Exercises

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1 Homework #1

1.1 Part I — Questions

- 1. List five pieces of software, and three hardware components of a computer.
- 2. What is a GUI?
- 3. What, if any, is the difference between a compiler and an assembler?
- 4. Give a specific characteristic of C# compared to other programming languages.
- 5. Is the C# compiler case-sensitive?
- 6. Give three keywords.
- 7. Write a statement that would display, "Hi Mom!" (without the quotes) followed by a new line on the screen, once inserted in a proper method, compiled, and executed.
- 8. Write a statement that would display, "Hello!" (without the quotes) followed by a new line on the screen, once inserted in a proper method, compiled, and executed.

- 9. What is the limitation, if any, to the number of methods you can have per class? Why is the method called Main special?
- 10. What is a namespace?
- 11. Which of the following, if any, are keywords? Welcome1 public apples int "I'm a string"
- 12. Why are variables called "variables"?
- 13. What is the difference, if any, between 3 and "3"?
- 14. What is the difference, if any, between the WriteLine and Write methods?
- 15. Assume we have a variable whose name is myVariable, type is string, and value is "My message".

 What would be displayed on the screen by the following statement? Console.WriteLine(\$"Here is my variable: {my v
- 16. Which of the following are correct identifier names? \$myHome3 class my%variable ANewHope _train _ThisIsAVaria Is the name myVariable the same as myvariable? If not, why?
- 17. Circle the keywords: myClass static Lab3-Exo1 "Hello World" using Lab3_Part1
- 18. Which one(s) of the following, if any, is a correct assignment (assuming that variable, x and apples have been declared as int variables)? 5 => variable; x=5; apples= 23 x <= 23; variable =1,890;
- 19. Cross out the wrong answer in the following sentences, [like this (incorrect) | like this (correct)]:
 - "If the code does not obey the [rules | conventions] of C#, then the compiler will complain."
 - "Every statement needs to end with [a forward slash / | a semi-colon ;]."
 - "C# is a [object-oriented | functional | programming language."
 - "A class is made up of [a body and a header | multiple using statements]."
 - "An identifier can contain [only lower-case letters | letters and digits]."

1.2 Part II - Problems

1. There are 4 errors in the following code that will prevent it from compiling. Can you spot them all?

```
// My first attempt.
using System
class Wel
    {
     static void Main();
     {
          ConsoleWriteLine("Welcome \n to the lab!");
        }
}
```

2 Homework #2

2.1 Part I — Questions

- 1. In C#, what is the "escape character"? Why is it useful?
- 2. Give the values of a and b after the following four instructions have been executed.

```
int a, b;
a = 2;
b = a * 2 + 1;
a -= 1;
```

3. Give the values of c and d after the following four instructions have been executed.

```
int c = 3, d;
d = 2 + c;
c = d * 2;
d += 2;
```

4. Is there an error in the following code? Explain the error or give the value of **b** after the second statement is executed.

```
decimal a = 1.6M;
int b = (int)a + a;
```

- 5. If one of the operator's operand is of type **float** and the other is of type **int**, what will be the type of the result of the operation?
- 6. Write an explicit conversion from a double variable myDoubleVar to an int variable called myIntVar. You don't need to re-declare those variables. Assuming myDoubleVar's value is 5.89, what value would be stored in myIntVar?
- 7. Assuming that myLastName and myFirstName are two string variables that have been initialized, write a statement that *concatenates* them with a space and a comma in-between, and assign the resulting string to a variable named fullName. For instance, if the value of myLastName is "Holbertonand", and the value of myFirstName is "Betty", then the value of fullName after your operation should be "Holbertonand, Betty".
- 8. What is wrong with the following? Will the error(s) appear at compilation time or at execution time?

```
int age;
Console.WriteLine("Please enter your age:");
age = Console.ReadLine();
```

