HPC LAB - Sum of N Numbers MPI

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Programming Environment: MPI

Problem:Sum of N numbers

Hardware Configuration:

PU NAME: Intel(R) Core(TM) i5-8300H CPU @ 2.30GHz

Number of Sockets: 1 Cores per Socket: 4 Threads per core: 2 L1d cache: 128 KiB L1i cache: 128 KiB L2 cache: 1 MiB L3 cache: 8 MiB

CPU type: Intel C CPU stepping: 10 ***********************************	C) Core(TM) i5-8300H Coffeelake processor ***********************************		***************************************	***
Cores per socket: Threads per core:	4 2 Core 0 1 2 3 0 1 2 3	Socket 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Available * * * * * * * *	
Socket 0: ***********************************	(0 4 1 5 2 6 3 7)	**************	**************************************
Cache groups: Level: Size: Cache groups: Level:	2 256 kB (04)(15)(: 3 8 MB (04152637	26)(37)		++ + 0 4 1 ++ + 32 kB 3
**************************************	******	******	***************************************	++ +
Distances: Free memory: Total memory:	10 3546.2 MB 7831.84 MB			

Socket 0:
++
+ +
04 15 26 37
+ + +
++ ++ ++
+ + +
++ ++ ++
+ + +
+
+
+

No of nodes: 12 (4 for each as written in the machine file).

Serial Code:

```
#include "mpi.h"
#include <stdio.h>
#include <float.h>
#include <float.h>
int main(int argc, char *argv[])

{
    double start,end;
    MPI_Init(&argc,&argv);
    start=MPI_Wtime();
    int i = 1, n = 100000;
    double a[n], sum = 0;
    for(i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        a[i] = (i+1)*5.658;
        sum += a[i]
    }
    end=MPI_Wtime();
    printf("\nTime= %f",end-start);
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

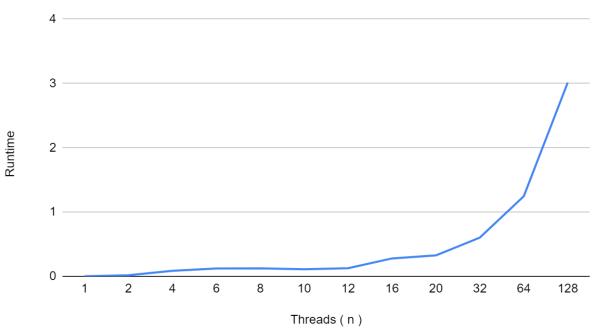
Parallel Code : [MPI_Reduce]

```
#include <mpi.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#define ARRAY SIZE 100000
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
int myid, numprocs, s;
double vector1[ARRAY SIZE + 50], sum = 0, vector1Receive[ARRAY SIZE + 50],
fSum =
0;
MPI Init(&argc, &argv);
MPI Comm size(MPI COMM WORLD, &numprocs);
MPI Comm rank (MPI_COMM_WORLD, &myid);
double start = MPI Wtime();
for (int i = 0; i < ARRAY SIZE; i++)
vector1[i] = i + 1;
if (myid == 0)
s = (int)floor(ARRAY SIZE / numprocs);
MPI Bcast(&s, 1, MPI_INT, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
MPI Scatter(vector1, s, MPI DOUBLE, vector1Receive, s, MPI DOUBLE, 0,
MPI COMM WORLD);
for (int i = 0; i < s; i++)
sum += vector1Receive[i];
MPI Reduce(&sum, &fSum, 1, MPI DOUBLE, MPI SUM, 0, MPI COMM WORLD);
if (myid == 0)
for (int i = s * numprocs; i < ARRAY_SIZE; i++)
fSum += vector1[i];
printf("%f\n", fSum);
double end = MPI Wtime();
printf("%f\n", end - start);
MPI Finalize();
```

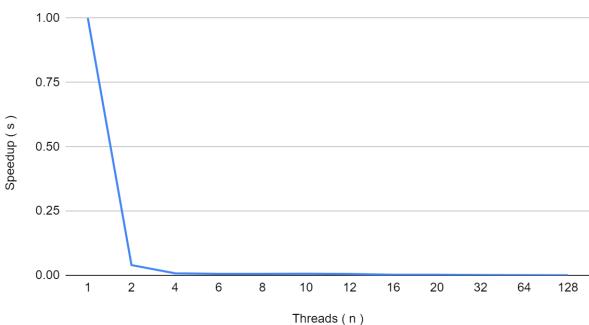
Observations : [MPI_Reduce]

Processes (n)	Runtime	Speedup (s)
1	0.000698	1
2	0.017489	0.03991080107
4	0.086921	0.00803028037
6	0.121665	0.005737064891
8	0.124371	0.005612240796
10	0.110482	0.006317771221
12	0.126299	0.005526567906
16	0.278594	0.002505438021
20	0.325962	0.0021413539
32	0.602774	0.001157979608
64	1.246792	0.0005598367651
128	3.013827	0.0002315992258

Runtime vs. Processes(n)



Speedup (s) vs. Processes(n)



Parallel Code : [Without MPI_Reduce]

