Aim:

Write a program to find the sum of n elements by allocating memory by using calloc() function.

Exp. Name: Write a C program to find Sum of array elements by allocating

At the time of execution, the program should print the message on the console as:

```
Enter n value :
```

For example, if the user gives the input as:

memory using calloc() function

```
Enter n value : 4
```

Next, the program should print the message on the console as:

```
Enter 4 values :
```

For example, if the user gives the input as:

```
Enter 4 values : 3 5 4 7
```

then the program should **print** the result as:

```
The sum of given array elements : 19
```

Note: Write the functions allocateMemory(), read() and sum() in UsingCalloc.c.

Source Code:

```
SumOfArray2.c
```

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdib.h>
#include "UsingCalloc.c"

void main() {
    int *p, n, i;
    printf("Enter n value : ");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    p = allocateMemory(n);
    printf("Enter %d values : ", n);
    read(p, n);
    printf("The sum of given array elements : %d\n", sum(p, n));
}
```

UsingCalloc.c

```
int*allocateMemory(int n);
void read(int*,int);
int sum(int*,int);
int*allocateMemory(int n)
{
   int*p;
   p=(int*)calloc(n,sizeof(int));
   return p;
```

```
}
void read(int*p,int n)
{
    int i;
    for(i=0;i<n;++i)
    {
        scanf("%d",p);
        p++;
    }
}
int sum(int*p,int n)
{
    int i,sum=0;
    for(i=0;i<n;++i)
    sum=sum+p[i];
    return sum;
}
</pre>
```

Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1	
User Output	
Enter n value : 5	
Enter 5 values : 2 5 33 11 26	
The sum of given array elements : 77	