

Custom Controls and Forms



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- Varieties of Custom Controls
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Varieties of Custom Controls

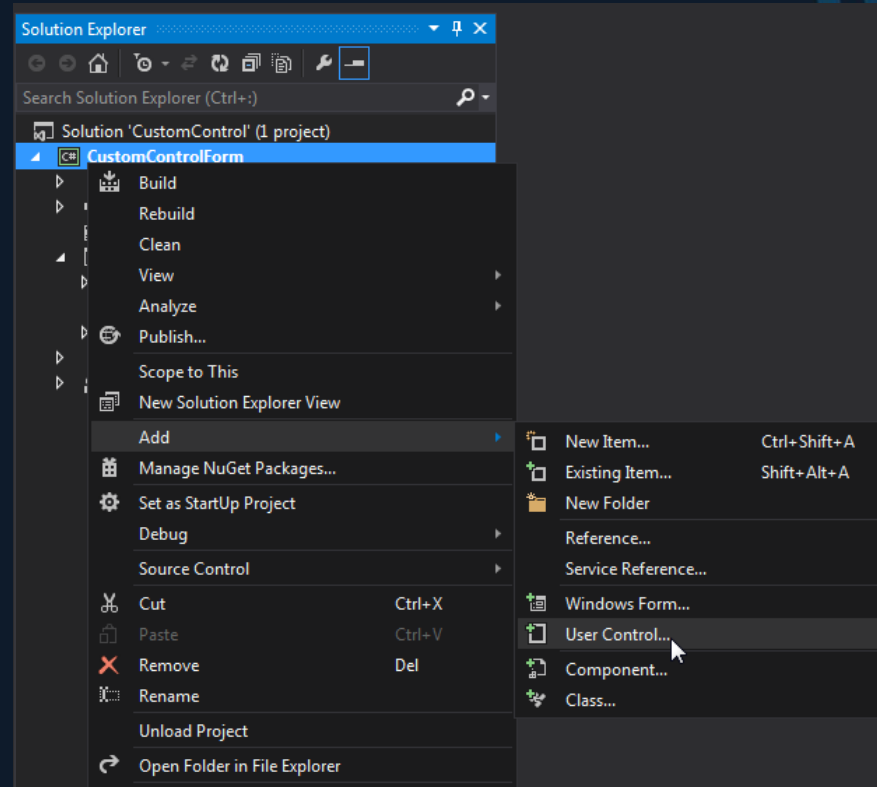
- Composite controls
 - A collection of controls contained in a common container
- Extended controls
 - Inherit from any existing control to extend functionality
- Custom controls
 - Created from scratch, specify your own painting

Composite Controls

- Inherits from the UserControl class
 - Provides keyboard routing for child components
 - Enables child controls to work as a group
 - Ensures child controls can receive focus
- Easiest custom control to create
- Package and reuse controls between applications

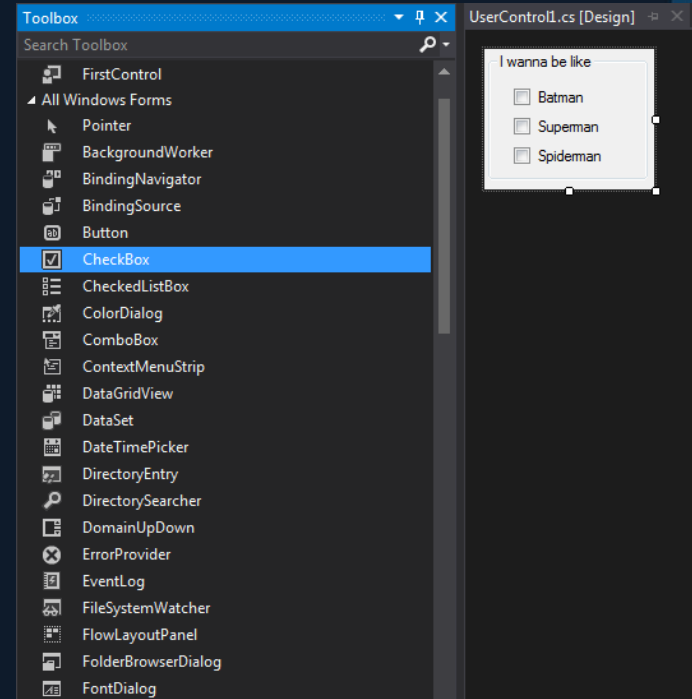
Composite Controls

- Create a Windows Forms project
- On the *Project* menu, select *Add User Control*
 - Or select from the Project context menu