- 9. Fill in the blanks: "A class asserts that every objects created using it should have______ (i.e., "data") and______ (i.e., "operations")."
- 10. What, if any, is the difference between a parameter and an argument?
- 11. What is the purpose of the keyword new?
- 12. Briefly explain the difference between a local variable and an instance variable.
- 13. Indicate the order of evaluation of the operators in each of the following C# operations by adding parenthesis or developping the expression one step at a time, and compute the resulting value:
 - a) 3 * 4 2
 - b) 3 % 2 + 3
 - c) 2 3 + 3 * 2
 - d) 2 + 2 * 1 4
- 14. Write the complete implementation of a class that contains two attributes (with different data types), a setter for one attribute, a getter for the other attribute, a custom constructor, and a ToString method. You can re-use an example from a lecture or a lab, as long as it satisfies those conditions, or you can invent one. No need to write an application program.
- 15. What does the keyword return do?
- 16. Write a getter for an attribute of type string named myName.
- 17. Assuming name is a string instance variable, there is problem with the following setter. Fix it.

```
public int SetName(string val){
   name = val;
}
```

- 18. Briefly describe what a format specifier is. Write a statement that uses one.
- 19. Write a method for the Rectangle class that divides the length and width of the calling object by a factor given as a parameter.
- 20. Draw the UML diagram of a class named "Student" with a single attribute, "name", of type string, and two methods, SetName and GetName.
- 21. Write a ToString method for a Account class with two attributes, a string attribute called name and a decimal attribute called amount.
- 22. Consider the following UML diagram:

```
Circle
- radius : float
+ setRadius(radiusParam : float) : void
+ getRadius(): float
+ getArea(): float
```

What is the name of the class, what are the methods and attributes of the class?

- 23. Is it possible to have more than one constructor defined for a class? If yes, how can C# know which one is called?
- 24. Write a constructor for a Soda class with one string attribute called name.
- 25. What is the "default" constructor? Do we always have the possibility of using it?
- 26. Consider the following partial class definition:

```
public class Book
{
    private string title;
    private string author;
    private string publisher;
    private int copiesSold;
}
```

- a) Write a statement that would create a Book object.
- b) Write a "getter" and a "setter" for the title attribute.
- c) Write a constructor for the Book class taking at least one argument (you are free to decide which one(s)).
- 27. Consider the following partial class definition:

```
class DVD
{
    private string title;
    private decimal price;
}
```

- a) Write a "setter" for the title attribute.
- b) Write a constructor for the DVD class that takes two arguments.
- c) Write a method called Discount that decreases the price attribute by 20.55%.

- d) Write a (good, informative) ToString method for the class.
- e) Write statements that ask the user to enter a price and then create a DVD object with a price attribute equal to the price the user entered. (The object's title attribute can be anything you choose).
- f) Draw the UML class diagram for the class you obtained by adding the above four methods to our original class definition.
- 28. Consider the following partial class definition:

```
class Book
{
    private string title;
    private decimal price;
}
```

- a) Write a "getter" for the title attribute.
- b) Write a constructor for the Book class that takes two arguments.
- c) Write a method called AddTaxes that increases the price attribute by 6.35%.
- d) Write a (good, informative) ToString method for that class.
- e) Write statements that ask the user to enter a price and then create a Book object with a price attribute equal to the price the user entered. (The object's title attribute can be anything you choose).
- f) Draw the UML class diagram for the class you obtained by adding the above four methods to our original class definition.
- 29. Assume that my Pet class contains one custom constructor:

```
public Pet(string nameP, char genderP){
   name = nameP;
   gender = genderP;
}
```

What is the problem with the following statement?

```
Pet myPet = new Pet('M', "Bob");
```

2.2 Part II - Problems

There is only one problem this time, and it is harder than what you'll be asked to do during the exam. Being able to solve it is an excellent sign that you are ready.

