



1ST EDITION

Technical Program Manager's Handbook

Empowering managers to efficiently manage technical projects and build a successful career path



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Foreword by Ben Tobin Career and Leadership Coach, Ben Tobin Coaching Former Software Development Manager, Amazon

Preface

The role of a Technical Program Manager (or TPM) has been around inside and outside of the tech industry for quite a while; yet somehow there is still quite a sense of mystery around what the role is and why it is beneficial, let alone how someone can succeed in being a TPM. This book looks to correct that by diving into what it means to be a TPM, where the role came from, and where it is headed. You'll get a look into how the TPM works and develops their career in the Big 5 – Amazon, Apple, Alphabet (Google), Meta (Facebook), and Microsoft.

I've been at Amazon for a little over 9 years now and I remember that when I first interviewed, I had a hard time remembering what TPM even stood for, let alone what they did. In my onsite interviews, I asked what the job role was and what the day-to-day was like. 9 years later and I'm asked those same questions by interviewees at least once a week. I attend conferences discussing what it means to be a TPM and have written papers on what it means to be a TPM within my own organization because as you'll see in this book, it depends on where you are as to what the role entails. However, no matter what, there are foundational principles that are followed across the industry that will set you on the right path and help you when you get stuck in a rut without a way forward.

Let's get you ready to be a successful TPM!

Who this audiobook is for

This book is meant for TPMs at every stage of their career, including those that are considering transitioning into the role. To get the most out of this book, there is an expectation that the reader will have some basic knowledge of project management. I tend to lean into the **Project Management Professional** (or **PMP**) lingo and style but the book does not follow a specific methodology, as I don't believe a single methodology can be adequately applied to this role!

The book will cover some basic programming topics, although very little code is used except for illustrative purposes in *Chapter 11*, *Code Development Expectations*. Most concepts are explored using figures and text, as that fits the audience of the book the best.

To read the book, there's no expectation of a specific technical proficiency, although as you will discover, there is an expectation that you'll have that if you want to be a TPM. This book will guide you through the technical skills that are prerequisites for most TPMs.

What this audiobook covers

Chapter 1, Fundamentals of a Technical Program Manager, is an introduction to what a TPM is and where the role originated.

Chapter 2, Pillars of a Technical Program Manager, sets out the three pillars of a TPM: project management, program management, and the technical toolset.

Chapter 3, Introduction to Program Management, covers the key management areas that will be covered throughout the book: plan management, risk management, and stakeholder management. It also introduces a case study that will be used for all examples throughout the book.

Chapter 4, Driving Toward Clarity, elaborates on the recurring trait that defines everything a TPM does: being clarity-driven.

Chapter 5, Plan Management, dives deeper into the plan management best practices and goes over scenarios that are common in the tech industry.

Chapter 6, Risk Management, explores the risk management best practices and goes over scenarios that are common in the tech industry.

Chapter 7, Stakeholder Management, discusses the stakeholder management best practices and goes over scenarios that are common in the tech industry.

Chapter 8, Managing a Program, explains the differences between managing a program and a project and how program management builds on top of project management.

Chapter 9, **Career Paths**, examines the career paths available for a TPM using interviews and job data from across the Big 5 tech companies.

Chapter 10, The Technical Toolset, is all about the three fundamental tools in a TPM's technical toolset: programming fundamentals, system design, and architectural design.

Chapter 11, Code Development Expectations, is an outline of the programming fundamentals that a TPM is expected to understand and draw upon.

Chapter 12, System Design and Architectural Landscape, clarifies the system and architectural design patterns and principles that are useful to a TPM.

Chapter 13, Enhancing Management Using Your Technical Toolset, covers the technical toolset and dives deeper into how and where in a TPM's day-to-day work it can be used to enhance their career.

Download the color images

We also provide a PDF file that has color images of the screenshots and diagrams used in this book. You can download it here: https://packt.link/ytFtY.

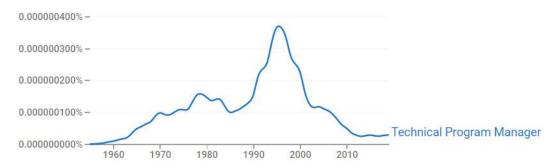


Figure 1.1 – Google Ngram Viewer results of the occurrence of the term "Technical Program Manager" from 1955 to 2019 with a smoothing of 3

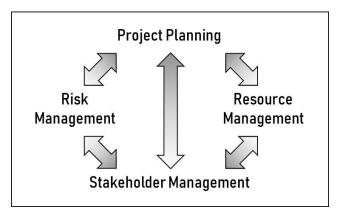


Figure 1.2 – Key management areas

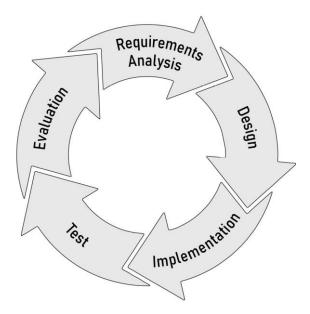


Figure 1.3 – The SDLC

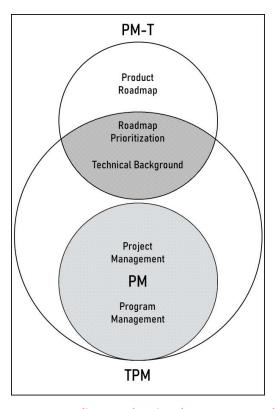


Figure 1.4 – A Venn diagram showing the PM, TPM, and PM-T

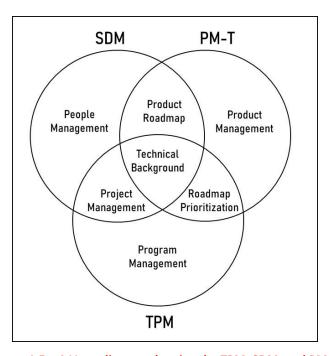


Figure 1.5 – A Venn diagram showing the TPM, SDM, and PM-T

Normalized Level	Company	Qualifications	Education
Entry	Apple	SDLC	CS or Comparable
		PM	
	Google	Align across multiple	CS or Comparable
		teams	
		PM/SDLC	
	Microsoft	PM/SDLC	CS or Comparable
		Influence without	Equivalent Work
		authority	Experience (EWE)
		Biz Intel	
Industry	Amazon	PM/SDLC	CS or Comparable
		Remove ambiguity	EWE

