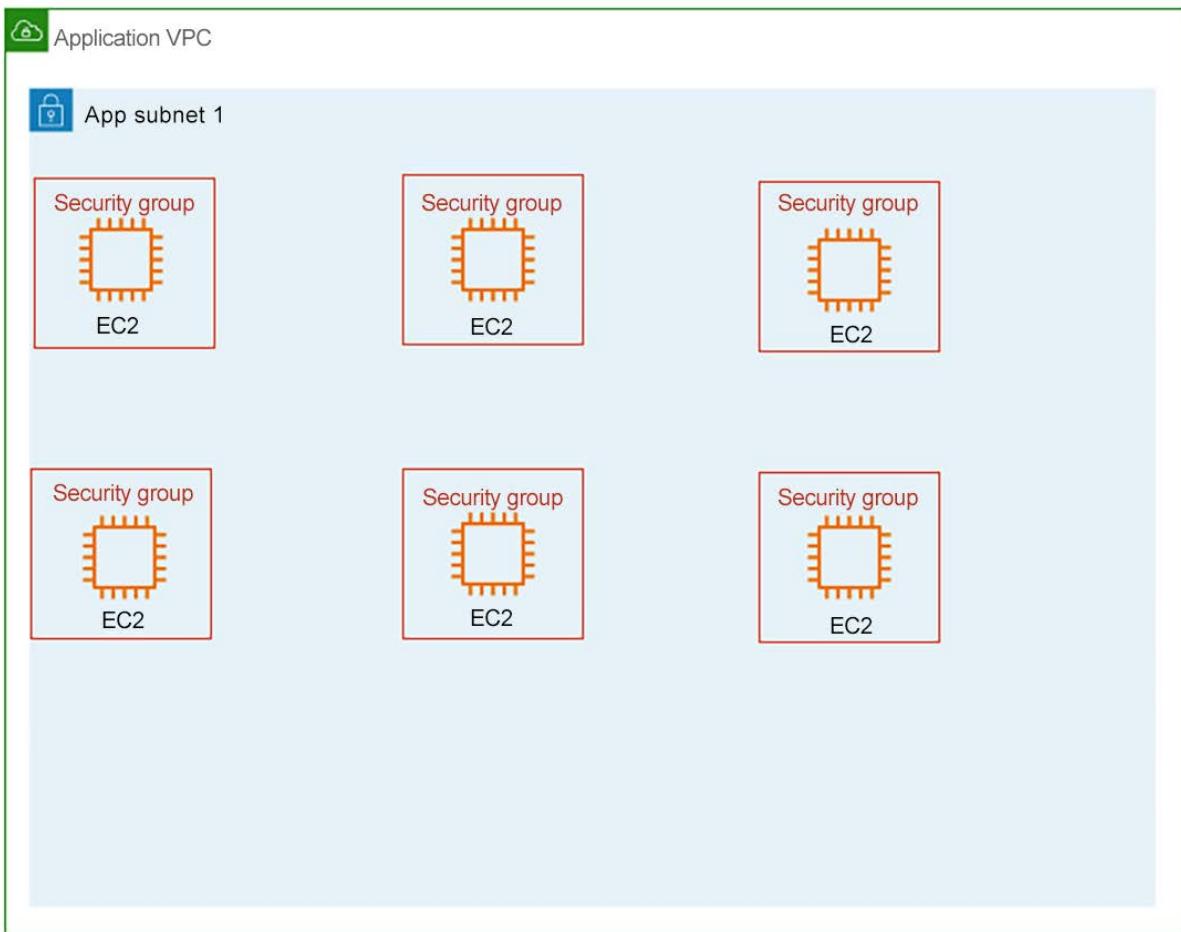
Remote IPv4 network CIDR - *optional*

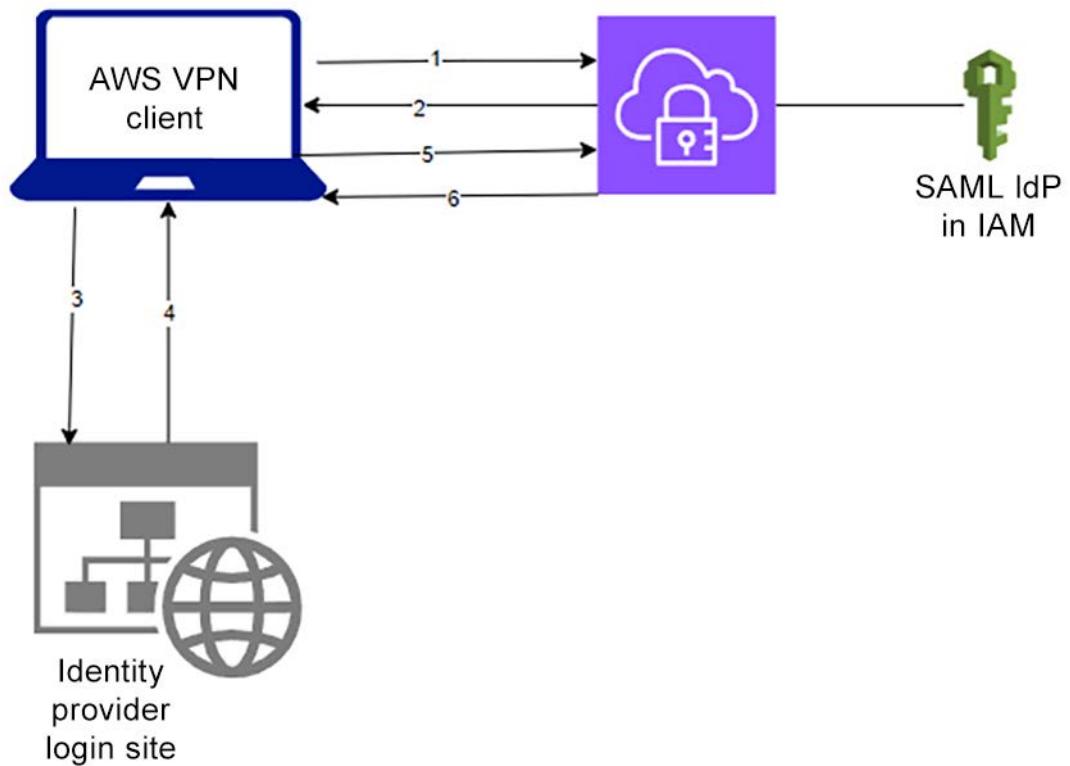
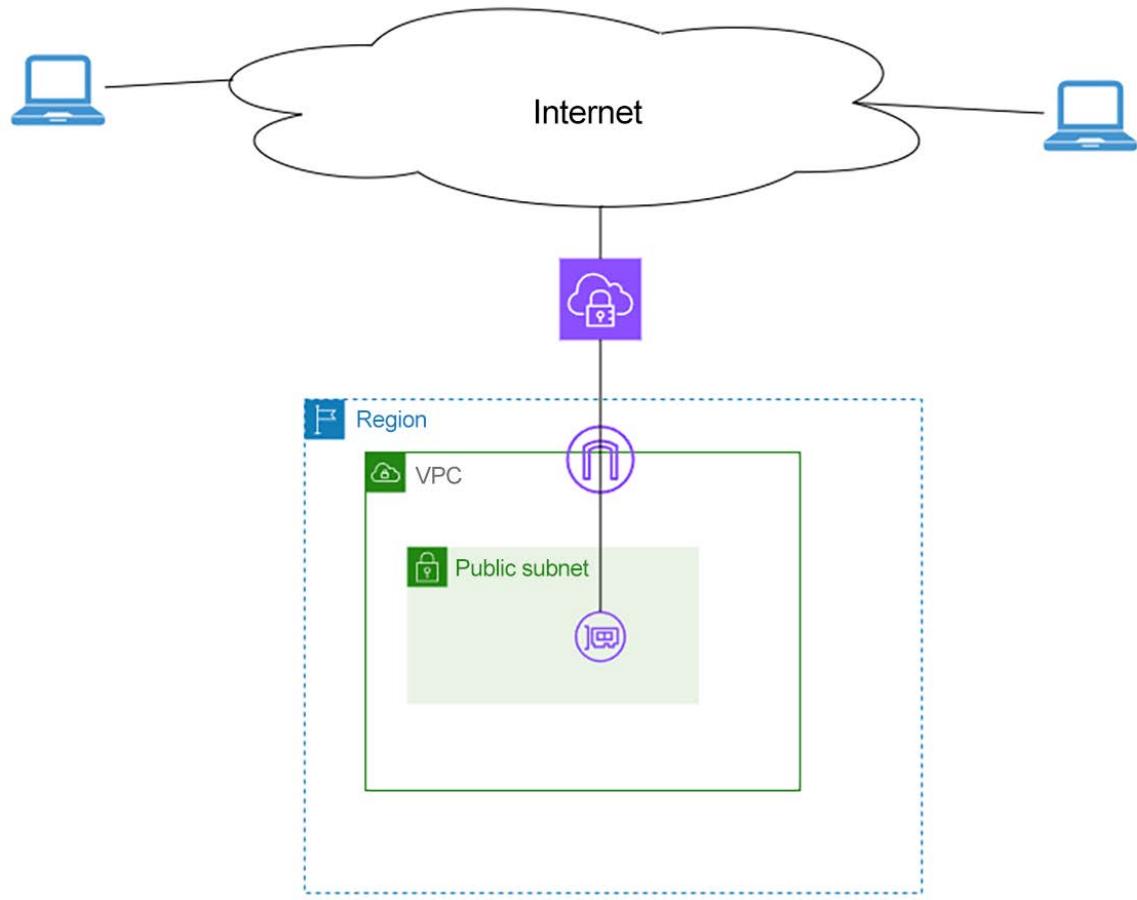
The IPv4 CIDR range on the AWS side that is allowed to communicate over the VPN tunnels. The default is 0.0.0.0/0.

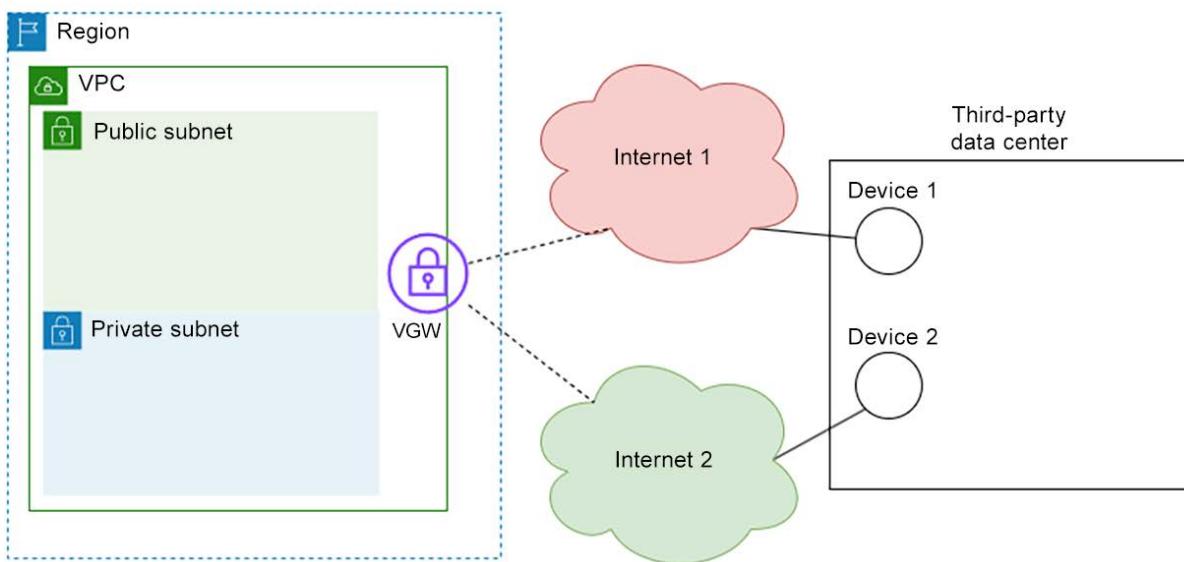
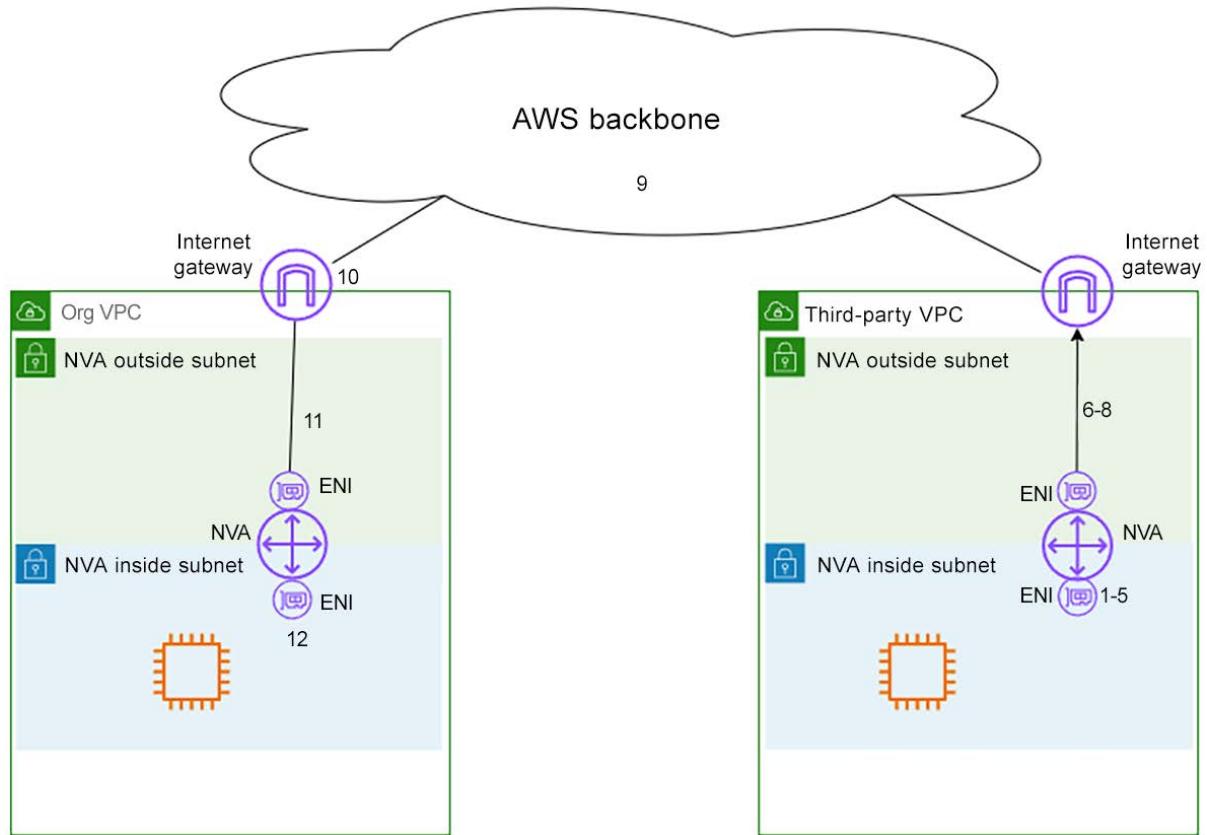


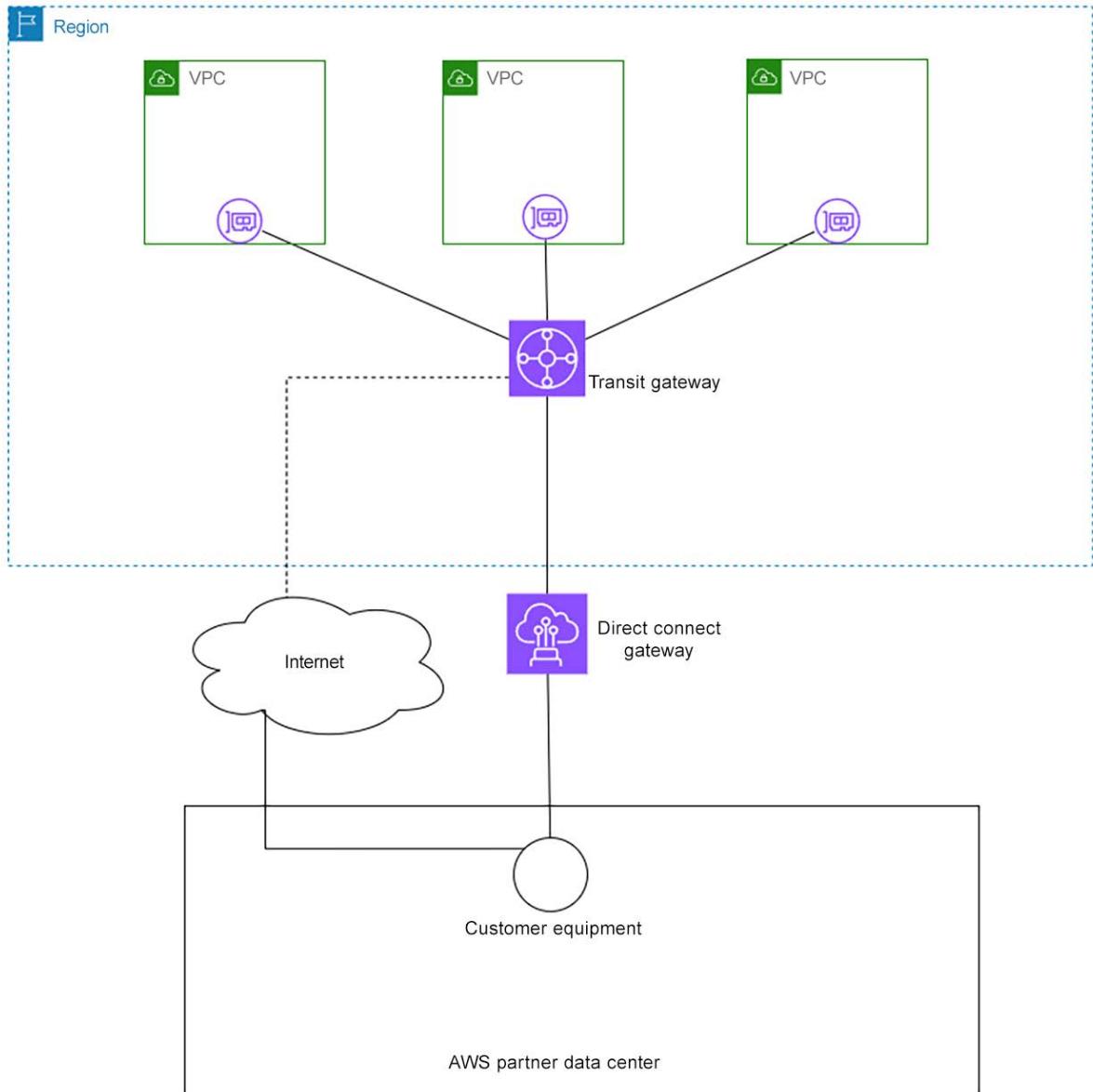


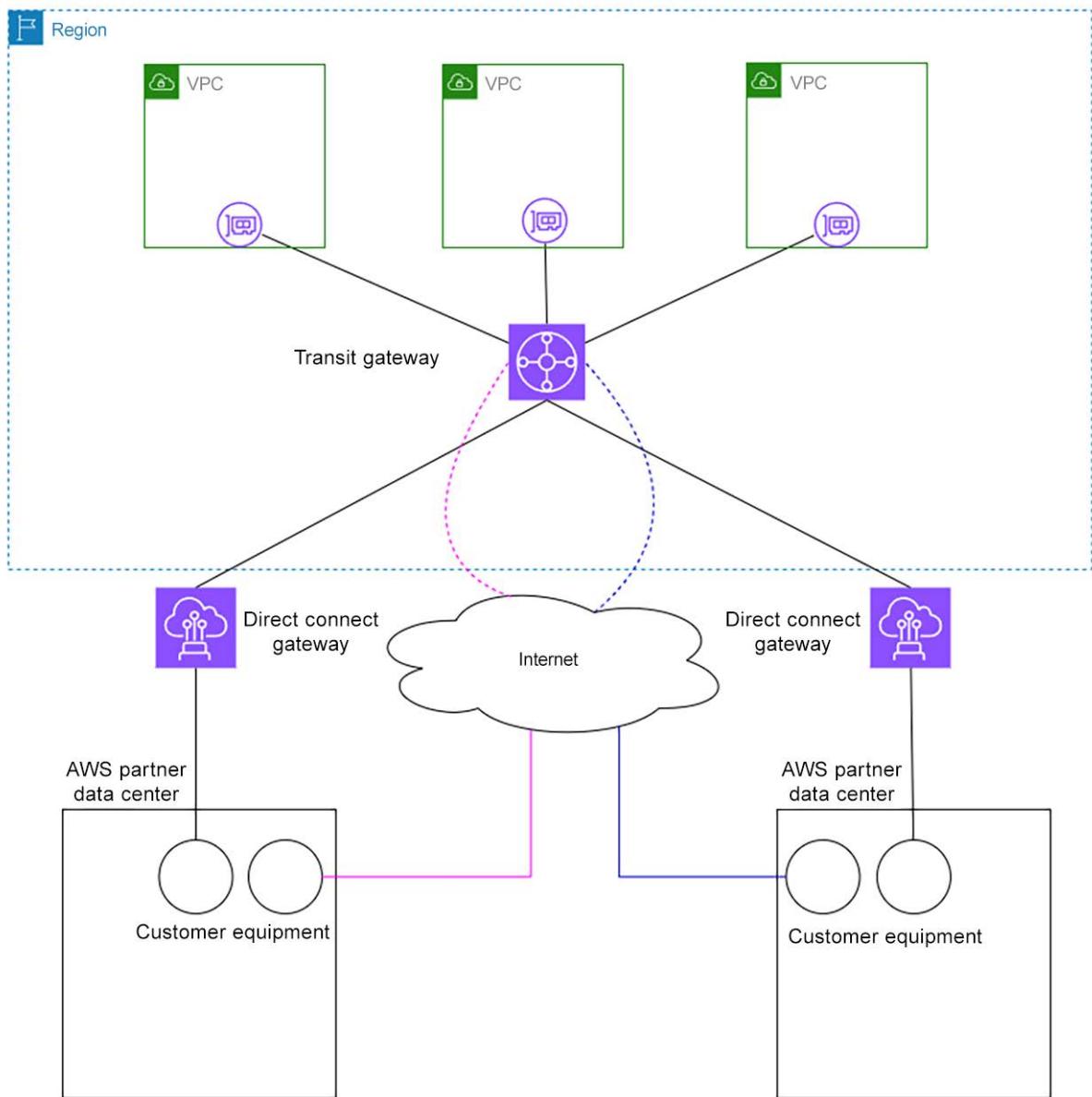


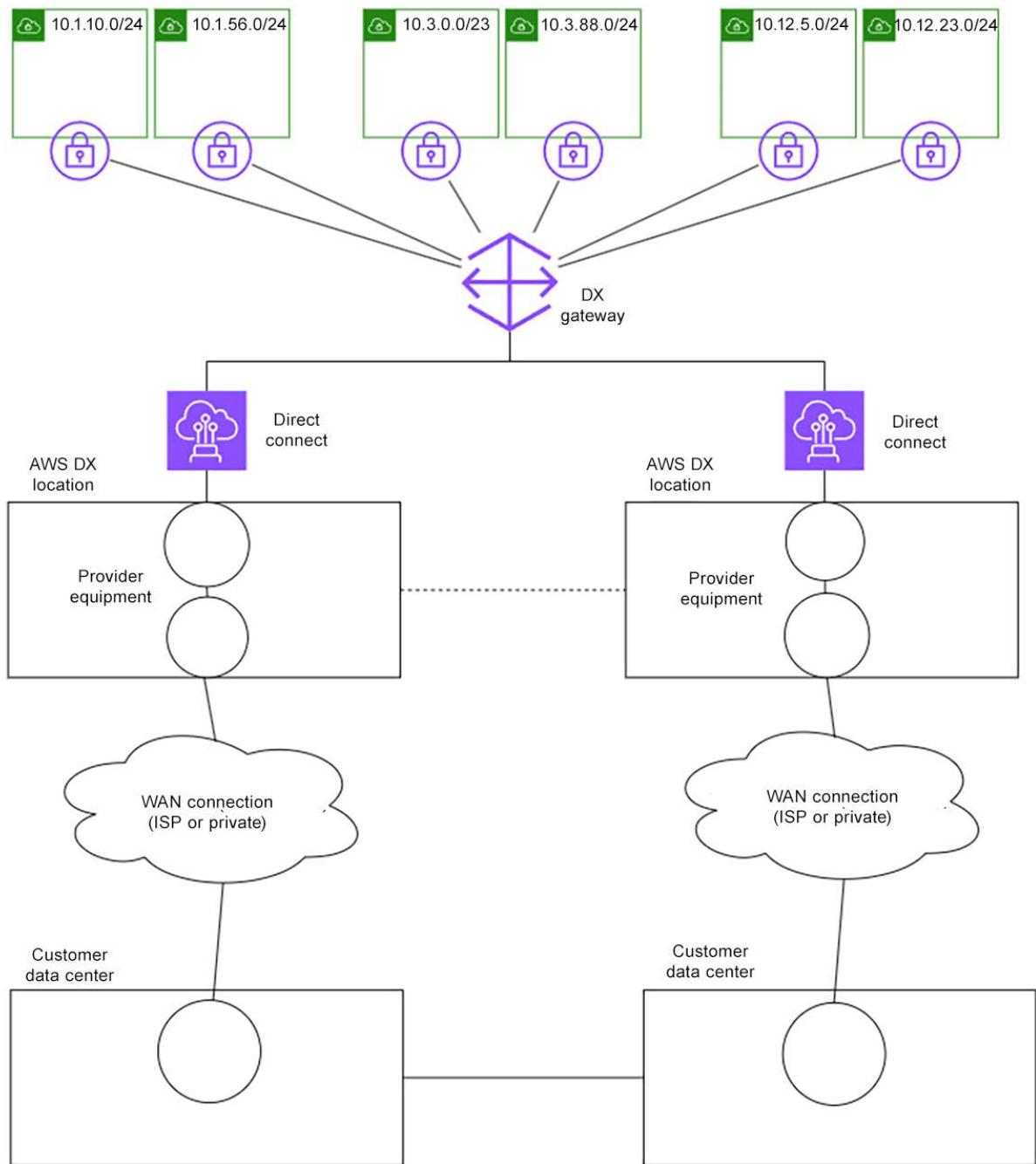


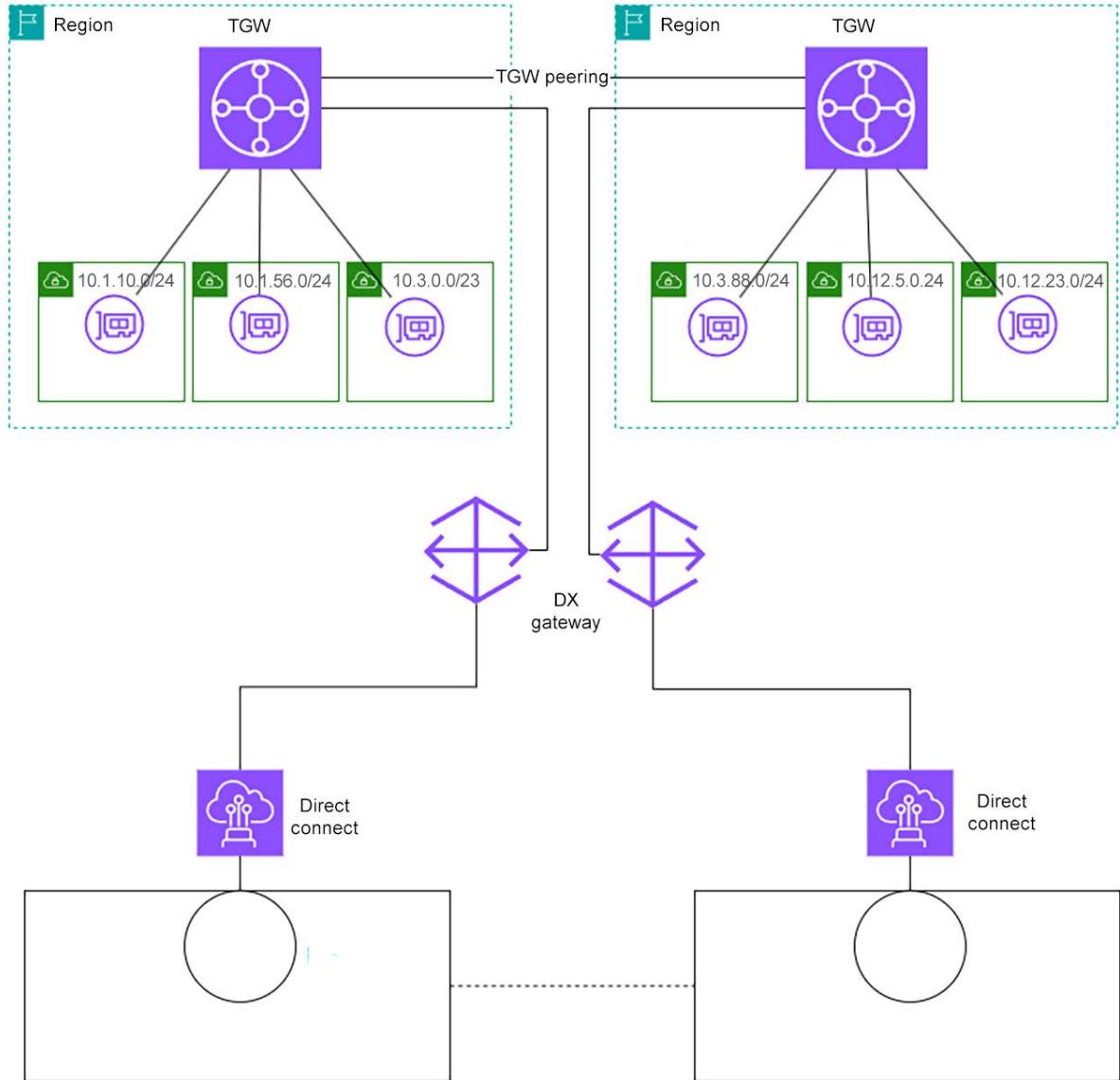


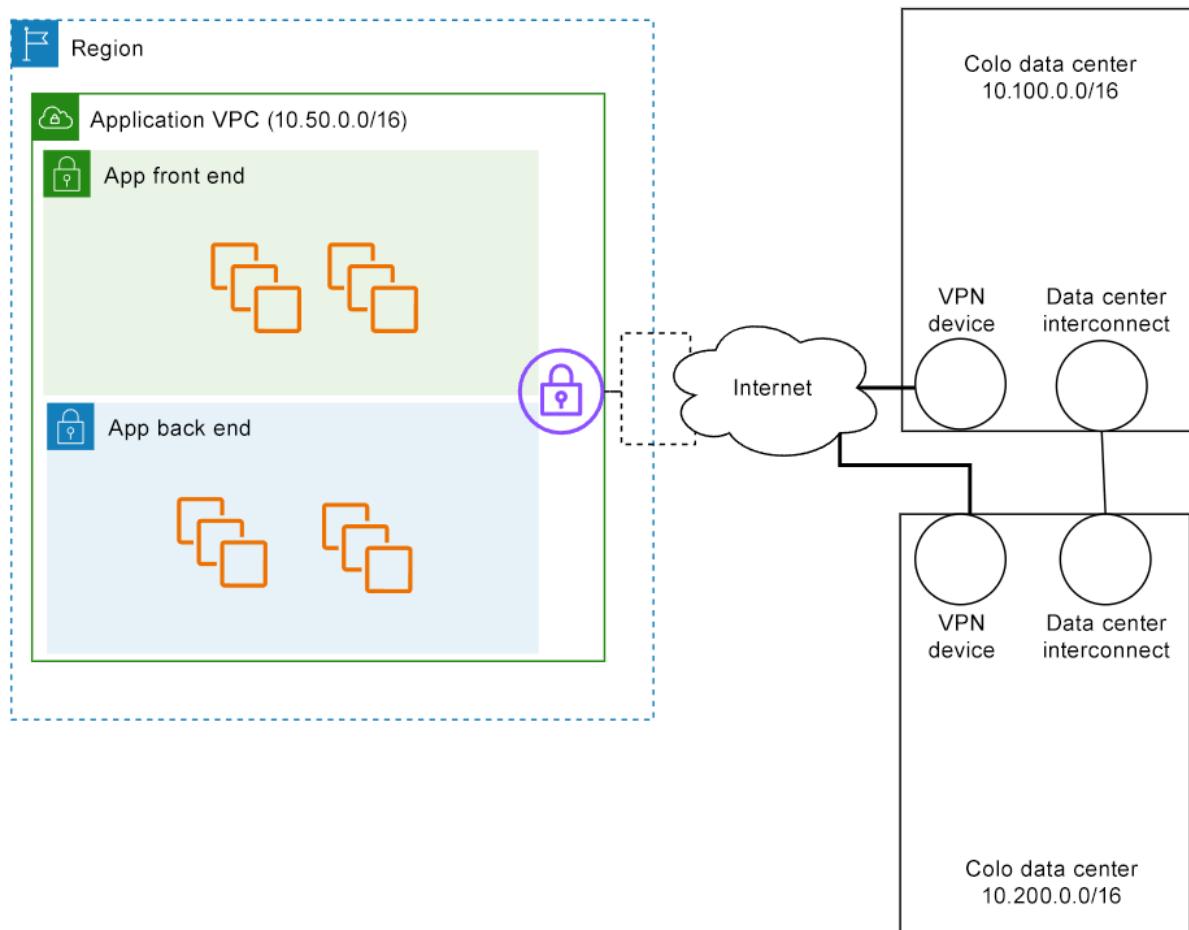
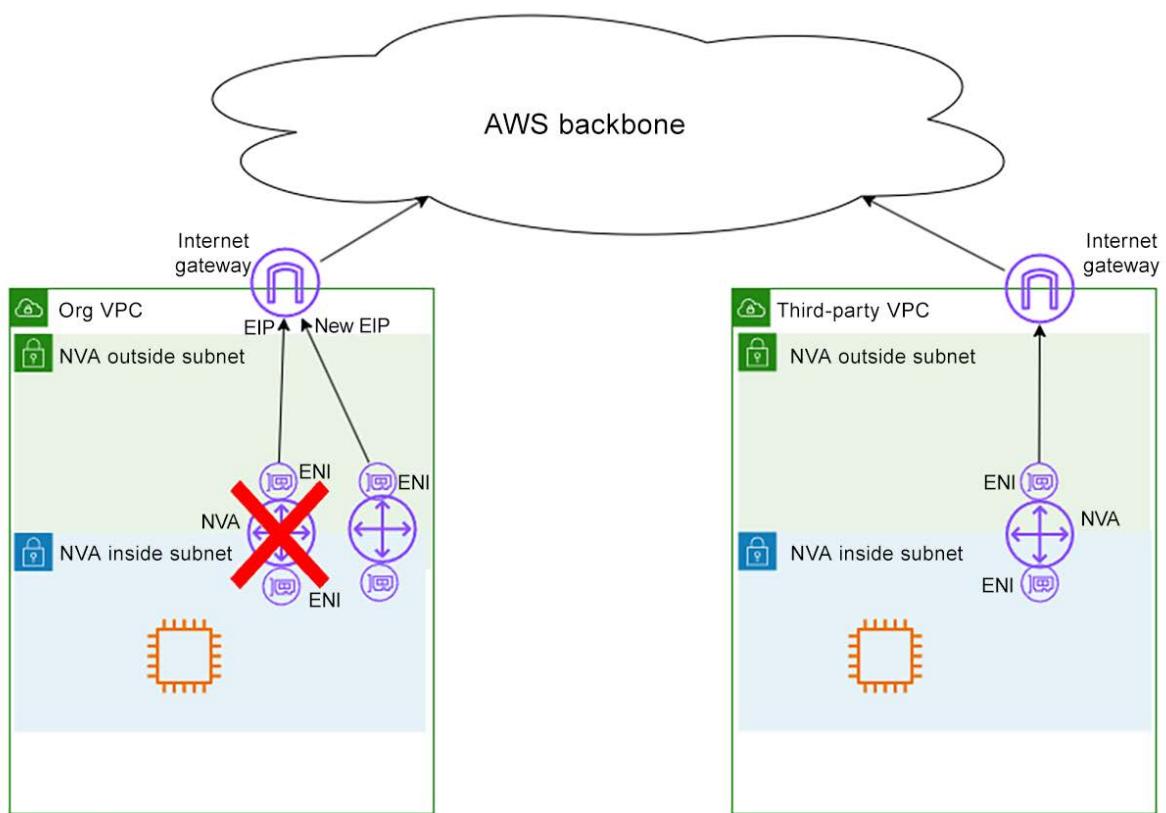