```
#include <mpi.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <unistd.h>
// size of array
#define n 10000
int a[10000];
// Temporary array for slave process
int a2[100000000];
int main(int argc, char* argv[])
   double start,end;
   int pid, np,
       elements_per_process,
       n_elements_recieved;
   // np -> no. of processes
    // pid -> process id
   MPI Status status;
    // Creation of parallel processes
   MPI Init(&argc, &argv);
    start=MPI Wtime();
    for (int i = 0; i < 10000; i++)
            a[i] = (i + 1)*8.754;
    // find out process ID,
    // and how many processes were started
   MPI Comm rank(MPI COMM WORLD, &pid);
   MPI Comm size(MPI COMM WORLD, &np);
   // master process
    if (pid == 0) {
       int index, i;
       elements_per_process = n / np;
```

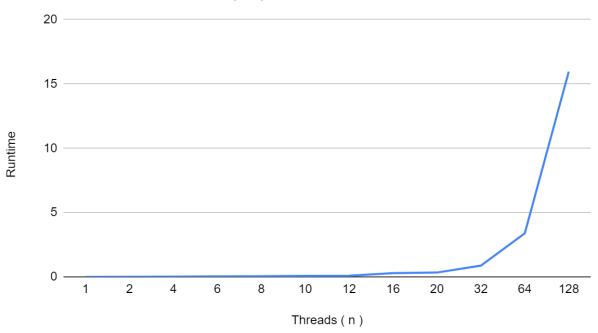
```
// check if more than 1 processes are run
if (np > 1) {
    // distributes the portion of array
    // to child processes to calculate
    // their partial sums
    for (i = 1; i < np - 1; i++) {
        index = i * elements_per_process;
        MPI Send(&elements_per_process,
                 1, MPI INT, i, 0,
                 MPI COMM WORLD);
        MPI Send(&a[index],
                 elements_per_process,
                 MPI INT, i, 0,
                 MPI COMM WORLD);
    }
    // last process adds remaining elements
    index = i * elements_per_process;
    int elements left = n - index;
    MPI Send(&elements left,
             1, MPI_INT,
             i, 0,
             MPI COMM WORLD);
    MPI Send(&a[index],
             elements left,
             MPI INT, i, 0,
             MPI COMM WORLD);
}
// master process add its own sub array
int sum = 0;
for (i = 0; i < elements_per_process; i++)</pre>
    sum += a[i];
// collects partial sums from other processes
int tmp;
for (i = 1; i < np; i++) {
   MPI_Recv(&tmp, 1, MPI_INT,
```

```
MPI ANY SOURCE, 0,
                 MPI_COMM_WORLD,
                 &status);
        int sender = status.MPI_SOURCE;
        sum += tmp;
    }
    // prints the final sum of array
   printf("Sum of array is : %d\n", sum);
    end=MPI Wtime();
   printf("\nTime hello= %f",end-start);
// slave processes
else {
   MPI Recv(&n elements recieved,
             1, MPI_INT, 0, 0,
             MPI COMM WORLD,
             &status);
    // stores the received array segment
    // in local array a2
   MPI Recv(&a2, n_elements_recieved,
             MPI_INT, 0, 0,
             MPI_COMM_WORLD,
             &status);
    // calculates its partial sum
   int partial sum = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < n_elements_recieved; i++)</pre>
        partial sum += a2[i];
    // sends the partial sum to the root process
   MPI_Send(&partial_sum, 1, MPI_INT,
             0, 0, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
// cleans up all MPI state before exit of process
MPI_Finalize();
return 0;
```

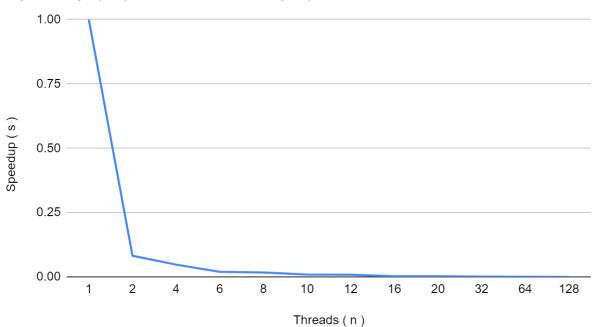
Observations : [Without MPI_Reduce]

Processes (n)	Runtime	Speedup (s)
1	0.000698	1
2	0.008503	0.08208867459
4	0.014682	0.04754120692
6	0.036009	0.01938404288
8	0.04158	0.01678691679
10	0.078148	0.008931770487
12	0.082783	0.008431682833
16	0.290735	0.002400811736
20	0.334831	0.002084633741
32	0.873777	0.000798830823
64	3.385408	0.0002061789894
128	15.950274	0.00004376100373

Runtime vs. Processes (n)



Speedup(s) vs. Processes(n)



Inference: (**Note**: Execution time, graph, and inference will be based on hardware configuration)

• Since MPI is a distributed memory architecture, the communication overhead between nodes causes the parallel code to run slower compared to serial code (running in 1 node or only in master).

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