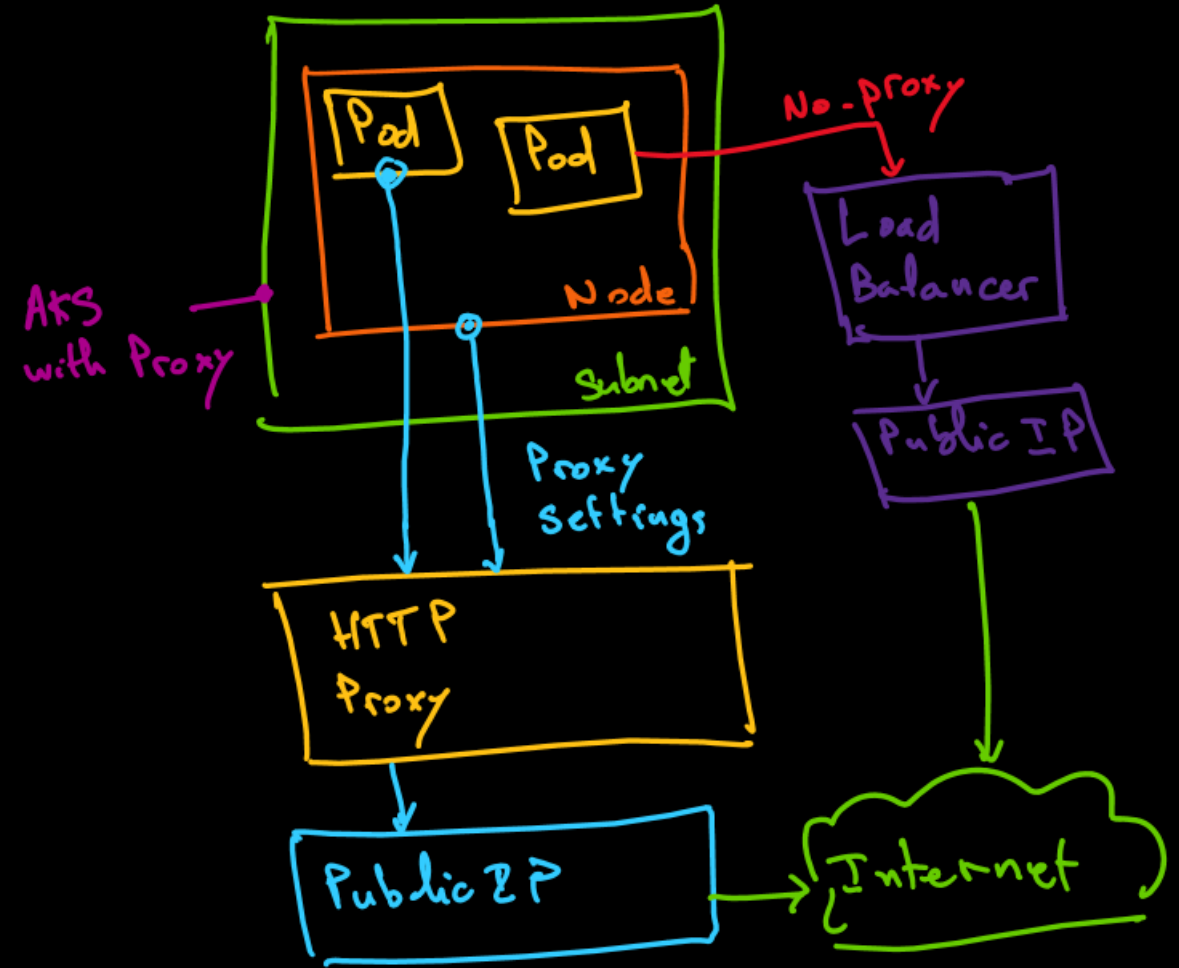
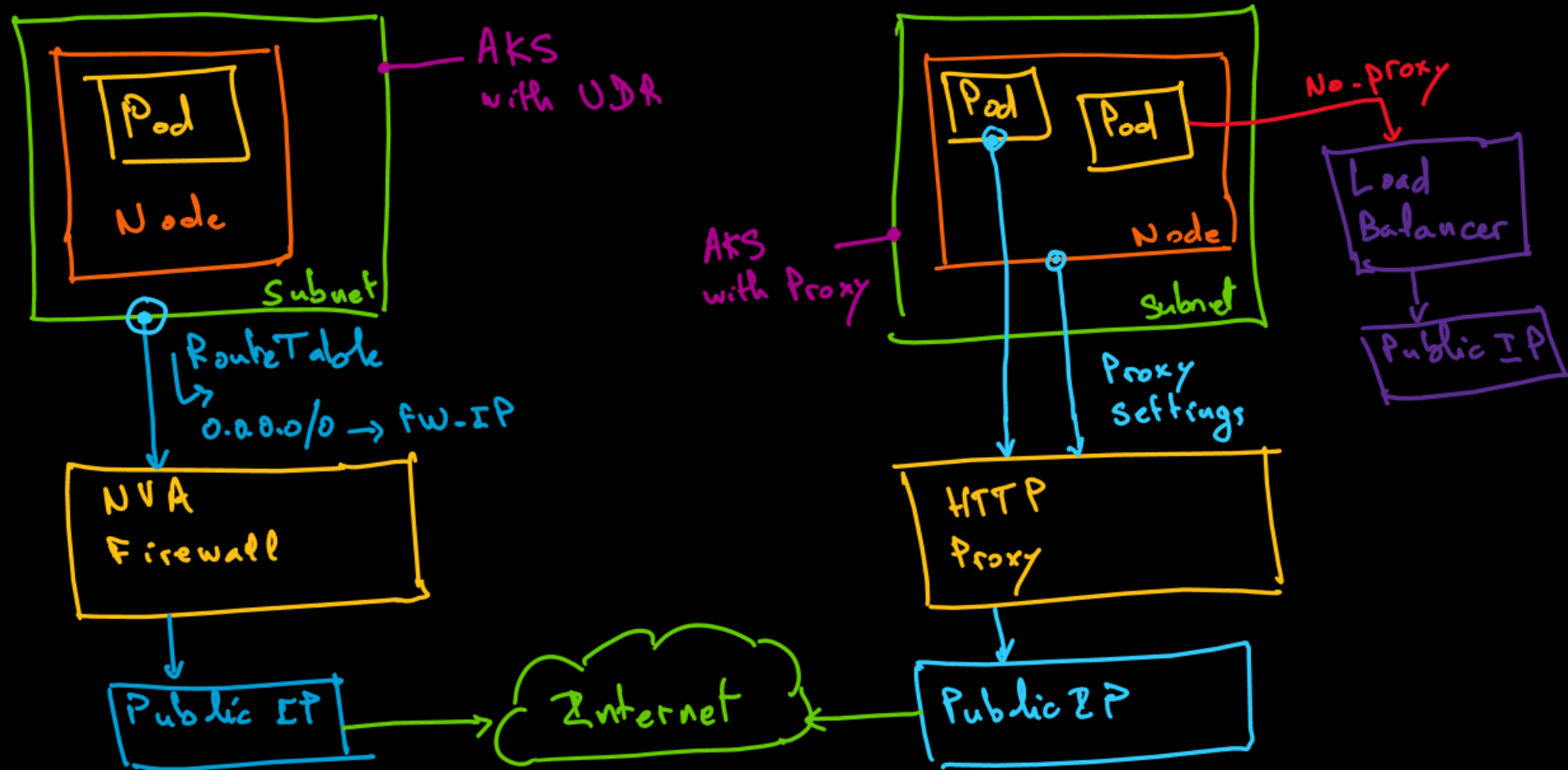


