## HW 9 ECE 404

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For this programming assignment, we were assigned to write firewall rules in Linux using **iptables**. To start things off, we begin by flushing out previously defined rules and chains in the **filter, mangle, nat, and raw** tables in order to start writing new firewall rules. Next, we begin by writing a rule that only accepts packets originating from the **f1.com** domain by using the **ACCEPT** flag, which is applied to the **INPUT** chain. Then, we want to change the source IP address to match the IP address of the local machine. We do so by using the **nat** and **POSTROUTING** flags. We are supposed to specify the host name ID, which we can get by doing an **ifconfig** command (mine was wlp59s0). We add a **MASQUERADE** flag at the end of command to do the translation of the source IP address to the local IP address. To prevent indiscriminate port scanning and SYN-flood attacks, we do the following commands:

sudo iptables -A FORWARD -p tcp --tcp-flags SYN,ACK,FIN,RST NONE -m limit --limit 1/s -j ACCEPT

sudo iptables -A FORWARD -p tcp --syn -m limit --limit 1/s --limit-burst 500 -j ACCEPT

The **–limit and –limit-burst** commands enforce restrictions on how frequently the packets are sent and how many packets can be sent. In this case, the number of incoming connections is limited to 1 per second, and it caps out at 500 requests. These limit rules are applied to the **FORWARD** chain. Next, we allow full loopback access on the local machine by using the **lo** flag, and we apply this rule to the **INPUT** and **OUTPUT** chains. We then perform port forwarding to route all traffic from port 8888 to port 25655. To do this, we modify the **nat** table and use the **PREROUTING** flag to perform the port forwarding. We also write rules for the **INPUT** and **OUTPUT** chains to only allow outgoing ssh connections to the **engineering.purdue.edu** domain using the **tcp** protocol. We do this by doing the following:

sudo iptables -A OUTPUT -p tcp --dport 22 -d engineering.purdue.edu -m \ state --state NEW,ESTABLISHED -j ACCEPT

sudo iptables -A INPUT -p tcp --sport 22 -s engineering.purdue.edu -m \ state --state ESTABLISHED -j ACCEPT

For the **OUTPUT** chain, we use the states **NEW** and **ESTABLISHED**. **NEW** means the packet started a new connection while **ESTABLISHED** has seen a packet that is associated with a connection and has packets in both directions. Finally, we drop any other packets that are not caught by the above rules by using the **DROP** flag for the **INPUT**, **FORWARD**, and **OUTPUT** chains.

```
E404/HW9$ bash firewall404.sh
[sudo] password for nimal:
 imal@nimal-XPS-15-7590:~/ECE404/HW9$ sudo iptables -L
Chain INPUT (policy ACCEPT)
target
ACCEPT
           prot opt source
                                             destination
                     67.199.248.13
67.199.248.12
                                                                     tcp dpt:http
            tcp --
                                             anywhere
ACCEPT
           tcp --
                                                                     tcp dpt:http
                                             anvwhere
                     anywhere
ACCEPT
                                             anywhere
                     128.46.104.20
                                                                     tcp spt:ssh state ESTABLISHED
ACCEPT
                                             anywhere
            tcp
                     anywhere
                                             anywhere
DROP
            all --
Chain FORWARD (policy ACCEPT)
target
            prot opt source
                                             destination
                                                                     tcp flags:FIN,SYN,RST,ACK/NONE limit: avg 1/sec burst 5 tcp flags:FIN,SYN,RST,ACK/SYN limit: avg 1/sec burst 500
ACCEPT
            tcp -- anywhere
                                             anywhere
ACCEPT
            tcp --
                     anywhere
                                             anywhere
DROP
            all --
                     anywhere
                                             anywhere
Chain OUTPUT (policy ACCEPT)
           prot opt source
                                             destination
target
ACCEPT
            all -- anywhere
                                             anywhere
ACCEPT
                                             128.46.104.20
                                                                     tcp dpt:ssh state NEW,ESTABLISHED
            tcp
                     anywhere
                                             anywhere
DROP
                     anywhere
nimal@nimal-XPS-15-7590:~/
```

