

(IaaS) (PaaS) Google Cloud Compute

Google Cloud Platform Services

Hosting + Compute



App Engine



Compute Engine

Storage



Cloud Storage



Cloud Datastore



Cloud SQL

Big Data



BigQuery

Services



Cloud Endpoints



Translate API

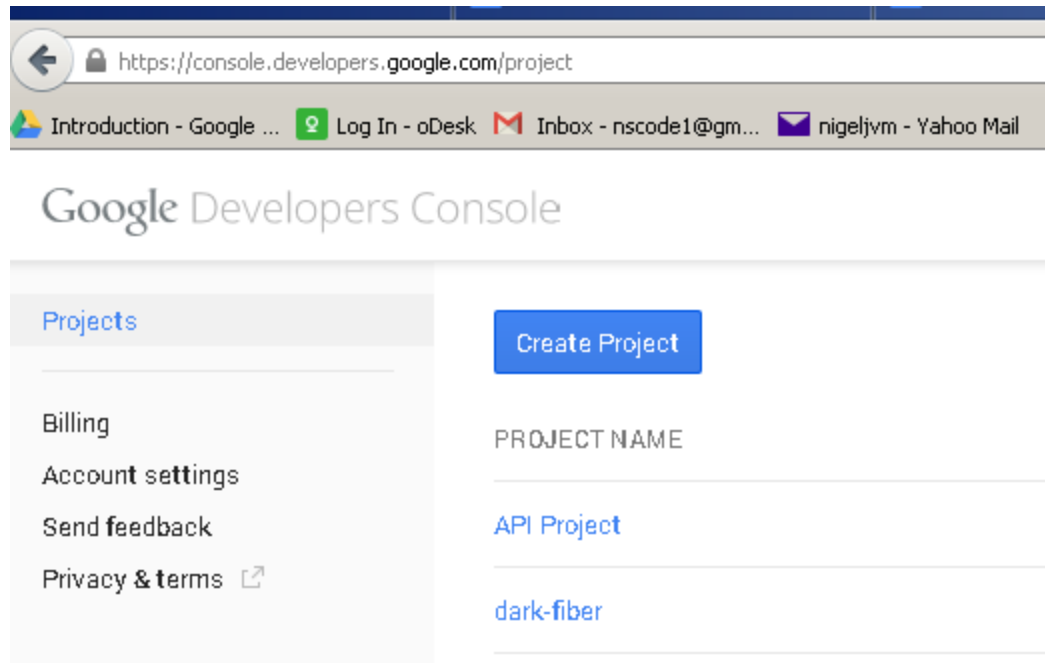


Prediction API

Step1

Sign in to developers console and create an application

<https://console.developers.google.com/project>



Once you click on “Create” button, It will ask for SMS verification to prevent the abuse. Go through the process of SMS verification.

Click on the application and it will bring up the page that shows the possible application types

Click on the “Compute Engine” and it will ask for Enable Billing. You need to enable the billing

Step 2

Choose an instance

These are the possible machines

An instance that lives for 11.25 minutes will be charged for 12 minutes of usage.

			US	Europe	Asia
Standard machine types					
Configuration	Virtual Cores	Memory (GB ¹)	GCEUs <small>what is this?</small>	Local Disk (GB)	Price (USD) / Hour
n1-standard-1	1	3.75	2.75	0	\$0.07
n1-standard-2	2	7.50	5.50	0	\$0.14
n1-standard-4	4	15	11	0	\$0.28
n1-standard-8	8	30	22	0	\$0.56
n1-standard-16	16	60	44	0	\$1.12

Configuration	Virtual Cores	Memory (GB)	GCEUs <small>what is this?</small>	Local Disk (GB)	Price (USD) / Hour
f1-micro	1	0.60	Shared CPU, not guaranteed	0	\$0.013
g1-small	1	1.70	1.38	0	\$0.035

Step 3

Select your application with billing enabled and then select to the right
"Spin up a Cloud Compute Engine VM"