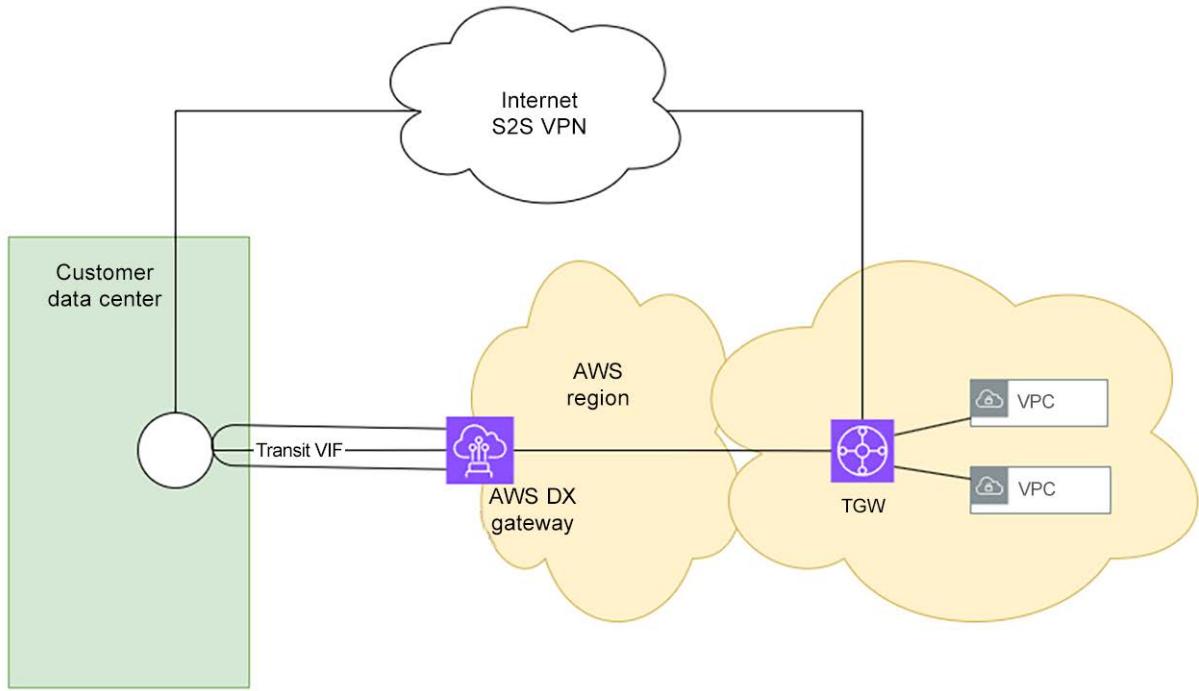


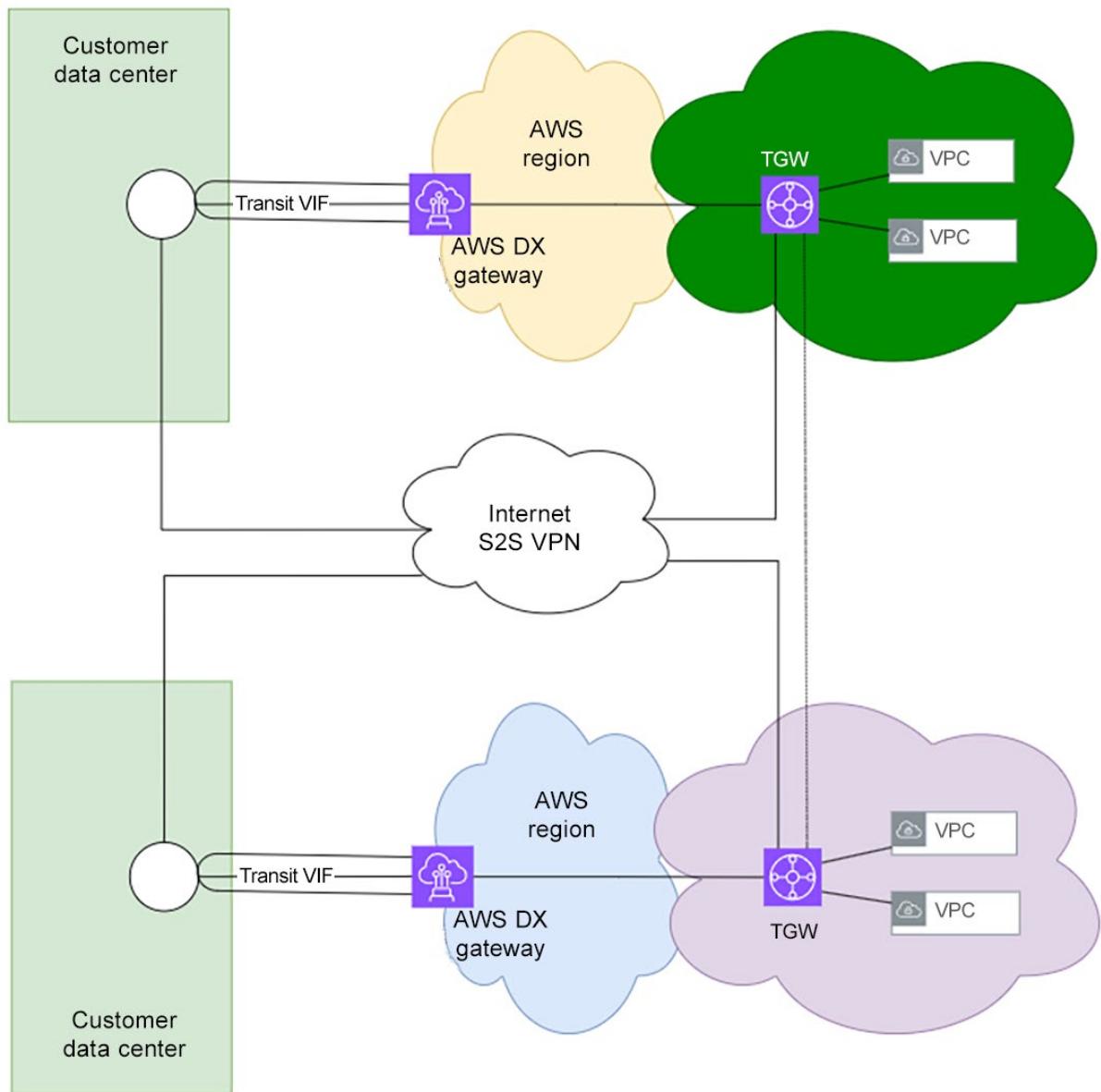




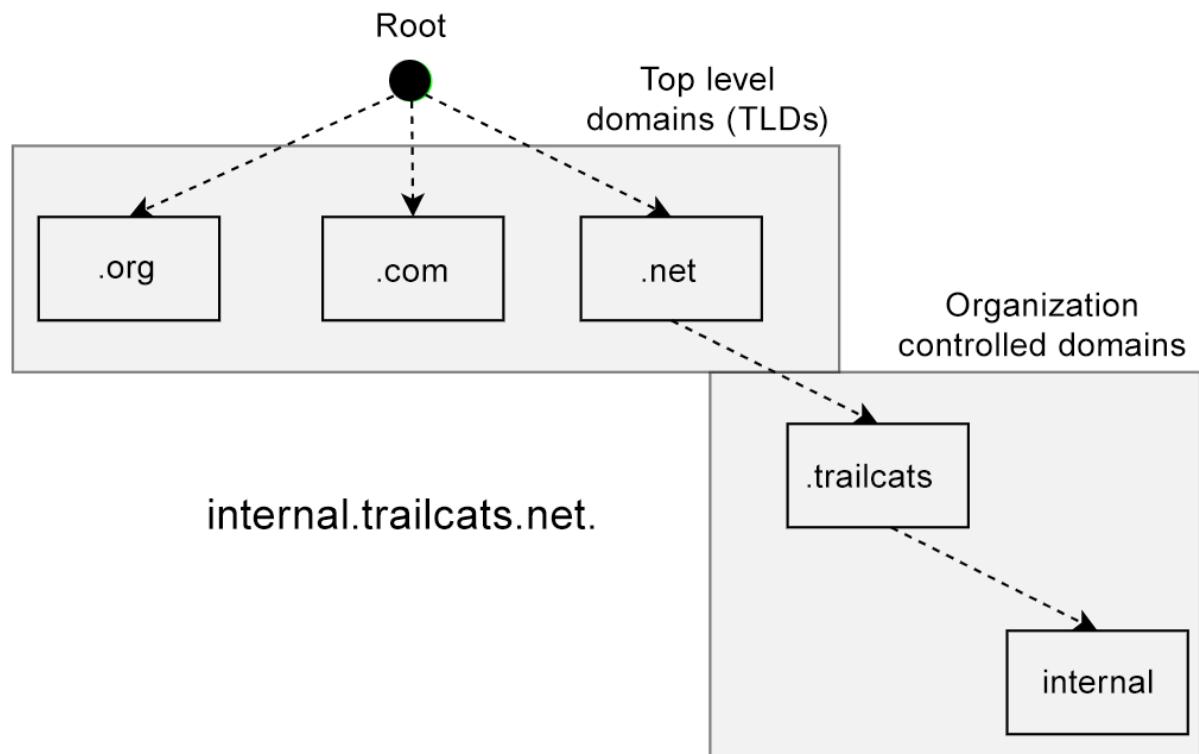








Chapter 7: AWS Route 53: Basics



```
~ ➔ dig . ns

; <>> DiG 9.10.6 <>> . ns
;; global options: +cmd
;; Got answer:
;; ->>HEADER<<- opcode: QUERY, status: NOERROR, id: 61832
;; flags: qr rd ra ad; QUERY: 1, ANSWER: 13, AUTHORITY: 0, ADDITIONAL: 0

;; QUESTION SECTION:
;·. IN NS

;; ANSWER SECTION:
·. 518400 IN NS a.root-servers.net.
·. 518400 IN NS b.root-servers.net.
·. 518400 IN NS c.root-servers.net.
·. 518400 IN NS d.root-servers.net.
·. 518400 IN NS e.root-servers.net.
·. 518400 IN NS f.root-servers.net.
·. 518400 IN NS g.root-servers.net.
·. 518400 IN NS h.root-servers.net.
·. 518400 IN NS i.root-servers.net.
·. 518400 IN NS j.root-servers.net.
·. 518400 IN NS k.root-servers.net.
·. 518400 IN NS l.root-servers.net.
·. 518400 IN NS m.root-servers.net.
```

```

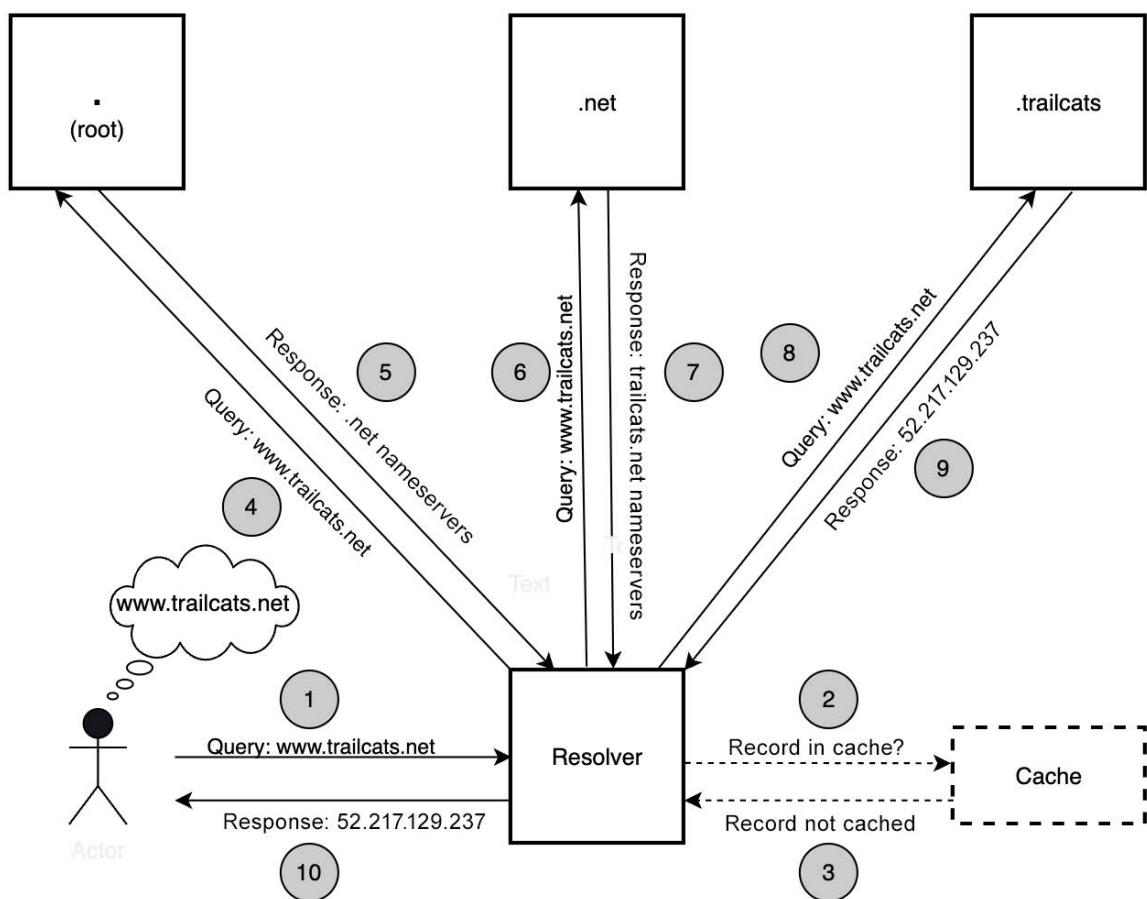
~ dig org. ns

; <>> DiG 9.10.6 <>> org. ns
; global options: +cmd
; Got answer:
; ->>HEADER<<- opcode: QUERY, status: NOERROR, id: 31410
; flags: qr rd ra ad; QUERY: 1, ANSWER: 6, AUTHORITY: 0, ADDITIONAL: 0

;; QUESTION SECTION:
;org.                                     IN      NS

;; ANSWER SECTION:
org.          3531    IN      NS      a0.org.afilias-nst.info.
org.          3531    IN      NS      a2.org.afilias-nst.info.
org.          3531    IN      NS      b0.org.afilias-nst.org.
org.          3531    IN      NS      b2.org.afilias-nst.org.
org.          3531    IN      NS      c0.org.afilias-nst.info.
org.          3531    IN      NS      d0.org.afilias-nst.org.

```



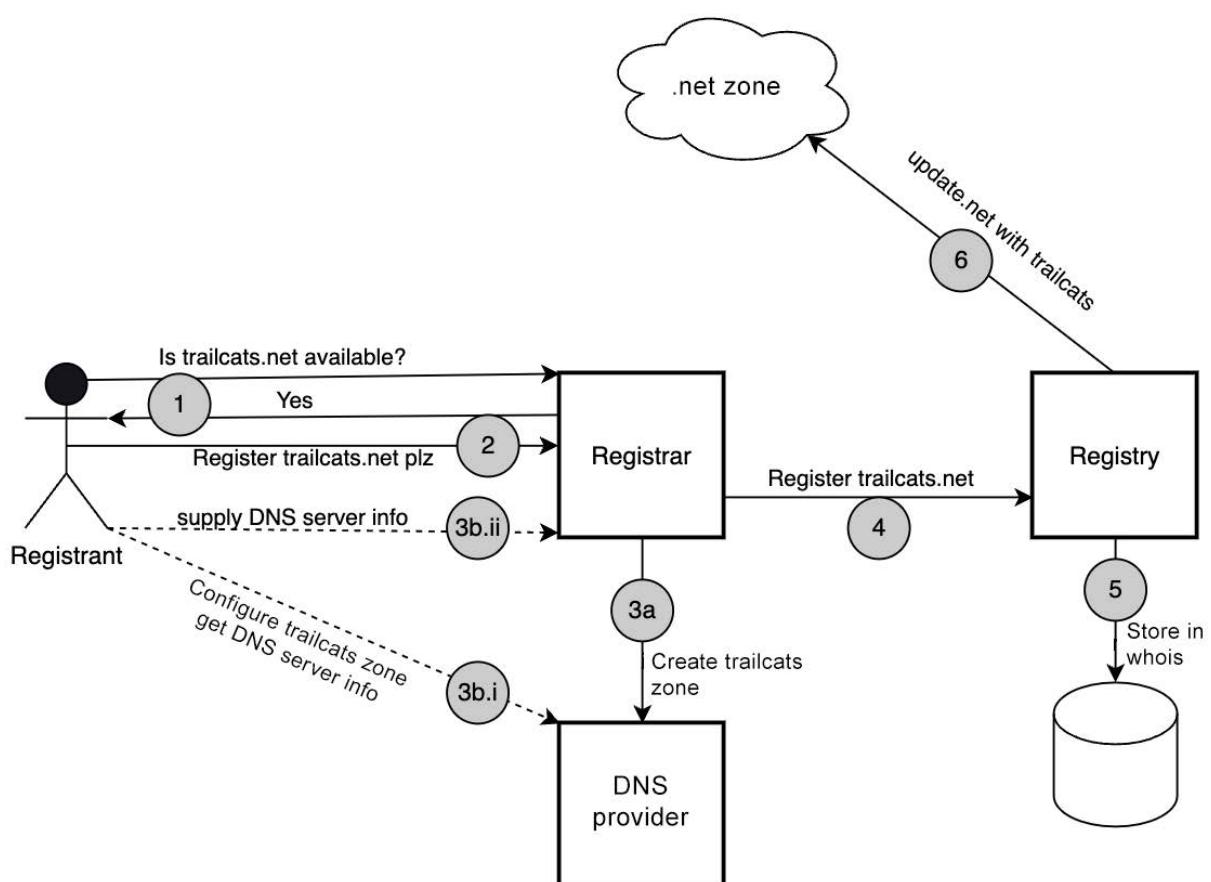
```

~/books/ANS-C01 ➤ main ➤ dig NS trailcats.net
; <>> DiG 9.10.6 <>> NS trailcats.net
;; global options: +cmd
;; Got answer:
;; ->>HEADER<<- opcode: QUERY, status: NOERROR, id: 32442
;; flags: qr rd ra; QUERY: 1, ANSWER: 4, AUTHORITY: 0, ADDITIONAL: 0

;; QUESTION SECTION:
;trailcats.net.           IN      NS

;; ANSWER SECTION:
trailcats.net.        172209   IN      NS      ns-144.awsdns-18.com.
trailcats.net.        172209   IN      NS      ns-532.awsdns-02.net.
trailcats.net.        172209   IN      NS      ns-1134.awsdns-13.org.
trailcats.net.        172209   IN      NS      ns-1763.awsdns-28.co.uk.

trailcats.net.          5       IN      RRSIG A 13 2 5 20230807020300
20230807000255 53358 trailcats.net.
/3R7jV2730SRAHPkjJ/0p0CTwHxOlxHmALkKczEM9b1eZqI+fC+9bFKs
2PNKYMxR85ZL65ZfIf3/BiNFexgnMQ==
```



Screenshot of the AWS Route 53 console showing the "Register domains" process.

Left sidebar:

- Route 53 (highlighted with a red box and circled with a red number 1)
- Dashboard
- Hosted zones
- Health checks
- Profiles New
- IP-based routing
- CIDR collections
- Traffic flow
- Traffic policies
- Policy records
- Domains
- Registered domains (highlighted with a red box and circled with a red number 2)
- Requests
- Resolver
- VPCs
- Inbound endpoints
- Outbound endpoints
- Rules
- Overview

Right pane - Register domains:

Search for domain (highlighted with a red box and circled with a red number 3): `packetexample.net`

Check availability for a domain (highlighted with a red box and circled with a red number 4): `packetexample.net`

Search result (highlighted with a red box and circled with a red number 5):

Domain	Price/year	Actions
packetexample.net (Exact match)	15.00 USD	Select

Suggested available domains (9):

Domain	Price/year	Actions
packetexample.com	14.00 USD	Select
packetexample.io	71.00 USD	Select

Screenshot of the AWS Route 53 console showing the details of a registered domain.

Left sidebar:

- Route 53
- Dashboard
- Hosted zones
- Health checks
- Profiles New
- IP-based routing
- CIDR collections
- Traffic flow
- Traffic policies
- Policy records
- Domains
- Registered domains (highlighted with a red box)

Right pane - Details:

trailcats.net

Details (highlighted with a red box):

- Registration date: July 28, 2023, 15:21 (UTC-04:00) (highlighted with a red box and circled with a red number 1)
- Expiration date: July 28, 2026 (highlighted with a red box and circled with a red number 2)
- Auto-renew: Off (highlighted with a red box and circled with a red number 3)
- Transfer lock: Off (highlighted with a red box and circled with a red number 4)
- Domain status code: addPeriod ok
- DNSSEC status: Configured
- Name servers: ns-144.awsdns-18.com, ns-1763.awsdns-28.co.uk, ns-1134.awsdns-13.org, ns-532.awsdns-02.net

AWS Route 53 dashboard showing the creation of a new hosted zone for 'packetexample.net'. The zone is marked as 'Public'. A red arrow points from the 'Info' link in the hosted zone details to a note stating: 'Note that the zone is marked public'. Another red arrow points from the 'Create record' button to the table of records, highlighting the 'Type' column.

Record name	Type	Value/Route traffic to	TTL (s...)	Health ...
packetexample.net	NS	ns-1538.awsdns-00.co.uk. ns-1238.awsdns-26.org. ns-831.awsdns-39.net. ns-24.awsdns-03.com.	172800	-
packetexample.net	SOA	ns-1538.awsdns-00.co.uk. a...	900	-

```

~ ➤ dig ns net. +short
a.gtld-servers.net.
b.gtld-servers.net.
c.gtld-servers.net.
d.gtld-servers.net.
e.gtld-servers.net.
f.gtld-servers.net.
g.gtld-servers.net.
h.gtld-servers.net.
i.gtld-servers.net.
j.gtld-servers.net.
k.gtld-servers.net.
l.gtld-servers.net.
m.gtld-servers.net.
~ ➤ dig @a.gtld-servers.net. ns trailcats.net. +short
ns-144.awsdns-18.com.
ns-532.awsdns-02.net.
ns-1134.awsdns-13.org.
ns-1763.awsdns-28.co.uk.

```

Screenshot of the AWS Route 53 console showing the creation of a new hosted zone.

The left sidebar shows the following navigation:

- Route 53
- Dashboard
- Hosted zones** (selected)
- Health checks
- Profiles New
- ▼ IP-based routing
- CIDR collections
- ▼ Traffic flow
- Traffic policies
- Policy records
- ▼ Domains
- Registered domains
- Requests
- ▼ Resolver
- VPCs
- Inbound endpoints

The main content area shows the configuration for a new hosted zone:

- Type: Private hosted zone
- Description - optional: *The hosted zone is used for...*
- VPCs to associate with the hosted zone: A table with columns Region (US East (N. Virginia)), VPC ID (vpc-0d5d33e6fb379bf47), and Info. It includes a "Remove VPC" button and an "Add VPC" button. A red arrow points to the "Add VPC" button with the text "Click here to associate the zone with a VPC".

Screenshot of the AWS VPC settings page for a specific VPC.

The navigation path is: VPC > Your VPCs > [ypc-02139e4fcf609a0dc](#) > Edit VPC settings

Edit VPC settings Info

VPC details

VPC ID: [vpc-02139e4fcf609a0dc](#)
Name: my-vpc-01

DHCP settings

DHCP option set: [dopt-0d605fc1869242513](#)

DNS settings

Needed for private hosted zones

Enable DNS resolution Info

Enable DNS hostnames Info

A red arrow points from the text "Needed for private hosted zones" to the "Enable DNS hostnames" checkbox.

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Route 53 was successfully created. Now you can create records in the hosted zone to specify how you want Route 53 to route traffic for your domain.

Hosted zones

private packetexample.net

Hosted zone details

Note that the zone is designated private

Records (2)

Record name	Type	Routing policy	Alias	Value/Route traffic to	TTL (s...)
packetexample.net	NS	Simple	No	ns-1536.awsdns-00.co.uk. ns-0.awsdns-00.com. ns-1024.awsdns-00.org. ns-512.awsdns-00.net.	172800
packetexample.net	SOA	Simple	No	ns-1536.awsdns-00.co.uk. a...	900

Route 53 was successfully created. Route 53 propagates your changes to all of the Route 53 authoritative DNS servers within 60 seconds. Use "View status" button to check propagation status.

Hosted zones

private packetexample.net

Hosted zone details

Newly Created A Record

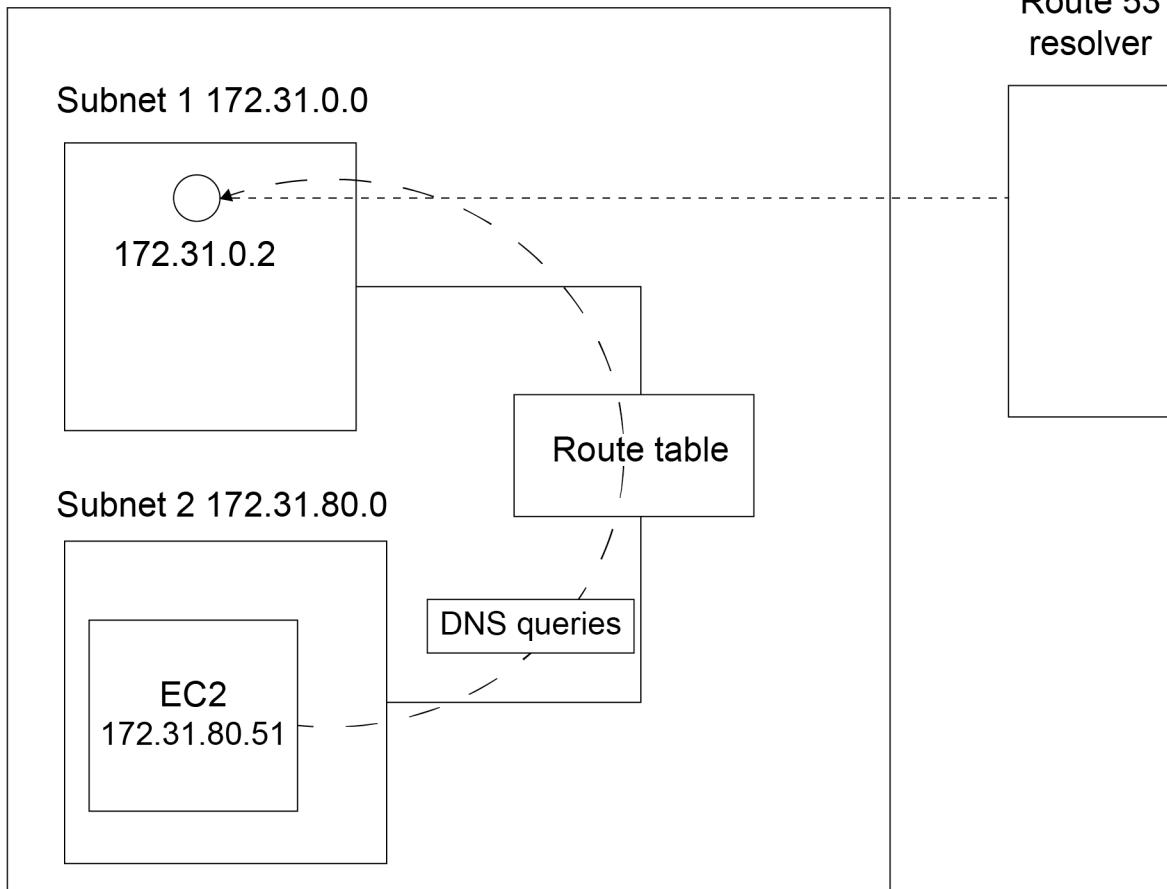
Records (3)

Record name	Type	Routing policy	Alias	Value/Route traffic to	TTL (s...)
wwwin	A	Simple	No	1.1.1.1 1.1.1.2 1.1.1.3 1.1.1.4	300
wwwin.packetexample.net	A	Simple	No	1.1.1.1 1.1.1.2 1.1.1.3 1.1.1.4	300

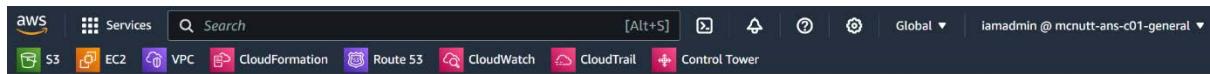
VPC

CIDR: 172.31.0/16

Route 53
resolver



Screenshot of the AWS Route 53 Health checks page. The left sidebar shows navigation options: Dashboard, Hosted zones, Health checks (selected), Profiles (New), IP-based routing, CIDR collections, Traffic flow, Traffic policies, and Policy records. The main content area displays the "Health checks (0)" section with an "Info" link. A red arrow points to the "Create health check" button. Below this, a table header is visible with columns: ID, Name, Details, Status, Alarm, State, and Actions. A message at the bottom states "No health checks to display." A "Create health check" button is located at the bottom of the table area.



Create health check

Step 1: Configure health check

Step 2: Get notified when health check fails

Configure health check

Route 53 health checks let you track the health status of your resources, such as web servers or mail servers, and take action when an outage occurs.

Name

- What to monitor Endpoint Status of other health checks (calculated health check) State of CloudWatch alarm

Monitor an endpoint

Multiple Route 53 health checkers will try to establish a TCP connection with the following resource to determine whether it's healthy. [Learn more](#)

Specify endpoint by IP address Domain name

Simple TCP check

Protocol TCP Domain name

Domain name *

Port *

[Advanced configuration](#)

URL

Health check type Basic - no additional options selected ([View Pricing](#))

Monitor an endpoint

Multiple Route 53 health checkers will try to establish a TCP connection with the following resource to determine whether it's healthy. [Learn more](#)

Specify endpoint by IP address Domain name

Protocol HTTP Domain name

Domain name *

Port *

Test to see if resources on server is available

Path

[Advanced configuration](#)

Request interval Standard (30 seconds) Fast (10 seconds)

Failure threshold *

String matching No Yes

Latency graphs

10-second checks are an upcharge

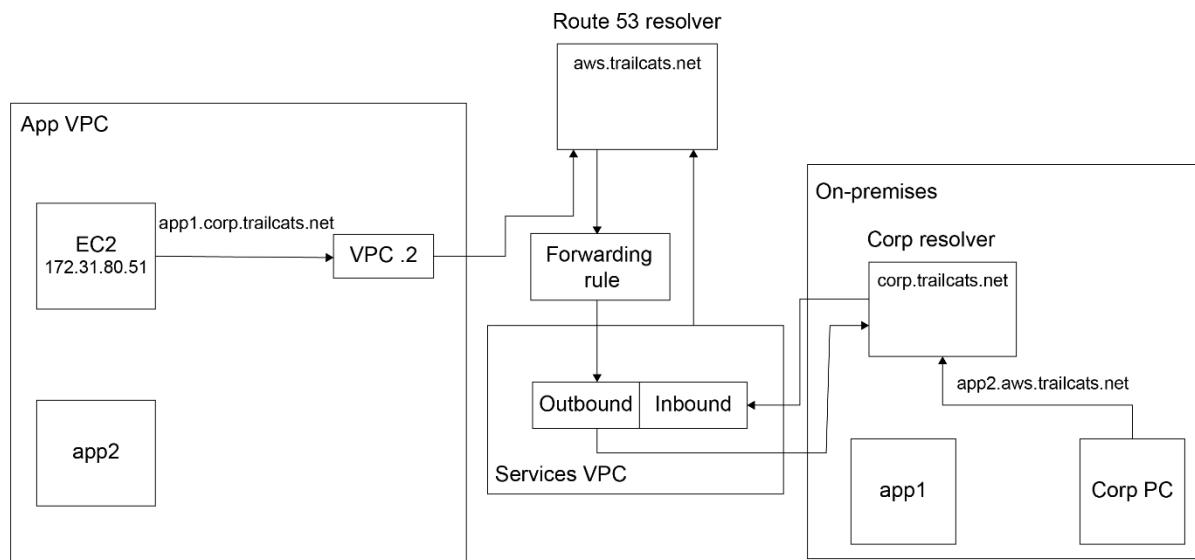
Invert health check status

Disable health check By default, disabled health checks are considered healthy. [Learn more](#)

Health checker regions Customize Use recommended

Select regions

Chapter 8: AWS Route 53: Advanced



Create traffic policy "booking.trailcats.net" v1 [Import traffic policy](#)

Start point
DNS type: A: IP address in IPv4 format

Geoproximity rule
Region: 1
Endpoint Location: US East (N. Virginia)
Coordinates: Using US East (N. Virginia) Coordinates

Geoproximity map

The map shows the world divided into five regions, each represented by a different color: 1 (blue, North America), 2 (red, Asia/Pacific), 3 (yellow, Europe), 4 (teal, Australia/Oceania), and 5 (green, South America).

Route 53 > Requests

Operation ID	Domain name	Message	Status	Type	Submitted
d7d0f19d-7aeb-4754-8857-bcc30fa2378a	trailcats.net	-	Successful	Renew domain	July 28, 2024, 13:06 (UTC-04:00)
7e77f247-b443-4766-b903-09c6892b9efc	trailcats.net	-	Successful	Add DNSSEC	August 24, 2023, 07:53 (UTC-04:00)
1452dcff-88e8-41f3-a05d-4f12742eb5b8	trailcats.net	-	Successful	Remove DNSSEC	August 13, 2023, 10:35 (UTC-04:00)
b6550037-a383-					August 05,

Sidebar:

- Dashboard
- Hosted zones
- Health checks
- Profiles [New](#)
- IP-based routing
- Traffic flow
- Domains
- Registered domains [Requests](#) (highlighted with a red circle)
- Resolvers
- VPCs

Screenshot of the AWS Route 53 service dashboard.

The left sidebar shows the following navigation:

- Dashboard
- Hosted zones** (highlighted with a green box)
- Health checks
- Profiles [New](#)
- ▼ IP-based routing
- CIDR collections
- ▼ Traffic flow
- Traffic policies
- Policy records
- ▼ Domains
- Registered domains
- Requests
- ▼ Resolver
- VPCs
- Inbound endpoints

The main content area displays the "Hosted zones" page with the following details:

Hosted zones (1/6)

Hosted zone name	Type	Create...
trailcats.net	Public	Route 53
trailcats.net	Private	Route 53
west.trailcats.net	Private	Route 53

Annotations:

- Red arrow pointing to the "Hosted zones" link in the sidebar.
- Red arrow pointing to the "Hosted zones" link in the breadcrumb navigation.
- Red arrow pointing to the "View details" button in the top toolbar.

Screenshot of the AWS Route 53 service dashboard, showing the "Hosted zones" details for "trailcats.net".

The left sidebar shows the following navigation:

- Dashboard
- Hosted zones** (highlighted with a green box)
- Health checks
- Profiles [New](#)
- ▼ IP-based routing

The main content area displays the "Hosted zone details" for "trailcats.net".

trailcats.net [Info](#)

Public

[Delete zone](#) [Test record](#) [Configure query logging](#) (highlighted with a green box)

Hosted zone details

Annotations:

- Red arrow pointing to the "Hosted zones" link in the sidebar.
- Red arrow pointing to the "Configure query logging" button in the top toolbar.

aws Services Search [Alt+S]

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Route 53 > Hosted zones > trailcats.net > Configure query logging

Configure query logging Info

You can configure Amazon Route 53 to log information about the queries that Route 53 receives, such as the domain or subdomain that was requested, the date and time of the query, and the DNS record type (such as A or AAAA).

Log group Info

Specify the CloudWatch Logs log group where you want Route 53 to save DNS queries for records in this hosted zone.

Log group Info

You can choose the name of an existing log group or choose to create a new log group.

Create log group ▼

New log group name

Route53PublicZones

The log group can have up to 512 characters. Valid characters: a-z, A-Z, 0-9, and . _ / # - (hyphen)

Permissions - optional

Cancel **Create**

aws Services Search [Alt+S]

S3 EC2 VPC CloudFormation Route 53 CloudWatch CloudTrail Control Tower

CloudWatch X

Favorites and recents

Alarms 0 0 0

Logs **Log groups**

Log Anomalies

Live Tail

Logs Insights

Contributor Insights

Metrics

X-Ray traces

CloudWatch > Log groups

Log groups (1/5)

By default, we only load up to 10000 log groups.

Filter log groups or try prefix search

Log group	Log class	Anomaly d...
Route53PublicZones	Standard	Configure

The screenshot shows the AWS CloudWatch Log Streams interface. At the top, there are tabs for Log streams, Tags, Anomaly detection, Metric filters, Subscription filters, Contributor Insights, and Data processing. The Log streams tab is selected. Below the tabs, there is a search bar with a placeholder 'Filter log streams or try prefix search'. To the right of the search bar are checkboxes for 'Exact match' and 'Show expired'. A red arrow points to the 'route53-test-log-stream' entry in the list, which is highlighted with a green box. The list also includes a 'Log stream' entry with a checkbox.

The screenshot shows the AWS CloudWatch Log Events interface for the 'route53-test-log-stream'. At the top, there are tabs for Log events, Actions, Start tailing, and CloudWatch Metrics. The Log events tab is selected. Below the tabs, there is a search bar with a placeholder 'Filter events - press enter to search' and a time range selector from '1m' to 'UTC timezone'. The main area shows a timestamped event: '2024-08-01T01:36:46.050Z' followed by the message 'Route 53 created a test log event'. A red arrow points to this event, which is highlighted with a green box. Below the event, a message says 'No newer events at this moment. Auto retry paused. [Resume](#)'.

The screenshot shows the AWS Route 53 Resolver Query logging configuration interface. At the top, there is a navigation bar with AWS services like S3, EC2, VPC, CloudFormation, Route 53, CloudWatch, CloudTrail, and Control Tower. The Route 53 icon is selected. A red arrow points to the 'N. Virginia' region selector, which is highlighted with a green box. In the main area, there is a message: 'You are signed in to the following Region: us-east-1 (N. Virginia) To change your Region, use the Region selector in the upper-right corner.' A red circle with the number '2' is next to this message. Below this, there is a section titled 'Query logging configurations (0)' with a 'Configure query logging' button, which is highlighted with an orange box. A red circle with the number '3' is next to this button. On the left sidebar, under the 'Resolver' section, the 'Query logging' option is highlighted with a green box and has a red circle with the number '1' next to it.

Configure query logging Info

Query logging configuration name

Name

A friendly name lets you find a Resolver query logging configuration in the dashboard.

ResolverQueryConfiguration

The name can have up to 64 characters. Valid characters: A-Z, a-z, 0-9, space, _ (underscore) and - (hyphen)



1

Query logs destination Info

Resolver can save logs in CloudWatch Logs, in an S3 bucket, or in Kinesis Data Streams.

Destination for query logs

Choose where you want Resolver to publish query logs. Standard storage charges apply.

CloudWatch Logs log group

You can analyze logs with Logs Insights and create metrics and alarms.

S3 bucket

An S3 bucket is economical for long-term log archiving. Latency is typically higher.

Kinesis Data Firehose delivery stream

You can stream logs in real time to Elasticsearch, Redshift, or other applications.

CloudWatch Logs log groups

You can either choose a CloudWatch Logs log group that was created by the current account, or choose to create a log group for this query logging configuration.

Create log group



2

New log group name

Route53Resolver



3

CloudWatch Logs log groups

You can either choose a CloudWatch Logs log group that was created by the current account, or choose to create a log group for this query logging configuration.

Create log group ▾



New log group name

Route53Resolver

VPCs to log queries for - optional (0) Info

Remove

Add VPC

Resolver logs DNS queries that originate in the VPCs that you choose here. If you don't choose any VPCs, Resolver doesn't log any queries.

Find resource

< 1 > ⚙

	VPC ID	VPC name	Status	IPV4 CIDR	IPV6 CIDR	Owner
--	--------	----------	--------	-----------	-----------	-------

No resources

You don't have any resources.

Add VPC

1

Add VPCs

Choose the VPCs that you want to log queries for.

Available VPCs (5/5)

You can only choose VPCs within your current AWS Region: us-east-1.

1

Find resource

< 1 > ⚙

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	VPC ID	VPC name	Status	IPV4 CIDR	IPV6 CIDR	Owner
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	vpc-00a9ec30454df66f2	project2-vpc	Active	10.2.0.0/16	-	361037072889
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	vpc-02139e4cf609a0dc	my-vpc-01	Active	10.0.0.0/24	-	361037072889
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	vpc-0bae2adfbe4e8a22c	project-vpc	Active	10.1.0.0/16	-	361037072889
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	vpc-0d5d33e6fb379bf47	-	Active	172.31.0.0/16	-	361037072889
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	vpc-0fd250b4d3b990ae4	security-vpc-vpc	Active	10.254.0.0/16	-	361037072889

2 → Close

Add

VPCs to log queries for - optional (3) Info

Resolver logs DNS queries that originate in the VPCs that you choose here. If you don't choose any VPCs, Resolver doesn't log any queries.

<input type="checkbox"/>	VPC ID	VPC name	Status	IPv4 CIDR	IPv6 CIDR	Owner
<input type="checkbox"/>	vpc-02139e4fcfc609a0dc	my-vpc-01	Active	10.0.0.0/24	-	36103
<input type="checkbox"/>	vpc-0d5d33e6fb379bf47	-	Active	172.31.0.0/16	-	36103
<input type="checkbox"/>	vpc-0fd250b4d3b990ae4	security-vpc-vpc	Active	10.254.0.0/16	-	36103

Tags - optional Info

No tags associated with the resource.

Add tag

You can add up to 50 more tags.

Configure query logging

Notifications (0) (0) (5) (0) (0)

Route 53 > Resolver > Query logging

Query logging configurations (1) Info

Configure query logging

Name	ID	Status	Destination type	Destination ARN
ResolverQueryConfiguration	rqlc-1e201b76e5a140c5	Created	CloudWatch Logs	arn:aws:logs:us-east-1:36103702889:log-group:Route53Resolver

S3 EC2 VPC CloudFormation Route 53 CloudWatch CloudTrail Control Tower

CloudWatch Log groups (2)

Log group Route53PublicZones Route53Resolver

S3 EC2 VPC CloudFormation Route 53 CloudWatch CloudTrail Control Tower

Route53Resolver Log streams (841)

Log stream log_stream_created_by_aws_to_validate_log_delivery_subscriptions

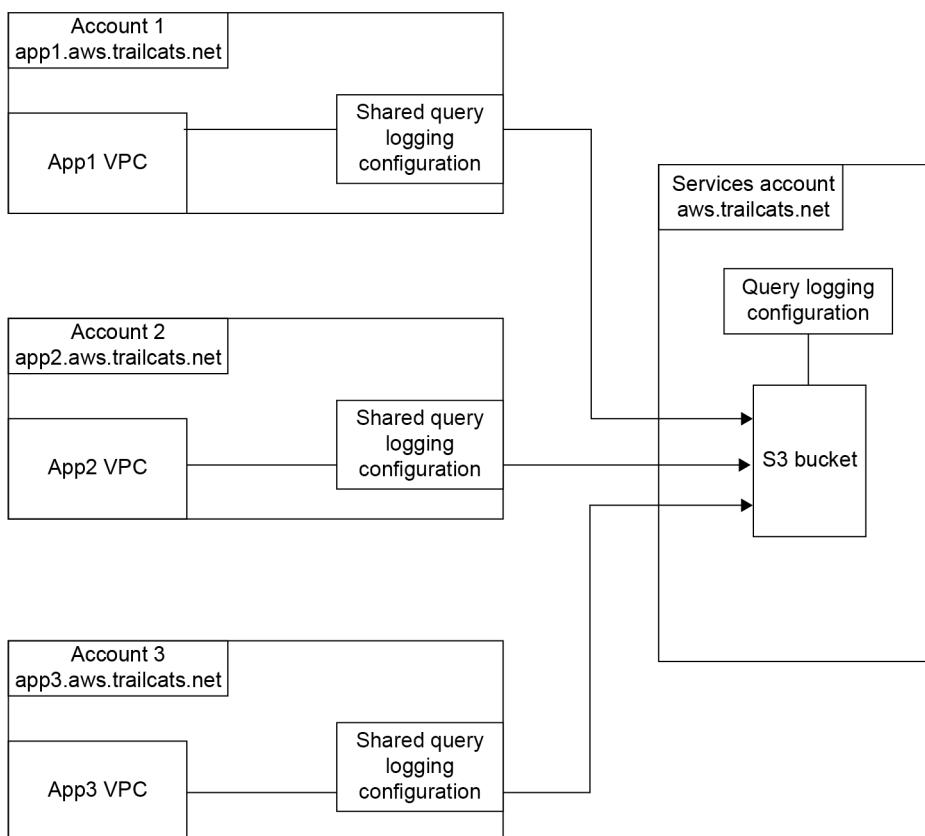
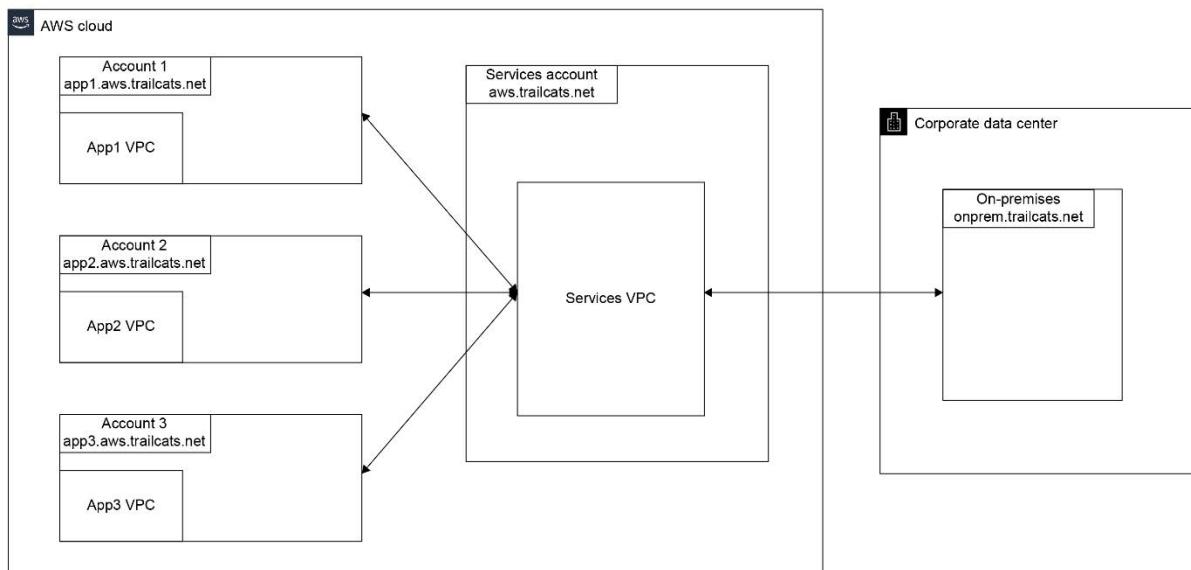
CloudWatch Log groups Route53Resolver log_stream_created_by_aws_to_validate_log_delivery_subscriptions

Log events

Timestamp Message

No older events at this moment. [Retry](#)

- 2024-08-02T03:07:20.394Z Permissions are set correctly to allow AWS CloudWatch Logs to write ...
- 2024-08-02T03:07:20.689Z Permissions are set correctly to allow AWS CloudWatch Logs to write ...
- 2024-08-02T03:07:20.764Z Permissions are set correctly to allow AWS CloudWatch Logs to write ...



