```
In [1]: print("Welcome to python program")
           Welcome to python program
1. Understand the topic definition what is <topicName> (ex: what is variable?) 2. Understand the topic syntax - rules 3. Refer an
existing examples | 4. Activity
   In [ ]: Python native types
            _____
            int float complex
            bool
            NoneType
            Collection
                 -> Sequential - str bytes list tuple
                -> Mapping
                               - dict set
            python operators
            python conditional statements
            python looping statements
            FileHandling => Function
   In [2]: # single line comment
            print("test code1") # display the result to monitor
            print('') # empty line
            # print("OK-1")
            print(10+20) # simple arithmetic operation
           test code1
           30
   In [3]: print(10)
            print(10.0)
            print(10+20)
            print(10+20.0)
           10
           10.0
           30
           30.0
   In [4]: print(10 >5)
           True
   In [5]: print(10<5)</pre>
           False
   In [6]:
            '''Write a python program
            display productName
            display pid
```

display productcost

test productcost above 1000'''

```
print('productName is:pA')
         print('product cost is:1500')
         print('product pA id is:101')
         print(1500 >1000)
        productName is:pA
        product cost is:1500
        product pA id is:101
        True
In [7]: # variable - placeholder (or) label - holding (or) mapping an existing value
         # variableName = value <== initialization</pre>
         # |__ starts with a-zA-Z_ not starts with digit ( 5var=10 - Error )
         # | not allows space ; specialchars (ex: $var=10 - Error my dept='sales' - Erro
         mydept = 'sales'
         v5 = 120 \# 5v = 120 - Error
         MYDEPT = 'production'
         First_last_name='Mr.Raj Kumar paul' # OK
In [10]: print(mydept)
         # Vs
         print("mydept")
        sales
        mydept
In [9]: print(MYDEPT)
        production
In [11]: mydept='sales'
         print('My working dept is:mydept')
        My working dept is:mydept
In [14]: print('My working dept is:',mydept)
        My working dept is: sales
In [15]: '''Write a python program
         initialize product ID, productName, productCost to individual variable
         display product details, test product cost is above 1000 or not'''
         pid = 101 # pid='A101'
         pname = 'pA'
         pcost = 1235.26 # pcost = '1235.26Rs'
         print('productName is:',pname)
         print(pname, 'cost is:',pcost)
         print(pname, 'ID is:',pid)
         print(pcost >1000)
        productName is: pA
        pA cost is: 1235.26
        pA ID is: 101
        True
```

```
In [16]: n=56
         print("n value is:",n) # 1st style
         print("n value is:%d"%(n)) # 2n style %d -int %f float %s string
         print("n value is:{}".format(n)) # 3rd style
         print(f"n value is:{n}") # 4th style
        n value is: 56
        n value is:56
        n value is:56
        n value is:56
In [18]: '''Write a python program
         initialize product ID, productName, productCost to individual variable
         display product details, test product cost is above 1000 or not'''
         pid = 102
         pname = 'pB'
         pcost = 590.42
                         # pcost = '1235.26Rs'
         print(f'productName is:{pname}')
         print(f'{pname} cost is:{pcost}')
         print(f'{pname} ID is:{pid}')
         print(pcost >1000)
        productName is:pB
        pB cost is:590.42
        pB ID is:102
        False
In [19]: # Multiline string
         print('''statement1
         statement2
         statement3
         statement4''')
        statement1
        statement2
        statement3
        statement4
In [23]: '''Write a python program
         initialize product ID, productName, productCost to individual variable
         display product details, test product cost is above 1000 or not'''
