

ASSIGNMENT -1 SQL & OOPS
TICKET BOOKING SYSTEM

CREATING A DATABASE

Task 1: Database Design

```
CREATE DATABASE TicketBookingSystem;
```

```
USE TicketBookingSystem;
```

```
CREATE TABLE Venu (  
    venue_id INT AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,  
    venue_name VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,  
    address VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL  
);
```

```
CREATE TABLE Customer (  
    customer_id INT AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,  
    customer_name VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,  
    email VARCHAR(100) UNIQUE,  
    phone_number VARCHAR(15)  
);
```

```
CREATE TABLE Event (  
    event_id INT AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,  
    event_name VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,  
    event_date DATE NOT NULL,  
    event_time TIME NOT NULL,  
    venue_id INT,  
    total_seats INT NOT NULL,  
    available_seats INT NOT NULL,
```

```

ticket_price DECIMAL(10, 2) NOT NULL,
event_type ENUM('Movie', 'Sports', 'Concert') NOT NULL,
FOREIGN KEY (venue_id) REFERENCES Venu(venue_id) ON
DELETE CASCADE
);

```

```

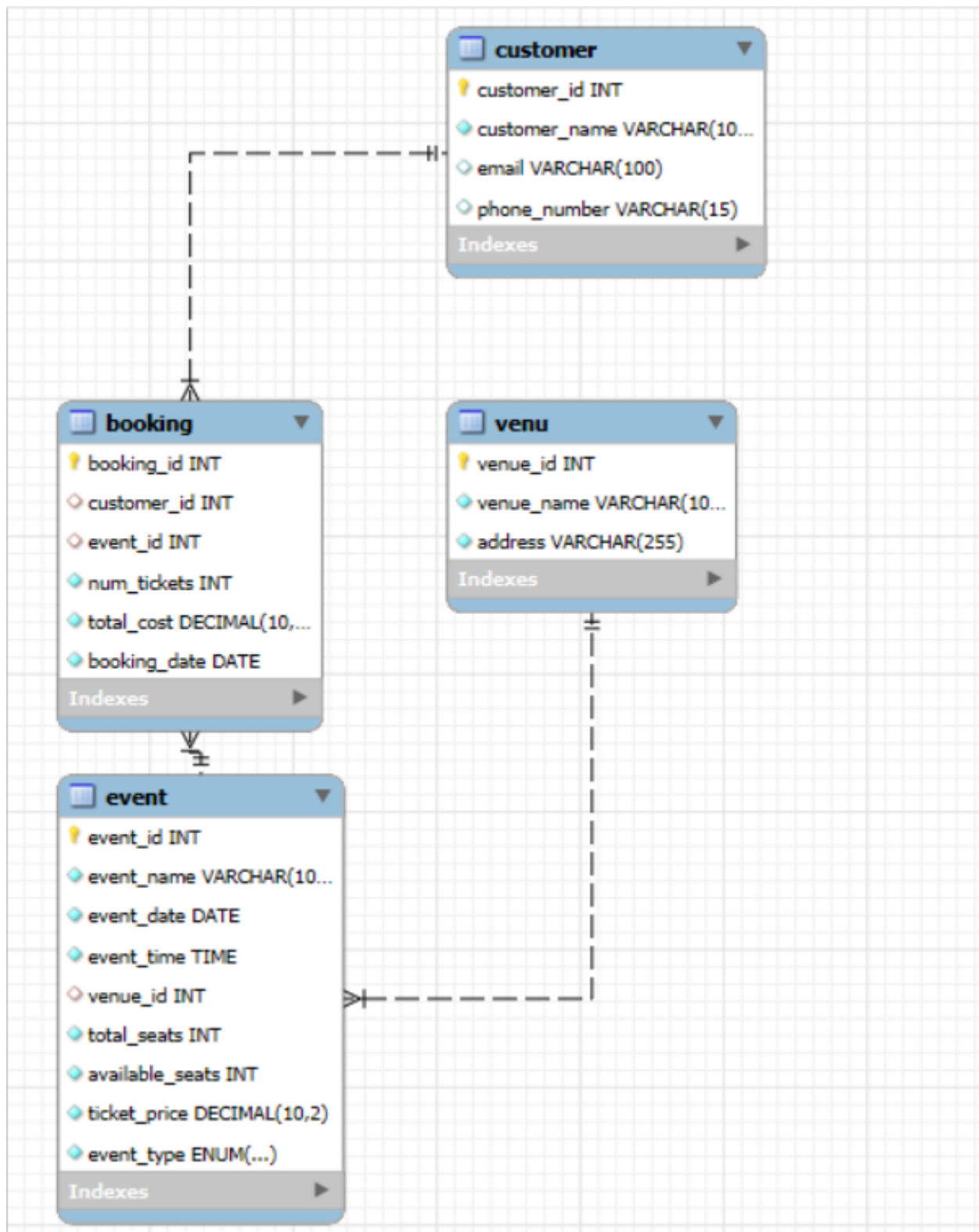
CREATE TABLE Booking (
    booking_id INT AUTO_INCREMENT PRIMARY KEY,
    customer_id INT,
    event_id INT,
    num_tickets INT NOT NULL,
    total_cost DECIMAL(10, 2) NOT NULL,
    booking_date DATE NOT NULL,
    FOREIGN KEY (customer_id) REFERENCES Customer(customer_id)
ON DELETE CASCADE,
    FOREIGN KEY (event_id) REFERENCES Event(event_id) ON
DELETE CASCADE
);

```

OUTPUT:

Output					
Action Output					
#	Time	Action	Message	Duration / Fetch	
63	12:22:13	CREATE DATABASE TicketBookingSystem	1 row(s) affected	0.016 sec	
64	12:22:16	USE TicketBookingSystem	0 row(s) affected	0.000 sec	
65	12:22:20	CREATE TABLE Venu (venue_id INT AUTO_INCREMENT PRI...	0 row(s) affected	0.016 sec	
66	12:22:23	CREATE TABLE Customer (customer_id INT AUTO_INCREMEN...	0 row(s) affected	0.015 sec	
67	12:22:30	CREATE TABLE Event (event_id INT AUTO_INCREMENT PRI...	0 row(s) affected	0.016 sec	
68	12:23:16	CREATE TABLE Booking (booking_id INT AUTO_INCREMENT ...	0 row(s) affected	0.047 sec	

