

Aim:

Write a program to **search** the given element from a list of elements with **binary search** technique using **recursion**.

At the time of execution, the program should print the message on the console as:

Enter value of n :

For example, if the user gives the **input** as:

Enter value of n : 5

Next, the program should print the following messages one by one on the console as:

Enter 5 elements :

if the user gives the **input** as:

Enter 5 elements : 33 55 22 44 11

then the program should **print** the result as:

After sorting the elements are : 11 22 33 44 55

Next, the program should print the message on the console as:

Enter key element :

if the user gives the **input** as:

Enter key element : 11

then the program should **print** the result as:

The given key element 11 is found at position : 0

Similarly, if the key element is given as **18** for the above example then the program should print the output as:

The given key element 18 is not found

Note: Write the functions **read()**, **bubbleSort()**, **display()** and **binarySearch()** in **Program912a.c**

Source Code:

Program912.c

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include "Program912a.c"
void main() {
    int a[20], n, key, flag;
    printf("Enter value of n : ");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    read(a, n);
    bubbleSort(a, n);
```

```

printf("After sorting the elements are : ");
display(a, n);
printf("Enter key element : ");
scanf("%d", &key);
flag = binarySearch(a, 0, n - 1, key);
if (flag == -1) {
    printf("The given key element %d is not found\n", key);
} else {
    printf("The given key element %d is found at position : %d\n", key, flag);
}
}

```

Program912a.c

```

void read(int a[],int n)
{
    printf("Enter %d elements : ",n);
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        scanf("%d",&a[i]);
    }
}
void display(int a[],int n)
{
    for(int i=0;i<n;++i)
        printf("%d ",a[i]);
    printf("\n");
}
void bubbleSort(int array[],int n)
{
    int i,j,a;
    for(i=0;i<n;++i)
    {
        for(j=i+1;j<n;++j)
        {
            if(array[i]>array[j])
            {
                a=array[i];
                array[i]=array[j];
                array[j]=a;
            }
        }
    }
}
int binarySearch(int a[],int lo,int hi,int key)
{
    int mid;
    if(lo>hi)
    {
        return -1;
    }
    mid=(lo+hi)/2;
    if(a[mid]==key)
    {

```

```

        return mid;
    }
    else if (a[mid]>key)
    {
        binarySearch(a,lo,mid-1,key);
    }
    else if(a[mid]<key)
    {
        binarySearch(a,mid+1,hi,key);
    }
}

```

Execution Results - All test cases have succeeded!

Test Case - 1
User Output
Enter value of n : 5
Enter 5 elements : 33 55 22 44 11
After sorting the elements are : 11 22 33 44 55 11
Enter key element : 11
The given key element 11 is found at position : 0

Test Case - 2
User Output
Enter value of n : 4
Enter 4 elements : 23 67 45 18
After sorting the elements are : 18 23 45 67 24
Enter key element : 24
The given key element 24 is not found

Test Case - 3
User Output
Enter value of n : 6
Enter 6 elements : 10 20 18 9 11 15
After sorting the elements are : 9 10 11 15 18 20 18
Enter key element : 18
The given key element 18 is found at position : 4