

F-01 - AI Code Completion in GitHub Copilot

SUMMARY

In this lesson, we explored GitHub Copilot's **AI code completion**, also known as **ghost text**. This feature predicts the continuation of code as we type, offering suggestions word-by-word, line-by-line, or even for multiple lines. Here's how it works and how we can make the most of it:

1. **Activating Copilot:** Ensure GitHub Copilot is set up in your editor, then open any code file. As you start typing, Copilot will begin suggesting completions. For instance, in Python, typing `def calculate_area_of_rectangle` leads Copilot to suggest a function with parameters `length` and `width` and a return statement that calculates the area.
2. **Accepting Suggestions:**
 - Press `Tab` to accept the full ghost text.
 - If you want partial acceptance, use `Ctrl + Right Arrow` to navigate specific parts you wish to accept.
3. **Viewing Alternative Suggestions:**
 - Use `Alt + [` or `]` or `Ctrl + Enter` to toggle through different suggestions for your current function or code block.
4. **Forcing Suggestions:**
 - If suggestions aren't appearing, press `Alt + Back Slash` to prompt Copilot to generate completions.
5. **Customizing Settings:** If Copilot's suggestions become overwhelming, you can tailor its settings:
 - Navigate to **Copilot > Configure Code Completions > Edit Settings**.
 - Adjust settings to enable/disable Copilot for specific languages.

WHAT WE LEARNED

- How GitHub Copilot's AI code completion functions.
- Key shortcuts for managing suggestions.
- How to view and select alternative code suggestions.
- Forcing code completions.

- Customizing Copilot settings for different programming languages.

HOW WE CAN APPLY IT

- **Function Definitions:** Quickly generate function skeletons including parameters and return statements.
- **Script Writing:** Use partial suggestions for designing scripts efficiently.
- **Documentation:** Create detailed and varied docstrings.
- **Experiment with Code Variations:** Explore different ways to implement similar functionalities.

TIPS AND TRICKS

- **Precise Prompts:** The better described your initial code, the more accurate and helpful the predictions.
- **Customizing Output:** Modify Copilot settings for specific file types to streamline your workflow.
- **Shortcuts:** Familiarize yourself with keyboard shortcuts to swiftly manage suggestions.

EXAMPLES

Example 1: Simple Function

```
def calculate_area_of_rectangle(length, width):  
    """  
    Calculate the area of a rectangle.  
  
    Parameters:  
    length (float): The length of the rectangle.  
    width (float): The width of the rectangle.  
  
    Returns:  
    float: The area of the rectangle.  
    """  
    return length * width
```

Example 2: Date Difference Function

```
def calculate_date_difference(date1, date2, difference_type='days'):  
    """  
    Calculate the difference between two dates in different time units.  
  
    Parameters:  
    date1 (datetime): The first date.  
    date2 (datetime): The second date.
```

difference_type (str): The unit of difference ('days', 'weeks', 'months', 'years', 'minutes',

Returns:

int: The difference in the specified unit.

"""

```
if difference_type == 'days':
    return (date2 - date1).days
elif difference_type == 'weeks':
    return (date2 - date1).days // 7
elif difference_type == 'months':
    # Implement month difference logic
    pass
elif difference_type == 'years':
    return date2.year - date1.year
elif difference_type == 'minutes':
    return (date2 - date1).total_seconds() // 60
elif difference_type == 'hours':
    return (date2 - date1).total_seconds() // 3600
```

By utilizing GitHub Copilot's AI code completion, we can significantly accelerate coding productivity and discover creative solutions for programming challenges.