ER DIAGRAM:



Task 2: Select, Where, Between, AND, LIKE

-- 1) INSERTING THE VALUES

-- Insert into Venu

INSERT INTO Venu (venue_name, address) VALUES

('City Arena', 'Downtown Street 1'),

('Sunrise Hall', 'Green Park Avenue'),

('Sky Theatre', 'Skyline Road 23'),

('Ocean Dome', 'Beachside Blvd'),

('Grand Hall', 'City Center'),

('Riverstage', 'Riverbank Road'),

('Moonlight Pavilion', 'Lunar Lane'),

('Phoenix Grounds', 'Desert Circle'),

('Metro Auditorium', 'Metro Line'),

('Mountain View Hall', 'Hilltop Road');

-- Insert into Customer

INSERT INTO Customer (customer_name, email, phone_number)
VALUES

('Amit Roy', 'amit@gmail.com', '9876540001'),

('Sneha Patil', 'sneha@gmail.com', '9876540002'),

('John Deo', 'john@gmail.com', '9876543000'),

('Anjali Mehra', 'anjali@gmail.com', '9876540003'),

('Arun Kumar', 'arun@gmail.com', '9876540004'),

('Priya Singh', 'priya@gmail.com', '9876545000'),

('David Smith', 'david@gmail.com', '9876540005'),

('Meena Kapoor', 'meena@gmail.com', '9876540006'),

('Rahul Jain', 'rahul@gmail.com', '9876540007'),

('Sara Khan', 'sara@gmail.com', '9876548000');

-- Insert into Event

INSERT INTO Event (event_name, event_date, event_time, venue_id, total_seats, available_seats, ticket_price, event_type) VALUES

('Cricket Cup', '2025-08-10', '18:00:00', 1, 20000, 15000, 1500.00, 'Sports'),

('Movie Premiere', '2025-06-20', '20:00:00', 2, 500, 250, 250.00, 'Movie'),

('Rock Concert', '2025-07-15', '19:30:00', 3, 8000, 2000, 1800.00, 'Concert'),

('Drama Play', '2025-07-01', '17:00:00', 4, 400, 150, 700.00, 'Movie'),

('Football Cup', '2025-09-12', '16:00:00', 5, 30000, 22000, 2000.00, 'Sports'),

('Jazz Concert', '2025-07-20', '20:00:00', 6, 1000, 500, 1300.00, 'Concert'),

('Dance Show', '2025-08-05', '18:30:00', 7, 1500, 1000, 1200.00, 'Movie'),

('HipHop Cup', '2025-07-22', '19:00:00', 8, 25000, 24000, 1100.00, 'Sports'),

('Indie Concert', '2025-08-25', '21:00:00', 9, 3000, 1500, 2100.00, 'Concert'),

('Opera Night', '2025-10-01', '20:30:00', 10, 5000, 1000, 3000.00, 'Concert');

-- Insert into Booking

INSERT INTO Booking (customer_id, event_id, num_tickets, total_cost, booking_date) VALUES

(1, 1, 2, 3000.00, '2025-06-01'),

(2, 2, 1, 250.00, '2025-06-05'),

(3, 3, 3, 5400.00, '2025-06-10'),

```
(4, 4, 2, 1400.00, '2025-06-12'),
(5, 5, 5, 10000.00, '2025-06-15'),
(6, 6, 1, 1300.00, '2025-06-18'),
(7, 7, 2, 2400.00, '2025-06-20'),
(8, 8, 6, 6600.00, '2025-06-22'),
(9, 9, 4, 8400.00, '2025-06-25'),
(10, 10, 2, 6000.00, '2025-06-27');
```

OUTPUT:

Output

Action Output

#	Time	Action	Message	Duration / Fetch
69	12:46:30	INSERT INTO Venu (venue_name, address) VALUES ('City Arena', '...	10 row(s) affected Records: 10 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0	0.016 sec
70	12:46:35	INSERT INTO Customer (customer_name, email, phone_number) VA...	10 row(s) affected Records: 10 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0	0.016 sec
71	12:46:39	INSERT INTO Event (event_name, event_date, event_time, venue...	10 row(s) affected Records: 10 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0	0.016 sec
72	12:46:47	INSERT INTO Booking (customer_id, event_id, num_tickets, total_c...	10 row(s) affected Records: 10 Duplicates: 0 Warnings: 0	0.000 sec

-- 2) LIST ALL EVENTS

```
SELECT * FROM Event;
```

OUTPUT:

Result Grid									
Filter Rows:									
	event_id	event_name	event_date	event_time	venue_id	total_seats	available_seats	ticket_price	event_type
▶	1	Cricket Cup	2025-08-10	18:00:00	1	20000	15000	1500.00	Sports
	2	Movie Premiere	2025-06-20	20:00:00	2	500	250	250.00	Movie
	3	Rock Concert	2025-07-15	19:30:00	3	8000	2000	1800.00	Concert
	4	Drama Play	2025-07-01	17:00:00	4	400	150	700.00	Movie
	5	Football Cup	2025-09-12	16:00:00	5	30000	22000	2000.00	Sports
	6	Jazz Concert	2025-07-20	20:00:00	6	1000	500	1300.00	Concert
	7	Dance Show	2025-08-05	18:30:00	7	1500	1000	1200.00	Movie
	8	HipHop Cup	2025-07-22	19:00:00	8	25000	24000	1100.00	Sports
	9	Indie Concert	2025-08-25	21:00:00	9	3000	1500	2100.00	Concert
	10	Opera Night	2025-10-01	20:30:00	10	5000	1000	3000.00	Concert
*	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

-- 3) EVENTS WITH AVAILABLE TICKETS

```
SELECT * FROM Event WHERE available_seats > 0;
```

OUTPUT:

Result Grid

Filter Rows:

