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▼ 论文: CVPR2021 [Inverting the Inherence of Convolution for Visual Recognition, a brand new neural operator](https://arxiv.org/abs/2103.06255)

代码: <https://github.com/d-li14/involution>

一下代码来源于:

<https://github.com/ultralytics/yolov5/pull/2435/commits/5566780000d9ae3b90d88c1283e7690d0d14824>

```
class Involution(nn.Module):
    # Involution module https://arxiv.org/abs/2103.06255
    def __init__(self, ch, k, s): # ch_in, kernel, stride
        super(Involution, self).__init__()
        self.reduction_ratio = 4
        self.gch = 16 # group channels
        self.nk = k ** 2 # number of kernel elements
        self.stride = s
        self.c1 = ch
        c2 = ch // self.reduction_ratio
        self.groups = self.c1 // self.gch
        self.cv1 = Conv(c1=ch, c2=c2, k=1)
        self.cv2 = nn.Conv2d(c2, k ** 2 * self.groups, 1)
        if s > 1:
            self.avgpool = nn.AvgPool2d(s, s)
        self.unfold = nn.Unfold(k, 1, (k - 1) // 2, s)

    def forward(self, x):
        weight = self.cv2(self.cv1(x if self.stride == 1 else self.avgpool(x)))
        b, c, h, w = weight.shape # BCHW
        weight = weight.view(b, self.groups, 1, self.nk, h, w)
        x = self.unfold(x).view(b, self.groups, self.gch, self.nk, h, w)
        return (weight * x).sum(3).view(b, self.c1, h, w)
```

▼ ASFF

论文: [Learning Spatial Fusion for Single-Shot Object Detection](https://arxiv.org/abs/2103.04747)

代码: https://github.com/ruinmessi/ASFF?utm_source=catalyzex.com

代码来源于: <https://github.com/positive666/yolov5/blob/master/models/common.py>

```
class ASFFV5(nn.Module):
    def __init__(self, level, out, multiplier=1, rfb=False, vis=False, act_cfg=True):
        """
        ASFF version for YoloV5 .
        different than YoloV3
        multiplier should be 1, 0.5
        which means, the channel of ASFF can be
        512, 256, 128 -> multiplier=1
        256, 128, 64 -> multiplier=0.5
        For even smaller, you need change code manually.
        """
        super(ASFFV5, self).__init__()
        self.level = level
        self.dim = [int(1024*multiplier), int(512*multiplier),
                    int(256*multiplier)]
        # print(self.dim)
        self.inter_dim = self.dim[self.level]
        if level == 0:
            self.stride_level_1 = Conv(int(512*multiplier), self.inter_dim, 3, 2)

            self.stride_level_2 = Conv(int(256*multiplier), self.inter_dim, 3, 2)

            self.expand = Conv(self.inter_dim, int(
                1024*multiplier), 3, 1)
```

```

elif level == 1:
    self.compress_level_0 = Conv(
        int(1024*multiplier), self.inter_dim, 1, 1)
    self.stride_level_2 = Conv(
        int(256*multiplier), self.inter_dim, 3, 2)
    self.expand = Conv(self.inter_dim, int(512*multiplier), 3, 1)
elif level == 2:
    self.compress_level_0 = Conv(
        int(1024*multiplier), self.inter_dim, 1, 1)
    self.compress_level_1 = Conv(
        int(512*multiplier), self.inter_dim, 1, 1)
    self.expand = Conv(self.inter_dim, int(
        256*multiplier), 3, 1)

# when adding rfb, we use half number of channels to save memory
compress_c = 8 if rfb else 16
self.weight_level_0 = Conv(
    self.inter_dim, compress_c, 1, 1)
self.weight_level_1 = Conv(
    self.inter_dim, compress_c, 1, 1)
self.weight_level_2 = Conv(
    self.inter_dim, compress_c, 1, 1)

self.weight_levels = Conv(
    compress_c*3, 3, 1, 1)
self.vis = vis

def forward(self, x): #l,m,s
    """
    # 128, 256, 512
    512, 256, 128
    from small -> large
    """
    x_level_0=x[2] #l
    x_level_1=x[1] #m
    x_level_2=x[0] #s
    # print('x_level_0: ', x_level_0.shape)
    # print('x_level_1: ', x_level_1.shape)
    # print('x_level_2: ', x_level_2.shape)
    if self.level == 0:
        level_0_resized = x_level_0
        level_1_resized = self.stride_level_1(x_level_1)
        level_2_downsampled_inter = F.max_pool2d(
            x_level_2, 3, stride=2, padding=1)
        level_2_resized = self.stride_level_2(level_2_downsampled_inter)
    elif self.level == 1:
        level_0_compressed = self.compress_level_0(x_level_0)
        level_0_resized = F.interpolate(
            level_0_compressed, scale_factor=2, mode='nearest')
        level_1_resized = x_level_1
        level_2_resized = self.stride_level_2(x_level_2)
    elif self.level == 2:
        level_0_compressed = self.compress_level_0(x_level_0)
        level_0_resized = F.interpolate(
            level_0_compressed, scale_factor=4, mode='nearest')
        x_level_1_compressed = self.compress_level_1(x_level_1)
        level_1_resized = F.interpolate(
            x_level_1_compressed, scale_factor=2, mode='nearest')
        level_2_resized = x_level_2

    # print('level: {}, l1_resized: {}, l2_resized: {}'.format(self.level,
    #     level_1_resized.shape, level_2_resized.shape))
    level_0_weight_v = self.weight_level_0(level_0_resized)
    level_1_weight_v = self.weight_level_1(level_1_resized)
    level_2_weight_v = self.weight_level_2(level_2_resized)
    # print('level_0_weight_v: ', level_0_weight_v.shape)
    # print('level_1_weight_v: ', level_1_weight_v.shape)
    # print('level_2_weight_v: ', level_2_weight_v.shape)

    levels_weight_v = torch.cat(
        (level_0_weight_v, level_1_weight_v, level_2_weight_v), 1)
    levels_weight = self.weight_levels(levels_weight_v)
    levels_weight = F.softmax(levels_weight, dim=1)

```

```
fused_out_reduced = level_0_resized * levels_weight[:, 0:1, :, :] +\\
    level_1_resized * levels_weight[:, 1:2, :, :] +\\
    level_2_resized * levels_weight[:, 2:, :, :]

out = self.expand(fused_out_reduced)

if self.vis:
    return out, levels_weight, fused_out_reduced.sum(dim=1)
else:
    return out
```