S3 EC2 VPC CloudFormation Route 53 CloudWatch CloudTrail Control Tower

Route 53 > Resolver > Query logging > ResolverQueryConfiguration

ResolverQueryConfiguration configuration

ID	Status	Sharing status
rqlc-1e201b76e5a140c5	Created	Not shared
Destination type	VPC count	Owner
CloudWatch Logs log group	3	361037072889
Destination ARN	Creation time (UTC)	ARN
arn:aws:logs:us-east-1:361037072889:log-group:Route53Resolver	2024-08-02T03:07:14.698989482Z	arn:aws:route53resolver:us-east-1:361037072889:resolver-query-log-config/rqlc-1e201b76e5a140c5

VPCs that queries are logged for (3)

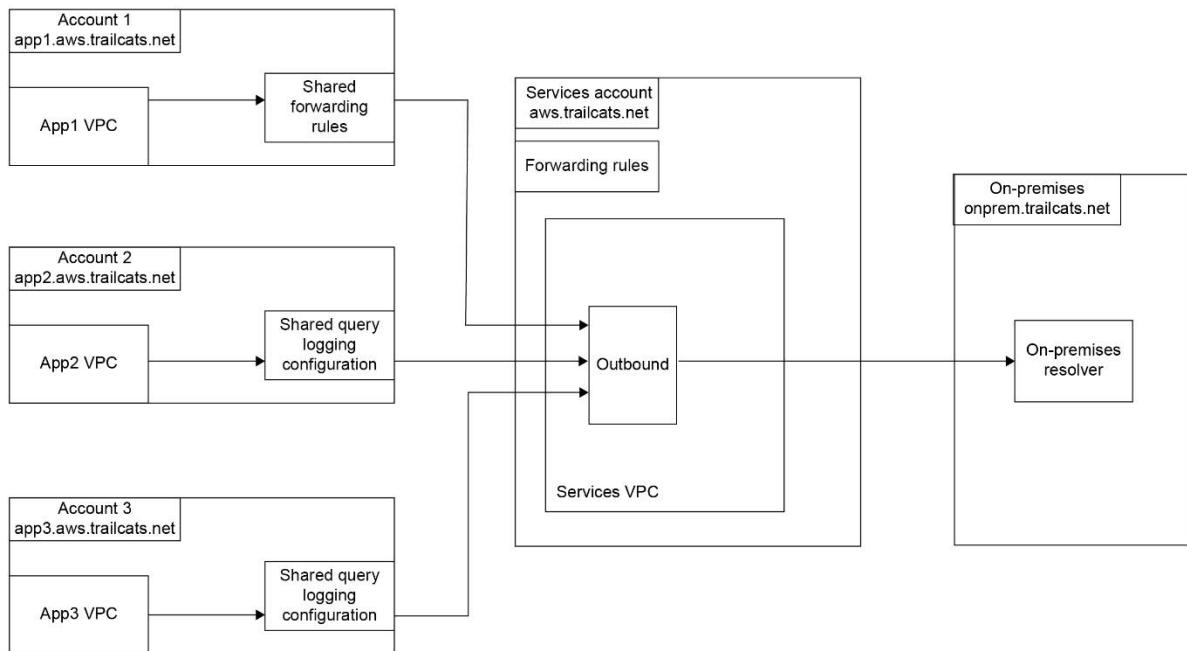
View details Stop logging queries Add VPC

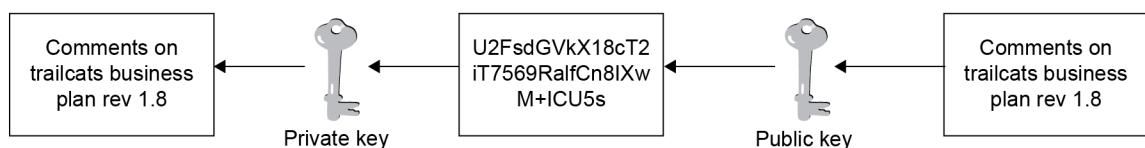
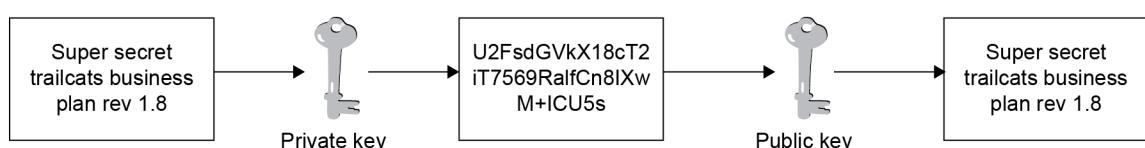
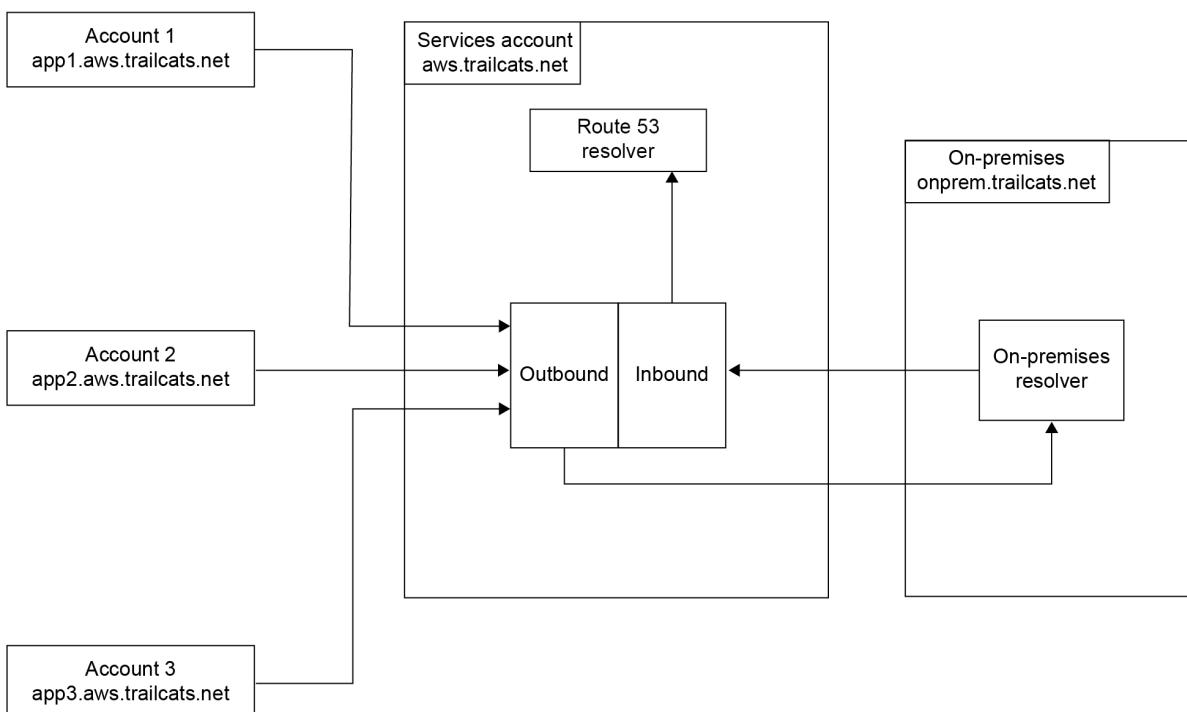
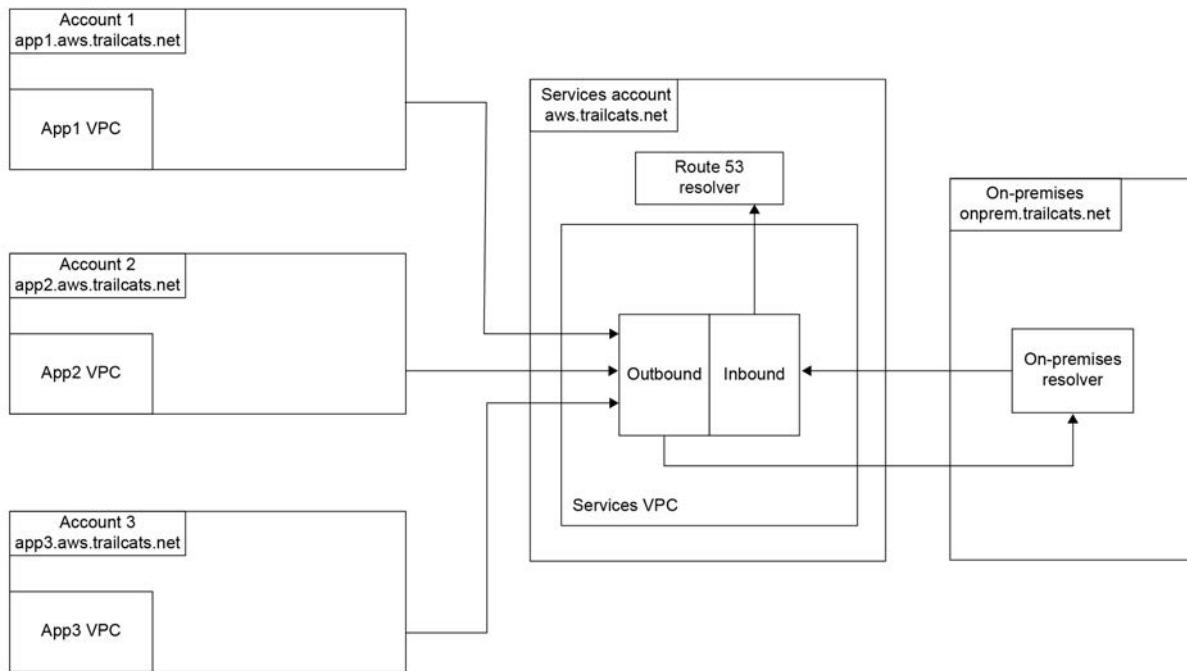
Resolver logs DNS queries that originate in the VPCs that you choose here. If you don't choose any VPCs, Resolver doesn't log any queries.

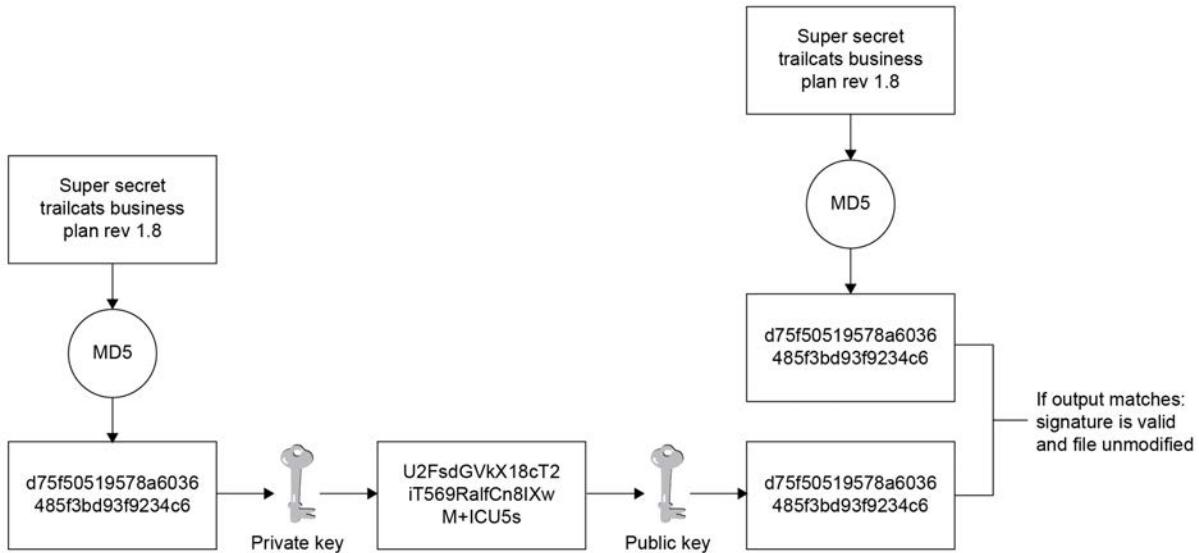
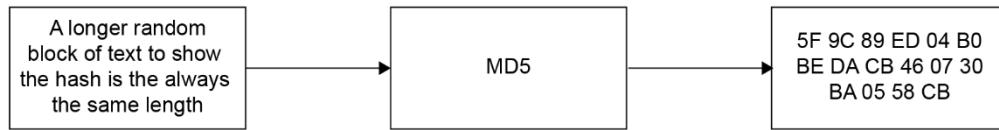
Query logging

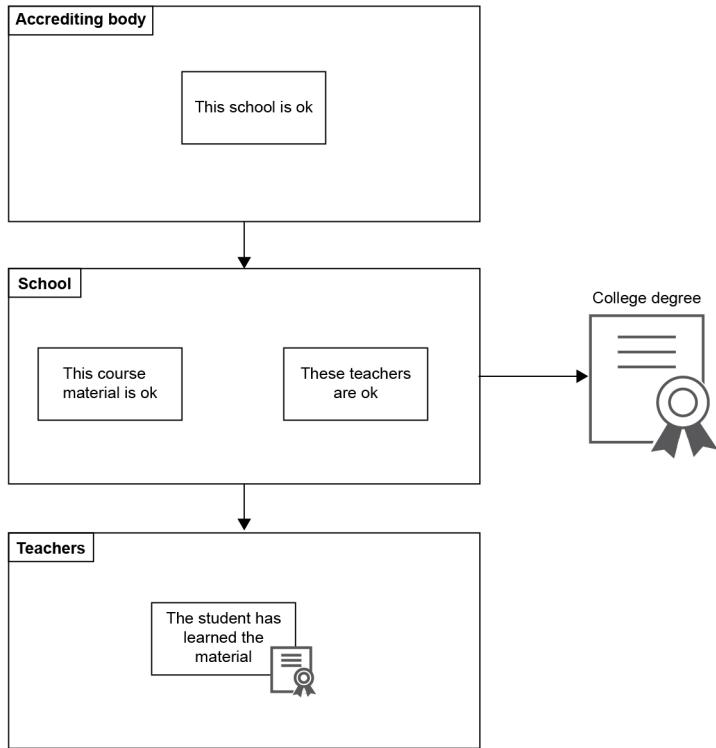
1. **Query logging** button highlighted with a red box and arrow.

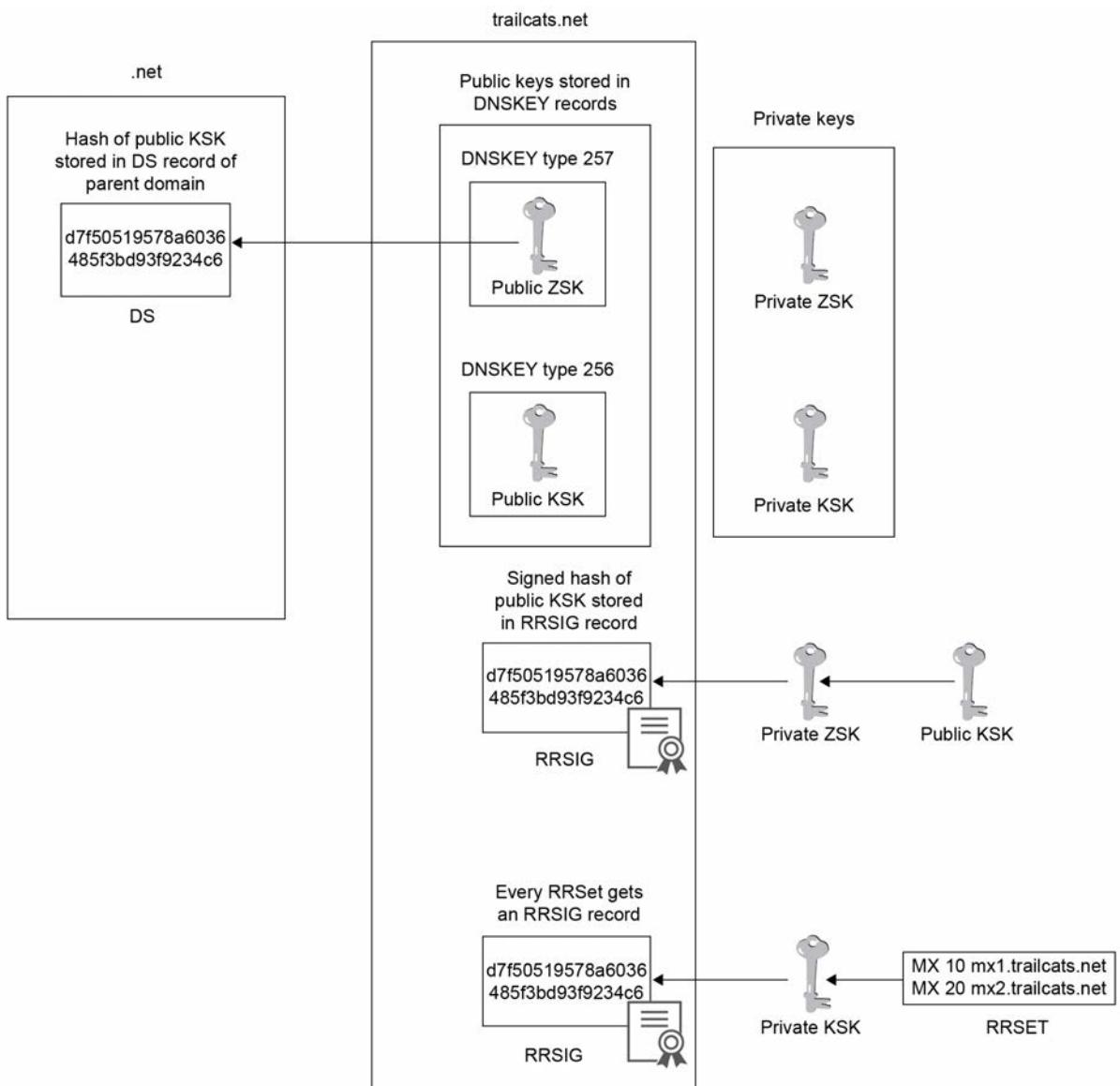
2. **Share configuration** button highlighted with a green box and a red arrow pointing to it.











The screenshot shows the AWS Route 53 console interface.

Left Sidebar:

- Route 53
- Hosted zones (highlighted with a red box and arrow 1)
- Health checks
- Profiles New
- IP-based routing
- CIDR collections
- Traffic flow
- Traffic policies
- Policy records
- Domains
- Registered domains
- Requests
- Resolver

Hosted zones Page:

- Hosted zones (1/6) table:

Hosted zone name	Type	Create...	Record ...	D
trailcats.net	Public	Route 53	8	H
trailcats.net	Private	Route 53	5	-
- Red arrow 2 points to the row for the Public hosted zone.

Route 53 > Hosted zones > packetexample.net

Public packetexample.net Info

[Delete zone](#)

[Test record](#)

[Configure query logging](#)

Hosted zone details

[Edit hosted zone](#)

Records (2)

[DNSSEC signing](#)

Hosted zone tags (0)

DNSSEC signing Info

1

[Enable DNSSEC signing](#)

2



DNSSEC signing status

Not signing

Enable DNSSEC signing Info



Complete the DNSSEC signing steps in order Info

If you don't complete all of the steps, or you complete them out of order, your domain might become unavailable on the internet.

Key-signing key (KSK) creation

On this page, Route 53 will create the key-signing key (KSK) for your hosted zone, based on a customer managed customer master key (CMK) that you choose.

Provide KSK name Info

Provide a name for the KSK that Route 53 creates for you automatically.

exampleKSK

The name must have 3 - 128 characters. Valid characters: _, A-Z, a-z, and 0-9.



Customer managed CMK in AWS KMS Info

Route 53 creates the KSK for you based on a customer managed CMK in the AWS Key Management Service (AWS KMS). It's important that you don't change permissions or other configurations for the customer managed CMK after Route 53 uses it to create the KSK.

Choose customer managed CMK

Create customer managed CMK

Additional charges apply.

Create customer managed CMK

Enter an alias for this key. Be aware that specific AWS KMS permissions are required to modify the key after it's created. [Learn more](#)

exampleKSK



▶ Key properties

Cancel

Create KSK and enable signing

Public **packetexample.net** Info

Delete zone

Test record

Configure query logging

▶ Hosted zone details

Edit hosted zone

Records (2)

DNSSEC signing

Hosted zone tags (0)

DNSSEC signing Info

[View information to create DS record](#)

Disable DNSSEC signing

DNSSEC signing status

Signing

1



Key-signing keys (KSKs) Info

2

[View details](#)

[Switch to advanced view](#)

< 1 >

Name

Status

Creation date

exampleKSK

Active

August 02, 2024, 13:04 (U...)

exampleKSK

▼ Establish a chain of trust [Info](#) 1

To establish a chain of trust for DNSSEC, you must update the parent zone for your hosted zone with the DNSSEC information provided here. The updates that you make depend on if you use Route 53 or another registrar.

▼ Route 53 registrar 2

Update your parent zone using the following information.

Key type	Signing algorithm
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> KSK	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> ECDSAP256SHA256

3

Copied

ba5CgbSdyRVwYdHO44f6/
2Odfv+DmcNOPr6UxfnVI67Jx
WFpBLE/0MvxuQ7vdZlgTj0lGY
m/brBDzhE1Cr2/EQ==

► Another domain registrar

aws Services Search [Alt+S] Global iamadmin @ mcnutt-ans-c01-

S3 EC2 VPC CloudFormation Route 53 CloudWatch CloudTrail Control Tower

Route 53 X Registered domains

Registered domains [Info](#)

Download billing report Transfer in Register domains

Search domains by name

Domain name	Expiration date	Auto-renew	Transfer lock
trailcats.net	July 28, 2026	Off	Off

1

2

Registered domains

trailcats.net Info

Transfer out ▾

Delete domain

Details Info

Actions ▾

Registration date July 28, 2023, 15:21 (UTC-04:00)	Auto-renew Off	Domain status code addPeriod ok	Name servers ns-144.awsdns-18.com ns-1763.awsdns-28.co.uk ns-1134.awsdns-13.org ns-532.awsdns-02.net
Expiration date July 28, 2026	Transfer lock Off	DNSSEC status Configured	

1

Contact information

DNSSEC keys

Tags

2

DNSSEC keys (1) Info

DNSSEC keys are used to establish a chain of trust for your domain.

Add

Delete

Add DNSSEC key

X

i After you configure DNSSEC with your DNS service, add the applicable public key to the domain. [Learn more](#) ↗

Key type

257 - KSK

1

Algorithm

13 - ECDSAP256SHA256

▼

Public key

ba5GgbSdyRVwYdHO44f6/2Odfv+DmcNOPr6UxfnVI67JxWFpBLE/0MvxuQ7vdZlgTj0
IGYm/brBDzhE1Cr2/EQ==

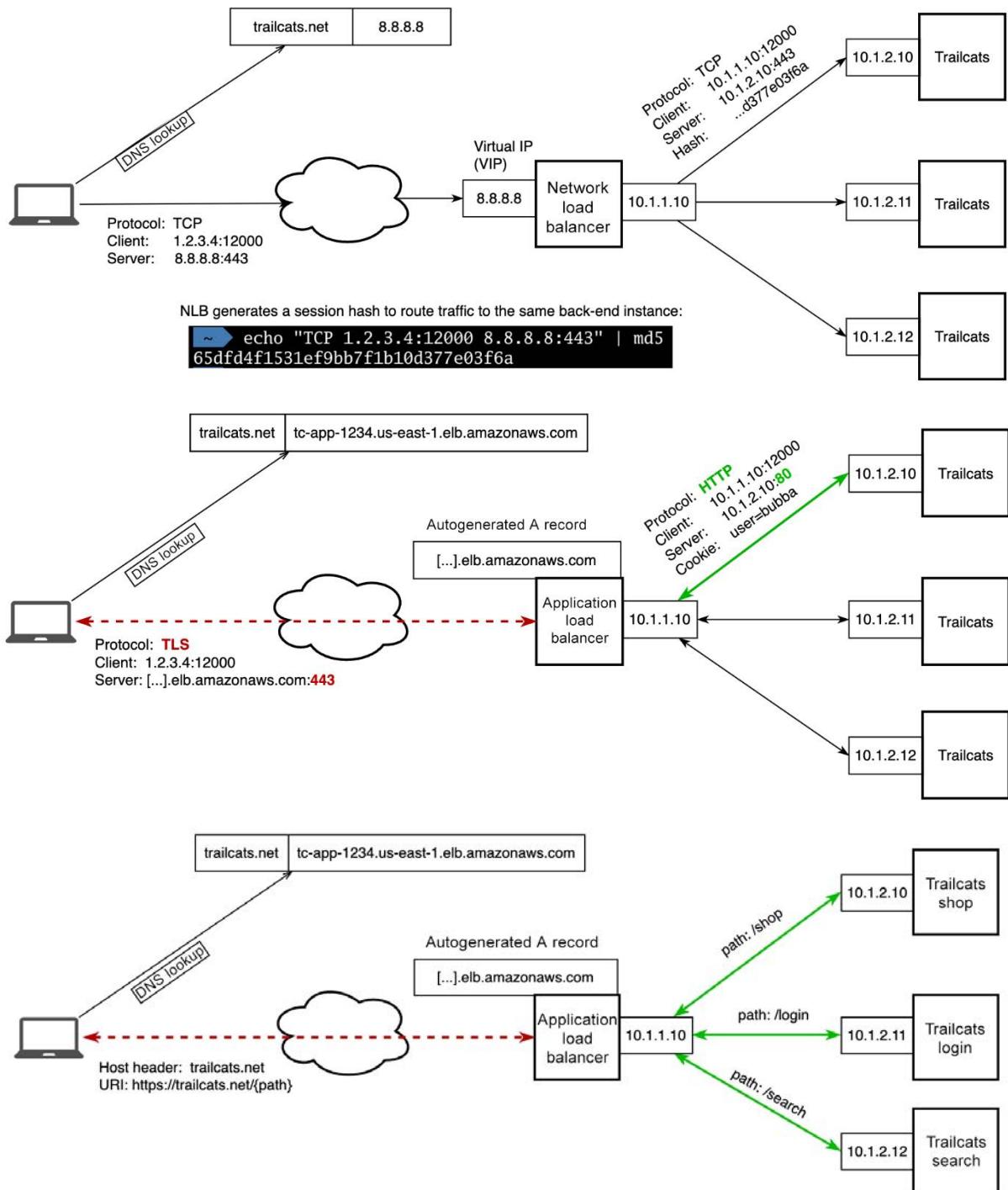
2

3

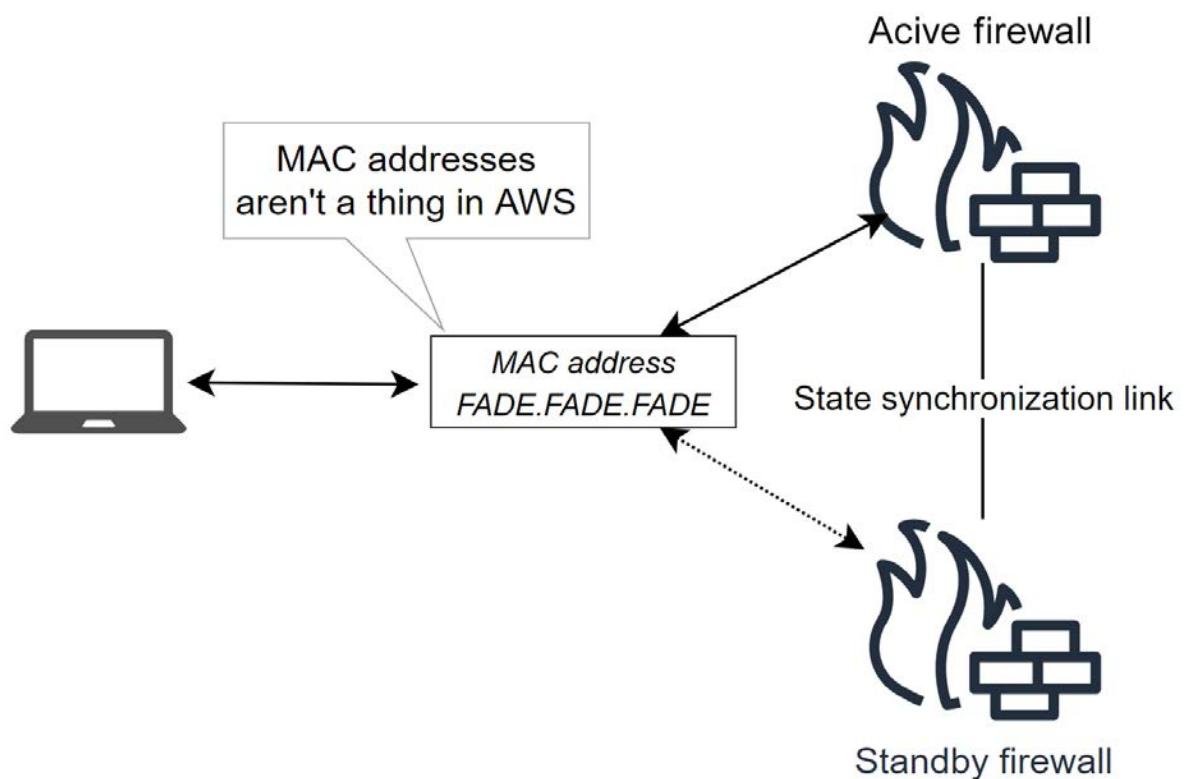
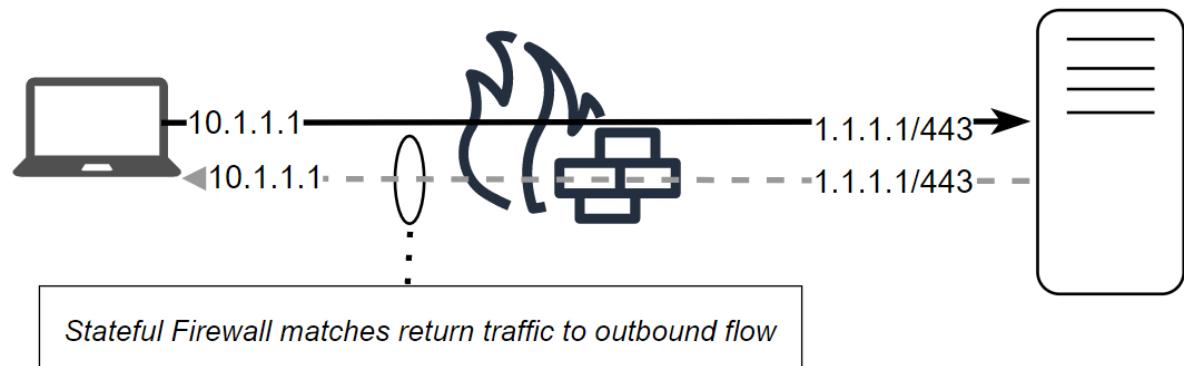
Cancel

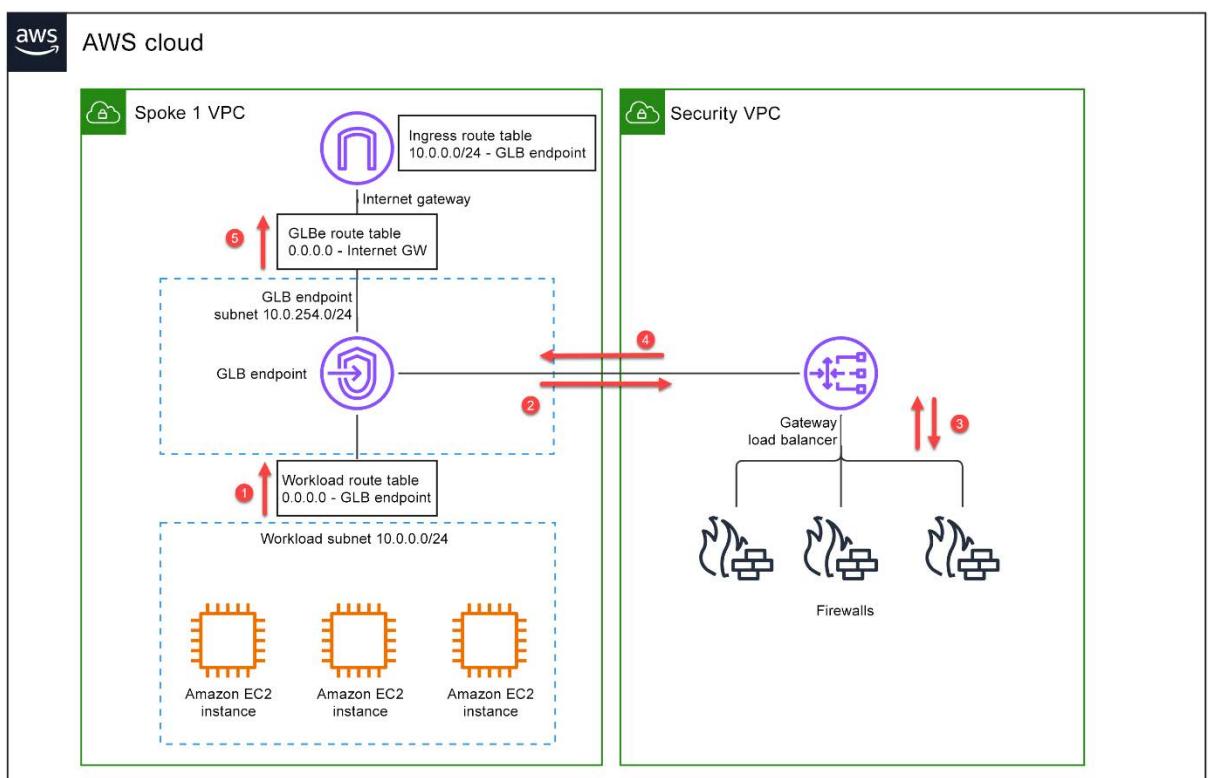
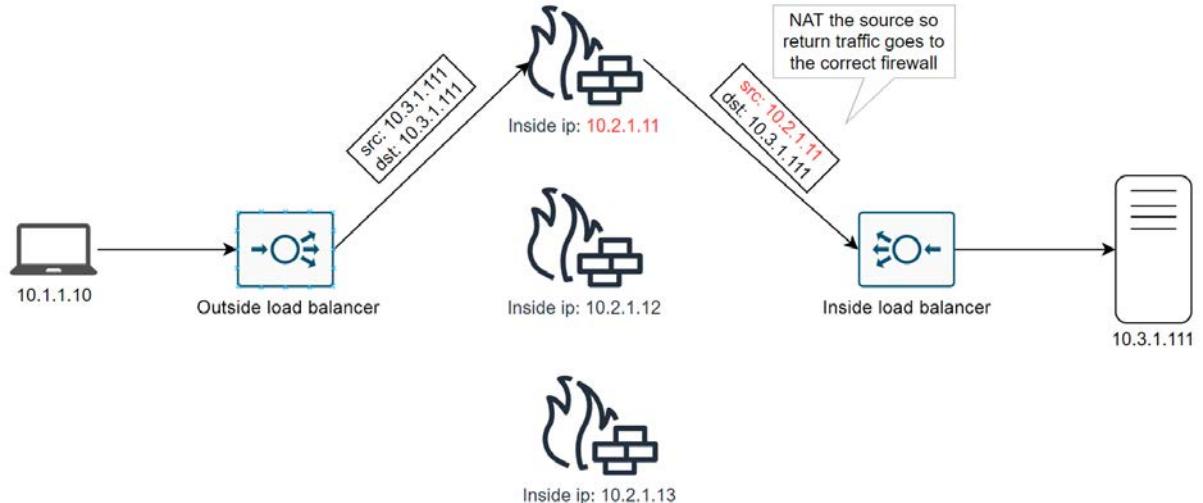
Add

Chapter 9: AWS Elastic Load Balancing

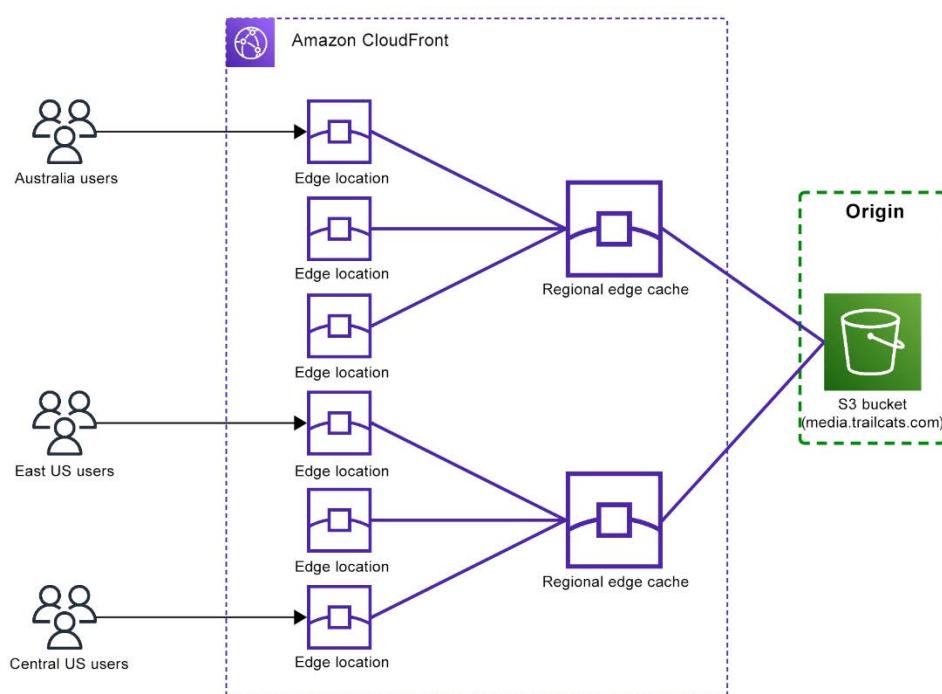
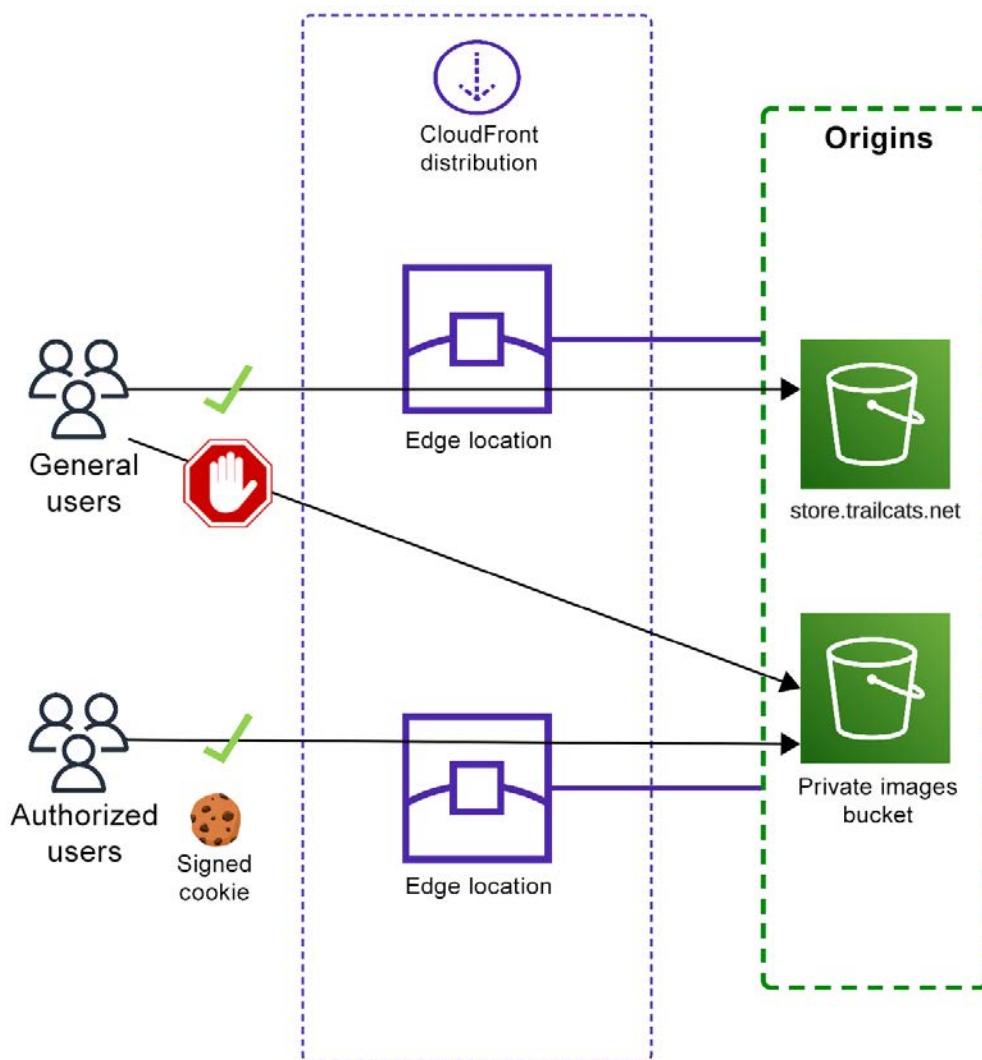