		Thought leadership	
	Apple	Leading a team	BS or MS
		Established PM/SDLC	EWE
		Communication	
		Strategy and Program	
		Delivery	
	Google	E2E Delivery	CS or Comparable
		System Design	
		Data Analysis	
	Meta	PM/SDLC	CS or Comparable
		Works with other TPMs	EWE
	Microsoft	Exp. Writing code	CS or Comparable
		Defines program goals	EWE
		PM/SDLC	
Principal	Amazon	PM/SDLC	CS or Comparable
		Remove ambiguity	EWE
		Thought leadership	
	Microsoft	Proven PM	BS/MS in CS or Comparable
		Strong technical	
		proficiency	
		Excellent communication	

Table 1.1 – A functional comparison of job roles across the tech industry

Level	Company	Focus	Years of Experience
	Apple	SDLC/PM Fundamentals	None
Entry	Google	SDLC/PM Fundamentals	0 to 1
	Microsoft	SDLC/PM Fundamentals	None
	Influence w/o authority		
	Apple	Strategy and Program Deliver	5 to 10
Industry			
	Amazon	SDLC/PM Fundamentals	3 to 8
		Remove ambiguity	
	Google End-to-End Delivery		2 to 6
		System Design	
	Meta	SDLC/PM Fundamentals	4 to 7
		Cross-team collaboration	
	Microsoft	Program definition	6 to 10
		SDLC/PM proven record	
	Amazon	Program delivery	Over 8
Principal		Identify ambiguous problems	
	Microsoft	Proven PM/SDLC	8 +
		Strong technical proficiency	

Table 1.2 – The TPM progression through three job levels

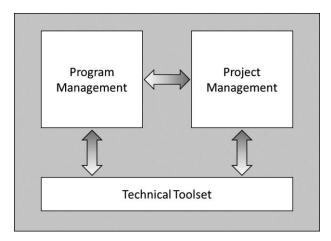


Figure 2.1 – The pillars of a TPM

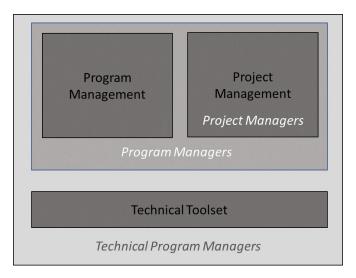


Figure 2.2 – The functional overlap between the role of program managers and TPMs

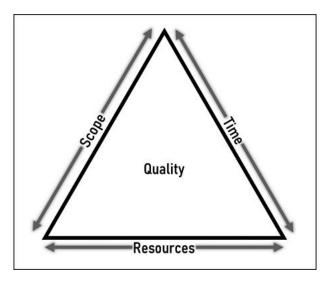


Figure 2.3 – The project management triangle

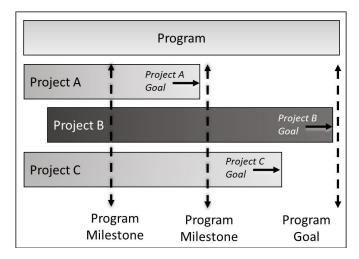


Figure 2.4 – A project versus a program

Program Status Update

Overall Status: GREEN for July 1st launch

Top Program Risks

Project A: Milestone 1 delay Project B: Resource constraints Program: Milestone 2 alignment

Key Milestones

Program Milestone 2: March 3rd Program Milestone 3: April 9th Program Launch: July 1st

Figure 2.5 - A program status update

Project A Status Update

Overall Status: GREEN for April 9th launch

Top Project Risks

Milestone 1 Delay

Key Milestones

Milestone 1: February 4th Milestone 2: March 3rd Project Launch: April 9th

Development Progress

Milestone 1: Story 1 Yellow Milestone 1: Story 2 Not Started Milestone 2: Story 1 Green

Figure 2.6 – A status update for Project A

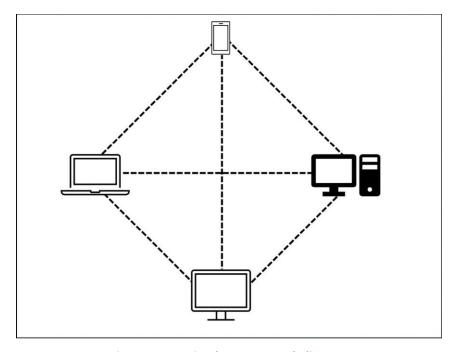


Figure 3.1 – A simple P2P network diagram

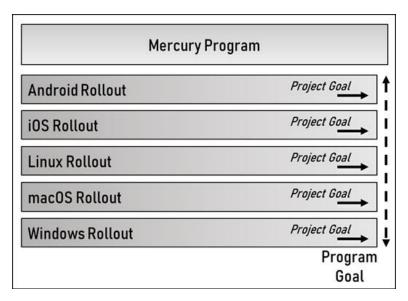


Figure 3.2 – The Mercury program roadmap

Project/program name	Description	Goal	How does it help the program?
Mercury program	Program for	Build and deploy a	N/A
	P2P messaging	P2P messaging app to	
	арр	90% of the user base.	
Android rollout	Project for the	Deploy the app for	Android represents
project	P2P Android	the Android	72% of the worldwide
	арр	ecosystem.	market share on
			mobile.
iOS rollout project	Project for the	Deploy the app for	iOS represents 26% of
	P2P iOS app	the iOS ecosystem.	the worldwide market
			share on mobile.
Linux rollout	Project for the	Deploy the app for	Linux represents 2.5%
project	P2P Linux app	the Linux ecosystem.	of the worldwide

			desktop market
			share.
macOS rollout	Project for the	Deploy the app for	macOS represents
project	P2P macOS app	the macOS	15% of the worldwide
		ecosystem.	desktop market
			share.
Windows rollout	Project for the	Deploy the app for	Windows represents
project	P2P Windows	the Windows	76% of the worldwide
	арр	ecosystem.	desktop market
		I .	I .

