## The Root Bridge Election

- Because Spanning Tree selects paths pointing towards the root bridge, it acts as a centre point of the LAN
- Best practice is to ensure a pair of high-end core switches are selected as the 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> most preferred Root Bridge

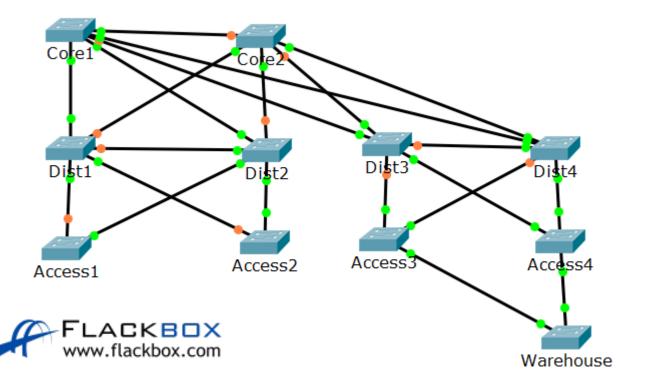


# The Root Bridge Election

- You can manipulate the Root Bridge election by setting Bridge priority
- The default value is 32768, with the lowest number being most preferred
- In the case of a tie the switch with the lowest MAC address will be selected
- This is liable to be the oldest switch

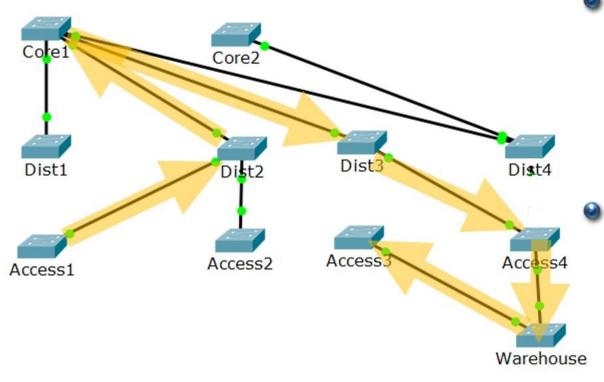


- All switches are left with the default Bridge Priority in this example
- The switch with the lowest MAC address becomes the Root Bridge
- This is the old switch in the warehouse
- It has low bandwidth links and limited CPU and memory



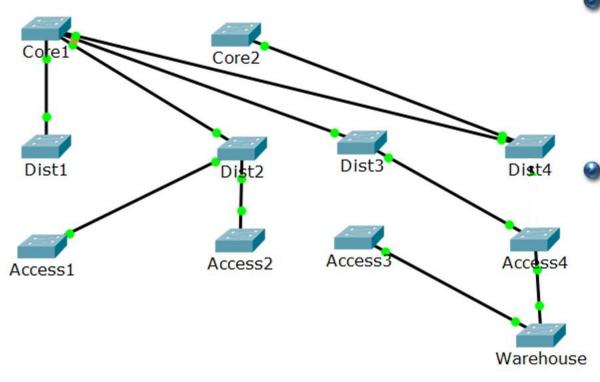
```
Warehouse#show spanning-tree vlan 1
VLAN0001
 Spanning tree enabled protocol ieee
 Root ID Priority 32769
           Address 0001 634B E247
           This bridge is the root
           Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
                    32769 (priority 32768 sys-id-ext 1)
 Bridge ID Priority
           Address
                     0001.634B.E247
           Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
           Aging Time 20
Interface Role Sts Cost Prio.Nbr Type
Fa0/1 Desg FWD 19 128.1 P2p
             Desg FWD 19 128.2 P2p
Fa0/2
```





- Traffic from a PC connected to Access1 to another PC connected to Access3 goes along the path Acc1 > Dist2 > Core1 > Dist3 > Acc4 > Warehouse > Acc3
- This is 7 hops, including through the old switch in the warehouse



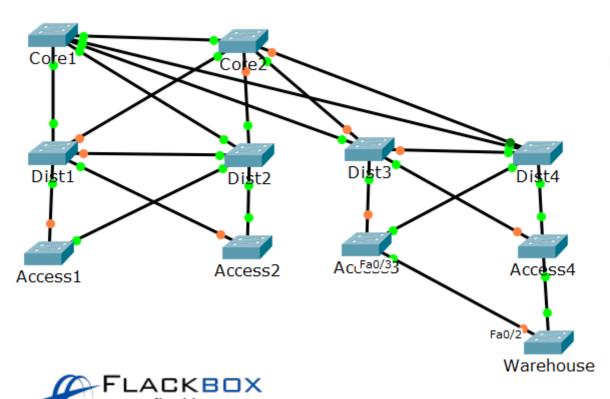


- All traffic between different pairs of distribution switches will go over an indirect path and transit the old switch in the warehouse
- This is likely to congest its links, CPU and RAM and will lead to suboptimal performance



