EXAMPLE 39: NAMED AND ANONYMOUS FUNCTION LITERALS

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```
var anonFunction = function() {(TWICE)
    console.log("I am an anonymous function
literal!"):
function Rectangle(l,b) {
  fthis.length = l;
   this.breadth = b;
   this.area = function() {
      console.log("I am an anonymous function
literal!"):
      return this.length * this.breadth;
   };
```

```
var anonFunction = function() {(TWICE)
   console.log("I am an anonymous function
 this.length = 1;
  this.breadth = b;
  this.area = function() {
     console.log("I am an anonymous function
literal!");
     return this.length * this.breadth;
```

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```

BUT NOT ALL FUNCTION LITERALS ARE ANONYMOUS!

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```
var namedFunction = function foo(x) {
  console.log("I am a named function!"
  if (x == 1) {
    foo(2);
  }
}
```

BUT NOT ALL FUNCTION LITERALS ARE ANONYMOUS!

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var namedFunction = function foo(x) {
    console.log("I am a named function!" -
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        foo(2);
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HERE THE FUNCTION LITERAL IS NAMED
    foo, BUT ASSIGNED TO A VARIABLE NAMED
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namedFunction

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  if (x == 1) {
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foo, BUT ASSIGNED TO A VARIABLE NAMED
```

namedFunction

BUT NOT ALL FUNCTION LITERALS ARE ANONYMOUS!

var namedFunction = function foo(x) {

HERE THE FUNCTION LITERAL IS NAMED foo, BUT ASSIGNED TO A VARIABLE NAMED namedFunction

NOW YOU CAN'T CALL THE FUNCTION AS foo(x), ONLY AS namedFunction(x)

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RECURSION!

YOU CAN USE THE NAME OF THE FUNCTION EXPRESSION TO REFER TO ITSELF INSIDE THE BODY OF THE FUNCTION

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var namedFunction = function foo(x) {
  console.log("I am a named function!"
  if (x == 1) {
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}
```

RECURSION!

YOU CAN USE THE NAME OF THE FUNCTION EXPRESSION TO REFER TO ITSELF INSIDE THE BODY OF THE FUNCTION

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var namedFunction = function foo(x) {
  console.log("I am a named function!"
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BUT NOT ALL FUNCTION LITERALS ARE ANONYMOUS! RECURSION!