Table 3.1 – The Mercury project structure

ID	Milestone	Predecessor	Effort (weeks)
1	P2P Subsystem Ready		8
2	User Interface Ready	1	16
3	End-to-End (E2E)	2	4

Table 3.2 – A simplified view of the Windows project plan

	Project / Program	Milestone	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug
	Windows	P2P Subsystem Ready	7011			r. pr		,,,,,	70.	, ing
2	Windows	UI Ready								
3	Windows	E2E Testing Complete								
4	macOS	P2P Subsystem Ready								
5	macOS	UI Ready								
6	macOS	E2E Testing Complete								
7	Linux	P2P Subsystem Ready		15						
8	Linux	UI Ready								
9	Linux	E2E Testing Complete								
10	Android	P2P Subsystem Ready								
11	Android	UI Ready								
12	Android	E2E Testing Complete								
13	iOS	P2P Subsystem Ready								
14	iOS	UI Ready								
15	ios	E2E Testing Complete								
16	Mercury	Windows to macOS Integration Testing								
17	Mercury	Windows to Anroid Integration Testing								
18	Mercury	Windows to Linux Integration Testing								
19	Mercury	Windows to iOS Integration Testing								
20	Mercury	macOS to Linux Integration Testing								
21	Mercury	macOS to Android Integration Testing								
22	Mercury	macOS to iOS Integration Testing								
23	Mercury	Linux to Android Integration Testing								
24	Mercury	Linux to IOS Integration Testing								
25	Mercury	Android to iOS Integration Testing								

Table 3.3 – The program plan with the Gantt chart

ID	Project / Program	Milestone	Jul	Aug
16	Mercury	Windows to macOS Integration Testing		
17	Mercury	Windows to Anroid Integration Testing		
18	Mercury	Windows to Linux Integration Testing		
19	Mercury	Windows to iOS Integration Testing		
20	Mercury	macOS to Linux Integration Testing		
21	Mercury	macOS to Android Integration Testing		
22	Mercury	macOS to iOS Integration Testing		
23	Mercury	Linux to Android Integration Testing		
24	Mercury	Linux to iOS Integration Testing		
25	Mercury	Android to iOS Integration Testing		

Table 3.4 – A closeup of the Gantt chart, focusing on the integration testing

ID	Project/program	Risk	Strategy	
1	Windows To-Do App	Network testing failures	Acceptance – 3-week milestone slip	
2	Linux To-Do App	Distribution regressions	Mitigation	
3	Android Project Tracker	App approval delays	Acceptance – 2-week addition	
4	iOS Project Tracker	App approval delays	Acceptance – 3-week addition	

Table 3.5 – A risk register for the Mercury program company

ID	Project / Program	Stakeholder	Development Report	Monthly Review	Quarterly Review
1	macOS	TPM Manager	Yes	Yes	Yes
2	Windows	Dev. Team Manager	Yes	Yes	No
3	Linux	Lead Engineer	Yes	No	No
4	Android	Android Division Lead	No	Yes	Yes
5	iOS	Director, Mobile Systems	No	Yes	Yes
6	Mercury	VP, Productivity	No	No	Yes

Table 3.6 – The stakeholder plan for the Mercury program

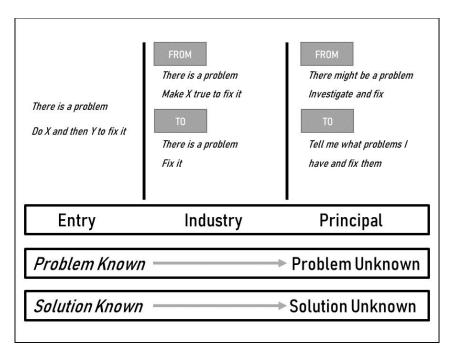


Figure 4.1 – Growth by ambiguity

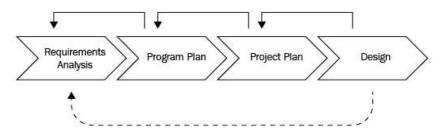


Figure 4.2 - Driving clarity in plan management

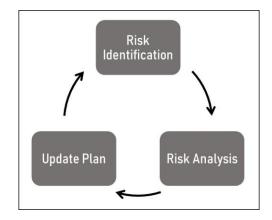


Figure 4.3 – Driving clarity in risk management

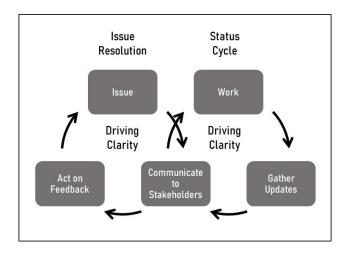


Figure 4.4 – Driving clarity using stakeholder communication

Links

Visit https://www.mariogerard.com/take-it-to-the-next-level-as-a-tpm/ for more information.

