# Why statistics?

To answer questions like. . .

what's the probability that something occurs?

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- what's the probability that something occurs?
- ▶ does X influence Y? How much?

#### To answer questions like. . .

- what's the probability that something occurs?
- ▶ does X influence Y? How much?
- ► can we predict Y knowing X, Z... How well?

#### To ensure correct inferences

inappropriately'

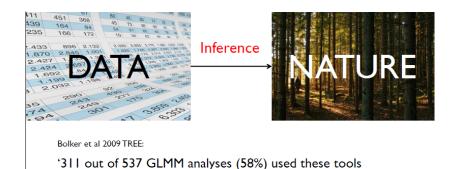


Figure 1:

# To get answers to tough problems

For example. . .

# How many seeds do trees produce?

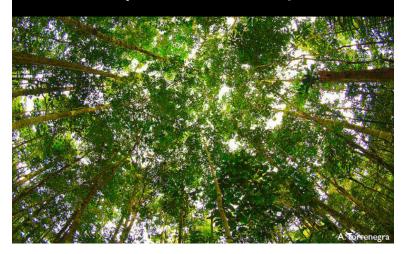


Figure 2:

# Inferring tree fecundity



Figure 3:

# Course goals

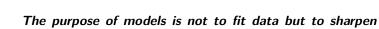
▶ Understand statistical inference

# Course goals

- ▶ Understand statistical inference
- ► Avoid misconceptions

#### Course goals

- ▶ Understand statistical inference
- ► Avoid misconceptions
- Promote good practices



thinking

Sam Karlin

Descriptive statistics

- ▶ Descriptive statistics
- Graphics

- Descriptive statistics
- Graphics
- Sampling

- ► Descriptive statistics
- Graphics
- Sampling
- ► Experimental design

- Descriptive statistics
- Graphics
- Sampling
- ► Experimental design
- ► Hypothesis testing

- Descriptive statistics
- Graphics
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- Bayesian inference

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- Hypothesis testing
- ► Bayesian inference
- ► Linear models & GLMs

- Descriptive statistics
- Graphics
- Sampling
- Experimental design
- Hypothesis testing
- ► Bayesian inference
- ► Linear models & GLMs
- ► Model selection