Edit:

Export/Import:

Wrap Cell Content:

	event_id	event_name	event_date	event_time	venue_id	total_seats	available_seats	ticket_price	event_type
▶	1	Cricket Cup	2025-08-10	18:00:00	1	20000	15000	1500.00	Sports
	2	Movie Premiere	2025-06-20	20:00:00	2	500	250	250.00	Movie
	3	Rock Concert	2025-07-15	19:30:00	3	8000	2000	1800.00	Concert
	4	Drama Play	2025-07-01	17:00:00	4	400	150	700.00	Movie
	5	Football Cup	2025-09-12	16:00:00	5	30000	22000	2000.00	Sports
	6	Jazz Concert	2025-07-20	20:00:00	6	1000	500	1300.00	Concert
	7	Dance Show	2025-08-05	18:30:00	7	1500	1000	1200.00	Movie
	8	HipHop Cup	2025-07-22	19:00:00	8	25000	24000	1100.00	Sports
	9	Indie Concert	2025-08-25	21:00:00	9	3000	1500	2100.00	Concert
	10	Opera Night	2025-10-01	20:30:00	10	5000	1000	3000.00	Concert
✱	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

Result Grid

Form Editor

Field Types

-- 4) EVENTS NAME PARTIAL MATCH WITH 'CUP'

SELECT * FROM Event WHERE event_name LIKE '%cup%';

OUTPUT:

Result Grid

Filter Rows:

Edit:

Export/Import:

Wrap Cell Content:

	event_id	event_name	event_date	event_time	venue_id	total_seats	available_seats	ticket_price	event_type
▶	1	Cricket Cup	2025-08-10	18:00:00	1	20000	15000	1500.00	Sports
	5	Football Cup	2025-09-12	16:00:00	5	30000	22000	2000.00	Sports
	8	HipHop Cup	2025-07-22	19:00:00	8	25000	24000	1100.00	Sports
✱	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

Result Grid

Form Editor

-- 5) EVENTS WITH TICKET PRICE BETWEEN 1000 & 2500

SELECT * FROM Event WHERE ticket_price BETWEEN 1000 AND 2500;

OUTPUT:

Result Grid

Filter Rows:

Edit:

Export/Import:

Wrap Cell Content:

	event_id	event_name	event_date	event_time	venue_id	total_seats	available_seats	ticket_price	event_type
▶	1	Cricket Cup	2025-08-10	18:00:00	1	20000	15000	1500.00	Sports
	3	Rock Concert	2025-07-15	19:30:00	3	8000	2000	1800.00	Concert
	5	Football Cup	2025-09-12	16:00:00	5	30000	22000	2000.00	Sports
	6	Jazz Concert	2025-07-20	20:00:00	6	1000	500	1300.00	Concert
	7	Dance Show	2025-08-05	18:30:00	7	1500	1000	1200.00	Movie
	8	HipHop Cup	2025-07-22	19:00:00	8	25000	24000	1100.00	Sports
	9	Indie Concert	2025-08-25	21:00:00	9	3000	1500	2100.00	Concert
*	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

Result Grid

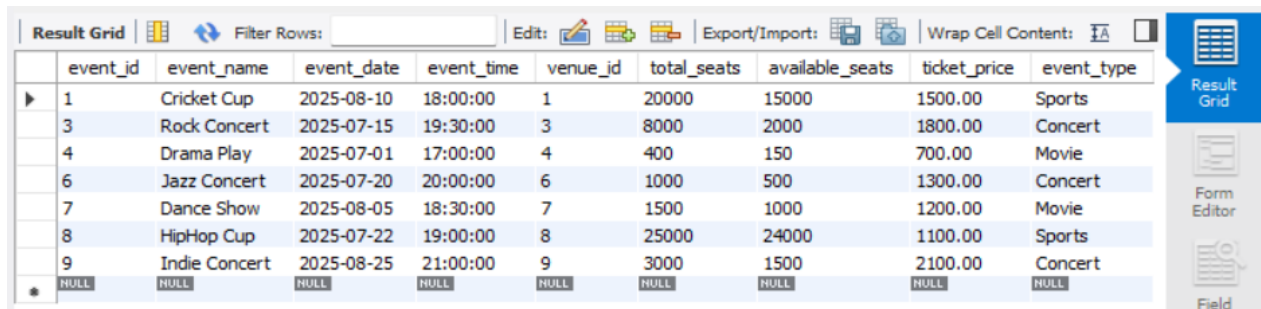
Form Editor

-- 6) EVENTS WITH DATES IN A SPECIFIC RANGE

SELECT * FROM Event

WHERE event_date BETWEEN '2025-07-01' AND '2025-08-31';

OUTPUT:



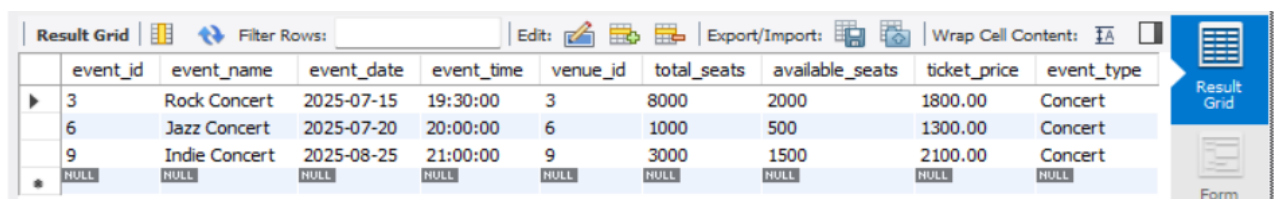
	event_id	event_name	event_date	event_time	venue_id	total_seats	available_seats	ticket_price	event_type
▶	1	Cricket Cup	2025-08-10	18:00:00	1	20000	15000	1500.00	Sports
	3	Rock Concert	2025-07-15	19:30:00	3	8000	2000	1800.00	Concert
	4	Drama Play	2025-07-01	17:00:00	4	400	150	700.00	Movie
	6	Jazz Concert	2025-07-20	20:00:00	6	1000	500	1300.00	Concert
	7	Dance Show	2025-08-05	18:30:00	7	1500	1000	1200.00	Movie
	8	HipHop Cup	2025-07-22	19:00:00	8	25000	24000	1100.00	Sports
	9	Indie Concert	2025-08-25	21:00:00	9	3000	1500	2100.00	Concert
*	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