Tool	Project	Portfolio	Resource	Stakeholder
	Management	Management	Management	Management
MS Project	\square			V
Smartsheet	V	V	V	V
Clarizen	V	V	V	V
Asana	V	V	V	V
MS Excel				

Table 5.1 – Comparing program management tools

ID	Requirement
1	Create a peer-to-peer (or P2P) messaging system
2	System must allow sending text messages to other peers on the system
3	Standard UX elements from other messaging apps should be available
4	All messages sent and received for a user must be accessible to the user within
	the app until the user explicitly deletes a message

Table 5.2 – Initial requirements for the Mercury program's Windows Rollout Project

ID	Requirements
1.0	A P2P messaging system, with no servers, should be created
2.0	The system must allow sending text messages to other users on the
	network/system
2.1	The text message should support all Unicode characters, including emojis
2.2	The text should support rich text formatting (bold, italic, underline, font type,
	and size)
3.0	Standard UX elements seen in other messaging apps should be available
3.1	Address book of saved contacts
3.1.1	Add to address book

3.1.2	Remove from address book
3.1.3	Load address book entirely or a single address
3.1.3	Export address book entirely or a single address
3.2	User profile
3.2.1	User profile image
3.2.2	User alias should be changeable
3.2.3	Short bio section including description/bio, company, title
3.3	Presence indicator
3.3.1	Configurable statuses
3.3.2	Configurable locations
3.4	Access control
3.4.1	User should be able to accept contact requests
3.4.2	User should be able to block contact requests
4.0	All messages sent and received should be visible to the user
4.1	Exception for when a message is deleted by the user
4.2	Messages should contain a status indicator of {sent, received, read}

Table 5.3 – Clarified requirements

ID	Requirement IDs	Use Case
1	1.0	As an admin, have no centralized setup or maintenance
2	1.0	As a user, install and use without a central server
3	3.2	As a user, create a user profile with a picture and an alias
4	3.1	As a user, add or remove a contact to my contact list
5	3.4	As a user, block and accept a contact request
6	2	As a user, send messages to a contact using rich text
7	4	As a user, see new messages sent to me
8	4	As a user, see all messages both sent and received
9	4.1	As a user, delete a message
10	3.3	As a user, set presence information

Table 5.4 – Use cases

ID	Use Case	Task	Estimate
	ID		(Weeks)

1	1, 2	Create P2P network	12
2	1, 2	Design network	4
3	1, 2	Implement	6
4	6	Text message send/receive API	8
5	6	Set up API for request/response	4
6	7, 8	Use an Ack tag to track message status	2
7	6	Ensure Unicode support in API payload	1
8	5	Text message to new contact initiates contact	1
		request	
9	4	Address book	16
10	4	Add/remove API using message protocol/API	4
11	4	Import/export of the address book	4
12	4	Import/export of an address entry	4
13	-	Support search/discovery for members on	4
		network	
14	3	User profile object	3
15	3	CRUD	1
16	3	Alias CRUD	1
17	3	Bio text CRUD	1
18	10	Presence object	2.5
19	10	Status key-value pair	1
20	10	Location key-value pair	1
21	10	Support full Unicode including emojis in values	0.5
22	5	Access control	1
23	5	Accept or deny contact request	1
24	4	Message library	2.5
25	8	Maintain message list for both sent and received	2
26	9	Allow deletion of sent/received message from list	0.5

Table 5.5 – From use cases to tasks

ID	ReqId	Task	Duration	Swarm	Predecessors	Start	End
				#		Date	Date
1	1	Create P2P network	16				

2	1	Design network	6	1		2-	6-
						Jan-	Feb-
						23	23
3	1	Implement	10	2	2fs	13-	24-
						Feb-	Mar-
						23	23
4	1.3	Create a networkId	3	1	2fs	27-	14-
		to tie a message to a				Mar-	Apr-
		given network				23	23
		instance					
5	2	Text message	13				
		send/receive API					
6	2	Set up API for	6	2		2-	20-
		request/response				Jan-	Jan-
						23	23
7	4.2	Use an Ack tag to	3	1	6fs	23-	17-
		track message				Jan-	Feb-
		status				23	23
8	2.1	Ensure Unicode	2	1	6fs	23-	3-
		support in API				Jan-	Feb-
		payload				23	23
9	3.4.1	New text message	2	1	6fs	6-	17-
		to new contact				Feb-	Feb-
		initiates contact				23	23
		request					

Table 5.6 – Excerpt of Windows Rollout Project Plan

Level of Ambiguity in	Confidence of Estimate	Team	Buffer
Task	Accuracy	Overhead	
Medium	Low	10%	35%
High	Low	10%	40%
Low	Medium	10%	25%
Medium	Medium	10%	30%
High	Medium	10%	35%
Low	High	10%	20%

Medium High 10% 25%

Table 5.7 – Estimation buffer matrix

Feature	Start Date	End Date
Create P2P network	2-Jan-23	14-Apr-23
Text message send/receive API	2-Jan-23	17-Feb-23
Address book	17-Apr-23	9-Jun-23
User profile object	20-Feb-23	3-Mar-23
Presence object	27-Feb-23	13-Mar-23
Access control	20-Mar-23	24-Mar-23
Message library	20-Mar-23	7-Apr-23

Table 5.8 – Feature list

Task	Duration	Swarm #	Resourcing	Start Date	End Date
Create P2P network	16				
Design network	6	1	Arun	2-Jan-23	6-Feb-23
Implement	10	2	Arun, Bex	13-Feb-23	24-Mar-23
Create network Id	3	1	Arun	27-Mar-23	14-Apr-23
Arun on-call	1	1	Arun	20-Feb-23	24-Feb-23
Bex on-call	1	1	Bex	6-Mar-23	10-Mar-23

Table 5.9 – Updated partial plan with resourcing

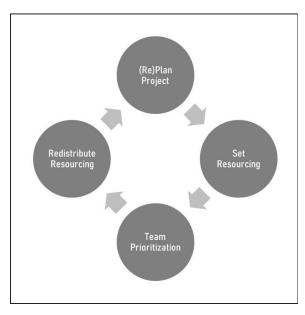


Figure 5.1 – Cyclical prioritization

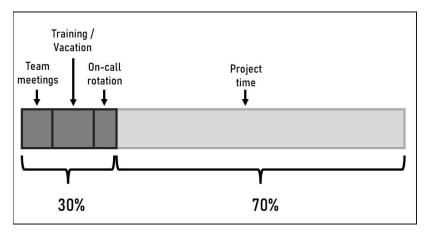


Figure 5.2 – Showing overhead, non-project, and project hours to determine available hours

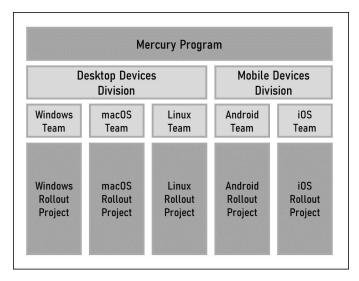


Figure 5.3 – Project and program boundaries

Further reading

Dr. Goldratt, Eliyahu. *Critical Chain* (North River Press, 1997). This book describes the critical chain methodology that I have discussed under the *Buffers* heading in this chapter. The method is more intuitive to the way we work and give us a tangible way to handle the unknowns by assigning buffers based on complexity and ambiguity.

