



Data Collection and Preprocessing Phase

Date	13 July 2024
Team ID	xxxxxx
Project Title	Detection of Autistic Spectrum Disorder: Classification
Maximum Marks	6 Marks

Preprocessing Template

The images will be preprocessed by Normalization, Handling Missing Values, Splitting Dataset and Calculating Accuracy. These steps will enhance data quality, promote model generalization, and improve convergence during neural network training, ensuring robust and efficient performance.

Section	Description
Data Overview	The dataset consists of behavioral features and individual characteristics for autism screening. It includes columns for age, gender, various scores, and binary features related to ASD detection.
Normalization	Normalize numerical feature values to a common scale, e.g., between 0 and 1 or standardize to have a mean of 0 and a standard deviation of 1.
Handling missing values	Handling missing values is crucial for ensuring the quality and reliability of your dataset. Missing values can skew results and impact the performance of machine learning models. The common strategies to handle missing values include:
Splitting Dataset	Splitting the dataset into training and testing subsets allows you to evaluate the performance of your machine learning model on unseen data. Typically, the dataset is divided into a training set (used to train the model) and a test set (used to evaluate the model's performance).





Calculating Accuracy	Accuracy measures the proportion of correctly classified instances out of the total instances. It's a common metric for evaluating classification models. High accuracy indicates that the model performs well on the given dataset.	
Data Preprocessing Code Screenshots		
Loading Data	import pandas as pd import nampy as sp import stationally.pyplot as plt import stationally.pyplot as plt import stationally.pyplot as ses Manaplotlib inline Python data-pd.read_csv("Autism_Data.arff") Python data.head(10)	
Normalization	from sklearm.model_selection import train_test_split from sklearm.model_import togisticRepression from sklearm.model_import classification_report from sklearm.sym import svc from sklearm.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier from sklearm.neighbors import NHeighborsClassifier from sklearm.ensemble import NHeighborsClassifier from sklearm.ensemble import nedomforestClassifier from sklearm.motrics import accuracy_score from sklearm import metrics Python	
Handling missing values	data.replace("?",np.nan,inplace=True) Pytten	
Splitting Dataset	from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split Python X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.3, random_state=101) Python	
Calculating Accuracy	from sklearn.metrics import classification_report Pytho accuracy_lgr = accuracy_score(y_test,y_pred_lgr) print('Accuracy_LGR:', accuracy_lgr*100) Pon.	