-- 7) EVENTS WITH AVAILABLE TICKETS AND "CONCERT" IN NAME

```
SELECT * FROM Event
```

```
WHERE available_seats > 0 AND event_name LIKE '%Concert%';
```

OUTPUT:

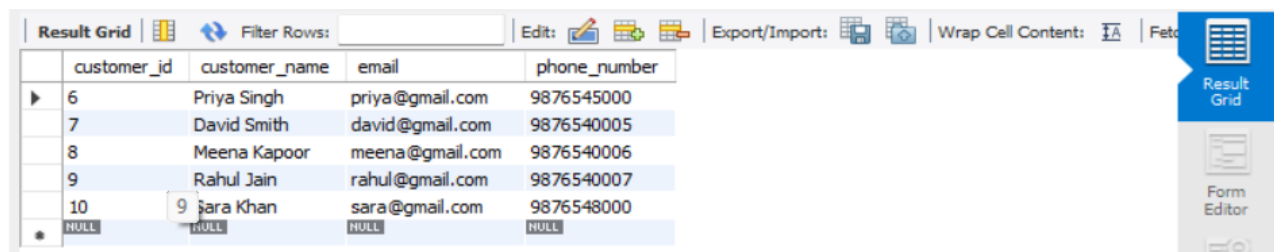


	event_id	event_name	event_date	event_time	venue_id	total_seats	available_seats	ticket_price	event_type
▶	3	Rock Concert	2025-07-15	19:30:00	3	8000	2000	1800.00	Concert
	6	Jazz Concert	2025-07-20	20:00:00	6	1000	500	1300.00	Concert
	9	Indie Concert	2025-08-25	21:00:00	9	3000	1500	2100.00	Concert
*	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

-- 8) RETRIEVE USERS IN BATCHES OF 5 STARTING FROM 6TH USER

```
SELECT * FROM Customer LIMIT 5 OFFSET 5;
```

OUTPUT:

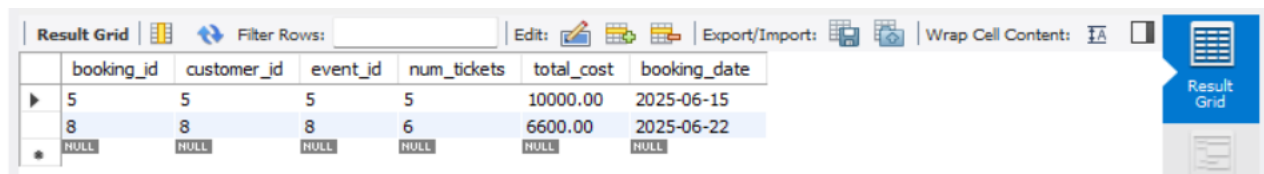


	customer_id	customer_name	email	phone_number
▶	6	Priya Singh	priya@gmail.com	9876545000
	7	David Smith	david@gmail.com	9876540005
	8	Meena Kapoor	meena@gmail.com	9876540006
	9	Rahul Jain	rahul@gmail.com	9876540007
	10	Sara Khan	sara@gmail.com	9876548000
*	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

-- 9) BOOKINGS WHERE NUMBER OF TICKETS > 4

```
SELECT * FROM Booking WHERE num_tickets > 4;
```

OUTPUT:

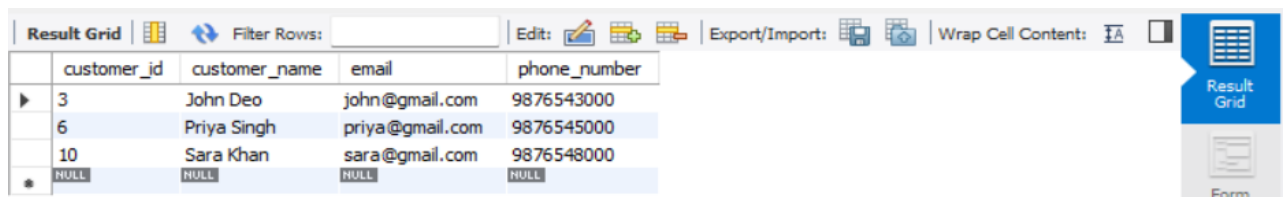


	booking_id	customer_id	event_id	num_tickets	total_cost	booking_date
▶	5	5	5	5	10000.00	2025-06-15
	8	8	8	6	6600.00	2025-06-22
*	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

-- 10) CUSTOMERS WHOSE PHONE NUMBER ENDS WITH '000'

SELECT * FROM Customer WHERE phone_number LIKE '%000';

OUTPUT:



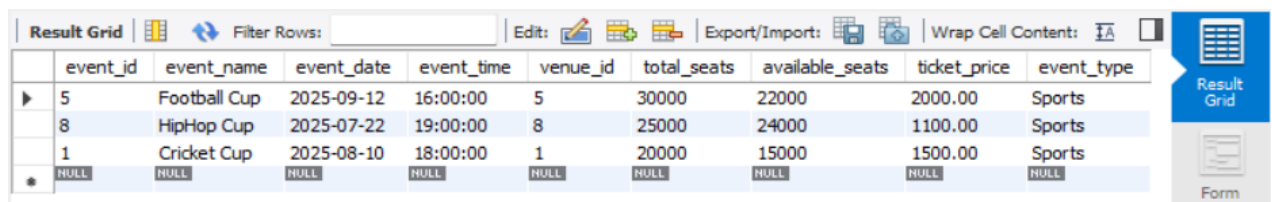
	customer_id	customer_name	email	phone_number
▶	3	John Deo	john@gmail.com	9876543000
	6	Priya Singh	priya@gmail.com	9876545000
	10	Sara Khan	sara@gmail.com	9876548000
*	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