Chapter 6

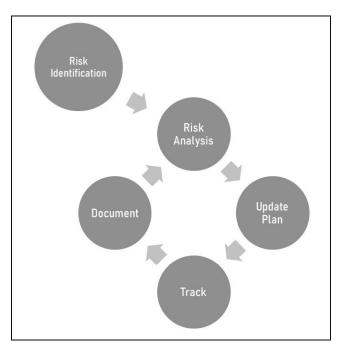


Figure 6.1 – Risk assessment process

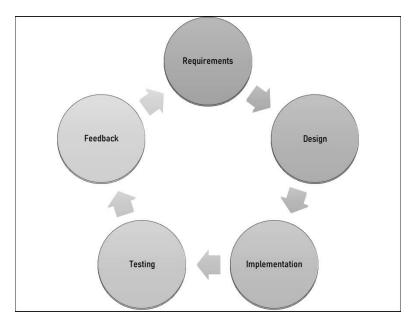


Figure 6.2 – SDLC

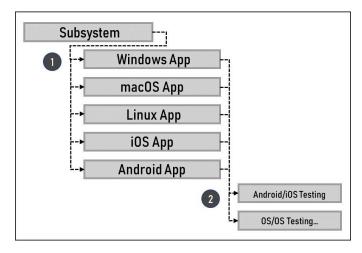


Figure 6.3 – Cross-project risks

Probability	Impact	Risk Score
Low (1)	Low (1)	Low (2)
Medium (2)	Low (1)	Low (3)
High (3)	Low (1)	Medium (4)
Low (1)	Medium (2)	Low (3)
Medium (2)	Medium (2)	Medium (4)
High (3)	Medium (2)	Medium (5)
Low (1)	High (3)	Medium (4)
Medium (2)	High (3)	Medium (5)
High (3)	High (3)	High (6)

Table 6.1 - Risk scorecard

ID	Risk	Probability	Impact	Strategy
1	Cross-platform	High	High	Acceptance: Shift timelines to
	tooling issues			account for delays
				Mitigation: Training and crashing
2	Tight testing	Medium	Medium	Acceptance: Shift timelines to
	timeline			account for delays
				Mitigation: Shift timelines to
				allow for buffer
3	App store approval	Low	Low	Acceptance: Shift timelines to
	delays			account for delays

Table 6.2 – Risk log for the Mercury program

ID	Risk	Probability	Impact	Strategy	
1	Cross-platform tooling	High	High	Acceptance: Shift timelines	
	issues			to account for delays	
				Mitigation: Training and	
				crashing	
1.1	New Integrated Desktop	High	High	Mitigation: Training on a	
	Environment (IDE)			new IDE	

1.2	New coding language for	High	High	Mitigation: Training on a
	some teams			new language
1.3	Cross-team	High	Medium	Mitigation: Daily stand-ups,
	collaboration			co-location, or chat rooms

Table 6.3 – Cross-platform IDE risk analysis

Туре	Goal	Recurrence	Owner	Distribution
Stand-up	Day-to-day	Daily	SDE	Sprint board, in-
	collaboration and		Lead	person updates,
	unblocking			or email progress
	progress			updates
Status	Milestone-level	Weekly (<i>Every</i>	Project	Email
Update	project status	Tuesday)	TPM	
Monthly	Leadership-level	Monthly (3rd	TPM	Meeting and
Business	program status	Wednesday of	Lead	Email
Review	with key insights	every month)		
(MBR)	relevant to			
	leadership			
Quarterly	Quarterly Senior leadership- Quarterly (3rd		PM-T	Meeting and
Business	level program	Wednesday of	Lead	Email
Review	status	the 1st month		
(QBR)		<mark>per quarter</mark>)		

Table 7.1 – Example communication plan

Name	Alias	Department	Project	Role	Comm
					Туре
Josh Teter	jteter	Mercury	All	TPM	N/A
Arun	aardibeddi	Windows Team	Windows	SDM	MBR
Ardibeddi			Rollout		
Danielle	dwednesday	Windows Team	Windows	SDE	Stand-
Wednesday			Rollout	Lead	up
Bob Belkan	bbelkan	Windows Team	Windows	SDE	Stand-
			Rollout		up
Vicky Preston	vpreston	Desktop Devices	Windows,	VP	QBR
		Division	macOS, Linux		

Cassette	csantoro	Windows Team	Windows	TPM	MBR
Santoro			Rollout		
Artem	adanyluk	Linux Team	Subsystem	TPM	MBR
Danyluk					

Table 7.2 – Example stakeholder list for the Mercury program

Step ID	Name	TPM	SDM	PM- T	Lead SDE	SDE	Bus.
1	Requirements refinement	А	С	С	С	С	R
2	Project planning	R and A	С	С	С	С	С
3	High-level design	С	С	С	Α	R	ı
4	Low-level design	С	С	С	Α	R	1
5	Sprint planning	R or A	R or	I	С	С	ı
6	Daily stand-ups	С	С	I	Α	R	I
7	Status report	R and A	С	С	С	I	1
8	MBR	R	С	Α	С	(1)	I

Table 7.3 – RACI chart

Figures

Windows Rollout Project Status: Feb-21-22

Next Status: Feb-28-22

Executive Summary

Status: Yellow for Jun-5-22 launch

Summary: A delay in the Text Message API definition as caused a day-for-day slip of starting the User Profile Object work. With project buffer and the early stage of the project, this is expected to be recoverable.

