

STORED PROCEDURES : DATABASES ::  
FUNCTIONS : CODE

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INTO A UNIT, AND GIVE IT A NAME

CALL THIS AS A UNIT, AND PASS  
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BUT STORED PROCEDURES ARE,  
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STORED PROCEDURES HAVE ALL  
THE ADVANTAGES OF FUNCTIONS

# CREATING A STORED PROCEDURE

```
CREATE PROCEDURE GetAnnualRevenue (  
    @YEAR INT IN,  
    @REVENUE DEC(10,2) OUT  
)  
AS  
BEGIN  
    SELECT  
        YEAR(Date) , @REVENUE = SUM(REVENUE)  
    FROM  
        Sales_Data  
    WHERE  
        YEAR(Date) = @YEAR  
    GROUP BY  
        YEAR(Date)  
END
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**SPECIFY THE NAME AND  
PARAMETERS, JUST LIKE  
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PARAMETER NAME, PRECEDED  
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THIS IS AN OUT PARAMETER

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THE STORED PROC BODY,  
BETWEEN THE BEGIN AND  
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THE BODY IS PRETTY USUAL,  
EXCEPT FOR THE WAY THE  
PARAMETERS ARE USED



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THE OUT PARAMETERS MUST  
BE ASSIGNED IN THE BODY

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END
```

THE IN PARAMETERS CAN BE  
USED LIKE CONSTANTS

THE BODY IS PRETTY USUAL,  
EXCEPT FOR THE WAY THE  
PARAMETERS ARE USED

# CALLING A STORED PROCEDURE

```
DECLARE Revenue DEC(10,2);  
EXEC GetAnnualRevenue @YEAR 2015,  
    @REVENUE Revenue;
```

# CALLING A STORED PROCEDURE

DECLARE ANY VARIABLES YOU  
NEED TO

```
DECLARE Revenue DEC(10,2);
```

```
EXEC GetAnnualRevenue @YEAR 2015,  
@REVENUE Revenue;
```

# CALLING A STORED PROCEDURE

CALL THE STORED PROC USING  
THE EXEC COMMAND

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DECLARE Revenue DEC(10,2);
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EXEC GetAnnualRevenue @YEAR 2015,  
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YOU CAN EXPLICITLY TAG EACH  
PARAMETER WITH THE NAME

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```

```
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