- 1. You are going to design a class named Triangle. A triangle has three angles, but knowing the value of only two angles is sufficient to determine the value of the third, since they always add up to 180°. Hence, it is sufficient to have only two double attributes, angle1 and angle2. We want to define several methods:
 - a no-arg constructor that sets the value of angle1 to 60.0 and the value of angle2 to 60.0,
 - another constructor, that takes two arguments, and assigns to angle1 the value of the first argument, and assigns to angle2 the value of the second argument,
 - getters for angle1 and angle2,
 - a method that computes and returns the value of the third angle, that we name ComputeAngle3,
 - a method that rotate the triangle: the value of the first angle should be replaced with the value of the second angle, and the value of the second angle should be replaced with the value of the third angle.
 - a) Write the UML diagram for the Triangle class.
 - b) Write the full, compilable implementation of the Triangle class.

3 Homework #4

3.1 Part I — Questions

- 1. What is sequential processing?
- 2. Decide if the following boolean expressions will evaluate to true or false:

```
3 > 2.0 && false
(4 != 3) || false
'A' == 'b' && ! false
(! false) == (true || 4 == 3)
```

3. Decide if the following Boolean expressions will evaluate to true or false:

```
3 > 2.0 || true
(4 != 3) && false
'A' == 'b' && ! false
(! true) == (true || 4 != 3)
```

4. For each of the following Boolean expressions, decide if it will evaluate to true or false:

```
a) ('y' == 'Y') && true
b) 6 + 2 \< 8 || 3 > 4
c) (true && 4 == 3) == false
d) 4 > 4 && !false
```

5. For each of the following Boolean expressions, decide if it will evaluate to true or false:

```
a) ('y' != 'Y') && true
b) 6 + 2 \< 12 || 3 > 4
c) (true && 4 >= 3) == false
d) 13 \<= 4 \* 3 || !false
```

- 6. What is the relational operator used to determine whenever two values are different?
- 7. Give three relational operators, and then two logical operators.
- 8. Is there a simpler way to write the expression over21 == true, assuming that over21 is a Boolean variable?
- 9. In C#, is there a difference between = and ==? Write a statement that uses =.
- 10. Is the following statement correct, i.e., would it compile, assuming myFlag is a bool variable, and myAge is an initialized int variable?

```
if ( myAge > 20 )
{
    myFlag = true
};
```

- 11. Write an if statement that prints "Bonjour!" if the value of the char variable lang is 'f'.
- 12. Write a boolean expression that evaluates to true if a variable x is between 3 (excluded) and 5 (included).
- 13. Write an if-else statement that assigns "Minor"\ to an already declared string variable legalStatus if age is strictly less than 18, and that assigns "Major" to legalStatus otherwise.
- 14. Assume we initialized an **int** variable called **courseNumber** and a **string** variable called **courseCode**. Write a series of statements that will display:

- a) "I'm taking this class!" if courseNumber is 1301 and courseCode is CSCI;
- b) "That's my major!" if courseCode is CSCI;
- c) "Is that an elective?" if courseNumber is greater than 3000; or
- d) "Is it a good class?" otherwise.

Your program should display exactly one message.

- 15. Assume we previously initialized an int variable called graduationYear and a string variable called graduationSemester. Write a series of statements that will display:
 - a) "I will graduate at the same time!" if graduationYear is 2023 and graduationSemester is Fall;
 - b) "I love this season." if graduationSemester is Spring;
 - c) "That is in a long time!" if graduationYear is greater than 2025; or
 - d) "I hope you'll have an in-person ceremony!" otherwise.

Your program should display exactly one message.