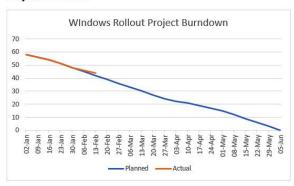
Path to Green: Cassette Santoro to work with Danielle's SDM to move her upcoming oncall rotation to later in the year to make up lost time. This will add buffer back into the project lost by the delay. **ETA Feb-23-22.**

Risk Log

Id	Risk	Probability	Impact	Strategy
1	Cross-platform tooling issues	High	High	Acceptance: Shift timelines to account for delays Mitigation: training and crashing
1.1	New Integrated Desktop Environment (IDE)	High	High	Mitigation: training on new IDE
1.2	New Coding Language for some teams	High	High	Mitigation: training on new language
1.3	Cross-team collaboration	High	Medium	Mitigation: daily stand ups, co-location, or chat rooms

Figure 7.1 – Status report above the fold

Project Burndown



Project Contacts

TPM: Cassette Santoro (@csantoro) SDM: Arun Ardibeddi (@aardibeddi) SDE Lead: Danielle Wednesday (@dwednesday)

Communication Schedule

Status Archive: Link
Next Status: Feb-28-22
Next MBR: Mar-16-22
Next QBR: Apr-20-22

Figure 7.2 – Status report below the fold

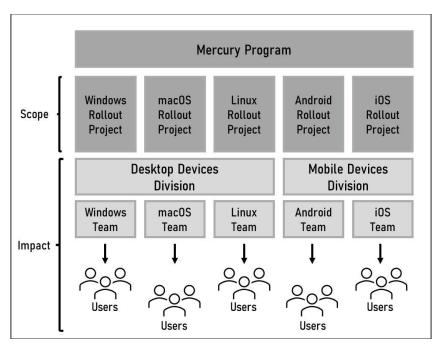


Figure 8.1 – Scope versus impact

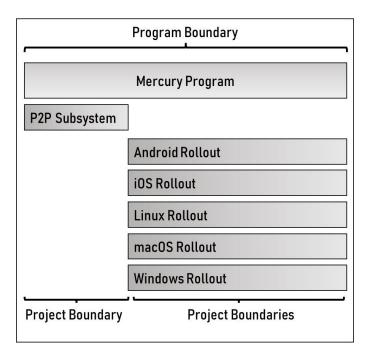


Figure 8.2 – Program versus project boundary

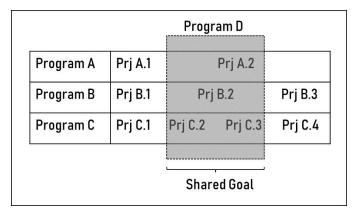


Figure 8.3 – Defining an in situ program

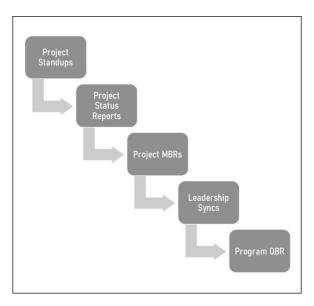


Figure 8.4 – Aligning communication

Tables

Step	Name	Program	PM-	Project	Business
ID		TPM	Т	TPM	
1	Program Planning	A(/R)	С	С	(R)
2	Project Status Report	Α	С	R	С
3	Program Quarterly Business	R/A	С	С	1
	Review (QBR)				

Table 8.1 - Program-level roles and responsibilities

Chapter 9

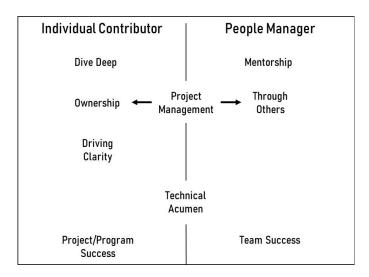


Figure 9.1 – Traits of an IC versus a people manager

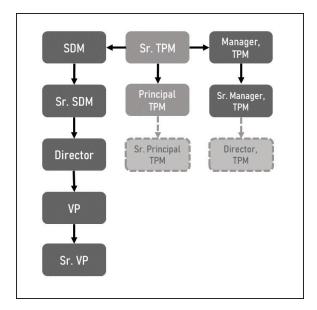


Figure 9.2 – TPM career paths

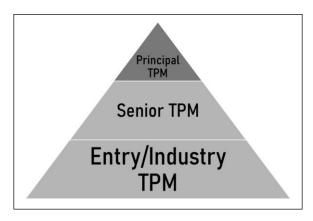


Figure 9.3 – IC career path

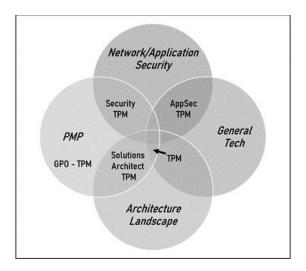


Figure 10.1 – Specialized PM overlaps

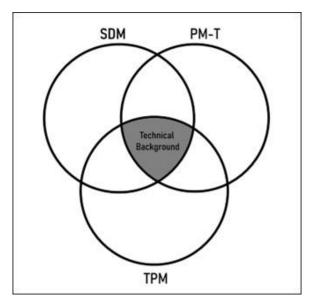


Figure 10.2 – Technical overlap across job families

Tables

Key Management Area	Step	Role	
Planning	Refine requirements	Accountable	
	Create functional	Accountable/Responsible	
	specification		
	Sprint planning	Responsible/Consult	
	Review designs	Consult	
Stakeholder	Draft communication plan	Accountable/Responsible	
Management	Daily stand-ups	Consult	
	Status report/meeting	Accountable	
	Monthly business review	Responsible	
Risk Management	Risk analysis	Accountable	
	Risk monitoring	Accountable/Responsible	
	Issue resolution	Accountable	

