Assignment - 1

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Abstract—This is a simple document to learn about writing vectors and matrices using latex, draw figures using Python, Latex.

Download all and latex-tikz codes from

svn co https://github.com/arjunjc93/Assignment-1 new.git

1 Vectors (CBSE-MATH-X-2006-SET 1-Q.1)

1.1. Find the coordinates of the point which divides the line joining the points $\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$ and $\mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix}$ in the ratio 3:4

Solution:

a) Let point **P** divide the line in the desired ratio.

$$\mathbf{P} = \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} \tag{1.1.1}$$

$$\frac{\mathbf{AP}}{\mathbf{PB}} = \frac{3}{4} \tag{1.1.2}$$

In general the coordinates of the point $\mathbf{P} = \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$ dividing the line joining the points,

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ y_1 \end{pmatrix} \tag{1.1.3}$$

$$\mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} x_2 \\ y_2 \end{pmatrix} \tag{1.1.4}$$

internally in the ratio $\frac{m_1}{m_2}$ is given by

$$\frac{(m_1x_2 + m_2x_1)}{(m_1 + m_2)}, \frac{(m_1y_2 + m_2y_1)}{(m_1 + m_2)}$$
 (1.1.5)

This is known as the section formula.

Given,

$$\frac{m_1}{m_2} = \frac{3}{4} \tag{1.1.6}$$

$$\frac{m_1}{m_2} = \frac{3}{4}$$
 (1.1.6)

$$\implies \mathbf{P} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{3 \times 2 + 4 \times 1}{3 + 4} \\ \frac{3 \times 7 + 4 \times 3}{3 + 4} \end{pmatrix}$$
 (1.1.7)

$$\implies \mathbf{P} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{10}{7} \\ \frac{33}{7} \end{pmatrix} \tag{1.1.8}$$

is the point which divides the line joining the points $\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$ and $\mathbf{B} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 7 \end{pmatrix}$ in the ratio

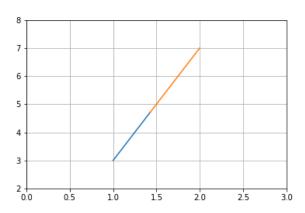


Fig. 1.1. Two lines representing given equations meet at point