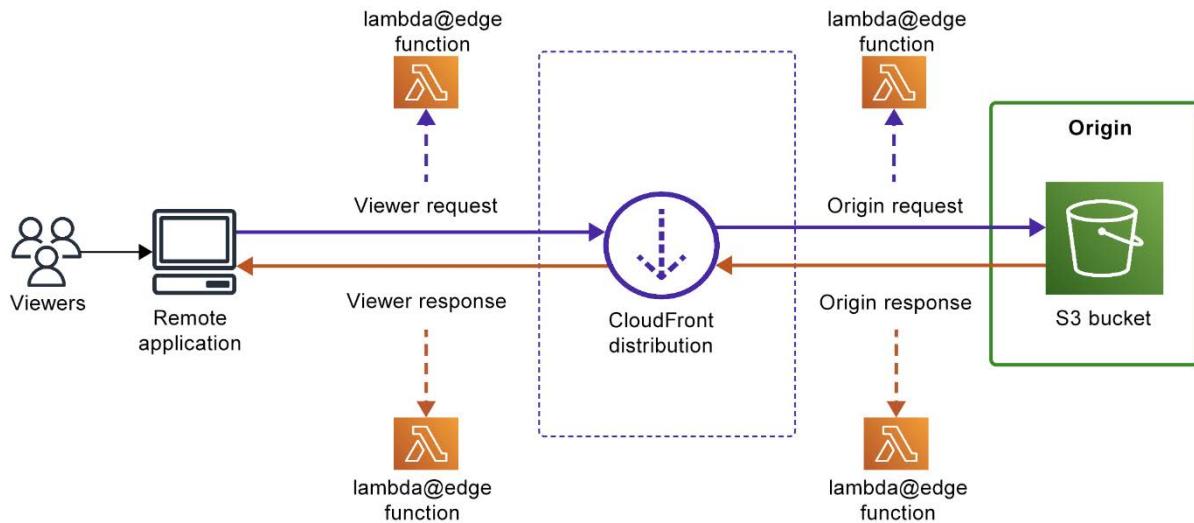
Firewall rule		
Source	Destination	Action
TCP/10.1.1.1/any	TCP/1.1.1.1/443	Allow





Chapter 10: AWS CDN and Global Traffic Management

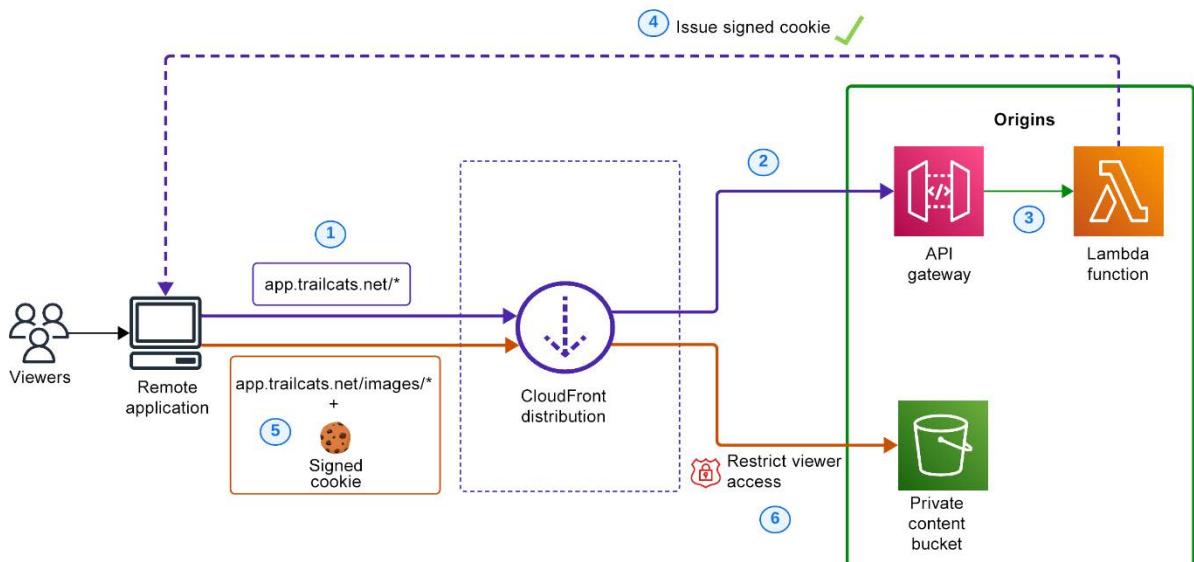


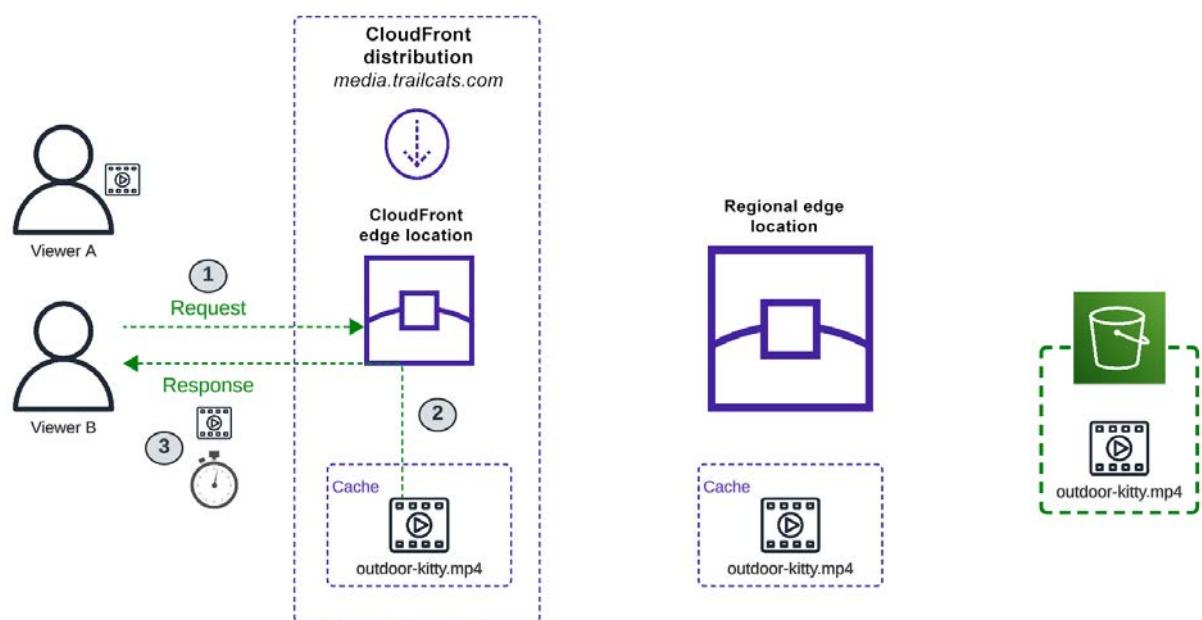
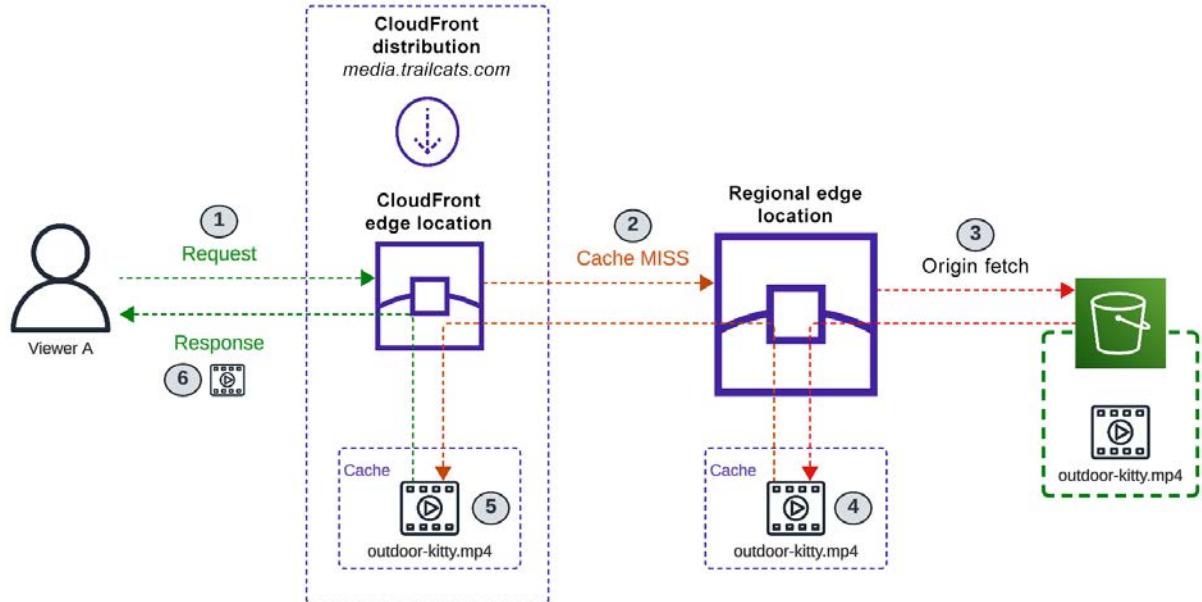


Function associations - optional Info

Choose an edge function to associate with this cache behavior, and the CloudFront event that invokes the function.

Function type	Function ARN / Name	Include body
Viewer request	Lambda@Edge arn:aws:lambda:us-east-1:1234567	<input type="checkbox"/>
Viewer response	No association	
Origin request	Lambda@Edge arn:aws:lambda:us-east-1:0987654	<input type="checkbox"/>
Origin response	No association	





Cache key and origin requests

We recommend using a cache policy and origin request policy to control the cache key and origin requests.

- Cache policy and origin request policy (recommended)
- Legacy cache settings

Headers

Choose which headers to include in the cache key.

None



Query strings

Choose which query strings to include in the cache key.

None



Cookies

Choose which cookies to include in the cache key.

None



Object caching

- Use origin cache headers
- Customize

Minimum TTL

Minimum time to live in seconds.

0

Maximum TTL

Maximum time to live in seconds.

31536000

Default TTL

Default time to live in seconds.

86400

Create invalidation

Object paths Info

Add object paths

Add each object path to remove from the CloudFront cache. To use wildcards (*) in the invalidation, you must put the wildcard at the end of the path.

/media/videos/outdoor-kitty.mp4

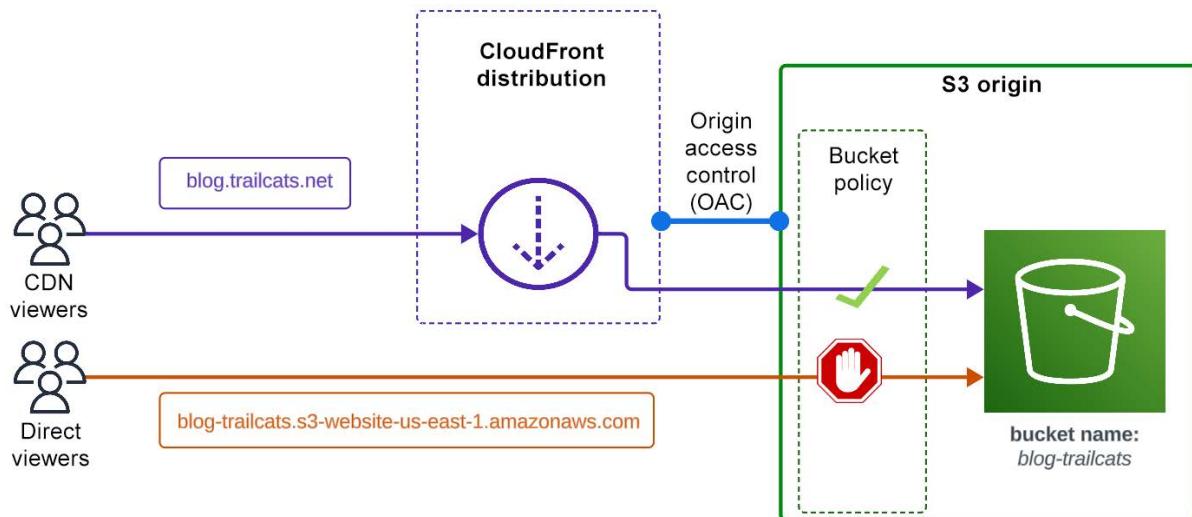
To add object paths individually, use the [standard editor](#).

Cancel

Create invalidation

Viewer protocol policy

- HTTP and HTTPS
- Redirect HTTP to HTTPS
- HTTPS only



Origin access Info

Public

Bucket must allow public access.

Origin access control settings (recommended)

Bucket can restrict access to only CloudFront.

Legacy access identities

Use a CloudFront origin access identity (OAI) to access the S3 bucket.

Origin access control

Select an existing origin access control (recommended) or create a new control.

Select an origin access control

[Create new OAC](#)

Add custom header - *optional*

CloudFront includes this header in all requests that it sends to your origin.

[Add header](#)

Enable Origin Shield

Origin shield is an additional caching layer that can help reduce the load on your origin and help protect its availability.

No

Yes

[▼ Additional settings](#)

Create new OAC

X

Name

The name must be unique. Valid characters: letters, numbers and most special characters. Use up to 64 characters.

blog-trailcats.s3.us-east-1.amazonaws.com

Description - *optional*

The description can have up to 256 characters.

Enter description

Signing behavior

- Do not sign requests
- Sign requests (recommended)



- Do not override authorization header

Do not sign if incoming request has authorization header.

Origin type

S3



The origin type must be the same type as origin domain.

Cancel

Create

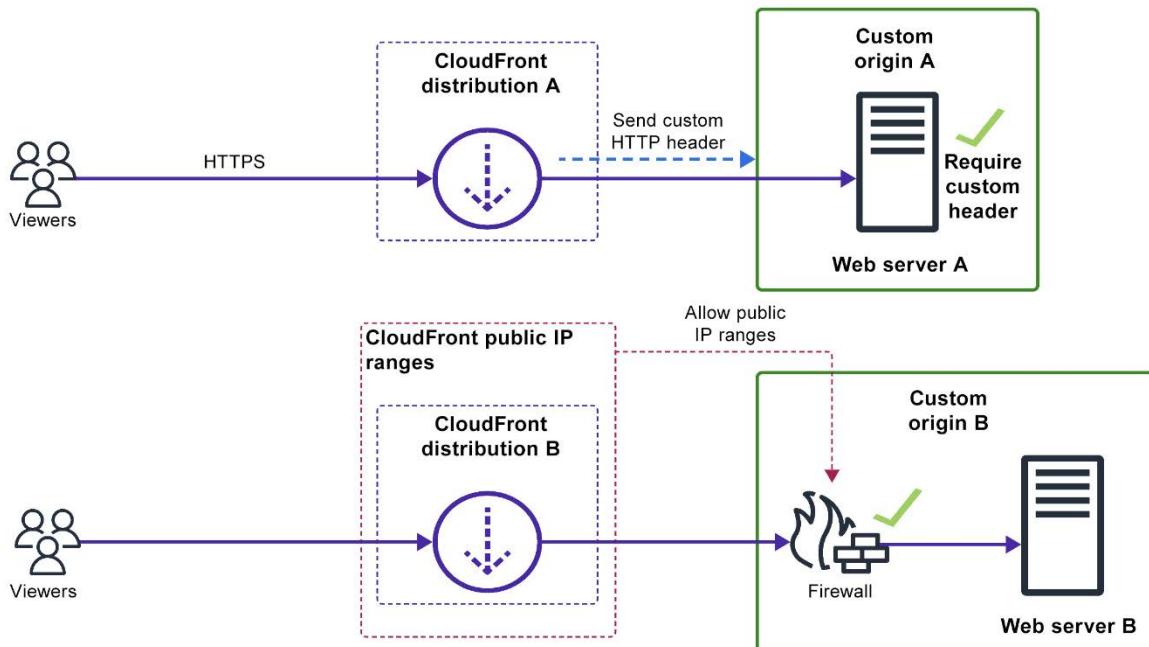
Bucket policy

[Edit](#)[Delete](#)

The bucket policy, written in JSON, provides access to the objects stored in the bucket. Bucket policies don't apply to objects owned by other accounts.

[Learn more](#)

```
{  
    "Version": "2008-10-17",  
    "Id": "PolicyForCloudFrontPrivateContent",  
    "Statement": [  
        {  
            "Sid": "AllowCloudFrontServicePrincipal",  
            "Effect": "Allow",  
            "Principal": {  
                "Service": "cloudfront.amazonaws.com"  
            },  
            "Action": "s3:GetObject",  
            "Resource": "arn:aws:s3:::blog-trailcats/*",  
            "Condition": {  
                "StringEquals": {  
                    "AWS:SourceArn": "arn:aws:cloudfront:::distribution/E3LVSH6OTJ0YDK"  
                }  
            }  
        }  
    ]  
}
```

[Copy](#)

Web Application Firewall (WAF) Info

Enable security protections

Keep your application secure from the most common web threats and security vulnerabilities using AWS WAF. Blocked requests are stopped before they reach your web servers.

Do not enable security protections

Select this option if your application does not need security protections from AWS WAF.

Use monitor mode

Count how many of your requests would be blocked by this WAF configuration. When ready, you can disable monitor mode to begin blocking requests.



▼ Included security protections

- Protect against the most common vulnerabilities found in web applications.
- Protect against malicious actors discovering application vulnerabilities.
- Block IP addresses from potential threats based on Amazon internal threat intelligence

Price estimate

▼ This AWS WAF configuration is estimated to cost \$14 for 10 million requests/month

Number of requests/month

10000000

Estimated cost

\$14.00/month



View [AWS WAF pricing](#) for more details.

Alternate domain name (CNAME) - *optional*

Add the custom domain names that you use in URLs for the files served by this distribution.

test. .com

[Remove](#)

[Add item](#)

ⓘ To add a list of alternative domain names, use the [bulk editor](#).

Custom domain name

Custom SSL certificate - *optional*

Associate a certificate from AWS Certificate Manager. The certificate must be in the US East (N. Virginia) Region (us-east-1).

test. .com ()

[C](#)

test. .com [Request certificate](#)

**SSL Certificate
from ACM**

ⓘ Legacy clients support - \$600/month prorated charge applies. Most customers do not need this.

CloudFront allocates dedicated IP addresses at each CloudFront edge location to serve your content over HTTPS.

Enabled

For browsers that do not support SNI

Security policy

The security policy determines the SSL or TLS protocol and the specific ciphers that CloudFront uses for HTTPS connections with viewers (clients).

TLSv1.2_2021 (recommended)

TLSv1.2_2019

TLSv1.2_2018

TLSv1.1_2016

TLSv1_2016

TLSv1

Supported HTTP versions

Add support for additional HTTP versions. HTTP/1.0 and HTTP/1.1 are supported by default.

HTTP/2

HTTP/3

▼ CloudFront geographic restrictions

Restriction type

- No restrictions
- Allow list
- Block list

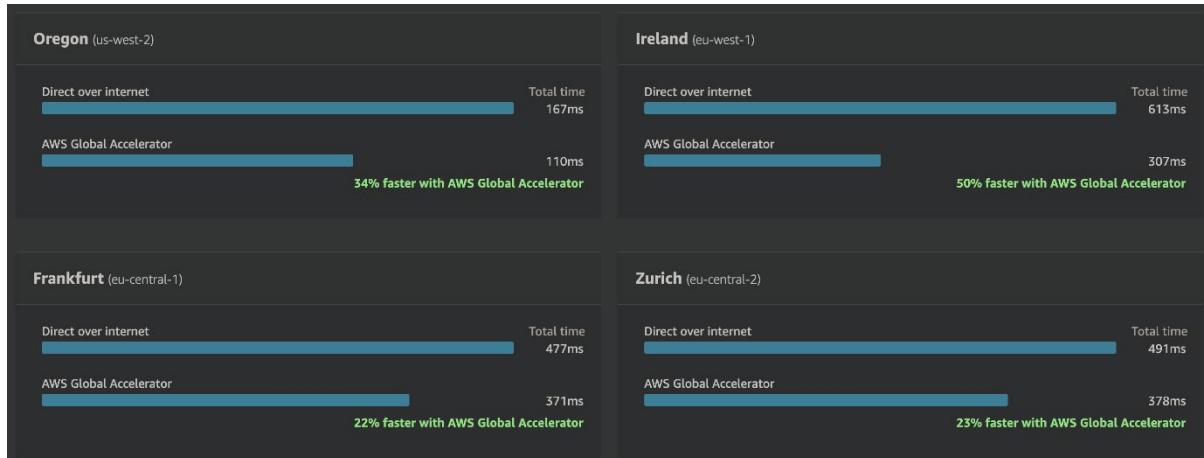
Countries

Select countries

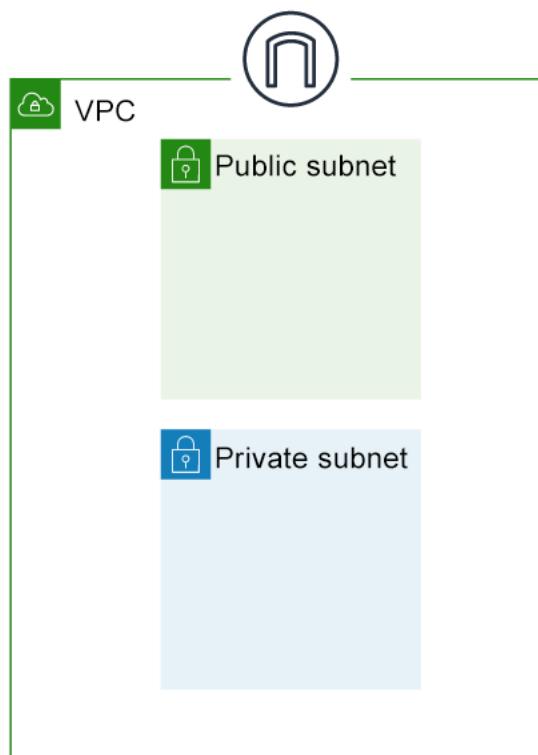
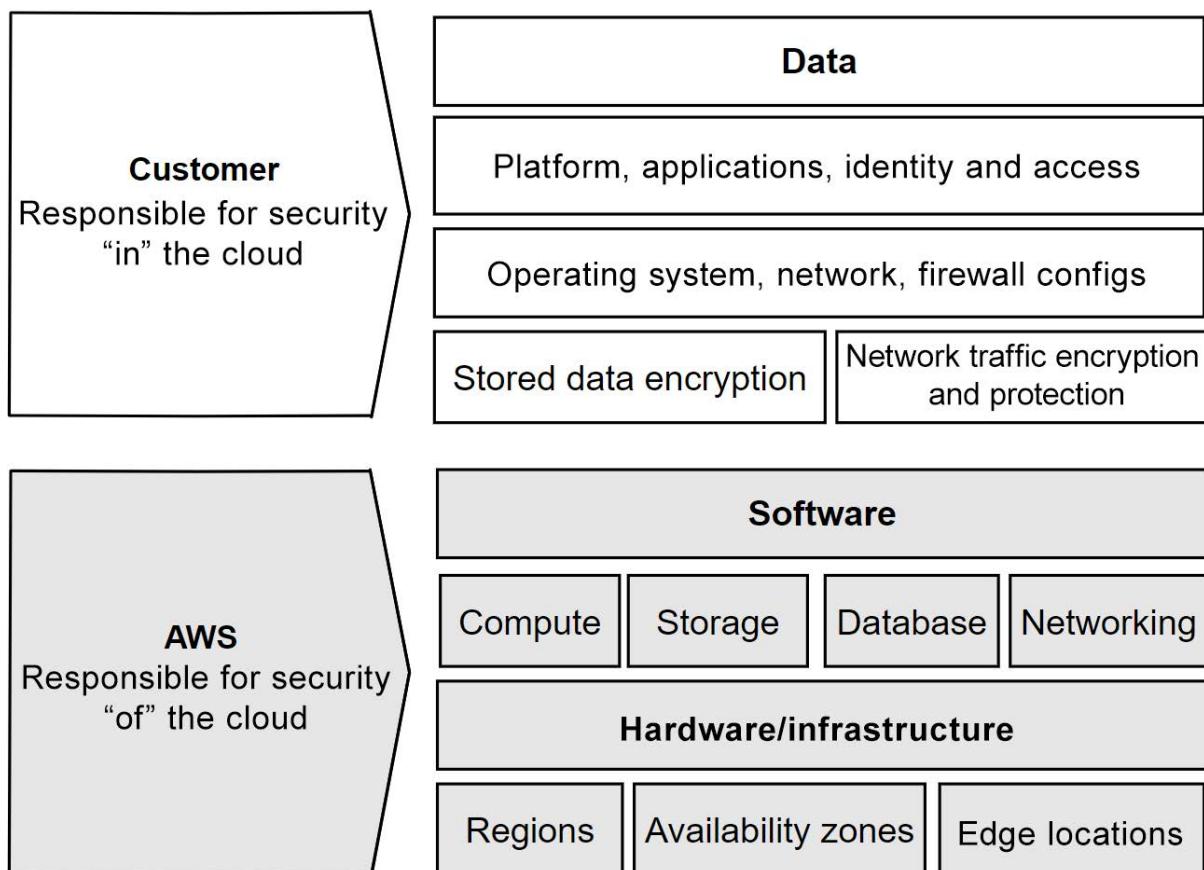
Australia 

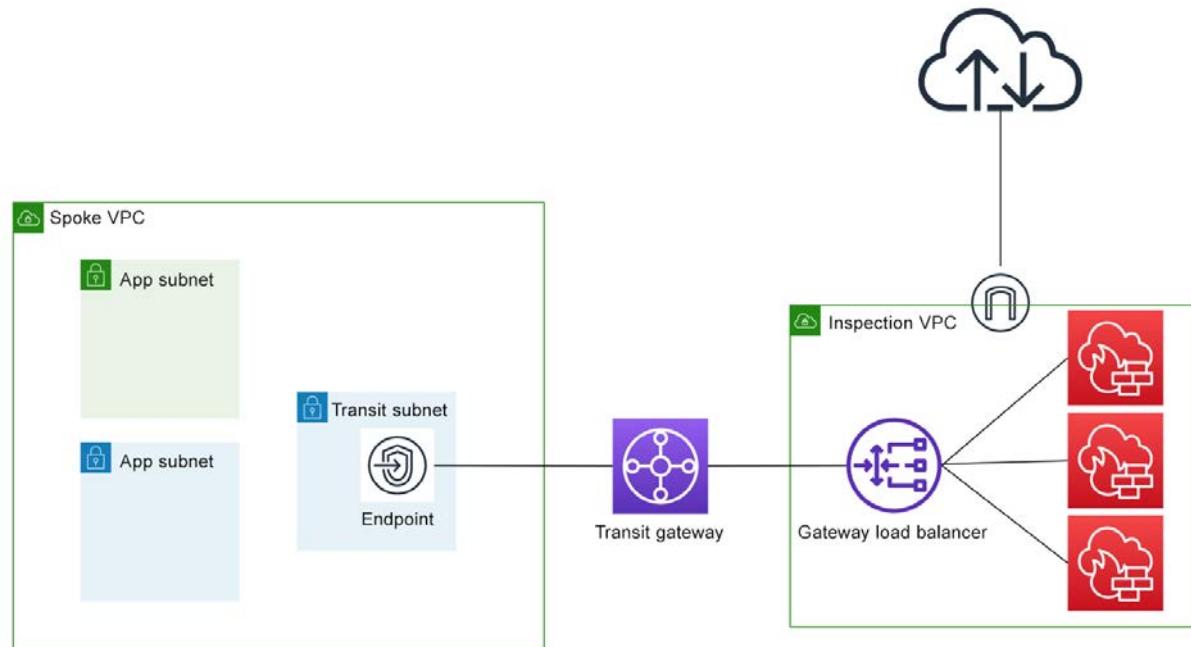
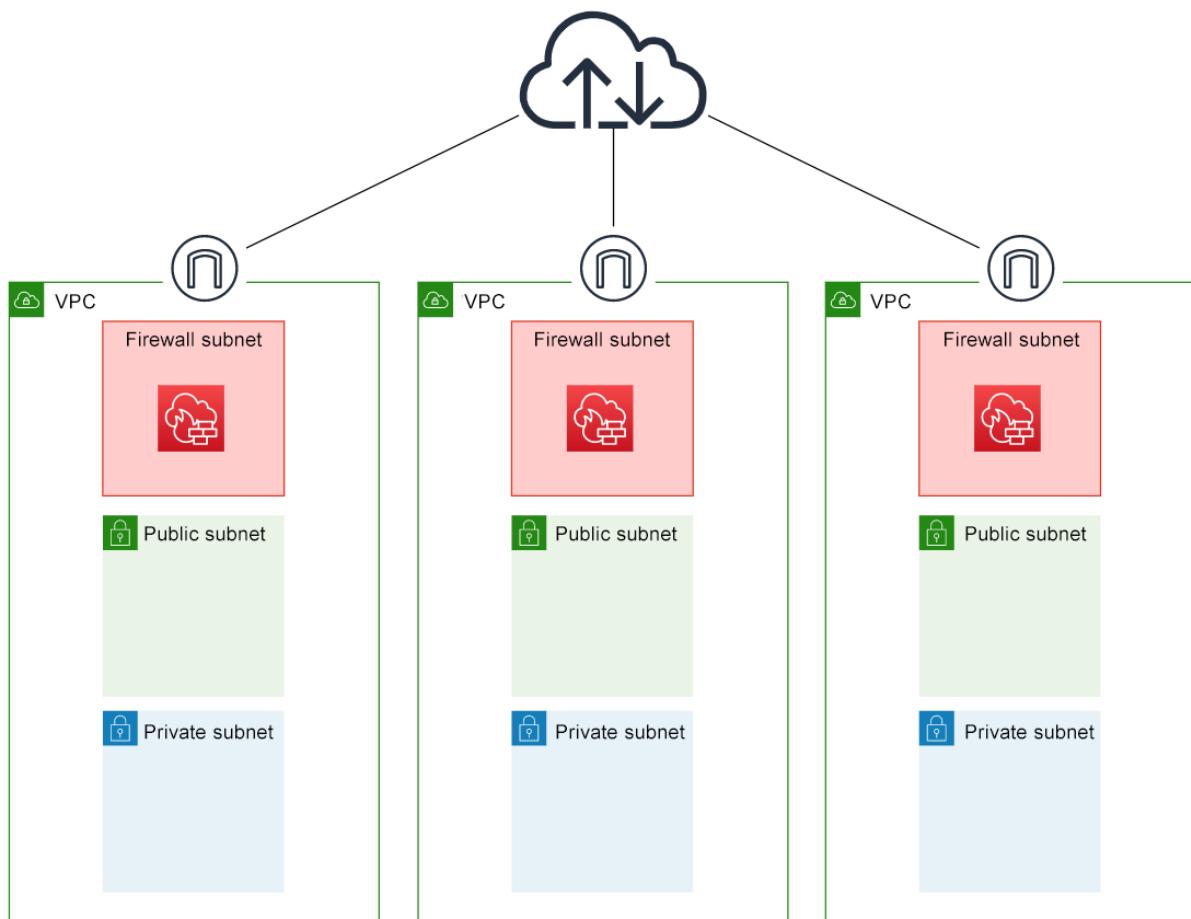
United Kingdom 

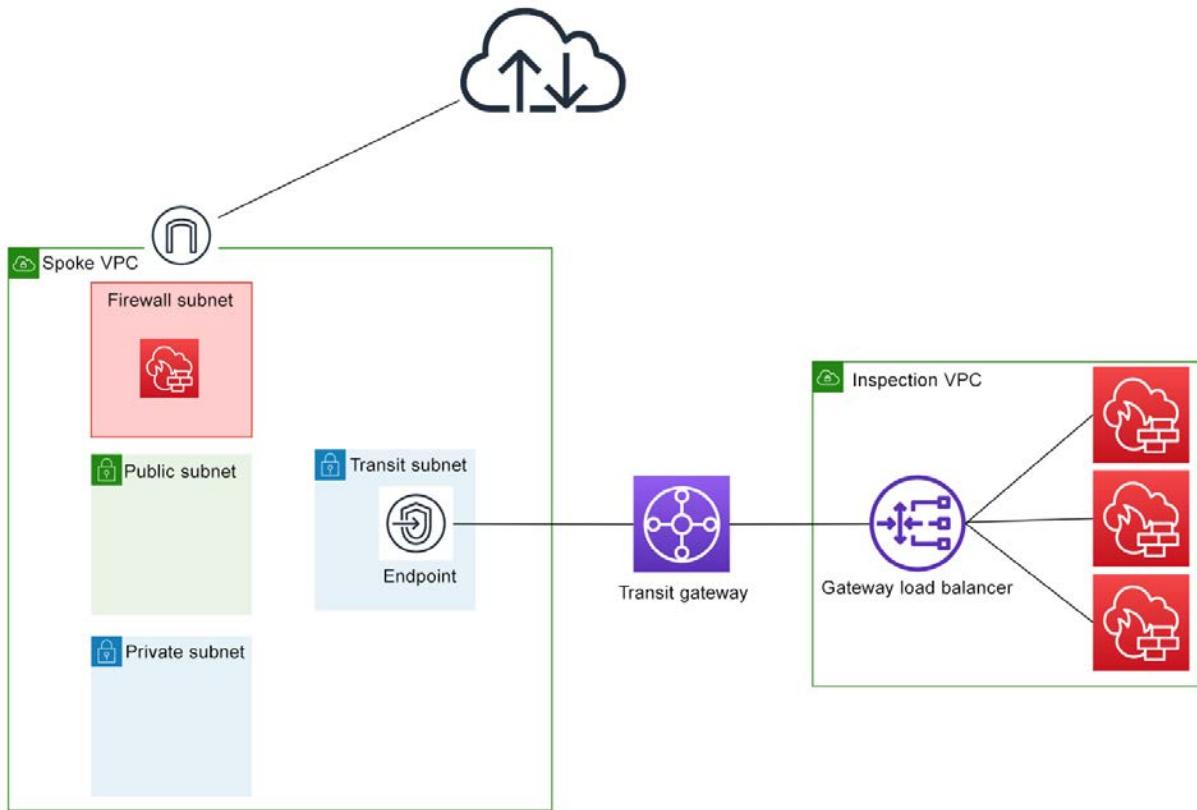
United States 



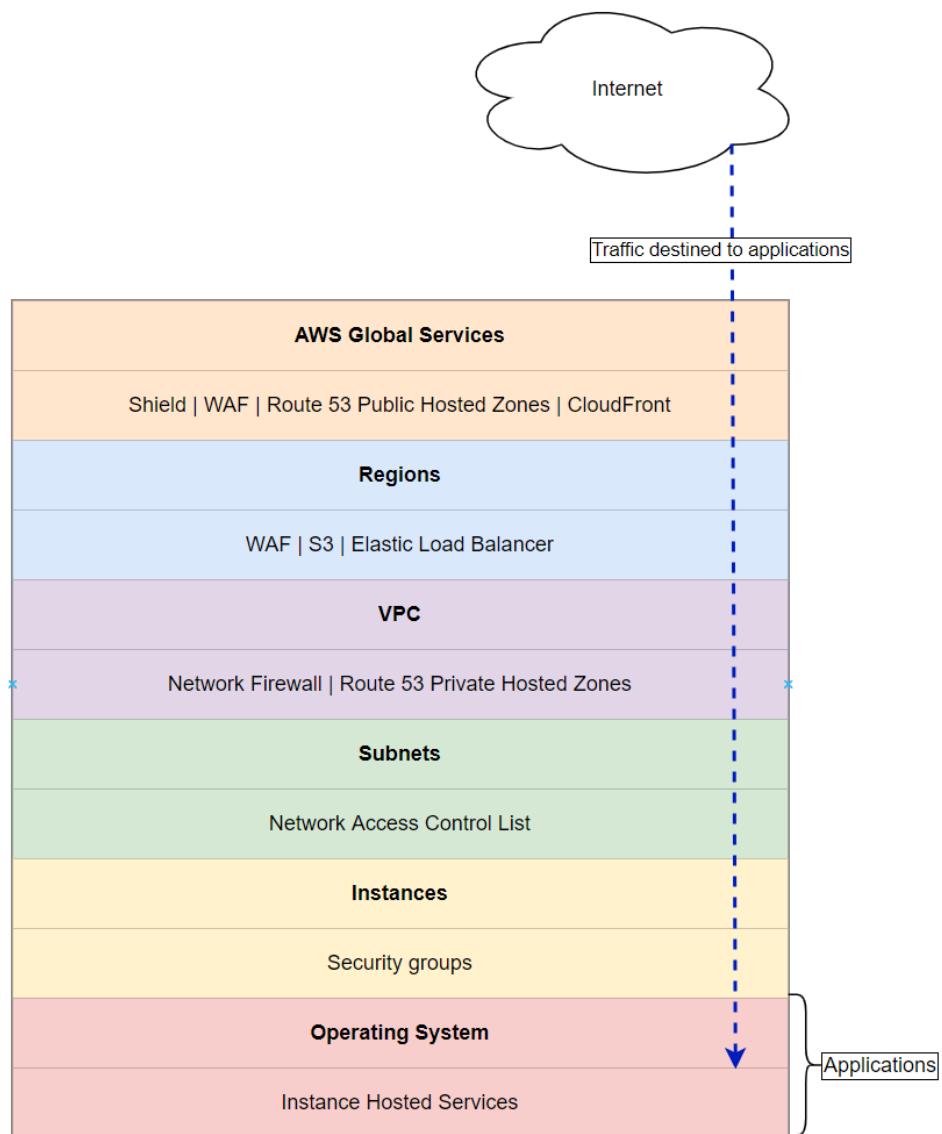
Chapter 11: Security Framework







Chapter 12: AWS Security Services



Screenshot of the AWS WAF & Shield console:

- WAF & Shield (highlighted)
- Web ACLs (highlighted)
- Trailcats_WebACL (highlighted)
- Rules (highlighted)
- Rules (3) table (highlighted)

The screenshot shows the AWS WAF & Shield console with the "Web ACLs" section selected. A new Web ACL named "Trailcats_WebACL" is being created. The "Rules" tab is selected, showing three rules: Rule1 (Action: Block, Priority: 0, Response: Status 555, 555_error), Rule2 (Action: Count, Priority: 1, Response: -), and Rule3 (Action: CAPTCHA, Priority: 2, Response: -).

Rule		
Rule name Rule1	Type Regular rule	Region US East (N. Virginia)

If a request matches the statement

Statement 1

Request option
Originates from countries

Country
Russian Federation - RU

Country of Origin condition

When requests match the criteria

Rate-based match

Rate-limiting criteria

Request aggregation

Source IP address

Rate limit

1,000

Evaluation window

5 minutes (300 seconds)

Action

The action to take when a web request matches the rule statement.