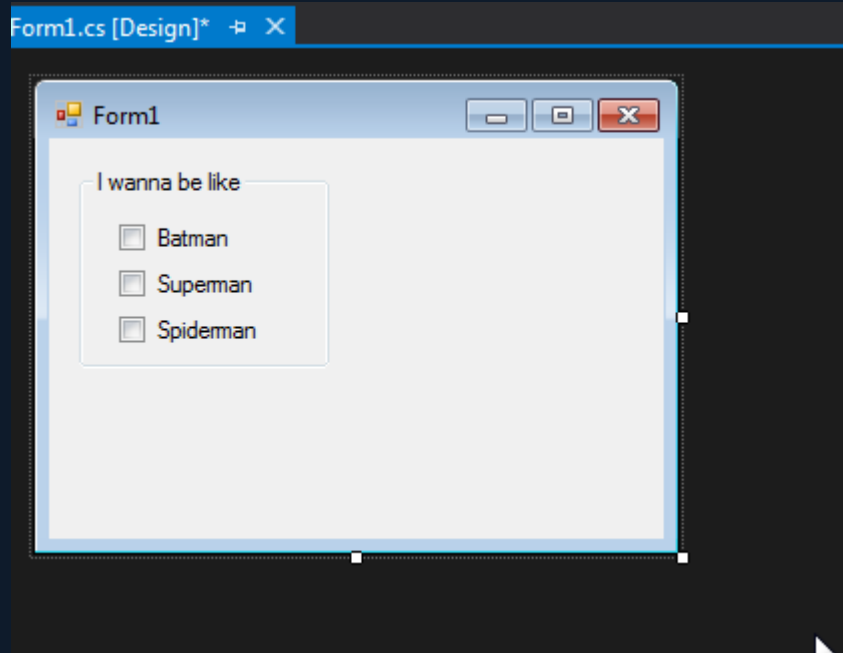


Composite Controls

- Add controls from the *Toolbox* to the composite control
- You must build the project for your control to appear in the Toolbox
- Add the composite control to the Form



Composite Controls

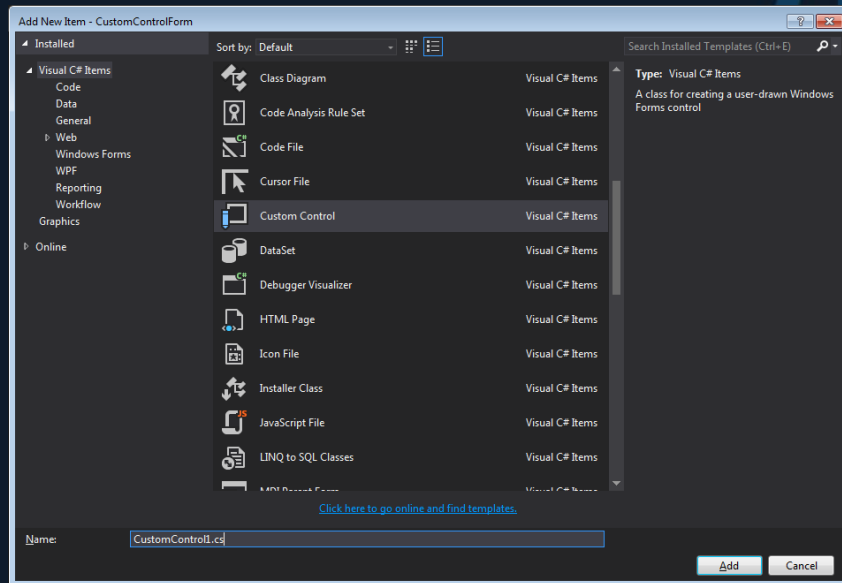


Extended Controls

- Inherit from an existing control
- Retain and extend functionality
- Can override paint logic for custom appearance
- Use this method when:
 - The needed functionality is mostly identical to an existing control,
 - Don't need a custom GUI, or
 - Want a new GUI for an existing control