         pid = 102
         pname = 'pB'
         pcost = 590.42 # pcost = '1235.26Rs'
         print(f'''productName is:{pname}
         {pname} cost is:{pcost}
         {pname} ID is:{pid}''')
         print(pcost > 1000)
```

```
productName is:pB
        pB cost is:590.42
        pB ID is:102
        False
In [25]: # input() - interface to keyboard
         # variable = input('user defined string')
         emp name = input('Enter an emp name:')
         print(f'Emp name is:{emp name}')
        Emp name is:anu
In [26]: emp name = input('Enter an emp name:')
         emp_dept = input(f'Enter {emp_name} working dept:')
         print(f'Emp name is:{emp name} working dept is:{emp dept}')
        Emp name is:anu working dept is:HR
In [28]: pname = input('Enter a product name:')
         pid = input(f'Enter {pname} ID:')
         pcost = input(f'Enter {pname} price:')
         print(f'''productName is:{pname}
         {pname} cost is:{pcost}
         {pname} ID is:{pid}''')
         #print(pcost > 1000)
        productName is:HardDisk
        HardDisk cost is:5000
        HardDisk ID is:HD1
In [2]: pname = input('Enter a product name:')
         pid = input(f'Enter {pname} ID:')
         pcost = input(f'Enter {pname} price:')
         print(f'''productName is:{pname}
         {pname} cost is:{pcost}
         {pname} ID is:{pid}''')
         print(int(pcost) > 1000)
        productName is:CDROM
        CDROM cost is:1250
        CDROM ID is:CD123
        True
In [ ]: Write a python program
         read an emp name, emp ID, emp working dept, working place and emp basic pay
         calculate 18% of basic pay and initialize calculated results to new variable
         display - emp details line by line
         Expected Result
```

```
Emp name is: Arun
       Arun emp id: 1234
       ______
       Arun working department is:sales
       ______
       Arun working place is:Pune
       Basic pay: 1000
       _____
       18% of cost: 180
       ______
       Total Cost: 1180
                        ----//use single print()
In [4]: ename = input('Enter an Emp name:')
       empid = input(f'Enter {ename} emp ID:')
       empdept = input(f'Enter {ename} working dept:')
       eplace = input(f'Enter {ename} working city:')
       ecost = input(f'Enter {ename} basic pay:')
       tax = float(ecost) * 0.18
       gs = float(ecost)+tax
       print(f'''Emp name is:{ename}
       {ename} Emp id:{empid} Working department is:{empdept}
       {ename} Working city is:{eplace} Basic Pay is:{ecost}
       Including tax:{gs}
       ----''')
      Emp name is:Raj
      Raj Emp id:1234 Working department is:Sales
      ______
      Raj Working city is:Bangalore Basic Pay is:1200
      _____
      Including tax:1416.0
      ______
In [ ]: int float str bool(True False) ....
       How to determine python type ?
       type(value)
In [5]: print(type(10),type(10.0),type(''),type(True),type(False))
      <class 'int'> <class 'float'> <class 'str'> <class 'bool'> <class 'bool'>
In [6]: var = 120
       print(type(var))
      <class 'int'>
In [ ]: | list
             - Collection of different types of value - index based - mutable (we can ad
       []
```

```
tuple - Collection of different types of value - index based - immutable
          ()
         dict
                - - Collection of different types of value - key:value - mutable( we can ad
          {}
 In [7]: print(type([]))
        <class 'list'>
 In [8]: # ListName = [<List of items>]
         emp = ['Raj',1234,True,4589.23]
             # 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 <== index
                      -3 -2 -1 <== index
         # To get/fetch nth index value
         # ListName[index] -> Value /IndexError
         print(emp)
         print(emp[0])
         print(emp[1],emp[3])
         print(f'Emp name is:{emp[0]}')
        ['Raj', 1234, True, 4589.23]
        Raj
        1234 4589.23
        Emp name is:Raj
 In [9]: print(emp[3])
         print(emp[-1])
        4589.23
        4589.23
In [10]: L=['D1','D2',10,2.45,True]
         print(L)
         # len(inputList) ->output_int