1 Action Block

2 Custom response code 555

3 Custom response headers Header name x-blocked-reason Header value country of origin not allowed

4 Custom response body 555_error <div>Error: access denied</div>

Rules (6)

Edit

Delete

Add rules ▾

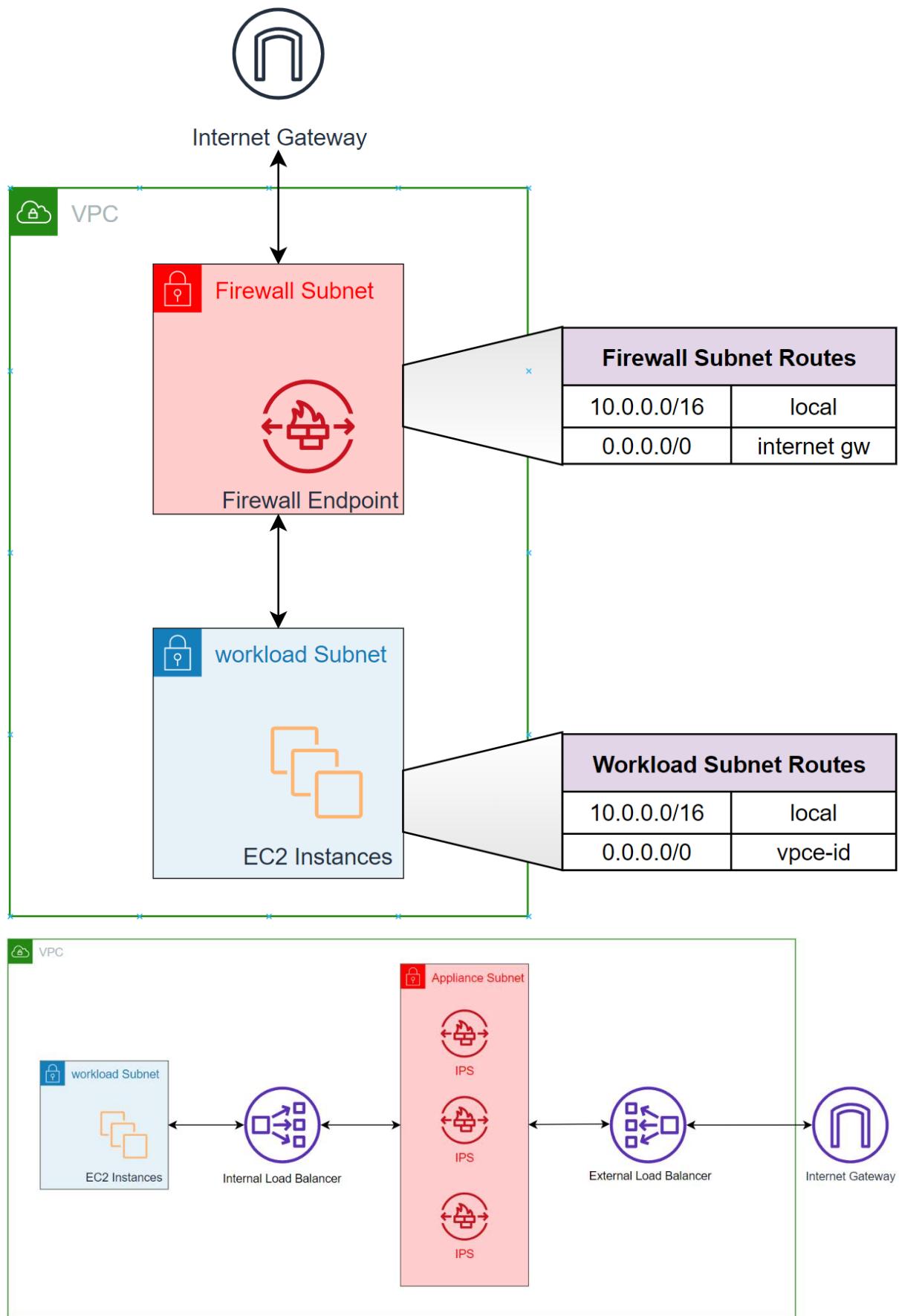
Find rules

Managed rule groups

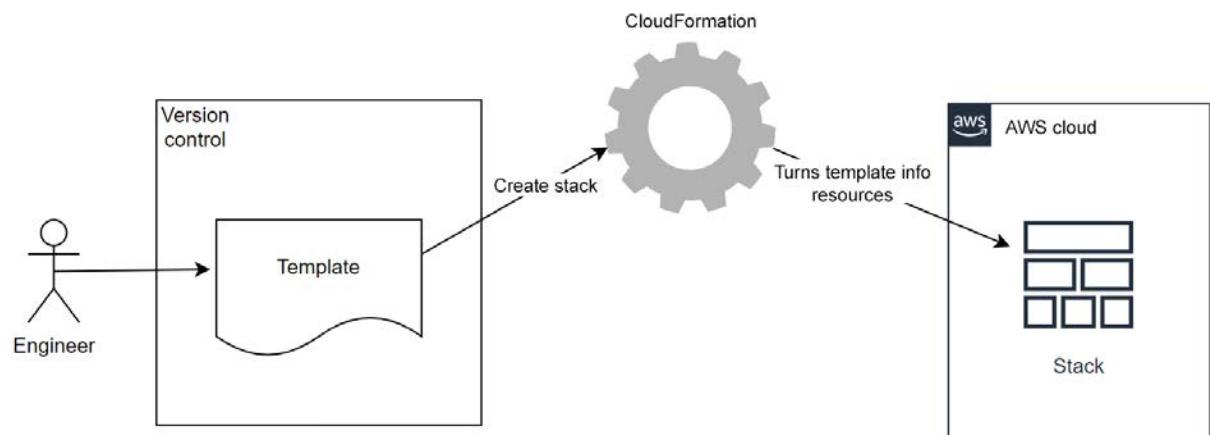
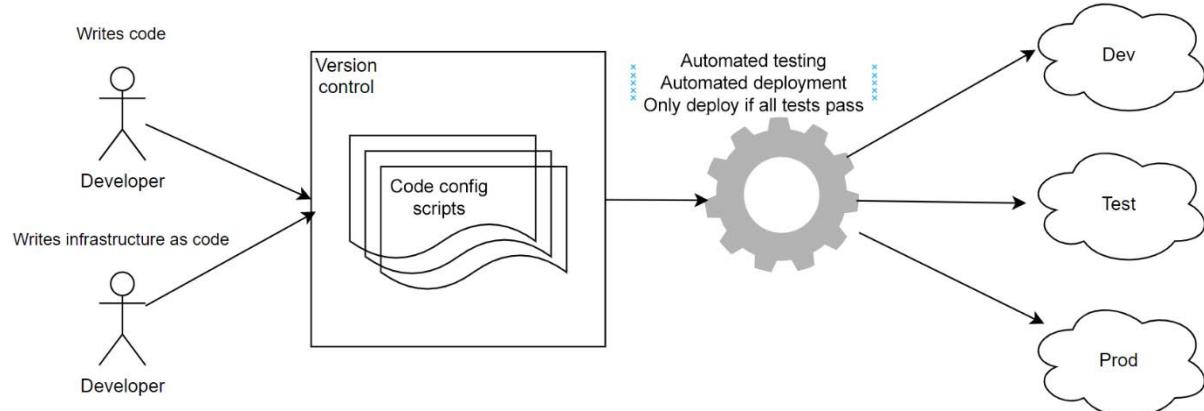
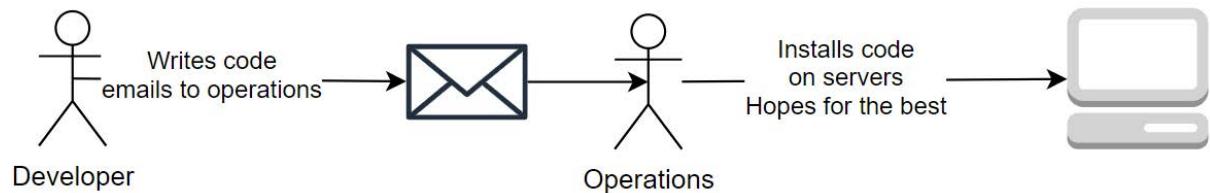
< 1 > ⚙

<input type="checkbox"/>	Name	Action	Priority	Custom response
<input type="checkbox"/>	Rule1	Block	0	Status 555, 555_error
<input type="checkbox"/>	AWS-AWSManagedRulesAmazonIpReputationList	Use rule actions	1	-
<input type="checkbox"/>	AWS-AWSManagedRulesAnonymousIpList	Use rule actions	2	-
<input type="checkbox"/>	AWS-AWSManagedRulesCommonRuleSet	Use rule actions	3	-
<input type="checkbox"/>	AWS-AWSManagedRulesKnownBadInputsRuleSet	Use rule actions	4	-
<input type="checkbox"/>	AWS-AWSManagedRulesSQLiRuleSet	Use rule actions	5	-





Chapter 13: Infrastructure as Code



DescribeStacks	
Stacks	
CreationTime	2024-08-12T00:34:39.649000+00:00
DisableRollback	False
EnableTerminationProtection	False
StackId	arn:aws:cloudformation:us-east-1:361037072889:stack/basicvpc/a8df5870-5842-11ef-bab4-0e73da89f1cd
StackName	
StackName	basicvpc
StackStatus	
StackStatus	CREATE_COMPLETE
DriftInformation	
StackDriftStatus	NOT_CHECKED

S3 EC2 VPC CloudFormation Route 53 CloudWatch CloudTrail Control Tower

Search [Option+S]

N. Virginia

Virtual private cloud

Your VPCs Subnets Route tables Internet gateways Egress-only internet gateways Carrier gateways DHCP option sets Elastic IPs Managed prefix lists Endpoints Endpoint services NAT gateways

Peering connections (1/1) Info

Find resources by attribute or tag

Create peering connection

Name Peering connection ID Status Requester VPC Acceptor VPC

1

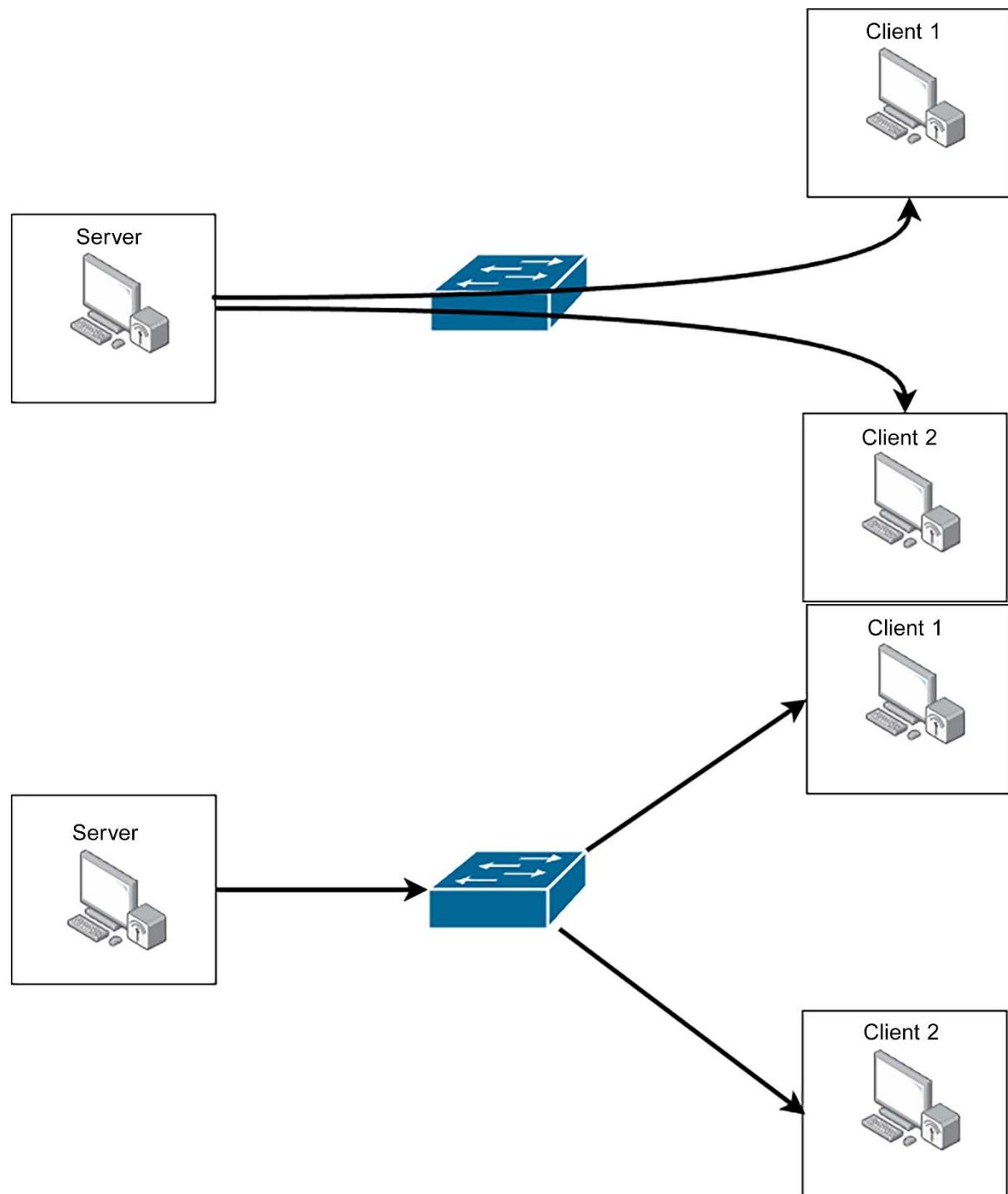
2

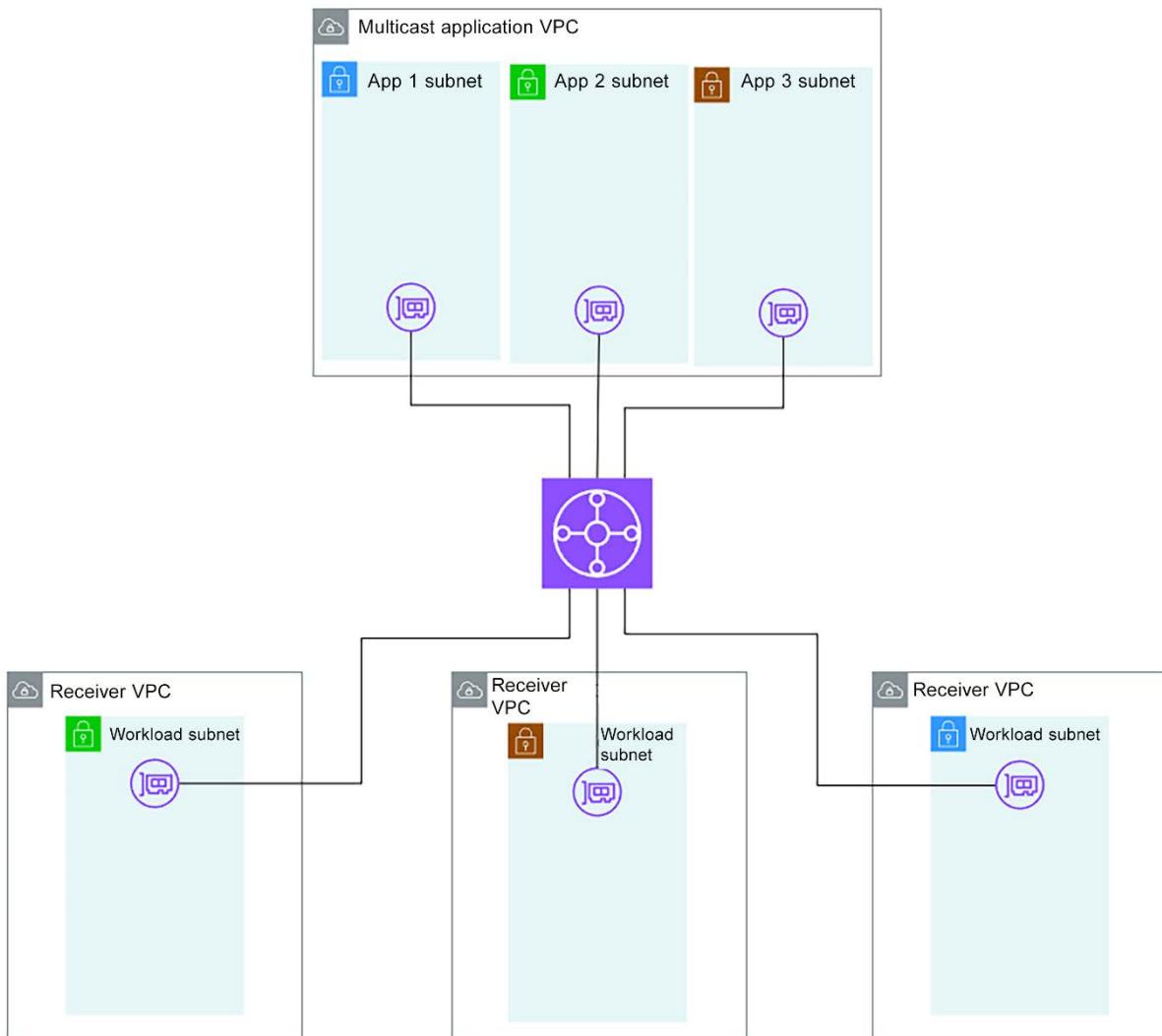
Details DNS Route tables Tags

The screenshot shows the AWS Management Console interface for managing VPC peering connections. In the top navigation bar, the 'VPC' icon is highlighted. The main content area is titled 'Peering connections (1/1) Info'. A table displays a single peering connection entry. The table columns are: Name, Peering connection ID, Status, Requester VPC, and Acceptor VPC. The data row shows: Name is blank, Peering connection ID is 'pccx-...', Status is 'Active', Requester VPC is 'vpc-01', and Acceptor VPC is '/security-vpc'. There are two red circles with numbers: '1' is on the 'Peering connections' link in the left sidebar, and '2' is on the first row of the table.

Name	Peering connection ID	Status	Requester VPC	Acceptor VPC
-	pccx-...	Active	vpc-01	/security-vpc

Chapter 14: Data Analytics and Optimization





Global network settings

Name

A name to help you identify the global network.

My global network

Name must contain no more than 100 characters. Valid characters are a-z, A-Z, 0-9, and - (hyphen).

Description - optional

A description to help you identify the global network.

A global network for testing purposes.

Description must contain no more than 100 characters. Valid characters are a-z, A-Z, 0-9, and - (hyphen).

► Additional settings

Network Manager > Global networks > Create

Step 1
[Create global network](#)

Step 2 - optional
[Create core network](#)

Step 3
Review

Create core network - *optional*

Create a core network to represent your edge network locations and segments. [Learn more](#)

Include core network

Add core network in your global network
Enabling core network will incur additional charges. For more information, see [pricing](#).

Cancel Previous Next

Step 1: Create global network [Edit](#)

Global network settings

Name	Description
Trailcats-TGW	-

Step 2: Create core network [Edit](#)

Core network settings

You opted out of core network

Network Manager > Global networks > Trailcats > Transit gateway network > [Transit gateways](#) > Register transit gateway

Register transit gateway

Select and register the transit gateways you want to visualize and monitor through this global network. You can select transit gateways from any AWS Regions. Each transit gateway can only be registered to one global network. [Learn more](#)

Transit gateways

ID	Name	State	Region	Account ID
No transit gateways				
No transit gateways to display.				

Test pattern

Select log data to test

Custom log data

Log event messages

Type log data to test with your Filter Pattern. Please use line breaks to separate log events.

```
[83078518-fcc1-4d30-9573-8b9737671438] BENCHMARK : Running Start Crawl for  
Crawler TestCrawler2  
[83078518-fcc1-4d30-9573-8b9737671438] BENCHMARK : Classification complete,  
writing results to database mygluedatabase  
[83078518-fcc1-4d30-9573-8b9737671438] INFO : Crawler configured with  
SchemaChangePolicy
```

Test pattern



Log streams

Tags

Anomaly detection

Metric filters

Metric filters (1/1)

Edit

Find metric filters

Ready



Filter pattern

"READY"

Metric

Webserver / Ready

Metric value

1

Conditions

Threshold type

Static

Use a value as a threshold

Anomaly detection

Use a band as a threshold

Whenever Ready is...

Define the alarm condition.

Greater

> threshold

Greater/Equal

>= threshold

Lower/Equal

<= threshold

Lower

< threshold

Notification

Alarm state trigger

Define the alarm state that will trigger this action.

[Remove](#)

In alarm

The metric or expression is outside of the defined threshold.

OK

The metric or expression is within the defined threshold.

Insufficient data

The alarm has just started or not enough data is available.

Send a notification to the following SNS topic

Define the SNS (Simple Notification Service) topic that will receive the notification.

Select an existing SNS topic

Create new topic

Use topic ARN to notify other accounts

Edit bucket policy [Info](#)

Bucket policy

[Policy examples](#) 

[Policy generator](#) 

The bucket policy, written in JSON, provides access to the objects stored in the bucket. Bucket policies don't apply to objects owned by other accounts. [Learn more](#) 

Bucket ARN

 [arn:aws:s3:::testbucketawsansexamguide2023](#)

Policy

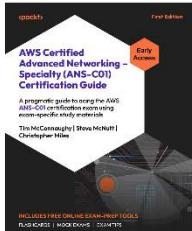
Chapter 16: Accessing the Online Practice Resources

 Practice Resources

[REPORT ISSUE](#)

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Book ISBN: 9781835080832

Tim McConaughy • Steve McNutt • Christopher Miles • Dec 2024 • 515 pages

Do you have a Packt account?

Yes, I have an existing Packt account No, I don't have a Packt account

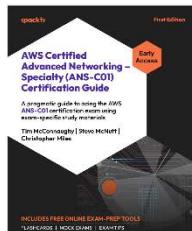
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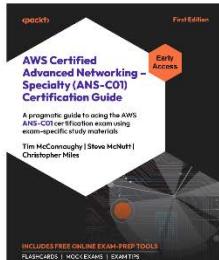
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Chapter Review Questions

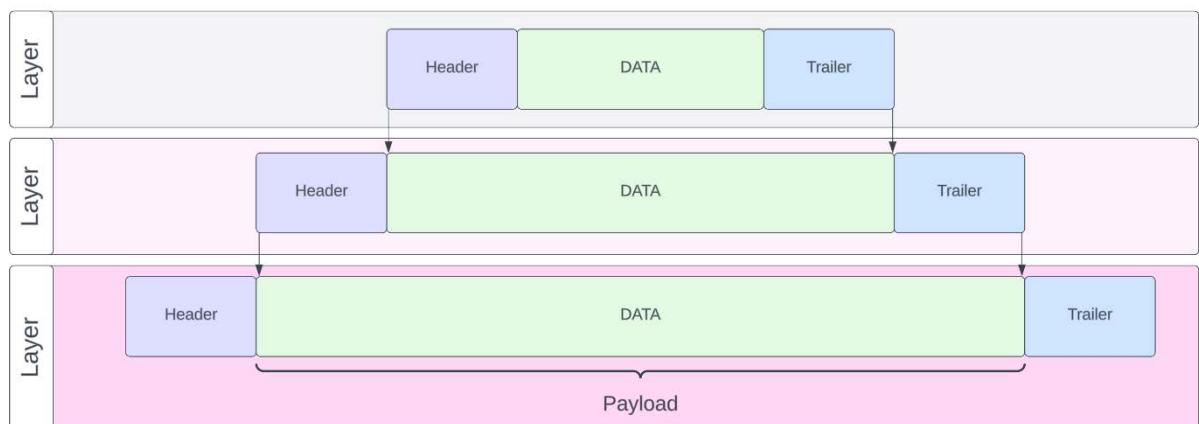
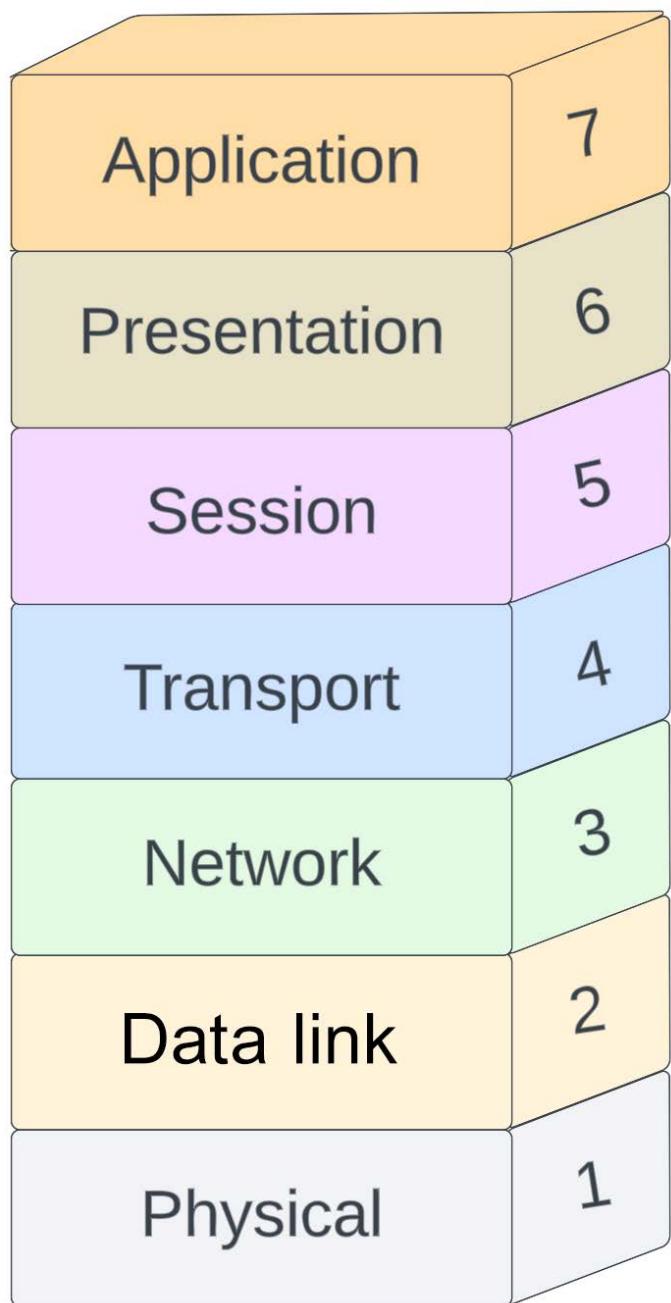
Flashcards

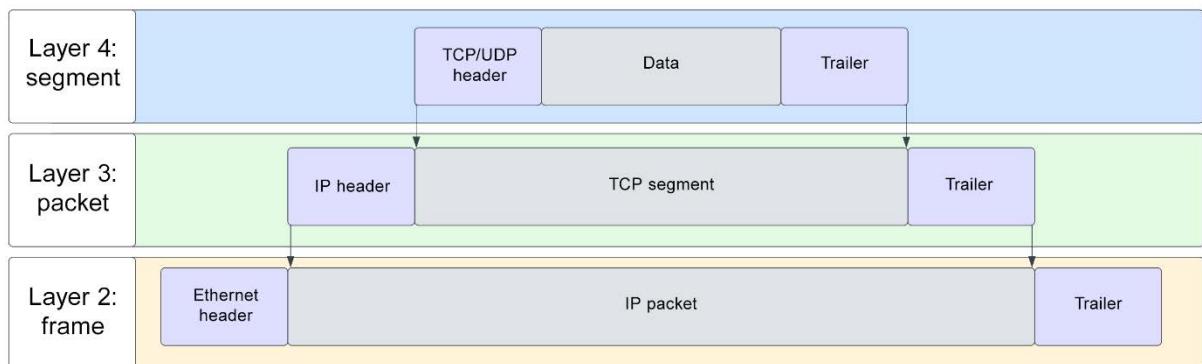
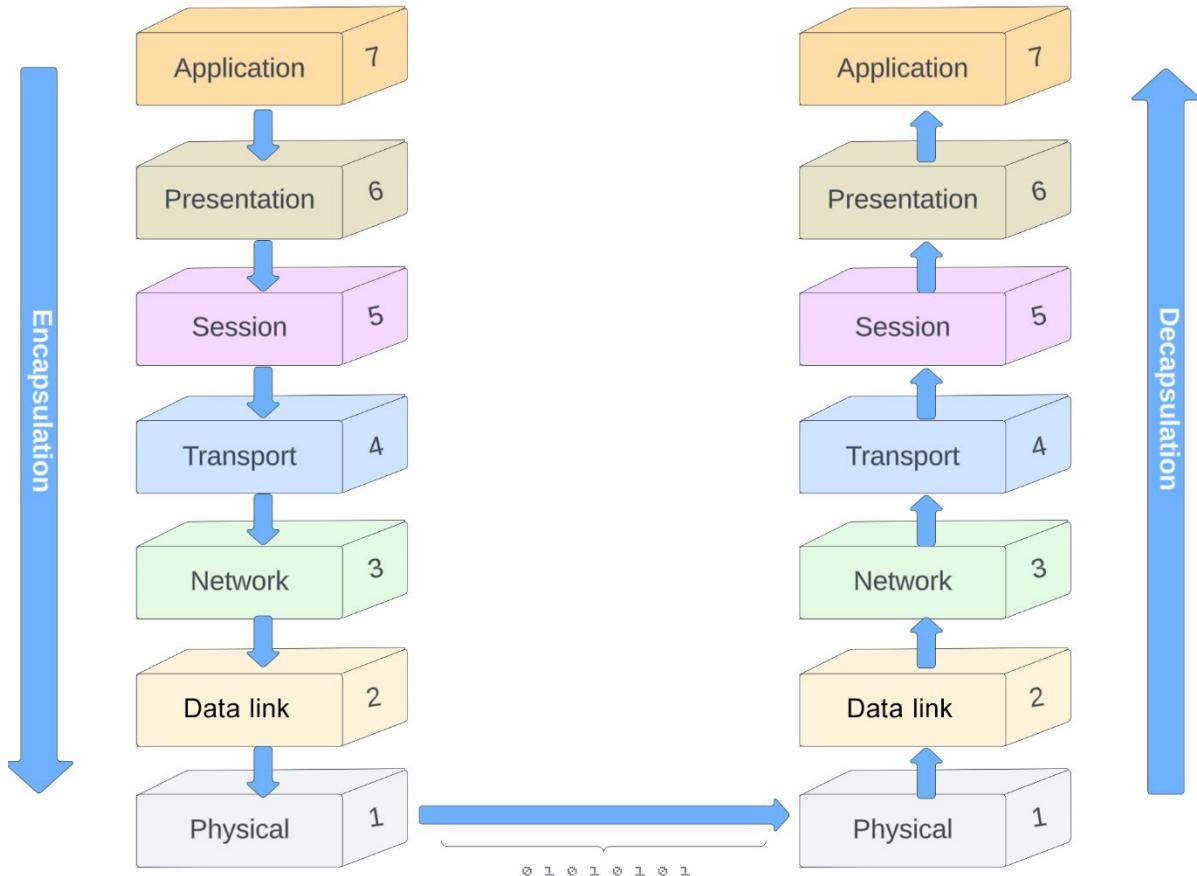
Exam Tips

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Tim McConaughy, Steve McNutt, Christopher Miles

Appendix 1: Network Fundamentals





0.0.0.0

0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 . 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 . 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 . 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
8 Bits 8 Bits 8 Bits 8 Bits

255.255.255.255

1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 . 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 . 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 . 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
8 Bits 8 Bits 8 Bits 8 Bits

Bit position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Value	128	64	32	16	8	4	2	1

00000001

Bit position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Bit value	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Value	128	64	32	16	8	4	2	1

00000010

Bit position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Bit value	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Value	128	64	32	16	8	4	2	1

00000011

Bit position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Bit value	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
Value	128	64	32	16	8	4	2	1

Add
2 + 1

00010011

Bit position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Bit value	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	1
Value	128	64	32	16	8	4	2	1

Add
16 + 2 + 1

11111111

Bit position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Bit Value	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Value	128	64	32	16	8	4	2	1

Add
128 + 64 + 32 + 16 + 8 + 4 + 2 + 1

Network		Point of Contact	
Net Range	8.8.8.0 - 8.8.8.255	Name	Google LLC
CIDR	8.8.8.0/24	Handle	ZG39-ARIN
Name	LVLT-GOGL-8-8-8	Company	Google LLC
Handle	NET-8-8-8-0-1	Street	1600 Amphitheatre Parkway
Parent	LVLT-ORG-8-8 (NET-8-0-0-0-1)	City	Mountain View
Net Type	Reallocated	State/Province	CA
Origin AS		Postal Code	94043
Organization	Google LLC (GOGL)	Country	US
Registration Date	2014-03-14	Registration Date	2000-11-30
Last Updated	2014-03-14	Last Updated	2022-11-10
Comments		Comments	
RESTful Link	https://whois.arin.net/rest/net/NET-8-8-8-0-1	Phone	+1-650-253-0000 (Office)
See Also	Related organization's POC records	Email	arin-contact@google.com
See Also	Related delegations	RESTful Link	https://whois.arin.net/rest/poc/ZG39-ARIN
Organization		Point of Contact	
Name	Google LLC	Name	Abuse
Handle	GOGL	Handle	ABUSE5250-ARIN
Street	1600 Amphitheatre Parkway	Company	Google Inc.
City	Mountain View	Street	1600 Amphitheatre Parkway
State/Province	CA	City	Mountain View
Postal Code	94043	State/Province	CA
Country	US	Postal Code	94043
Registration Date	2000-03-30	Country	US
Last Updated	2019-10-31	Registration Date	2015-11-06
Comments	Please note that the recommended way to file abuse complaints are located in the following links. To report abuse and illegal activity: https://www.google.com/contact/ For legal requests: http://support.google.com/legal Regards, The Google Team	Last Updated	2022-10-24
RESTful Link	https://whois.arin.net/rest/org/GOGL	Comments	Please note that the recommended way to file abuse complaints are located in the following links. To report abuse and illegal activity: https://www.google.com/contact/ For legal requests: http://support.google.com/legal Regards, The Google Team
Function	Point of Contact	Phone	+1-650-253-0000 (Office)
Admin	ZG39-ARIN (ZG39-ARIN)	Email	network-abuse@google.com
Tech	ZG39-ARIN (ZG39-ARIN)	RESTful Link	https://whois.arin.net/rest/poc/ABUSE5250-ARIN
Abuse	ABUSE5250-ARIN (ABUSE5250-ARIN)		

High order bits

Bit position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Value	128	64	32	16	8	4	2	1

Class A

00000000 . 00000000 . 00000000 . 00000000
Network Host

Class B

00000000 . 00000000 . 00000000 . 00000000
Network Host

Class C

00000000 . 00000000 . 00000000 . 00000000
Network Host

Class A

00000000 . 00000000 . 00000000 . 00000000
Network Host

Subnet masks

255.0.0.0

Class B

00000000 . 00000000 . 00000000 . 00000000
Network Host

11111111 . 00000000 . 00000000 . 00000000
255.255.0.0

Class C

00000000 . 00000000 . 00000000 . 00000000
Network Host

11111111 . 11111111 . 11111111 . 00000000
255.255.255.0

Subnet masks

11111111 . 00000000 . 00000000 . 00000000
255.0.0.0

CIDR notation

11111111 . 00000000 . 00000000 . 00000000
/8

255.255.0.0

11111111 . 11111111 . 00000000 . 00000000
/16

255.255.255.0

11111111 . 11111111 . 11111111 . 00000000
255.255.255.0

11111111 . 11111111 . 11111111 . 00000000
/24

255.255.255.0

Subnet masks (VLSM)

Slash notation

1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 . 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 . 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 . 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 = /12
255.240.0.0

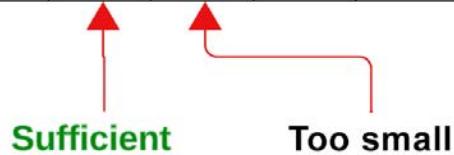
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 . 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 . 1 1 1 1 1 1 0 . 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 = /23
255.255.254.0

1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 . 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 . 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 . 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 = /29
255.255.255.248

IP subnet: 192.168.0.0/24	Reserved addresses
<u>1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 . 1 0 1 0 1 0 0 0 . 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 . 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0</u> Network Host	192.168.0.0 (Network address)
<u>1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 . 1 0 1 0 1 0 0 0 . 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 . 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1</u> Network Host	192.168.0.255 (Network address)

IP subnet: 10.18.240.64/28	Reserved addresses
<u>0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 . 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 . 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 . 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0</u> Network Host	10.18.240.64 (Network address)
<u>0 0 0 0 1 0 1 0 . 0 0 0 1 0 0 1 0 . 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 . 0 1 0 0 1 1 1 1</u> Network Host	10.18.240.79 (Network address)

Value	128	64	32	16	8	4	2	1
-------	-----	----	----	----	---	---	---	---



Bit position	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Reservation	N	N	H	H	H	H	H	H
Value	128	64	32	16	8	4	2	1

= /26
(32 - 6)

Value	32768	16384	8192	4096	2048	1024	512	256	128	64	32	16	8	4	2	1
↑ Sufficient																

Bit position	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Reservation	N	N	N	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H	H
Value	32768	16384	8192	4096	2048	1024	512	256	128	64	32	16	8	4	2	1

= /19
(32 - 13)

0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000

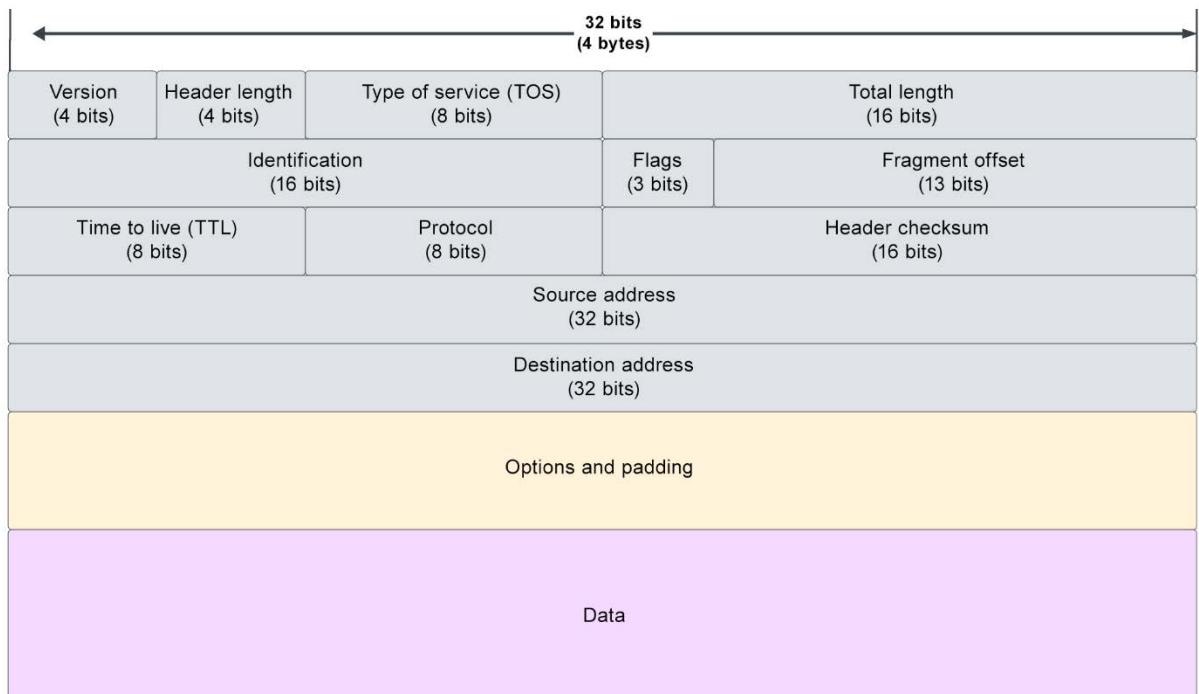
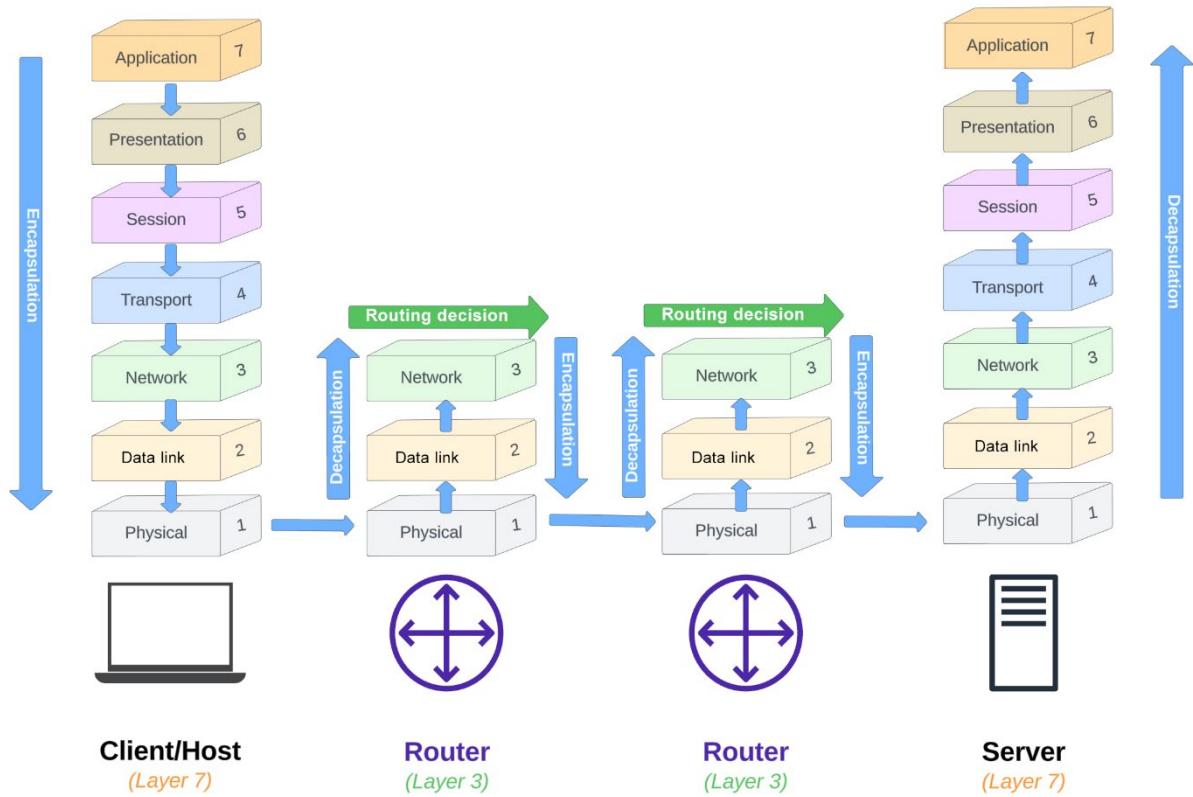
0000000000000000 : 0000000000000000 : 0000000000000000 : 0000000000000000 :
 ↓ 16 Bits ↓ 16 Bits ↓ 16 Bits ↓ 16 Bits
 0000000000000000 : 0000000000000000 : 0000000000000000 : 0000000000000000

