SAY YOU HAVE AN OBJECT, AND ARE NOT QUITE SURE WHAT PROPERTIES IT HAS - YOU CAN SIMPLY ITERATE OVER ALL OF ITS PROPERTIES.

```
for (var propertyName in rectangle){
   var propertyValue = rectangle[propertyName];
   console.log("Property name = " + propertyName
   console.log("Property value = " + propertyVal
}
```

THIS IS A SPECIAL KIND OF FOR-LOOP!

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for (var propertyName in rectangle){
    var propertyValue = rectangle[propertyName];
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THIS IS A SPECIAL KIND OF FOR-LOOP!

ALL OBJECTS CAN BE 'ITERATED OVER' IN THIS WAY

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for (var propertyName in rectangle){
   var propertyValue = rectangle[propertyName];
   console.log("Property name = " + propertyName
   console.log("Property value = " + propertyVal
}
```

ONCE WE HAVE THE NAME OF THE PROPERTY, GETTING ITS VALUE IS NOT HARD!

THIS IS AN EXCELLENT EXAMPLE OF THE UTILITY OF THE [] WAY OF ACCESSING PROPERTIES - HERE THE. WAY WOULD NOT HAVE

```
for (var propertyName in rectangle) {
   var propertyValue = rectangle[propertyName];
   console.log("Property name = " + propertyName
   console.log("Property value = " + propertyVal
}
```

THIS WILL GIVE US THE VALUES OF ALL NON-FUNCTION PROPERTIES. FOR FUNCTION PROPERTIES, IT WILL GIVE US THE UNDERLYING OBJECT.

WE SAID "ALL OBJECTS CAN BE 'ITERATED OVER' IN THIS WAY"

IF YOU ARE WONDERING HOW THAT IS - WELL ITS BECAUSE ALL OBJECTS HAVE A COMMON BASE OBJECT THAT SUPPORTS THIS BEHAVIOUR. MORE LATER:-)