### Full code:

https://drive.google.com/file/d/15NanVLml4oNaFXsqqWXql- MpshEoZVf/view?usp=sharing

Live demo of web page: <a href="http://54.252.248.5:8000/">http://54.252.248.5:8000/</a>

-- DO NOT DELETE ANYTHING ABOVE THIS--

### Brief:

Canning Garbage Dump is a great website to sell Canning Garbage Dump's services, including garbage disposal. There are a range of services offered and even order functionality where you are able to place an order and contact Canning Garbage Dump if you have an enquiry, which they can promptly respond to. You are able to leave your e-mail and then Canning Garbage Dump while they get back to you, and are able to confirm package per kg of rubbish you want to dispose.

Task: Convert all the code in here to English, in accordance with the contents below:

# **Table of contents**

- 1.1. Pages
  - 1.1.1. Home Pemitha
  - 1.1.2. About Pemitha
  - 1.1.3. Pricing Giri
  - 1.1.4. Contact Ben T
  - 1.1.5. Tags Giri
  - 1.1.6. My cart Kasun
- 1.2. Checkout system Omar
- 1.3. Main server file

# 1.1.1.

return render\_template('/index.html', msg=None)

• This sends the index.html file to the user with no message.

# About page

```
<h3 class="w3-center">ABOUT US</h3>
class="w3-center">
```

- > this is the main title for our about page. This is under the class of "w3-center" so the text will have a predetermined font and css.
- > the tag <h3> is used which is the third largest tag.

- > this is the main content for our about page.
- > all of this is under the "w3-center" class. Which contains predetermined css.

- > this contains the basic statistics of our company.
- > these are under the class of "w3-quarter w3 section" and "w3-xlarge"
- > all these tags are centered, indicated by the <center> tag.

### 1.1.3.

- This page shows us the pricing for our products
- This allows us to add or remove items from our cart
- We can then click the check out page.

This piece of code basically tells the clients how to contact the owner of the product, by phone number or email, and tells them the location of the store in case the clients want to go there physically.

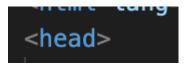
# 1.1.5.

The tags that are used:

# Article



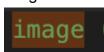
# head



### Footer



# **Image**



# Href



### Div



# Form



These tags help the website to be more readable and allows for easy organisation. These tags are in HTML format.

The checkout system operates much like a REST API system, with the browser's cookies being modified upon being navigated to a page which either adds or removes an item to or from the cart.

```
@app.route('/add_cart_1')

def add_cart_1():
    resp = make_response(render_template('/index.html', msg="1-5kg of rubbish added to cart!"))
    resp.set_cookie('qty1', str(safe_get_cookies('qty1') + 1))
    return resp
```

What this code does is re-render the index.html page with the pop-up message. It then sets the cookie for the cart item in question to its value plus one.

```
@app.route('/rem_cart_1')

def rem_cart_1():
    resp = make_response(render_template('/cart.html',
        qty1=safe_get_cookies('qty1'),
        qty2=safe_get_cookies('qty2'),
        qty3=safe_get_cookies('qty3'),
        qty4=safe_get_cookies('qty4'),
        ))
    resp.set_cookie('qty1', str(max(safe_get_cookies('qty1') - 1, 0)))
    return resp
```

Removal of cart items is somewhat more complex. In this case, we have to re-render the cart page, and set the quantities for each product based on what has been retrieved from the cookies. This can also be done through JavaScript, but this method is using server-side rendering and thus requires an implementation in Python.

```
@app.route('/checkout', methods=['POST'])
def do_login():
   email = request.form['email']
   qty1 = safe_get_cookies("qty1")
   qty2 = safe_get_cookies("qty2")
   qty3 = safe_get_cookies("qty3")
   qty4 = safe_get_cookies("qty4")
   e = "ee"
  no = str(random.randint(1, 99999))
   params = (no, email, qty1, qty2, qty3, qty4)
  c.execute("INSERT INTO orders VALUES (?, ?, ?, ?, ?, ?)", params)
   pdf = FPDF(orientation = 'P', unit = 'mm', format = 'A4')
   pdf.add_page()
   pdf.set_font('Arial', 'B', 24)
   pdf.cell(0, ln=1, h=20, txt='Receipt from Canning Garbage Dump')
   pdf.set_font('Arial', 'BI', 20)
   pdf.cell(w=20, ln=1, h=20, txt='Thank you for your purchase, we will be in contact shortly.'
  pdf.set_font('Arial', '', 18)
```

Finally, a function which generates a PDF based on the info given to it.

The main server, srv.py, serves webpages when they are requested by the client with additional local cookie information fetched from local storage.

```
@app.route('/')

v def serve_index():
    return render_template('/index.html', msg=None)

@app.route('/cart')

v def serve_cart():
    return render_template('/cart.html',
        qty1=safe_get_cookies('qty1'),
        qty2=safe_get_cookies('qty2'),
        qty3=safe_get_cookies('qty3'),
        qty4=safe_get_cookies('qty4'),
    )

@app.route('/<path:path>')

v def send_js(path):
    return send_from_directory("work", path)
```

The function send\_js sends files requested from the work directory.

The serve\_cart() function sends the cart.html with additional parameters - in this case, this excludes the quantity for each product on the page. The cookies are "safely" retrieved (0 is the minimum, no negative values allowed) before being displayed.

The index serving function renders the file, index.html, with no message on the pop-up modal, so a pop-up message will not be rendered.