16. What will be displayed on the screen by the following program?

```
int x = 3, y = 2, z = 4;
if (x > y) {z += y;}
if (x > z) {y -= 4;}
Console.WriteLine($"x is {x}, y is {y}, and z is {z}.");
```

- 17. (We'll use the 24-hour clock, sometimes called "military time".) Assuming that an int variable hour has been initialized, write part of a program that would display on the screen "Good morning" if hours is less than or equal to 12, and "Hello" otherwise.
- 18. Assuming that myString is a string variable, write a statement that prints "Hello, Melody!" if the value of myString is equal to Melody, and nothing otherwise.
- 19. What will be displayed on the screen by the following program?

```
int x = 3, y = 2, z = 4;
if (y >= z) {z += y;}
else if (x != y) { if (false) {z -= 3;} else {z += x;}}
Console.WriteLinef($"x is {x}, y is {y}, and z is {z}.");
```

20. Give an example of an if statement that could not be rewritten as a switch.

3.2 Part II - Problems

This time, the two exercises **do not** require a computer, and are here to craft on your problem-solving skills. Make sure you feel ready before starting them, try to do them with a limited amount of time and without notes, and check your answer using your IDE.

- 1. Write a program that asks the user to write a country name and stores the user's input into a string variable. Then, compare that string with "france": if it is equal, then display at the screen "Bienvenue en France!". Then, compare that string with "usa": if it is equal, then display at the screen "Welcome to the US!". If the string is different from both "france" and "usa", then display at the screen "Welcome to" followed by the name of the country the user typed in. Can you think of two ways to implement this program, one using if-else-if statements, the other using switch?
- 2. You want to write a small program for an on-line printing company. Your program should ask the user to chose a format (10×15 centimeters, or 8×11 inches), ask if it is the first time the customer order through your company, and a number of copies. Then, calculate the total cost of printing those pictures, knowing that
 - Printing a 10 × 15 centimeters picture costs \$0.20, printing a 8 × 11 inches picture costs \$0.25,

- A new customer gets a \$3 coupon if the order is more than \$5,
- A 10% discount is given if more than 50 copies were ordered,
- The two previous offers can be cumulated.

Display on the screen a message starting by "Welcome!", then a new line, then "We cherish our new customers" if it is the first time the user uses your company, ", so we're giving you a \$3 discount!" if the user is allowed to get the coupon, then print the total and "You had a 10% discount!" if the user ordered more than 50 copies. See below for examples of execution, where the user input is underlined, and hitting carriage return is represented by \leftarrow .

```
Enter 'c' for 10x15cm, anything else for 8x11in.

c \( \triangle \)

Is this your first time here? Type 'y' for 'yes'.

y \( \triangle \)

Enter a number of copies.

90 \( \triangle \)

Welcome!

We cherish our new customers, so we are giving you a $3 discount!

Your total is $13.50. You had a 10% discount!

Enter 'c' for 10x15cm, anything else for 8x11in.

p \( \triangle \)

Is this your first time here? Type 'y' for 'yes'.

Not_at_all \( \triangle \)

Enter a number of copies.

120 \( \triangle \)

Your total is $27.00. You had a 10% discount!
```

4 Homework #5

4.1 Part I — Questions

- 1. Assume you are given an un-assigned string variable letterGrade, and an already assigned float variable numberGrade. Write a small program that assigns "A" to letterGrade if numberGrade is between 100 and 90 (both included), "B" to letterGrade if numberGrade is between 90 (excluded) and 80 (included), etc., and "Invalid data" if numberGrade is strictly lower than 0 or strictly greater than 100. Should you use a switch statement or a if ...else if ...else?
- 2. Given an int variable counter, write three statements to decrement its value by 1.
- 3. What will be displayed on the screen?

```
int x = 3, y = 7;
Console.WriteLine (x++ +" and "+ --y);
```

4. What will be displayed on the screen by the following program? Write the spaces and new line explicitly.

```
int counter = 10;
while (counter > 5)
{
    counter--;
    Console.Write(counter + "\n");
    if (counter == 7) {
        Console.WriteLine("Bingo");
    }
}
```

5. What will be displayed on the screen by the following program?

```
int counter = 10;
while (counter != 5);
Console.Write(counter + "\n");
counter--;
```

- 6. What is input validation? Name a control structure that can be used to perform it. Why is it important?
- 7. What is a sentinel value?
- 8. Write a small program that asks the user for an integer, and displays "It is positive" if the number entered is positive, "It is negative" if the number entered is negative, and "Not a number" if the user entered a string that is not an integer.
- 9. Write a program containing a while loop that would display the numbers between -100 and 100 (both included) with a space between them when executed.
- 10. Assume you are given an initialized string variable name, and a string variable field. Write a small program that assigns to field
 - "CS" if name is "Turing" or "Liskov",
 - "Math." if name is "Aryabhata" or "Noether",
 - "Unknown" otherwise.
- 11. Write a program that asks the user to enter a value between 1900 and 1999 (both included), and asks again as long as the user enters integers outside that range.

