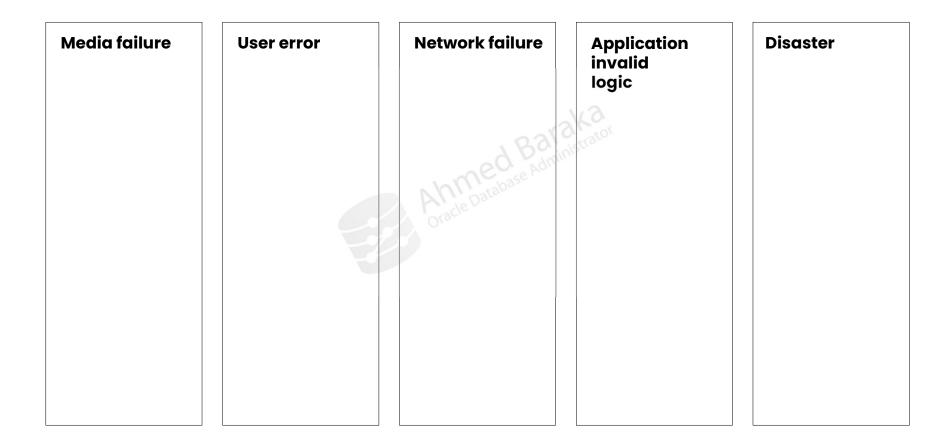
# Introducing Backup and Recovery in Oracle Databases

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## **Objectives**

In this lecture, you should learn how to perform the following:

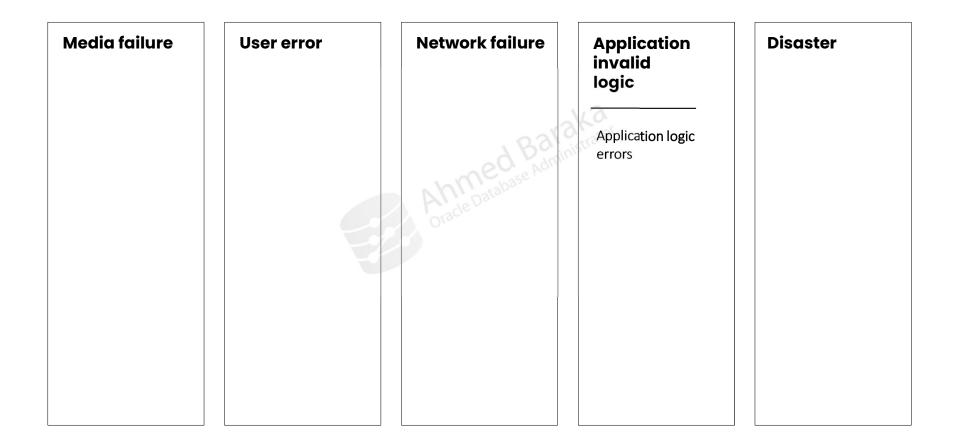
- Describe data failure categories
- Describe database backup and recovery roadmap
- Compare between Oracle database recovery solutions



### 

## Application invalid **Media failure Network failure** Disaster **User error** logic User deleted data User updated incorrect data User dopped a table

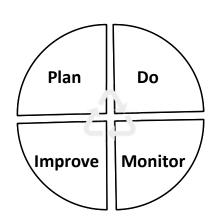
Application invalid **Media failure Network failure** Disaster **User error** logic Faulty NIC Network configuration issues Listener fails



Application invalid **Media failure Network failure** Disaster **User error** logic Flood Earthquake Fire Water leak Destructive actions

## **Database Backup and Recovery Roadmap**

- Set a database backup and recovery policy:
  - Recovery Time Objective (RTO): time needed to recovery the system after failure
  - Recovery Point Objective (RPO): the maximum acceptable amount of data (sometimes expressed in time)
- Set and implement a database backup and recovery plan:
  - Technology used: RMAN, Data Guard, RAC, RAC One Node
  - Plan and implement the environment
  - Set the responses to the failure scenarios
- Monitor the backup and recovery implementation
- Test database recovery



## **Comparison Between Recovery Solutions**

	RMAN	RAC	Data Guard	Flashback DB
Concept	takes backup of database files	active clustering	standby synchronized with primary	flashback logs containing db changes
Main Target	backup and recovery	tolerance against h/w failure	disaster recovery	fast db rewind
License	included	needed	needed for Active DG	included in EE
partial backup	Yes	n/a	Yes	Yes
Near Zero downtime?	No	Yes	Yes	No

## **Summary**

In this lecture, you should have learnt how to perform the following:

- Describe data failure categories
- Describe database backup and recovery roadmap
- Compare between Oracle database recovery solutions