#### Root Bridge Primary Configuration

Core1(config)#spanning-tree vlan 1 root primary



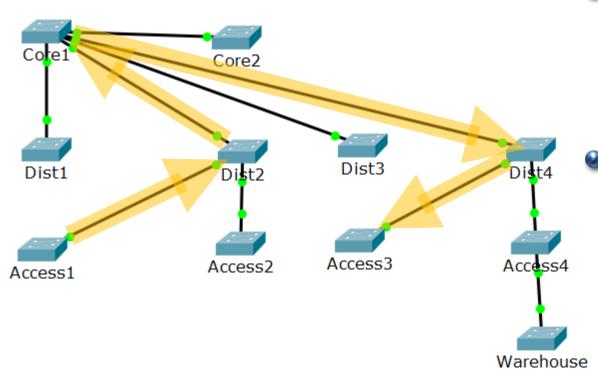
- Configures the Core1 switch to be the Root Bridge
- This will set a Bridge Priority of 24576

## Root Bridge Primary Verification

```
Corel#show spanning-tree vlan 1
VLAN0001
  Spanning tree enabled protocol ieee
 Root ID
           Priority
                       24577
                       0090.0CA0.3902
            Address
            This bridge is the root
            Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
                       24577 (priority 24576 ys-id-ext 1)
 Bridge ID Priority
                       0090.0CA0.3902
           Address
            Hello Time
                       2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
           Aging Time
                       20
Interface
           Role Sts Cost Prio.Nbr Type
Gi0/2
             Desg FWD 4
                                128.26 P2p
Fa0/21
              Desq FWD 19
                                128.21 P2p
                                 128.24 P2p
Fa0/24
               Desg FWD 19
```



## Optimal Root Bridge

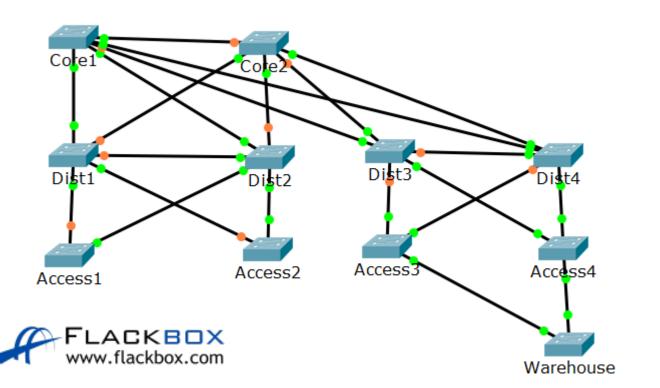


- Traffic from a PC connected to Access1 to another PC connected to Access3 goes along the path Acc1 > Dist2 > Core1 > Dist4 > Acc3
- This is 5 hops along the most direct path through the core



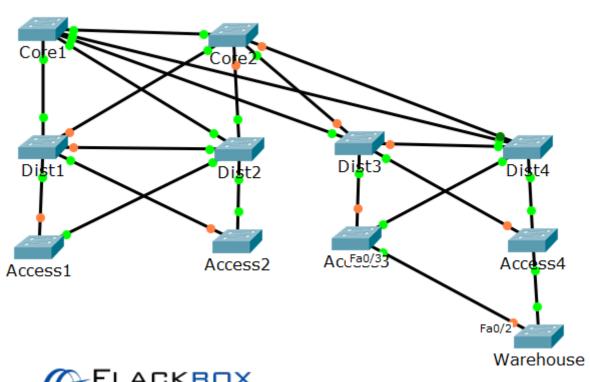
# Root Bridge Failover

- If the Core1 switch fails, we want to ensure traffic still goes through the most direct centralised path
- We need to configure Core2 to be next most preferred as the Root Bridge



#### Root Bridge Secondary Configuration

Core2(config)#spanning-tree vlan 1 root secondary



- Configures the Core2 switch to be the next most preferred Root Bridge after Core1
- This will set a Bridge Priority of 28672



#### Root Bridge Secondary Verification

```
Core2#show spanning-tree vlan 1
VLAN0001
 Spanning tree enabled protocol ieee
           Priority
                      24577
 Root ID
                       0090.0CA0.3902
            Address
            Cost
                       26(GigabitEthernet0/2)
            Port
            Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
                      28673 (priority 28672 sys-id-ext 1)
 Bridge ID Priority
           Address
                      0090.0C16.7A9B
            Hello Time 2 sec Max Age 20 sec Forward Delay 15 sec
           Aging Time 20
Interface
              Role Sts Cost Prio.Nbr Type
Fa0/24
            Desq FWD 19
                                128.24 P2p
             Desg FWD 19
                                128.21 P2p
Fa0/21
                                 128.26
Gi0/2
             Root FWD 4
                                        P2p
```



# spanning-tree vlan <id> priority

- Alternatively to using the spanning-tree vlan <id> root primary and secondary commands, you can set an exact value
- These commands have the exact same effect (use one or the other):

```
Core1(config)# spanning-tree vlan 1 root primary
Core1(config)# spanning-tree vlan 1 priority 24576
```

And these:

```
Core2(config)# spanning-tree vlan 1 root secondary
Core2(config)# spanning-tree vlan 1 priority 28672
```



# spanning-tree vlan <id> priority

- Valid values are 0 61440
- The value must be an increment of 4096
- (0, 4096, 8192 etc. are okay, entering 5000 will return an error message)
- Setting an exact value provides more granularity than the primary and secondary commands

