

DML commands: Select data with WHERE clause.

USE *student_phone, student_address, faculty_phone, faculty_address, batch_students, course_batches, student_qualifications, faculty_qualifications, course_modules, modules, faculty, student, course, student_cards, and student_order* relation to solve the following queries.

1. List all courses.
<code>select * from course;</code>
2. List <i>namefirst, namelast</i> of all student.
<code>select namefirst,namelast from student;</code>
3. List <i>namefirst, namelast, DOB</i> and <i>emailID</i> of all students.
<code>select namefirst,namelast, DOB ,emailid from student;</code>
4. Display student information of the <i>ID</i> is 15.
<code>select * from student where id =5;</code>
5. List <i>namefirst, namelast</i> , and <i>emailID</i> of student whose <i>student namefirst</i> is 'Nitish'.
<code>select namefirst,namelast,emailid from student where namefirst = 'nitish';</code>
6. List all students having <i>ID</i> greater than equal to 12.
<code>select * from student where id >= 12;</code>
7. List <i>all student details</i> whose <i>DOB</i> is '1980-12-01'
<code>select DATE ("1980-12-01");</code>
8. Display the phone details where student ID is 5;
<code>select * from student_phone where id=5;</code>
9. List student address whose student ID is 10.

select * from student_address where id =10;
10. List all faculty details.
select * from faculty;
11. List all phone number whose faculty ID is 2.
select * from faculty_phone where facultyid=2;
12. List all phone number whose student ID is 13.
select * from student_phone where studentid=13;
13. List all modules.
select * from modules;
14. List the course_modules whose courseID is 1.
select * from course_modules where courseid=1;
15. Display all course_batches who's sitting capacity is 80.
select * from course_batches where capacity=80;