4.2 Part II - Problems

1. Write a switch statement that calculates the number of days in a particular month. You should assume that you are given already assigned month and year int variables, and that your program should set an already declared int numberOfDays variable to 28, 29, 30 or 31 depending on the month / year combination. Your program should start with a switch matching month against certain values, and, if month is 2, uses an if statement to decide whenever the number of days is 28 or 29. You can use something like

```
switch (month) {
    ...
    case (2):
        if ...
        ...
        break;
    ...
}
```

5 Homework #6

5.1 Part I — Questions

- 1. Write a statement that creates a 10-element int array named numbers.
- 2. What is wrong with the following array declaration?

```
int[] books = new int[-1];
```

3. What will be displayed on the screen by the following program?

```
for (int num = 3; num <= 5; num++)
   Console.Write(num + " ");</pre>
```

- 4. Write a 'for' loop that displays on the screen the sequence "1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10,".
- 5. Write a 'for' loop that displays on the screen the sequence "1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10", (note that there is no comma after 10).
- 6. Write a 'for' loop that displays on the screen the sequence "1 3 5 7 9".
- 7. Given an **int** variable **myVar** initialized with a positive value, write a loop that sums the integers between 0 and **myVar** (i.e., $0 + 1 + \cdots + (\text{myVar} 1) + \text{myVar}$).
- 8. Consider the following code:

```
for (int y = 1; y <= 3; y++)
{
    for (int z = 1; z < 5; z++)
        Console.Write("Scene " + y + ", take " + z + ". " );
    Console.WriteLine();
}</pre>
```

How many times does the outer loop iterate (i.e., how many scenes are shot)? How many times does the inner loop iterate (i.e., how many takes for each scene)? Finally, what is the total number of iterations of the nested loops (i.e., how many takes are made, total)?

9. What will be displayed on the screen by the following code?

```
int[] values = new int[6];
for (int i = 0 ; i < 6 ; i++)
   values[i] = (i*2);
foreach (int j in values)
   Console.WriteLine(j);</pre>
```

- 10. Suppose we are given an **int** array **dailyPushUp** with 7 elements. Write a piece of code that display the value of the elements stored in the array **dailyPushUp**.
- 11. What is "array bounds checking"? When does it happen?
- 12. What would be the size of the test array after the following statement has been executed?

```
int[] test = {3, 5, 7, 0, 9};
```

- 13. Write a statement that creates and initializes a double array with the values 12.5, 89.0 and 3.24.
- 14. What is the value of court and the content of number once the following has been executed?

```
int count=2;
int[] number={3, 5, 7};
number[count--] = 8;
number[count]--;
```

15. Describe what the following code would do.

```
int[] record = { 3, 8, 11 };
int accumulator = 0;
foreach (int i in record)
    accumulator += i;
```

- 16. Assuming we are given an **int** array named **arrayF**, write a program that adds one to each of its elements. That is, if **arrayF** contains 3, 5, 7 and -2 before your program is executed, it should then contain 4, 6, 8 and -1 after your program was executed.
- 17. Assuming we are given an **int** array named **arrayF**, write a program that displays the product of its elements. That is, if **arrayF** contains 2, 3 and -1, then your program should display -6.
- 18. Write a static method (header included) that takes as argument an **int** array, and display on the screen the value of each element of that array.
- 19. Write a static method (header included) that takes as argument an **int** array, and stores the value 10 in each element of that array.