Extended Controls

- Create a Windows Forms project
- On the *Project* menu, select *Add New Item*
 - Or select from the Project context menu
- In the *Add New Item* dialog, select *Custom Control*



Extended Controls

- Open CustomControl1.cs in the Code editor
- Locate the class declaration
- Change the base class to the control you want to inherit from
 - Eg. Button
- Implement custom methods, properties, drawing

Extended Controls

```
public partial class CustomControl1 : System.Windows.Forms.Button
{
    int clickCount = 0;

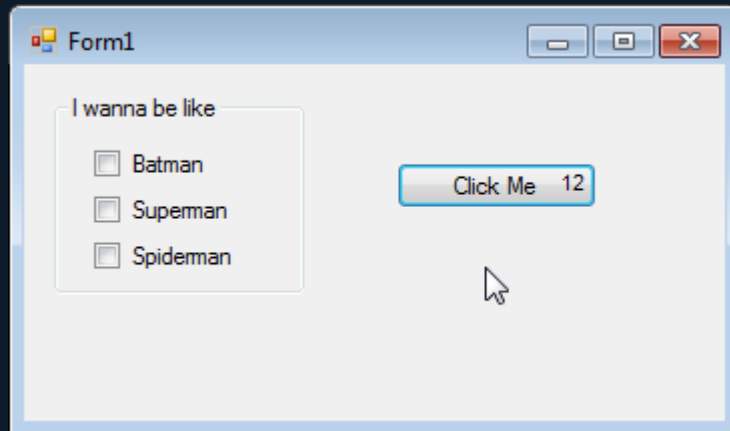
    public CustomControl1()
    {
        InitializeComponent();
    }

    protected override void OnClick(EventArgs e)
    {
        base.OnClick(e);
        clickCount++;
    }

    protected override void OnPaint(PaintEventArgs pe)
    {
        base.OnPaint(pe);

        Font drawFont = new Font("Arial", 8);
        SolidBrush drawBrush = new SolidBrush(Color.Black);
        pe.Graphics.DrawString(clickCount.ToString(), drawFont, drawBrush, Size.Width - 20, Size.Height - 20);
    }
}
```

Extended Controls

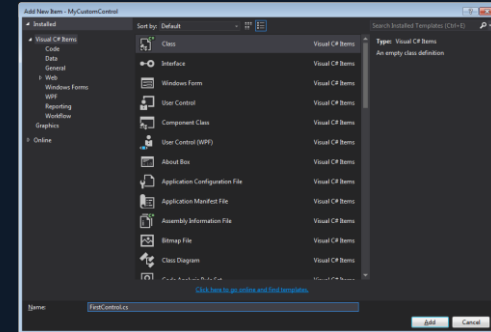
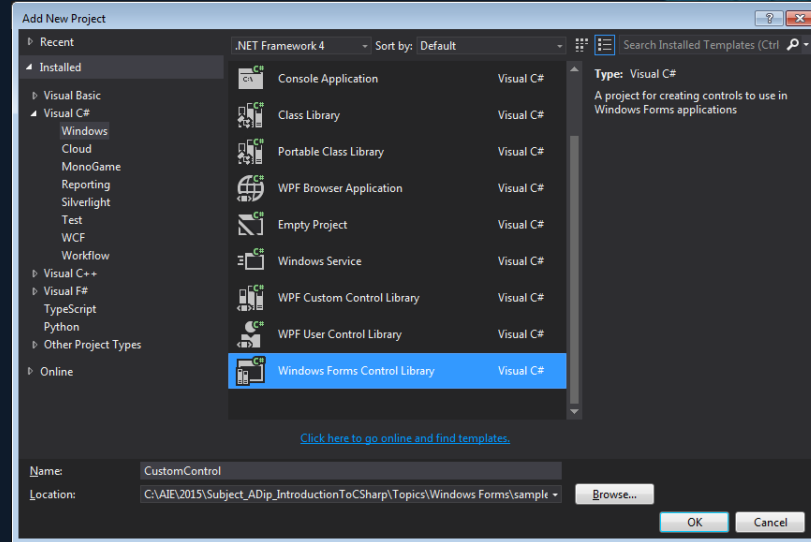


Custom Controls

- Created essentially from scratch
- Inherit from the *Control* class
- Greater flexibility, can tailor control to exact needs
- Must write code for the OnPaint event
- Use a Custom Control if:
 - Want to provide a custom graphical representation
 - Implement custom functionality not available in standard controls