-- 11) EVENTS ORDERED BY SEAT CAPACITY > 15000

SELECT * FROM Event

WHERE total_seats > 15000 ORDER BY total_seats DESC;

OUTPUT:



	event_id	event_name	event_date	event_time	venue_id	total_seats	available_seats	ticket_price	event_type
▶	5	Football Cup	2025-09-12	16:00:00	5	30000	22000	2000.00	Sports
	8	HipHop Cup	2025-07-22	19:00:00	8	25000	24000	1100.00	Sports
	1	Cricket Cup	2025-08-10	18:00:00	1	20000	15000	1500.00	Sports
*	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

-- 12) EVENTS NAME NOT STARTING WITH 'x', 'y' OR 'z'

SELECT * FROM Event

WHERE event_name NOT LIKE 'x%'

AND event_name NOT LIKE 'y%'

AND event_name NOT LIKE 'z%';

OUTPUT:

event_id	event_name	event_date	event_time	venue_id	total_seats	available_seats	ticket_price	event_type
1	Cricket Cup	2025-08-10	18:00:00	1	20000	15000	1500.00	Sports
2	Movie Premiere	2025-06-20	20:00:00	2	500	250	250.00	Movie
3	Rock Concert	2025-07-15	19:30:00	3	8000	2000	1800.00	Concert
4	Drama Play	2025-07-01	17:00:00	4	400	150	700.00	Movie
5	Football Cup	2025-09-12	16:00:00	5	30000	22000	2000.00	Sports
6	Jazz Concert	2025-07-20	20:00:00	6	1000	500	1300.00	Concert
7	Dance Show	2025-08-05	18:30:00	7	1500	1000	1200.00	Movie
8	HipHop Cup	2025-07-22	19:00:00	8	25000	24000	1100.00	Sports
9	Indie Concert	2025-08-25	21:00:00	9	3000	1500	2100.00	Concert
10	Opera Night	2025-10-01	20:30:00	10	5000	1000	3000.00	Concert
NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL	NULL

Task 3: Aggregate functions, Having, Order By, Group By and Joins

-- 1) LIST EVENTS AND THEIR AVERAGE TICKET PRICE

```
SELECT event_name, AVG (ticket_price) AS average_price  
FROM Event GROUP BY event_name;
```

OUTPUT:

event_name	average_price
Cricket Cup	1500.000000
Movie Premiere	250.000000
Rock Concert	1800.000000
Drama Play	700.000000
Football Cup	2000.000000
Jazz Concert	1300.000000
Dance Show	1200.000000
HipHop Cup	1100.000000
Indie Concert	2100.000000
Opera Night	3000.000000

-- 2) TOTAL REVENUE GENERATED BY EVENTS

```
SELECT e.event_name, SUM(b.total_cost) AS total_revenue
FROM Booking b
JOIN Event e ON b.event_id = e.event_id GROUP BY e.event_name;
```

OUTPUT:



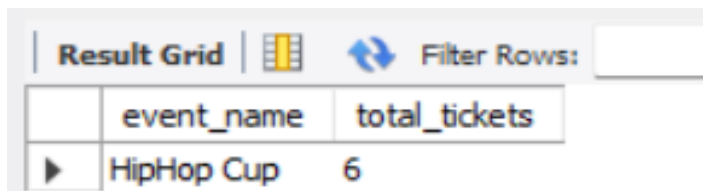
The screenshot shows a database interface with a 'Result Grid' tab. It displays a table with two columns: 'event_name' and 'total_revenue'. The table contains 11 rows of data, with alternating light blue and light yellow background colors for each row. The events and their corresponding total revenues are listed below.

event_name	total_revenue
Cricket Cup	3000.00
Movie Premiere	250.00
Rock Concert	5400.00
Drama Play	1400.00
Football Cup	10000.00
Jazz Concert	1300.00
Dance Show	2400.00
HipHop Cup	6600.00
Indie Concert	8400.00
Opera Night	6000.00

-- 3) EVENT WITH HIGHEST TICKET SALES

```
SELECT e.event_name, SUM (b.num_tickets) AS total_tickets
FROM Booking b
JOIN Event e ON b.event_id = e.event_id
GROUP BY e.event_name ORDER BY total_tickets DESC
LIMIT 1;
```

OUTPUT:



The screenshot shows a database interface with a 'Result Grid' tab. It displays a table with two columns: 'event_name' and 'total_tickets'. The table contains one row of data, which is highlighted with a light blue background. The event and its total ticket sales are listed below.

event_name	total_tickets
HipHop Cup	6

-- 4) TOTAL NUMBER OF TICKETS SOLD FOR EACH EVENT

```
SELECT e.event_name, SUM (b.num_tickets) AS tickets_sold  
FROM Booking b  
JOIN Event e ON b.event_id = e.event_id GROUP BY e.event_name;
```

OUTPUT:

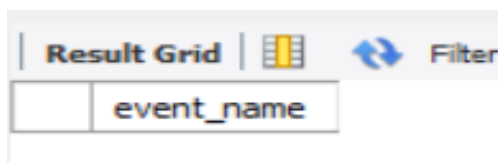


	event_name	tickets_sold
▶	Cricket Cup	2
	Movie Premiere	1
	Rock Concert	3
	Drama Play	2
	Football Cup	5
	Jazz Concert	1
	Dance Show	2
	HipHop Cup	6
	Indie Concert	4
	Opera Night	2

-- 5) EVENTS WITH NO TICKET SALES

```
SELECT e.event_name  
FROM Event e  
LEFT JOIN Booking b ON e.event_id = b.event_id  
WHERE b.booking_id IS NULL;
```

OUTPUT:



	event_name
--	------------

-- 6) USER WHO HAS BOOKED THE MOST TICKETS

```
SELECT c.customer_name, SUM(b.num_tickets) AS total_tickets  
FROM Booking b
```

JOIN Customer c ON b.customer_id = c.customer_id

GROUP BY c.customer_name ORDER BY total_tickets DESC

LIMIT 1;

OUTPUT:

Result Grid			Filter Rows:
	customer_name	total_tickets	
▶	Meena Kapoor	6	

-- 7) EVENTS AND TICKETS SOLD PER MONTH

SELECT

MONTH(booking_date) AS month,

e.event_name,

SUM(b.num_tickets) AS tickets_sold

FROM Booking b

JOIN Event e ON b.event_id = e.event_id

GROUP BY MONTH(booking_date), e.event_name ORDER BY month;

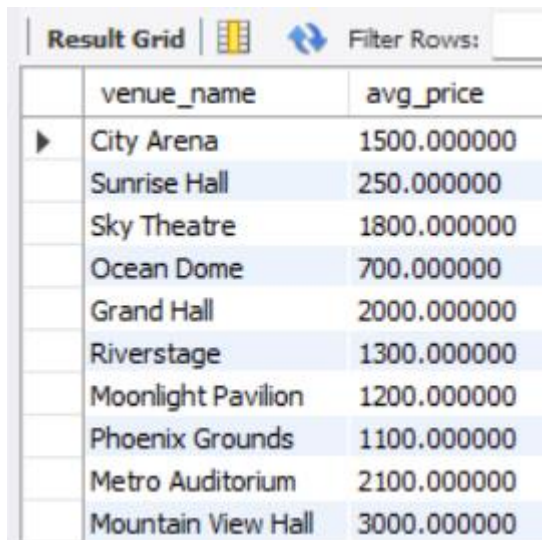
OUTPUT:

Result Grid				Filter Rows:
	month	event_name	tickets_sold	
▶	6	Cricket Cup	2	
	6	Dance Show	2	
	6	Drama Play	2	
	6	Football Cup	5	
	6	HipHop Cup	6	
	6	Indie Concert	4	
	6	Jazz Concert	1	
	6	Movie Premiere	1	
	6	Opera Night	2	
	6	Rock Concert	3	

-- 8) AVERAGE TICKET PRICE FOR EVENTS IN EACH VENUE

```
SELECT v.venue_name, AVG(e.ticket_price) AS avg_price  
FROM Event e  
JOIN Venue v ON e.venue_id = v.venue_id GROUP BY v.venue_name;
```

OUTPUT:



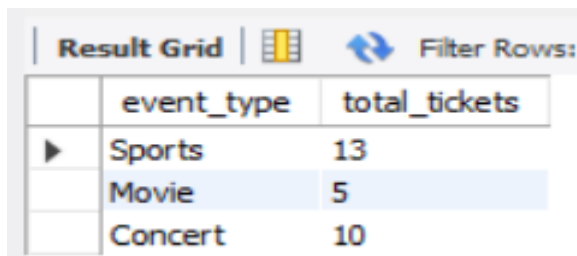
The screenshot shows a 'Result Grid' window with a table containing two columns: 'venue_name' and 'avg_price'. The table lists ten venues with their corresponding average ticket prices. The venues are City Arena, Sunrise Hall, Sky Theatre, Ocean Dome, Grand Hall, Riverstage, Moonlight Pavilion, Phoenix Grounds, Metro Auditorium, and Mountain View Hall. The average prices are 1500.000000, 250.000000, 1800.000000, 700.000000, 2000.000000, 1300.000000, 1200.000000, 1100.000000, 2100.000000, and 3000.000000 respectively.

	venue_name	avg_price
▶	City Arena	1500.000000
	Sunrise Hall	250.000000
	Sky Theatre	1800.000000
	Ocean Dome	700.000000
	Grand Hall	2000.000000
	Riverstage	1300.000000
	Moonlight Pavilion	1200.000000
	Phoenix Grounds	1100.000000
	Metro Auditorium	2100.000000
	Mountain View Hall	3000.000000

-- 9) TOTAL TICKETS SOLD BY EVENT TYPE

```
SELECT e.event_type, SUM(b.num_tickets) AS total_tickets  
FROM Booking b  
JOIN Event e ON b.event_id = e.event_id  
GROUP BY e.event_type;
```

OUTPUT:



The screenshot shows a 'Result Grid' window with a table containing two columns: 'event_type' and 'total_tickets'. The table lists three event types: Sports, Movie, and Concert. The total tickets sold for each type are 13, 5, and 10 respectively.

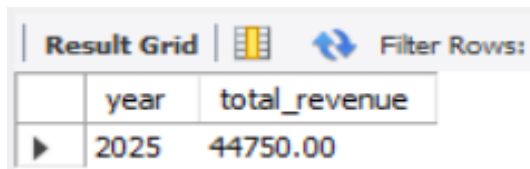
	event_type	total_tickets
▶	Sports	13
	Movie	5
	Concert	10

-- 10) TOTAL REVENUE BY YEAR

```
SELECT YEAR(booking_date) AS year, SUM(total_cost) AS  
total_revenue
```

```
FROM Booking GROUP BY YEAR(booking_date);
```

OUTPUT:



The screenshot shows a 'Result Grid' with two columns: 'year' and 'total_revenue'. The first row of data shows the year 2025 with a total revenue of 44750.00.

	year	total_revenue
▶	2025	44750.00

-- 11) TOTAL REVENUE BY USER

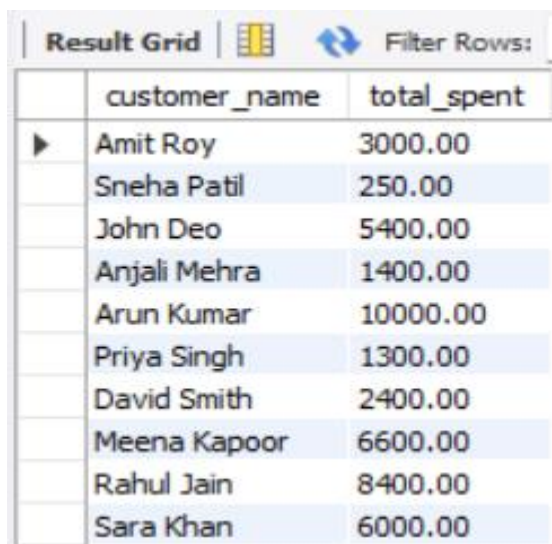
```
SELECT c.customer_name, SUM(b.total_cost) AS total_spent
```

```
FROM Booking b
```

```
JOIN Customer c ON b.customer_id = c.customer_id
```

```
GROUP BY c.customer_name;
```