Project Dashboard

Boost your app with a Google API

Use Google APIs with your app to harness the power of Google's services and technologies

Enable an API

Launch click-to-deploy software

Deploy popular open stacks on Google Compute Engine just by filling out a simple form

- Deploy Cassandra on Compute Engine
- Deploy MongoDB on Compute Engine
- Deploy the Ruby Stack on Compute Engine
- Deploy the MEAN Development Stack on Compute Engine
- Deploy RabbitMQ on Compute Engine
- Deploy GitLab Community Edition (CE) on Compute Engine

Spin up a Compute Engine VM

Get started with Google Compute Engine by c
first VM instance

Create instance

you may get this message

❗ Google Compute Engine is not ready for use yet in the project. It may take several minutes if Google Compute Engine has just been enabled. Compute Engine in the project.

wait for a while and then refresh, repeat this until you see the screen below

Google Compute Engine



Spin up VMs fast

Compute Engine's Linux VMs are consistently performant, scalable, highly secure and reliable. You can choose from micro-VMs to large instances.

Create an instance



Get easy program access to Compute Engine resources

The Compute Engine RESTful API gives your application full control over Compute Engine resources, giving you the ability to quickly deploy and easily manage large clusters of virtual machines.

Reference the API

select create an instance you should then see the screen below



Create a new instance

[Show advanced options](#)

NAME ?

instance-1

METADATA (Optional) ?

Key

Value

FIREWALL

☐ Allow HTTP traffic

☐ Allow HTTPS traffic

Location and resources

ZONE ?

us-central1-b

MACHINE TYPE ?

n1-standard-1 (1 vCPU, 3.8 GB memory)

BOOT SOURCE ?

Name : Name of the Instance, this name will be used with in the Google VM Instances for communication as a DNS name

Tags : tags to your instance as EC2

Metadata : Every instance stores its metadata on the metadata server.

Regions & Zones : as EC2

Machine Type : see 'These are the possible machines' chart above

Boot Source : It determines the disk used to boot the instance. Keep the default

Image : It determines the Operating System installed on the system.

Network : A network performs the same function that a router does in a home network: it describes the network range and gateway IP address, handles communication between instances, and serves as a gateway between instances and callers outside the network.

External IP : This IP Address enables the communication with outside the instance's network.

these are the values to enter to create the same machine as this video

Create a new instance

[Show advanced options](#)

NAME ?

instance-1

METADATA (Optional) ?

Key

Value

FIREWALL

☒ Allow HTTP traffic

☐ Allow HTTPS traffic

Location and resources

ZONE ?

europa-west1-a

MACHINE TYPE ?

g1-small (1 vCPU, 1.7 GB memory)

BOOT SOURCE ?

New disk from image

☒ Delete boot disk when instance is deleted

IMAGE ?

debian-7-wheezy-v20140828

DISK TYPE

SSD Persistent Disk

Networking

NETWORK ?

default

EXTERNAL IP ?

Ephemeral

You will be billed for this instance. [Learn more](#)

Create

Cancel

select create, you may see some confusing screens, wait for a few minutes and you should eventually see the screen below if so you are good

