Ansible Ad-hoc Commands to execute any Unix/Linux Commands

- > Executing Unix/Linux Command(s) is a task in Ansible
- > We are having a separate module in Ansible based on type of the task
- > So, first we have to choose our required module(s) based on the type of task
- ➤ Here, we have command and shell modules to execute our Unix/Linux Commands or task
- **➤** Now, Follow the Ansible Ad-hoc command syntax with module:
 - > ansible <host-pattern> -m <moduleName> [<-a arguments>]
- **➤** Differences between command & Shell Modules:
 - Command Module is not executing commands using shell on your managed nodes instead it uses python, that's why Environment variables and also |, >, <, && , | | and ; wont work
 - ➤ Shell Module is executing commands using shell on your managed nodes, so Environment variables and also |, >, <, && , | | and ; works properly
 - > Command module is faster than shell module as its using python to execute commands

Ansible and Ansible-Playbooks For Automation