

$$Loss(\hat{y}_i, y_i) = -\frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m [y_i \cdot \log(\hat{y}_i) + (1 - y_i) \cdot \log(1 - \hat{y}_i)]$$

$$\hat{y} = \frac{e^{(b_0 + X \cdot W)}}{1 + e^{(b_0 + X \cdot W)}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} b_0 + X \cdot W &\rightarrow \theta^T \cdot X \\ &= \theta_0 \cdot x_0 + \theta_1 \cdot x_1 + \cdots + \theta_n \cdot x_n \end{aligned}$$

$$\rightarrow \hat{y} = \frac{e^{\theta^T \cdot X}}{1 + e^{\theta^T \cdot X}} \times \frac{\frac{1}{e^{\theta^T \cdot X}}}{\frac{1}{e^{\theta^T \cdot X}}} = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-\theta^T \cdot X}}$$

$$\hat{y} = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-\theta^T \cdot X}}$$

$$J(\theta) = -\frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m [y_i \cdot \log(\hat{y}_i(\theta)) + (1 - y_i) \cdot \log(1 - \hat{y}_i(\theta))]$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta_j} J(\vec{\theta})$$

$$= \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m (\hat{y}_i - y_i) x_{i,j}$$

$$\theta_j \rightarrow \theta_j - \eta \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial \theta_j} J(\vec{\theta})$$

$$f = \frac{2}{\frac{1}{\text{Precision}} + \frac{1}{\text{Recall}}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Log loss} &= -y_i \cdot \log(\hat{y}_i) - (1 - y_i) \cdot \log(1 - \hat{y}_i) \\ - \sum_{s=1}^{C=2} y_{s,i} \cdot \log(\hat{y}_{s,i}) &= -y_{1,i} \cdot \log(\hat{y}_{1,i}) - y_{2,i} \cdot \log(\hat{y}_{2,i}) \end{aligned}$$

$$y_{1,i} = (1 - y_{2,i})$$

$$\hat{y}_{1,i} = (1 - \hat{y}_{2,i})$$

$$\sum_{s=1}^{C=2} y_{s,i} \cdot \log(\hat{y}_{s,i}) \rightarrow \sum_{s=1}^{C=N} y_{s,i} \cdot \log(\hat{y}_{s,i})$$

$$extra = \lambda \sum_{i=1}^n \theta_i^2$$

$$extra = \frac{\lambda}{2} \sum_{i=1}^n \theta_i^2$$

$$extra = \lambda \sum_{i=1}^n |\theta_i|$$

$$extra = r\lambda \sum_{i=1}^n |\theta_i| + (1-r) \cdot \frac{\lambda}{2} \sum_{i=1}^n \theta_i^2$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \theta} \rightarrow \lambda \sum_{i=1}^n \theta_i$$

$$loss = \max(0, 1 - t_i \cdot \hat{y}_i); \; t_i = \pm 1$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \hat{y} = 0 \text{ if } \vec{w} \cdot \vec{x} + b < 0 \\ \hat{y} = 1 \text{ if } \vec{w} \cdot \vec{x} + b \geq 0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} \textbf{Minimize} \; \frac{1}{2}\vec{w}^2 + C \sum_{i=1}^m \zeta_i; \; \text{for } \vec{w}, b, \zeta \\ \textbf{constrained by } t_i(\vec{w} \cdot x_i + b) \geq 1 - \zeta_i \end{array}$$

$$K(x,x')=x\cdot x'$$

$$K(x,x') = (\gamma x \cdot x' + c)^d$$

$$K(x,x') = exp(-\gamma ||x-x'||^2)$$

$$K(x,x')=\tanh(\gamma x\cdot x'+c)$$

$$d_m=|x_1-x_2|+|y_1-y_2|$$

$$d_e=\sqrt{(x_1-x_2)^2+(y_1-y_2)^2}$$

$$\begin{aligned}d_L&=\sqrt[m]{(x_1-x_2)^m+(y_1-y_2)^m}\\d_L&=(|x_1-x_2|^m+|y_1-y_2|^m)^{\frac{1}{m}}\end{aligned}$$

$$G=1-\sum_{i=1}^K p_i^2$$

$$p_i$$

$$H=-\sum_{i=1}^K p_i\log_2 p_i$$

$$J=\frac{n_{left}}{N}\cdot G_{left}+\frac{n_{right}}{N}\cdot G_{right}$$

$$R_{\alpha}(T)=R(T)+\alpha|T|$$

$$P(y|x_1,...x_n)=\frac{P(x_1,...,x_n|y)P(y)}{P(x_1,...,x_n)}$$

$$P(x_i|y,x_1,...,x_{i-1},x_{i+1},...,x_n)=P(x_i|y)$$

$$a_i$$

$$P(y|x_1,...x_n)=P(y)\frac{\prod_{i=1}^n P(x_i|y)}{P(x_1,...,x_n)}$$

$$p(x_i|y)=\frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma_y^2}}\exp\left(-\frac{(x_i-\mu_y)^2}{2\sigma_y^2}\right)$$