# AKS with HTTP Proxy



# AKS with UDR outbound vs HTTP Proxy



# AKS with HTTP Proxy configuration

When creating new cluster, a JSON configuration file is used to send egress traffic to the HTTP Proxy.

```
{
  "httpProxy": "http://20.73.245.90:8080/",
  "httpsProxy": "https://20.73.245.90:8080/",
  "noProxy": [
    "localhost", "127.0.0.1", "docker.io", "docker.com"
  ],
  "trustedCA": "LS0tLS...LQo="
}
```

```
az aks create -n aks -g rg-aks --http-proxy-config aks-proxy-config.json
```

# AKS with HTTP Proxy configuration

When HTTP Proxy is enabled, the following environment variables will be injected into the Pods and Nodes.

```
$ kubectl exec -it nginx -- env
```

```
http_proxy=http://10.0.0.4:8080/  
HTTP_PROXY=http://10.0.0.4:8080/
```

```
https_proxy=https://10.0.0.4:8080/  
HTTPS_PROXY=https://10.0.0.4:8080/
```

```
no_proxy=localhost,aks8v0n0swv.hcp.westeurope.azmk8s.io,10.10.0.0/24,10.0.0.0/16,169.254.16  
9.254,docker.com,127.0.0.1,docker.io,konnectivity,10.10.0.0/16,168.63.129.16  
NO_PROXY=localhost,aks8v0n0swv.hcp.westeurope.azmk8s.io,10.10.0.0/24,10.0.0.0/16,169.254.16  
9.254,docker.com,127.0.0.1,docker.io,konnectivity,10.10.0.0/16,168.63.129.16
```

```
$ kubectl exec -it nginx -- curl ifconf.me  
104.40.226.222 # this is proxy Public IP address
```

# Bypass HTTP Proxy

To bypass HTTP Proxy, you can use the annotation: `"kubernetes.azure.com/no-http-proxy-vars": "true"`

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: Pod
metadata:
  name: nginx-noproxy
  annotations:
    "kubernetes.azure.com/no-http-proxy-vars": "true"
spec:
  containers:
  - image: nginx
    name: nginx
```

```
kubectl exec -it nginx-noproxy -- curl ifconf.me
4.245.123.106 # this is not proxy IP, but AKS Load Balancer's IP
```

# Updating AKS HTTP Proxy

You can update a cluster with existing proxy settings, but could not enable proxy for existing cluster.










```
az aks update -n aks -g rg-aks --http-proxy-config aks-proxy-config.json
```

An aks update for httpProxy, httpsProxy, and/or NoProxy will automatically inject new environment variables into pods with the new httpProxy, httpsProxy, or NoProxy values.

**Pods must be rotated** for the apps to pick it up.

For components under kubernetes, like containerd and the node itself, this won't take effect until a **node image upgrade** is performed.

# AKS with HTTP Proxy - Demo

Name ↑	Type
 aci-mitmproxy	... Container instances
 aks-cluster	... Kubernetes service
 nic-vm-proxy	... Network interface
 nsg-vm-proxy	... Network security group
 os-disk-vm	... Disk
 pip-vm-proxy	... Public IP address
 vm-linux-mitmproxy	... Virtual machine
 vnet-aks	... Virtual network
 vnet-proxy	... Virtual network