New instance

All instances

CPU utilization ▴

1 hour6 hours

CPU

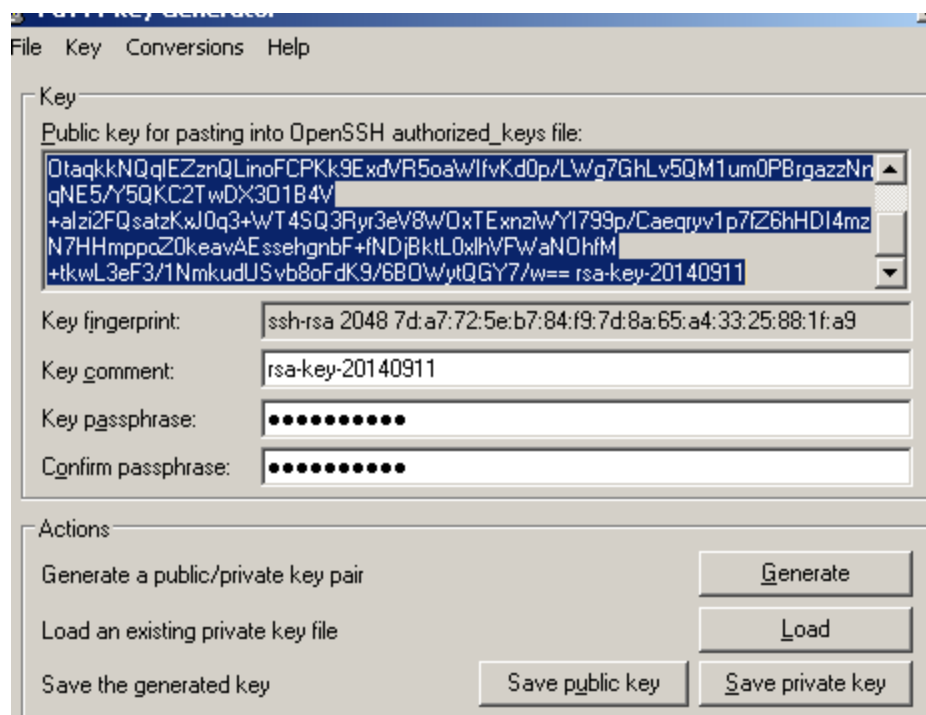
% CPU

No Data to Display.

NAME	ZONE	DISK	NETWORK
 instance-1	europa-west1-a	instance-1	default

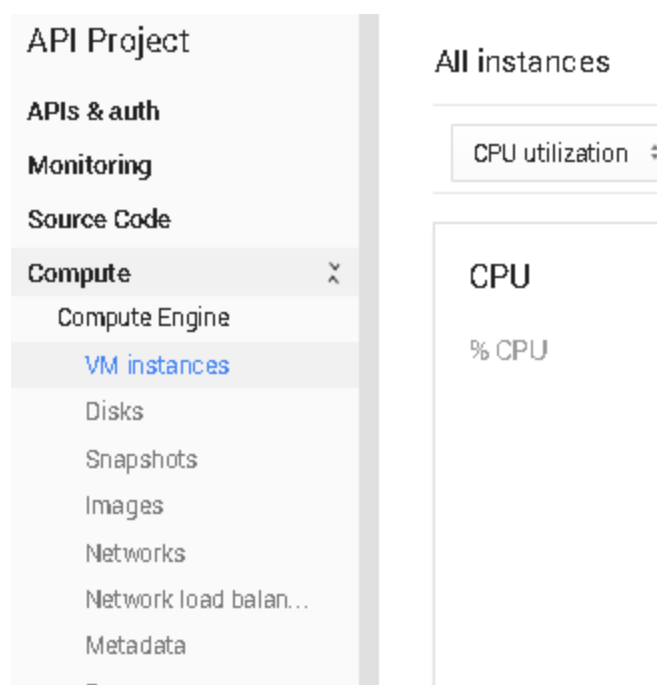
Step 4

Configure terminal access
now we will create the ssh keys to log in with putty
http://winscp.net/eng/docs/ui_puttygen



make sure to add a paraphrase this will be your login name with putty later
press the Save private key button

now in the developer console



select the metadata link shown above

then select the ssh keys tab

from the puttygen key display copy the raw key just as i have pasted below

ssh-rsa



```
AAAAB3NzaC1yc2EAAAABJQAAAQEAYtx42qjmJA10JUm0Ze0jw62uGER7MADYxxEcVqBc1cVkJHdRfK4FDVKVInKIGlcRA0z4hBJ1U5Z2
Ruw5hQhWCsCQ14vVnFbGiecRE0taqkkNQqIEZznQLinoFCPKk9ExdVR5oaWIfvKd0p/LWg7GhLv5QM1um0PBrgazzNnqNE5/Y5QKC2Tw
DX301B4V+aIzi2FQsatzKxJ0q3+WT4SQ3Ryr3eV8W0xTExnziWYI799p/Caeqrv1p7fZ6hHDI4mzN7HHmpoZ0keavAEsehgnbF+fN
DjBktL0x1hVFWaNOhfM+tkwL3eF3/1NmkudUSvb8oFdK9/6B0WytQGY7/w== rsa-key-20140911
```