Table 10.1 – Roles and responsibilities of a TPM

Figure 11.1 – Mercury code snippet

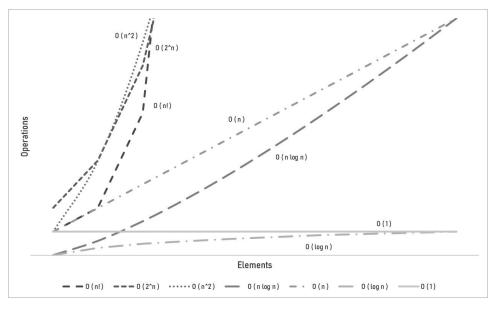


Figure 11.2 – Big O space and time complexity

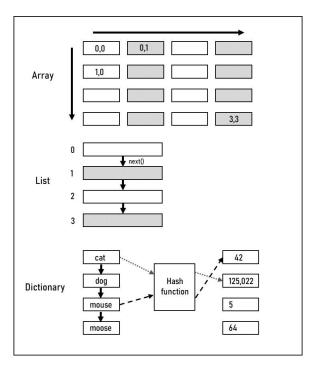


Figure 11.3 – Linear data structures

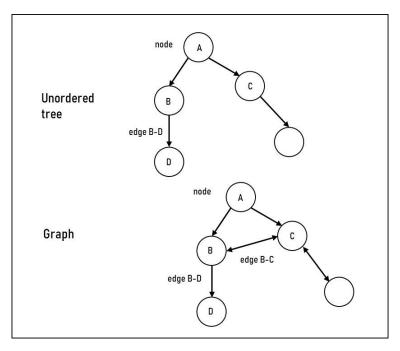


Figure 11.4 – Examples of non-linear tree and graph data structures

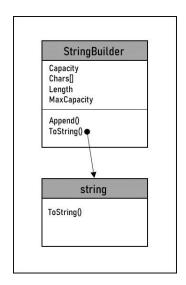


Figure 11.5 – Builder pattern

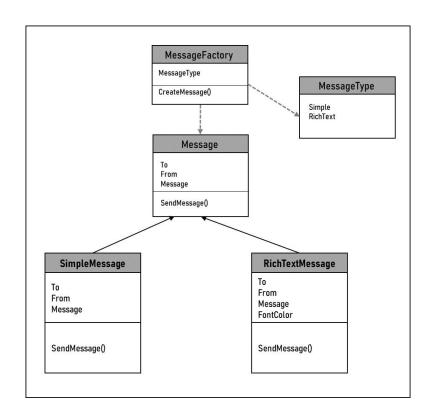


Figure 11.6 – Simple factory

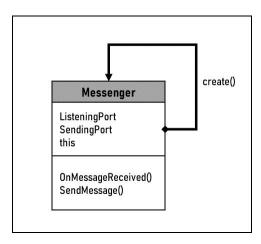


Figure 11.7 – Singleton

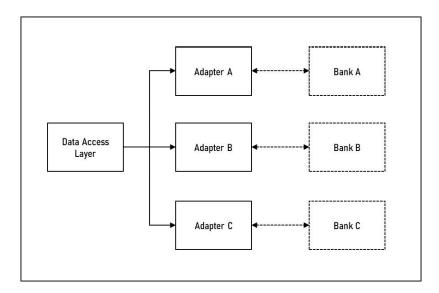


Figure 11.8 – Using adapters to connect with multiple currency converters

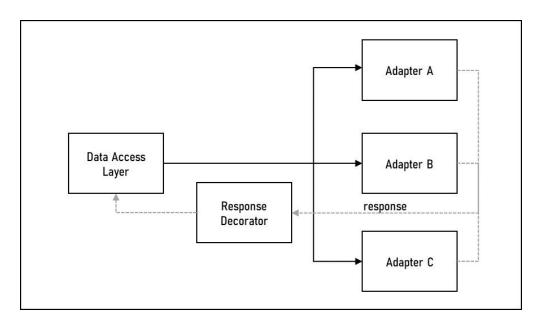


Figure 11.9 – Using a decorator to add data to a response

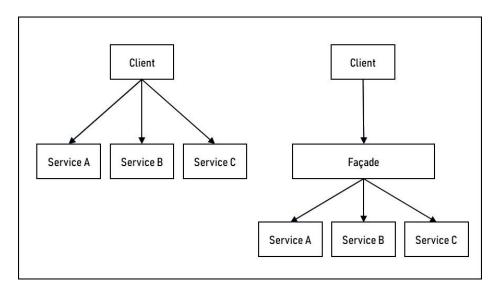


Figure 11.10 – Using a façade to simplify client interfaces

Further reading

Learning Object-Oriented Programming, by Gaston C. Hillar

This is a great introductory book OOP, starting with a basic real-world understanding of objects and methods. If you are unfamiliar with OOP or want an in-depth refresher, this is a good place to start.

https://www.packtpub.com/product/learning-object-orientedprogramming/9781785289637

Mastering Functional Programming, by Anatolii Kmetiuk

This book uses both a traditional functional language, Scala, as well as an OOP language staple, Java, to teach the foundations of functional programming. It then goes beyond the basics to get you comfortable using functional programming concepts and styles in your day-to-day programming.

https://www.packtpub.com/product/mastering-functional-programming/9781788620796

Hands-On Design Patterns with Java, by Dr. Edward Lavieri

This book gives you a real hands-on approach to learning a large number of design patterns using Java. All design patterns I covered are also covered here at a greater depth, making it a good next step to dive deeper.

https://www.packtpub.com/product/hands-on-design-patterns-with-java/9781789809770