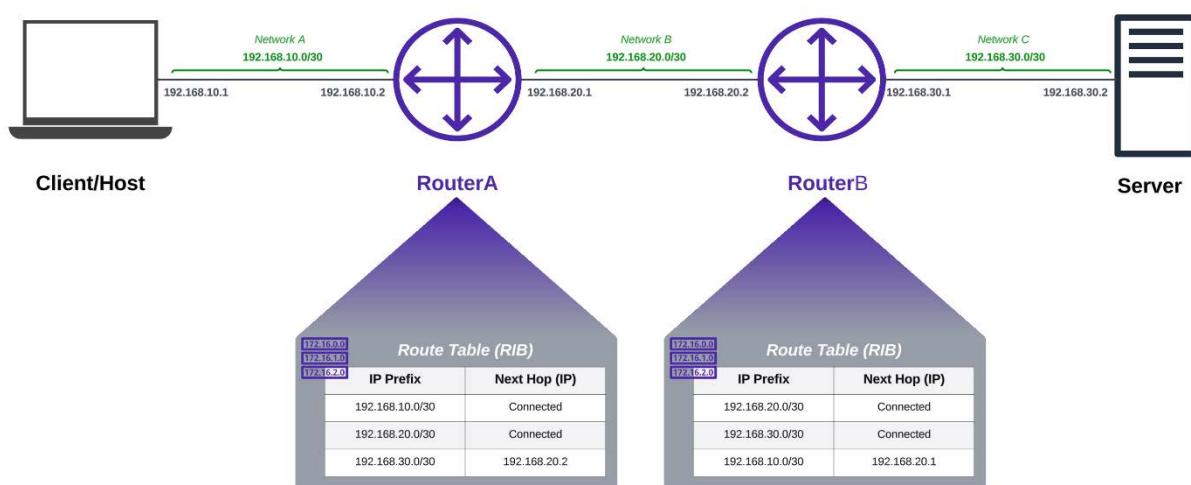
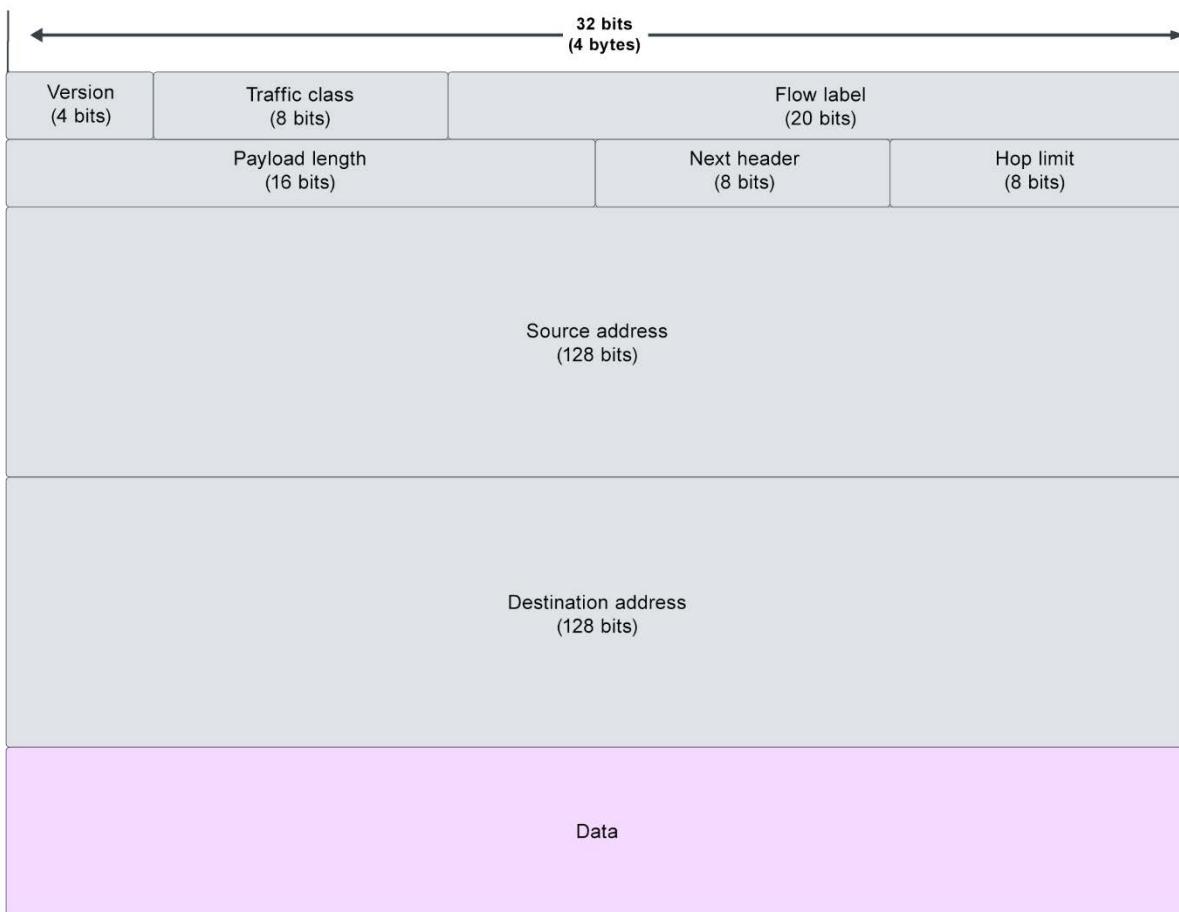
FFFF:FFFF:FFFF:FFFF:FFFF:FFFF:FFFF:FFFF

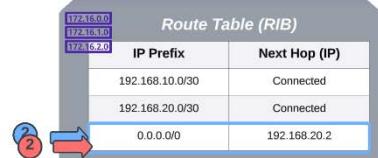
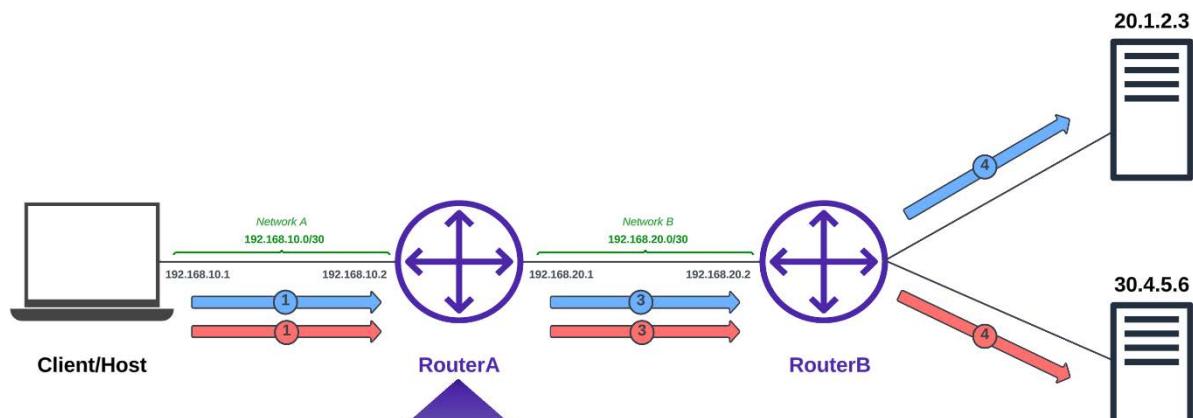
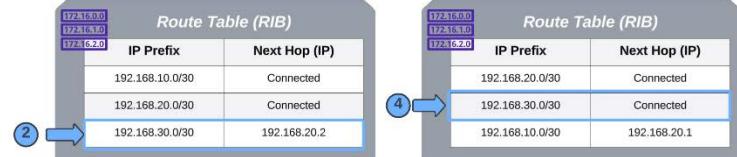
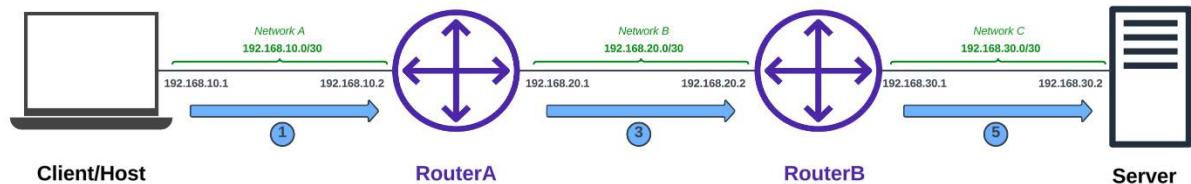
1111111111111111 : 1111111111111111 : 1111111111111111 : 1111111111111111 :
 ↓ 16 Bits ↓ 16 Bits ↓ 16 Bits ↓ 16 Bits
 1111111111111111 : 1111111111111111 : 1111111111111111 : 1111111111111111

Hexadecimal Digit	Decimal Equivalent	Binary Representation
0	0	0000
1	1	0001
2	2	0010
3	3	0011
4	4	0100
5	5	0101
6	6	0110
7	7	0111
8	8	1000
9	9	1001
A	10	1010
B	11	1011
C	12	1100
D	13	1101
E	14	1110
F	15	1111

Appendix 2, IP Routing Fundamentals



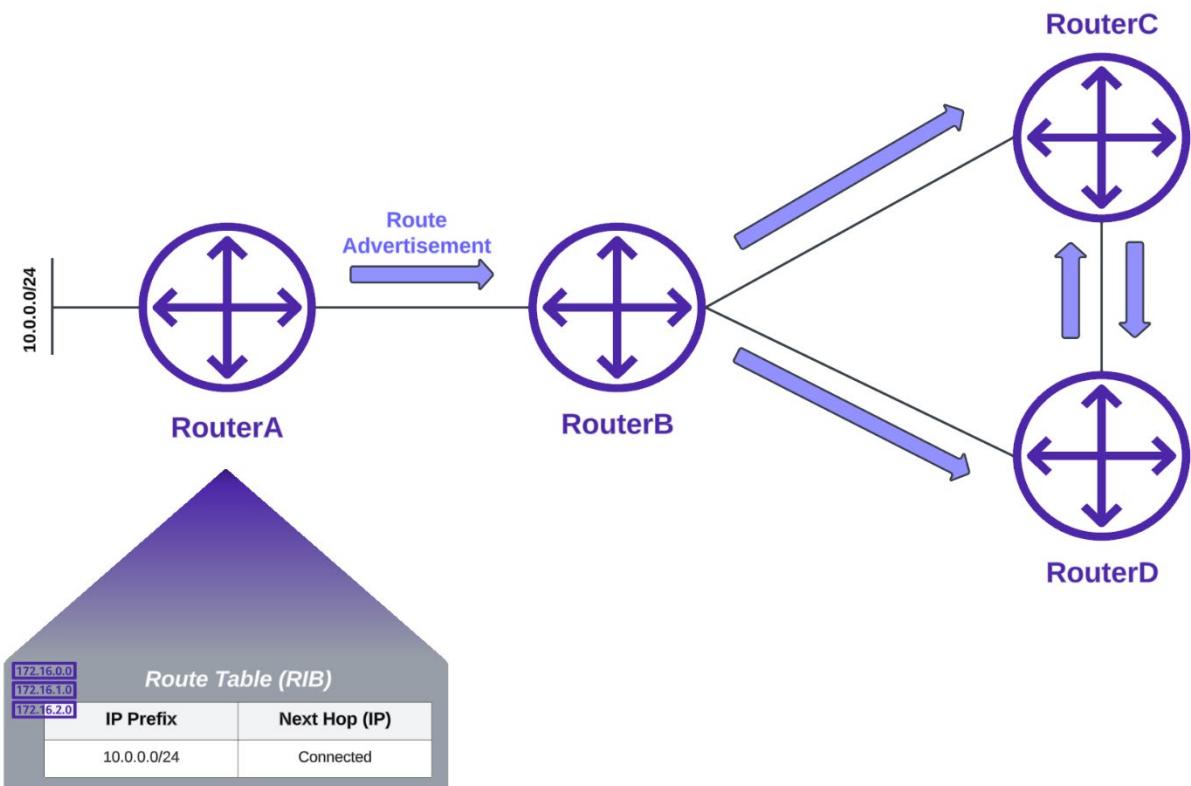




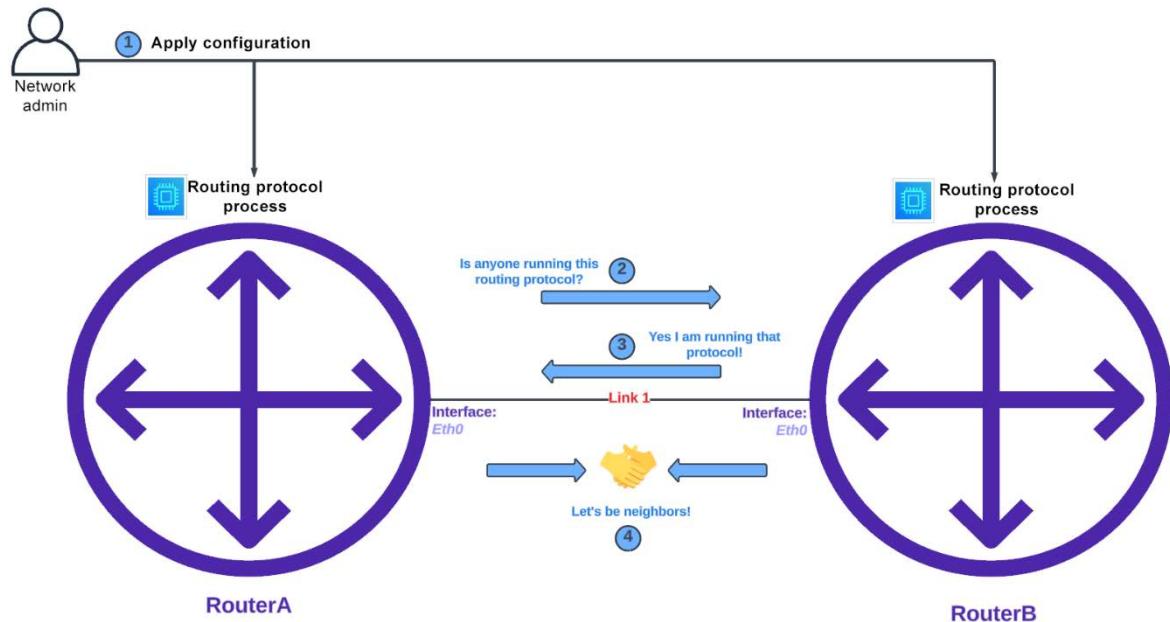
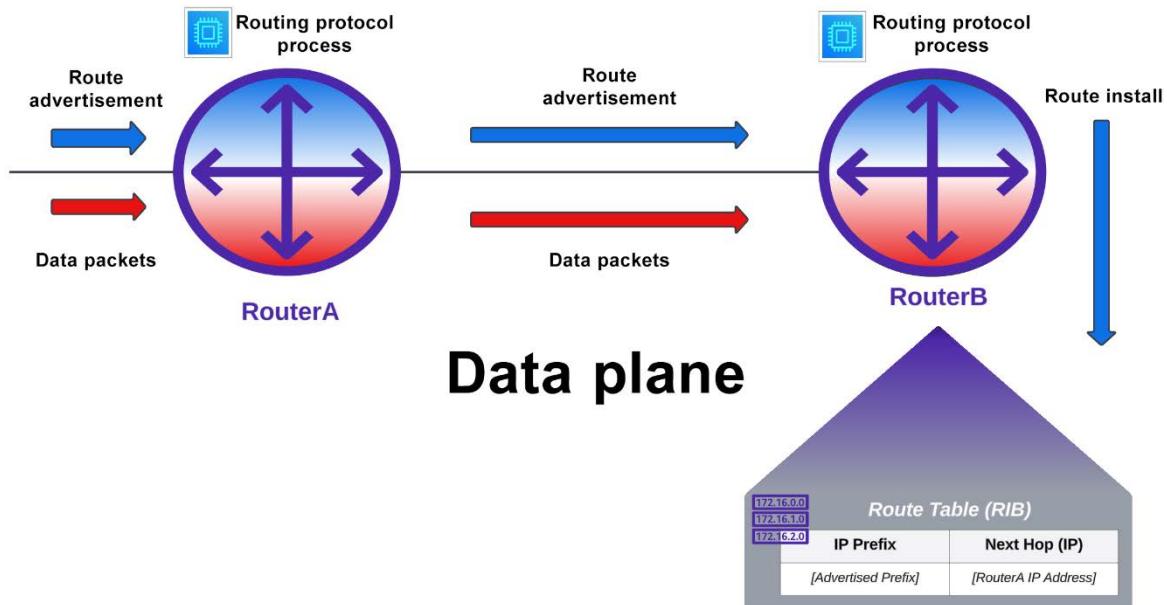
```
C:\Users\█████>route print
=====
Interface List
17...b4 2e 99 39 07 40 ....Intel(R) Ethernet Connection (7) I219-V
7...02 13 ef 1b 01 06 ....Microsoft Wi-Fi Direct Virtual Adapter
11...00 13 ef 1b 01 06 ....Microsoft Wi-Fi Direct Virtual Adapter #2
10...00 50 56 c0 00 01 ....VMware Virtual Ethernet Adapter for VMnet1
6...00 50 56 c0 00 08 ....VMware Virtual Ethernet Adapter for VMnet8
8...00 13 ef 1b 01 06 ....Realtek 8812BU Wireless LAN 802.11ac USB NIC
1....Software Loopback Interface 1
=====

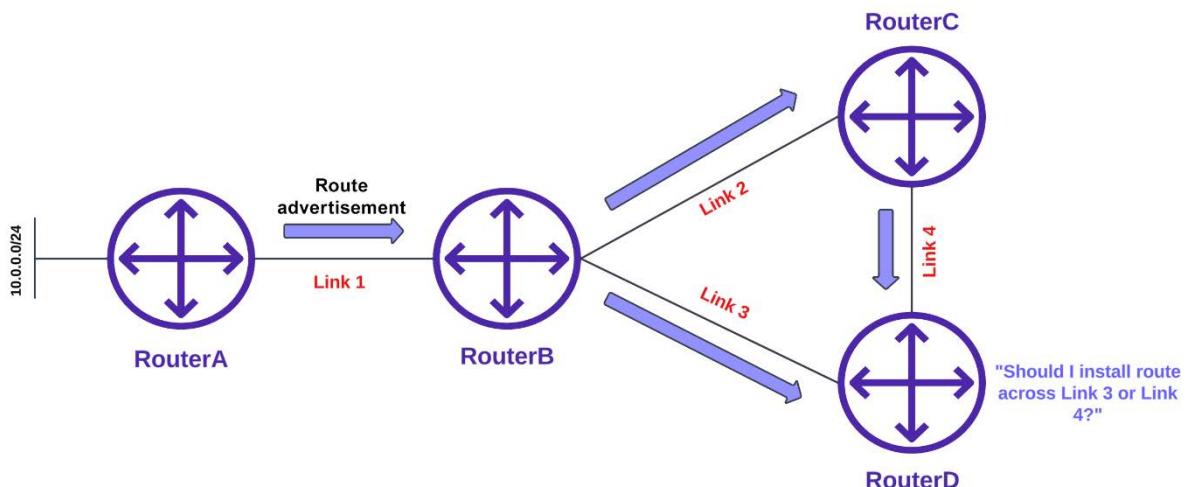
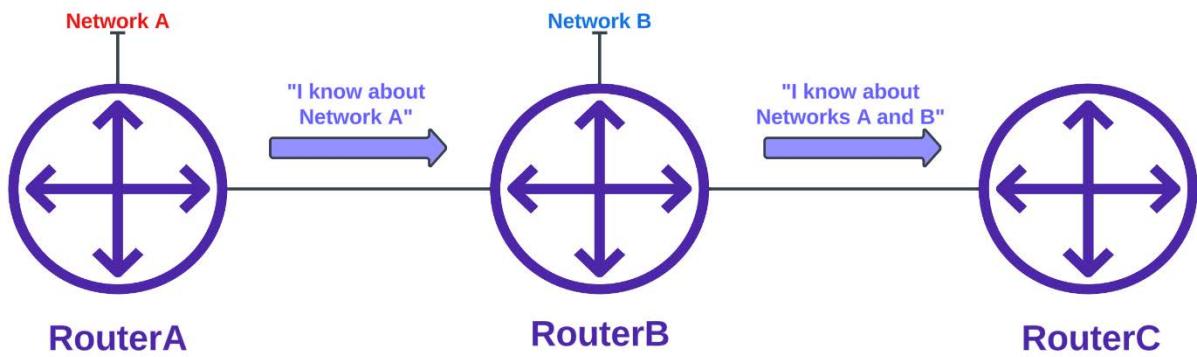
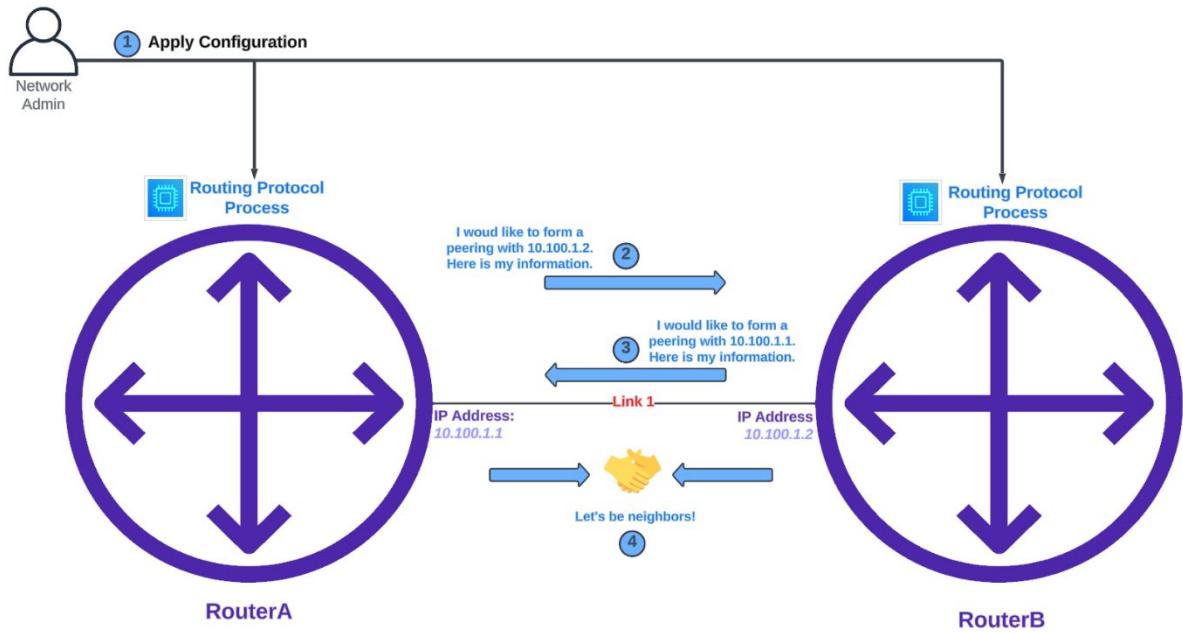
IPv4 Route Table
=====
Active Routes:
Network Destination      Netmask          Gateway        Interface Metric
          0.0.0.0        0.0.0.0    192.168.0.1    192.168.0.37   35
         127.0.0.0    255.0.0.0    On-link          127.0.0.1    331
         127.0.0.1  255.255.255.255    On-link          127.0.0.1    331
127.255.255.255  255.255.255.255    On-link          127.0.0.1    331
         192.168.0.0  255.255.255.0    On-link    192.168.0.37   291
     192.168.0.37  255.255.255.255    On-link    192.168.0.37   291
```

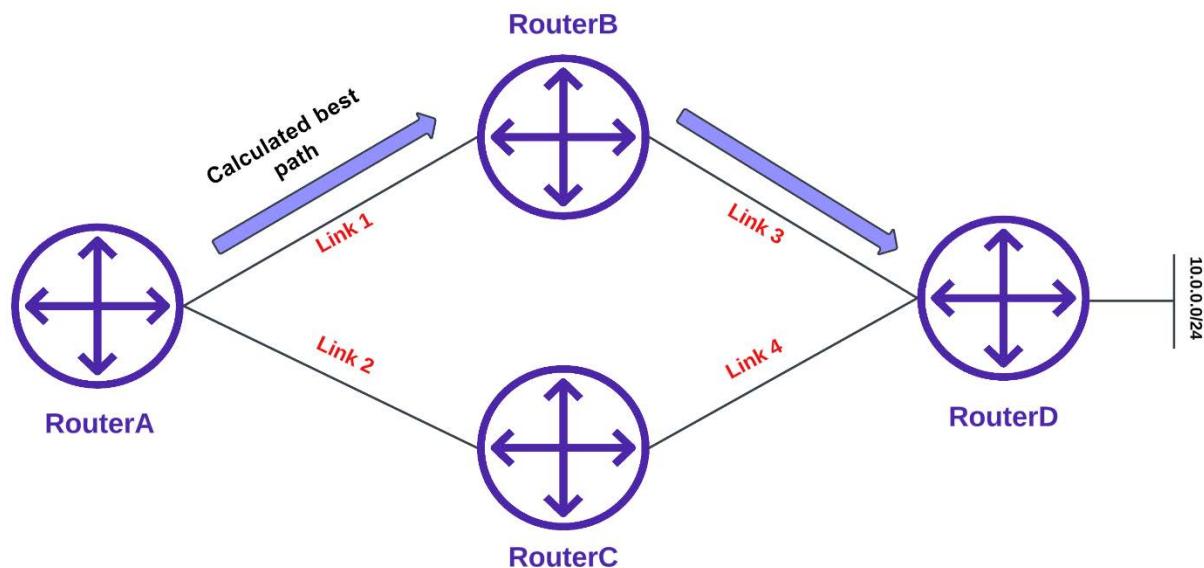
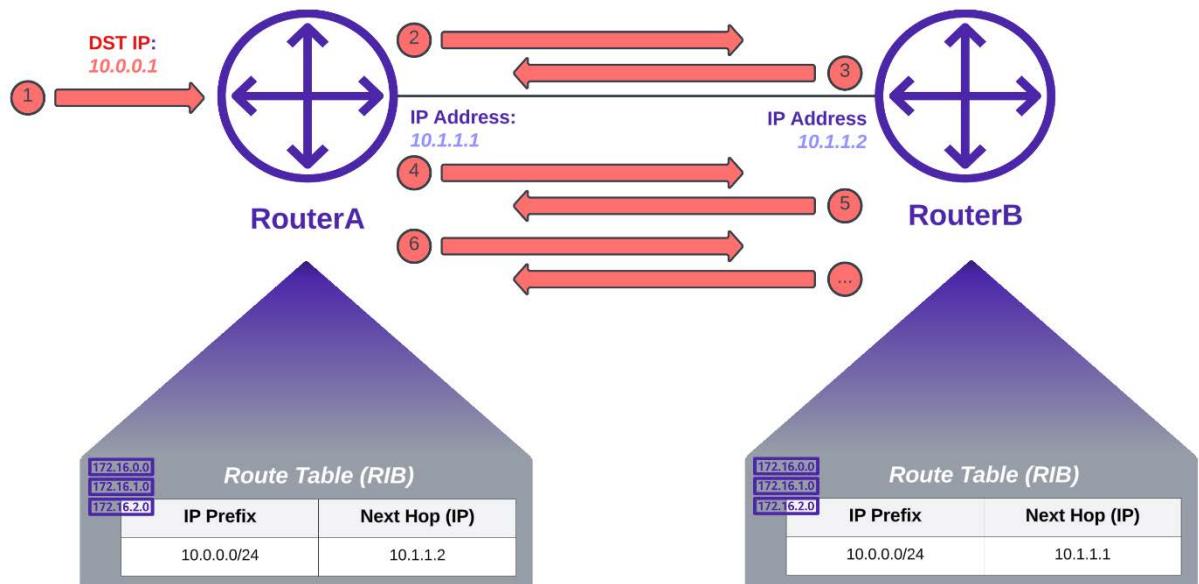
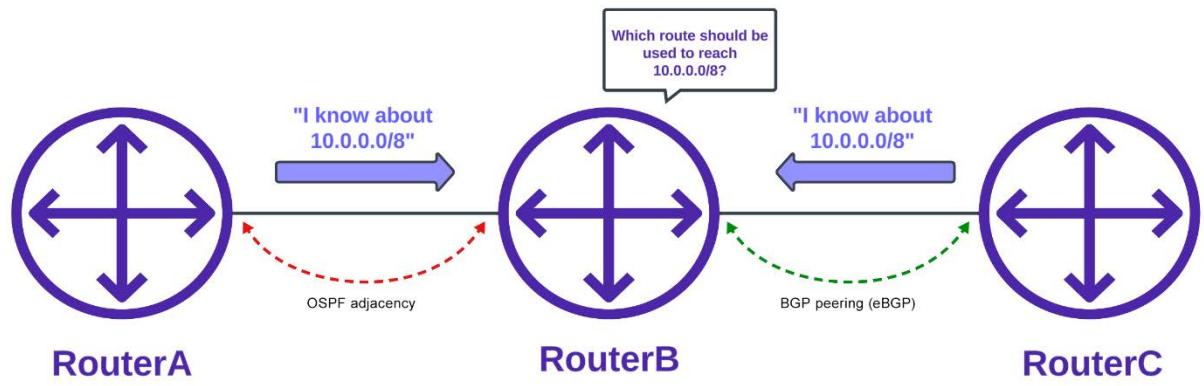
```
█████@ubuntu:~$ netstat -r
Kernel IP routing table
Destination      Gateway          Genmask        Flags  MSS Window irtt Iface
default        _gateway        0.0.0.0        UG        0 0          0 ens33
10.10.0.0      0.0.0.0        255.255.0.0    U        0 0          0 br-1bd7568ce6af
link-local      0.0.0.0        255.255.0.0    U        0 0          0 ens33
172.17.0.0      0.0.0.0        255.255.0.0    U        0 0          0 docker0
192.168.18.0    0.0.0.0        255.255.255.0  U        0 0          0 ens33
```

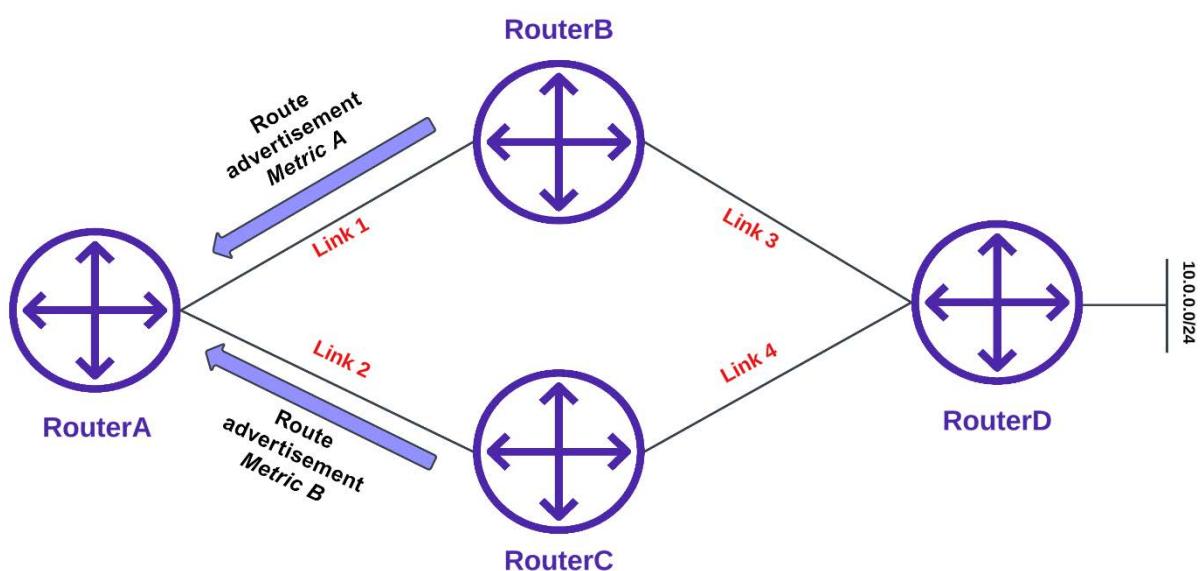
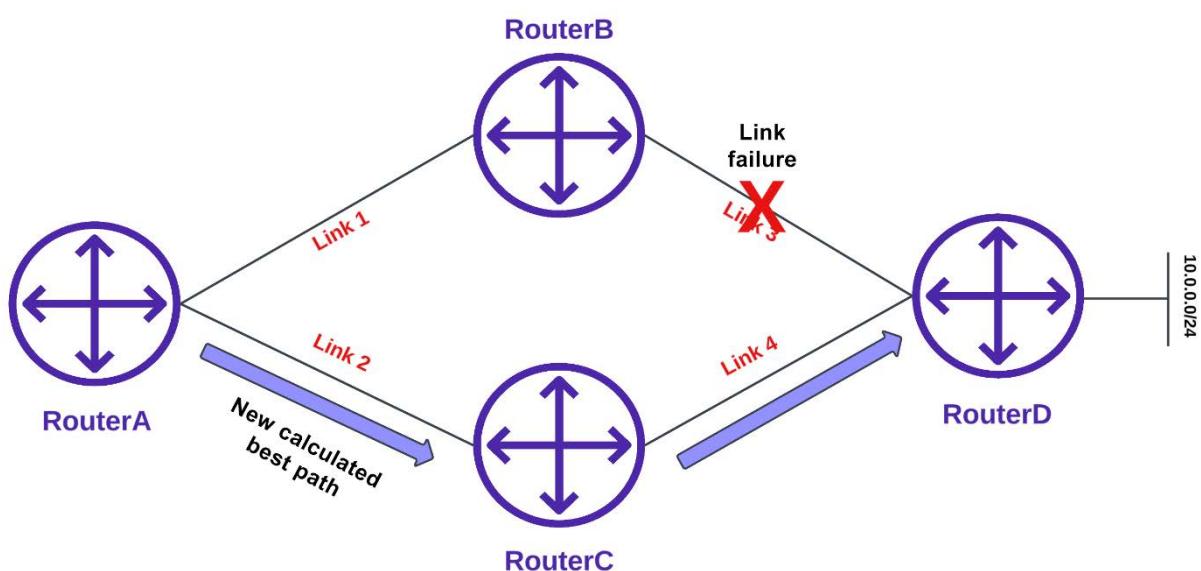
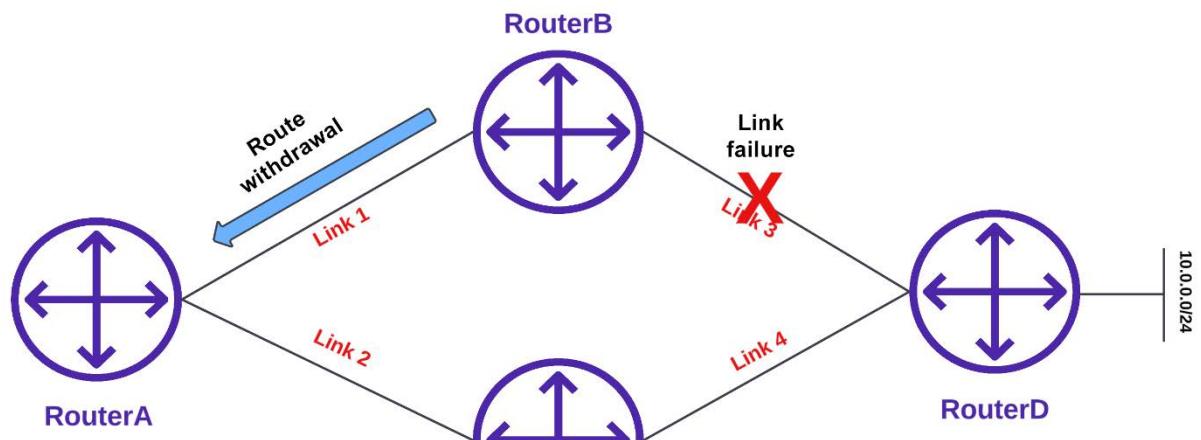