then paste just what you have copied from puttygen like above

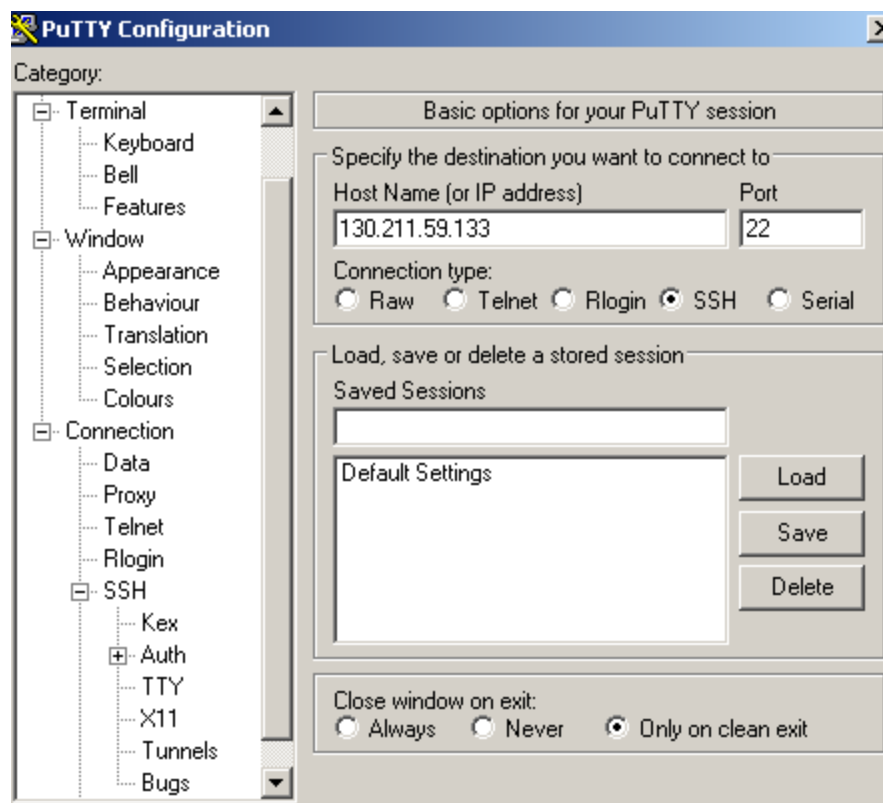
```
rsa-key-20140911          ssh-rsa AAAAB3NzaC1yc2EAAAABJQAAAQEAYtx4...vb8oFdK9/6B0WytQGY7/w== rsa-key-20140911
```

rsa-key-20140911 this will be the username when we login in with putty

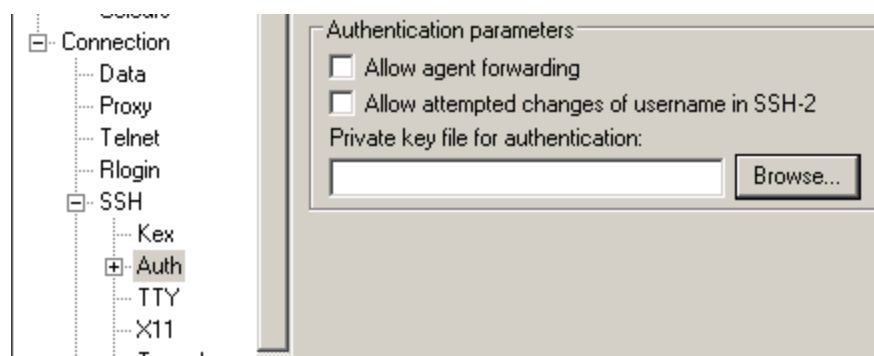
in the instance view

NAME	ZONE	DISK	NETWORK	EXTERNAL IP	CONNECT
 instance-1	europe-west1-a	instance-1	default	130.211.59.133	SSH 