$$P(x_i|y) = \frac{x_i}{N}$$

$$\rightarrow P(x_i|y) = \frac{x_i + \alpha}{N + \alpha \cdot n}$$

$$P(x_i|y) = \frac{N_{x_i,y}}{N_y}$$

$$\rightarrow P(x_i|y) = \frac{N_{x_i,y} + \alpha}{N_y + \alpha \cdot n}$$

$$\hat{y} = \theta_0 + \theta_1 \cdot x_1 + \dots + \theta_m \cdot x_m + \vec{\epsilon}$$

$$\hat{y} = \vec{X}^T \cdot \vec{\theta} + \vec{\epsilon}$$

$$\vec{\theta} = \text{weights}$$

$$\hat{y} = \text{prediction}$$

$$\vec{X} = \text{features}$$

$$\vec{\epsilon} = \text{error}$$

$$MSE = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - \hat{y}_i)^2$$

$$MAE = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n |y_i - \hat{y}_i|$$

$$P(A|B) = \frac{P(A \cap B)}{P(B)}$$

$$P(A) - \text{probability of A}$$

$$P(B) - \text{probability of B}$$

$$P(A \cap B) - \text{probability of A \& B}$$

$$P(A|B) - \text{probability of A given B}$$

$$P(F) = \frac{63 + 18}{96} = \frac{81}{96}$$

$$P(NF) = \frac{15 + 18}{96} = \frac{33}{96}$$

$$P(F \cap NF) = \frac{18}{96}$$

$$P(F|NF) = \frac{P(F \cap NF)}{P(NF)} = \frac{18}{33}$$

$$P(NF|F) = \frac{P(F \cap NF)}{P(F)} = \frac{18}{81}$$

$$P(A|B) = \frac{P(B|A)}{P(B)} \cdot P(A)$$

$P(A)$ – probability of A

$P(B)$ – probability of B

$P(B|A)$ – probability of B given A

$P(A|B)$ – probability of A given B

$$P(C|+) = \frac{P(+|C)}{P(+)} \cdot P(C) = \frac{0.995}{0.03193} \cdot 0.002 = 0.062$$

β : false negative rate

power = $1 - \beta$

power = $Pr(\text{reject } H_0 \mid H_1 \text{ true})$

$y_{i,t}$ i = class, t = time

$\bar{y}_{i,t}$ mean of $y_{i,t}$

$$\delta = (\bar{y}_{11} - \bar{y}_{12}) - (\bar{y}_{21} - \bar{y}_{22})$$

$$d = \frac{\mu_1 - \mu_2}{s}$$

$$s = \sqrt{\frac{(n_1 - 1)\sigma_1^2 + (n_2 - 1)\sigma_2^2}{n_1 + n_2 - 2}}$$

$$n = \left(\frac{2 \cdot z \cdot \sigma}{W} \right)^2$$

$$n = \left(\frac{Z_{1-\frac{\alpha}{2}} + Z_{1-\beta}}{\delta} \right)^2$$

$$L_{h,i} = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{2} (y_i - \hat{y}_i)^2, & \text{if } |y_i - \hat{y}_i| \leq \epsilon \\ \epsilon (|y_i - \hat{y}_i| - \frac{\epsilon}{2}), & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$L_{ei,i} = \begin{cases} 0, & \text{if } |y_i - \hat{y}_i| \leq \epsilon \\ |y_i - \hat{y}_i|, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$L_{sei,i} = \begin{cases} 0, & \text{if } |y_i - \hat{y}_i| \leq \epsilon \\ (y_i - \hat{y}_i)^2, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

$$\eta = \text{const.}$$

$$\eta \rightarrow \frac{\eta}{k}$$

$$\eta = \frac{\text{const.}}{\left(1+\frac{t}{k}\right)^{t_0}}$$

$$\eta = \frac{\text{const.}}{\beta\left(t+t_0\right)}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\bar{y}_n &= \frac{1}{N_n} \sum_{i \in N_n} y_i \\ \text{MSE} &= \frac{1}{N_n} \sum_{i \in N_n} (\hat{y}_i - \bar{y}_n)^2 \\ J &= \frac{n_{left}}{N} \cdot \text{MSE}_{left} + \frac{n_{right}}{N} \cdot \text{MSE}_{right}\end{aligned}$$

$$R^2 = 1 - \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - \hat{y}_i)^2}{\sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - \bar{y}_i)^2}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\hat{y}_{diff} &= \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - \hat{y}_i) \\ \text{Exp. Var} &= 1 - \frac{\sum_{i=1}^n ((y_i - \hat{y}_i) - \hat{y}_{diff})^2}{\sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - \bar{y}_i)^2}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}F_m(X) &= F_{m-1}(X) + \nu \hat{y}_m(X) \\ \hat{y}_1(X) \\ \hat{y}_2(X) \\ \hat{y}_3(X)\end{aligned}$$