Custom Controls

- Add a *New Project* to your solution
- Create a *Windows Forms Control Library*
- Remove the *User Control* and add a *New Class* derived from *Control*



Custom Controls

- Add an image to the project
 - This is the background for the Analogue clock
 - Set properties to 'Embedded Resource', and 'Do not copy'
- Code your custom control

```

using System;
using System.Collections.Generic;
using System.Linq;
using System.Text;
using System.Drawing;
using System.Windows.Forms;
using System.ComponentModel;

namespace CustomControl {
    public class FirstControl: System.Windows.Forms.Control {
        private Bitmap bitmap;

        public FirstControl() {
            DoubleBuffered = true;

            ClockTimer.Tick += ClockTimer_Tick;
            ClockTimer.Enabled = true;
            ClockTimer.Interval = 1;
            ClockTimer.Start();

            bitmap = new Bitmap(
                GetType().Module.Assembly.GetManifestResourceStream(
                    "CustomControl.jellyfish_trans.png"));
        }

        private void ClockTimer_Tick(object sender, EventArgs e) {
            Refresh();
        }

        private Timer ClockTimer = new Timer();

        private bool showSeconds = true;

        [
            Category("Show Seconds"),
            Description("Show the second hand.")
        ]
        public bool ShowSeconds {
            get {
                return showSeconds;
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```

    set {
        showSeconds = value;
        Invalidate();
    }
}

protected override void OnPaint(PaintEventArgs e) {
    base.OnPaint(e);
    e.Graphics.DrawImage(bitmap, 0, 0, this.Width, this.Height);

    float radius = (Size.Width / 2);
    PointF origin = new PointF(
        Size.Width / 2, Size.Height / 2);

    if(showSeconds == true)
        e.Graphics.DrawLine(Pens.Black, origin,
            PointOnCircle(radius,