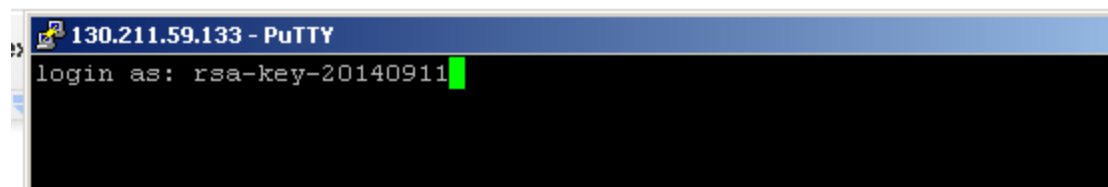
the value for the external ip **130.211.59.133** will be used as the host name in putty



select Auth and load the key you created



return to the session view select open and use the key username as login



enter the key passphrase when prompted

```
rsa-key-20140911@instance-1: ~
login as: rsa-key-20140911
Authenticating with public key "rsa-key-20140911"
Passphrase for key "rsa-key-20140911":
Linux instance-1 3.2.0-4-amd64 #1 SMP Debian 3.2.60-1+deb7u3 x86_64

The programs included with the Debian GNU/Linux system are free software;
the exact distribution terms for each program are described in the
individual files in /usr/share/doc/*/copyright.

Debian GNU/Linux comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRANTY, to the extent
permitted by applicable law.
Last login: Thu Sep 11 19:24:53 2014 from 95-42-125-194.btc-net.bg
rsa-key-20140911@instance-1:~$ ls
rsa-key-20140911@instance-1:~$
```

Step 5

Install an Application

now we have a debian box

lets install mongodb

There is a bug in the GCE Debian images where the default locale isn't set. This prevents MongoDB from starting properly from the Debian packages. The workaround is to set a default:

```
sudo locale-gen en_US.UTF-8
sudo locale-gen en_IE.UTF-8
sudo dpkg-reconfigure locales
```

select all i the first pop up screen and in the second screen accept the default

```

rsa-key-20140911@instance-1:~$ sudo locale-gen en_IE.UTF-8
Generating locales (this might take a while)...
  en_US.UTF-8... done
Generation complete.
rsa-key-20140911@instance-1:~$ sudo dpkg-reconfigure locales
Generating locales (this might take a while)...
  aa_DJ.UTF-8... done
  aa_DJ.ISO-8859-1... done
  aa_ER.UTF-8... done
  aa_ER.UTF-8@saaho... done
  aa_ET.UTF-8... done
  af_ZA.UTF-8... done
  af_ZA.ISO-8859-1... done
  am_ET.UTF-8... done
  an_ES.UTF-8... done
  an_ES.ISO-8859-15... done
  ar_AE.UTF-8... done
  ar_AE.ISO-8859-6... done
  ar_BH.UTF-8... done
  ar_BH.ISO-8859-6... done
  ar_DZ.UTF-8... done
  ar_DZ.ISO-8859-6... done
  ar_EG.UTF-8... done
  ar_EG.ISO-8859-6...

```

it will take a while

`sudo apt-get update`

`sudo echo 'deb http://downloads-distro.mongodb.org/repo/debian-sysvinit dist 10gen' | tee /etc/apt/sources.list.d/mongodb.list`

`sudo apt-get update`

`sudo apt-get install -y mongodb`

`/etc/init.d/mongodb start`

```

rsa-key-20140911@instance-1:~$ sudo /etc/init.d/mongodb start
[ ok ] Starting database: mongodb apparently already running.
rsa-key-20140911@instance-1:~$ mongo
MongoDB shell version: 2.0.6
connecting to: test
>

```

<http://walkintocloud.com/2014/01/launching-your-first-vm-instance-on-gce/>