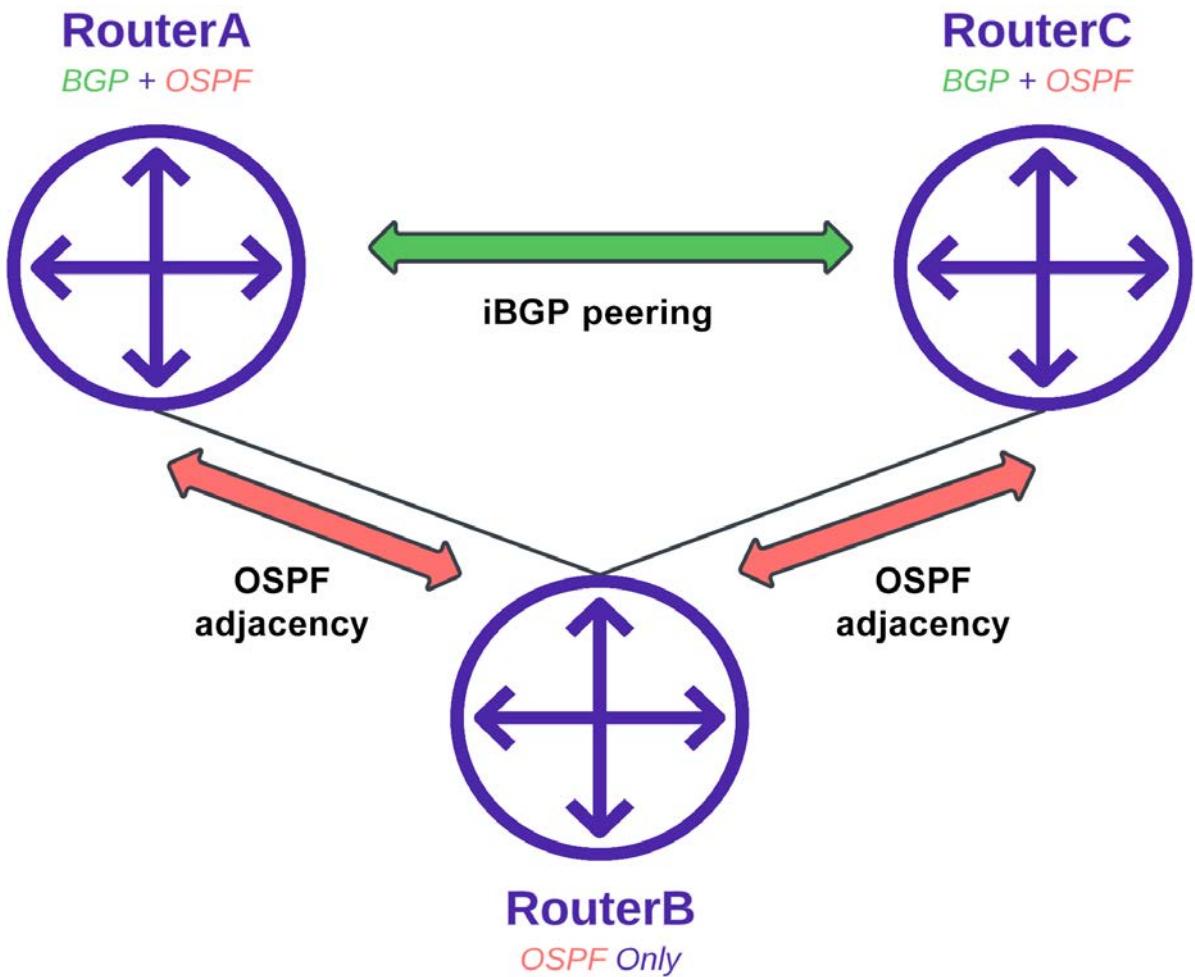
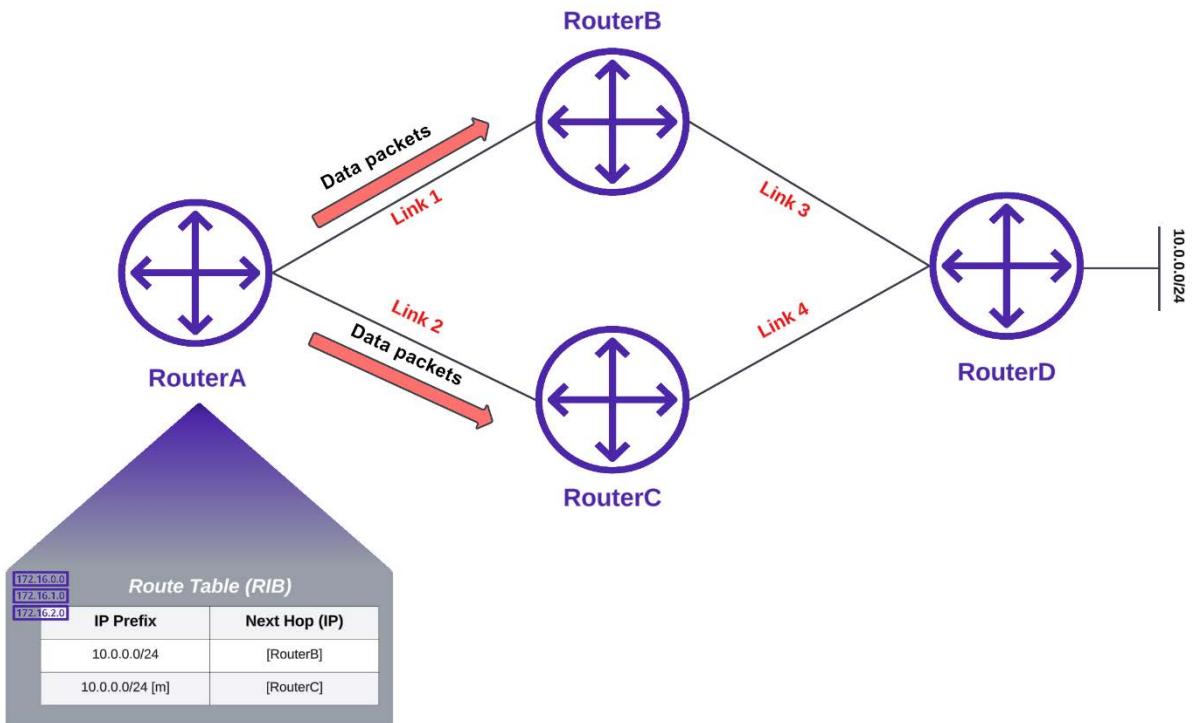
Control plane

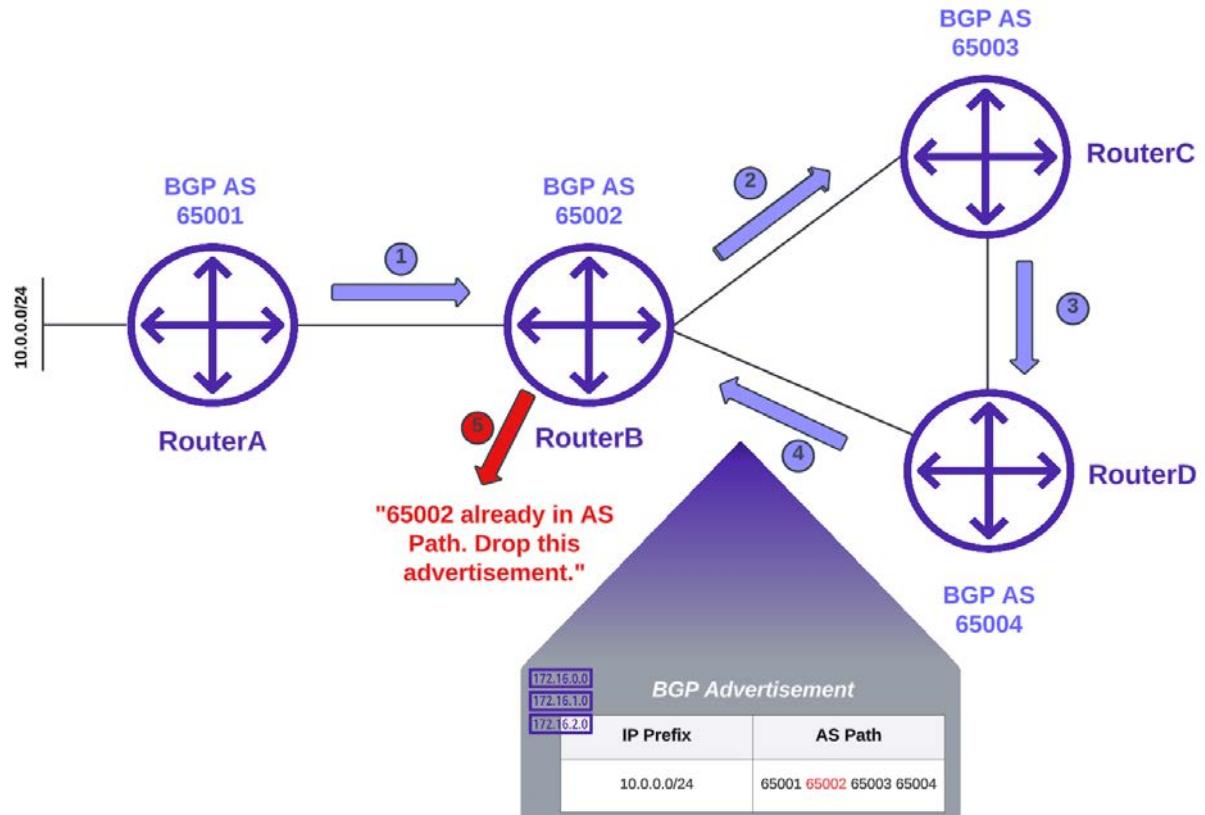




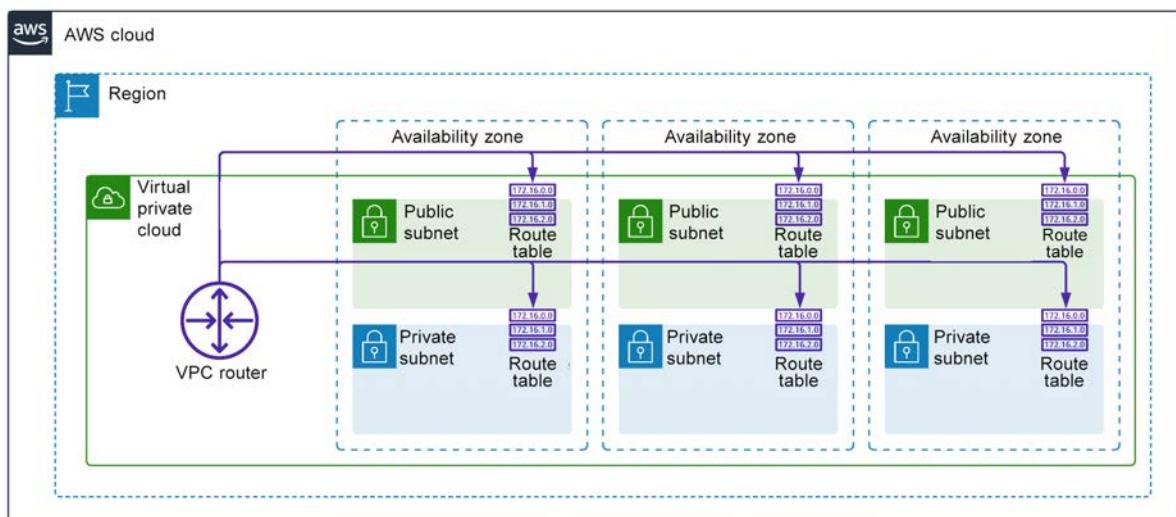
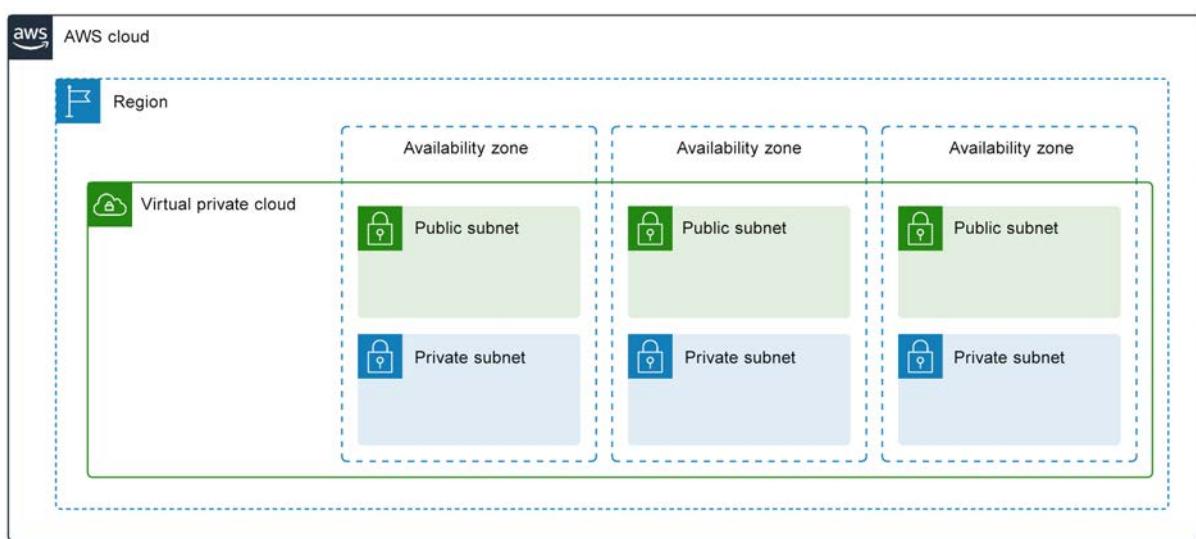
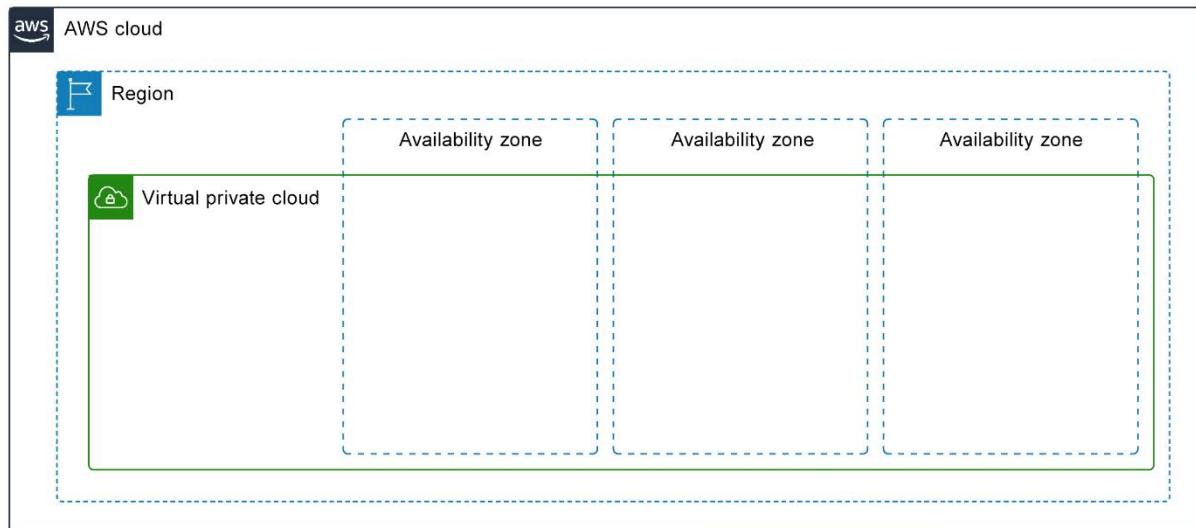


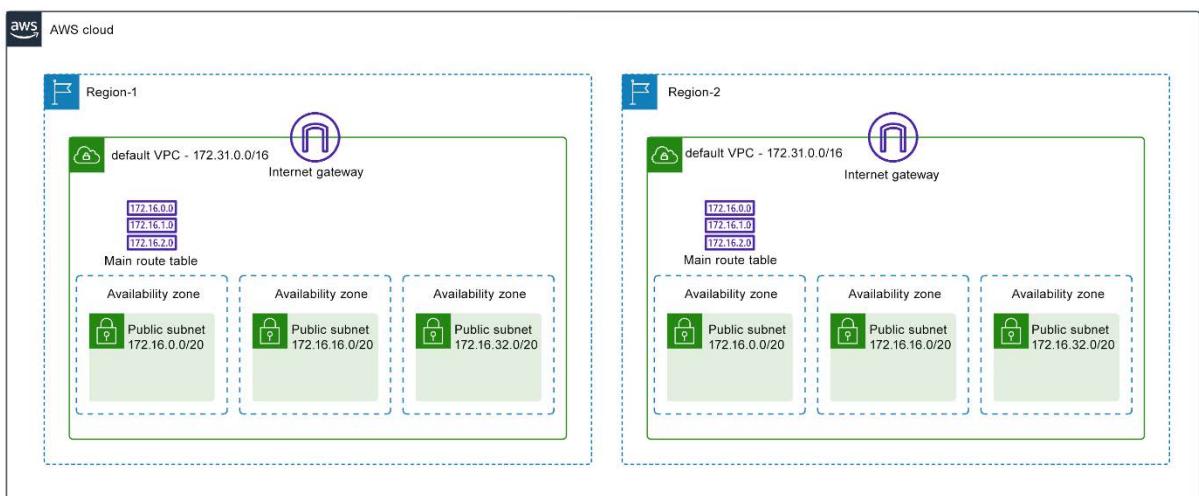
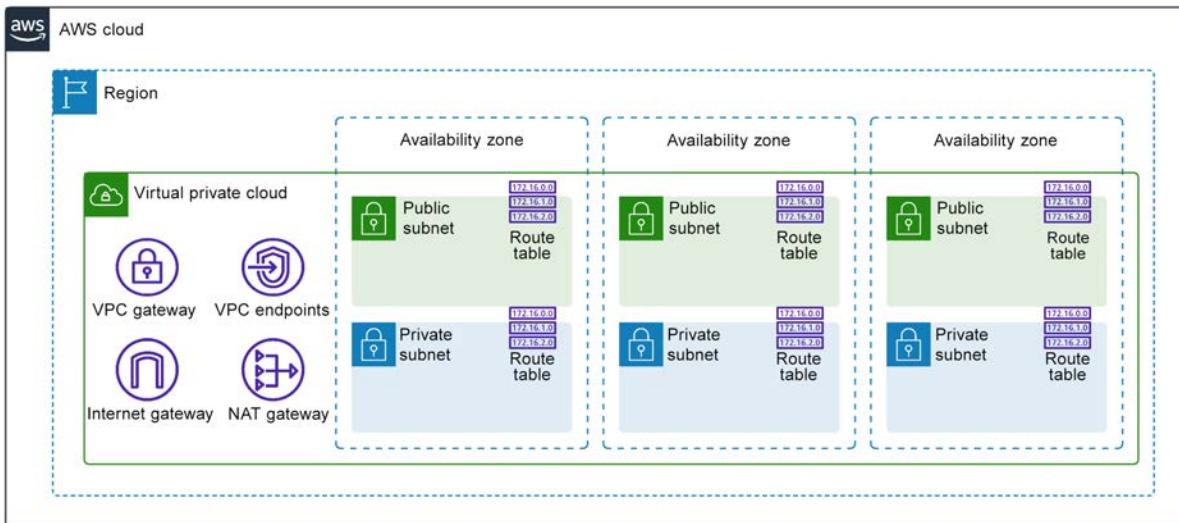






Appendix 3, VPC Networking Basics





VPC dashboard

EC2 Global View

Filter by VPC

Virtual private cloud

Your VPCs (1) Info

Last updated less than a minute ago

Name	VPC ID	State	IPv4 CIDR	IPv6 CIDR
-	vpc-5145a937	Available	172.31.0.0/16	-

Actions Create VPC

Subnets

A red arrow points from the "Your VPCs" link in the sidebar to the "Create VPC" button in the main table.

Create VPC Info

A VPC is an isolated portion of the AWS Cloud populated by AWS objects, such as Amazon EC2 instances.

VPC settings

Resources to create Info

Create only the VPC resource or the VPC and other networking resources.

 VPC only VPC and more

Name tag - *optional*

Creates a tag with a key of 'Name' and a value that you specify.

my-vpc-01

IPv4 CIDR block Info

- IPv4 CIDR manual input
- IPAM-allocated IPv4 CIDR block

IPv4 CIDR

10.0.0.0/24

CIDR block size must be between /16 and /28.

IPv6 CIDR block Info

- No IPv6 CIDR block
- IPAM-allocated IPv6 CIDR block
- Amazon-provided IPv6 CIDR block
- IPv6 CIDR owned by me

Tenancy Info

Default



Tags

A tag is a label that you assign to an AWS resource. Each tag consists of a key and an optional value. You can use tags to search and filter your resources or track your AWS costs.

No tags associated with the resource

[Add tag](#)

You can add 50 more tags

[Cancel](#)[Create VPC](#)

VPC settings

Resources to create: [Info](#)

Create only the VPC resource or the VPC and other networking resources.

VPC only VPC and more

Name tag auto-generation: [Info](#)

Enter a value for the Name tag. This value will be used to auto-generate Name tags for all resources in the VPC.

Auto-generate

IPv4 CIDR block: [Info](#)

Determine the starting IP and the size of your VPC using CIDR notation.

10.0.0.0/16	65,536 IPs
-------------	------------

CIDR block size must be between /16 and /28.

No IPv4 CIDR block Amazon-provided IPv4 CIDR block

Number of Availability Zones (AZs): [Info](#)

Choose the number of AZs in which to provision subnets. We recommend at least two AZs for high availability.

1	2	3
---	---	---

[▶ Customize AZs](#)

Number of public subnets: [Info](#)

The number of public subnets to add to your VPC. Use public subnets for web applications that need to be publicly accessible over the internet.

0	2	4
---	---	---

Number of private subnets: [Info](#)

The number of private subnets to add to your VPC. Use private subnets to secure backend resources that don't need public access.

0	2	4
---	---	---

[▶ Customize subnets CIDR blocks](#)

NAT gateways (\$): [Info](#)

Choose the number of Availability Zones (AZs) in which to create NAT gateways. Note that there is a charge for each NAT gateway.

None	In 1 AZ	1 per AZ
------	---------	----------

Egress only internet gateway: [Info](#)

IPv6 only. Allows outbound communication over IPv6 in your private subnets.

No	Yes
----	-----

VPC endpoints: [Info](#)

Endpoints can help reduce NAT gateway charges and improve security by accessing S3 directly from the VPC. By default, full access policy is used. You can customize this policy at any time.

None	S3 Gateway
------	------------

DNS options: [Info](#)

Enable DNS hostnames
 Enable DNS resolution

Preview

VPC dashboard [X](#)

Your VPCs (2) info

Name	VPC ID	State	IPv4 CIDR	IPv6 CIDR	DHCP option set
---	YVR-...	Available	172.31.0.0/16	2600:1f18:526d:3900::/56	
test-vpc	YVR-...	Available	10.0.0.0/16	-	

Last updated less than a minute ago [Actions](#) [Create VPC](#) [Edit](#)

[EC2 Global View](#) [Filter by VPC](#)

[Virtual private cloud](#)

[Your VPCs](#)

[Subnets](#)

Your VPCs [Info](#)

Last updated less than a minute ago

Actions ▾ [Create VPC](#)

Create default VPC

Create flow log

Edit VPC settings

Edit CIDRs

Manage middlebox routes

Manage tags

Delete VPC

Search

Name	VPC ID	State
No VPCs found in this Region		

IPv6 CI

[VPC](#) > [Your VPCs](#) > Create default VPC

Create default VPC [Info](#)

Default VPC

A default VPC enables you to launch Amazon EC2 resources without having to create and configure your own VPC and subnets. We'll create a default VPC with a default subnet in each Availability Zone, an internet gateway, and a route table with a route to the internet gateway.

Cancel

[Create default VPC](#)

Add IPv6 CIDR

X

IPv6 CIDR block

- IPAM-allocated IPv6 CIDR block
- Amazon-provided IPv6 CIDR block
- IPv6 CIDR owned by me

Network border group

A network border group is a unique group of Zones from where IPv4 and IPv6 IP addresses are advertised. All Availability Zones in this VPC will use this network border group.

us-east-1

us-east-1

us-east-1a us-east-1b us-east-1c us-east-1d us-east-1e us-east-1f



Cancel

[Select CIDR](#)

Add IPv6 CIDR

X

IPv6 CIDR block

- IPAM-allocated IPv6 CIDR block
- Amazon-provided IPv6 CIDR block
- IPv6 CIDR owned by me

Pool

Choose pool



Pool CIDRs

-

CancelSelect CIDR

Your VPCs (1/1) [Info](#)

Last updated 20 minutes ago

Name	VPC ID	State	Actions ▲
example-vpc	vpc-061398475af93e0fe	Available	Edit CIDRs

[Create default VPC](#)

[Create flow log](#)

[Edit VPC settings](#)

[Edit CIDRs](#)

[Manage middlebox routes](#)

[Manage tags](#)

[Delete VPC](#)

↗

Edit CIDRs Info

Add or remove CIDR blocks for your VPC.

IPv4 CIDRs Info

CIDR

Status

10.0.0.0/16

Associated

Remove

Add new IPv4 CIDR



IPv6 CIDRs Info

CIDR (Network border group)

Pool

Status

You have no IPv6 CIDR blocks associated with your VPC.

Add new IPv6 CIDR



Close

Add IPv4 CIDR

X

IPv4 CIDR block

- IPv4 CIDR manual input
- IPAM-allocated IPv4 CIDR

IPv4 CIDR

10.0.0.0/16

CIDR block size must be between /16 and /28.

Cancel

Save

Add IPv6 CIDR

X

IPv6 CIDR block

- IPAM-allocated IPv6 CIDR block
- Amazon-provided IPv6 CIDR block
- IPv6 CIDR owned by me

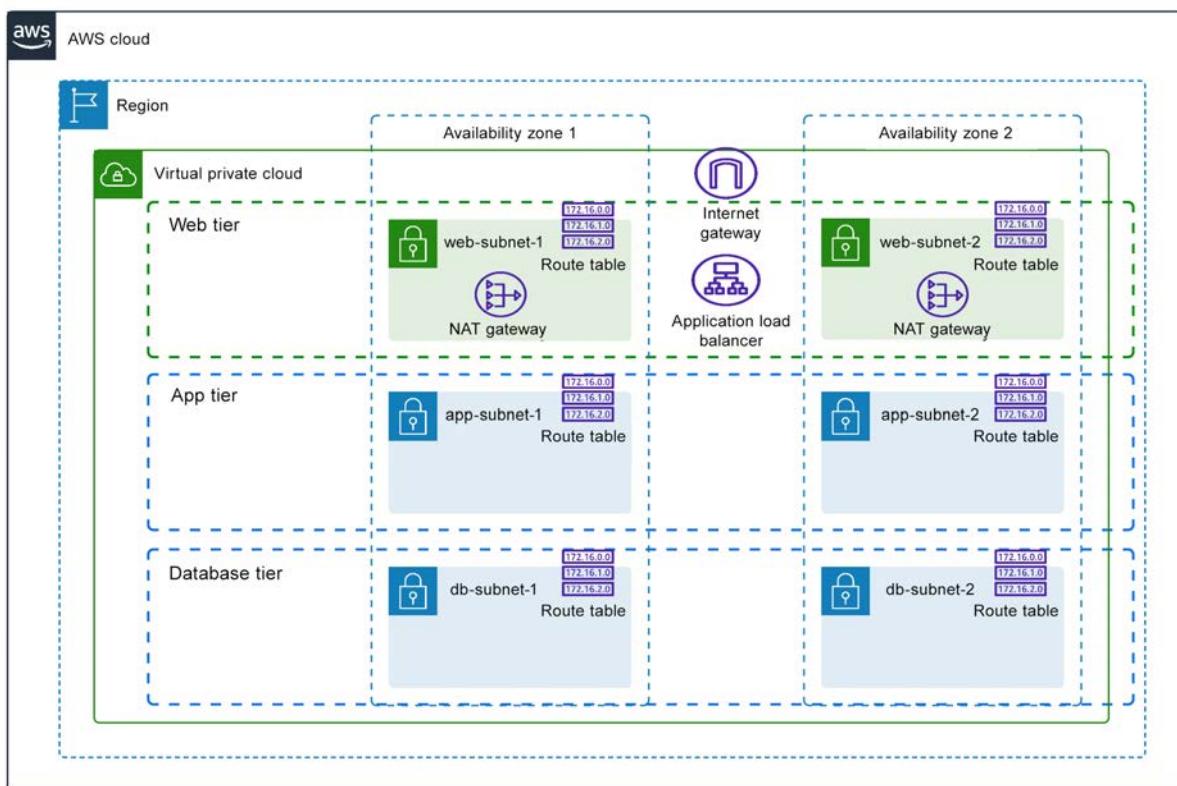
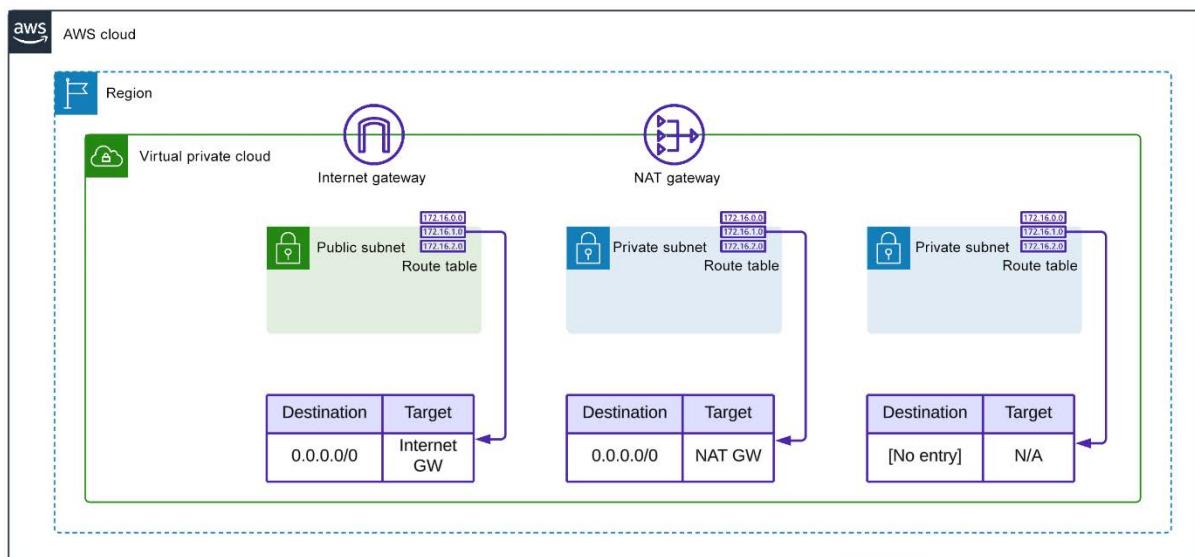
Network border group

A network border group is a unique group of Zones from where IPv4 and IPv6 IP addresses are advertised. All Availability Zones in this VPC will use this network border group.

ap-southeast-2

Cancel

Select CIDR



VPC dashboard

EC2 Global View

Filter by VPC

Virtual private cloud

Your VPCs

Subnets

Route tables

Internet gateways

Egress-only Internet gateways

Subnets Info

Last updated less than a minute ago

Actions Create subnet

Select a subnet

Find resources by attribute or tag

Name	Subnet ID	State	VPC
No subnet found			

Create subnet Info

VPC

VPC ID

Create subnets in this VPC.

vpc-061398475af93e0fe (example-vpc) ▾

Associated VPC CIDRs

IPv4 CIDRs

10.0.0.0/16

Subnet settings

Specify the CIDR blocks and Availability Zone for the subnet.

Subnet 1 of 1

Subnet name

Create a tag with a key of 'Name' and a value that you specify.

my-subnet-01 ▾

The name can be up to 256 characters long.

Availability Zone Info

Choose the zone in which your subnet will reside, or let Amazon choose one for you.

No preference ▾

IPv4 VPC CIDR block Info

Choose the VPC's IPv4 CIDR block for the subnet. The subnet's IPv4 CIDR must lie within this block.

10.0.0.0/16 ▾

IPv4 subnet CIDR block

10.0.1.0/24

256 IPs

< > ^ v

▼ Tags - optional

No tags associated with the resource.

Add new tag

You can add 50 more tags.

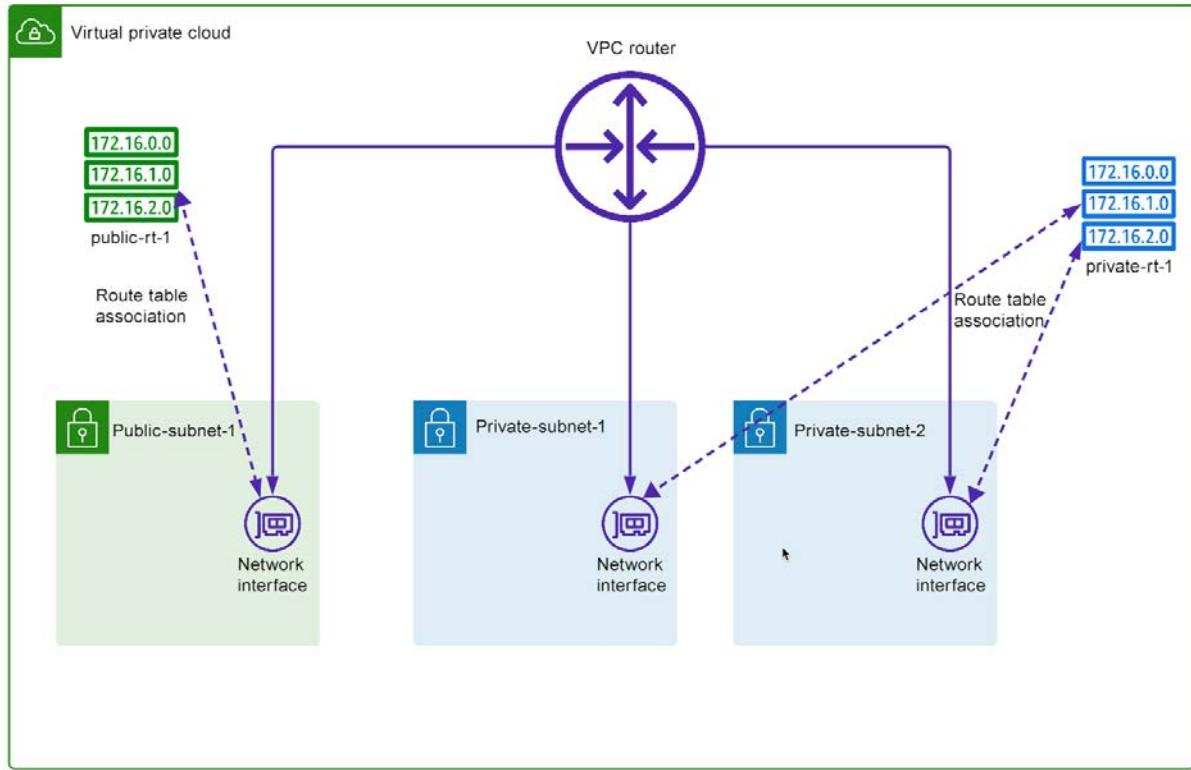
Remove

Add new subnet

Configure additional subnets

Cancel

Create subnet



VPC > Route tables > rtb-0c6bd67941c2574ef

rtb-0c6bd67941c2574ef / route-table-test-01

Actions ▾

Details		Info	
Route table ID	rtb-0c6bd67941c2574ef	Main	No
VPC	vpc-021c84d09b2b7a0d0 vpc-use1-test	Owner ID	[REDACTED]
		Explicit subnet associations	-
		Edge associations	-

Routes Subnet associations Edge associations Route propagation Tags

Routes (3)

Both ▾ Edit routes

Destination	Target	Status	Propagated
0.0.0.0/0	igw-0a5bb0ff69314b96	Active	No
10.0.0.0/24	local	Active	No
10.140.0.0/16	pcx-0c0f4d7d60586f64b	Active	No

Routes (3)

Both ▾ Edit routes

Destination	Target	Status	Propagated
0.0.0.0/0	igw-0a5bb0ff69314b96	Active	No
10.0.0.0/24	local	Active	No
10.140.0.0/16	pcx-0c0f4d7d60586f64b	Blackhole	No

Route tables (1/3) [Info](#)

Last updated 12 minutes ago [C](#) Actions [Create route table](#)

<input type="checkbox"/>	Name	Route table ID	Explicit s...	Edge associations	Main
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	-	rtb-0088e066078003074	-	-	Yes
<input type="checkbox"/>	route-table-test-01	rtb-0c6bd67941c2574ef	-	-	No

rtb-0088e066078003074

[Details](#) | [Routes](#) | [Subnet associations](#) | [Edge associations](#) | [Route propagation](#) | [Tags](#)

Details

Route table ID rtb-0088e066078003074	Main <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Yes	Explicit subnet associations -	Edge associations -
VPC vpc-0c953a08a371039c7	Owner ID [REDACTED]		

Route tables (1/2) [Info](#)

Last updated less than a minute ago [C](#) Actions [Create route table](#)

<input type="checkbox"/>	Name	Route table ID	Explicit subnet associations	Edge associations
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	route-table-public-01	rtb-05e23849b86d939a8	subnet-0134258570f74be2f / public-subnet-01	-
<input type="checkbox"/>	route-table-private-01	rtb-0c6bd67941c2574ef	subnet-0ffabbd4cf7346ab6f / private-subnet-01	-

rtb-05e23849b86d939a8 / route-table-public-01

[Details](#) | [Routes](#) | [Subnet associations](#) | [Edge associations](#) | [Route propagation](#) | [Tags](#)

Explicit subnet associations (1)

[Edit subnet associations](#)

<input type="checkbox"/>	Name	Subnet ID	IPv4 CIDR	IPv6 CIDR
	public-subnet-01	subnet-0134258570f74be2f	10.0.0.16/28	-

Subnets (1/2) [Info](#)

Last updated 3 minutes ago [Actions](#) [Create subnet](#)

Find resources by attribute or tag

[Details](#) [Flow logs](#) [Route table](#) [Network ACL](#) [CIDR reservations](#) [Sharing](#) [Tags](#)

Route table: rtb-05e23849b86d939a8 / route-table-public-01

[Edit route table association](#)

Routes (2)

Filter routes

Destination	Target
10.0.0.0/24	local
0.0.0.0/0	igw-0a5bb00ff69314b96

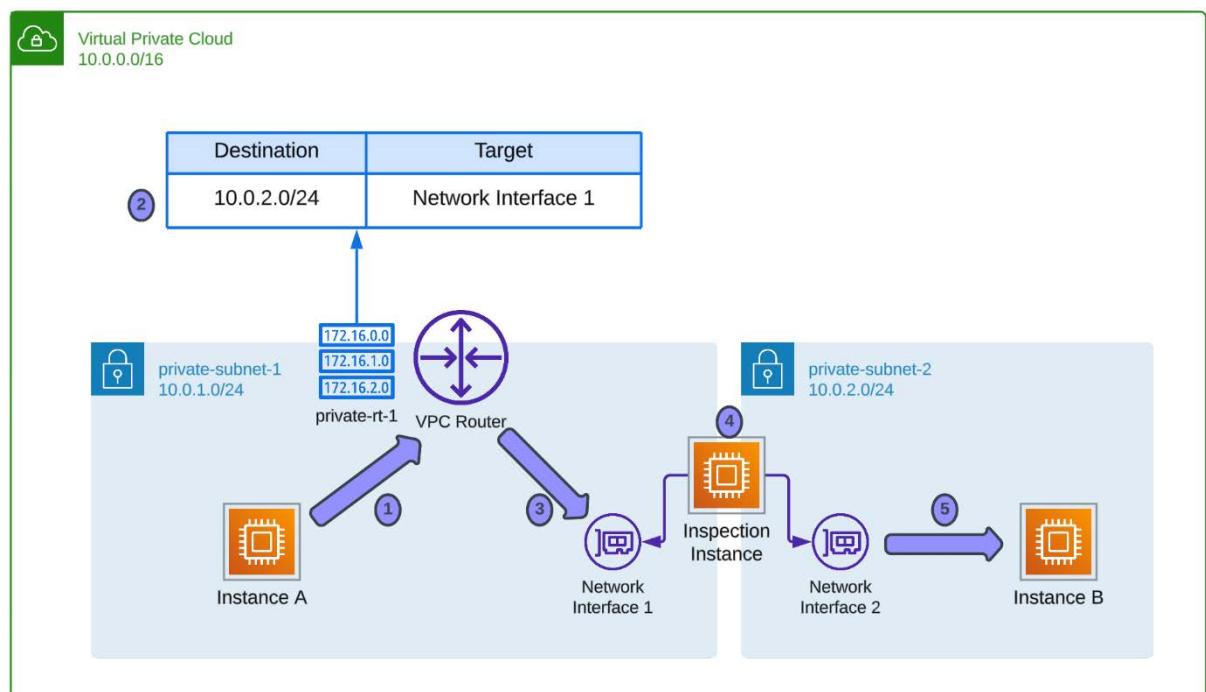
rtb-05e23849b86d939a8 / route-table-public-01

[Details](#) [Routes](#) [Subnet associations](#) [Edge associations](#) [Route propagation](#) [Tags](#)

Routes (2)

Filter routes

Destination	Target	Status	Propagated
0.0.0.0/0	igw-0a5bb00ff69314b96	Active	No
10.0.0.0/24	local	Active	No



VPC dashboard

Route tables (1) Info

Last updated 14 minutes ago **C** Actions **Create route table**

Find resources by attribute or tag

Name	Route table ID	Explicit subnet associations	Edge ass.
-	rtb-009455eca80e7a9c0	-	-

Virtual private cloud

Your VPCs

Subnets

Route tables Route tables

Internet gateways

Egress-only Internet

[VPC](#) > [Route tables](#) > Create route table

Create route table Info

A route table specifies how packets are forwarded between the subnets within your VPC, the internet, and your VPN connection.

Route table settings

Name - optional
Create a tag with a key of 'Name' and a value that you specify.

VPC
The VPC to use for this route table.

Tags

A tag is a label that you assign to an AWS resource. Each tag consists of a key and an optional value. You can use tags to search and filter your resources or track your AWS costs.

No tags associated with the resource.

Add new tag

You can add 50 more tags.

