Hyperloop Passenger Booking

Problem:

You are to program a passenger booking system for a hyperloop transport of a particular station.

Assumptions

- 1. All the hyperloop routes with distance and the starting station will be given as input. (See the below input section for details)
- 2. The speed of the pod is constant but the distance between routes will vary.
- 3. A pod can travel from one connection to another in any direction in the given route. (i.e both A to B and B to A)
- 4. One pod can accommodate only one passenger at a time.
- 5. Passengers will be booked into their pods one by one.
 - a. All passengers will start from the given starting station.
 - b. Whenever a pod is started, the oldest person in the queue will board the pod first.
- 6. Passengers can arrive at any time as well as pods can start at any time.
- 7. Assume an infinite supply of pods and collisions will never happen.

System Logic:

Whenever a pod is started, the pod should pickup

- the oldest person by age from the passenger queue and
- take the fastest route

The command line should handle the following Commands

INIT
ADD_PASSENGER
START_POD
PRINT_Q

The arguments and details of the commands are mentioned below.

- 1. **INIT** Command Initializes the system with
 - a. Number of interconnecting routes (N) and the Starting station.
 - Next N lines denotes connection between two interconnections and their distance.

Without initializing - all other commands should throw proper error.

- 2. **ADD_PASSENGER** command adds passengers to the line.
 - a. ADD_PASSENGER X adds X number of passengers to the line. X lines following the ADD command denote the passenger's name, age and destination
 - b. NAME AGE DEST
- 3. **START_POD** command starts pod with a passenger having highest age to his destination following the minimum interconnection points. Print the passenger name and route.
 - a. START_POD X starts X number of passengers of oldest age. (X lines are printed with name and route)
 - b. NAME ROUTE
- 4. **PRINT_Q** command prints the number of passengers and their details who are remaining in the queue.
 - a. COUNT
 - b. NAME AGE

EXAMPLE

Input:	Output:
INIT 7 A	
A B 3	
A C 7	
B D 2	
B C 2	
B E 5	
CE1	
DE3	
ADD_PASSENGER 1	
RAVI 22 C	
ADD_PASSENGER 2	
HARI 33 D	
BALA 10 E	
START_POD 1	HARI A B D
PRINT_Q	2
	<i>RAVI 22</i>
	BALA 10
ADD_PASSENGER 1	
KATHIR 22 B	
PRINT_Q	3
	RAVI 22
	BALA 10
	KATHIR 22
START_POD 2	RAVI A B C
	KATHIR A B
START_POD 1	BALA A B E