

Linear equations in two variables

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10th Maths - Chapter 3

This is Problem-3.5 from Exercise 3.2

1. On comparing the ratios $\frac{a_1}{a_2}, \frac{b_1}{b_2}$ and $\frac{c_1}{c_2}$, find out whether the following pairs of linear equations are consistent, or inconsistent

$$\frac{4}{3}x + 2y = 8 \quad (1)$$

$$2x + 3y = 12 \quad (2)$$

Solution:

Matrix form of the equations: $\begin{pmatrix} \frac{4}{3} & 2 & 8 \\ 2 & 3 & 12 \end{pmatrix}$

$$R_1 = \left(\frac{4}{3} \quad 2 \quad 8\right), R_2 = (2 \quad 3 \quad 12)$$

$R_1 \rightarrow 3R_1$, we get:

$$\begin{pmatrix} 4 & 6 & 24 \\ 2 & 3 & 12 \end{pmatrix} \quad (3)$$

$R_1 \rightarrow \frac{R_1}{2}$, we get:

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 & 12 \\ 2 & 3 & 12 \end{pmatrix} \quad (4)$$

$R_2 \rightarrow R_2 - R_1$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 & 12 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad (5)$$

As R_2 is equal to $(0 \quad 0 \quad 0)$, Therefore the two equations have infinitely many solutions