Cancel **Create route table**

rtb-06a2659bc8fc90b7e / example-route-table [Details](#) [Info](#)

Route table ID

[rtb-06a2659bc8fc90b7e](#)

Main

 No

Explicit subnet associations

-

Edge

-

VPC
[vpc-061398475af93e0fe](#) |
example-vpc

Owner ID

 637132168754

- [Actions ▲](#)
- [Set main route table](#)
- [Edit subnet associations](#)
- [Edit edge associations](#)
- [Edit route propagation](#)
- [Edit routes](#)
- [Manage tags](#)
- [Delete](#)

[Routes](#)[Subnet associations](#)[Edge associations](#)[Route propagation](#)[Tags](#)**Routes (1)** Filter routes

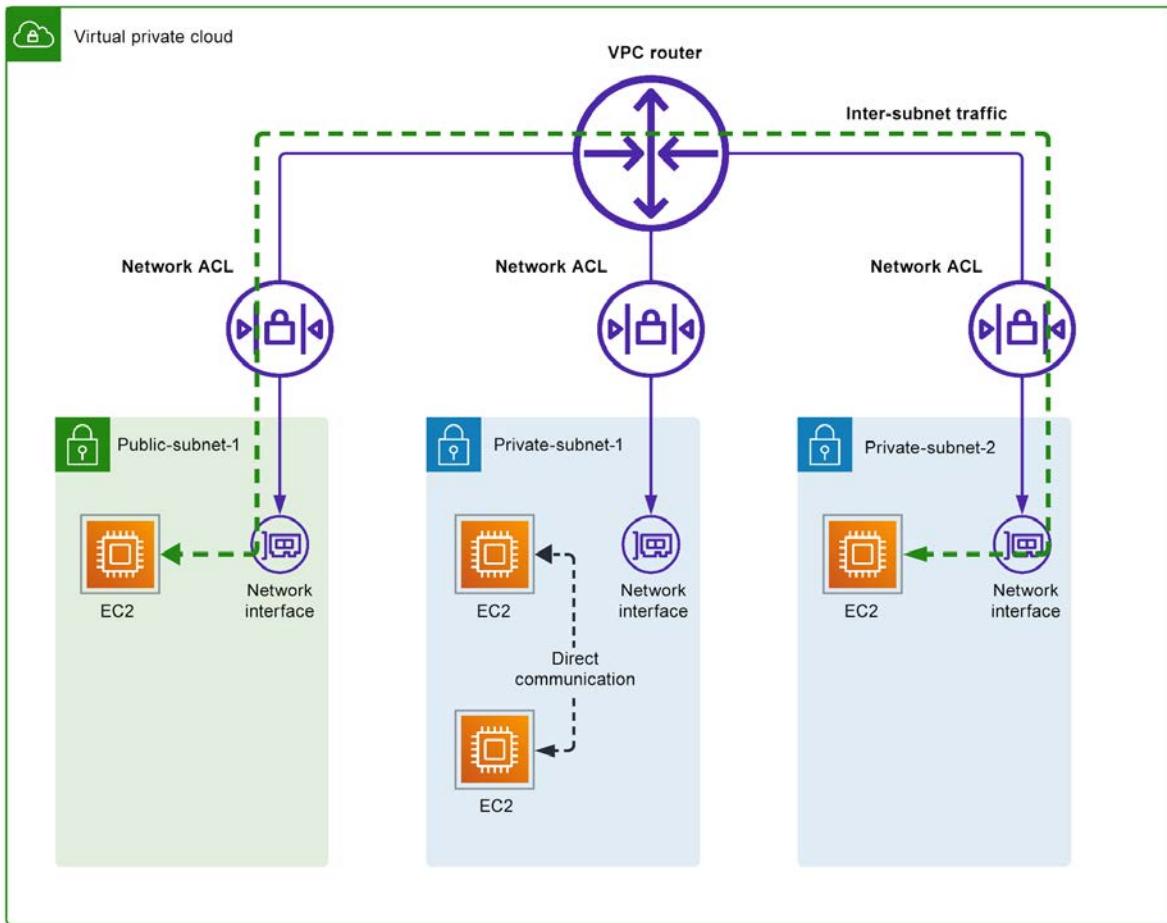
Both ▾

[Edit routes](#)

< 1 > ⚙

Destination	Target	Status	Propagated
10.0.0.0/16	local	 Active	No

Appendix 4, VPC Security and External Connectivity



acl-01e24ab98687a78c8 / test-nacl

Details	Inbound rules	Outbound rules	Subnet associations	Tags																																				
Inbound rules (5) <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> Filter inbound rules Edit inbound rules </div> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Rule number</th> <th>Type</th> <th>Protocol</th> <th>Port range</th> <th>Source</th> <th>Allow/Deny</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>100</td> <td>HTTPS (443)</td> <td>TCP (6)</td> <td>443</td> <td>10.10.0.0/16</td> <td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Allow</td> </tr> <tr> <td>150</td> <td>SSH (22)</td> <td>TCP (6)</td> <td>22</td> <td>10.0.0.0/8</td> <td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Allow</td> </tr> <tr> <td>200</td> <td>All ICMP - IPv4</td> <td>ICMP (1)</td> <td>All</td> <td>0.0.0.0/0</td> <td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Deny</td> </tr> <tr> <td>*</td> <td>All traffic</td> <td>All</td> <td>All</td> <td>0.0.0.0/0</td> <td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Deny</td> </tr> <tr> <td>*</td> <td>All traffic</td> <td>All</td> <td>All</td> <td>::/0</td> <td><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Deny</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>					Rule number	Type	Protocol	Port range	Source	Allow/Deny	100	HTTPS (443)	TCP (6)	443	10.10.0.0/16	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Allow	150	SSH (22)	TCP (6)	22	10.0.0.0/8	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Allow	200	All ICMP - IPv4	ICMP (1)	All	0.0.0.0/0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Deny	*	All traffic	All	All	0.0.0.0/0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Deny	*	All traffic	All	All	::/0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Deny
Rule number	Type	Protocol	Port range	Source	Allow/Deny																																			
100	HTTPS (443)	TCP (6)	443	10.10.0.0/16	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Allow																																			
150	SSH (22)	TCP (6)	22	10.0.0.0/8	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Allow																																			
200	All ICMP - IPv4	ICMP (1)	All	0.0.0.0/0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Deny																																			
*	All traffic	All	All	0.0.0.0/0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Deny																																			
*	All traffic	All	All	::/0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Deny																																			

acl-01e24ab98687a78c8 / test-nacl

Details	Inbound rules	Outbound rules	Subnet associations	Tags
Outbound rules (4)				
<input type="text"/> Filter outbound rules				
Rule number	Type	Protocol	Port range	Destination
100	All traffic	All	All	0.0.0.0/0
200	All traffic	All	All	::/0
*	All traffic	All	All	0.0.0.0/0
*	All traffic	All	All	::/0
Inbound rules (7)				
<input type="text"/> Filter inbound rules				
Rule number	Type	Protocol	Port range	Source
100	HTTPS (443)	TCP (6)	443	10.10.0.0/16
150	SSH (22)	TCP (6)	22	10.0.0.0/8
200	All ICMP - IPv4	ICMP (1)	All	0.0.0.0/0
3000	All traffic	All	All	0.0.0.0/0
3001	All traffic	All	All	::/0
*	All traffic	All	All	0.0.0.0/0
*	All traffic	All	All	::/0

Network ACLs (1/1) [Info](#)

[C](#) Actions [Create network ACL](#)

Find resources by attribute or tag

Network ACL ID : [acl-05fedf7c4dd3f36fb](#) [X](#) Clear filters

< 1 > [Edit](#)

<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Name	Network ACL ID	Associated with	Default	VPC ID
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	-	acl-05fedf7c4dd3f36fb	2 Subnets	Yes	vpc-093f39

acl-05fedf7c4dd3f36fb

Details [Inbound rules](#) [Outbound rules](#) [Subnet associations](#) [Tags](#)

Inbound rules (4)

[Edit inbound rules](#)

Filter inbound rules

Rule number	Type	Protocol	Port range	Source	Allow/Deny
100	All traffic	All	All	0.0.0.0/0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Allow
101	All traffic	All	All	::/0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Allow
*	All traffic	All	All	0.0.0.0/0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Deny
*	All traffic	All	All	::/0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Deny

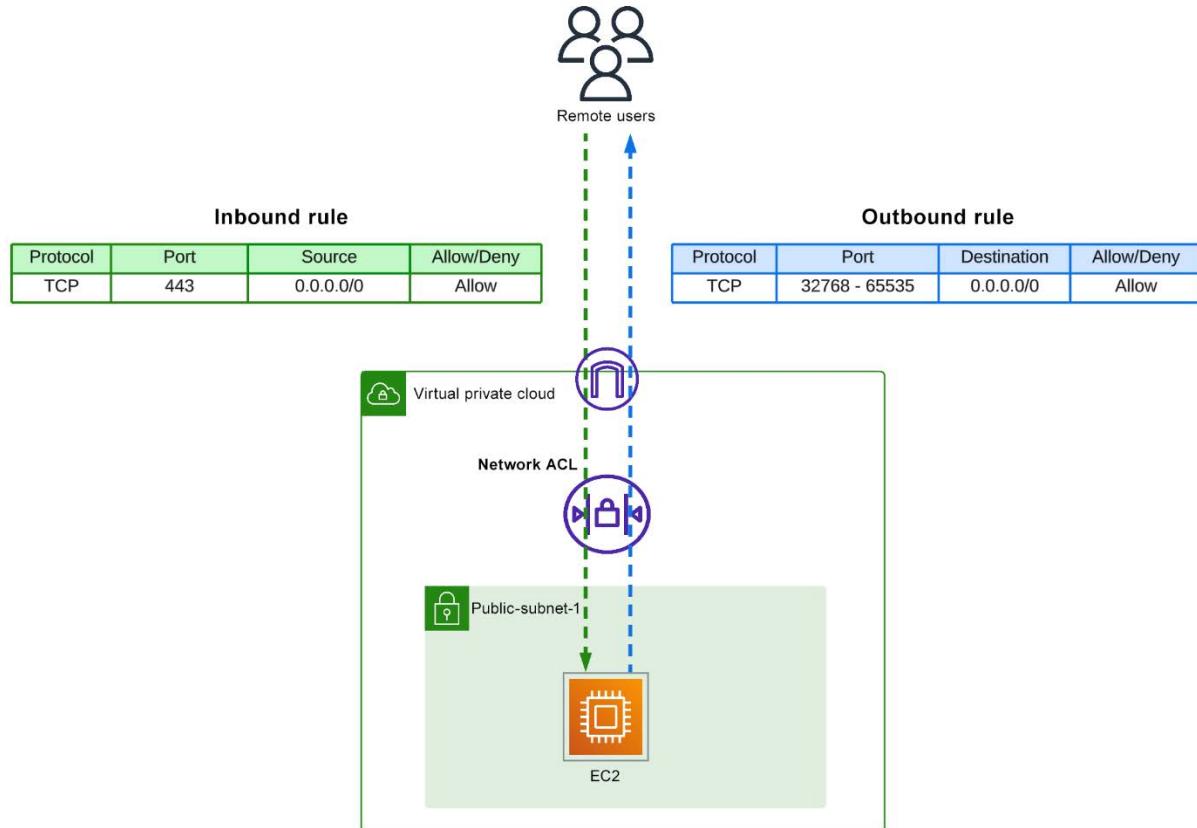
Details [Inbound rules](#) [Outbound rules](#) [Subnet associations](#) [Tags](#)

Outbound rules (4)

[Edit outbound rules](#)

Filter outbound rules

Rule number	Type	Protocol	Port range	Destination	Allow/Deny
100	All traffic	All	All	0.0.0.0/0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Allow
101	All traffic	All	All	::/0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Allow
*	All traffic	All	All	0.0.0.0/0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Deny
*	All traffic	All	All	::/0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Deny



Inbound rules (7)							Edit inbound rules			
<input type="text"/> Filter inbound rules							<	1	>	⚙️
Rule number	Type	Protocol	Port range	Source	Allow/Deny	⋮				
100	HTTPS (443)	TCP (6)	443	0.0.0.0/0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Allow	⋮				
110	All traffic	All	All	0.0.0.0/0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Allow	⋮				
120	SSH (22)	TCP (6)	22	10.0.0.0/8	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Allow	⋮				
130	SSH (22)	TCP (6)	22	0.0.0.0/0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Deny	⋮				
200	All ICMP - IPv4	ICMP (1)	All	0.0.0.0/0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Deny	⋮				
*	All traffic	All	All	0.0.0.0/0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Deny	⋮				

Inbound rules (7)							Edit inbound rules			
<input type="text"/> Filter inbound rules							<	1	>	⚙️
Rule number	Type	Protocol	Port range	Source	Allow/Deny	⋮				
100	HTTPS (443)	TCP (6)	443	0.0.0.0/0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Allow	⋮				
110	SSH (22)	TCP (6)	22	10.0.0.0/8	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Allow	⋮				
120	SSH (22)	TCP (6)	22	0.0.0.0/0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Deny	⋮				
130	All ICMP - IPv4	ICMP (1)	All	0.0.0.0/0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Deny	⋮				
200	All traffic	All	All	0.0.0.0/0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Allow	⋮				
*	All traffic	All	All	0.0.0.0/0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Deny	⋮				
*	All traffic	All	All	::/0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Deny	⋮				

Rule number	Type	Protocol	Port range	Source	Allow/Deny
500	Custom ICMP - IPv4	ICMP (1)	Destination Unreachable	0.0.0.0/0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Allow
501	Custom ICMP - IPv6	IPv6-ICMP (58)	Destination Unreachable	::/0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Allow

Rule number	Type	Protocol	Port range	Source	Allow/Deny
600	Custom ICMP - IPv4	ICMP (1)	Time Exceeded	0.0.0.0/0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Allow
601	Custom ICMP - IPv6	IPv6-ICMP (58)	Time Exceeded	::/0	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Allow

VPC dashboard X

EC2 Global View []

Filter by VPC ▼

Virtual private cloud

Security ▼

Network ACLs Info

No network ACLs found in this Region

Select a network ACL

[] [] []

VPC > Network ACLs > Create network ACL

Create network ACL Info

A network ACL is an optional layer of security that acts as a firewall for controlling traffic in and out of a subnet.

Network ACL settings

Name - *optional*

Creates a tag with a key of 'Name' and a value that you specify.

my-acl-01

VPC

VPC to use for this network ACL.

Select a VPC

Tags

A tag is a label that you assign to an AWS resource. Each tag consists of a key and an optional value. You can use tags to search and filter your resources or track your AWS costs.

No tags associated with the resource

Add tag

You can add 50 more tags

Cancel

Create network ACL

Network ACLs (1/1) Info

Find resources by attribute or tag

Network ACL ID : acl-0a78bc1f48820cb9 X

Name ▼

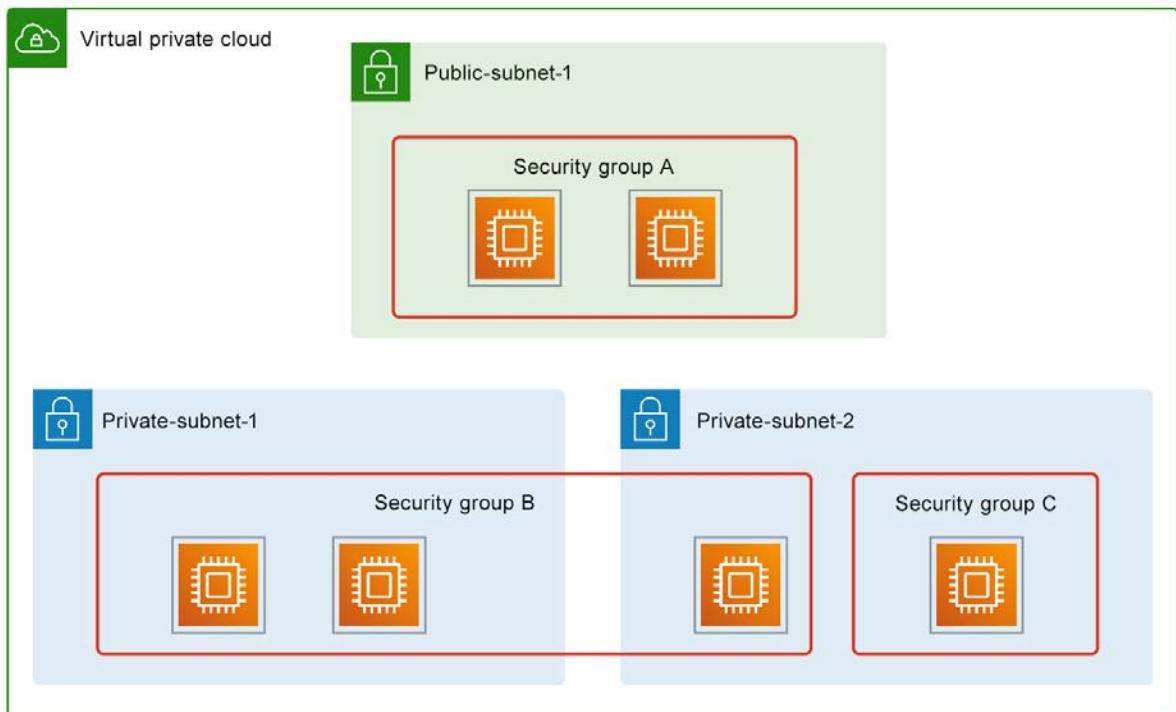
Network ACL ID ▼

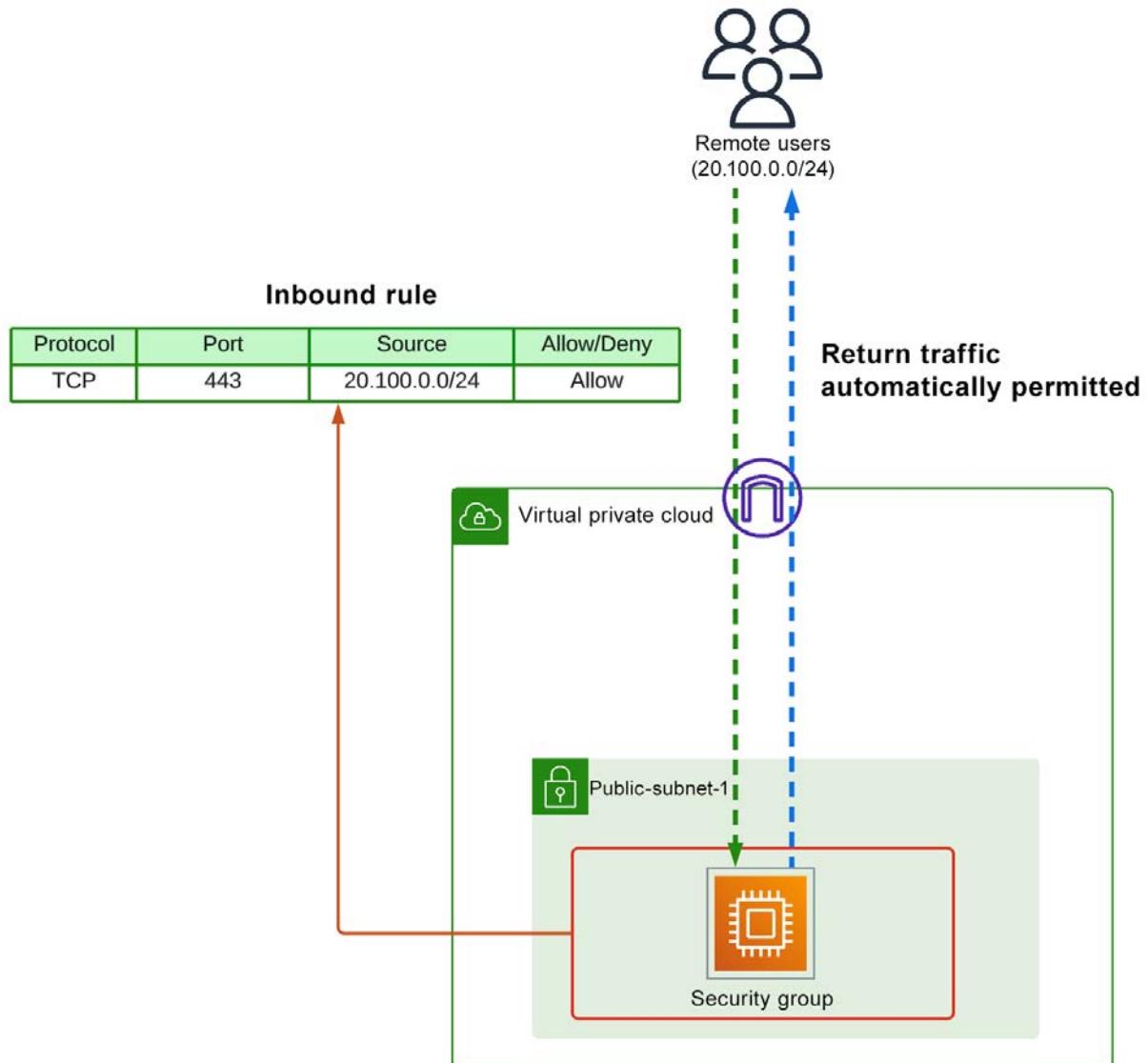
Associated with ▼

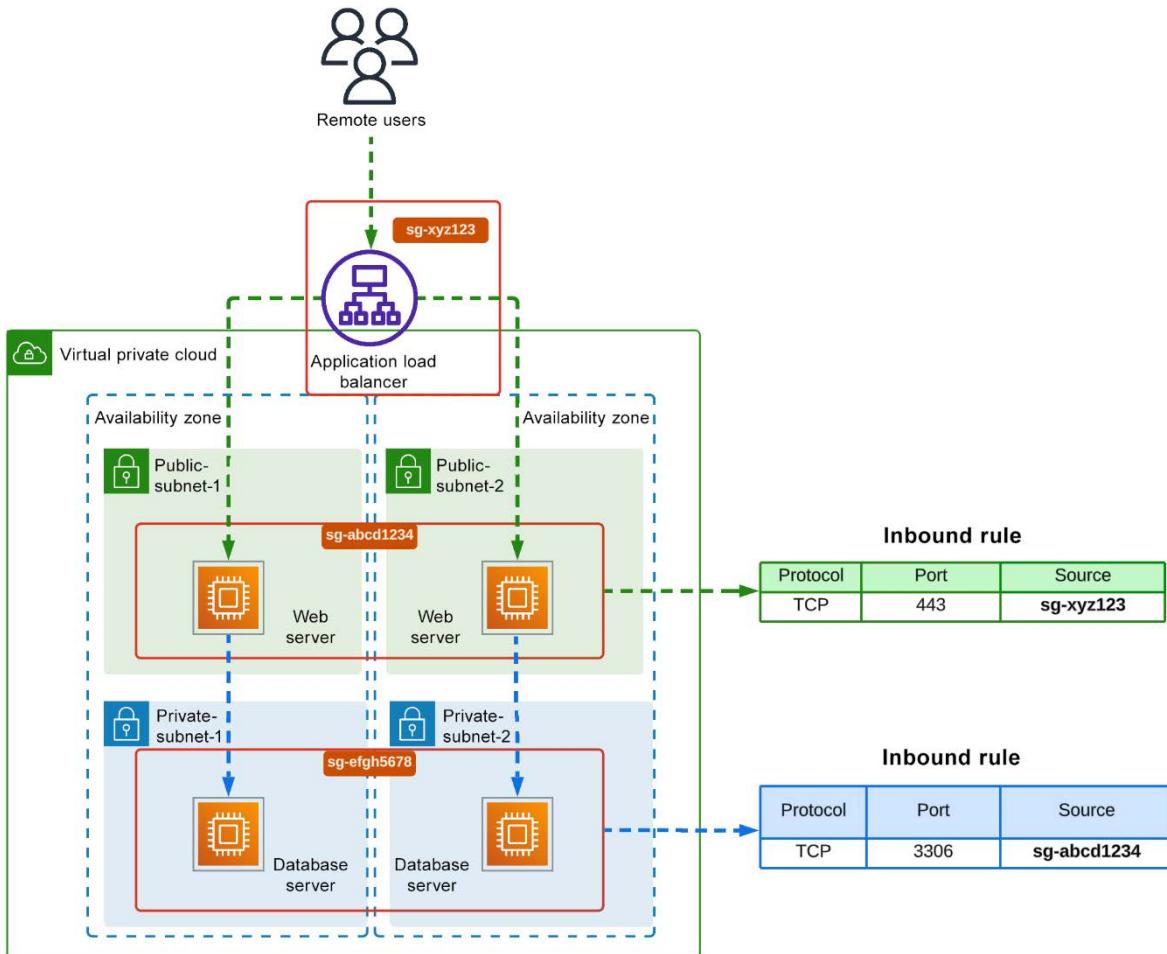
example-nacl -

acl-0a78bc1f48820cb9 -

Create network ACL







The screenshot shows the AWS VPC dashboard with the following interface elements:

- VPC dashboard** sidebar with options like EC2 Global View, Filter by VPC, Virtual private cloud, Security, Network ACLs, and **Security groups** (highlighted with a red box).
- Security Groups (1)** table:

Name	Security group ID	Security group name	VPC ID
-	sg-	default	VPC-
- Create security group** button highlighted with a red arrow.

Create security group Info

A security group acts as a virtual firewall for your instance to control inbound and outbound traffic. To create a new security group, complete the fields below.

Basic details

Security group name Info

Name cannot be edited after creation.

Description Info**VPC** Info

Inbound rules Info

Type Info**Protocol****Port range** Info**Source** Info**Description - optional** InfoInfo

Outbound rules Info

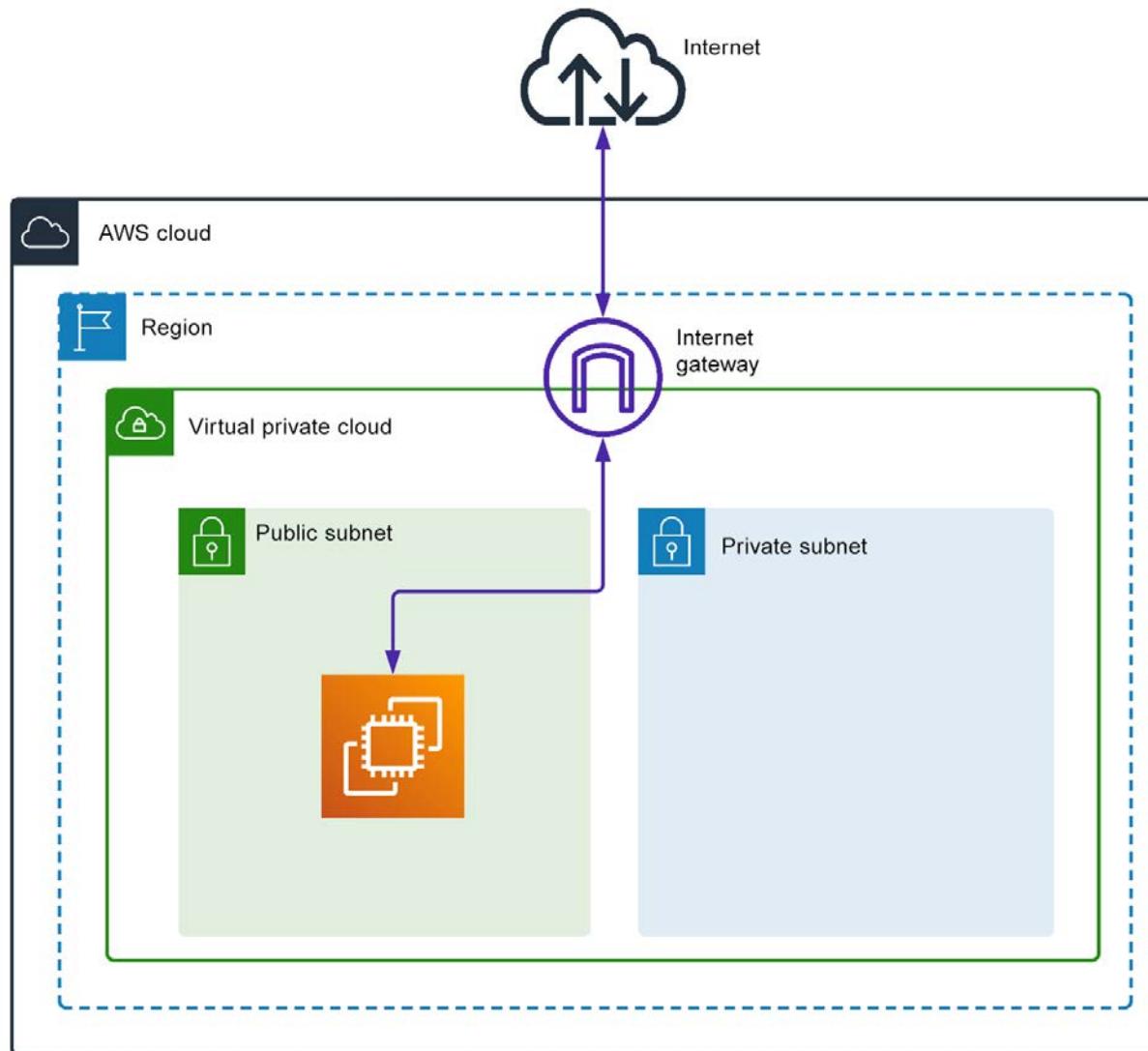
Type Info**Protocol****Port range** Info**Destination** Info**Description - optional** InfoInfo

Tags - optional

A tag is a label that you assign to an AWS resource. Each tag consists of a key and an optional value. You can use tags to search and filter your resources or track your AWS costs.

No tags associated with the resource.

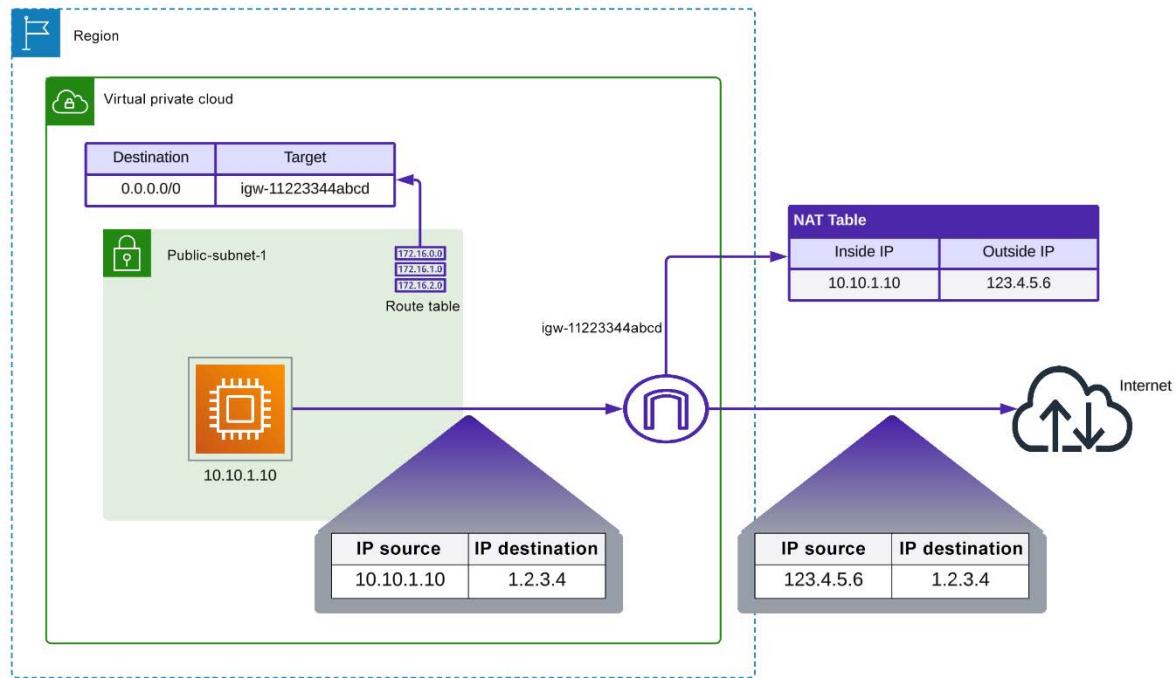
You can add up to 50 more tags



VPC > Subnets > subnet > Edit subnet settings

Edit subnet settings Info

Subnet	
Subnet ID subnet-	Name public-subnet-01
Auto-assign IP settings <small>Info</small>	
Enable AWS to automatically assign a public IPv4 or IPv6 address to a new primary network interface for an instance in this subnet.	
<input type="checkbox"/> Enable auto-assign public IPv4 address <small>Info</small> ←	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Enable auto-assign customer-owned IPv4 address <small>Info</small> <small>Option disabled because no customer owned pools found.</small>	



VPC dashboard

Internet gateways

Create internet gateway

Actions ▾

Select an internet gateway above

Details

Internet gateway ID igw-05356846932392927	State Detached	VPC ID -	Owner 63713
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Tags

Key	Value
Name	example-internet-gateway

Actions ▾

- Attach to VPC (highlighted with a red arrow)
- Detach from VPC
- Manage tags
- Delete

Attach to VPC (igw-05356846932392927) Info

VPC

Attach an internet gateway to a VPC to enable the VPC to communicate with the internet. Specify the VPC to attach below.

Available VPCs

Attach the internet gateway to this VPC.

Select a VPC



▶ AWS Command Line Interface command

Cancel

Attach internet gateway

VPC dashboard

EC2 Global View

Filter by VPC

▼ Virtual private cloud

Your VPCs

Subnets

Route tables

Internet gateways

Egress-only Internet gateways

DHCP option sets

Egress only internet gateways Info

Find resources by attribute or tag

C

Actions ▾

Create egress only internet gateway

< 1 > ⚙

Name

Egress only internet gateway ID

Attached VPC ID

No egress only internet gateway found

≡

■ ■ ■

Create egress only internet gateway Info

An Internet Gateway is a virtual router that connects a VPC to the internet.

Egress only internet gateway settings

Name - *optional*

Creates a tag with a key of 'Name' and a value that you specify.

VPC

Attach the egress only internet gateway to this VPC.



Tags

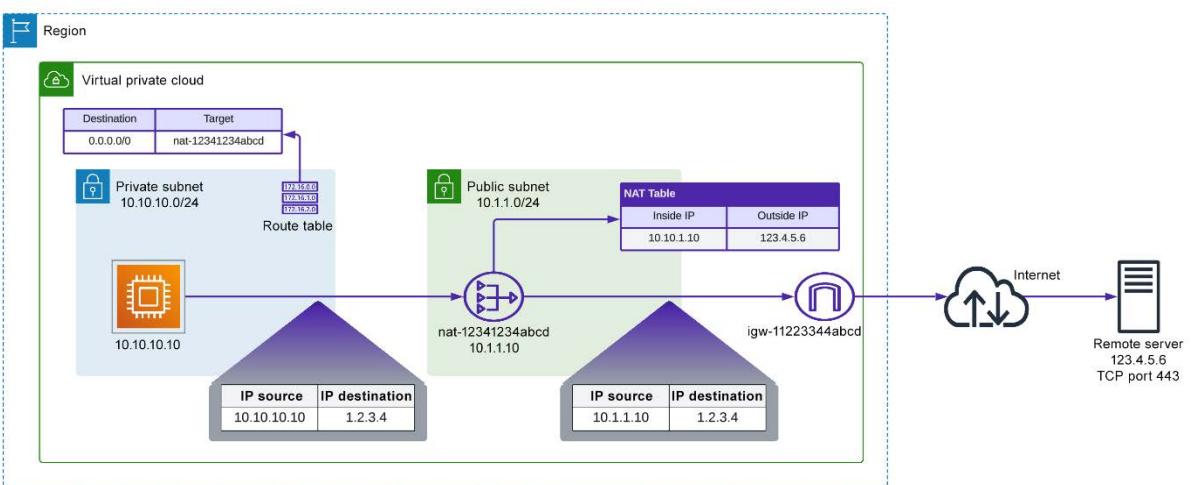
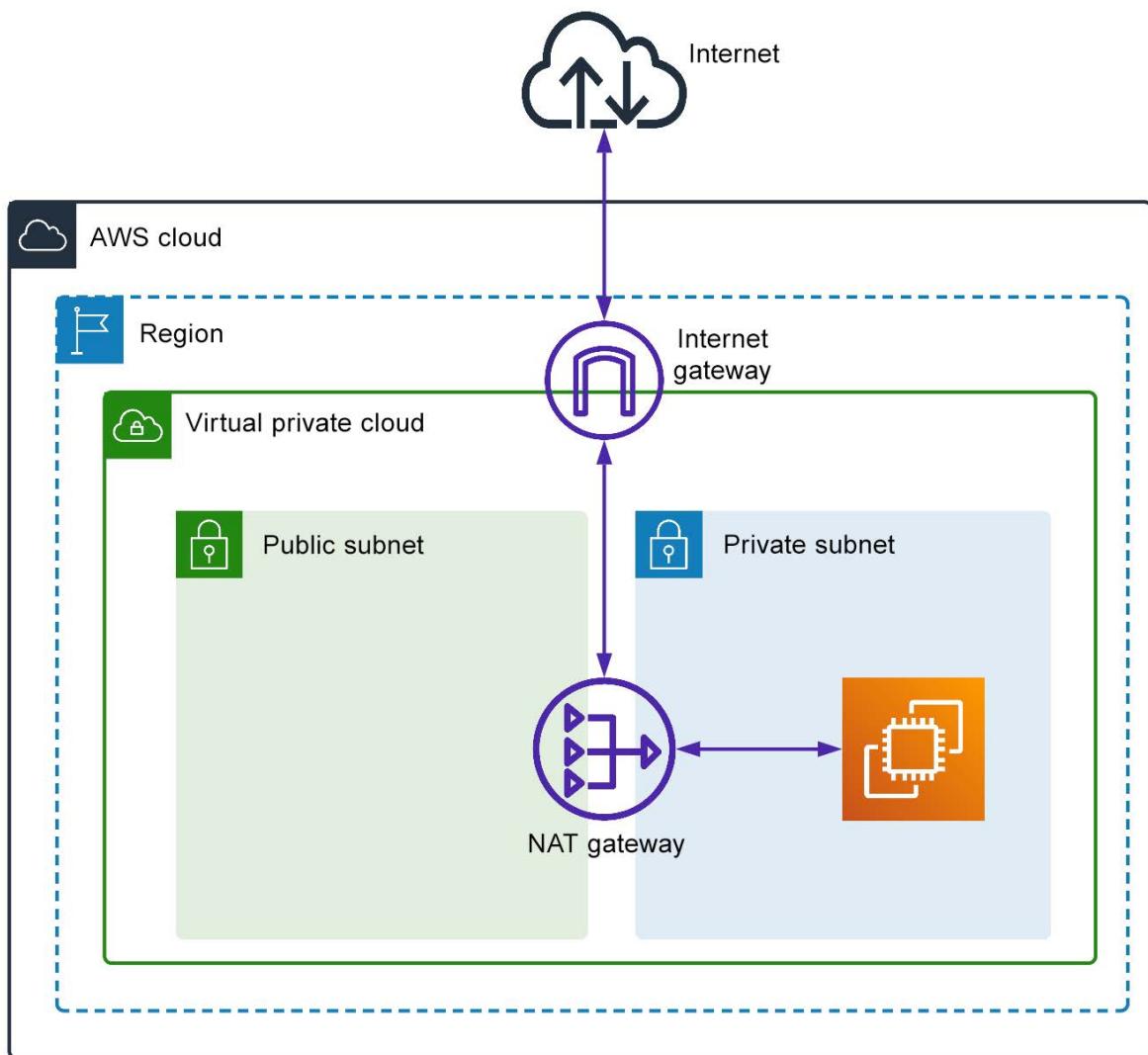
A tag is a label that you assign to an AWS resource. Each tag consists of a key and an optional value. You can use tags to search and filter your resources or track your AWS costs.

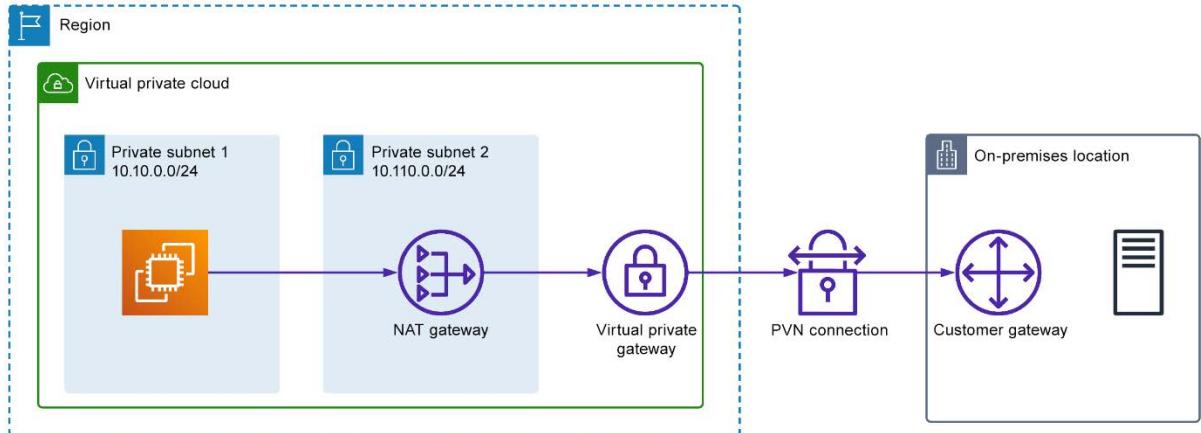
Key

Value - *optional*



You can add 49 more tags.





VPC dashboard

NAT gateways

No NAT gateways found

Create NAT gateway

NAT gateways (highlighted)

Actions

Filter by VPC

Virtual private cloud

- Your VPCs
- Subnets
- Route tables
- Internet gateways
- Egress-only Internet gateways
- DHCP option sets
- Elastic IPs
- Managed prefix lists
- Endpoints
- Endpoint services
- NAT gateways** (highlighted)
- Peering connections

Create NAT gateway [Info](#)

A highly available, managed Network Address Translation (NAT) service that instances in private subnets can use to connect to services in other VPCs, on-premises networks, or the internet.

NAT gateway settings

Name - *optional*

Create a tag with a key of 'Name' and a value that you specify.

The name can be up to 256 characters long.

Subnet

Select a subnet in which to create the NAT gateway.



Connectivity type

Select a connectivity type for the NAT gateway.

 Public Private

Elastic IP allocation ID [Info](#)

Assign an Elastic IP address to the NAT gateway.



Select a subnet to display the allocation IDs.

▼ Additional settings [Info](#)

Primary private IPv4 address - *optional*

Tags

A tag is a label that you assign to an AWS resource. Each tag consists of a key and an optional value. You can use tags to search and filter your resources or track your AWS costs.

No tags associated with the resource.

You can add 50 more tags.