OUTPUT:



The screenshot shows a 'Result Grid' with two columns: 'customer_name' and 'total_spent'. It lists ten customers and their total spending amounts.

	customer_name	total_spent
▶	Amit Roy	3000.00
	Sneha Patil	250.00
	John Deo	5400.00
	Anjali Mehra	1400.00
	Arun Kumar	10000.00
	Priya Singh	1300.00
	David Smith	2400.00
	Meena Kapoor	6600.00
	Rahul Jain	8400.00
	Sara Khan	6000.00

-- 12) USERS WHO BOOKED FOR MULTIPLE EVENTS

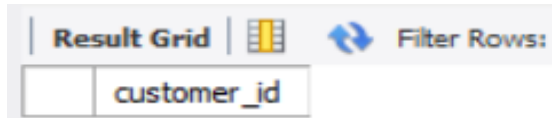
```
SELECT customer_id
```

```
FROM Booking
```


GROUP BY customer_id

HAVING COUNT(DISTINCT event_id) > 1;

OUTPUT:



Result Grid	Filter Rows:
customer_id	

-- 13) AVERAGE TICKET PRICE BY CATEGORY AND VENUE


SELECT e.event_type, v.venue_name, AVG(e.ticket_price) AS avg_price

FROM Event e JOIN Venue v ON e.venue_id = v.venue_id

GROUP BY e.event_type, v.venue_name;

OUTPUT:

Result Grid

 Filter Rows:

	event_type	venue_name	avg_price
▶	Sports	City Arena	1500.000000
	Movie	Sunrise Hall	250.000000
	Concert	Sky Theatre	1800.000000
	Movie	Ocean Dome	700.000000
	Sports	Grand Hall	2000.000000
	Concert	Riverstage	1300.000000
	Movie	Moonlight Pavilion	1200.000000
	Sports	Phoenix Grounds	1100.000000
	Concert	Metro Auditorium	2100.000000
	Concert	Mountain View Hall	3000.000000

-- 14) USERS AND TICKETS PURCHASED IN LAST 30 DAYS

SELECT c.customer_name, SUM(b.num_tickets) AS tickets_last_30_days

FROM Booking b

JOIN Customer c ON b.customer_id = c.customer_id

WHERE booking_date >= CURDATE() - INTERVAL 30 DAY

GROUP BY c.customer_name;

OUTPUT:

	customer_name	tickets_last_30_days
▶	Amit Roy	2
	Sneha Patil	1
	John Doe	3
	Anjali Mehra	2
	Arun Kumar	5
	Priya Singh	1
	David Smith	2
	Meena Kapoor	6
	Rahul Jain	4
	Sara Khan	2

Task 4: Subquery and its types

-- 1) AVERAGE TICKET PRICE FOR EVENTS IN EACH VENUE (Subquery in SELECT)

SELECT v.venue_name,

(SELECT AVG(ticket_price) FROM Event e WHERE e.venue_id =
v.venue_id) AS avg_ticket_price

FROM Venue v;

OUTPUT:

	venue_name	avg_ticket_price
▶	City Arena	1500.000000
	Sunrise Hall	250.000000
	Sky Theatre	1800.000000
	Ocean Dome	700.000000
	Grand Hall	2000.000000
	Riverstage	1300.000000
	Moonlight Pavilion	1200.000000
	Phoenix Grounds	1100.000000
	Metro Auditorium	2100.000000
	Mountain View Hall	3000.000000

**-- 2) EVENTS WITH MORE THAN 50% OF TICKETS SOLD
(Subquery in WHERE)**

```
SELECT event_name
FROM Event
WHERE event_id IN (
    SELECT e.event_id
    FROM Event e
    JOIN Booking b ON e.event_id = b.event_id
    GROUP BY e.event_id, e.total_seats
    HAVING SUM(b.num_tickets) > (e.total_seats * 0.5)
);
```

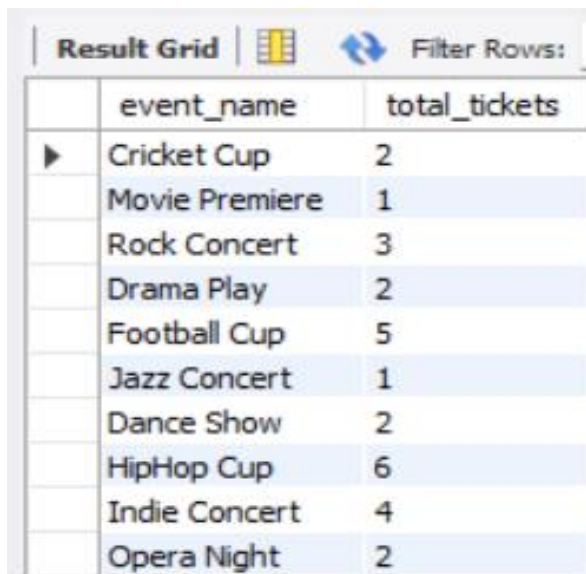
OUTPUT:



**-- 3) TOTAL NUMBER OF TICKETS SOLD FOR EACH EVENT
(Subquery in FROM)**

```
SELECT e.event_name, t.total_tickets
FROM Event e
JOIN (
    SELECT event_id, SUM(num_tickets) AS total_tickets
    FROM Booking
    GROUP BY event_id
) t ON e.event_id = t.event_id;
```

OUTPUT:



