



# PL/SQL Language Fundamentals

Welcome to module 2, where we'll explore the essential building blocks of PL/SQL programming. This module will provide you with a solid foundation for writing efficient, maintainable, and robust PL/SQL code.

— **por Mayko Silva**

# Module Objectives

1

Identify and use PL/SQL language components

2

Create valid PL/SQL identifiers

3

Work with literals and comments in PL/SQL

4

Understand and use anchored data types

5

Master the concepts of scope and visibility in PL/SQL blocks



# Main Topics

1

## PL/SQL Building Blocks

We'll explore the basic components of PL/SQL, including character sets, lexical units, variables, identifiers, reserved words, delimiters, literals, and comments.

2

## Anchored Data Types

You'll learn how to create variables that inherit characteristics from table columns or other variables, improving code maintainability and reducing errors.

3

## Scope and Visibility

We'll dive into how variables are scoped in PL/SQL, work with nested blocks, and use labels to improve code readability and functionality.

# Practical Examples and Key Points

Throughout the module, we'll use practical examples from the HR schema to demonstrate these concepts. You'll learn not just the syntax, but also best practices for writing clean, efficient PL/SQL code.



Creating valid and meaningful variable names



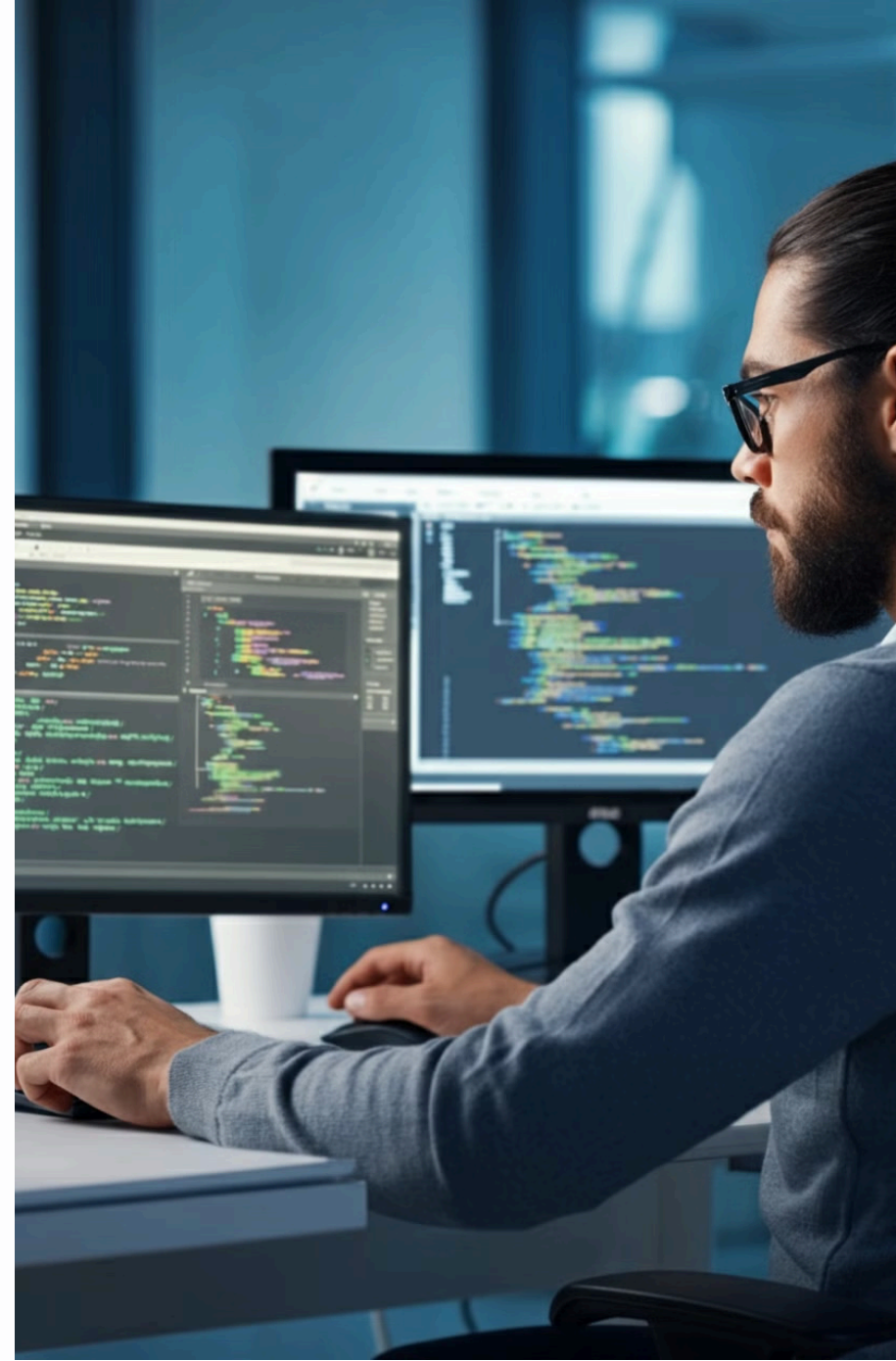
Using anchored data types to automatically match table column definitions



Understanding how variable scope works in nested blocks



Using labels to improve code organization and readability



# Building a Strong Foundation

## Mastering Fundamentals

By mastering these fundamental concepts, you'll be well-prepared to tackle more advanced PL/SQL programming tasks. Whether you're working with the HR schema or any other database, the skills you learn in this module will form the foundation of your PL/SQL expertise.

## Ready to Begin

Are you ready to dive into the core building blocks of PL/SQL? Let's get started and build a strong foundation for your PL/SQL programming journey!