                DateTime.Now.Second * 6f, origin));

    e.Graphics.DrawLine(Pens.Black, origin,
        PointOnCircle(radius * 0.75f,
            DateTime.Now.Minute * 6f, origin));

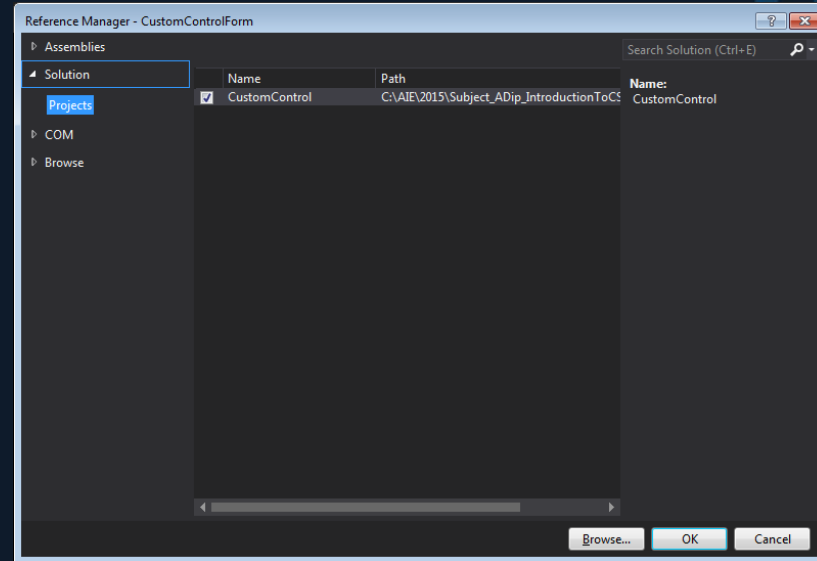
    e.Graphics.DrawLine(Pens.Black, origin,
        PointOnCircle(radius * 0.50f,
            DateTime.Now.Hour * 30f, origin));
}

private PointF PointOnCircle(float radius, float angleInDegrees,
    PointF origin)
{
    float x = (float)(radius * Math.Cos((angleInDegrees - 90f) *
        Math.PI / 180f)) + origin.X;
    float y = (float)(radius * Math.Sin((angleInDegrees - 90f) *
        Math.PI / 180f)) + origin.Y;
    return new PointF(x, y);
}
}

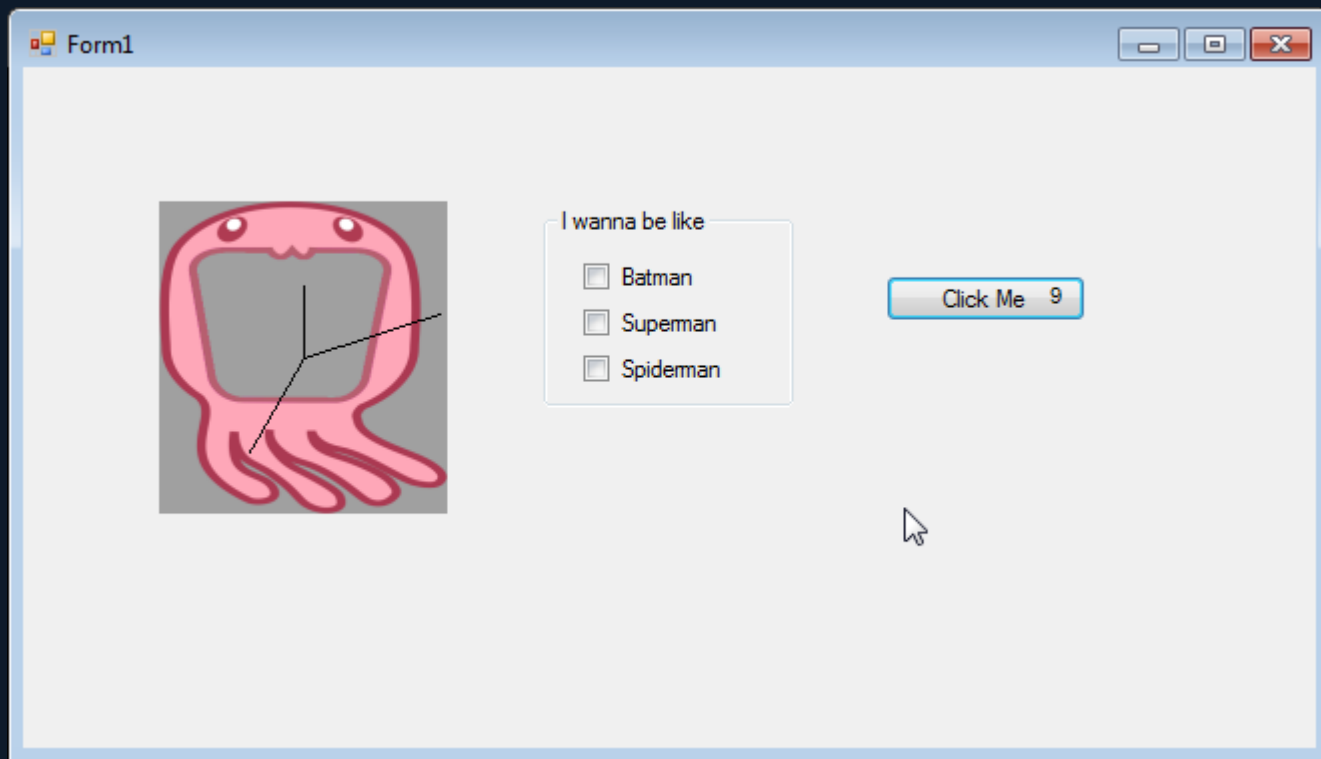
```


Custom Controls

- Build the project
- Add a reference in your project containing the form to the library containing the new control
 - From the *Project* menu select *Add Reference*
- Add the new control to your form



Custom Controls



Summary

- Composite Controls group standard controls together in one container
 - Easiest to make
- Extended Controls inherit from an existing control and extend functionality
- Custom Controls provide greatest flexibility, but most implementation done by us
 - Must override OnPaint method

References

- Microsoft Developer Network. 2015. *Varieties of Custom Controls*. [ONLINE] Available at: [https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms171725\(v=vs.110\).aspx](https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/ms171725(v=vs.110).aspx). [Accessed 28 January 15].
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- Microsoft Developer Network. 2015. *How to: Develop a Simple Windows Forms Control*. [ONLINE] Available at: [https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/649xahhe\(v=vs.110\).aspx](https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/library/649xahhe(v=vs.110).aspx). [Accessed 28 January 15].