$$w_{est.i} = \nu \log \left(\frac{1-r_i}{r_i} \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned}X &= USV^H \\ s^2 &= \text{ eigenvalues} \\ \text{columns of } U &= \text{ eigenvectors of } XX^H \\ \text{rows of } V^H &= \text{ eigenvectors of } X^H X \\ \text{with } \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N \hat{x}_i &= 0\end{aligned}$$

$$P_d = X \cdot (V_d^H)^T$$

$$X_{rec} = P_d \cdot V_d^H$$

$$X = W \cdot H$$

$$X^{m \times n}$$

$$H^{k \times n}$$

$$W^{m \times k}$$

$$d_{Frob}(X, WH) = SE_{Frob.} = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i,j} (X_{i,j} - (WH)_{i,j})^2$$

$$d_{Frob}(X, WH)$$

$$+ \lambda \sum_{i,j} |W_{i,j}|$$

$$+ \lambda \sum_{i,j} |H_{i,j}|$$

$$d_{Frob}(X, WH)$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} \lambda \sum_{i,j} (W_{i,j})^2$$

$$+ \frac{1}{2} \lambda \sum_{i,j} (H_{i,j})^2$$

$$d_{Frob}(X, WH)$$

$$+ r \left(\lambda \sum_{i,j} |W_{i,j}| + \lambda \sum_{i,j} |H_{i,j}| \right)$$

$$+ (1 - r) \left(\frac{1}{2} \lambda \sum_{i,j} (W_{i,j})^2 + \frac{1}{2} \lambda \sum_{i,j} (H_{i,j})^2 \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned}\delta_{i,j}^2 &= (x_i - x_j)(x_i - x_j)^T \\ \hat{\delta}_{i,j}^2 &= (\hat{x}_i - \hat{x}_j)(\hat{x}_i - \hat{x}_j)^T \\ Loss &= \sum_{i < j} \left(\delta_{i,j} - \hat{\delta}_{i,j} \right)^2 \\ x_i \\ \hat{x}_i \\ \delta_{i,j}^2 \\ \hat{\delta}_{i,j}^2 \\ \hat{X} &= XV\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}Loss &= \sum_{i=1}^m \left(\hat{X}_i - \sum_{j=1, i \neq j}^m W_{i,j} X_j \right)^2 \\ \sum_j W_{i,j} &= 1\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}Loss &= \sum_{i=1}^m \left(Y_i - \sum_{i=1, i \neq j}^m W_{i,j} Y_j \right)^2 \\ &\text{with } W_{i,j} \text{ fixed}\end{aligned}$$

$$Loss = \sum_{i=1}^m \sum_{l=1}^{s_i} \left(Y_i - \sum_{i=1, i \neq j}^m W_{i,j}^{(l)} Y_j \right)^2$$

$$\begin{aligned}p_{j|i; i \neq j} &= \frac{\exp\left(-\frac{(\hat{x}_i - \hat{x}_j)^2}{2\sigma_i}\right)}{\sum_{k \neq i} \exp\left(-\frac{(\hat{x}_i - \hat{x}_k)^2}{2\sigma_i}\right)} \\ \sum_j p_{j|i} &= 1 \forall i \\ p_{ij} &= \frac{p_{j|i} + p_{i|j}}{2m}\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}PP(p) &= 2^{-\sum_i p(i) \log_2 p(i)} \\ \sigma_i\end{aligned}$$

$$q_{ij} = \frac{\frac{1}{1+(\hat{y}_i-\hat{y}_j)^2}}{\sum_{k \neq i} \frac{1}{1+(\hat{y}_i-\hat{y}_k)^2}}$$

$$KL(P, Q) = \sum_{i \neq j} p_{i,j} \log \left(\frac{p_{i,j}}{q_{i,j}} \right)$$

$$P \star = E_e$$

$$\text{Inertia} = \sum_{i=1}^m \min_{u_j \in C} [(x_i - \mu_j)^2]$$

μ_j cluster j centroid

C set of clusters

$$V = \frac{(1 + \beta) \cdot \text{homogeneity} \cdot \text{completeness}}{\beta \cdot \text{homogeneity} + \text{completeness}}$$

β - homog. \leftrightarrow complete. trade-off

$$s = \frac{b-a}{\max(a,b)}$$

$$L(\hat{\Theta}; \hat{X}, \hat{Z}) = p(\hat{X}, \hat{Z} | \hat{\Theta})$$

$$\operatorname{argmax}_{\Theta} \left(E_{\hat{Z} | \hat{X}, \hat{\Theta}} \log L(\hat{\Theta}; \hat{X}, \hat{Z}) \right)$$

$$\text{AIC} = 2k - 2\ln(\hat{L})$$

k = num. param in model

\hat{L} = maximum likelihood function value

$$\text{BIC} = k \ln m - 2\ln(\hat{L})$$

k = num. param in model

\hat{L} = maximum likelihood function value

m = sample size