         print(len(L))
        ['D1', 'D2', 10, 2.45, True]
In [11]: L=[]
         print(len(L))
In [12]: L=['D1','D2',10,2.45,True]
         # How to modify an existing value from list
         # listName[oldIndex] = value
         print(L)
         print(L[1])
         L[1] = 4590.23 # we can modify an exising value - list is mutable
         print('') # empty line
```

```
print(L)
         print(L[1])
        ['D1', 'D2', 10, 2.45, True]
        D2
        ['D1', 4590.23, 10, 2.45, True]
        4590.23
 In [ ]: # To add new data to an existing list
         # Listname.append() => Listname.append(Value) ->None
         # Vs
         # Listname.insert(index, Value) ->None
In [13]: dept = ['sales','DBA','crm']
         print(f'No.of dept:{len(dept)}')
         print(dept)
         print('')
         dept.append('QA') # adding new value - at the end of the list
         dept.append('Devops') # adding new value - at the end of the list
         print(f'No.of dept:{len(dept)}')
         print(dept)
        No.of dept:3
        ['sales', 'DBA', 'crm']
        No.of dept:5
        ['sales', 'DBA', 'crm', 'QA', 'Devops']
In [14]: print(dept)
         dept.insert(1,'AI') # adding new value at the 1st index
         print(dept)
        ['sales', 'DBA', 'crm', 'QA', 'Devops']
        ['sales', 'AI', 'DBA', 'crm', 'QA', 'Devops']
 In [ ]: # create an empty list name is called products
         # use len() - display number of products - 0
         # use append() - add few products into an existing list
         # use len() - display number of products
         # modify 1st index product value => prodAB
         # display updated product list
In [16]: products = []
         print(f'No.of products:{len(products)}')
         products.append('prodX')
         products.append('prodY')
         products.append('prodZ')
         products.append('prodA')
         print(f'No.of products:{len(products)}')
         print(products)
```

```
No.of products:0
        No.of products:4
        ['prodX', 'prodY', 'prodZ', 'prodA']
In [17]: products[1] = 'prodAB' # modification
In [18]: print(products)
        ['prodX', 'prodAB', 'prodZ', 'prodA']
 In [ ]: # To remove nth index item from given list
         Listname.pop() # default - remove last index value -> return removedValue
          (or)
         Listname.pop(index) - remove nth index value ->return removedValue
In [19]: L=['D1','D2','D3','D4','D5',10,20,30,40,50]
         print(len(L))
         L.pop()
        10
Out[19]: 50
In [20]: L=['D1','D2','D3','D4','D5',10,20,30,40,50]
         print(len(L))
         removed_value = L.pop()
         print(len(L))
        10
        9
In [21]: print(removed_value)
        50
In [22]: print(L)
        ['D1', 'D2', 'D3', 'D4', 'D5', 10, 20, 30, 40]
In [23]: rv = L.pop(2)
         print(f"removed value:{rv}")
         print(L)
        removed value:D3
        ['D1', 'D2', 'D4', 'D5', 10, 20, 30, 40]
In [24]: | print(type([]), type(()))
        <class 'list'> <class 'tuple'>
In [25]: # emp = ['Raj',1234,True,4589.23] - list
         emp = ('Raj',1234,True,4589.23) # tuple
         print(type(emp),len(emp))
        <class 'tuple'> 4
```

```
In [26]: print(emp[0])
         print(emp[1])
         print(emp[-1])
        Raj
        1234
        4589.23
In [28]: emp[1] = 4567 # Error - tuple is immutable - we can't modify the nth item
        TypeError
                                                  Traceback (most recent call last)
        Cell In[28], line 1
        ---> 1 emp[1] = 4567
        TypeError: 'tuple' object does not support item assignment
In [29]: # str also immutable - we can't add/delete/modify like tuple
         s='abcdefg'
         print(type(s),len(s))
         print(s[0])
         print(s[1])
         print(s[-1])
        <class 'str'> 7
        b
        g
In [30]: s[1]='X' # Error - str is immutable - we can't modify
        TypeError
                                                  Traceback (most recent call last)
        Cell In[30], line 1
        ----> 1 s[1]='X'
        TypeError: 'str' object does not support item assignment
```