Figure 1: Output of running sudo iptables -L

```
imal@nimal-XPS-15-7590:~/ECE404/HW9$ cat MyFirewall.bk
# Generated by iptables-save v1.8.7 on Mon Mar 27 14:37:29 2023
*filter
INPUT ACCEPT [0:0]
:FORWARD ACCEPT [0:0]
:OUTPUT ACCEPT [0:0]
A INPUT -s 67.199.248.12/32 -p tcp -m tcp --dport 80 -j ACCEPT
A INPUT -s 67.199.248.13/32 -p tcp -m tcp --dport 80 -j ACCEPT
-A INPUT -i lo -j ACCEPT
-A INPUT -s 128.46.104.20/32 -p tcp -m tcp --sport 22 -m state --state ESTABLISHED -j ACCEPT
-A INPUT -j DROP
A FORWARD -p tcp -m tcp --tcp-flags FIN,SYN,RST,ACK NONE -m limit --limit 1/sec -j ACCEPT
A FORWARD -p tcp -m tcp --tcp-flags FIN, SYN, RST, ACK SYN -m limit --limit 1/sec -j ACCEPT
-A FORWARD -j DROP
-A OUTPUT -o lo -j ACCEPT
-A OUTPUT -d 128.46.104.20/32 -p tcp -m tcp --dport 22 -m state --state NEW,ESTABLISHED -j ACCEPT
A OUTPUT -j DROP
COMMIT
# Completed on Mon Mar 27 14:37:29 2023
# Generated by iptables-save v1.8.7 on Mon Mar 27 14:37:29 2023
:PREROUTING ACCEPT [0:0]
:INPUT ACCEPT [0:0]
:OUTPUT ACCEPT [0:0]
:POSTROUTING ACCEPT [0:0]
A PREROUTING -p tcp -m tcp --dport 8888 -j DNAT --to-destination :25565
-A POSTROUTING -o wlp59s0 -j MASQUERADE
COMMIT
# Completed on Mon Mar 27 14:37:29 2023
imal@nimal-XPS-15-7590:~/ECE404/HW9$
```

Figure 2: Current firewall configuration saved in MyFirewall.bk

The second part of the assignment required us to do initial setup of the spam filter. For this, we used our ece404f4 email and subscribed to various newsletters to populate the inbox. The figure below shows a snippet of the many emails sent to the ece404f4 account, which is stored in the file **logfile**.

```
rom 1axbt3z0fbms3tb2md3ri9ztt6dw3fwekk9msq-ece404f4=ecn.purdue.edu@241939m.brookings.edu Mon Mar 27 07:03:45 2023
Subject: Starting School Later, Why Young People are Driving Less, and More
 Folder: spamFolder
                                                                          71131
New message log:
48
Subject: Spring is in the air!
 Folder: spamFolder
                                                                         36748
New message log:
rom foxnews_EB09D294D8E72AB5B5752412A0C4341B4C7F77AF4A1D50C2@response.wc07.net Mon Mar 27 11:52:17 2023
rom foxnews_EB09D294D8E72AB5B5752412A0C4341b4C7777A14A1050CEC4C59
Subject: Car flips on Los Angeles freeway after tire pops off pickup truck:
7184
 Folder: spamFolder
New message log:
50
rom foxnews_EB09D294D8E72AB5661C6DFC3D09D9CA4C7F77AF4A1D50C2@response.wc07.net Mon Mar 27 12:32:26 2023
Subject: Nashville school shooting: Multiple people injured, shooter dead
 Folder: spamFolder
New message log:
From 1axb8xles4dgqpgbvhfxqgolh43yr53k07nds6-ece404f4=ecn.purdue.edu@241939m.brookings.edu Mon Mar 27 12:42:54 2023
Subject: See more ways to connect with us
 Folder: spamFolder 
ece404f4@ececomp3 ~/Maills
```

Figure 3: Screenshot of cat logfile, which contains the emails in the ece404f4 email account