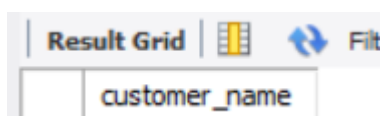
A screenshot of a database application's 'Result Grid'. The grid has two columns: 'event_name' and 'total_tickets'. It contains 11 rows of data. The first row is 'Cricket Cup' with 2 tickets. The second row is 'Movie Premiere' with 1 ticket. The third row is 'Rock Concert' with 3 tickets. The fourth row is 'Drama Play' with 2 tickets. The fifth row is 'Football Cup' with 5 tickets. The sixth row is 'Jazz Concert' with 1 ticket. The seventh row is 'Dance Show' with 2 tickets. The eighth row is 'HipHop Cup' with 6 tickets. The ninth row is 'Indie Concert' with 4 tickets. The tenth row is 'Opera Night' with 2 tickets. The grid is titled 'Result Grid' and has a 'Filter Rows' button.

	event_name	total_tickets
▶	Cricket Cup	2
	Movie Premiere	1
	Rock Concert	3
	Drama Play	2
	Football Cup	5
	Jazz Concert	1
	Dance Show	2
	HipHop Cup	6
	Indie Concert	4
	Opera Night	2

-- 4) USERS WHO HAVE NOT BOOKED TICKETS (Subquery with NOT EXISTS)

```
SELECT customer_name
FROM Customer c
WHERE NOT EXISTS (
    SELECT 1
    FROM Booking b
    WHERE b.customer_id = c.customer_id
);
```

OUTPUT:



A screenshot of a database application's 'Result Grid'. The grid has one column: 'customer_name'. It contains one row of data. The grid is titled 'Result Grid' and has a 'Filter Rows' button.

customer_name

-- 5) EVENTS WITH NO TICKET SALES (Subquery with NOT IN)

```
SELECT event_name
FROM Event
```

```
WHERE event_id NOT IN (
    SELECT event_id FROM Booking
);
```

OUTPUT:

Result Grid	Filter Rows
event_name	

-- 6) TICKETS SOLD FOR EACH EVENT TYPE (Subquery in FROM)

```
SELECT event_type, SUM(total_tickets) AS tickets_sold
FROM (
    SELECT e.event_type, b.num_tickets AS total_tickets
    FROM Booking b
    JOIN Event e ON b.event_id = e.event_id
) AS sub
GROUP BY event_type;
```

OUTPUT:

Result Grid	Filter Rows
event_type	tickets_sold
Sports	13
Movie	5
Concert	10

-- 7) EVENTS WITH TICKET PRICE HIGHER THAN AVERAGE (Subquery in WHERE)

```
SELECT event_name, ticket_price
FROM Event
WHERE ticket_price > (
```

```
SELECT AVG(ticket_price) FROM Event
);
```

OUTPUT:

Result Grid			Filter Rows:
	event_name	ticket_price	
▶	Cricket Cup	1500.00	
	Rock Concert	1800.00	
	Football Cup	2000.00	
	Indie Concert	2100.00	
	Opera Night	3000.00	

-- 8) REVENUE GENERATED BY EVENTS FOR EACH USER (Correlated subquery)

```
SELECT c.customer_name,
       (SELECT SUM(b.total_cost)
        FROM Booking b
        WHERE b.customer_id = c.customer_id) AS total_revenue
FROM Customer c;
```

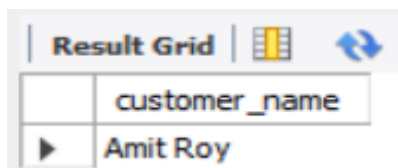
OUTPUT:

Result Grid			Filter Rows:
	customer_name	total_revenue	
▶	Amit Roy	3000.00	
	Sneha Patil	250.00	
	John Deo	5400.00	
	Anjali Mehra	1400.00	
	Arun Kumar	10000.00	
	Priya Singh	1300.00	
	David Smith	2400.00	
	Meena Kapoor	6600.00	
	Rahul Jain	8400.00	
	Sara Khan	6000.00	

-- 9) USERS WHO BOOKED TICKETS FOR EVENTS IN A GIVEN VENUE (Subquery in WHERE)

```
SELECT customer_name
FROM Customer
WHERE customer_id IN (
    SELECT b.customer_id
    FROM Booking b
    JOIN Event e ON b.event_id = e.event_id
    WHERE e.venue_id = 1 -- Replace 1 with the venue_id you want
);
```

OUTPUT:



	customer_name
▶	Amit Roy

-- 10) TICKETS SOLD PER EVENT CATEGORY (Subquery with GROUP BY)

```
SELECT event_type, SUM(num_tickets) AS tickets_sold
FROM (
    SELECT e.event_type, b.num_tickets
    FROM Booking b
    JOIN Event e ON b.event_id = e.event_id
) AS sub
GROUP BY event_type;
```

OUTPUT:

Result Grid			Filter Rows:
	event_type	tickets_sold	
▶	Sports	13	
	Movie	5	
	Concert	10	

-- 11) USERS WHO BOOKED TICKETS EACH MONTH (Subquery with DATE_FORMAT)

```
SELECT DISTINCT c.customer_name
FROM Customer c
WHERE c.customer_id IN (
    SELECT b.customer_id
    FROM Booking b
    WHERE DATE_FORMAT(b.booking_date, '%Y-%m') IS NOT NULL
);
```

OUTPUT:

Result Grid		
	customer_name	
▶	Amit Roy	
	Sneha Patil	
	John Deo	
	Anjali Mehra	
	Arun Kumar	
	Priya Singh	
	David Smith	
	Meena Kapoor	
	Rahul Jain	
	Sara Khan	

-- 12) AVERAGE TICKET PRICE PER VENUE (Duplicate of query 1 for revision)

```
SELECT v.venue_name,
```



```
(SELECT AVG(ticket_price)
FROM Event e
WHERE e.venue_id = v.venue_id) AS avg_ticket_price
FROM Venu v;
```

OUTPUT:

Result Grid			Filter Rows:
	venue_name	avg_ticket_price	
▶	City Arena	1500.000000	
	Sunrise Hall	250.000000	
	Sky Theatre	1800.000000	
	Ocean Dome	700.000000	
	Grand Hall	2000.000000	
	Riverstage	1300.000000	
	Moonlight Pavilion	1200.000000	
	Phoenix Grounds	1100.000000	
	Metro Auditorium	2100.000000	
	Mountain View Hall	3000.000000	