Everyday Data Structures, by William Smith

This book discusses data structures as well as algorithms, a cornerstone of computer science, in great depth. It uses hands-on programming in various OOP languages to explore each data structure and algorithm. All the data structures I discussed are in this book, and I encourage you to dive deeper using this book.

https://www.packtpub.com/product/everyday-data-structures/9781787121041

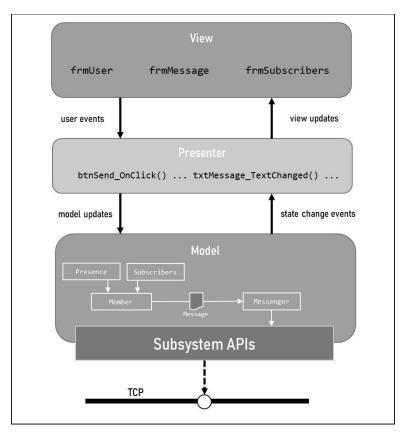


Figure 12.1 – Windows Mercury application system design

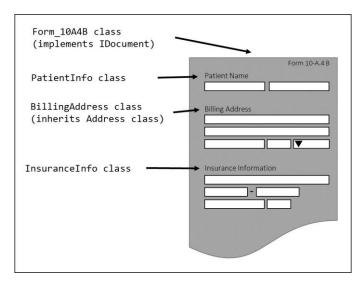


Figure 12.2 – Object-oriented architecture

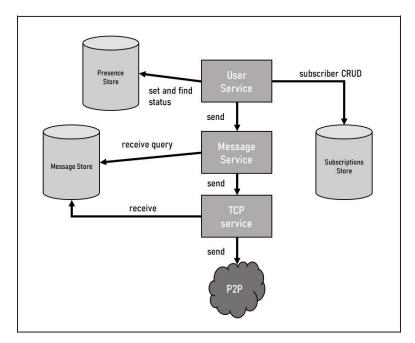


Figure 12.3 – Mercury re-imagined as an SOA

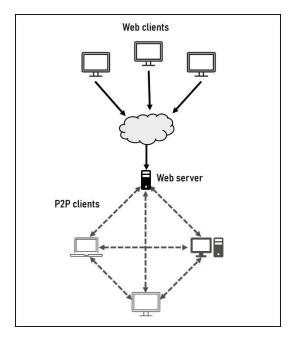


Figure 12.4 – Web browser Mercury system design

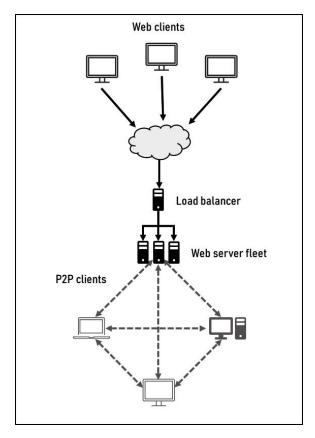


Figure 12.5 – System design with availability and scalability mitigations

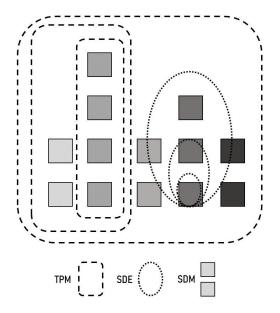
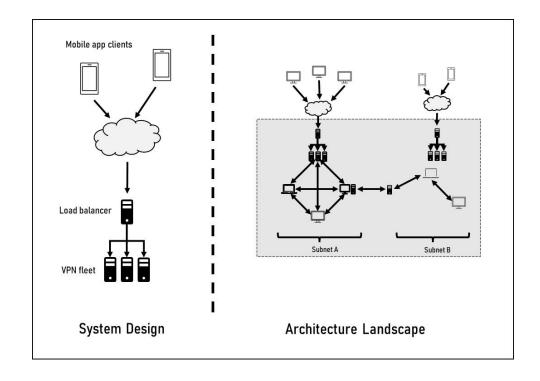


Figure 12.6 – Areas of concern across job families



Web clients

Mobile app clients

Load balancer

VPN fleet

P2P clients

Subnet A

Subnet B

Corporate Network

Figure 12.7 - System design versus architectural landscape

Figure 12.8 – Mercury corporate installation architectural landscape

Further reading

• Architectural Patterns, by Pethuru Raj, et al.

This book covers all of the system design patterns discussed in this chapter, as well as additional patterns. If this is an area of particular interest to you, this is a good place to start.

https://www.packtpub.com/product/architectural-patterns/9781787287495

 Solutions Architect's Handbook – Second Edition, by Saurabh Shrivastava, et al. The work of a solutions architect is a popular field, as it focuses on moving from onpremises to the cloud. To do this, a full understanding of the current architecture is needed in order to determine the right solution for the cloud. As such, this offers a great view of understanding an entire architecture.

https://www.packtpub.com/product/solutions-architect-s-handbook/9781801816618

Hands-On Design Patterns with Java, by Dr. Edward Lavieri

This book gives you a real hands-on approach to learning about a large number of design patterns using Java. All the design patterns I covered are also covered here in greater depth, making it a good next step to dive deeper.

https://www.packtpub.com/product/hands-on-design-patterns-withjava/9781789809770

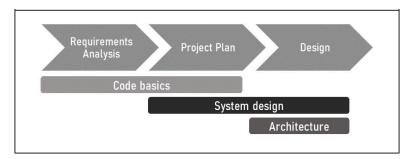


Figure 13.1 – Technical toolset during planning

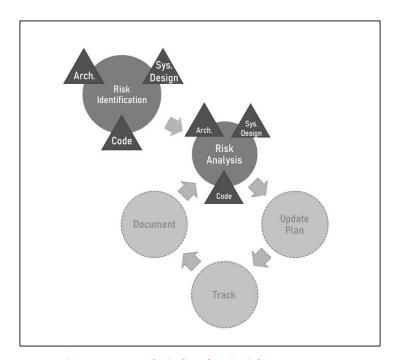


Figure 13.2 – Technical toolset in risk management